

Appendix for

Intergenerational and Intragenerational

Externalities of the Perry Preschool Project*

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1 Abbreviations and Descriptions of Outcomes

Table 1: Descriptions of Fertility and Marriage Variables

Variable	Description
Married at a	Indicator of having been married at age a
Stably mar. at a	Indicator of having been stably married at age a . Stable marriage is defined here as one where the couple was separated for no more than six months, regardless of marriage length. This limited definition is a result of the design of the interview questionnaire.
Total cohab.	Total number of cohabitations
Any cohan.	Indicator of any cohabitations
Yrs. mar. by a	Cumulative years of marriage at age a
Yrs. stably mar. by a	Cumulative years of stable marriage at age a
Children by a	Cumulative number of biological children at age a
Any child by a	Indicator of having given birth to a child by age a
Any bio. child	Indicator of ever having given birth to a child
Num. bio. children	Number of all biological children
Age at 1st birth	Age of the participant at the birth of the first child
Avg. age at delivery	Average of the ages at which the participant birthed a child
Age at last birth	Age of the participant at the birth of the last child
Med. gap btw. births	Median gap (in years) between childbirths
Mean gap btw. births	Mean gap (in years) between childbirths

Note: The thick lines divide the blocks of outcomes used for stepdown testing of multiple hypotheses.

Table 2: Descriptions of Neighborhood Variables

Variable	Description
Lives in Ypsilanti	Indicator of residence in Ypsilanti
Lives in Michigan	Indicator of residence in Michigan
Percent urban	Percentage of urban housing units among total housing units
Population density	Population density (thousands of persons per sq. mile)
Housing density	Housing density (hundreds of housing units per sq. mile)
Median age	Median age (years)
Percentage of adults	Percentage of adults (18 and over) in the population
Percent Black ind.	Percentage of Black individuals in the population
Percent fam. w/ children	Percentage of families with children among families
Two parent homes (%)	Percentage of married couples with children among families with children
Avg. hh. size	Average household size
Avg. fam. size	Average family size
HS grad./higher (%)	Percent high school graduate or higher
Bach. deg./higher (%)	Percent bachelor's degree or higher
Percent employed	Percent of the employed among those aged 16 and above
Percent unemp.	Percent of the unemployed among those aged 16 and above
Median hh. income	Median household income (in thousands of 1999 dollars)
Med. fam. income	Median family income (in thousands of 1999 dollars)
Per capita income	Per capita income (in thousands of 1999 dollars)
Median rent	Median gross rent (in 2000 dollars)
Med. home value	Median value (in hundreds of thousands of 2000 dollars) of owner-occupied units
Median rooms	Median number of rooms
Med. rooms:hh. size	Median rooms divided by average household size
Percent poor fam.	Percent of families below poverty level
Poor fam. w/ child (%)	Percent of families with children under 18 years in poverty
Percent poor ind.	Percent of individuals below poverty level
Neighbhd. good at <i>a</i>	Indicator of whether the participant (around age <i>a</i>) described the neighborhood as a good/excellent place to raise children
Neighbhd. great at <i>a</i>	Indicator of whether the participant (around age <i>a</i>) described the neighborhood as an excellent place to raise children
Acquainted at <i>a</i>	Indicator of whether the participant (around age <i>a</i>) described neighbors as at least acquaintances
Dangerous at <i>a</i>	Indicator of whether the participant (around age <i>a</i>) described the neighborhood as a dangerous place to walk around alone
Own gun at <i>a</i>	Indicator of gun ownership around age <i>a</i>

Note: The thick lines divide the blocks of outcomes used for stepdown testing of multiple hypotheses. All variables are as of the second last interview round (when the participants were around 40 years old), unless indicated otherwise.

Table 3: Descriptions of Intergenerational Outcomes

Variable	Description
Never Suspended	Indicator of never having been suspended from school
Reg. HS Graduate	Indicator of completion of regular high school
Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Indicator of regular high school graduation without any suspension
Any HS Graduate	Indicator of completion of either regular high school, GED, or adult high school
Any HS w/o Susp.	Indicator of completion of either regular high school, GED, or adult high school without any suspension
Attended College	Indicator of having attended college
Employed Full-Time	Indicator of full-time- or self- employment
Employed + Any HS	Indicator of full-time/self-employment with any high school diploma
Employed + Reg. HS	Indicator of full-time/self-employment with regular high school diploma
Employed + Col. Exp.	Indicator of full-time/self-employment with some college experience
In Good Health	Indicator of good health
College Graduate	Indicator of college completion
Employed + Col. Deg.	Indicator of full-time/self-employment with a college degree
Never Arrested	Indicator of never having been arrested
Never Su./Arrested	Indicator of never having been suspended or arrested
Never Addicted	Indicator of never having been addicted
Never Add./Arr.	Indicator of never having been addicted or arrested
Never Su./Add./Arr.	Indicator of never having been suspended, addicted, or arrested
No Teen (Im)Preg.	Indicator of zero teenage pregnancies or impregnations
Attended Preschool	Indicator of having attended preschool
Mar. Par. at Birth	Indicator of whether the child's parents (Perry participant and his/her partner) were married at the birth of the child
Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	Fraction of time spent with married parents till age 18
TP Home at Birth	Indicator of whether the child's parents (Perry participant and his/her partner) were stably married at the birth of the child, providing the child a two-parent home at birth
TPH (%) Till 18	Fraction of time spent with stably married parents in a two-parent home till age 18

Note: For single hypothesis testing, we further narrow the definition of each outcome by placing age restrictions. For example, “never suspended (child age $\geq a$)” is defined as the indicator of never having been suspended from school if the child is aged a or above, and it is undefined and thus missing otherwise. Various versions of each outcome based on such age restrictions form blocks of variables for stepdown testing of multiple hypotheses.

2 Single Hypothesis Tests for Effects on Average Intergenerational Outcomes

Table 4: Effects on Average Outcomes of Pooled Children of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -sponded	Never Su -sponded	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Summary	(01) Obs.	77	74	80	77	79	76	80	77	78	75
	(02) Control	0.4910	0.4595	0.7563	0.7688	0.4068	0.4026	0.8267	0.8392	0.4281	0.4237
	(03) Treatment	0.7163	0.7473	0.7992	0.8144	0.6333	0.6667	0.8883	0.9153	0.6821	0.7194
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.2253	0.2878	0.0429	0.0457	0.2265	0.2641	0.0617	0.0761	0.2540	0.2957
	(05) COLS	0.2039	0.2720	0.0376	0.0623	0.1970	0.2459	0.0457	0.0826	0.2244	0.2806
	(06) AIPW	0.2467	0.3232	0.0486	0.0853	0.2473	0.3060	0.0550	0.0985	0.2742	0.3348
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.0028	0.0003	0.2865	0.2791	0.0038	0.0012	0.1497	0.0888	0.0009	0.0001
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.0117	0.0007	0.3247	0.2150	0.0106	0.0019	0.2511	0.0723	0.0035	0.0002
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0013	0.0000	0.2531	0.1073	0.0007	0.0000	0.1840	0.0310	0.0002	0.0000
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.0032	0.0002	0.2834	0.2669	0.0048	0.0012	0.1648	0.0979	0.0016	0.0002
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.0171	0.0016	0.3290	0.2164	0.0187	0.0041	0.2678	0.0955	0.0089	0.0011
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.0136	0.0014	0.3023	0.1700	0.0056	0.0006	0.2472	0.0834	0.0038	0.0003
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.0040	0.0012	0.2796	0.2704	0.0064	0.0016	0.1632	0.1020	0.0020	0.0004
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.0196	0.0048	0.3232	0.2128	0.0204	0.0068	0.2692	0.1044	0.0124	0.0028
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.0236	0.0072	0.2920	0.1816	0.0088	0.0032	0.2436	0.0808	0.0060	0.0020
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0016	0.0008	0.2184	0.2004	0.0008	0.0004	0.0792	0.0188	0.0012	0.0004
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.0044	0.0012	0.2816	0.1396	0.0040	0.0012	0.2040	0.0112	0.0016	0.0004
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.0032	0.0012	0.2484	0.0864	0.0012	0.0004	0.1948	0.0168	0.0016	0.0004
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.0056	0.0016	0.3068	0.2884	0.0072	0.0044	0.1764	0.1056	0.0024	0.0008
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.0112	0.0028	0.3448	0.2272	0.0184	0.0076	0.2596	0.0972	0.0064	0.0020
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.0120	0.0032	0.3092	0.1832	0.0172	0.0028	0.2448	0.0820	0.0064	0.0016
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.0064	0.0016	0.3060	0.2888	0.0084	0.0048	0.1792	0.1036	0.0024	0.0012
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.0160	0.0036	0.3588	0.2400	0.0180	0.0068	0.2872	0.0972	0.0068	0.0016
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.0140	0.0028	0.3104	0.1592	0.0108	0.0028	0.2616	0.0624	0.0056	0.0016
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.0241	0.0086	0.3470	0.3328	0.0182	0.0127	0.2065	0.1402	0.0119	0.0052
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.0308	0.0119	0.3673	0.2849	0.0307	0.0129	0.2747	0.1288	0.0174	0.0075
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.0304	0.0153	0.3534	0.2509	0.0265	0.0118	0.2808	0.1193	0.0193	0.0084
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.0227	0.0086	0.3531	0.3321	0.0217	0.0130	0.2072	0.1402	0.0130	0.0050
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.0339	0.0130	0.3766	0.2931	0.0280	0.0117	0.2940	0.1281	0.0174	0.0061
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.0314	0.0102	0.3522	0.2317	0.0226	0.0085	0.2928	0.0940	0.0150	0.0057
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.0248	0.0088	0.3576	0.3454	0.0182	0.0130	0.2121	0.1407	0.0128	0.0064
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.0314	0.0120	0.3730	0.2884	0.0324	0.0137	0.2759	0.1341	0.0174	0.0087
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.0308	0.0163	0.3674	0.2558	0.0307	0.0119	0.2891	0.1270	0.0197	0.0084
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.0231	0.0088	0.3642	0.3447	0.0219	0.0132	0.2130	0.1450	0.0132	0.0064
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.0352	0.0132	0.3809	0.2950	0.0289	0.0123	0.2977	0.1349	0.0174	0.0071
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.0342	0.0106	0.3687	0.2327	0.0240	0.0086	0.2970	0.0944	0.0156	0.0060
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.0329	0.0149	0.4177	0.3923	0.0242	0.0140	0.2427	0.1730	0.0197	0.0103
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.0419	0.0156	0.3929	0.3243	0.0408	0.0273	0.2767	0.1368	0.0305	0.0199
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.0319	0.0185	0.4335	0.2797	0.0554	0.0125	0.2955	0.1763	0.0408	0.0207
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.0386	0.0149	0.3642	0.3941	0.0242	0.0146	0.2450	0.1804	0.0197	0.0103
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.0491	0.0139	0.3933	0.3285	0.0316	0.0242	0.3278	0.1567	0.0294	0.0111
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.0506	0.0134	0.4802	0.2563	0.0440	0.0125	0.3094	0.1034	0.0223	0.0072

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 4: Effects on Average Outcomes of Pooled Children of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Attended College	Attended College	Attended College	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	80	77	74	78	75	72	79	76	73
	(02) Control	0.4375	0.4458	0.4487	0.4149	0.4193	0.4239	0.3611	0.3526	0.3553
	(03) Treatment	0.4850	0.4928	0.4971	0.5075	0.5441	0.5943	0.4796	0.5140	0.5624
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0475	0.0470	0.0484	0.0926	0.1248	0.1704	0.1185	0.1614	0.2071
	(05) COLS	-0.0002	0.0026	0.0161	0.1358	0.1918	0.2183	0.1456	0.2003	0.2272
	(06) AIPW	-0.0193	0.0104	0.0026	0.1580	0.2053	0.2602	0.1762	0.2360	0.3078
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.3042	0.3128	0.3150	0.1432	0.0904	0.0457	0.0929	0.0450	0.0226
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.4992	0.4894	0.4395	0.0644	0.0188	0.0152	0.0468	0.0132	0.0099
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.4090	0.4508	0.4879	0.0235	0.0040	0.0009	0.0177	0.0025	0.0005
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.2926	0.2957	0.2956	0.1378	0.0826	0.0362	0.0803	0.0321	0.0131
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.4992	0.4887	0.4337	0.0694	0.0176	0.0140	0.0463	0.0095	0.0071
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.4273	0.4593	0.4904	0.0504	0.0210	0.0118	0.0237	0.0037	0.0015
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.2904	0.2896	0.2832	0.1316	0.0808	0.0348	0.0772	0.0312	0.0128
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.4888	0.4816	0.4268	0.0636	0.0212	0.0144	0.0452	0.0116	0.0076
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.4876	0.4464	0.4596	0.0388	0.0188	0.0076	0.0268	0.0068	0.0012
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.2448	0.2476	0.2492	0.0864	0.0440	0.0160	0.0468	0.0188	0.0080
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.4864	0.4932	0.4232	0.0348	0.0068	0.0072	0.0212	0.0036	0.0032
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.3492	0.4680	0.4796	0.0208	0.0044	0.0016	0.0100	0.0016	0.0008
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.3428	0.3448	0.3424	0.1356	0.0812	0.0468	0.0884	0.0392	0.0264
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.4668	0.4752	0.4704	0.0528	0.0140	0.0116	0.0488	0.0160	0.0164
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.4000	0.4860	0.4868	0.0556	0.0192	0.0072	0.0420	0.0132	0.0040
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.3428	0.3464	0.3416	0.1384	0.0852	0.0564	0.0912	0.0436	0.0304
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.4668	0.4748	0.4720	0.0640	0.0192	0.0208	0.0480	0.0164	0.0164
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.3964	0.4824	0.4880	0.0548	0.0168	0.0096	0.0444	0.0140	0.0084
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.4474	0.4398	0.4313	0.1417	0.0888	0.0465	0.1061	0.0565	0.0366
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.5832	0.5760	0.5363	0.0940	0.0311	0.0272	0.0757	0.0321	0.0232
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.5123	0.5767	0.6053	0.0738	0.0378	0.0166	0.0781	0.0276	0.0091
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.4446	0.4401	0.4342	0.1424	0.0909	0.0481	0.1083	0.0636	0.0411
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.5832	0.5760	0.5397	0.1070	0.0358	0.0320	0.0764	0.0320	0.0246
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.5088	0.5707	0.6053	0.0766	0.0350	0.0233	0.0759	0.0286	0.0196
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.4562	0.4453	0.4342	0.1421	0.0933	0.0469	0.1077	0.0592	0.0370
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.5935	0.5767	0.5391	0.0961	0.0332	0.0273	0.0761	0.0331	0.0258
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.5147	0.5826	0.6109	0.0788	0.0406	0.0173	0.0796	0.0277	0.0097
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.4534	0.4452	0.4367	0.1428	0.0917	0.0488	0.1087	0.0647	0.0418
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.5935	0.5767	0.5406	0.1098	0.0370	0.0340	0.0783	0.0350	0.0272
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.5143	0.5761	0.6109	0.0781	0.0357	0.0246	0.0764	0.0297	0.0208
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.4855	0.4706	0.4466	0.1522	0.1064	0.0483	0.1224	0.0764	0.0535
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.8015	0.5996	0.5812	0.0990	0.0464	0.0273	0.0988	0.0331	0.0352
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.5355	0.6438	0.6804	0.0989	0.0549	0.0196	0.0891	0.0339	0.0114
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.5122	0.4998	0.4476	0.1597	0.1024	0.0560	0.1367	0.0661	0.0526
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.8015	0.6002	0.5838	0.1373	0.0763	0.0580	0.0853	0.0384	0.0478
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.5242	0.6100	0.6804	0.0948	0.0406	0.0353	0.0834	0.0312	0.0258

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 4: Effects on Average Outcomes of **Pooled** Children of the **Pooled** Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	79	76	73	80	77	74	80	77	74
	(02) Control	0.3226	0.3141	0.3158	0.1396	0.1396	0.1453	0.8558	0.8558	0.8538
	(03) Treatment	0.4629	0.4914	0.5386	0.2996	0.3059	0.3662	0.9454	0.9410	0.9352
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1403	0.1773	0.2228	0.1600	0.1663	0.2209	0.0896	0.0852	0.0814
	(05) COLS	0.1790	0.2309	0.2599	0.1810	0.1948	0.2539	0.1108	0.1072	0.1101
	(06) AIPW	0.2048	0.2615	0.3360	0.1442	0.1750	0.2272	0.1218	0.1166	0.1234
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.0529	0.0261	0.0127	0.0096	0.0092	0.0037	0.0376	0.0478	0.0601
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.0191	0.0052	0.0043	0.0019	0.0012	0.0002	0.0346	0.0480	0.0526
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0069	0.0008	0.0002	0.0046	0.0006	0.0001	0.0149	0.0226	0.0159
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.0437	0.0170	0.0067	0.0046	0.0035	0.0011	0.0372	0.0477	0.0612
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.0183	0.0030	0.0027	0.0012	0.0003	0.0000	0.0352	0.0482	0.0528
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.0107	0.0013	0.0007	0.0138	0.0025	0.0015	0.0332	0.0441	0.0414
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.0468	0.0176	0.0064	0.0052	0.0044	0.0012	0.0312	0.0420	0.0548
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.0192	0.0020	0.0040	0.0032	0.0020	0.0004	0.0312	0.0476	0.0508
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.0112	0.0036	0.0012	0.0116	0.0060	0.0016	0.0244	0.0364	0.0300
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0188	0.0076	0.0036	0.0024	0.0020	0.0004	0.0024	0.0028	0.0060
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.0068	0.0016	0.0012	0.0004	0.0004	0.0004	0.0032	0.0060	0.0076
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.0044	0.0008	0.0008	0.0056	0.0008	0.0008	0.0100	0.0152	0.0132
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.0504	0.0272	0.0136	0.0104	0.0096	0.0056	0.0380	0.0552	0.0676
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.0228	0.0072	0.0056	0.0080	0.0040	0.0016	0.0196	0.0304	0.0304
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.0232	0.0064	0.0016	0.0312	0.0132	0.0104	0.0380	0.0484	0.0364
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.0540	0.0296	0.0168	0.0112	0.0096	0.0056	0.0400	0.0524	0.0656
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.0248	0.0088	0.0084	0.0040	0.0028	0.0008	0.0444	0.0580	0.0648
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.0244	0.0080	0.0040	0.0200	0.0056	0.0028	0.0360	0.0500	0.0388
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.0674	0.0374	0.0240	0.0284	0.0240	0.0168	0.0745	0.0870	0.1037
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.0389	0.0181	0.0137	0.0211	0.0157	0.0098	0.0495	0.0661	0.0591
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.0488	0.0231	0.0091	0.0579	0.0304	0.0224	0.0705	0.0839	0.0658
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.0721	0.0388	0.0275	0.0293	0.0242	0.0168	0.0782	0.0842	0.0971
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.0440	0.0211	0.0177	0.0142	0.0098	0.0086	0.0801	0.1009	0.1020
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.0536	0.0199	0.0118	0.0354	0.0153	0.0106	0.0784	0.0972	0.0772
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.0698	0.0397	0.0244	0.0284	0.0254	0.0175	0.0750	0.0900	0.1053
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.0393	0.0184	0.0147	0.0213	0.0167	0.0107	0.0540	0.0672	0.0614
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.0500	0.0259	0.0091	0.0617	0.0321	0.0241	0.0711	0.0849	0.0698
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.0732	0.0389	0.0307	0.0297	0.0255	0.0175	0.0832	0.0859	0.0976
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.0440	0.0214	0.0180	0.0143	0.0099	0.0087	0.0808	0.1009	0.1036
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.0549	0.0203	0.0123	0.0358	0.0175	0.0114	0.0806	0.1043	0.0803
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.0799	0.0437	0.0270	0.0411	0.0415	0.0204	0.0803	0.0921	0.1053
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.0516	0.0186	0.0198	0.0293	0.0239	0.0198	0.0719	0.0837	0.0771
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.0579	0.0494	0.0128	0.0860	0.0445	0.0422	0.0856	0.0991	0.0915
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.0756	0.0576	0.0397	0.0432	0.0415	0.0204	0.1181	0.0917	0.1001
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.0440	0.0214	0.0195	0.0211	0.0149	0.0094	0.1233	0.1028	0.1166
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.0718	0.0326	0.0200	0.0542	0.0272	0.0143	0.1299	0.1803	0.1037

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 4: Effects on Average Outcomes of Pooled Children of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	77	74	77	74	76	73	75	71	77	74
	(02) Control	0.1771	0.1838	0.1063	0.1239	0.6034	0.6171	0.3996	0.4086	0.9229	0.9274
	(03) Treatment	0.1559	0.1695	0.0815	0.0910	0.7018	0.6919	0.6131	0.5985	0.9180	0.9133
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.0212	-0.0142	-0.0247	-0.0330	0.0984	0.0748	0.2135	0.1900	-0.0049	-0.0140
	(05) COLS	-0.0097	-0.0094	0.0099	0.0078	0.0848	0.0453	0.1744	0.1411	0.0155	0.0066
	(06) AIPW	-0.0308	-0.0432	-0.0030	-0.0135	0.0839	0.0447	0.2015	0.1850	0.0430	0.0320
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.3660	0.4129	0.2982	0.2695	0.1171	0.1865	0.0095	0.0203	0.4526	0.3710
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.4358	0.4397	0.4094	0.4328	0.1757	0.3048	0.0323	0.0663	0.3658	0.4447
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.2662	0.1935	0.4679	0.3704	0.1283	0.2667	0.0082	0.0135	0.1708	0.2344
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.3561	0.4058	0.2700	0.2411	0.1152	0.1845	0.0078	0.0177	0.4537	0.3737
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.4315	0.4361	0.3975	0.4247	0.1859	0.3129	0.0389	0.0774	0.3722	0.4473
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.3069	0.2565	0.4734	0.4026	0.2021	0.3266	0.0335	0.0664	0.2172	0.2847
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.3640	0.4204	0.2804	0.2424	0.1152	0.1856	0.0076	0.0200	0.4488	0.3696
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.4424	0.4544	0.3888	0.4232	0.1924	0.3196	0.0404	0.0732	0.3840	0.4596
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.3620	0.3012	0.4660	0.4168	0.1272	0.2028	0.0232	0.0372	0.2844	0.3620
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.2932	0.3628	0.2004	0.1616	0.0648	0.1140	0.0024	0.0044	0.4480	0.3484
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.3880	0.3916	0.3772	0.4132	0.1148	0.2480	0.0128	0.0308	0.3204	0.4192
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.2072	0.1480	0.4664	0.3576	0.2004	0.4032	0.0136	0.0244	0.1028	0.1632
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.3544	0.3888	0.3000	0.2688	0.1396	0.2224	0.0136	0.0292	0.4288	0.3488
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.4172	0.4080	0.4368	0.4780	0.1824	0.3568	0.0416	0.0912	0.3904	0.4676
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.3084	0.2444	0.4564	0.3808	0.2200	0.3816	0.0456	0.0728	0.2664	0.3164
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.3524	0.3880	0.2972	0.2648	0.1452	0.2260	0.0148	0.0300	0.4272	0.3496
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.4128	0.4040	0.4316	0.4676	0.2016	0.3608	0.0416	0.0852	0.4036	0.4724
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.2868	0.2240	0.4552	0.3672	0.2020	0.3568	0.0364	0.0556	0.2604	0.3164
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.5034	0.5381	0.5288	0.5060	0.1498	0.2394	0.0369	0.0626	0.6323	0.5507
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.5349	0.5536	0.5064	0.5114	0.1924	0.3400	0.0712	0.1202	0.4473	0.5244
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.4637	0.4020	0.6769	0.5922	0.2571	0.3946	0.0715	0.1128	0.3165	0.3830
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.5034	0.5357	0.5292	0.4979	0.1506	0.2444	0.0402	0.0710	0.6348	0.5539
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.5341	0.5489	0.4957	0.5054	0.2144	0.3398	0.0679	0.1132	0.4529	0.5255
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.4463	0.3888	0.6764	0.5816	0.2362	0.3723	0.0628	0.0925	0.3230	0.3831
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.5056	0.5383	0.5289	0.5122	0.1569	0.2417	0.0370	0.0627	0.6390	0.5626
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.5428	0.5536	0.5154	0.5131	0.1991	0.3420	0.0808	0.1243	0.4514	0.5244
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.4643	0.4050	0.6881	0.5941	0.2636	0.4036	0.0718	0.1146	0.3249	0.3876
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.5056	0.5358	0.5320	0.4992	0.1522	0.2453	0.0431	0.0725	0.6414	0.5647
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.5418	0.5490	0.5004	0.5063	0.2157	0.3409	0.0772	0.1156	0.4563	0.5256
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.4468	0.3894	0.6876	0.5842	0.2390	0.3756	0.0673	0.0930	0.3253	0.3882
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.5661	0.6438	0.5469	0.5689	0.2501	0.2624	0.0583	0.0853	0.6618	0.6245
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.6893	0.5631	0.5891	0.5379	0.2412	0.3544	0.1016	0.1393	0.4729	0.5265
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.5665	0.5315	0.7330	0.6014	0.3266	0.4446	0.0812	0.1588	0.3623	0.4977
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.5756	0.6443	0.5365	0.5016	0.2086	0.2645	0.0485	0.0778	0.6660	0.5759
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.5823	0.6096	0.5266	0.5472	0.2903	0.4195	0.0894	0.1298	0.4979	0.5356
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.4744	0.4213	0.7343	0.5984	0.2810	0.3943	0.0795	0.0990	0.3436	0.4702

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 4: Effects on Average Outcomes of Pooled Children of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Summary	(01) Obs.	76	73	75	71	79	70	80	76	77	72
	(02) Control	0.6034	0.6171	0.3996	0.4086	0.7592	0.4677	0.3204	0.3154	0.0500	0.0811
	(03) Treatment	0.6883	0.6776	0.5995	0.5838	0.7329	0.4275	0.4254	0.4452	0.2132	0.2459
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0849	0.0605	0.2000	0.1753	-0.0263	-0.0402	0.1050	0.1298	0.1632	0.1647
	(05) COLS	0.0723	0.0322	0.1619	0.1279	-0.0656	0.0335	0.0211	0.0907	0.1543	0.1641
	(06) AIPW	0.0774	0.0380	0.1950	0.1783	-0.0415	0.0486	-0.0126	0.0686	0.1389	0.1386
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.1508	0.2339	0.0134	0.0282	0.3679	0.3640	0.1230	0.0631	0.0079	0.0127
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.2121	0.3576	0.0415	0.0839	0.1874	0.3977	0.4132	0.1677	0.0217	0.0144
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.1464	0.2970	0.0098	0.0161	0.2759	0.3133	0.4392	0.1994	0.0134	0.0164
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.1466	0.2296	0.0109	0.0240	0.3615	0.3594	0.1032	0.0477	0.0050	0.0073
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.2206	0.3626	0.0487	0.0949	0.1815	0.3921	0.4084	0.1436	0.0165	0.0089
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.2173	0.3489	0.0365	0.0717	0.3093	0.4991	0.4496	0.2407	0.0302	0.0403
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.1488	0.2272	0.0104	0.0244	0.3756	0.3564	0.1028	0.0484	0.0052	0.0072
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.2244	0.3708	0.0468	0.0968	0.1828	0.3912	0.4256	0.1560	0.0192	0.0108
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.1420	0.2240	0.0280	0.0416	0.3688	0.3600	0.4504	0.2336	0.0228	0.0412
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0836	0.1592	0.0024	0.0064	0.3136	0.3212	0.0484	0.0196	0.0004	0.0008
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.1508	0.3072	0.0176	0.0404	0.1208	0.3640	0.3620	0.0832	0.0020	0.0008
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.2228	0.4284	0.0136	0.0252	0.2024	0.3292	0.3384	0.1924	0.0136	0.0288
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.1788	0.2736	0.0180	0.0396	0.3492	0.3792	0.1424	0.0668	0.0120	0.0164
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.2264	0.4160	0.0504	0.1136	0.1888	0.3876	0.4356	0.1588	0.0176	0.0152
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.2452	0.4064	0.0500	0.0816	0.2972	0.3248	0.4268	0.2508	0.0316	0.0428
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.1812	0.2720	0.0184	0.0392	0.3480	0.3792	0.1424	0.0668	0.0104	0.0160
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.2452	0.4228	0.0508	0.1072	0.1672	0.3924	0.4416	0.1864	0.0276	0.0200
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.2216	0.3880	0.0392	0.0600	0.2744	0.3172	0.4228	0.2552	0.0332	0.0488
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.1850	0.2960	0.0488	0.0805	0.4594	0.6167	0.2519	0.1267	0.0319	0.0289
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.2308	0.3909	0.0803	0.1439	0.2934	0.4398	0.4745	0.2011	0.0325	0.0236
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.2748	0.4142	0.0780	0.1188	0.4398	0.4101	0.5767	0.3102	0.0553	0.0583
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.1929	0.2960	0.0497	0.0825	0.4583	0.6167	0.2490	0.1249	0.0287	0.0274
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.2478	0.3974	0.0803	0.1457	0.2747	0.4501	0.4860	0.2205	0.0426	0.0296
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.2581	0.4022	0.0661	0.0981	0.4236	0.4017	0.5720	0.3061	0.0498	0.0578
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.1933	0.3030	0.0506	0.0842	0.4752	0.6249	0.2521	0.1271	0.0323	0.0302
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.2433	0.3934	0.0807	0.1465	0.2948	0.4546	0.4751	0.2103	0.0346	0.0260
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.2798	0.4187	0.0831	0.1200	0.4466	0.4276	0.5778	0.3222	0.0563	0.0616
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.2039	0.3030	0.0520	0.0829	0.4743	0.6249	0.2541	0.1256	0.0298	0.0287
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.2541	0.4015	0.0842	0.1474	0.2844	0.4573	0.4878	0.2232	0.0437	0.0319
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.2622	0.4073	0.0672	0.1016	0.4304	0.4175	0.5737	0.3116	0.0508	0.0625
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.2422	0.3201	0.0690	0.1148	0.5145	0.6722	0.3517	0.1556	0.0422	0.0325
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.2960	0.4011	0.0844	0.1968	0.3110	0.5050	0.6147	0.2108	0.0397	0.0377
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.2881	0.4220	0.0943	0.1345	0.4854	0.5151	0.5833	0.3760	0.0659	0.0860
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.2461	0.3390	0.0616	0.0995	0.5355	0.6541	0.3681	0.1408	0.0377	0.0469
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.3119	0.4222	0.1101	0.1947	0.3177	0.5636	0.5274	0.2753	0.0572	0.0415
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.3036	0.4298	0.0905	0.1579	0.4697	0.5080	0.5804	0.3380	0.0685	0.0864

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 5: Effects on Average Outcomes of Male Children of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -sponded	Never Su -sponded	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Summary	(01) Obs.	52	51	57	56	54	53	57	56	53	52
	(02) Control	0.3500	0.3100	0.6722	0.6889	0.2809	0.2623	0.7833	0.8000	0.2917	0.2724
	(03) Treatment	0.5833	0.5673	0.6574	0.6442	0.4969	0.4776	0.8210	0.8141	0.5370	0.5192
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.2333	0.2573	-0.0148	-0.0447	0.2160	0.2152	0.0377	0.0141	0.2454	0.2468
	(05) COLS	0.2099	0.2252	-0.0079	-0.0256	0.1636	0.1695	0.0334	0.0206	0.1899	0.1975
	(06) AIPW	0.1795	0.2067	0.0249	-0.0041	0.1733	0.1759	0.0583	0.0334	0.1992	0.2044
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.0195	0.0129	0.4519	0.3599	0.0352	0.0372	0.3463	0.4418	0.0170	0.0175
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.0459	0.0360	0.4749	0.4188	0.0874	0.0825	0.3607	0.4131	0.0562	0.0520
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0309	0.0170	0.4041	0.4839	0.0411	0.0403	0.2344	0.3391	0.0240	0.0230
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.0184	0.0114	0.4468	0.3450	0.0300	0.0303	0.3436	0.4409	0.0161	0.0156
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.0465	0.0356	0.4731	0.4126	0.0831	0.0763	0.3590	0.4116	0.0575	0.0517
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.4215	0.4517	0.4443	0.4907	0.4586	0.4581	0.3674	0.4275	0.4526	0.4515
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.0236	0.0128	0.4424	0.3488	0.0344	0.0304	0.3444	0.4368	0.0184	0.0160
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.0496	0.0388	0.4592	0.3944	0.0844	0.0808	0.3620	0.4128	0.0636	0.0584
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.1468	0.1540	0.4868	0.4104	0.1020	0.1064	0.3368	0.4136	0.0944	0.0988
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0072	0.0052	0.4392	0.3056	0.0156	0.0152	0.2992	0.4280	0.0076	0.0076
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.0252	0.0204	0.4856	0.4144	0.0408	0.0400	0.3096	0.3808	0.0276	0.0276
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.0824	0.0508	0.3344	0.4388	0.0732	0.0700	0.2052	0.2920	0.0540	0.0488
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.0284	0.0212	0.4332	0.3480	0.0444	0.0500	0.3740	0.4620	0.0280	0.0264
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.0456	0.0436	0.4496	0.3996	0.1060	0.1028	0.3904	0.4332	0.0708	0.0684
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.1212	0.0944	0.4496	0.4692	0.1276	0.1196	0.3076	0.3864	0.0880	0.0896
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.0272	0.0204	0.4312	0.3460	0.0460	0.0492	0.3736	0.4588	0.0256	0.0256
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.0564	0.0476	0.4492	0.4016	0.1016	0.1008	0.3920	0.4364	0.0704	0.0696
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.0992	0.0808	0.4448	0.4692	0.1120	0.1064	0.3040	0.3816	0.0856	0.0836
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.0551	0.0487	0.6523	0.5941	0.0864	0.0890	0.3724	0.4560	0.0510	0.0487
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.0772	0.0685	0.6658	0.5926	0.1438	0.1414	0.4108	0.4718	0.0932	0.0934
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.1589	0.1339	0.4822	0.6804	0.1716	0.1698	0.3105	0.4160	0.1253	0.1213
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.0525	0.0478	0.6523	0.5836	0.0812	0.0865	0.3701	0.4560	0.0524	0.0502
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.0842	0.0762	0.6653	0.5926	0.1433	0.1389	0.4191	0.4784	0.0958	0.0973
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.1447	0.1093	0.4718	0.6774	0.1597	0.1575	0.3075	0.4125	0.1118	0.1053
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.0576	0.0489	0.6563	0.6041	0.0881	0.0923	0.3755	0.4620	0.0516	0.0495
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.0818	0.0693	0.6682	0.5947	0.1456	0.1472	0.4121	0.4767	0.0965	0.0938
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.1606	0.1350	0.4949	0.6841	0.1766	0.1714	0.3137	0.4185	0.1292	0.1280
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.0541	0.0533	0.6563	0.5930	0.0816	0.0922	0.3738	0.4621	0.0545	0.0527
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.0894	0.0819	0.6681	0.5947	0.1452	0.1451	0.4210	0.4835	0.0964	0.1005
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.1454	0.1129	0.4796	0.6790	0.1659	0.1584	0.3121	0.4127	0.1158	0.1070
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.0724	0.0561	0.6800	0.6227	0.0909	0.1147	0.4177	0.5560	0.0546	0.0589
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.1368	0.0855	0.6682	0.6031	0.1524	0.1656	0.4157	0.5470	0.1341	0.1122
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.2026	0.1626	0.5422	0.7047	0.1909	0.2064	0.3297	0.4254	0.1307	0.1653
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.0666	0.0639	0.6797	0.6084	0.1044	0.1139	0.3846	0.4756	0.0608	0.0799
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.1193	0.1243	0.6681	0.6672	0.1577	0.1574	0.4232	0.5052	0.1148	0.1416
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.1607	0.1386	0.5180	0.6881	0.1817	0.1842	0.3303	0.4344	0.1314	0.1179

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 5: Effects on Average Outcomes of Male Children of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Attended College	Attended College	Attended College	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	57	56	53	55	54	51	56	55	52
	(02) Control	0.1944	0.2111	0.1905	0.4613	0.4435	0.4776	0.3966	0.3793	0.4074
	(03) Treatment	0.3981	0.3750	0.3900	0.5988	0.6218	0.6667	0.5278	0.5481	0.5900
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.2037	0.1639	0.1995	0.1375	0.1783	0.1891	0.1312	0.1688	0.1826
	(05) COLS	0.1622	0.1287	0.1860	0.1277	0.1703	0.1631	0.1039	0.1420	0.1404
	(06) AIPW	0.1792	0.1482	0.2149	0.1736	0.2087	0.2356	0.1593	0.1922	0.2173
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.0242	0.0605	0.0351	0.1388	0.0824	0.0765	0.1498	0.0945	0.0860
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.0636	0.1248	0.0590	0.1793	0.1131	0.1248	0.2160	0.1456	0.1482
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0169	0.0455	0.0099	0.0464	0.0242	0.0192	0.0660	0.0379	0.0285
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.0229	0.0565	0.0325	0.1268	0.0689	0.0621	0.1403	0.0828	0.0740
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.0720	0.1328	0.0647	0.1661	0.0955	0.1039	0.2054	0.1296	0.1298
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.1186	0.1721	0.1534	0.3359	0.3124	0.3071	0.2879	0.2504	0.2466
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.0288	0.0576	0.0324	0.1280	0.0656	0.0560	0.1256	0.0780	0.0664
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.0728	0.1328	0.0568	0.1608	0.0904	0.0956	0.1916	0.1256	0.1260
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.0568	0.1080	0.0592	0.0896	0.0552	0.0636	0.1188	0.0792	0.0800
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0076	0.0304	0.0136	0.0832	0.0396	0.0352	0.0908	0.0504	0.0436
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.0396	0.0876	0.0404	0.1264	0.0656	0.0672	0.1556	0.0856	0.0784
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.0448	0.0804	0.0436	0.0720	0.0432	0.0408	0.0808	0.0536	0.0464
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.0388	0.0752	0.0476	0.1460	0.0944	0.0980	0.1588	0.1060	0.1084
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.0664	0.1288	0.0656	0.1800	0.1220	0.1436	0.2320	0.1648	0.1856
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.0592	0.1068	0.0584	0.1260	0.0928	0.0848	0.1500	0.1152	0.1040
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.0324	0.0684	0.0408	0.1484	0.0976	0.1020	0.1596	0.1068	0.1104
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.0776	0.1388	0.0684	0.1876	0.1304	0.1504	0.2296	0.1692	0.1844
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.0528	0.0948	0.0424	0.1028	0.0748	0.0812	0.1356	0.0964	0.1028
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.0788	0.1520	0.1007	0.1751	0.1067	0.1032	0.1704	0.1101	0.1100
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.1245	0.2055	0.1290	0.2023	0.1296	0.1372	0.2336	0.1624	0.1668
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.1237	0.2001	0.1314	0.1484	0.1060	0.1007	0.1546	0.1205	0.0946
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.0722	0.1515	0.0927	0.1744	0.1067	0.1056	0.1752	0.1128	0.1146
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.1378	0.2103	0.1268	0.2053	0.1419	0.1434	0.2351	0.1632	0.1699
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.1172	0.1758	0.1032	0.1275	0.0949	0.0874	0.1414	0.1071	0.0926
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.0806	0.1544	0.1036	0.1760	0.1118	0.1040	0.1711	0.1159	0.1134
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.1296	0.2071	0.1382	0.2045	0.1299	0.1375	0.2385	0.1645	0.1676
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.1265	0.2066	0.1372	0.1507	0.1073	0.1044	0.1566	0.1241	0.1034
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.0741	0.1541	0.0936	0.1754	0.1081	0.1070	0.1781	0.1159	0.1159
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.1411	0.2133	0.1281	0.2060	0.1424	0.1434	0.2423	0.1653	0.1719
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.1199	0.1763	0.1091	0.1279	0.0961	0.0887	0.1418	0.1080	0.0942
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.0913	0.1570	0.1237	0.1854	0.1493	0.1157	0.1916	0.1632	0.1498
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.1486	0.2278	0.1662	0.2221	0.1368	0.1511	0.3004	0.1841	0.1879
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.1746	0.2476	0.1478	0.1694	0.1141	0.1473	0.1838	0.2325	0.1507
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.0949	0.1577	0.1149	0.2141	0.1370	0.1613	0.2478	0.1617	0.1276
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.1462	0.2241	0.1329	0.2146	0.1666	0.1697	0.2795	0.1704	0.1846
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.1269	0.2390	0.1408	0.1670	0.1043	0.1225	0.1852	0.1345	0.1310

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 5: Effects on Average Outcomes of Male Children of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	56	55	52	57	56	53	57	56	53
	(02) Control	0.3276	0.3103	0.3333	0.0333	0.0333	0.0357	0.8167	0.8167	0.8393
	(03) Treatment	0.4784	0.4968	0.5367	0.2747	0.2853	0.3367	0.9383	0.9359	0.9333
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1508	0.1865	0.2033	0.2414	0.2519	0.3010	0.1216	0.1192	0.0940
	(05) COLS	0.1361	0.1720	0.1739	0.2391	0.2498	0.2896	0.1436	0.1411	0.1195
	(06) AIPW	0.1941	0.2247	0.2703	0.2563	0.2646	0.3128	0.1768	0.1746	0.1539
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.1126	0.0699	0.0622	0.0014	0.0012	0.0008	0.0531	0.0585	0.1046
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.1527	0.1013	0.1048	0.0053	0.0037	0.0026	0.0439	0.0478	0.0825
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0336	0.0186	0.0110	0.0001	0.0001	0.0000	0.0094	0.0103	0.0211
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.0970	0.0550	0.0478	0.0007	0.0006	0.0003	0.0533	0.0587	0.1070
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.1390	0.0849	0.0870	0.0043	0.0029	0.0019	0.0438	0.0476	0.0843
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.2511	0.2201	0.1955	0.0246	0.0200	0.0115	0.3363	0.3390	0.3584
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.0948	0.0524	0.0444	0.0008	0.0008	0.0004	0.0512	0.0576	0.1028
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.1372	0.0856	0.0912	0.0048	0.0028	0.0020	0.0444	0.0484	0.0868
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.0796	0.0512	0.0568	0.0080	0.0084	0.0056	0.0352	0.0360	0.0660
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0568	0.0324	0.0312	0.0004	0.0004	0.0004	0.0068	0.0080	0.0284
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.0992	0.0536	0.0580	0.0008	0.0008	0.0012	0.0092	0.0108	0.0224
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.0520	0.0332	0.0252	0.0028	0.0016	0.0024	0.0200	0.0220	0.0484
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.1256	0.0796	0.0808	0.0012	0.0008	0.0008	0.0660	0.0744	0.1248
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.1584	0.1152	0.1360	0.0020	0.0016	0.0020	0.0456	0.0528	0.0848
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.0992	0.0768	0.0600	0.0016	0.0020	0.0044	0.0448	0.0464	0.0660
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.1268	0.0844	0.0852	0.0012	0.0008	0.0008	0.0668	0.0716	0.1192
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.1608	0.1168	0.1332	0.0032	0.0028	0.0024	0.0688	0.0716	0.1108
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.0868	0.0648	0.0592	0.0008	0.0008	0.0020	0.0484	0.0496	0.0772
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.1437	0.0929	0.0913	0.0159	0.0109	0.0124	0.0960	0.1158	0.1761
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.1824	0.1208	0.1343	0.0134	0.0090	0.0101	0.0757	0.0847	0.1206
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.1205	0.0947	0.0657	0.0130	0.0109	0.0181	0.0747	0.0729	0.1127
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.1444	0.0988	0.1007	0.0144	0.0105	0.0091	0.0983	0.1059	0.1761
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.1890	0.1291	0.1403	0.0208	0.0169	0.0149	0.0950	0.0960	0.1451
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.1114	0.0819	0.0627	0.0116	0.0098	0.0130	0.0799	0.0794	0.1183
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.1529	0.0959	0.0921	0.0177	0.0119	0.0124	0.0969	0.1209	0.1812
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.1877	0.1222	0.1360	0.0137	0.0104	0.0103	0.0798	0.0853	0.1228
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.1206	0.0965	0.0673	0.0134	0.0127	0.0190	0.0748	0.0758	0.1128
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.1497	0.0991	0.1063	0.0148	0.0105	0.0103	0.1015	0.1109	0.1844
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.1925	0.1319	0.1409	0.0215	0.0170	0.0150	0.0970	0.0974	0.1492
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.1167	0.0897	0.0638	0.0116	0.0098	0.0139	0.0861	0.0826	0.1206
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.2211	0.1192	0.1129	0.0219	0.0219	0.0130	0.1027	0.1414	0.2117
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.2241	0.1511	0.1985	0.0175	0.0142	0.0118	0.1040	0.0910	0.1377
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.1646	0.1148	0.0796	0.0204	0.0221	0.0229	0.1038	0.1116	0.1298
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.1987	0.1170	0.1255	0.0173	0.0142	0.0156	0.1335	0.1306	0.2149
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.2022	0.1586	0.1426	0.0280	0.0196	0.0186	0.1279	0.1148	0.1522
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.1271	0.1385	0.0776	0.0232	0.0164	0.0240	0.1118	0.1077	0.1608

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 5: Effects on Average Outcomes of Male Children of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	56	53	56	53	54	51	53	49	55	52
	(02) Control	0.0333	0.0357	0.0333	0.0357	0.3512	0.3782	0.2160	0.2333	0.8621	0.8889
	(03) Treatment	0.1090	0.1133	0.0962	0.1000	0.4872	0.4867	0.4103	0.4028	0.8942	0.8900
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0756	0.0776	0.0628	0.0643	0.1360	0.1085	0.1942	0.1694	0.0322	0.0011
	(05) COLS	0.0621	0.0611	0.0521	0.0513	0.0688	0.0347	0.1040	0.0763	0.0406	0.0083
	(06) AIPW	0.1073	0.1150	0.0911	0.0986	0.0721	0.0867	0.1211	0.1297	0.0531	0.0261
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.0994	0.1043	0.1440	0.1501	0.1341	0.1988	0.0521	0.0877	0.3355	0.4940
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.1886	0.2033	0.2308	0.2449	0.2909	0.3930	0.1945	0.2732	0.3068	0.4578
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0086	0.0087	0.0250	0.0240	0.2191	0.1900	0.1050	0.0983	0.1918	0.3290
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.0762	0.0806	0.1195	0.1253	0.1209	0.1848	0.0399	0.0727	0.3355	0.4939
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.1686	0.1845	0.2127	0.2280	0.2886	0.3925	0.1860	0.2664	0.3120	0.4594
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.2398	0.2310	0.2747	0.2647	0.3629	0.3989	0.2890	0.3286	0.3523	0.4312
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.0740	0.0756	0.1168	0.1204	0.1208	0.1936	0.0404	0.0744	0.3412	0.4960
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.1752	0.1864	0.2152	0.2260	0.2880	0.3932	0.1948	0.2728	0.3008	0.4556
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.0436	0.0392	0.0756	0.0632	0.2068	0.2080	0.1492	0.1708	0.2596	0.3788
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0136	0.0188	0.0428	0.0500	0.0680	0.1220	0.0168	0.0372	0.2856	0.4792
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.1648	0.1920	0.2116	0.2448	0.2388	0.3544	0.1172	0.1988	0.2576	0.4504
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.0172	0.0128	0.0540	0.0428	0.3168	0.2900	0.1520	0.1632	0.2108	0.3684
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.1024	0.1140	0.1448	0.1576	0.1732	0.2376	0.0676	0.1196	0.3700	0.4832
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.1420	0.1712	0.1892	0.2168	0.3272	0.4516	0.2232	0.3192	0.3148	0.4764
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.0308	0.0248	0.0572	0.0488	0.3388	0.3224	0.2200	0.2300	0.2504	0.3804
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.0900	0.0964	0.1280	0.1404	0.1716	0.2364	0.0680	0.1188	0.3656	0.4788
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.1780	0.2004	0.2288	0.2520	0.3292	0.4512	0.2176	0.3164	0.3248	0.4788
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.0308	0.0248	0.0612	0.0508	0.3112	0.2928	0.1992	0.2064	0.2468	0.3808
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.1650	0.1885	0.2271	0.2444	0.1747	0.2556	0.1273	0.1675	0.3669	0.5423
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.1933	0.2071	0.2691	0.2682	0.2943	0.3878	0.2773	0.3674	0.3632	0.5342
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.0590	0.0553	0.1016	0.0811	0.2986	0.2758	0.2794	0.2570	0.2911	0.4508
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.1431	0.1557	0.2036	0.2220	0.1719	0.2556	0.1281	0.1750	0.3633	0.5423
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.2348	0.2406	0.3078	0.3233	0.3019	0.3900	0.2791	0.3741	0.3684	0.5356
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.0622	0.0510	0.1038	0.1040	0.2710	0.2503	0.2600	0.2370	0.2879	0.4492
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.1672	0.2030	0.2272	0.2470	0.1823	0.2582	0.1327	0.1762	0.3679	0.5467
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.1936	0.2074	0.2856	0.2701	0.3000	0.3986	0.2884	0.3711	0.3671	0.5343
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.0612	0.0602	0.1065	0.0831	0.3006	0.2768	0.2837	0.2587	0.3029	0.4513
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.1441	0.1660	0.2048	0.2257	0.1799	0.2582	0.1337	0.1766	0.3654	0.5467
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.2426	0.2469	0.3205	0.3331	0.3074	0.4010	0.2875	0.3787	0.3731	0.5375
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.0640	0.0527	0.1054	0.1101	0.2729	0.2583	0.2638	0.2405	0.2986	0.4530
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.2127	0.2067	0.2511	0.2810	0.2181	0.2624	0.1455	0.1967	0.4041	0.6137
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.2096	0.2353	0.3868	0.2788	0.3060	0.4248	0.3386	0.3861	0.3701	0.5641
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.0856	0.0773	0.1421	0.1130	0.3166	0.2811	0.3233	0.3046	0.3841	0.4547
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.1842	0.2550	0.2245	0.2524	0.2278	0.2624	0.1454	0.1944	0.3788	0.6133
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.3212	0.2756	0.3536	0.4409	0.3255	0.4310	0.3440	0.3912	0.3925	0.5724
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.0728	0.0747	0.1200	0.1509	0.2905	0.2988	0.2934	0.2773	0.3241	0.4585

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 5: Effects on Average Outcomes of Male Children of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Summary	(01) Obs.	54	51	53	49	56	48	57	56	56	54
	(02) Control	0.3512	0.3782	0.2160	0.2333	0.7816	0.4236	0.3500	0.3062	0.0333	0.0481
	(03) Treatment	0.4872	0.4867	0.4103	0.4028	0.7778	0.4653	0.3951	0.4259	0.2115	0.2512
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1360	0.1085	0.1942	0.1694	-0.0038	0.0417	0.0451	0.1198	0.1782	0.2030
	(05) COLS	0.0688	0.0347	0.1040	0.0763	-0.0849	0.1070	-0.0870	0.0141	0.1462	0.1746
	(06) AIPW	0.0721	0.0867	0.1211	0.1297	-0.0449	0.0537	-0.1138	0.0502	0.1386	0.1965
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.1341	0.1988	0.0521	0.0877	0.4850	0.3827	0.3544	0.1339	0.0210	0.0078
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.2909	0.3930	0.1945	0.2732	0.1973	0.2418	0.2318	0.4547	0.0543	0.0352
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.2191	0.1900	0.1050	0.0983	0.2966	0.3191	0.1427	0.3019	0.0268	0.0045
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.1209	0.1848	0.0399	0.0727	0.4842	0.3822	0.3443	0.1019	0.0150	0.0053
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.2886	0.3925	0.1860	0.2664	0.1844	0.2377	0.2240	0.4492	0.0493	0.0290
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.3629	0.3989	0.2890	0.3286	0.4172	0.4699	0.3283	0.4247	0.1252	0.0562
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.1208	0.1936	0.0404	0.0744	0.4948	0.3952	0.3428	0.1076	0.0120	0.0040
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.2880	0.3932	0.1948	0.2728	0.2008	0.2436	0.2144	0.4744	0.0476	0.0312
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.2068	0.2080	0.1492	0.1708	0.4420	0.3168	0.2320	0.3600	0.0624	0.0548
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0680	0.1220	0.0168	0.0372	0.4564	0.3392	0.2968	0.0588	0.0008	0.0004
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.2388	0.3544	0.1172	0.1988	0.1216	0.1860	0.1676	0.4048	0.0060	0.0052
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.3168	0.2900	0.1520	0.1632	0.2456	0.4260	0.1024	0.2728	0.0300	0.0140
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.1732	0.2376	0.0676	0.1196	0.4560	0.3600	0.3640	0.1340	0.0312	0.0100
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.3272	0.4516	0.2232	0.3192	0.2012	0.2308	0.2284	0.4332	0.0572	0.0244
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.3388	0.3224	0.2200	0.2300	0.3252	0.3336	0.1992	0.2908	0.0652	0.0176
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.1716	0.2364	0.0680	0.1188	0.4520	0.3512	0.3596	0.1320	0.0268	0.0104
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.3292	0.4512	0.2176	0.3164	0.1912	0.2320	0.2280	0.4420	0.0684	0.0432
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.3112	0.2928	0.1992	0.2064	0.3092	0.3300	0.1944	0.2988	0.0720	0.0296
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.1747	0.2556	0.1273	0.1675	0.5598	0.3945	0.5740	0.3066	0.0568	0.0308
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.2943	0.3878	0.2773	0.3674	0.3507	0.2772	0.3031	0.5008	0.0780	0.0442
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.2986	0.2758	0.2794	0.2570	0.5317	0.3619	0.2596	0.4508	0.0917	0.0488
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.1719	0.2556	0.1281	0.1750	0.5525	0.3856	0.5733	0.2991	0.0531	0.0281
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.3019	0.3900	0.2791	0.3741	0.3442	0.2802	0.3038	0.5182	0.0889	0.0638
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.2710	0.2503	0.2600	0.2370	0.5031	0.3598	0.2500	0.4651	0.0908	0.0618
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.1823	0.2582	0.1327	0.1762	0.5640	0.4002	0.5752	0.3112	0.0591	0.0315
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.3000	0.3986	0.2884	0.3711	0.3536	0.2801	0.3133	0.5013	0.0800	0.0458
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.3006	0.2768	0.2837	0.2587	0.5428	0.3652	0.2664	0.4574	0.0953	0.0516
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.1799	0.2582	0.1337	0.1766	0.5557	0.3878	0.5744	0.3047	0.0559	0.0287
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.3074	0.4010	0.2875	0.3787	0.3479	0.2871	0.3076	0.5185	0.0915	0.0643
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.2729	0.2583	0.2638	0.2405	0.5096	0.3659	0.2527	0.4736	0.0925	0.0638
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.2181	0.2624	0.1455	0.1967	0.6121	0.4627	0.5863	0.3395	0.0882	0.0485
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.3060	0.4248	0.3386	0.3861	0.3696	0.3363	0.4719	0.5345	0.1041	0.0520
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.3166	0.2811	0.3233	0.3046	0.6253	0.4065	0.3127	0.4928	0.1152	0.1119
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.2278	0.2624	0.1454	0.1944	0.5737	0.4883	0.5875	0.3257	0.0683	0.0356
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.3255	0.4310	0.3440	0.3912	0.4628	0.3306	0.3277	0.5765	0.1045	0.0838
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.2905	0.2988	0.2934	0.2773	0.5197	0.4128	0.2613	0.5248	0.1196	0.0696

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 6: Effects on Average Outcomes of Female Children of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -sponded	Never Su -sponded	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Summary	(01) Obs.	62	59	63	60	63	60	63	60	62	59
	(02) Control	0.5968	0.5806	0.7419	0.7419	0.5000	0.5000	0.8548	0.8548	0.5484	0.5484
	(03) Treatment	0.7715	0.8185	0.8750	0.9138	0.7070	0.7649	0.9219	0.9655	0.7554	0.8185
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1747	0.2378	0.1331	0.1719	0.2070	0.2649	0.0670	0.1107	0.2070	0.2701
	(05) COLS	0.1617	0.2379	0.1338	0.1875	0.2009	0.2708	0.0427	0.0987	0.2021	0.2805
	(06) AIPW	0.2023	0.3059	0.2365	0.3013	0.2802	0.3792	0.0718	0.1412	0.2580	0.3616
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.0445	0.0105	0.0934	0.0460	0.0334	0.0107	0.1806	0.0540	0.0252	0.0048
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.0719	0.0132	0.1168	0.0405	0.0468	0.0114	0.3066	0.0827	0.0384	0.0052
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0204	0.0004	0.0059	0.0004	0.0037	0.0001	0.1522	0.0124	0.0057	0.0001
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.0423	0.0080	0.0793	0.0302	0.0249	0.0051	0.1863	0.0539	0.0243	0.0038
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.0788	0.0152	0.1071	0.0320	0.0444	0.0092	0.3100	0.0957	0.0435	0.0066
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.1319	0.0359	0.0549	0.0193	0.0535	0.0105	0.3070	0.1533	0.0787	0.0173
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.0424	0.0112	0.0792	0.0272	0.0248	0.0084	0.1932	0.0512	0.0268	0.0068
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.0840	0.0200	0.1012	0.0328	0.0476	0.0140	0.3016	0.0852	0.0468	0.0092
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.1252	0.0408	0.0360	0.0136	0.0496	0.0148	0.2160	0.0568	0.0636	0.0176
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0116	0.0016	0.0364	0.0092	0.0096	0.0036	0.0972	0.0056	0.0056	0.0008
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.0332	0.0036	0.0676	0.0076	0.0228	0.0036	0.2900	0.0120	0.0208	0.0036
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.0412	0.0028	0.0152	0.0024	0.0056	0.0004	0.2312	0.0380	0.0196	0.0008
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.0440	0.0120	0.0956	0.0508	0.0336	0.0088	0.1852	0.0612	0.0224	0.0048
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.0692	0.0176	0.1108	0.0416	0.0508	0.0136	0.3004	0.0916	0.0380	0.0052
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.0636	0.0152	0.0484	0.0140	0.0240	0.0064	0.2156	0.0336	0.0272	0.0040
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.0476	0.0112	0.1084	0.0576	0.0388	0.0116	0.1904	0.0620	0.0240	0.0044
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.0748	0.0136	0.1440	0.0616	0.0532	0.0160	0.3184	0.1040	0.0416	0.0052
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.0660	0.0104	0.0588	0.0160	0.0240	0.0044	0.2380	0.0432	0.0276	0.0028
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.1092	0.0540	0.1500	0.0798	0.0743	0.0356	0.2681	0.1290	0.0684	0.0298
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.1350	0.0569	0.1530	0.0746	0.0859	0.0387	0.3580	0.1579	0.0808	0.0348
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.1246	0.0454	0.0883	0.0446	0.0614	0.0271	0.2976	0.0854	0.0621	0.0314
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.1117	0.0563	0.1552	0.0985	0.0789	0.0397	0.2681	0.1214	0.0718	0.0302
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.1402	0.0520	0.1869	0.0979	0.0932	0.0435	0.3784	0.1621	0.0845	0.0323
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.1370	0.0463	0.1054	0.0509	0.0571	0.0211	0.3219	0.0992	0.0748	0.0244
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.1111	0.0556	0.1511	0.0810	0.0782	0.0365	0.2700	0.1347	0.0716	0.0300
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.1362	0.0589	0.1566	0.0753	0.0863	0.0392	0.3604	0.1644	0.0822	0.0349
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.1263	0.0472	0.0918	0.0456	0.0671	0.0292	0.3033	0.0906	0.0665	0.0323
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.1137	0.0582	0.1580	0.1006	0.0855	0.0424	0.2700	0.1235	0.0728	0.0323
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.1422	0.0549	0.1912	0.0981	0.0966	0.0461	0.3820	0.1693	0.0868	0.0324
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.1388	0.0487	0.1061	0.0517	0.0585	0.0215	0.3332	0.1074	0.0776	0.0297
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.1437	0.0666	0.1590	0.1171	0.1287	0.0477	0.2779	0.1605	0.0830	0.0446
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.1406	0.0637	0.1721	0.0825	0.1064	0.0566	0.3657	0.1924	0.1018	0.0457
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.1935	0.0577	0.1064	0.0532	0.0832	0.0472	0.3145	0.1114	0.0935	0.0355
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.1215	0.0708	0.1761	0.1021	0.1078	0.0545	0.3219	0.1321	0.0999	0.0340
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.1611	0.0787	0.2080	0.1129	0.1190	0.0663	0.4708	0.2015	0.0967	0.0552
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.1724	0.0643	0.1176	0.0552	0.0741	0.0233	0.4105	0.1438	0.0784	0.0451

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 6: Effects on Average Outcomes of Female Children of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Attended College	Attended College	Attended College	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	63	60	56	63	60	56	63	60	56
	(02) Control	0.5699	0.5699	0.6000	0.3925	0.4086	0.4111	0.3602	0.3602	0.3611
	(03) Treatment	0.5573	0.5805	0.6090	0.4479	0.4943	0.5000	0.4479	0.4943	0.5000
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.0126	0.0106	0.0090	0.0554	0.0857	0.0889	0.0877	0.1340	0.1389
	(05) COLS	-0.0450	-0.0134	-0.0300	0.0821	0.1255	0.1301	0.0987	0.1467	0.1508
	(06) AIPW	-0.0514	-0.0049	-0.0282	0.1642	0.1747	0.2256	0.2062	0.2520	0.3196
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.4613	0.4691	0.4749	0.3145	0.2468	0.2567	0.2253	0.1419	0.1536
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.3712	0.4636	0.4192	0.2290	0.1428	0.1559	0.1855	0.1030	0.1133
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.3360	0.4840	0.4028	0.0689	0.0534	0.0215	0.0397	0.0192	0.0067
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.4559	0.4637	0.4694	0.3017	0.2281	0.2344	0.2087	0.1195	0.1266
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.3582	0.4584	0.4087	0.2340	0.1449	0.1588	0.1891	0.1023	0.1133
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.3966	0.4899	0.4597	0.1372	0.1439	0.1430	0.0820	0.0522	0.0520
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.4600	0.4600	0.4668	0.3004	0.2260	0.2376	0.2104	0.1168	0.1304
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.3644	0.4632	0.4132	0.2184	0.1456	0.1460	0.1820	0.1056	0.1088
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.4460	0.4536	0.4708	0.1136	0.1076	0.0756	0.0792	0.0564	0.0364
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.4380	0.4576	0.4592	0.2424	0.1708	0.1780	0.1472	0.0772	0.0812
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.3152	0.4480	0.3876	0.1784	0.0968	0.1208	0.1348	0.0628	0.0780
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.2916	0.4296	0.3572	0.0624	0.0684	0.0508	0.0292	0.0148	0.0064
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.4524	0.4820	0.4872	0.2856	0.2192	0.2448	0.2128	0.1300	0.1428
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.3680	0.4524	0.4076	0.2016	0.1120	0.1404	0.1792	0.0992	0.1204
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.3876	0.4844	0.4376	0.0972	0.0836	0.0620	0.0672	0.0344	0.0272
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.4508	0.4808	0.4868	0.2840	0.2212	0.2452	0.2124	0.1344	0.1488
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.3704	0.4524	0.4108	0.2028	0.1236	0.1604	0.1724	0.1008	0.1248
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.3844	0.4836	0.4344	0.1260	0.1060	0.0860	0.0960	0.0708	0.0608
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.5960	0.5602	0.5667	0.3567	0.2774	0.2821	0.2943	0.1900	0.1935
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.5212	0.5902	0.5263	0.2870	0.1906	0.1846	0.2576	0.1698	0.1674
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.5303	0.5971	0.5603	0.1528	0.1491	0.0885	0.1134	0.0808	0.0637
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.5954	0.5602	0.5667	0.3559	0.2778	0.2844	0.2949	0.1960	0.1998
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.5212	0.5902	0.5274	0.3026	0.2024	0.2226	0.2550	0.1800	0.1705
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.5303	0.5971	0.5599	0.1963	0.1858	0.1218	0.1635	0.1253	0.0980
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.6041	0.5610	0.5710	0.3607	0.2856	0.2899	0.3009	0.1938	0.2092
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.5303	0.5983	0.5314	0.2960	0.1999	0.1926	0.2710	0.1725	0.1738
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.5375	0.6030	0.5650	0.1615	0.1556	0.0904	0.1177	0.0844	0.0660
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.6035	0.5610	0.5710	0.3580	0.2889	0.2922	0.2978	0.2029	0.2094
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.5303	0.5983	0.5327	0.3095	0.2027	0.2293	0.2683	0.1839	0.1771
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.5408	0.6030	0.5675	0.2013	0.1950	0.1333	0.1677	0.1277	0.1051
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.6339	0.6157	0.6248	0.3689	0.3522	0.3106	0.3449	0.2363	0.3221
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.5834	0.6189	0.5755	0.4375	0.3688	0.2466	0.3404	0.2112	0.2122
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.5642	0.6399	0.5829	0.2083	0.1804	0.1125	0.1429	0.1034	0.0692
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.6378	0.6158	0.6248	0.3783	0.5535	0.3127	0.3012	0.2443	0.2499
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.5834	0.6429	0.5715	0.4076	0.2249	0.2963	0.3368	0.2169	0.1948
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.5815	0.6399	0.5993	0.2329	0.2506	0.1915	0.2107	0.1910	0.1639

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 6: Effects on Average Outcomes of Female Children of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	63	60	56	64	61	57	63	60	57
	(02) Control	0.2957	0.2957	0.2944	0.2135	0.2135	0.2204	0.8495	0.8495	0.8548
	(03) Treatment	0.4479	0.4943	0.5000	0.3333	0.3506	0.4038	0.9505	0.9454	0.9327
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1522	0.1986	0.2056	0.1198	0.1370	0.1834	0.1011	0.0959	0.0779
	(05) COLS	0.1808	0.2335	0.2419	0.1295	0.1521	0.2062	0.1127	0.1085	0.1000
	(06) AIPW	0.2777	0.3235	0.4051	0.1132	0.1283	0.2298	0.0876	0.0819	0.0751
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.0906	0.0530	0.0623	0.1366	0.1203	0.0770	0.0670	0.0808	0.1342
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.0439	0.0191	0.0264	0.1061	0.0871	0.0412	0.0637	0.0820	0.1074
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0075	0.0031	0.0007	0.1186	0.0975	0.0085	0.0666	0.0885	0.1133
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.0715	0.0357	0.0408	0.1042	0.0870	0.0458	0.0578	0.0709	0.1219
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.0462	0.0182	0.0260	0.0924	0.0708	0.0313	0.0615	0.0794	0.1042
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.0190	0.0106	0.0126	0.1864	0.1740	0.1055	0.2083	0.2283	0.2671
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.0712	0.0388	0.0440	0.1020	0.0844	0.0496	0.0504	0.0656	0.1176
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.0468	0.0188	0.0240	0.0828	0.0644	0.0288	0.0516	0.0696	0.0952
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.0184	0.0128	0.0072	0.1432	0.1208	0.0524	0.0916	0.1204	0.1680
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0380	0.0220	0.0256	0.0660	0.0516	0.0252	0.0028	0.0060	0.0304
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.0248	0.0128	0.0208	0.0564	0.0392	0.0136	0.0048	0.0108	0.0280
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.0064	0.0040	0.0028	0.1384	0.1328	0.0344	0.0512	0.0672	0.0924
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.0844	0.0460	0.0600	0.1440	0.1260	0.0884	0.0520	0.0736	0.1324
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.0492	0.0232	0.0336	0.1216	0.1016	0.0592	0.0400	0.0544	0.0828
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.0212	0.0112	0.0108	0.2184	0.2040	0.1032	0.0700	0.1020	0.1376
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.0856	0.0520	0.0652	0.1388	0.1272	0.0932	0.0584	0.0676	0.1184
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.0452	0.0252	0.0376	0.1100	0.0968	0.0592	0.0544	0.0696	0.0948
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.0396	0.0272	0.0252	0.2088	0.1932	0.0852	0.0844	0.1132	0.1544
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.1292	0.0834	0.0899	0.1902	0.1628	0.1083	0.1122	0.1345	0.1882
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.1002	0.0610	0.0637	0.1754	0.1554	0.0989	0.1263	0.1434	0.1728
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.0482	0.0332	0.0298	0.3030	0.2550	0.1365	0.1803	0.2175	0.2672
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.1392	0.0857	0.0951	0.1926	0.1603	0.1177	0.1172	0.1239	0.1765
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.0916	0.0626	0.0695	0.1626	0.1577	0.1001	0.1278	0.1534	0.1814
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.0794	0.0617	0.0530	0.2738	0.2361	0.1184	0.1910	0.2446	0.2839
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.1358	0.0882	0.0939	0.1980	0.1636	0.1147	0.1195	0.1363	0.1936
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.1003	0.0622	0.0644	0.1794	0.1561	0.0992	0.1282	0.1464	0.1760
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.0487	0.0342	0.0316	0.3069	0.2671	0.1388	0.1811	0.2222	0.2680
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.1426	0.0886	0.0970	0.1980	0.1619	0.1209	0.1237	0.1266	0.1803
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.0932	0.0643	0.0711	0.1645	0.1586	0.1008	0.1305	0.1541	0.1835
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.0796	0.0625	0.0560	0.2748	0.2412	0.1207	0.1977	0.2482	0.2855
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.2029	0.1199	0.0981	0.2118	0.2149	0.1421	0.1207	0.1699	0.2345
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.1095	0.0946	0.0700	0.2540	0.1819	0.0993	0.1346	0.1642	0.2022
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.0601	0.0405	0.0507	0.3163	0.3015	0.1438	0.1837	0.2382	0.2832
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.1909	0.1115	0.1221	0.2214	0.1888	0.1271	0.1736	0.1429	0.2155
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.1049	0.0745	0.0792	0.1970	0.1863	0.1017	0.1562	0.2423	0.2348
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.0944	0.0712	0.0963	0.2943	0.2890	0.1485	0.2637	0.2595	0.3011

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 6: Effects on Average Outcomes of Female Children of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	60	56	61	57	61	57	59	56	61	57
	(02) Control	0.3011	0.3111	0.1667	0.1882	0.7760	0.7688	0.5430	0.5269	0.9375	0.9355
	(03) Treatment	0.1954	0.2244	0.0977	0.1154	0.8190	0.7917	0.6994	0.6500	0.9713	0.9679
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.1057	-0.0868	-0.0690	-0.0728	0.0429	0.0228	0.1564	0.1231	0.0338	0.0325
	(05) COLS	-0.0931	-0.0791	-0.0292	-0.0254	0.0205	0.0177	0.1382	0.1221	0.0579	0.0613
	(06) AIPW	-0.1185	-0.1081	-0.0477	-0.0507	-0.0503	-0.0379	0.1668	0.1216	0.0812	0.1218
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.1524	0.2141	0.1824	0.1973	0.3079	0.4006	0.0683	0.1359	0.2374	0.2561
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.2017	0.2501	0.3596	0.3854	0.4120	0.4295	0.1071	0.1546	0.1746	0.1732
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0969	0.1251	0.2568	0.2487	0.2451	0.3126	0.0379	0.1042	0.0551	0.0110
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.1363	0.1956	0.1693	0.1829	0.3130	0.4031	0.0676	0.1321	0.2310	0.2497
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.1909	0.2403	0.3557	0.3831	0.4183	0.4343	0.1162	0.1608	0.1642	0.1622
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.2415	0.3227	0.3353	0.3836	0.3398	0.4001	0.1726	0.2748	0.1276	0.0879
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.1476	0.2012	0.1640	0.1768	0.3100	0.3976	0.0748	0.1344	0.2392	0.2556
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.2024	0.2436	0.3584	0.3868	0.4272	0.4456	0.1268	0.1748	0.1756	0.1824
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.2156	0.3388	0.2980	0.3388	0.3996	0.4132	0.1548	0.2440	0.1704	0.1456
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0748	0.1272	0.1192	0.1280	0.2448	0.3640	0.0216	0.0672	0.1208	0.1636
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.1228	0.1804	0.3176	0.3564	0.3888	0.4076	0.0524	0.0868	0.0724	0.0748
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.0976	0.1664	0.2780	0.2844	0.2320	0.3436	0.0672	0.1712	0.0632	0.0248
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.1712	0.2320	0.2012	0.2132	0.3408	0.4228	0.0792	0.1360	0.2712	0.2888
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.2128	0.2556	0.3792	0.4040	0.4468	0.4664	0.1144	0.1612	0.1704	0.1696
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.2104	0.3004	0.3232	0.3348	0.2676	0.3456	0.1028	0.2144	0.1456	0.1072
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.1616	0.2216	0.1960	0.2060	0.3396	0.4208	0.0756	0.1308	0.2632	0.2776
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.2152	0.2580	0.3840	0.4012	0.4504	0.4688	0.1172	0.1552	0.2252	0.2260
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.1976	0.2828	0.3272	0.3316	0.2604	0.3432	0.0948	0.1960	0.1652	0.1040
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.2577	0.3264	0.3552	0.3720	0.4436	0.5437	0.1775	0.3003	0.2985	0.3097
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.3059	0.3570	0.4630	0.4907	0.5538	0.5996	0.1905	0.2659	0.2081	0.2235
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.3278	0.4767	0.4912	0.5364	0.4789	0.5564	0.1955	0.3019	0.1996	0.1767
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.2466	0.3122	0.3628	0.3599	0.4436	0.5437	0.1760	0.2945	0.2784	0.2963
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.3070	0.3559	0.4668	0.4870	0.5611	0.6056	0.1946	0.2599	0.2671	0.2673
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.3192	0.4667	0.4985	0.5363	0.4706	0.5542	0.1825	0.2797	0.2253	0.1603
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.2580	0.3341	0.3573	0.3738	0.4463	0.5554	0.1800	0.3010	0.3071	0.3173
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.3120	0.3654	0.4718	0.4983	0.5562	0.6020	0.1956	0.2729	0.2114	0.2345
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.3281	0.4891	0.4920	0.5420	0.4933	0.5584	0.2060	0.3138	0.2046	0.1862
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.2482	0.3197	0.3653	0.3618	0.4463	0.5512	0.1779	0.3010	0.2799	0.3023
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.3128	0.3602	0.4713	0.4959	0.5627	0.6081	0.1959	0.2618	0.2706	0.2690
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.3201	0.4784	0.4991	0.5424	0.4799	0.5564	0.1840	0.2798	0.2320	0.1639
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.2685	0.3567	0.3585	0.3830	0.4611	0.6252	0.2185	0.3010	0.3488	0.3561
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.3418	0.3888	0.5567	0.5384	0.5719	0.6275	0.2234	0.3038	0.2659	0.2699
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.3286	0.5555	0.4954	0.6314	0.5215	0.5645	0.2548	0.3723	0.2391	0.2223
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.3078	0.3544	0.3831	0.4107	0.4611	0.6286	0.1836	0.3320	0.3151	0.3240
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.3227	0.4032	0.5434	0.5322	0.5688	0.6551	0.2285	0.2680	0.2799	0.2924
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.3275	0.5869	0.5107	0.5933	0.4893	0.5710	0.2273	0.3845	0.2760	0.2040

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 6: Effects on Average Outcomes of Female Children of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Summary	(01) Obs.	61	57	59	56	62	57	64	60	61	56
	(02) Control	0.7760	0.7688	0.5430	0.5269	0.7527	0.4691	0.3229	0.3345	0.0753	0.1047
	(03) Treatment	0.8017	0.7724	0.6815	0.6300	0.6640	0.4556	0.4271	0.4939	0.2222	0.2466
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0257	0.0036	0.1385	0.1031	-0.0887	-0.0136	0.1042	0.1594	0.1470	0.1418
	(05) COLS	0.0039	-0.0004	0.1213	0.1044	-0.0860	0.0226	0.0851	0.1644	0.1555	0.1580
	(06) AIPW	-0.0578	-0.0453	0.1593	0.1140	-0.0583	0.0393	0.0951	0.1540	0.1170	0.1200
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.3823	0.4841	0.0927	0.1770	0.1738	0.4581	0.1582	0.0433	0.0369	0.0495
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.4829	0.4983	0.1349	0.1896	0.1745	0.4367	0.2311	0.0479	0.0508	0.0291
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.2128	0.2784	0.0438	0.1175	0.2395	0.3684	0.1612	0.0351	0.0704	0.0611
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.3845	0.4843	0.0894	0.1693	0.1883	0.4562	0.1531	0.0385	0.0267	0.0339
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.4840	0.4984	0.1422	0.1928	0.2015	0.4325	0.2277	0.0363	0.0398	0.0192
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.3148	0.3796	0.1816	0.2861	0.3453	0.4995	0.2683	0.1314	0.1310	0.2629
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.3740	0.4792	0.0948	0.1680	0.1884	0.4560	0.1476	0.0400	0.0288	0.0380
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.4976	0.4904	0.1520	0.2052	0.1992	0.4436	0.2288	0.0364	0.0364	0.0220
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.3684	0.3864	0.1624	0.2540	0.3336	0.4352	0.2108	0.1132	0.1044	0.0884
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.3340	0.4744	0.0308	0.0944	0.1284	0.4548	0.0904	0.0116	0.0036	0.0092
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.4672	0.4920	0.0680	0.1100	0.1396	0.4088	0.1604	0.0256	0.0104	0.0068
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.2104	0.3252	0.0720	0.1800	0.2724	0.3620	0.2016	0.0644	0.1104	0.1188
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.4100	0.4944	0.0992	0.1808	0.1836	0.4424	0.1748	0.0460	0.0428	0.0628
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.4708	0.4612	0.1416	0.1888	0.1876	0.4544	0.2504	0.0484	0.0472	0.0404
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.2532	0.3276	0.1144	0.2284	0.3020	0.3884	0.2544	0.1072	0.1216	0.1468
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.4088	0.4948	0.0968	0.1700	0.1768	0.4420	0.1736	0.0448	0.0420	0.0608
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.4688	0.4612	0.1404	0.1856	0.1672	0.4556	0.2644	0.0568	0.0632	0.0388
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.2420	0.3236	0.0988	0.2124	0.2800	0.3884	0.2448	0.1044	0.1344	0.1516
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.5341	0.6332	0.2250	0.3474	0.2721	0.6846	0.2393	0.0717	0.0792	0.0676
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.6242	0.6695	0.2241	0.3026	0.2894	0.5097	0.2886	0.0703	0.0729	0.0546
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.4518	0.5365	0.2167	0.3102	0.4245	0.4979	0.3295	0.1431	0.1716	0.1666
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.5341	0.6332	0.2218	0.3321	0.2618	0.6846	0.2397	0.0736	0.0758	0.0664
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.6256	0.6695	0.2246	0.2849	0.2702	0.5103	0.3002	0.0819	0.0946	0.0511
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.4330	0.5338	0.2059	0.2981	0.4050	0.4988	0.3222	0.1351	0.1852	0.1748
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.5367	0.6391	0.2270	0.3490	0.2728	0.6900	0.2469	0.0724	0.0809	0.0679
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.6293	0.6697	0.2255	0.3124	0.2933	0.5151	0.2935	0.0705	0.0764	0.0551
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.4594	0.5489	0.2177	0.3123	0.4252	0.5009	0.3318	0.1484	0.1727	0.1712
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.5367	0.6391	0.2247	0.3344	0.2642	0.6900	0.2473	0.0740	0.0812	0.0665
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.6266	0.6697	0.2285	0.2861	0.2751	0.5151	0.3042	0.0853	0.0976	0.0512
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.4382	0.5469	0.2103	0.2995	0.4053	0.5021	0.3284	0.1484	0.1896	0.1771
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.5444	0.6928	0.2420	0.3571	0.2981	0.7203	0.2653	0.0948	0.1155	0.0734
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.6751	0.6910	0.2315	0.3319	0.3116	0.5544	0.3439	0.0754	0.0872	0.0601
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.4719	0.6357	0.2443	0.3474	0.4277	0.5592	0.3406	0.1828	0.2917	0.2013
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.5397	0.6645	0.2459	0.3737	0.2888	0.7214	0.2705	0.0838	0.1259	0.0943
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.6451	0.6910	0.2510	0.3224	0.2927	0.5419	0.3409	0.1075	0.0988	0.0568
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.4798	0.5857	0.2419	0.4045	0.4119	0.5294	0.3405	0.2514	0.2500	0.2190

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 7: Effects on Average Outcomes of Pooled Children of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -sponded	Never Su -sponded	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Summary	(01) Obs.	38	36	41	39	40	38	41	39	39	37
	(02) Control	0.5407	0.4759	0.7619	0.7857	0.4017	0.3933	0.8452	0.8690	0.4333	0.4246
	(03) Treatment	0.7608	0.7898	0.8900	0.8870	0.6983	0.7389	0.9500	0.9630	0.7192	0.7620
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.2201	0.3139	0.1281	0.1013	0.2967	0.3456	0.1048	0.0939	0.2858	0.3375
	(05) COLS	0.2566	0.3178	0.1465	0.1338	0.3227	0.3707	0.0892	0.0902	0.3038	0.3552
	(06) AIPW	0.3104	0.3806	0.1758	0.1627	0.3905	0.4346	0.1286	0.1274	0.3714	0.4178
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.0396	0.0080	0.0968	0.1589	0.0120	0.0042	0.0968	0.1168	0.0142	0.0045
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.0347	0.0102	0.0919	0.1193	0.0092	0.0031	0.1371	0.1382	0.0124	0.0039
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0039	0.0005	0.0330	0.0491	0.0003	0.0000	0.0454	0.0484	0.0006	0.0001
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.0423	0.0087	0.0852	0.1429	0.0112	0.0042	0.0889	0.1087	0.0147	0.0050
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.0408	0.0143	0.0791	0.1030	0.0089	0.0034	0.1266	0.1266	0.0147	0.0053
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.0267	0.0102	0.0664	0.0884	0.0020	0.0008	0.0865	0.0894	0.0048	0.0018
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.0420	0.0124	0.0752	0.1396	0.0096	0.0052	0.0800	0.1100	0.0176	0.0064
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.0404	0.0180	0.0832	0.1120	0.0100	0.0060	0.1264	0.1368	0.0184	0.0096
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.0376	0.0220	0.0496	0.0744	0.0068	0.0044	0.0592	0.0752	0.0144	0.0060
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0220	0.0068	0.0300	0.0684	0.0084	0.0048	0.0136	0.0208	0.0120	0.0060
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.0200	0.0096	0.0232	0.0432	0.0084	0.0056	0.0348	0.0416	0.0116	0.0072
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.0068	0.0032	0.0300	0.0320	0.0024	0.0016	0.0288	0.0344	0.0028	0.0024
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.0516	0.0156	0.1084	0.1620	0.0220	0.0084	0.1016	0.1196	0.0224	0.0084
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.0404	0.0236	0.0912	0.1228	0.0232	0.0092	0.1552	0.1544	0.0256	0.0116
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.0280	0.0128	0.0764	0.0992	0.0112	0.0048	0.1040	0.1004	0.0140	0.0076
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.0544	0.0172	0.1096	0.1540	0.0228	0.0092	0.1016	0.1128	0.0260	0.0088
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.0508	0.0220	0.0996	0.1240	0.0228	0.0104	0.1464	0.1392	0.0236	0.0104
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.0256	0.0148	0.0708	0.0800	0.0108	0.0044	0.0876	0.0720	0.0112	0.0076
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.0966	0.0383	0.1565	0.2402	0.0444	0.0284	0.1865	0.2123	0.0484	0.0305
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.0784	0.0465	0.1354	0.1885	0.0483	0.0313	0.2227	0.2300	0.0514	0.0346
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.0562	0.0344	0.1230	0.1696	0.0366	0.0180	0.1604	0.1724	0.0338	0.0190
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.0936	0.0390	0.1606	0.2233	0.0464	0.0249	0.1774	0.2080	0.0491	0.0265
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.0923	0.0441	0.1557	0.1882	0.0448	0.0249	0.2188	0.2245	0.0485	0.0315
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.0650	0.0310	0.1159	0.1424	0.0286	0.0145	0.1438	0.1435	0.0320	0.0174
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.0991	0.0390	0.1614	0.2474	0.0445	0.0297	0.1867	0.2126	0.0498	0.0309
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.0843	0.0484	0.1356	0.1899	0.0484	0.0314	0.2251	0.2346	0.0533	0.0346
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.0582	0.0361	0.1240	0.1740	0.0411	0.0208	0.1606	0.1748	0.0363	0.0220
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.0958	0.0398	0.1652	0.2263	0.0464	0.0271	0.1784	0.2091	0.0500	0.0281
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.0942	0.0456	0.1607	0.1938	0.0452	0.0269	0.2224	0.2312	0.0494	0.0331
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.0668	0.0325	0.1163	0.1468	0.0329	0.0153	0.1470	0.1475	0.0363	0.0182
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.1056	0.0567	0.2003	0.2976	0.0499	0.0481	0.1951	0.2534	0.0539	0.0474
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.1146	0.0581	0.1768	0.2459	0.0511	0.0361	0.2790	0.2988	0.0681	0.0436
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.0645	0.0510	0.1378	0.1983	0.0556	0.0250	0.1988	0.2113	0.0552	0.0380
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.1101	0.0505	0.2276	0.2359	0.0467	0.0481	0.2039	0.2111	0.0566	0.0478
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.0981	0.0618	0.2086	0.2519	0.0534	0.0433	0.2511	0.3029	0.0730	0.0439
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.0668	0.0515	0.1295	0.1669	0.0595	0.0208	0.1759	0.2164	0.0568	0.0221

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 7: Effects on Average Outcomes of Pooled Children of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Attended College	Attended College	Attended College	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	41	39	36	39	37	34	40	38	35
	(02) Control	0.4087	0.4246	0.4000	0.4123	0.4211	0.4444	0.3667	0.3500	0.3684
	(03) Treatment	0.4525	0.4380	0.4042	0.5108	0.5491	0.6438	0.4983	0.5352	0.6281
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0438	0.0134	0.0042	0.0986	0.1280	0.1993	0.1317	0.1852	0.2597
	(05) COLS	0.0136	-0.0233	-0.0085	0.1312	0.1699	0.2286	0.1443	0.1924	0.2492
	(06) AIPW	-0.0235	-0.0499	-0.0669	0.1951	0.2146	0.2995	0.2271	0.2694	0.3812
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.3691	0.4601	0.4877	0.1891	0.1498	0.0721	0.1249	0.0647	0.0281
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.4598	0.4338	0.4773	0.1248	0.0857	0.0504	0.1014	0.0546	0.0308
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.4181	0.3336	0.2815	0.0242	0.0149	0.0038	0.0156	0.0071	0.0017
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.3614	0.4578	0.4869	0.1887	0.1526	0.0745	0.1200	0.0579	0.0257
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.4564	0.4293	0.4757	0.1375	0.0941	0.0561	0.1092	0.0593	0.0353
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.4328	0.3615	0.3294	0.0626	0.0664	0.0411	0.0257	0.0126	0.0068
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.3480	0.4460	0.4740	0.1828	0.1488	0.0804	0.1136	0.0576	0.0300
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.4404	0.4308	0.4940	0.1296	0.0924	0.0384	0.1084	0.0584	0.0292
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.4932	0.4292	0.4148	0.0372	0.0336	0.0112	0.0212	0.0128	0.0036
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.3328	0.4628	0.4988	0.1284	0.0916	0.0392	0.0660	0.0256	0.0180
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.4600	0.4040	0.4604	0.0784	0.0532	0.0500	0.0600	0.0284	0.0268
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.3220	0.2608	0.2044	0.0160	0.0116	0.0096	0.0064	0.0032	0.0044
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.3972	0.4836	0.4888	0.1812	0.1484	0.0916	0.1172	0.0608	0.0424
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.4876	0.4156	0.4792	0.1424	0.0976	0.0648	0.1276	0.0756	0.0616
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.4272	0.3696	0.3336	0.0852	0.0648	0.0344	0.0556	0.0324	0.0148
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.3928	0.4816	0.4872	0.1776	0.1476	0.0924	0.1176	0.0608	0.0440
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.4856	0.4144	0.4784	0.1256	0.0880	0.0712	0.1116	0.0624	0.0528
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.4220	0.3568	0.3120	0.0716	0.0488	0.0348	0.0504	0.0340	0.0248
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.5343	0.6105	0.6544	0.2280	0.1672	0.0910	0.1777	0.1026	0.0504
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.6057	0.5712	0.5777	0.1919	0.1410	0.0678	0.1866	0.1302	0.0666
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.5552	0.4996	0.4235	0.1354	0.0915	0.0394	0.1089	0.0688	0.0188
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.5336	0.6105	0.6474	0.2243	0.1689	0.0910	0.1676	0.1071	0.0504
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.6029	0.5644	0.5777	0.1812	0.1235	0.0755	0.1714	0.1182	0.0705
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.5543	0.4854	0.3998	0.1172	0.0784	0.0431	0.0936	0.0680	0.0358
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.5454	0.6191	0.6614	0.2339	0.1715	0.0926	0.1798	0.1061	0.0506
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.6108	0.5715	0.5794	0.1962	0.1437	0.0710	0.1894	0.1334	0.0704
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.5644	0.5087	0.4268	0.1355	0.0991	0.0424	0.1108	0.0737	0.0194
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.5453	0.6191	0.6561	0.2281	0.1690	0.0926	0.1682	0.1095	0.0506
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.6088	0.5650	0.5782	0.1826	0.1253	0.0776	0.1745	0.1193	0.0736
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.5636	0.4938	0.4043	0.1191	0.0842	0.0448	0.0947	0.0714	0.0385
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.5652	0.6309	0.7026	0.2995	0.2124	0.1038	0.2005	0.1257	0.0543
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.6282	0.5837	0.6758	0.2196	0.1486	0.0893	0.2120	0.1443	0.0745
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.6029	0.5596	0.4408	0.1586	0.1052	0.0461	0.1173	0.0780	0.0232
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.5661	0.6323	0.6824	0.2688	0.2148	0.1038	0.1828	0.1378	0.0560
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.6431	0.5669	0.6235	0.1836	0.1448	0.0831	0.1961	0.1264	0.1101
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.6087	0.5965	0.4133	0.1350	0.1050	0.0564	0.0987	0.0821	0.0682

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 7: Effects on Average Outcomes of Pooled Children of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	40	38	35	41	39	36	41	39	36
	(02) Control	0.3250	0.3083	0.3246	0.1349	0.1349	0.1417	0.9095	0.9095	0.9000
	(03) Treatment	0.4817	0.5074	0.5969	0.2567	0.2389	0.3052	0.9567	0.9519	0.9458
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1567	0.1991	0.2723	0.1217	0.1040	0.1635	0.0471	0.0423	0.0458
	(05) COLS	0.1848	0.2246	0.2833	0.1542	0.1342	0.2084	0.0723	0.0638	0.0753
	(06) AIPW	0.2530	0.2871	0.4031	0.1121	0.1035	0.1688	0.1054	0.0954	0.1154
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.0918	0.0517	0.0236	0.0832	0.1061	0.0584	0.2219	0.2535	0.2555
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.0634	0.0359	0.0248	0.0401	0.0543	0.0186	0.1590	0.2022	0.1904
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0093	0.0045	0.0013	0.0527	0.0568	0.0147	0.0748	0.1078	0.0666
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.0833	0.0424	0.0204	0.0740	0.0964	0.0539	0.2172	0.2483	0.2516
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.0646	0.0363	0.0262	0.0346	0.0500	0.0182	0.1553	0.1969	0.1851
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.0179	0.0087	0.0061	0.0925	0.1049	0.0639	0.1024	0.1368	0.1079
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.0816	0.0444	0.0188	0.0768	0.0980	0.0576	0.2320	0.2564	0.2568
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.0652	0.0380	0.0216	0.0264	0.0396	0.0148	0.1688	0.2108	0.1980
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.0168	0.0108	0.0032	0.0552	0.0616	0.0368	0.1300	0.1648	0.1272
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0412	0.0180	0.0132	0.0364	0.0624	0.0276	0.1444	0.1948	0.2064
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.0324	0.0188	0.0320	0.0152	0.0348	0.0084	0.0684	0.1176	0.1100
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.0032	0.0016	0.0036	0.0668	0.0836	0.0344	0.0368	0.0652	0.0544
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.0932	0.0504	0.0356	0.1024	0.1224	0.0892	0.2396	0.2696	0.2688
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.0812	0.0480	0.0432	0.0672	0.0800	0.0472	0.1484	0.1928	0.1752
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.0392	0.0260	0.0112	0.1412	0.1492	0.1136	0.1328	0.1764	0.1140
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.0956	0.0496	0.0360	0.0928	0.1108	0.0808	0.2408	0.2664	0.2636
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.0752	0.0452	0.0472	0.0532	0.0660	0.0304	0.1876	0.2272	0.2132
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.0376	0.0272	0.0224	0.0932	0.1004	0.0556	0.1404	0.1788	0.1252
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.1331	0.0908	0.0455	0.1754	0.2054	0.1083	0.3022	0.3286	0.3292
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.1300	0.0860	0.0524	0.1256	0.1511	0.0760	0.2019	0.2555	0.2379
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.0843	0.0495	0.0181	0.2289	0.2394	0.1404	0.1938	0.2397	0.1798
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.1375	0.0908	0.0497	0.1653	0.1979	0.1016	0.3022	0.3183	0.3176
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.1290	0.0859	0.0578	0.1016	0.1123	0.0501	0.2505	0.2916	0.2788
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.0792	0.0467	0.0327	0.1750	0.1684	0.0799	0.2143	0.2758	0.1994
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.1364	0.0950	0.0460	0.1816	0.2061	0.1164	0.3028	0.3289	0.3312
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.1306	0.0872	0.0526	0.1257	0.1532	0.0763	0.2026	0.2569	0.2388
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.0845	0.0505	0.0198	0.2343	0.2426	0.1434	0.1987	0.2403	0.1818
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.1404	0.0921	0.0498	0.1672	0.2033	0.1088	0.3068	0.3201	0.3196
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.1360	0.0880	0.0578	0.1048	0.1195	0.0507	0.2547	0.3017	0.2880
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.0793	0.0483	0.0337	0.1810	0.1687	0.0829	0.2226	0.2819	0.2136
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.1463	0.1048	0.0536	0.2425	0.2424	0.1550	0.3071	0.3779	0.3815
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.1505	0.0922	0.0607	0.1838	0.1665	0.0820	0.2384	0.2790	0.2800
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.0905	0.0852	0.0315	0.2597	0.2496	0.1655	0.2614	0.2404	0.1818
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.1521	0.1070	0.0499	0.1985	0.2108	0.1703	0.3182	0.3429	0.3273
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.1360	0.0944	0.1374	0.1319	0.1811	0.0534	0.2726	0.3909	0.3146
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.0807	0.0554	0.0437	0.2063	0.1710	0.1086	0.2673	0.3453	0.2510

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 7: Effects on Average Outcomes of Pooled Children of the Male Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	39	36	39	36	38	35	37	33	39	36
	(02) Control	0.1984	0.2083	0.1111	0.1417	0.6750	0.7018	0.4333	0.4491	0.9206	0.9167
	(03) Treatment	0.1222	0.1375	0.0713	0.0802	0.7972	0.7927	0.6861	0.6789	0.9537	0.9479
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.0762	-0.0708	-0.0398	-0.0615	0.1222	0.0910	0.2528	0.2298	0.0331	0.0313
	(05) COLS	-0.0266	-0.0230	0.0135	0.0070	0.1768	0.1261	0.2586	0.2200	0.0343	0.0354
	(06) AIPW	-0.0545	-0.0760	-0.0144	-0.0325	0.2308	0.1681	0.3326	0.3104	0.0626	0.0540
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.1867	0.2164	0.2690	0.2206	0.1038	0.1771	0.0317	0.0516	0.2803	0.3037
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.3634	0.3872	0.4069	0.4584	0.0633	0.1377	0.0351	0.0702	0.2951	0.3078
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.1965	0.1196	0.3857	0.2738	0.0070	0.0311	0.0025	0.0047	0.1790	0.2064
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.1784	0.2086	0.2648	0.2164	0.1071	0.1764	0.0275	0.0460	0.2838	0.3075
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.3567	0.3831	0.4048	0.4578	0.0625	0.1354	0.0375	0.0754	0.3037	0.3163
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.2469	0.2000	0.4103	0.3447	0.0316	0.0883	0.0164	0.0432	0.2183	0.2568
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.1868	0.2120	0.2696	0.2160	0.1072	0.1720	0.0304	0.0440	0.2968	0.3232
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.3672	0.3952	0.4020	0.4392	0.0736	0.1344	0.0516	0.0792	0.3408	0.3480
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.2876	0.2312	0.4600	0.3868	0.0368	0.0652	0.0256	0.0352	0.2984	0.3312
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0884	0.1244	0.1764	0.1044	0.0424	0.1000	0.0156	0.0272	0.2196	0.2620
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.3232	0.3508	0.4088	0.4724	0.0180	0.0628	0.0168	0.0352	0.2184	0.2356
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.1312	0.0844	0.3132	0.2252	0.0052	0.0392	0.0040	0.0072	0.1032	0.1488
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.2072	0.2352	0.2884	0.2336	0.0988	0.1880	0.0388	0.0640	0.3252	0.3472
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.3764	0.3852	0.4560	0.4972	0.0528	0.1332	0.0480	0.0936	0.3128	0.3252
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.2816	0.2012	0.4020	0.3372	0.0388	0.1088	0.0240	0.0484	0.2984	0.3244
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.1928	0.2052	0.2844	0.2228	0.0956	0.1772	0.0396	0.0636	0.3164	0.3328
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.3600	0.3700	0.4452	0.4964	0.0696	0.1536	0.0440	0.0820	0.3320	0.3444
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.2504	0.1724	0.3856	0.3040	0.0384	0.0928	0.0236	0.0376	0.3088	0.3320
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.4350	0.4918	0.6256	0.5808	0.1241	0.1938	0.0899	0.1187	0.3882	0.4175
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.5742	0.6047	0.6147	0.6224	0.0773	0.1419	0.1041	0.1491	0.3725	0.3808
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.4403	0.3538	0.6967	0.5826	0.0700	0.1447	0.0597	0.1028	0.3555	0.3913
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.4180	0.4705	0.6195	0.5687	0.1163	0.1841	0.0930	0.1150	0.3833	0.4033
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.5657	0.5896	0.6055	0.6173	0.0951	0.1645	0.0996	0.1419	0.3969	0.3994
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.4161	0.3289	0.6893	0.5725	0.0799	0.1240	0.0548	0.0859	0.3846	0.4015
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.4462	0.4954	0.6266	0.5846	0.1264	0.1958	0.0945	0.1230	0.3937	0.4242
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.5760	0.6145	0.6148	0.6391	0.0818	0.1424	0.1047	0.1496	0.3773	0.3958
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.4420	0.3639	0.6976	0.5846	0.0714	0.1471	0.0600	0.1069	0.3599	0.4031
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.4242	0.4796	0.6233	0.5696	0.1167	0.1887	0.0989	0.1193	0.3911	0.4132
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.5683	0.5980	0.6059	0.6426	0.0955	0.1677	0.1009	0.1432	0.4019	0.4034
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.4198	0.3294	0.6911	0.5787	0.0800	0.1291	0.0573	0.0888	0.3878	0.4089
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.5152	0.5644	0.6491	0.6007	0.1471	0.2133	0.1062	0.1328	0.4118	0.4841
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.5802	0.6904	0.6151	0.7962	0.1306	0.2506	0.1121	0.1605	0.4717	0.4480
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.4495	0.4379	0.7056	0.6540	0.0815	0.1604	0.0705	0.1198	0.3659	0.4399
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.4447	0.5119	0.6785	0.5977	0.1211	0.1993	0.1606	0.1873	0.4437	0.4464
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.5728	0.6252	0.6145	0.7614	0.1250	0.1833	0.1047	0.1535	0.4243	0.4732
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.4474	0.3425	0.6952	0.6070	0.0992	0.1750	0.0755	0.0919	0.4088	0.4538

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 7: Effects on Average Outcomes of Pooled Children of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Summary	(01) Obs.	38	35	37	33	40	33	41	40	40	39
	(02) Control	0.6750	0.7018	0.4333	0.4491	0.7016	0.5844	0.3587	0.3622	0.0333	0.0659
	(03) Treatment	0.7972	0.7927	0.6861	0.6789	0.7447	0.4491	0.5208	0.5357	0.2544	0.2341
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1222	0.0910	0.2528	0.2298	0.0431	-0.1354	0.1621	0.1735	0.2211	0.1682
	(05) COLS	0.1768	0.1261	0.2586	0.2200	-0.0358	-0.0482	0.1028	0.1281	0.2116	0.1688
	(06) AIPW	0.2308	0.1681	0.3326	0.3104	0.0009	0.0632	0.0373	0.0893	0.1732	0.1277
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.1038	0.1771	0.0317	0.0516	0.3590	0.2126	0.1136	0.0775	0.0142	0.0343
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.0633	0.1377	0.0351	0.0702	0.3639	0.3979	0.2383	0.1581	0.0124	0.0123
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0070	0.0311	0.0025	0.0047	0.4966	0.3220	0.3773	0.2041	0.0108	0.0242
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.1071	0.1764	0.0275	0.0460	0.3506	0.1968	0.0941	0.0530	0.0119	0.0331
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.0625	0.1354	0.0375	0.0754	0.3555	0.3947	0.2239	0.1370	0.0122	0.0127
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.0316	0.0883	0.0164	0.0432	0.4972	0.4993	0.3988	0.2452	0.0282	0.0785
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.1072	0.1720	0.0304	0.0440	0.3352	0.2052	0.0940	0.0560	0.0076	0.0288
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.0736	0.1344	0.0516	0.0792	0.3684	0.3668	0.2192	0.1420	0.0044	0.0104
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.0368	0.0652	0.0256	0.0352	0.3964	0.3888	0.3004	0.2076	0.0136	0.0512
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0424	0.1000	0.0156	0.0272	0.3108	0.1488	0.0552	0.0308	0.0012	0.0052
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.0180	0.0628	0.0168	0.0352	0.3012	0.3928	0.1644	0.0780	0.0016	0.0024
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.0052	0.0392	0.0040	0.0072	0.4020	0.3224	0.4636	0.2160	0.0064	0.0484
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.0988	0.1880	0.0388	0.0640	0.3860	0.2172	0.1472	0.1024	0.0192	0.0476
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.0528	0.1332	0.0480	0.0936	0.3536	0.4088	0.2884	0.1808	0.0292	0.0436
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.0388	0.1088	0.0240	0.0484	0.4740	0.3132	0.4476	0.2776	0.0424	0.1196
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.0956	0.1772	0.0396	0.0636	0.3840	0.2228	0.1488	0.1032	0.0136	0.0432
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.0696	0.1536	0.0440	0.0820	0.3356	0.4144	0.2920	0.1904	0.0152	0.0220
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.0384	0.0928	0.0236	0.0376	0.4740	0.3108	0.4424	0.2704	0.0212	0.0740
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.1241	0.1938	0.0899	0.1187	0.5067	0.4444	0.2388	0.1792	0.0389	0.0768
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.0773	0.1419	0.1041	0.1491	0.5833	0.5554	0.3318	0.2431	0.0514	0.0573
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.0700	0.1447	0.0597	0.1028	0.5557	0.3824	0.5276	0.3590	0.0707	0.1305
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.1163	0.1841	0.0930	0.1150	0.4984	0.4462	0.2409	0.1778	0.0389	0.0710
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.0951	0.1645	0.0996	0.1419	0.5631	0.5581	0.3374	0.2573	0.0405	0.0352
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.0799	0.1240	0.0548	0.0859	0.5557	0.3815	0.5276	0.3545	0.0521	0.0952
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.1264	0.1958	0.0945	0.1230	0.5118	0.4469	0.2410	0.1810	0.0390	0.0802
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.0818	0.1424	0.1047	0.1496	0.5865	0.5568	0.3352	0.2440	0.0555	0.0600
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.0714	0.1471	0.0600	0.1069	0.5620	0.3912	0.5356	0.3603	0.0726	0.1336
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.1167	0.1887	0.0989	0.1193	0.5021	0.4533	0.2410	0.1809	0.0422	0.0729
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.0955	0.1677	0.1009	0.1432	0.5631	0.5581	0.3419	0.2625	0.0411	0.0374
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.0800	0.1291	0.0573	0.0888	0.5620	0.3900	0.5295	0.3552	0.0537	0.1003
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.1471	0.2133	0.1062	0.1328	0.5335	0.4701	0.2468	0.1880	0.0732	0.1091
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.1306	0.2506	0.1121	0.1605	0.6047	0.5833	0.3778	0.2507	0.0801	0.0681
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.0815	0.1604	0.0705	0.1198	0.5905	0.4756	0.6295	0.3654	0.0919	0.1912
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.1211	0.1993	0.1606	0.1873	0.5251	0.4693	0.2411	0.2150	0.0422	0.0814
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.1250	0.1833	0.1047	0.1535	0.5632	0.5701	0.3780	0.2933	0.0442	0.0721
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.0992	0.1750	0.0755	0.0919	0.5686	0.4490	0.5540	0.3720	0.0679	0.1102

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 8: Effects on Average Outcomes of Male Children of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -sponded	Never Su -sponded	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Summary	(01) Obs.	25	25	30	30	27	27	30	30	26	26
	(02) Control	0.4848	0.3939	0.7604	0.7917	0.3718	0.3333	0.8854	0.9167	0.4028	0.3611
	(03) Treatment	0.6548	0.6548	0.7500	0.7500	0.5714	0.5714	0.9286	0.9286	0.6071	0.6071
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1699	0.2608	-0.0104	-0.0417	0.1996	0.2381	0.0432	0.0119	0.2044	0.2460
	(05) COLS	0.1219	0.1944	-0.0221	-0.0489	0.0994	0.1344	0.0051	-0.0217	0.1134	0.1515
	(06) AIPW	0.0860	0.1530	-0.0023	-0.0387	0.1437	0.1690	0.0303	-0.0043	0.1595	0.1880
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.1430	0.0627	0.4737	0.3953	0.1217	0.0850	0.3346	0.4513	0.1130	0.0765
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.2615	0.1530	0.4502	0.3888	0.2887	0.2249	0.4846	0.4319	0.2662	0.2027
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.2433	0.1201	0.4935	0.3906	0.1386	0.1071	0.3792	0.4824	0.1229	0.0943
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.1602	0.0750	0.4719	0.3876	0.1278	0.0889	0.3269	0.4488	0.1252	0.0859
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.2852	0.1782	0.4487	0.3842	0.3065	0.2452	0.4842	0.4297	0.2891	0.2286
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.4774	0.4789	0.4958	0.4256	0.4798	0.4763	0.4170	0.4874	0.4777	0.4737
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.1556	0.0716	0.4712	0.3804	0.1244	0.0880	0.3228	0.4624	0.1216	0.0844
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.2216	0.1364	0.4184	0.3560	0.2596	0.2048	0.4988	0.4636	0.2404	0.1864
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.2808	0.2332	0.4536	0.3664	0.1920	0.1584	0.4248	0.4972	0.1924	0.1608
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.1120	0.0600	0.4692	0.3672	0.0936	0.0680	0.3560	0.4940	0.0960	0.0612
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.2976	0.1824	0.4592	0.3792	0.2720	0.2096	0.4912	0.4220	0.2720	0.2024
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.3548	0.2268	0.4660	0.4364	0.1876	0.1636	0.4032	0.4844	0.1772	0.1536
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.1452	0.0760	0.5024	0.4404	0.1232	0.0864	0.3256	0.3984	0.1272	0.0836
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.2324	0.1516	0.4796	0.4164	0.2748	0.2260	0.4652	0.4368	0.2404	0.1940
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.3240	0.2260	0.4756	0.4532	0.2152	0.1852	0.3952	0.4792	0.1972	0.1568
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.1404	0.0740	0.5008	0.4364	0.1116	0.0808	0.3264	0.3940	0.1120	0.0720
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.2336	0.1476	0.4800	0.4148	0.2648	0.2040	0.4684	0.4520	0.2360	0.1808
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.3080	0.2064	0.4768	0.4432	0.1920	0.1624	0.3932	0.4804	0.1840	0.1496
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.2239	0.1207	0.6319	0.5460	0.1892	0.1488	0.4116	0.4685	0.2029	0.1320
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.3311	0.2263	0.5526	0.4796	0.3754	0.3072	0.5200	0.5112	0.3434	0.2797
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.4430	0.3162	0.6155	0.5133	0.3246	0.2670	0.4576	0.6168	0.2863	0.2452
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.2147	0.1124	0.6255	0.5375	0.1777	0.1373	0.4147	0.4663	0.1786	0.1248
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.3371	0.2211	0.5503	0.4769	0.3651	0.2904	0.5304	0.5254	0.3363	0.2658
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.4119	0.2971	0.6155	0.5046	0.2911	0.2528	0.4499	0.6168	0.2670	0.2340
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.2293	0.1229	0.6474	0.5577	0.1901	0.1595	0.4161	0.4697	0.2101	0.1346
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.3360	0.2316	0.5589	0.4958	0.3798	0.3117	0.5292	0.5140	0.3459	0.2852
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.4508	0.3211	0.6283	0.5141	0.3347	0.2726	0.4698	0.6231	0.2959	0.2503
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.2211	0.1126	0.6356	0.5532	0.1810	0.1448	0.4194	0.4669	0.1869	0.1286
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.3470	0.2228	0.5600	0.4878	0.3711	0.2922	0.5370	0.5265	0.3380	0.2691
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.4153	0.2982	0.6283	0.5056	0.3014	0.2587	0.4527	0.6231	0.2706	0.2403
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.2538	0.1430	0.8028	0.6505	0.2048	0.2529	0.4247	0.4852	0.2568	0.1562
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.3816	0.2657	0.6116	0.5825	0.4270	0.3760	0.5804	0.5746	0.3837	0.3535
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.4647	0.3924	0.6738	0.6827	0.3557	0.3257	0.5723	0.6590	0.3748	0.3086
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.2519	0.1205	0.7216	1.0335	0.1845	0.2103	0.4506	0.5007	0.2078	0.1357
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.3939	0.2578	0.6121	0.5139	0.4285	0.3809	0.5765	0.5605	0.4115	0.4074
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.5068	0.3553	0.6738	0.5420	0.3218	0.3422	0.4536	0.6580	0.2936	0.2695

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 8: Effects on Average Outcomes of Male Children of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Attended College	Attended College	Attended College	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	30	30	28	28	28	26	29	29	27
	(02) Control	0.1771	0.2083	0.1556	0.4643	0.4286	0.4615	0.4333	0.4000	0.4286
	(03) Treatment	0.3452	0.3452	0.3333	0.5952	0.5952	0.6795	0.5714	0.5714	0.6538
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1682	0.1369	0.1778	0.1310	0.1667	0.2179	0.1381	0.1714	0.2253
	(05) COLS	0.1099	0.0763	0.1858	0.1311	0.1662	0.1528	0.1149	0.1486	0.1304
	(06) AIPW	0.0726	0.0411	0.0904	0.1679	0.2004	0.2834	0.1599	0.1922	0.2581
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.1043	0.1691	0.1038	0.2257	0.1750	0.1177	0.2149	0.1683	0.1118
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.2345	0.3172	0.1343	0.2150	0.1696	0.1919	0.2585	0.2087	0.2409
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.2415	0.3562	0.2236	0.0942	0.0684	0.0277	0.1181	0.0879	0.0435
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.1093	0.1687	0.1106	0.2209	0.1641	0.1113	0.2126	0.1610	0.1079
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.2425	0.3214	0.1425	0.2269	0.1762	0.1996	0.2684	0.2156	0.2494
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.3514	0.4165	0.3834	0.3492	0.3256	0.3026	0.3563	0.3302	0.3012
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.1044	0.1592	0.1092	0.2096	0.1588	0.1068	0.2052	0.1592	0.1092
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.2336	0.3228	0.1228	0.2228	0.1668	0.1956	0.2796	0.2196	0.2476
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.2820	0.3556	0.2464	0.1384	0.1100	0.0820	0.1680	0.1308	0.0968
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0680	0.1268	0.0708	0.1676	0.1208	0.0848	0.1660	0.1232	0.0900
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.2092	0.2924	0.1356	0.1448	0.1012	0.1204	0.2068	0.1504	0.1824
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.3532	0.4360	0.3572	0.1140	0.0844	0.0420	0.1468	0.1092	0.0660
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.1364	0.1976	0.1300	0.2516	0.2020	0.1500	0.2704	0.2032	0.1364
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.2316	0.3144	0.1396	0.2400	0.1952	0.2348	0.2608	0.2232	0.2604
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.3104	0.3896	0.2928	0.2128	0.1760	0.1084	0.2144	0.1760	0.1336
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.1252	0.1808	0.1160	0.2512	0.2092	0.1504	0.2584	0.1924	0.1452
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.2416	0.3180	0.1396	0.2220	0.1788	0.2156	0.2544	0.2104	0.2532
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.2940	0.3796	0.2668	0.1732	0.1480	0.1016	0.1888	0.1584	0.1284
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.2417	0.3235	0.2247	0.2969	0.2471	0.1720	0.3226	0.2568	0.1444
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.3370	0.4298	0.2274	0.2888	0.2476	0.2528	0.3256	0.2827	0.2948
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.4305	0.5238	0.4298	0.2363	0.1833	0.1133	0.2430	0.2063	0.1345
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.2168	0.3028	0.1999	0.2900	0.2503	0.1734	0.3095	0.2403	0.1623
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.3443	0.4309	0.2262	0.2814	0.2329	0.2305	0.3184	0.2679	0.2853
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.4065	0.5190	0.3993	0.2088	0.1670	0.1212	0.2218	0.1847	0.1351
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.2418	0.3250	0.2249	0.3039	0.2548	0.1751	0.3355	0.2619	0.1511
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.3382	0.4321	0.2287	0.3054	0.2586	0.2588	0.3471	0.2985	0.2972
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.4402	0.5247	0.4384	0.2385	0.1860	0.1181	0.2487	0.2068	0.1390
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.2175	0.3042	0.2004	0.2926	0.2566	0.1761	0.3243	0.2447	0.1626
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.3450	0.4314	0.2271	0.2997	0.2410	0.2320	0.3365	0.2850	0.2954
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.4097	0.5223	0.4060	0.2138	0.1681	0.1231	0.2325	0.1913	0.1397
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.2552	0.3330	0.3230	0.3608	0.2968	0.2183	0.3355	0.3342	0.2222
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.3432	0.4474	0.2728	0.3868	0.3204	0.3159	0.3609	0.3878	0.3100
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.5424	0.5909	0.4657	0.3364	0.2339	0.1490	0.2595	0.2374	0.1881
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.2580	0.3790	0.2121	0.3457	0.3708	0.1908	0.3538	0.2982	0.1850
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.3619	0.4650	0.2570	0.4124	0.2939	0.3056	0.3933	0.4569	0.3643
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.4151	0.5429	0.4323	0.2516	0.2269	0.1241	0.2654	0.2339	0.1593

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 8: Effects on Average Outcomes of Male Children of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	29	29	27	30	30	28	30	30	28
	(02) Control	0.3667	0.3333	0.3571	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.8958	0.8958	0.8889
	(03) Treatment	0.5000	0.5000	0.5769	0.2024	0.2024	0.2564	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1333	0.1667	0.2198	0.2024	0.2024	0.2564	0.1042	0.1042	0.1111
	(05) COLS	0.1433	0.1770	0.1751	0.2210	0.2210	0.2617	0.1334	0.1334	0.1458
	(06) AIPW	0.1766	0.2082	0.3005	0.1905	0.1922	0.2342	0.1628	0.1628	0.1736
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.2240	0.1752	0.1216	0.0098	0.0098	0.0098	0.0632	0.0632	0.0621
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.2115	0.1679	0.1850	0.0084	0.0084	0.0097	0.0606	0.0606	0.0591
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0992	0.0728	0.0321	0.0011	0.0014	0.0034	0.0270	0.0270	0.0287
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.2191	0.1653	0.1152	0.0075	0.0075	0.0076	0.0661	0.0661	0.0670
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.2237	0.1769	0.1959	0.0108	0.0108	0.0136	0.0586	0.0586	0.0582
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.3453	0.3215	0.2708	0.0648	0.0624	0.0557	0.0462	0.0462	0.0664
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.2236	0.1680	0.1176	0.0040	0.0040	0.0040	0.1368	0.1368	0.1368
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.2288	0.1684	0.1788	0.0040	0.0040	0.0044	0.1412	0.1412	0.1412
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.1404	0.1068	0.0884	0.0112	0.0108	0.0108	0.1400	0.1400	0.1460
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.1696	0.1240	0.0924	0.0052	0.0052	0.0052	0.1376	0.1376	0.1372
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.1600	0.1220	0.1296	0.0104	0.0104	0.0064	0.1396	0.1396	0.1408
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.1380	0.1140	0.0608	0.0312	0.0308	0.0312	0.1572	0.1572	0.1624
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.2280	0.1804	0.1476	0.0076	0.0076	0.0104	0.1164	0.1164	0.1148
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.2160	0.1820	0.2080	0.0084	0.0084	0.0180	0.0648	0.0648	0.0616
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.1876	0.1524	0.0972	0.0220	0.0204	0.0440	0.0668	0.0668	0.0516
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.2276	0.1792	0.1540	0.0052	0.0052	0.0068	0.1168	0.1168	0.1132
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.2016	0.1688	0.1984	0.0028	0.0028	0.0044	0.0672	0.0672	0.0628
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.1596	0.1376	0.0940	0.0060	0.0052	0.0204	0.0612	0.0608	0.0540
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.2701	0.2397	0.1819	0.0410	0.0410	0.0370	0.1828	0.1828	0.1826
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.2686	0.2217	0.2341	0.0335	0.0335	0.0404	0.1180	0.1180	0.1173
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.2299	0.1860	0.1133	0.0556	0.0556	0.0756	0.1151	0.1110	0.0942
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.2674	0.2357	0.1893	0.0274	0.0274	0.0292	0.1855	0.1855	0.1846
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.2552	0.2139	0.2236	0.0220	0.0220	0.0282	0.1217	0.1217	0.1106
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.1966	0.1651	0.1163	0.0294	0.0306	0.0523	0.1301	0.1253	0.1153
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.2778	0.2550	0.1824	0.0415	0.0415	0.0398	0.1832	0.1832	0.1878
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.2757	0.2311	0.2391	0.0339	0.0339	0.0437	0.1218	0.1218	0.1174
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.2333	0.1956	0.1172	0.0572	0.0572	0.0790	0.1159	0.1127	0.0957
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.2748	0.2512	0.1898	0.0308	0.0308	0.0325	0.1893	0.1893	0.1896
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.2669	0.2142	0.2287	0.0239	0.0239	0.0284	0.1221	0.1221	0.1108
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.1994	0.1692	0.1166	0.0296	0.0331	0.0539	0.1305	0.1284	0.1157
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.3665	0.3238	0.1933	0.0452	0.0452	0.0738	0.1879	0.1879	0.2067
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.3629	0.2702	0.2518	0.0348	0.0348	0.0557	0.1354	0.1354	0.1177
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.3654	0.2279	0.1745	0.0615	0.0578	0.0964	0.1293	0.1289	0.1065
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.3665	0.3623	0.2408	0.0378	0.0378	0.0480	0.2132	0.2132	0.2077
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.3210	0.2282	0.3009	0.0453	0.0453	0.0319	0.1240	0.1240	0.1111
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.2989	0.1923	0.1501	0.0464	0.0548	0.1105	0.1416	0.1355	0.1206

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 8: Effects on Average Outcomes of Male Children of the Male Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	30	28	30	28	28	26	27	24	29	27
	(02) Control	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.4167	0.4487	0.2564	0.2778	0.9000	0.8929
	(03) Treatment	0.0714	0.0769	0.0714	0.0769	0.6667	0.6795	0.5238	0.5278	0.9643	0.9615
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0714	0.0769	0.0714	0.0769	0.2500	0.2308	0.2674	0.2500	0.0643	0.0687
	(05) COLS	0.0972	0.1021	0.0972	0.1021	0.2056	0.1648	0.1445	0.1135	0.0161	0.0227
	(06) AIPW	0.0815	0.0813	0.0815	0.0813	0.2141	0.2553	0.1904	0.2213	0.0115	0.0184
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.0727	0.0724	0.0727	0.0724	0.0506	0.0749	0.0525	0.0766	0.1971	0.1964
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.0605	0.0620	0.0605	0.0620	0.1288	0.1919	0.1913	0.2526	0.4174	0.3959
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0194	0.0266	0.0194	0.0266	0.0320	0.0219	0.0623	0.0457	0.4172	0.3784
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.0654	0.0653	0.0654	0.0653	0.0487	0.0718	0.0477	0.0722	0.2056	0.2064
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.0582	0.0617	0.0582	0.0617	0.1337	0.1989	0.2107	0.2729	0.4268	0.4086
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.1007	0.1750	0.1007	0.1750	0.2182	0.3159	0.2665	0.3110	0.4555	0.4452
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.1264	0.1264	0.1264	0.1264	0.0524	0.0752	0.0520	0.0716	0.2484	0.2452
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.1264	0.1264	0.1264	0.1264	0.1216	0.1736	0.2104	0.2637	0.4312	0.4156
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.1344	0.1364	0.1344	0.1364	0.0876	0.0836	0.1324	0.1301	0.4708	0.4588
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.1280	0.1292	0.1280	0.1292	0.0292	0.0432	0.0308	0.0476	0.1284	0.1296
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.1376	0.1408	0.1376	0.1408	0.1024	0.1504	0.2021	0.2692	0.4692	0.4460
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.1640	0.1628	0.1640	0.1628	0.0676	0.0624	0.0792	0.0828	0.4600	0.4244
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.1032	0.0992	0.1032	0.0992	0.0648	0.1028	0.0620	0.0968	0.2652	0.2692
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.0248	0.0312	0.0248	0.0312	0.1292	0.2152	0.1864	0.2744	0.4416	0.4208
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.0476	0.0576	0.0476	0.0576	0.1360	0.1108	0.1460	0.1308	0.4604	0.4336
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.0888	0.0872	0.0888	0.0872	0.0596	0.0932	0.0588	0.0932	0.2528	0.2536
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.0172	0.0184	0.0172	0.0184	0.1428	0.2188	0.1716	0.2548	0.4460	0.4264
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.0164	0.0236	0.0164	0.0236	0.0972	0.0804	0.1196	0.1108	0.4600	0.4328
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.1620	0.1623	0.1620	0.1623	0.0759	0.0982	0.1199	0.1790	0.3344	0.3357
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.0503	0.0604	0.0503	0.0604	0.1110	0.1470	0.2605	0.3450	0.4865	0.4757
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.0870	0.1023	0.0870	0.1023	0.0994	0.0945	0.2152	0.1847	0.5034	0.4844
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.1306	0.1349	0.1306	0.1349	0.0728	0.0969	0.1157	0.1723	0.3183	0.3209
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.0460	0.0499	0.0460	0.0499	0.1192	0.1507	0.2436	0.3238	0.4905	0.4742
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.0556	0.0574	0.0556	0.0574	0.0809	0.0789	0.1979	0.1788	0.4917	0.4812
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.1655	0.1682	0.1655	0.1682	0.0759	0.1004	0.1208	0.1892	0.3417	0.3480
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.0521	0.0617	0.0521	0.0617	0.1209	0.1512	0.2663	0.3478	0.4932	0.4800
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.0940	0.1023	0.0940	0.1023	0.1004	0.0995	0.2157	0.1873	0.5080	0.4859
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.1326	0.1364	0.1326	0.1364	0.0738	0.0990	0.1196	0.1826	0.3202	0.3288
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.0492	0.0528	0.0492	0.0528	0.1208	0.1536	0.2525	0.3312	0.4944	0.4789
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.0610	0.0586	0.0610	0.0586	0.0827	0.0798	0.2000	0.1856	0.4969	0.4833
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.2221	0.2687	0.2221	0.2687	0.0939	0.1083	0.1623	0.2010	0.4013	0.4298
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.0604	0.0730	0.0604	0.0730	0.1676	0.1792	0.3121	0.4228	0.5228	0.4911
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.1336	0.1106	0.1336	0.1106	0.1783	0.1445	0.2716	0.2131	0.5978	0.4970
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.1577	0.2345	0.1577	0.2345	0.0765	0.1144	0.1760	0.1826	0.4907	0.3849
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.0611	0.0683	0.0611	0.0683	0.1277	0.1818	0.2950	0.3497	0.5178	0.5341
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.0721	0.0937	0.0721	0.0937	0.1071	0.0895	0.2126	0.2127	0.5535	0.5265

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 8: Effects on Average Outcomes of Male Children of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Summary	(01) Obs.	28	26	27	24	29	22	30	29	30	29
	(02) Control	0.4167	0.4487	0.2564	0.2778	0.7111	0.4697	0.4375	0.3611	0.0000	0.0174
	(03) Treatment	0.6667	0.6795	0.5238	0.5278	0.7262	0.5152	0.3214	0.4836	0.1429	0.2564
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.2500	0.2308	0.2674	0.2500	0.0151	0.0455	-0.1161	0.1225	0.1429	0.2390
	(05) COLS	0.2056	0.1648	0.1445	0.1135	-0.0621	0.0139	-0.2581	-0.0002	0.1016	0.1812
	(06) AIPW	0.2141	0.2553	0.1904	0.2213	-0.0594	0.0884	-0.2640	-0.0079	0.0982	0.1637
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.0506	0.0749	0.0525	0.0766	0.4620	0.4135	0.2414	0.2101	0.0727	0.0122
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.1288	0.1919	0.1913	0.2526	0.3411	0.4736	0.0489	0.4995	0.1095	0.0260
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0320	0.0219	0.0623	0.0457	0.3113	0.2900	0.0349	0.4740	0.0468	0.0057
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.0487	0.0718	0.0477	0.0722	0.4606	0.4097	0.2296	0.1701	0.0641	0.0107
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.1337	0.1989	0.2107	0.2729	0.3427	0.4764	0.0499	0.4995	0.1270	0.0308
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.2182	0.3159	0.2665	0.3110	0.4151	0.4666	0.0864	0.4825	0.1557	0.0764
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.0524	0.0752	0.0520	0.0716	0.4332	0.4104	0.2440	0.1716	0.1104	0.0064
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.1216	0.1736	0.2104	0.2637	0.3684	0.4848	0.0584	0.4496	0.1396	0.0212
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.0876	0.0836	0.1324	0.1301	0.4708	0.3408	0.0916	0.4844	0.1264	0.0416
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0292	0.0432	0.0308	0.0476	0.4652	0.3912	0.1668	0.1320	0.1124	0.0024
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.1024	0.1504	0.1408	0.2021	0.2712	0.4612	0.0248	0.4500	0.1176	0.0084
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.0676	0.0624	0.0792	0.0828	0.2544	0.3584	0.0300	0.4404	0.1456	0.0148
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.0648	0.1028	0.0620	0.0968	0.4980	0.4008	0.2312	0.2356	0.1060	0.0152
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.1292	0.2152	0.1864	0.2744	0.3144	0.4604	0.0836	0.4948	0.1844	0.0556
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.1360	0.1108	0.1460	0.1308	0.3360	0.3156	0.0864	0.4828	0.1348	0.0536
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.0596	0.0932	0.0588	0.0932	0.4980	0.3880	0.2216	0.2328	0.0900	0.0148
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.1428	0.2188	0.1716	0.2548	0.3136	0.4576	0.0620	0.4948	0.1824	0.0368
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.0972	0.0804	0.1196	0.1108	0.3232	0.3116	0.0816	0.4824	0.1000	0.0284
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.0759	0.0982	0.1199	0.1790	0.5737	0.3503	0.2543	0.3865	0.1621	0.0472
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.1110	0.1470	0.2605	0.3450	0.5190	0.4657	0.1308	0.5979	0.2299	0.0740
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.0994	0.0945	0.2152	0.1847	0.5522	0.2954	0.1346	0.5637	0.1494	0.0674
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.0728	0.0969	0.1157	0.1723	0.5660	0.3378	0.2458	0.3898	0.1402	0.0447
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.1192	0.1507	0.2436	0.3238	0.5182	0.4620	0.1170	0.5979	0.2413	0.0619
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.0809	0.0789	0.1979	0.1788	0.5388	0.2956	0.1329	0.5631	0.1380	0.0581
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.0759	0.1004	0.1208	0.1892	0.5739	0.3678	0.2614	0.3907	0.1631	0.0480
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.1209	0.1512	0.2663	0.3478	0.5239	0.4685	0.1322	0.6005	0.2305	0.0748
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.1004	0.0995	0.2157	0.1873	0.5539	0.3066	0.1379	0.5663	0.1514	0.0682
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.0738	0.0990	0.1196	0.1826	0.5663	0.3401	0.2517	0.3941	0.1472	0.0476
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.1208	0.1536	0.2525	0.3312	0.5256	0.4638	0.1174	0.6005	0.2438	0.0621
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.0827	0.0798	0.2000	0.1856	0.5437	0.3106	0.1370	0.5659	0.1425	0.0585
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.0939	0.1083	0.1623	0.2010	0.6398	0.4505	0.2926	0.3980	0.1727	0.0557
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.1676	0.1792	0.3121	0.4228	0.5924	0.4835	0.1567	0.6327	0.2904	0.0788
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.1783	0.1445	0.2716	0.2131	0.5856	0.3856	0.1755	0.5950	0.1774	0.0958
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.0765	0.1144	0.1760	0.1826	0.6058	0.3721	0.3142	0.4438	0.1671	0.0843
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.1277	0.1818	0.2950	0.3497	0.5397	0.4819	0.1308	0.6327	0.2590	0.0625
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.1071	0.0895	0.2126	0.2127	0.6166	0.4439	0.1637	0.6034	0.1887	0.0705

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 9: Effects on Average Outcomes of Female Children of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -sponded	Never Su -sponded	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Summary	(01) Obs.	30	28	31	29	31	29	31	29	30	28
	(02) Control	0.6667	0.6333	0.7333	0.7333	0.5000	0.5000	0.8667	0.8667	0.5667	0.5667
	(03) Treatment	0.8444	0.8974	0.9375	0.9643	0.7778	0.8590	0.9688	1.0000	0.8111	0.8974
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1778	0.2641	0.2042	0.2310	0.2778	0.3590	0.1021	0.1333	0.2444	0.3308
	(05) COLS	0.1998	0.2710	0.2577	0.2979	0.3180	0.4084	0.0849	0.1262	0.2645	0.3584
	(06) AIPW	0.2473	0.3352	0.4236	0.4651	0.4193	0.5025	0.1622	0.2083	0.3424	0.4303
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.1089	0.0336	0.0560	0.0340	0.0414	0.0101	0.1464	0.0737	0.0594	0.0131
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.1053	0.0361	0.0427	0.0254	0.0309	0.0060	0.1935	0.1050	0.0556	0.0113
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0259	0.0033	0.0001	0.0000	0.0009	0.0001	0.0242	0.0065	0.0047	0.0003
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.1019	0.0280	0.0444	0.0253	0.0357	0.0083	0.1363	0.0653	0.0567	0.0123
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.1133	0.0384	0.0312	0.0182	0.0294	0.0059	0.1849	0.1002	0.0632	0.0136
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.1819	0.0980	0.0242	0.0162	0.0561	0.0237	0.2281	0.1684	0.1091	0.0516
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.1000	0.0316	0.0428	0.0272	0.0356	0.0088	0.1524	0.1236	0.0576	0.0128
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.1216	0.0460	0.0412	0.0344	0.0308	0.0116	0.2052	0.1408	0.0560	0.0140
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.1776	0.0984	0.0244	0.0240	0.0532	0.0272	0.1404	0.1280	0.0852	0.0400
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0596	0.0092	0.0116	0.0104	0.0232	0.0072	0.0636	0.1244	0.0324	0.0088
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.0600	0.0144	0.0076	0.0080	0.0272	0.0068	0.0776	0.1284	0.0472	0.0132
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.0508	0.0100	0.0044	0.0064	0.0060	0.0020	0.1100	0.1564	0.0188	0.0064
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.1300	0.0412	0.0656	0.0516	0.0488	0.0160	0.1808	0.1008	0.0652	0.0188
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.1220	0.0572	0.0360	0.0228	0.0424	0.0140	0.2084	0.1372	0.0648	0.0200
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.1016	0.0448	0.0176	0.0104	0.0232	0.0108	0.0668	0.0292	0.0376	0.0160
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.1224	0.0408	0.0708	0.0484	0.0508	0.0160	0.1792	0.1036	0.0668	0.0192
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.1224	0.0480	0.0564	0.0396	0.0412	0.0128	0.2324	0.1888	0.0644	0.0188
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.0944	0.0360	0.0180	0.0092	0.0220	0.0092	0.0852	0.0232	0.0352	0.0140
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.2278	0.1223	0.1127	0.1029	0.1124	0.0485	0.3079	0.2183	0.1445	0.0690
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.2102	0.1334	0.0815	0.0601	0.1001	0.0475	0.3530	0.2485	0.1485	0.0668
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.1819	0.1051	0.0627	0.0480	0.0669	0.0360	0.1539	0.0782	0.0923	0.0493
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.2194	0.1240	0.1231	0.0971	0.1102	0.0538	0.2894	0.2238	0.1489	0.0677
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.2094	0.1214	0.1213	0.0860	0.1012	0.0510	0.3681	0.3116	0.1574	0.0668
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.1725	0.0970	0.0523	0.0365	0.0644	0.0352	0.1787	0.0655	0.0970	0.0510
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.2286	0.1238	0.1136	0.1031	0.1154	0.0488	0.3111	0.2255	0.1502	0.0752
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.2125	0.1422	0.0870	0.0625	0.1017	0.0528	0.3674	0.2602	0.1504	0.0704
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.1843	0.1060	0.0628	0.0524	0.0708	0.0380	0.1623	0.0808	0.0964	0.0527
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.2202	0.1294	0.1258	0.1014	0.1119	0.0541	0.2913	0.2264	0.1524	0.0683
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.2095	0.1236	0.1237	0.0870	0.1033	0.0574	0.3867	0.3307	0.1640	0.0700
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.1742	0.0973	0.0548	0.0387	0.0702	0.0359	0.1835	0.0659	0.0977	0.0512
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.2564	0.1565	0.1428	0.1066	0.1341	0.0617	0.3224	0.2455	0.1758	0.1588
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.2589	0.2075	0.0989	0.0730	0.1314	0.0705	0.4157	0.2895	0.2005	0.0838
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.1889	0.1294	0.0688	0.0653	0.0822	0.0452	0.1954	0.0907	0.1074	0.0955
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.2633	0.1608	0.1466	0.1195	0.1242	0.0652	0.3273	0.2329	0.1976	0.0711
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.2177	0.1498	0.1331	0.0915	0.1091	0.0711	0.4350	0.4148	0.1771	0.0977
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.1994	0.1136	0.0741	0.0417	0.1010	0.0395	0.2114	0.0835	0.0980	0.0759

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 9: Effects on Average Outcomes of Female Children of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Attended College	Attended College	Attended College	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	31	29	25	31	29	25	31	29	25
	(02) Control	0.6000	0.6000	0.6429	0.4000	0.4333	0.4643	0.3667	0.3667	0.3929
	(03) Treatment	0.5104	0.5119	0.5606	0.5208	0.5952	0.6212	0.5208	0.5952	0.6212
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.0896	-0.0881	-0.0823	0.1208	0.1619	0.1569	0.1542	0.2286	0.2284
	(05) COLS	-0.1192	-0.1193	-0.1810	0.1646	0.1954	0.2129	0.1796	0.2325	0.2437
	(06) AIPW	-0.1114	-0.1072	-0.1375	0.2959	0.3043	0.3764	0.3562	0.4249	0.5255
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.3171	0.3257	0.3458	0.2042	0.1565	0.1980	0.1501	0.0743	0.1065
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.2838	0.2887	0.2157	0.1363	0.0979	0.1123	0.1169	0.0645	0.0786
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.2525	0.2625	0.1794	0.0224	0.0163	0.0056	0.0135	0.0057	0.0020
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.2883	0.2981	0.3146	0.2057	0.1606	0.1960	0.1477	0.0726	0.0984
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.2592	0.2677	0.1995	0.1668	0.1324	0.1622	0.1454	0.0931	0.1309
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.3572	0.3628	0.3816	0.0936	0.1074	0.1319	0.0517	0.0300	0.0445
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.3004	0.3052	0.3200	0.2064	0.1588	0.1956	0.1452	0.0776	0.1024
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.3028	0.2988	0.2068	0.1664	0.1344	0.1412	0.1504	0.1068	0.1144
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.3944	0.4024	0.4332	0.0664	0.0720	0.0676	0.0456	0.0344	0.0300
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.2272	0.2332	0.2640	0.1368	0.1100	0.1464	0.0940	0.0492	0.0716
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.1816	0.1860	0.1436	0.0972	0.0796	0.1180	0.0820	0.0480	0.0844
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.2176	0.2324	0.2236	0.0244	0.0224	0.0296	0.0124	0.0044	0.0056
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.3212	0.3332	0.3464	0.2112	0.1584	0.2112	0.1568	0.0920	0.1344
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.2872	0.2976	0.2216	0.1488	0.1080	0.1228	0.1344	0.0892	0.1244
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.3580	0.3644	0.3216	0.0516	0.0420	0.0364	0.0300	0.0148	0.0144
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.3200	0.3324	0.3452	0.1932	0.1616	0.2068	0.1436	0.0900	0.1440
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.2896	0.2920	0.2216	0.1332	0.0960	0.1180	0.1208	0.0744	0.1040
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.3492	0.3516	0.3104	0.0912	0.0772	0.0640	0.0736	0.0544	0.0568
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.4171	0.4422	0.4303	0.2884	0.2148	0.2287	0.2355	0.1519	0.1712
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.4035	0.4234	0.3116	0.2267	0.1705	0.1387	0.2235	0.1539	0.1488
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.4669	0.4739	0.4371	0.1034	0.0872	0.0626	0.0787	0.0449	0.0399
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.4161	0.4422	0.4303	0.2724	0.2169	0.2234	0.2243	0.1475	0.1791
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.4013	0.4164	0.3153	0.2059	0.1565	0.1394	0.1940	0.1365	0.1244
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.4674	0.4688	0.4279	0.1462	0.1236	0.0881	0.1374	0.1010	0.0987
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.4225	0.4572	0.4312	0.2910	0.2195	0.2301	0.2382	0.1533	0.1743
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.4041	0.4278	0.3178	0.2310	0.1723	0.1401	0.2236	0.1597	0.1532
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.4680	0.4804	0.4385	0.1048	0.0873	0.0644	0.0833	0.0486	0.0455
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.4215	0.4561	0.4312	0.2783	0.2233	0.2260	0.2291	0.1531	0.1815
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.4054	0.4240	0.3207	0.2087	0.1568	0.1454	0.1976	0.1421	0.1260
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.4736	0.4773	0.4296	0.1469	0.1240	0.0881	0.1414	0.1031	0.1034
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.4951	0.4748	0.4580	0.3040	0.2741	0.2534	0.2823	0.1635	0.1931
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.4326	0.5119	0.3472	0.2514	0.1933	0.1710	0.2554	0.1797	0.1893
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.4682	0.5025	0.4448	0.1314	0.0874	0.0879	0.1160	0.0533	0.0612
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.4809	0.4748	0.4801	0.2936	0.2322	0.2517	0.3058	0.1985	0.1941
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.4306	0.5752	0.3924	0.2346	0.2102	0.1920	0.2196	0.1679	0.1471
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.4762	0.4988	0.4459	0.1825	0.1562	0.0910	0.1642	0.1190	0.1197

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 9: Effects on Average Outcomes of Female Children of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	31	29	25	32	30	26	31	29	26
	(02) Control	0.3000	0.3000	0.3214	0.2188	0.2188	0.2333	0.9333	0.9333	0.9333
	(03) Treatment	0.5208	0.5952	0.6212	0.3646	0.3810	0.4848	0.9375	0.9286	0.9091
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.2208	0.2952	0.2998	0.1458	0.1622	0.2515	0.0042	-0.0048	-0.0242
	(05) COLS	0.2622	0.3144	0.3399	0.1634	0.1628	0.2656	0.0185	0.0010	-0.0105
	(06) AIPW	0.4217	0.4904	0.6145	0.1476	0.1639	0.3293	0.0197	0.0081	0.0079
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.0636	0.0280	0.0481	0.1741	0.1679	0.0987	0.4795	0.4777	0.3985
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.0324	0.0140	0.0194	0.1526	0.1647	0.0760	0.4232	0.4962	0.4580
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0033	0.0012	0.0003	0.1256	0.1101	0.0043	0.3824	0.4542	0.4571
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.0566	0.0247	0.0390	0.1380	0.1339	0.0667	0.4784	0.4764	0.3922
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.0448	0.0245	0.0467	0.1409	0.1562	0.0728	0.4202	0.4961	0.4585
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.0148	0.0072	0.0137	0.2126	0.2050	0.1256	0.4496	0.4798	0.4824
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.0572	0.0252	0.0392	0.1352	0.1344	0.0728	0.5208	0.4900	0.4156
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.0452	0.0308	0.0360	0.1160	0.1360	0.0688	0.4780	0.5024	0.4628
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.0132	0.0104	0.0092	0.1448	0.1420	0.0568	0.5172	0.4820	0.4700
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0332	0.0228	0.0360	0.0772	0.0796	0.0416	0.4856	0.4800	0.3932
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.0220	0.0144	0.0516	0.0964	0.1092	0.0576	0.4332	0.4976	0.4732
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.0040	0.0020	0.0040	0.1464	0.1476	0.0316	0.3596	0.4216	0.4112
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.0760	0.0432	0.0800	0.1916	0.1940	0.1284	0.4820	0.4932	0.4232
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.0624	0.0352	0.0544	0.1784	0.1992	0.1084	0.4220	0.4932	0.4684
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.0144	0.0056	0.0088	0.2660	0.2464	0.1108	0.4104	0.4736	0.4900
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.0704	0.0424	0.0768	0.1812	0.1896	0.1360	0.4900	0.4716	0.3996
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.0468	0.0300	0.0424	0.1760	0.1984	0.1140	0.4300	0.4944	0.4668
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.0428	0.0280	0.0324	0.2432	0.2224	0.0900	0.4180	0.4728	0.4924
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.1338	0.0801	0.1093	0.2644	0.2553	0.1626	0.5253	0.6180	0.5268
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.1250	0.0742	0.0811	0.2584	0.2605	0.1414	0.4956	0.5800	0.5411
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.0384	0.0267	0.0279	0.3550	0.3200	0.1667	0.4843	0.5493	0.5583
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.1291	0.0787	0.1083	0.2619	0.2553	0.1651	0.5458	0.5950	0.5148
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.0987	0.0664	0.0696	0.2553	0.2595	0.1472	0.4970	0.5800	0.5416
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.0867	0.0681	0.0776	0.3411	0.2970	0.1378	0.4886	0.5485	0.5597
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.1370	0.0804	0.1113	0.2656	0.2630	0.1644	0.5321	0.6259	0.5316
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.1330	0.0787	0.0821	0.2591	0.2731	0.1450	0.5003	0.5902	0.5482
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.0398	0.0274	0.0303	0.3567	0.3309	0.1744	0.4878	0.5537	0.5631
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.1306	0.0798	0.1112	0.2659	0.2630	0.1699	0.5538	0.6058	0.5192
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.0996	0.0682	0.0731	0.2561	0.2608	0.1487	0.4988	0.5902	0.5484
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.0884	0.0686	0.0804	0.3417	0.3016	0.1409	0.4928	0.5521	0.5648
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.1507	0.0832	0.1160	0.2723	0.2806	0.1781	0.5595	0.6451	0.6035
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.1961	0.1037	0.1168	0.2628	0.3278	0.1716	0.5479	0.5902	0.5566
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.0500	0.0337	0.0478	0.3663	0.3585	0.1776	0.6034	0.6383	0.5818
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.1372	0.0854	0.1234	0.2951	0.2810	0.2335	0.5698	0.6201	0.6194
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.1020	0.0841	0.0889	0.2765	0.3085	0.1775	0.5224	0.5902	0.5696
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.1424	0.0709	0.0941	0.3622	0.3247	0.1574	0.5272	0.5978	0.6229

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 9: Effects on Average Outcomes of Female Children of the Male Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	29	25	30	26	30	26	28	25	30	26
	(02) Control	0.4000	0.4286	0.1875	0.2333	0.8750	0.8667	0.6333	0.6000	0.9375	0.9333
	(03) Treatment	0.2024	0.2576	0.1429	0.1818	0.9167	0.8939	0.8333	0.7833	0.9762	0.9697
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.1976	-0.1710	-0.0446	-0.0515	0.0417	0.0273	0.2000	0.1833	0.0387	0.0364
	(05) COLS	-0.1408	-0.1467	0.0089	-0.0015	0.0234	0.0395	0.2111	0.1574	0.0650	0.0903
	(06) AIPW	-0.1390	-0.1243	-0.0095	-0.0186	0.0043	0.0288	0.2821	0.2157	0.0938	0.1618
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.0985	0.1535	0.3587	0.3660	0.3275	0.3964	0.0872	0.1350	0.2716	0.3014
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.1997	0.2209	0.4738	0.4964	0.4085	0.3745	0.0845	0.1754	0.2302	0.1920
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.1422	0.1777	0.4638	0.4317	0.4803	0.3828	0.0126	0.0522	0.0973	0.0153
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.1029	0.1621	0.3614	0.3688	0.3261	0.3943	0.0818	0.1235	0.2719	0.3008
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.2065	0.2388	0.4742	0.4966	0.4127	0.3824	0.0897	0.1820	0.2209	0.1807
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.3050	0.3753	0.4784	0.4738	0.4879	0.4437	0.1439	0.2459	0.1886	0.1256
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.1044	0.1600	0.3616	0.3616	0.3392	0.4028	0.0824	0.1212	0.3892	0.4016
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.2064	0.2356	0.4732	0.4948	0.4764	0.4772	0.1136	0.2028	0.3720	0.3752
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.2492	0.3812	0.4748	0.4784	0.4532	0.4788	0.1604	0.2544	0.3696	0.3420
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0572	0.1116	0.3348	0.3388	0.2540	0.3540	0.0360	0.0716	0.2672	0.3308
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.1412	0.1596	0.4752	0.4840	0.3340	0.2736	0.0280	0.0928	0.2276	0.1956
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.1688	0.2336	0.4636	0.4296	0.4268	0.3576	0.0196	0.0928	0.2320	0.1552
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.1280	0.1880	0.3884	0.3740	0.3388	0.3948	0.1000	0.1444	0.4112	0.4640
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.2332	0.2496	0.4736	0.4880	0.4212	0.3756	0.1136	0.1968	0.2332	0.1716
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.2768	0.3688	0.4820	0.4548	0.5000	0.4504	0.0776	0.1772	0.1828	0.1820
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.1204	0.1660	0.3824	0.3528	0.3372	0.3940	0.0964	0.1388	0.3992	0.4460
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.2264	0.2372	0.4744	0.4880	0.4208	0.3792	0.0980	0.1724	0.3392	0.2792
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.2680	0.3592	0.4832	0.4540	0.5000	0.4492	0.0664	0.1480	0.2180	0.1580
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.2390	0.3217	0.6282	0.6327	0.4959	0.5610	0.2052	0.2625	0.4757	0.5109
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.3485	0.3884	0.5903	0.6512	0.5573	0.5107	0.2101	0.3442	0.3257	0.2488
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.4022	0.5565	0.6686	0.6854	0.5866	0.5161	0.1525	0.2631	0.2589	0.2470
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.2246	0.2913	0.6259	0.6222	0.4945	0.5610	0.2016	0.2506	0.4691	0.5010
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.3361	0.3757	0.5938	0.6512	0.5564	0.5207	0.1932	0.3029	0.4201	0.3762
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.4000	0.5507	0.6706	0.6873	0.5831	0.5118	0.1378	0.2426	0.3087	0.2297
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.2544	0.3255	0.6362	0.6408	0.5172	0.5840	0.2138	0.2641	0.4825	0.5131
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.3526	0.3920	0.6102	0.6554	0.5752	0.5166	0.2144	0.3502	0.3279	0.2511
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.4088	0.5686	0.6747	0.6859	0.5868	0.5332	0.1537	0.2637	0.2659	0.2497
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.2411	0.2952	0.6381	0.6269	0.5159	0.5840	0.2109	0.2521	0.4755	0.5026
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.3409	0.3829	0.6127	0.6554	0.5700	0.5247	0.2000	0.3050	0.4214	0.3829
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.4031	0.5575	0.6806	0.6901	0.5834	0.5278	0.1436	0.2471	0.3098	0.2331
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.3348	0.3624	0.6440	0.6733	0.6407	0.8191	0.2483	0.2731	0.5330	0.5329
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.3714	0.4067	0.6893	0.7840	0.6075	0.5328	0.2690	0.4249	0.3529	0.2618
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.4666	0.6091	0.6883	0.7014	0.6607	0.7112	0.1932	0.2894	0.2659	0.3112
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.2997	0.3166	0.6618	0.6375	0.6682	0.8239	0.2880	0.2845	0.5149	0.5089
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.3523	0.5067	0.7559	0.7840	0.7261	0.6255	0.2116	0.3313	0.4532	0.4174
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.4312	0.5908	0.7061	0.6989	0.6384	0.6344	0.2280	0.2633	0.3312	0.2613

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 9: Effects on Average Outcomes of Female Children of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Summary	(01) Obs.	30	26	28	25	31	27	32	31	31	30
	(02) Control	0.8750	0.8667	0.6333	0.6000	0.7500	0.5833	0.3125	0.3576	0.0625	0.0833
	(03) Treatment	0.9167	0.8939	0.8333	0.7833	0.6889	0.4889	0.5625	0.5574	0.2333	0.1567
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0417	0.0273	0.2000	0.1833	-0.0611	-0.0944	0.2500	0.1998	0.1708	0.0734
	(05) COLS	0.0234	0.0395	0.2111	0.1574	-0.0812	-0.0968	0.2617	0.2248	0.1872	0.1100
	(06) AIPW	0.0043	0.0288	0.2821	0.2157	-0.0273	0.0664	0.2311	0.2072	0.1109	0.0553
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.3275	0.3964	0.0872	0.1350	0.3379	0.3137	0.0566	0.0749	0.0745	0.2199
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.4085	0.3745	0.0845	0.1754	0.2829	0.3288	0.0547	0.0561	0.0712	0.0942
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.4803	0.3828	0.0126	0.0522	0.4080	0.3426	0.0372	0.0374	0.1249	0.2716
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.3261	0.3943	0.0818	0.1235	0.3410	0.3020	0.0503	0.0629	0.0593	0.2056
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.4127	0.3824	0.0897	0.1820	0.2864	0.3210	0.0571	0.0484	0.0674	0.0885
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.4879	0.4437	0.1439	0.2459	0.4494	0.4995	0.1594	0.1609	0.2170	0.3466
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.3392	0.4028	0.0824	0.1212	0.3536	0.2904	0.0512	0.0596	0.0572	0.1932
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.4764	0.4772	0.1136	0.2028	0.2648	0.2652	0.0564	0.0496	0.0564	0.0708
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.4532	0.4788	0.1604	0.2544	0.4624	0.4504	0.1072	0.1196	0.1512	0.2336
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.2540	0.3540	0.0360	0.0716	0.2976	0.2772	0.0356	0.0376	0.0100	0.1352
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.3340	0.2736	0.0280	0.0928	0.2724	0.3356	0.0424	0.0324	0.0284	0.0632
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.4268	0.3576	0.0196	0.0928	0.4112	0.3312	0.0876	0.0772	0.1976	0.3788
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.3388	0.3948	0.1000	0.1444	0.3680	0.3044	0.0672	0.1068	0.0976	0.2620
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.4212	0.3756	0.1136	0.1968	0.3152	0.3272	0.0856	0.0968	0.0808	0.1712
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.5000	0.4504	0.0776	0.1772	0.4420	0.3488	0.1264	0.1404	0.2008	0.3920
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.3372	0.3940	0.0964	0.1388	0.3624	0.3008	0.0696	0.1052	0.0800	0.2508
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.4208	0.3792	0.0980	0.1724	0.2928	0.3356	0.0768	0.0912	0.0848	0.1296
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.5000	0.4492	0.0664	0.1480	0.4344	0.3556	0.0984	0.1300	0.1828	0.3940
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.4959	0.5610	0.2052	0.2625	0.3955	0.4835	0.1120	0.1255	0.1445	0.2512
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.5573	0.5107	0.2101	0.3442	0.3949	0.4669	0.1176	0.1274	0.1224	0.1799
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.5866	0.5161	0.1525	0.2631	0.5408	0.4425	0.1917	0.1712	0.2754	0.4410
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.4945	0.5610	0.2016	0.2506	0.3815	0.4835	0.1203	0.1241	0.1242	0.2507
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.5564	0.5207	0.1932	0.3029	0.3677	0.4771	0.1137	0.1156	0.1300	0.1460
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.5831	0.5118	0.1378	0.2426	0.5341	0.4547	0.1650	0.1710	0.2681	0.4305
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.5172	0.5840	0.2138	0.2641	0.3999	0.4858	0.1120	0.1299	0.1512	0.2564
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.5752	0.5166	0.2144	0.3502	0.3999	0.4672	0.1199	0.1275	0.1226	0.1801
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.5868	0.5332	0.1537	0.2637	0.5414	0.4526	0.1924	0.1715	0.2917	0.4433
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.5159	0.5840	0.2109	0.2521	0.3819	0.4858	0.1221	0.1269	0.1279	0.2556
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.5700	0.5247	0.2000	0.3050	0.3721	0.4773	0.1159	0.1211	0.1328	0.1496
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.5834	0.5278	0.1436	0.2471	0.5391	0.4599	0.1658	0.1789	0.2823	0.4419
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.6407	0.8191	0.2483	0.2731	0.4097	0.4901	0.1192	0.1551	0.1899	0.2725
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.6075	0.5328	0.2690	0.4249	0.4596	0.4677	0.1482	0.1511	0.1351	0.1809
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.6607	0.7112	0.1932	0.2894	0.5569	0.4988	0.2092	0.1962	0.3504	0.5923
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.6682	0.8239	0.2880	0.2845	0.3819	0.5397	0.1338	0.1507	0.1793	0.2739
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.7261	0.6255	0.2116	0.3313	0.4093	0.5770	0.1545	0.2177	0.1561	0.1635
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.6384	0.6344	0.2280	0.2633	0.5603	0.5236	0.2640	0.2397	0.3302	0.5250

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 10: Effects on Average Outcomes of Pooled Children of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -sponded	Never Su -sponded	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Summary	(01) Obs.	39	38	39	38	39	38	39	38	39	38
	(02) Control	0.4439	0.4439	0.7500	0.7500	0.4123	0.4123	0.8061	0.8061	0.4228	0.4228
	(03) Treatment	0.6717	0.7070	0.7083	0.7456	0.5683	0.5982	0.8267	0.8702	0.6450	0.6789
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.2278	0.2632	-0.0417	-0.0044	0.1561	0.1860	0.0205	0.0640	0.2222	0.2561
	(05) COLS	0.1545	0.2146	-0.1185	-0.0419	0.0348	0.0775	-0.0258	0.0680	0.1317	0.1850
	(06) AIPW	0.1566	0.2421	-0.1309	-0.0241	0.0451	0.1245	-0.0490	0.0577	0.1370	0.2175
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.0163	0.0075	0.3621	0.4856	0.0974	0.0699	0.4106	0.2280	0.0195	0.0101
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.0955	0.0276	0.1907	0.3720	0.3952	0.2835	0.4155	0.2299	0.1317	0.0532
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0668	0.0041	0.1412	0.4103	0.3354	0.1060	0.3273	0.2402	0.0900	0.0088
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.0194	0.0058	0.3614	0.4846	0.0968	0.0558	0.4174	0.2385	0.0277	0.0107
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.1236	0.0497	0.2029	0.3759	0.4014	0.2938	0.4237	0.2711	0.1682	0.0881
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.1345	0.0212	0.1991	0.4269	0.3731	0.1544	0.3650	0.2992	0.1692	0.0413
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.0196	0.0048	0.3608	0.4748	0.0888	0.0512	0.4424	0.2476	0.0296	0.0112
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.1388	0.0600	0.2112	0.3728	0.4044	0.2972	0.4196	0.2856	0.1852	0.1008
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.1096	0.0148	0.2068	0.3964	0.3504	0.1356	0.3700	0.3168	0.1452	0.0308
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0072	0.0036	0.3376	0.4856	0.0536	0.0324	0.3732	0.1484	0.0120	0.0076
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.0644	0.0156	0.1648	0.3552	0.3760	0.2380	0.4196	0.1704	0.0996	0.0320
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.1040	0.0076	0.1628	0.4464	0.3764	0.1144	0.3444	0.2008	0.1300	0.0144
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.0196	0.0108	0.3216	0.4440	0.1260	0.0888	0.4752	0.2844	0.0288	0.0156
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.1156	0.0416	0.1156	0.3104	0.4292	0.3144	0.3232	0.2756	0.1556	0.0712
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.1116	0.0276	0.1120	0.3756	0.4036	0.2160	0.2524	0.3296	0.1492	0.0468
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.0212	0.0104	0.3184	0.4432	0.1300	0.0960	0.4740	0.2848	0.0312	0.0172
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.1196	0.0376	0.1504	0.3240	0.4352	0.3252	0.3452	0.2956	0.1640	0.0728
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.1028	0.0148	0.1404	0.3740	0.3952	0.1876	0.2816	0.3356	0.1352	0.0256
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.0793	0.0661	0.5918	0.7057	0.2280	0.1772	0.4704	0.3027	0.0768	0.0643
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.1605	0.0908	0.3762	0.5619	0.4543	0.3733	0.6288	0.2933	0.1892	0.1140
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.1791	0.0759	0.3677	0.6494	0.4619	0.2716	0.5720	0.3387	0.1954	0.0936
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.0784	0.0669	0.5855	0.7057	0.2396	0.1840	0.4671	0.2987	0.0780	0.0630
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.1728	0.0913	0.4226	0.5711	0.4633	0.3756	0.6514	0.3092	0.1866	0.1135
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.1624	0.0649	0.3955	0.6482	0.4412	0.2453	0.5928	0.3447	0.1774	0.0671
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.0798	0.0699	0.5995	0.7143	0.2347	0.1775	0.4770	0.3075	0.0773	0.0644
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.1628	0.0913	0.3792	0.5718	0.4557	0.3867	0.6367	0.2984	0.1918	0.1160
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.1944	0.0787	0.3697	0.6527	0.4779	0.2771	0.5819	0.3388	0.1996	0.0953
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.0785	0.0703	0.5937	0.7143	0.2411	0.1877	0.4782	0.2995	0.0829	0.0647
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.1744	0.0934	0.4367	0.5860	0.4684	0.3887	0.6520	0.3142	0.1877	0.1167
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.1660	0.0677	0.3996	0.6513	0.4500	0.2484	0.6011	0.3464	0.1802	0.0673
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.0836	0.0793	0.6140	0.7285	0.2806	0.1785	0.6379	0.3341	0.0812	0.0648
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.1700	0.0980	0.3827	0.6180	0.5395	0.4441	0.7115	0.3559	0.2003	0.1355
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.2005	0.0985	0.3790	0.6689	0.5033	0.2792	0.6321	0.3705	0.2157	0.0983
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.0932	0.0797	0.6043	0.7285	0.2455	0.2082	0.6239	0.3259	0.1299	0.0716
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.1771	0.0970	0.5246	0.7051	0.5042	0.4422	0.6724	0.3418	0.1921	0.1262
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.1958	0.0800	0.4051	0.6772	0.5134	0.2661	0.6759	0.4022	0.1825	0.0675

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 10: Effects on Average Outcomes of Pooled Children of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Attended College	Attended College	Attended College	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	39	38	38	39	38	38	39	38	38
	(02) Control	0.4693	0.4693	0.5000	0.4175	0.4175	0.4044	0.3553	0.3553	0.3421
	(03) Treatment	0.5175	0.5447	0.5754	0.5042	0.5395	0.5526	0.4608	0.4939	0.5070
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0482	0.0754	0.0754	0.0866	0.1219	0.1482	0.1056	0.1386	0.1649
	(05) COLS	-0.0304	0.0206	0.0265	0.1374	0.2286	0.2360	0.1354	0.2162	0.2237
	(06) AIPW	-0.0134	0.0956	0.1007	0.1055	0.1922	0.2048	0.1044	0.1889	0.2042
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.3551	0.2892	0.2977	0.2548	0.1859	0.1450	0.2091	0.1548	0.1194
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.4156	0.4447	0.4320	0.1731	0.0555	0.0494	0.1585	0.0531	0.0468
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.4573	0.2034	0.2017	0.1974	0.0462	0.0379	0.1927	0.0464	0.0355
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.3472	0.2669	0.2758	0.2495	0.1718	0.1294	0.2002	0.1371	0.1012
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.4184	0.4461	0.4328	0.1797	0.0520	0.0443	0.1649	0.0476	0.0394
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.4669	0.2584	0.2558	0.2473	0.0897	0.0776	0.2343	0.0801	0.0644
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.3516	0.2664	0.2788	0.2488	0.1712	0.1280	0.1916	0.1376	0.1000
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.4040	0.4532	0.4436	0.1556	0.0432	0.0404	0.1376	0.0392	0.0336
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.4608	0.3136	0.3104	0.2384	0.0928	0.0748	0.2360	0.0896	0.0712
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.2968	0.2132	0.2252	0.2012	0.1344	0.1008	0.1532	0.1104	0.0840
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.4024	0.4184	0.4076	0.1684	0.0552	0.0460	0.1448	0.0420	0.0356
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.4632	0.1480	0.1476	0.2192	0.0700	0.0688	0.1972	0.0648	0.0532
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.3744	0.3124	0.3340	0.2580	0.1812	0.1528	0.2164	0.1604	0.1264
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.3740	0.4740	0.4704	0.1388	0.0428	0.0416	0.1452	0.0560	0.0612
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.4384	0.2900	0.2972	0.2128	0.0748	0.0732	0.2172	0.0860	0.0856
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.3736	0.3112	0.3356	0.2628	0.1840	0.1552	0.2228	0.1620	0.1284
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.3760	0.4752	0.4716	0.1712	0.0600	0.0520	0.1668	0.0640	0.0616
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.4384	0.2696	0.2764	0.2196	0.0708	0.0632	0.2256	0.0780	0.0700
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.5194	0.4590	0.4143	0.2575	0.2101	0.1601	0.2041	0.1825	0.1635
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.5281	0.5889	0.5489	0.1780	0.0909	0.0951	0.1730	0.0857	0.0979
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.5770	0.4311	0.4012	0.2381	0.1294	0.1261	0.2329	0.1148	0.1148
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.5228	0.4590	0.4168	0.2592	0.2068	0.1599	0.2117	0.1777	0.1635
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.5332	0.5963	0.5495	0.2055	0.1239	0.1102	0.1912	0.0961	0.0862
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.5774	0.4059	0.3712	0.2552	0.1358	0.1241	0.2403	0.1040	0.0992
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.5217	0.4651	0.4164	0.2577	0.2184	0.1605	0.2046	0.1889	0.1674
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.5492	0.5904	0.5523	0.1783	0.0914	0.1026	0.1862	0.0930	0.1049
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.5782	0.4425	0.4044	0.2433	0.1305	0.1273	0.2367	0.1195	0.1195
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.5235	0.4651	0.4174	0.2592	0.2090	0.1615	0.2127	0.1810	0.1640
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.5575	0.5993	0.5558	0.2061	0.1285	0.1129	0.1965	0.1007	0.0889
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.5783	0.4072	0.3719	0.2577	0.1367	0.1256	0.2407	0.1098	0.1057
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.5662	0.5134	0.4438	0.2655	0.2984	0.1836	0.2102	0.2229	0.1831
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.5708	0.5973	0.5696	0.1946	0.0949	0.1174	0.2327	0.1558	0.1678
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.6378	0.4683	0.4171	0.2973	0.1463	0.1745	0.2673	0.1455	0.1282
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.5639	0.5135	0.4565	0.2768	0.2127	0.1747	0.2555	0.1954	0.1648
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.6640	0.6341	0.5901	0.2555	0.1572	0.1306	0.2168	0.1374	0.1032
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.6544	0.4849	0.3742	0.2922	0.1702	0.1394	0.2415	0.1566	0.1713

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 10: Effects on Average Outcomes of Pooled Children of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	39	38	38	39	38	38	39	38	38
	(02) Control	0.3202	0.3202	0.3070	0.1447	0.1447	0.1491	0.7965	0.7965	0.8053
	(03) Treatment	0.4442	0.4763	0.4895	0.3425	0.3693	0.4175	0.9342	0.9307	0.9263
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1240	0.1561	0.1825	0.1978	0.2246	0.2684	0.1377	0.1342	0.1211
	(05) COLS	0.1651	0.2441	0.2515	0.1992	0.2530	0.2897	0.1507	0.1511	0.1418
	(06) AIPW	0.1368	0.2253	0.2413	0.1896	0.2759	0.3096	0.1450	0.1465	0.1348
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.1507	0.1086	0.0806	0.0284	0.0222	0.0132	0.0426	0.0475	0.0624
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.0986	0.0291	0.0249	0.0155	0.0031	0.0021	0.0590	0.0743	0.0874
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.1173	0.0186	0.0130	0.0133	0.0004	0.0003	0.0410	0.0398	0.0500
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.1489	0.0978	0.0697	0.0155	0.0078	0.0038	0.0424	0.0480	0.0637
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.1102	0.0262	0.0207	0.0176	0.0021	0.0010	0.0744	0.0934	0.1063
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.1620	0.0409	0.0305	0.0357	0.0027	0.0013	0.0890	0.0879	0.1021
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.1416	0.0940	0.0668	0.0164	0.0088	0.0040	0.0340	0.0416	0.0572
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.0924	0.0220	0.0176	0.0140	0.0028	0.0008	0.0528	0.0728	0.0892
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.1544	0.0556	0.0408	0.0424	0.0084	0.0064	0.0468	0.0528	0.0664
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.1084	0.0732	0.0544	0.0224	0.0076	0.0024	0.0020	0.0028	0.0044
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.0952	0.0256	0.0216	0.0080	0.0008	0.0008	0.0132	0.0224	0.0256
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.1384	0.0332	0.0272	0.0236	0.0008	0.0008	0.0444	0.0404	0.0468
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.1548	0.1164	0.0892	0.0280	0.0240	0.0192	0.0560	0.0640	0.0812
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.0956	0.0340	0.0380	0.0348	0.0168	0.0164	0.0532	0.0576	0.0672
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.1428	0.0516	0.0516	0.0472	0.0132	0.0140	0.0700	0.0720	0.0824
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.1552	0.1196	0.0928	0.0324	0.0280	0.0220	0.0640	0.0700	0.0872
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.1072	0.0424	0.0396	0.0252	0.0084	0.0076	0.0860	0.1044	0.1228
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.1504	0.0464	0.0404	0.0348	0.0060	0.0052	0.0844	0.0880	0.1016
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.1635	0.1349	0.1105	0.0627	0.0550	0.0455	0.0925	0.0953	0.1203
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.1013	0.0529	0.0501	0.0724	0.0469	0.0426	0.0870	0.0882	0.0954
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.1684	0.0615	0.0606	0.0919	0.0417	0.0351	0.1247	0.1133	0.1354
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.1642	0.1445	0.1064	0.0726	0.0591	0.0496	0.1089	0.1098	0.1155
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.1234	0.0656	0.0579	0.0457	0.0248	0.0242	0.1163	0.1326	0.1509
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.1784	0.0623	0.0513	0.0628	0.0276	0.0203	0.1476	0.1492	0.1565
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.1668	0.1350	0.1152	0.0638	0.0581	0.0511	0.1000	0.0990	0.1268
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.1050	0.0545	0.0517	0.0757	0.0482	0.0440	0.0883	0.0913	0.1006
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.1686	0.0633	0.0645	0.0924	0.0429	0.0353	0.1364	0.1215	0.1437
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.1692	0.1546	0.1116	0.0763	0.0593	0.0496	0.1102	0.1122	0.1190
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.1272	0.0692	0.0617	0.0479	0.0253	0.0248	0.1209	0.1327	0.1518
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.1822	0.0661	0.0536	0.0638	0.0277	0.0205	0.1644	0.1645	0.1722
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.1688	0.1458	0.1493	0.0686	0.0824	0.1066	0.1328	0.1291	0.1579
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.1138	0.0659	0.0766	0.1000	0.0494	0.0516	0.1069	0.0952	0.1275
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.2007	0.0725	0.1035	0.0937	0.0480	0.0363	0.1969	0.1429	0.1943
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.1822	0.1849	0.1446	0.0779	0.0593	0.0503	0.1212	0.1239	0.1377
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.1737	0.0830	0.0797	0.0568	0.0268	0.0278	0.1599	0.2133	0.1646
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.1948	0.0722	0.0773	0.0837	0.0279	0.0259	0.2121	0.3229	0.2160

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 10: Effects on Average Outcomes of Pooled Children of the Female Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38
	(02) Control	0.1535	0.1579	0.1009	0.1053	0.5281	0.5325	0.3658	0.3702	0.9254	0.9386
	(03) Treatment	0.1877	0.1965	0.0912	0.1000	0.6114	0.6070	0.5439	0.5351	0.8842	0.8842
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0342	0.0386	-0.0096	-0.0053	0.0833	0.0746	0.1781	0.1649	-0.0412	-0.0544
	(05) COLS	-0.0249	-0.0249	-0.0103	-0.0103	-0.0420	-0.0535	0.0619	0.0448	0.0054	-0.0122
	(06) AIPW	0.0027	0.0031	0.0130	0.0134	-0.1235	-0.1294	0.0165	0.0080	0.0153	0.0010
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.3586	0.3439	0.4422	0.4698	0.2450	0.2671	0.0658	0.0815	0.2387	0.1719
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.4067	0.4078	0.4427	0.4441	0.3638	0.3257	0.3011	0.3529	0.4663	0.4256
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.4869	0.4849	0.4099	0.4120	0.1185	0.1072	0.4345	0.4678	0.3804	0.4920
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.3314	0.3127	0.4247	0.4609	0.2625	0.2838	0.0717	0.0884	0.2409	0.1729
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.4015	0.4026	0.4349	0.4362	0.3879	0.3567	0.3338	0.3787	0.4691	0.4304
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.4888	0.4870	0.4219	0.4211	0.2304	0.2182	0.4569	0.4790	0.4119	0.4941
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.3280	0.3060	0.4164	0.4504	0.2684	0.2864	0.0724	0.0876	0.2396	0.1760
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.4120	0.4156	0.4416	0.4416	0.3856	0.3520	0.3364	0.3928	0.4688	0.4180
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.4632	0.4592	0.4888	0.5000	0.3728	0.3492	0.3160	0.3416	0.4724	0.4404
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.2972	0.2728	0.4088	0.4576	0.1916	0.2168	0.0352	0.0436	0.1588	0.0872
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.3660	0.3664	0.4200	0.4252	0.3532	0.3144	0.2748	0.3336	0.4568	0.4164
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.4920	0.4872	0.3216	0.3252	0.0816	0.0768	0.4112	0.3912	0.3320	0.4288
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.3688	0.3552	0.4512	0.4804	0.3024	0.3252	0.0872	0.1076	0.2184	0.1656
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.3856	0.3844	0.4448	0.4416	0.2932	0.2628	0.3728	0.4216	0.4980	0.3980
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.4972	0.4968	0.4252	0.4336	0.1248	0.1156	0.4948	0.4656	0.4320	0.4840
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.3696	0.3544	0.4512	0.4748	0.3008	0.3264	0.0872	0.1076	0.2132	0.1600
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.3964	0.3912	0.4476	0.4432	0.2852	0.2536	0.3676	0.4148	0.4988	0.4016
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.4984	0.4976	0.4184	0.4288	0.1112	0.1036	0.4988	0.4676	0.4252	0.4848
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.5113	0.5038	0.5872	0.6119	0.3560	0.3913	0.1893	0.2202	0.4838	0.3577
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.5206	0.5157	0.5839	0.5770	0.5735	0.5361	0.4169	0.4504	0.5268	0.5004
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.6003	0.5974	0.5202	0.5226	0.3772	0.3618	0.5151	0.5497	0.4814	0.5794
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.5134	0.5038	0.5872	0.6080	0.3600	0.3913	0.1900	0.2156	0.4595	0.3424
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.5262	0.5236	0.5874	0.5789	0.5591	0.5239	0.3950	0.4372	0.5264	0.5119
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.6000	0.5961	0.5137	0.5208	0.3584	0.3498	0.5151	0.5434	0.4731	0.5794
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.5132	0.5140	0.5942	0.6189	0.3580	0.3939	0.1908	0.2206	0.5072	0.3582
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.5221	0.5214	0.5906	0.5809	0.5790	0.5364	0.4324	0.4687	0.5389	0.5047
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.6040	0.6025	0.5203	0.5247	0.3784	0.3638	0.5294	0.5657	0.4835	0.5821
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.5154	0.5169	0.5942	0.6159	0.3619	0.3998	0.1916	0.2169	0.4771	0.3443
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.5311	0.5284	0.5940	0.5846	0.5645	0.5294	0.4044	0.4545	0.5361	0.5162
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.6040	0.6017	0.5148	0.5252	0.3589	0.3583	0.5323	0.5546	0.4747	0.5821
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.5161	0.5435	0.6177	0.6568	0.3826	0.4134	0.1990	0.2353	0.6298	0.3671
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.5409	0.5323	0.7133	0.6179	0.6009	0.5511	0.4941	0.5631	0.6206	0.5609
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.6040	0.6401	0.5213	0.5373	0.3860	0.3879	0.5685	0.6736	0.5650	0.6108
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.5188	0.6975	0.6182	0.6378	0.3815	0.4290	0.2227	0.2306	0.6319	0.4010
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.5802	0.5649	0.6322	0.8152	0.5750	0.5890	0.4327	0.5514	0.5756	0.5816
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.6111	0.6435	0.5533	0.5293	0.3702	0.4209	0.7213	0.5740	0.5288	0.6108

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 10: Effects on Average Outcomes of Pooled Children of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Summary	(01) Obs.	38	38	38	38	39	37	39	36	37	33
	(02) Control	0.5281	0.5325	0.3658	0.3702	0.8228	0.3704	0.2781	0.2609	0.0694	0.0999
	(03) Treatment	0.5851	0.5807	0.5175	0.5088	0.7217	0.4070	0.3300	0.3497	0.1719	0.2591
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0570	0.0482	0.1518	0.1386	-0.1011	0.0366	0.0519	0.0888	0.1025	0.1592
	(05) COLS	-0.0674	-0.0789	0.0366	0.0194	-0.1034	0.0533	-0.0837	0.0428	0.0901	0.1610
	(06) AIPW	-0.1392	-0.1455	0.0007	-0.0082	-0.1012	0.0279	-0.0830	0.0394	0.0905	0.1540
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.3149	0.3406	0.0934	0.1140	0.1387	0.4086	0.3347	0.2380	0.1332	0.0823
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.2835	0.2472	0.3749	0.4325	0.1046	0.3841	0.2545	0.3950	0.2517	0.1403
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0847	0.0748	0.4970	0.4656	0.1023	0.4201	0.2177	0.3839	0.2008	0.1106
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.3271	0.3515	0.0976	0.1186	0.1424	0.4060	0.3195	0.2156	0.1048	0.0610
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.3194	0.2886	0.3971	0.4450	0.1476	0.3831	0.2575	0.3873	0.2371	0.1234
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.1955	0.1829	0.4980	0.4775	0.1601	0.4342	0.2477	0.3984	0.2275	0.1346
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.3296	0.3548	0.0924	0.1116	0.1372	0.4192	0.3244	0.2328	0.1056	0.0640
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.3140	0.2844	0.4060	0.4640	0.1384	0.3824	0.2328	0.4056	0.2340	0.1288
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.3232	0.2948	0.3492	0.3860	0.1416	0.4224	0.2536	0.4308	0.2344	0.1564
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.2644	0.2964	0.0540	0.0664	0.0960	0.3664	0.2648	0.1528	0.0536	0.0168
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.2644	0.2328	0.3444	0.4064	0.0776	0.3532	0.2116	0.3448	0.2464	0.0964
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.0560	0.0540	0.3556	0.3336	0.1112	0.4316	0.1680	0.3404	0.2332	0.1096
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.3840	0.4084	0.1224	0.1508	0.1524	0.4100	0.3044	0.2048	0.1464	0.0896
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.2308	0.1996	0.4400	0.4892	0.1556	0.3936	0.2508	0.3540	0.2068	0.1088
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.1012	0.0904	0.4428	0.4240	0.1664	0.4364	0.2656	0.3616	0.2136	0.1272
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.3828	0.4064	0.1240	0.1488	0.1404	0.4076	0.3016	0.2016	0.1396	0.0912
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.2188	0.1864	0.4344	0.4864	0.1044	0.3980	0.2708	0.3720	0.2816	0.1612
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.0892	0.0776	0.4428	0.4184	0.1280	0.4332	0.2712	0.3704	0.2560	0.1656
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.4428	0.4749	0.2420	0.2804	0.2452	0.4947	0.5461	0.3328	0.2376	0.1318
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.4608	0.4253	0.4622	0.5182	0.2311	0.5096	0.3265	0.4379	0.2552	0.1422
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.3109	0.2868	0.5590	0.5839	0.2441	0.5475	0.3406	0.4487	0.2608	0.1585
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.4429	0.4741	0.2411	0.2825	0.2323	0.4931	0.5403	0.3228	0.2168	0.1210
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.4523	0.4159	0.4535	0.5118	0.1766	0.5106	0.3565	0.4565	0.3174	0.1841
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.2946	0.2752	0.5585	0.5790	0.1909	0.5430	0.3389	0.4661	0.3141	0.1863
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.4489	0.4777	0.2474	0.2813	0.2481	0.5031	0.5513	0.3364	0.2387	0.1342
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.4702	0.4279	0.4695	0.5249	0.2389	0.5237	0.3294	0.4389	0.2575	0.1525
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.3236	0.2996	0.5594	0.5851	0.2541	0.5568	0.3423	0.4503	0.2660	0.1599
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.4467	0.4774	0.2443	0.2858	0.2382	0.5014	0.5418	0.3233	0.2217	0.1238
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.4623	0.4207	0.4595	0.5196	0.1794	0.5251	0.3587	0.4584	0.3176	0.1879
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.2982	0.2832	0.5610	0.5811	0.1968	0.5550	0.3483	0.4732	0.3160	0.1922
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.4813	0.5492	0.2791	0.3077	0.2605	0.5222	0.5626	0.3445	0.2720	0.1533
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.5471	0.4354	0.5557	0.5620	0.3018	0.5332	0.3634	0.4740	0.2696	0.2057
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.3461	0.3128	0.5601	0.6046	0.3428	0.5730	0.4080	0.5039	0.3154	0.1756
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.5106	0.5525	0.2675	0.3773	0.2580	0.5176	0.5786	0.3239	0.2217	0.1388
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.5034	0.4714	0.4721	0.5196	0.1988	0.5343	0.5426	0.5179	0.3272	0.1998
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.3134	0.3593	0.5693	0.5878	0.2422	0.6757	0.4002	0.5026	0.3255	0.2123

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 11: Effects on Average Outcomes of Male Children of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -sponded	Never Su -sponded	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Summary	(01) Obs.	27	26	27	26	27	26	27	26	27	26
	(02) Control	0.2440	0.2440	0.5714	0.5714	0.1964	0.1964	0.6667	0.6667	0.1964	0.1964
	(03) Treatment	0.5064	0.4653	0.5577	0.5208	0.4167	0.3681	0.7051	0.6806	0.4615	0.4167
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.2624	0.2212	-0.0137	-0.0506	0.2202	0.1716	0.0385	0.0139	0.2651	0.2202
	(05) COLS	0.2940	0.2597	0.0200	0.0073	0.2242	0.1875	0.1160	0.1124	0.2661	0.2326
	(06) AIPW	0.3115	0.2826	0.0633	0.0446	0.2150	0.1856	0.0978	0.0867	0.2553	0.2275
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.0462	0.0800	0.4690	0.3891	0.0789	0.1348	0.4031	0.4656	0.0448	0.0803
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.0384	0.0593	0.4499	0.4827	0.0842	0.1259	0.2158	0.2315	0.0519	0.0791
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0199	0.0283	0.3294	0.3785	0.0674	0.0949	0.2318	0.2599	0.0412	0.0576
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.0451	0.0755	0.4677	0.3840	0.0769	0.1296	0.4005	0.4647	0.0427	0.0748
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.0464	0.0694	0.4527	0.4835	0.0933	0.1362	0.2276	0.2419	0.0587	0.0868
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.2457	0.2678	0.4165	0.4427	0.2414	0.2774	0.3924	0.4132	0.2431	0.2703
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.0480	0.0760	0.4572	0.3868	0.0848	0.1268	0.4036	0.4604	0.0456	0.0716
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.0572	0.0788	0.4708	0.4996	0.1032	0.1440	0.2204	0.2312	0.0724	0.0980
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.0612	0.0796	0.4036	0.4560	0.1296	0.1676	0.3168	0.3420	0.0952	0.1232
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0344	0.0556	0.4668	0.3520	0.0488	0.0884	0.3736	0.4636	0.0272	0.0488
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.0296	0.0452	0.4124	0.4628	0.0520	0.0876	0.1700	0.1924	0.0368	0.0536
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.0412	0.0532	0.2848	0.3336	0.1012	0.1356	0.2028	0.2364	0.0752	0.0912
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.0684	0.1048	0.4208	0.3348	0.1136	0.1892	0.4552	0.4932	0.0748	0.1156
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.0724	0.1028	0.4712	0.4404	0.1440	0.1992	0.2940	0.3100	0.0976	0.1340
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.0760	0.0952	0.4364	0.4700	0.1708	0.2148	0.3412	0.3664	0.1272	0.1604
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.0652	0.0988	0.4160	0.3300	0.1100	0.1776	0.4572	0.4904	0.0692	0.1124
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.0640	0.0888	0.4760	0.4424	0.1232	0.1712	0.2804	0.2988	0.0860	0.1140
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.0748	0.0896	0.4284	0.4652	0.1632	0.2096	0.3340	0.3600	0.1228	0.1456
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.0831	0.1316	0.6715	0.5991	0.1269	0.2167	0.4341	0.5026	0.0856	0.1383
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.0820	0.1227	0.5581	0.5912	0.1407	0.2095	0.3075	0.3241	0.1102	0.1508
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.0980	0.1317	0.4908	0.5261	0.1834	0.2274	0.3231	0.3482	0.1449	0.1836
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.0783	0.1296	0.6705	0.5924	0.1245	0.2039	0.4348	0.5026	0.0784	0.1320
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.0781	0.1227	0.5551	0.5860	0.1292	0.1845	0.2954	0.3195	0.0920	0.1302
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.0991	0.1198	0.4748	0.5111	0.1810	0.2263	0.3246	0.3481	0.1462	0.1715
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.0865	0.1323	0.6727	0.5992	0.1296	0.2226	0.4368	0.5032	0.0892	0.1406
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.0854	0.1247	0.5604	0.5919	0.1425	0.2149	0.3179	0.3242	0.1122	0.1564
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.1009	0.1384	0.4911	0.5287	0.1852	0.2354	0.3303	0.3506	0.1505	0.1895
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.0805	0.1344	0.6718	0.5958	0.1271	0.2061	0.4368	0.5032	0.0798	0.1350
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.0787	0.1301	0.5589	0.5885	0.1337	0.1901	0.3014	0.3239	0.0932	0.1359
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.1014	0.1230	0.4759	0.5125	0.1843	0.2313	0.3342	0.3546	0.1469	0.1776
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.1198	0.1662	0.6810	0.6051	0.1802	0.2546	0.4671	0.5333	0.1090	0.1539
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.1129	0.1923	0.5770	0.6233	0.2017	0.2848	0.3388	0.3276	0.1193	0.1891
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.1070	0.1543	0.5655	0.5615	0.1998	0.2691	0.3596	0.3694	0.2178	0.2056
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.1099	0.1942	0.6887	0.6300	0.1487	0.2126	0.5370	0.5375	0.0821	0.1555
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.1214	0.1512	0.5727	0.6249	0.1562	0.2555	0.3294	0.3457	0.1121	0.1428
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.1281	0.1697	0.4879	0.5547	0.2140	0.2368	0.3553	0.3863	0.1799	0.1985

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 11: Effects on Average Outcomes of Male Children of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Attended College	Attended College	Attended College	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	27	26	25	27	26	25	27	26	25
	(02) Control	0.2143	0.2143	0.2308	0.4583	0.4583	0.4936	0.3571	0.3571	0.3846
	(03) Treatment	0.4551	0.4097	0.4514	0.6026	0.6528	0.6528	0.4808	0.5208	0.5208
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.2408	0.1954	0.2206	0.1442	0.1944	0.1592	0.1236	0.1637	0.1362
	(05) COLS	0.2506	0.2336	0.2875	0.2196	0.2732	0.2398	0.1826	0.2320	0.2190
	(06) AIPW	0.3297	0.2994	0.3907	0.1816	0.2204	0.1681	0.1586	0.1921	0.1598
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.0690	0.1143	0.1037	0.2113	0.1392	0.1924	0.2436	0.1830	0.2314
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.0526	0.0722	0.0456	0.1308	0.0708	0.1095	0.1596	0.0922	0.1168
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0066	0.0120	0.0019	0.1391	0.0887	0.1549	0.1622	0.1111	0.1608
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.0607	0.1031	0.0926	0.2147	0.1411	0.1919	0.2432	0.1804	0.2272
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.0632	0.0839	0.0631	0.1482	0.0840	0.1266	0.1745	0.1038	0.1326
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.0903	0.1215	0.0702	0.4085	0.3938	0.4194	0.3096	0.2677	0.3144
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.0652	0.0968	0.0884	0.2148	0.1428	0.1980	0.2316	0.1748	0.2172
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.0732	0.0948	0.0740	0.1188	0.0688	0.1044	0.1596	0.0936	0.1108
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.0308	0.0580	0.0332	0.1820	0.1192	0.1824	0.2316	0.1604	0.2160
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0440	0.0824	0.0748	0.1780	0.1056	0.1536	0.2028	0.1424	0.1916
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.0432	0.0564	0.0444	0.1388	0.0776	0.1140	0.1432	0.0712	0.0980
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.0088	0.0172	0.0096	0.1916	0.1472	0.2408	0.1764	0.1376	0.1952
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.0872	0.1340	0.1192	0.2112	0.1432	0.2040	0.2676	0.2076	0.2644
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.0640	0.0832	0.0704	0.1260	0.0860	0.1228	0.1912	0.1356	0.1636
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.0256	0.0428	0.0284	0.1764	0.1460	0.2204	0.2240	0.1880	0.2448
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.0820	0.1264	0.1168	0.2084	0.1432	0.1976	0.2564	0.2036	0.2584
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.0712	0.0908	0.0620	0.1240	0.0804	0.1160	0.1724	0.1092	0.1360
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.0312	0.0448	0.0260	0.1780	0.1436	0.2192	0.2176	0.1804	0.2388
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.1748	0.2213	0.2347	0.2428	0.1602	0.2288	0.2691	0.1957	0.2531
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.0950	0.1281	0.1002	0.1948	0.1213	0.1735	0.2048	0.1528	0.1689
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.0655	0.0910	0.0751	0.2723	0.1937	0.3122	0.2329	0.1981	0.2491
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.1599	0.2077	0.2134	0.2376	0.1596	0.2181	0.2646	0.1932	0.2502
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.1023	0.1376	0.1025	0.1881	0.1193	0.1668	0.1944	0.1266	0.1415
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.0752	0.1022	0.0637	0.2757	0.1839	0.3061	0.2277	0.2003	0.2415
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.1758	0.2240	0.2408	0.2431	0.1657	0.2292	0.2703	0.1984	0.2593
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.0976	0.1305	0.1006	0.2015	0.1220	0.1750	0.2126	0.1592	0.1755
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.0669	0.0979	0.0806	0.2738	0.1996	0.3134	0.2394	0.2016	0.2521
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.1605	0.2080	0.2154	0.2384	0.1642	0.2206	0.2683	0.1950	0.2574
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.1039	0.1376	0.1070	0.1922	0.1216	0.1709	0.1980	0.1364	0.1492
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.0757	0.1022	0.0656	0.2819	0.1840	0.3087	0.2345	0.2106	0.2458
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.1791	0.2285	0.2703	0.2434	0.1885	0.2371	0.3402	0.2332	0.2839
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.1271	0.1567	0.1016	0.2524	0.1244	0.2278	0.2577	0.1751	0.2176
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.0849	0.1153	0.0893	0.2738	0.2524	0.3163	0.2908	0.2565	0.2756
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.1642	0.2105	0.2233	0.2418	0.1813	0.2956	0.3001	0.2096	0.3209
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.1040	0.1538	0.1247	0.2650	0.2153	0.2117	0.2435	0.1608	0.1752
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.1030	0.1253	0.0816	0.3127	0.2418	0.3127	0.3083	0.2707	0.2854

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 11: Effects on Average Outcomes of Male Children of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	27	26	25	27	26	25	27	26	25
	(02) Control	0.2857	0.2857	0.3077	0.0714	0.0714	0.0769	0.7262	0.7262	0.7821
	(03) Treatment	0.4551	0.4931	0.4931	0.3526	0.3819	0.4236	0.8718	0.8611	0.8611
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1694	0.2073	0.1854	0.2811	0.3105	0.3467	0.1456	0.1349	0.0791
	(05) COLS	0.1947	0.2409	0.2317	0.2995	0.3374	0.3919	0.1820	0.1834	0.1142
	(06) AIPW	0.2187	0.2479	0.2277	0.3491	0.3668	0.4238	0.1965	0.1913	0.1262
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.1622	0.1189	0.1518	0.0188	0.0133	0.0112	0.1466	0.1714	0.2815
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.1524	0.0942	0.1184	0.0362	0.0176	0.0103	0.1207	0.1237	0.2313
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0858	0.0566	0.0776	0.0058	0.0034	0.0013	0.0804	0.0871	0.1695
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.1565	0.1131	0.1440	0.0162	0.0114	0.0089	0.1431	0.1676	0.2801
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.1572	0.0958	0.1230	0.0413	0.0201	0.0137	0.1320	0.1337	0.2504
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.2450	0.2120	0.2473	0.0919	0.0774	0.0538	0.4217	0.4241	0.4500
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.1476	0.1040	0.1348	0.0164	0.0092	0.0072	0.1396	0.1640	0.2808
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.1440	0.0892	0.1092	0.0444	0.0276	0.0228	0.1032	0.1008	0.2204
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.1488	0.1036	0.1392	0.0340	0.0280	0.0232	0.1180	0.1188	0.2284
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.1152	0.0812	0.1104	0.0072	0.0072	0.0076	0.0780	0.1060	0.2376
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.1232	0.0716	0.0944	0.0364	0.0164	0.0188	0.0788	0.0832	0.1700
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.1032	0.0804	0.1216	0.0120	0.0076	0.0088	0.1288	0.1348	0.2532
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.1860	0.1432	0.1840	0.0228	0.0192	0.0196	0.1840	0.2064	0.3216
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.1788	0.1404	0.1652	0.0260	0.0176	0.0164	0.1400	0.1516	0.2700
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.1500	0.1284	0.1664	0.0124	0.0124	0.0168	0.1604	0.1620	0.2796
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.1796	0.1416	0.1792	0.0252	0.0196	0.0180	0.1872	0.2068	0.3228
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.1760	0.1240	0.1540	0.0412	0.0252	0.0184	0.1652	0.1692	0.2828
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.1528	0.1288	0.1648	0.0228	0.0216	0.0204	0.1728	0.1744	0.2896
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.2119	0.1637	0.2041	0.0611	0.0512	0.0553	0.2187	0.2626	0.3939
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.1960	0.1382	0.1657	0.0495	0.0427	0.0346	0.1820	0.1923	0.3279
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.1704	0.1521	0.1850	0.0437	0.0376	0.0422	0.2110	0.2208	0.3530
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.2091	0.1676	0.1994	0.0559	0.0430	0.0482	0.2231	0.2631	0.3964
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.1940	0.1407	0.1614	0.0701	0.0422	0.0346	0.1936	0.1973	0.3412
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.1698	0.1373	0.1754	0.0554	0.0482	0.0416	0.2278	0.2326	0.3617
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.2152	0.1641	0.2096	0.0624	0.0524	0.0559	0.2221	0.2739	0.4010
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.2061	0.1424	0.1680	0.0496	0.0441	0.0378	0.1840	0.1930	0.3349
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.1722	0.1559	0.1929	0.0470	0.0382	0.0429	0.2149	0.2286	0.3633
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.2094	0.1684	0.2065	0.0561	0.0457	0.0484	0.2243	0.2731	0.4091
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.2037	0.1467	0.1648	0.0739	0.0450	0.0378	0.1977	0.2025	0.3472
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.1755	0.1420	0.1815	0.0600	0.0483	0.0429	0.2317	0.2416	0.3708
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.2284	0.1894	0.2192	0.0641	0.0657	0.0605	0.2281	0.2996	0.4675
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.2219	0.1833	0.2056	0.0559	0.0511	0.0641	0.2213	0.2198	0.3956
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.2001	0.2508	0.2200	0.0509	0.0529	0.0662	0.3007	0.3000	0.3993
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.2365	0.1713	0.2536	0.0561	0.0597	0.0552	0.2496	0.2982	0.4760
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.2425	0.1708	0.1759	0.0806	0.0643	0.0618	0.2292	0.2341	0.3616
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.2423	0.1777	0.2095	0.0627	0.0709	0.0712	0.2541	0.2737	0.4446

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 11: Effects on Average Outcomes of Male Children of the Female Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	26	25	26	25	26	25	26	25	26	25
	(02) Control	0.0714	0.0769	0.0714	0.0769	0.2857	0.3077	0.1786	0.1923	0.8214	0.8846
	(03) Treatment	0.1528	0.1528	0.1250	0.1250	0.2778	0.2778	0.2778	0.2778	0.8125	0.8125
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0813	0.0759	0.0536	0.0481	-0.0079	-0.0299	0.0992	0.0855	-0.0089	-0.0721
	(05) COLS	0.0790	0.0914	0.0555	0.0689	-0.0891	-0.1225	0.0710	0.0499	0.0883	-0.0015
	(06) AIPW	0.1438	0.1624	0.1047	0.1229	-0.1283	-0.1513	0.0233	0.0005	0.1119	0.0369
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.2400	0.2614	0.3200	0.3420	0.4816	0.4326	0.2708	0.3043	0.4742	0.2840
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.2686	0.2483	0.3327	0.3040	0.2915	0.2310	0.3408	0.3913	0.2987	0.4961
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0633	0.0541	0.1391	0.1180	0.1851	0.1445	0.4367	0.4986	0.1879	0.3758
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.2145	0.2360	0.3038	0.3265	0.4815	0.4319	0.2660	0.2994	0.4732	0.2726
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.2695	0.2587	0.3318	0.3101	0.3075	0.2557	0.3450	0.3969	0.3078	0.4963
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.3429	0.3246	0.3845	0.3658	0.3395	0.3218	0.4701	0.4994	0.3572	0.4526
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.2052	0.2296	0.3176	0.3420	0.4776	0.4272	0.2700	0.3020	0.4672	0.2636
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.2684	0.2564	0.3456	0.3224	0.3036	0.2424	0.3360	0.3912	0.2816	0.4940
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.1444	0.1196	0.2472	0.2052	0.3308	0.3012	0.3920	0.4388	0.2584	0.4216
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.1812	0.2240	0.3232	0.3548	0.4848	0.4236	0.2112	0.2552	0.4804	0.2400
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.2716	0.2508	0.3776	0.3412	0.2592	0.2036	0.3156	0.3700	0.2700	0.4952
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.1112	0.0840	0.2420	0.1924	0.1600	0.1524	0.4860	0.4388	0.2160	0.4044
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.2516	0.2784	0.3328	0.3564	0.4320	0.3916	0.3404	0.3748	0.4552	0.2636
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.2572	0.2344	0.3292	0.2960	0.2464	0.2036	0.4224	0.4652	0.2876	0.4764
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.1248	0.0892	0.2096	0.1612	0.1980	0.1768	0.4752	0.4272	0.2348	0.4144
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.2400	0.2640	0.3308	0.3508	0.4320	0.3916	0.3404	0.3756	0.4480	0.2592
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.2776	0.2568	0.3420	0.3136	0.2352	0.1840	0.4152	0.4584	0.3084	0.4764
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.1432	0.1080	0.2288	0.1864	0.1972	0.1648	0.4756	0.4272	0.2328	0.4160
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.3517	0.3794	0.4175	0.4440	0.5583	0.4831	0.3930	0.4407	0.6919	0.4678
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.3055	0.2758	0.3724	0.3420	0.4878	0.4027	0.4500	0.5210	0.3472	0.5620
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.1759	0.1425	0.2696	0.2146	0.3955	0.3627	0.5633	0.6091	0.2925	0.4989
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.3329	0.3526	0.4139	0.4345	0.5583	0.4831	0.3930	0.4376	0.6820	0.4623
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.3249	0.3142	0.3915	0.3663	0.4712	0.3709	0.4404	0.5063	0.3521	0.5620
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.1981	0.1657	0.3011	0.2520	0.3909	0.3664	0.5645	0.6091	0.2830	0.4984
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.3591	0.3897	0.4198	0.4454	0.5594	0.4857	0.4012	0.4409	0.6937	0.4696
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.3126	0.2883	0.3773	0.3465	0.4955	0.4109	0.4548	0.5216	0.3587	0.5656
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.1769	0.1464	0.2726	0.2193	0.3975	0.3663	0.5658	0.6222	0.2956	0.5017
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.3444	0.3569	0.4159	0.4355	0.5594	0.4857	0.4012	0.4388	0.6849	0.4633
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.3252	0.3168	0.3948	0.3739	0.4755	0.3752	0.4421	0.5071	0.3676	0.5656
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.2023	0.1679	0.3013	0.2538	0.3988	0.3763	0.5693	0.6222	0.2951	0.5013
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.4667	0.4104	0.4225	0.5317	0.6379	0.5159	0.4066	0.4756	0.6965	0.4928
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.3545	0.3123	0.4548	0.3693	0.4967	0.4887	0.4888	0.5960	0.5070	0.6065
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.2153	0.1874	0.2984	0.2633	0.4132	0.3762	0.5699	0.7221	0.3753	0.5097
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.4015	0.4151	0.4214	0.4756	0.6379	0.5159	0.4066	0.4841	0.6879	0.4766
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.3551	0.3688	0.4113	0.4240	0.4814	0.4145	0.5212	0.5757	0.4534	0.6064
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.3002	0.1835	0.3422	0.2774	0.4212	0.4722	0.6086	0.7221	0.3203	0.5212

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 11: Effects on Average Outcomes of Male Children of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Summary	(01) Obs.	26	25	26	25	27	26	27	27	26	25
	(02) Control	0.2857	0.3077	0.1786	0.1923	0.8571	0.3846	0.2500	0.2434	0.0714	0.0833
	(03) Treatment	0.2778	0.2778	0.2778	0.2778	0.8333	0.4231	0.4744	0.3682	0.2917	0.2449
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.0079	-0.0299	0.0992	0.0855	-0.0238	0.0385	0.2244	0.1248	0.2202	0.1616
	(05) COLS	-0.0891	-0.1225	0.0710	0.0499	-0.0351	0.0597	0.0922	0.0596	0.1955	0.1736
	(06) AIPW	-0.1283	-0.1513	0.0233	0.0005	-0.0244	0.0048	0.0981	0.1324	0.1955	0.2428
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.4816	0.4326	0.2708	0.3043	0.4266	0.4223	0.1005	0.2092	0.0684	0.1195
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.2915	0.2310	0.3408	0.3913	0.3890	0.3924	0.2931	0.3898	0.1305	0.1824
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.1851	0.1445	0.4367	0.4986	0.4149	0.4885	0.2524	0.2048	0.0985	0.0597
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.4815	0.4319	0.2660	0.2994	0.4199	0.4207	0.0867	0.1863	0.0596	0.1060
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.3075	0.2557	0.3450	0.3969	0.3847	0.3974	0.3013	0.3870	0.1390	0.1819
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.3395	0.3218	0.4701	0.4994	0.4706	0.4977	0.4303	0.4105	0.2228	0.1689
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.4776	0.4272	0.2700	0.3020	0.4220	0.4408	0.0836	0.1896	0.0564	0.1064
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.3036	0.2424	0.3360	0.3912	0.3484	0.3668	0.3168	0.4092	0.1504	0.2040
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.3308	0.3012	0.3920	0.4388	0.4040	0.4312	0.2672	0.3304	0.1480	0.1864
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.4848	0.4236	0.2112	0.2552	0.4180	0.3768	0.0604	0.1352	0.0248	0.0428
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.2592	0.2036	0.3156	0.3700	0.4144	0.4076	0.2252	0.3376	0.0996	0.1412
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.1600	0.1524	0.4860	0.4388	0.4492	0.4476	0.2572	0.1592	0.0948	0.0680
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.4320	0.3916	0.3404	0.3748	0.4476	0.4152	0.1012	0.1868	0.0864	0.1208
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.2464	0.2036	0.4224	0.4652	0.4192	0.3828	0.2848	0.3304	0.1388	0.1404
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.1980	0.1768	0.4752	0.4272	0.4456	0.4864	0.2908	0.1912	0.1496	0.0896
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.4320	0.3916	0.3404	0.3756	0.4476	0.4136	0.1008	0.1836	0.0872	0.1236
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.2352	0.1840	0.4152	0.4584	0.4092	0.3848	0.2816	0.3556	0.1572	0.2048
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.1972	0.1648	0.4756	0.4272	0.4392	0.4852	0.2924	0.2148	0.1820	0.1504
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.5583	0.4831	0.3930	0.4407	0.5550	0.5628	0.2370	0.3676	0.1481	0.1820
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.4878	0.4027	0.4500	0.5210	0.4862	0.4963	0.3766	0.4570	0.1719	0.1953
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.3955	0.3627	0.5633	0.6091	0.5239	0.5981	0.3480	0.3397	0.1947	0.1649
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.5583	0.4831	0.3930	0.4376	0.5550	0.5628	0.2263	0.3565	0.1443	0.1715
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.4712	0.3709	0.4404	0.5063	0.4825	0.5022	0.3592	0.4830	0.1917	0.2691
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.3909	0.3664	0.5645	0.6091	0.5143	0.5938	0.3557	0.3663	0.2281	0.2218
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.5594	0.4857	0.4012	0.4409	0.5554	0.5630	0.2396	0.3802	0.1538	0.1888
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.4955	0.4109	0.4548	0.5216	0.4908	0.4988	0.3958	0.4590	0.1725	0.2010
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.3975	0.3663	0.5658	0.6222	0.5263	0.5993	0.3494	0.3445	0.1950	0.1719
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.5594	0.4857	0.4012	0.4388	0.5554	0.5630	0.2288	0.3667	0.1455	0.1765
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.4755	0.3752	0.4421	0.5071	0.4858	0.5029	0.3670	0.4840	0.1977	0.2760
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.3988	0.3763	0.5693	0.6222	0.5193	0.5947	0.3594	0.3734	0.2311	0.2237
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.6379	0.5159	0.4066	0.4756	0.5830	0.5954	0.2495	0.4072	0.2214	0.2231
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.4967	0.4887	0.4888	0.5960	0.5064	0.5168	0.4955	0.4714	0.2482	0.2104
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.4132	0.3762	0.5699	0.7221	0.6009	0.6124	0.3828	0.3564	0.2424	0.1997
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.6379	0.5159	0.4066	0.4841	0.5830	0.5954	0.2325	0.3667	0.2128	0.2481
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.4814	0.4145	0.5212	0.5757	0.5287	0.5404	0.4025	0.5602	0.2444	0.3019
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.4212	0.4722	0.6086	0.7221	0.5662	0.6602	0.3750	0.3842	0.2472	0.2465

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 12: Effects on Average Outcomes of Female Children of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -sponded	Never Su -sponded	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Summary	(01) Obs.	32	31	32	31	32	31	32	31	32	31
	(02) Control	0.5313	0.5313	0.7500	0.7500	0.5000	0.5000	0.8438	0.8438	0.5313	0.5313
	(03) Treatment	0.7031	0.7500	0.8125	0.8667	0.6406	0.6833	0.8750	0.9333	0.7031	0.7500
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1719	0.2188	0.0625	0.1167	0.1406	0.1833	0.0313	0.0896	0.1719	0.2188
	(05) COLS	0.1166	0.1889	-0.0117	0.0765	0.0492	0.1079	-0.0263	0.0686	0.1166	0.1889
	(06) AIPW	0.1388	0.2646	-0.0278	0.0701	0.0837	0.2051	-0.0557	0.0465	0.1388	0.2646
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.1242	0.0738	0.3491	0.2386	0.2083	0.1545	0.3894	0.1938	0.1242	0.0738
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.2441	0.1241	0.4733	0.3249	0.3951	0.2839	0.4208	0.2555	0.2441	0.1241
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.1907	0.0268	0.4280	0.3076	0.3074	0.0869	0.3154	0.2996	0.1907	0.0268
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.1244	0.0619	0.3364	0.2047	0.1817	0.1099	0.3961	0.2012	0.1244	0.0619
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.2637	0.1538	0.4729	0.3197	0.3941	0.2830	0.4289	0.2968	0.2637	0.1538
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.2503	0.0723	0.4417	0.3407	0.3385	0.1226	0.3627	0.3630	0.2503	0.0723
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.1228	0.0596	0.3448	0.2116	0.1732	0.0988	0.4148	0.2100	0.1228	0.0596
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.2760	0.1708	0.4960	0.3136	0.3988	0.2848	0.4544	0.2880	0.2760	0.1708
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.2172	0.0652	0.4532	0.3244	0.3108	0.1096	0.3812	0.3324	0.2172	0.0652
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0708	0.0332	0.3160	0.1924	0.1372	0.0900	0.3616	0.1496	0.0708	0.0332
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.2000	0.0916	0.4516	0.3176	0.3692	0.2256	0.3956	0.2684	0.2000	0.0916
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.2376	0.0424	0.4280	0.3340	0.3340	0.0820	0.3296	0.3748	0.2376	0.0424
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.1236	0.0776	0.3944	0.2888	0.2024	0.1500	0.4288	0.2336	0.1236	0.0776
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.2284	0.1244	0.4348	0.3456	0.3832	0.2624	0.3740	0.2688	0.2284	0.1244
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.2048	0.0708	0.3792	0.3832	0.3196	0.1464	0.2912	0.3448	0.2048	0.0708
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.1208	0.0784	0.3944	0.2940	0.2052	0.1532	0.4288	0.2364	0.1208	0.0784
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.2388	0.1292	0.4404	0.3696	0.3896	0.2800	0.3864	0.2908	0.2388	0.1292
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.2256	0.0704	0.3816	0.3892	0.3336	0.1484	0.3108	0.3492	0.2256	0.0704
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.2599	0.1750	0.4207	0.3441	0.3737	0.3070	0.4437	0.2915	0.2599	0.1750
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.3623	0.2518	0.6812	0.3910	0.5020	0.4197	0.6157	0.3343	0.3623	0.2518
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.3616	0.1897	0.6842	0.4093	0.4645	0.2911	0.5350	0.3948	0.3616	0.1897
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.2573	0.1863	0.4207	0.3504	0.3775	0.3132	0.4437	0.2915	0.2573	0.1863
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.3728	0.2750	0.6881	0.4217	0.5122	0.4410	0.6198	0.3565	0.3728	0.2750
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.3890	0.2014	0.6842	0.4174	0.4811	0.3007	0.5501	0.4108	0.3890	0.2014
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.2651	0.1772	0.4285	0.3450	0.3784	0.3263	0.4471	0.2925	0.2651	0.1772
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.3745	0.2552	0.6847	0.3910	0.5041	0.4206	0.6315	0.3368	0.3745	0.2552
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.3746	0.1916	0.6854	0.4128	0.4706	0.2951	0.5401	0.3956	0.3746	0.1916
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.2661	0.1894	0.4285	0.3513	0.3847	0.3351	0.4471	0.2925	0.2661	0.1894
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.3755	0.2789	0.6924	0.4250	0.5134	0.4452	0.6249	0.3597	0.3755	0.2789
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.3954	0.2107	0.6854	0.4215	0.4884	0.3054	0.5572	0.4159	0.3954	0.2107
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.2689	0.1963	0.4629	0.3496	0.3984	0.3456	0.4713	0.3143	0.2689	0.1963
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.4124	0.2693	0.6947	0.3912	0.5144	0.4750	0.7193	0.3851	0.4124	0.2693
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.4099	0.2057	0.7225	0.4436	0.4953	0.3284	0.5517	0.5267	0.4099	0.2057
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.2970	0.1929	0.5001	0.3646	0.4851	0.3640	0.4713	0.3225	0.2970	0.1929
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.3981	0.2883	0.7036	0.4521	0.5310	0.5884	0.6542	0.3759	0.3981	0.2883
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.4276	0.2378	0.6995	0.4546	0.4931	0.3314	0.5931	0.5086	0.4276	0.2378

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 12: Effects on Average Outcomes of Female Children of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Attended College	Attended College	Attended College	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	32	31	31	32	31	31	32	31	31
	(02) Control	0.5417	0.5417	0.5625	0.3854	0.3854	0.3646	0.3542	0.3542	0.3333
	(03) Treatment	0.6042	0.6444	0.6444	0.3750	0.4000	0.4111	0.3750	0.4000	0.4111
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0625	0.1028	0.0819	-0.0104	0.0146	0.0465	0.0208	0.0458	0.0778
	(05) COLS	0.0134	0.0798	0.0703	0.0196	0.0885	0.1014	0.0345	0.0960	0.1089
	(06) AIPW	0.0332	0.1395	0.1262	-0.0218	-0.0082	0.0127	-0.0056	0.0080	0.0290
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.3578	0.2837	0.3258	0.4749	0.4667	0.3979	0.4505	0.3976	0.3341
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.4723	0.3433	0.3602	0.4540	0.3184	0.2926	0.4190	0.2999	0.2741
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.4216	0.1896	0.2149	0.4420	0.4784	0.4669	0.4850	0.4789	0.4243
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.3503	0.2625	0.3101	0.4727	0.4626	0.3863	0.4469	0.3867	0.3183
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.4719	0.3393	0.3576	0.4538	0.3043	0.2775	0.4182	0.2859	0.2590
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.4342	0.2321	0.2599	0.4509	0.4826	0.4738	0.4876	0.4834	0.4410
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.3532	0.2664	0.3116	0.4624	0.4716	0.3984	0.4600	0.3976	0.3288
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.4704	0.3468	0.3624	0.4104	0.2592	0.2396	0.3792	0.2484	0.2288
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.4360	0.2376	0.2736	0.4408	0.4876	0.4240	0.4800	0.4588	0.4004
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.3108	0.2252	0.2680	0.4812	0.4468	0.3596	0.4172	0.3548	0.2732
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.4760	0.3060	0.3260	0.4808	0.3352	0.3004	0.4404	0.3096	0.2788
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.4216	0.1612	0.1788	0.4404	0.4452	0.4880	0.4964	0.4980	0.4632
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.3812	0.2988	0.3476	0.4864	0.4556	0.4020	0.4480	0.3884	0.3312
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.4932	0.3504	0.3744	0.4248	0.2820	0.2720	0.4100	0.2804	0.2708
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.4532	0.2520	0.2860	0.4596	0.4924	0.4584	0.4936	0.4736	0.4420
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.3804	0.3008	0.3468	0.4824	0.4536	0.3940	0.4512	0.3892	0.3284
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.4960	0.3616	0.3824	0.4248	0.2968	0.2796	0.4128	0.2916	0.2764
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.4568	0.2508	0.2824	0.4608	0.4928	0.4568	0.4936	0.4744	0.4388
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.4477	0.3839	0.3806	0.6959	0.4856	0.4318	0.4664	0.4270	0.3807
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.5564	0.4625	0.4473	0.5056	0.3728	0.3800	0.4626	0.3603	0.3357
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.4983	0.3381	0.3230	0.6021	0.5961	0.5629	0.6679	0.5328	0.4965
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.4469	0.3739	0.3806	0.6949	0.4856	0.4298	0.4699	0.4278	0.3786
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.5564	0.4610	0.4625	0.5089	0.3880	0.3870	0.4688	0.3676	0.3336
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.5016	0.3444	0.3269	0.6069	0.6020	0.5629	0.6679	0.5309	0.4934
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.4529	0.3941	0.3903	0.6967	0.4947	0.4335	0.4769	0.4314	0.3826
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.5621	0.4659	0.4474	0.5243	0.3870	0.3806	0.4712	0.3655	0.3413
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.4993	0.3386	0.3241	0.6025	0.5988	0.5791	0.6684	0.5387	0.5008
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.4538	0.3797	0.3932	0.6958	0.4947	0.4311	0.4767	0.4324	0.3806
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.5621	0.4641	0.4659	0.5282	0.3924	0.3878	0.4741	0.3680	0.3341
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.5024	0.3465	0.3313	0.6077	0.6080	0.5791	0.6684	0.5349	0.4976
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.4779	0.4252	0.4415	0.7020	0.5534	0.4519	0.5134	0.4586	0.4207
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.5903	0.4694	0.4563	0.6184	0.4321	0.4559	0.5809	0.3999	0.3604
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.5263	0.3399	0.3334	0.6195	0.6220	0.6372	0.6718	0.5709	0.5253
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.5013	0.4189	0.5172	0.7083	0.5534	0.4484	0.5629	0.4683	0.4164
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.6263	0.4948	0.4694	0.6264	0.4257	0.4000	0.5282	0.3882	0.3797
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.5069	0.3631	0.3539	0.6205	0.6425	0.6372	0.6718	0.5684	0.5236

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 12: Effects on Average Outcomes of Female Children of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	32	31	31	32	31	31	32	31	31
	(02) Control	0.2917	0.2917	0.2708	0.2083	0.2083	0.2083	0.7708	0.7708	0.7813
	(03) Treatment	0.3750	0.4000	0.4111	0.3021	0.3222	0.3444	0.9635	0.9611	0.9500
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0833	0.1083	0.1403	0.0938	0.1139	0.1361	0.1927	0.1903	0.1688
	(05) COLS	0.1164	0.1849	0.1978	0.0896	0.1329	0.1489	0.1964	0.2024	0.1851
	(06) AIPW	0.0743	0.0879	0.1096	0.0646	0.0781	0.0892	0.1834	0.1862	0.1698
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.3058	0.2660	0.2153	0.2719	0.2427	0.2096	0.0301	0.0323	0.0515
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.2407	0.1552	0.1362	0.2748	0.2029	0.1804	0.0350	0.0394	0.0571
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.3058	0.2768	0.2309	0.3197	0.2883	0.2650	0.0331	0.0312	0.0435
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.2923	0.2432	0.1917	0.2512	0.2124	0.1772	0.0256	0.0277	0.0449
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.2482	0.1436	0.1257	0.2765	0.1974	0.1744	0.0437	0.0526	0.0701
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.3336	0.3173	0.2807	0.3500	0.3319	0.3147	0.0808	0.0782	0.0938
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.2852	0.2412	0.1952	0.2488	0.2096	0.1748	0.0212	0.0240	0.0408
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.2148	0.1276	0.1144	0.2564	0.1788	0.1552	0.0336	0.0392	0.0556
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.3196	0.2744	0.2296	0.3344	0.2892	0.2624	0.0280	0.0268	0.0416
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.2676	0.2148	0.1644	0.2324	0.1876	0.1504	0.0040	0.0040	0.0076
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.2320	0.1588	0.1352	0.2716	0.1884	0.1600	0.0112	0.0136	0.0200
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.2916	0.3132	0.2832	0.3320	0.3436	0.3224	0.0456	0.0452	0.0488
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.3304	0.2748	0.2248	0.2704	0.2384	0.2064	0.0420	0.0484	0.0760
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.2460	0.1484	0.1432	0.2840	0.2124	0.2020	0.0496	0.0488	0.0592
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.3484	0.3360	0.3060	0.3584	0.3396	0.3292	0.0628	0.0644	0.0708
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.3204	0.2824	0.2288	0.2680	0.2344	0.2052	0.0552	0.0588	0.0772
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.2488	0.1672	0.1516	0.2788	0.2120	0.1924	0.0564	0.0628	0.0808
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.3460	0.3336	0.2936	0.3560	0.3360	0.3148	0.0744	0.0768	0.0896
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.3539	0.3116	0.2606	0.3492	0.3238	0.2971	0.0890	0.0914	0.1106
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.2841	0.2018	0.2025	0.3845	0.3402	0.3252	0.1150	0.1065	0.1271
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.3754	0.3809	0.3589	0.4217	0.4433	0.4263	0.1374	0.1281	0.1459
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.3490	0.3153	0.2642	0.3434	0.3228	0.2953	0.1062	0.1130	0.1131
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.2892	0.2214	0.2136	0.3789	0.3381	0.3211	0.1143	0.1200	0.1427
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.3755	0.3679	0.3394	0.4224	0.4387	0.4181	0.1409	0.1385	0.1554
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.3587	0.3129	0.2654	0.3630	0.3303	0.3010	0.0901	0.0925	0.1157
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.2853	0.2035	0.2048	0.3847	0.3409	0.3266	0.1194	0.1101	0.1323
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.3786	0.3870	0.3607	0.4229	0.4533	0.4269	0.1380	0.1288	0.1496
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.3529	0.3166	0.2687	0.3563	0.3255	0.3116	0.1094	0.1148	0.1138
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.2914	0.2259	0.2189	0.3799	0.3435	0.3310	0.1171	0.1203	0.1445
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.3755	0.3726	0.3399	0.4282	0.4466	0.4234	0.1423	0.1397	0.1560
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.4034	0.3706	0.3328	0.3697	0.3884	0.3606	0.1538	0.1041	0.1540
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.3368	0.2193	0.2429	0.4002	0.3667	0.3306	0.1953	0.1331	0.1706
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.3983	0.4431	0.3975	0.4257	0.4778	0.4307	0.1392	0.1334	0.1533
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.4531	0.6407	0.3003	0.3736	0.5442	0.3958	0.1648	0.1345	0.1496
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.3291	0.2563	0.2560	0.3848	0.3628	0.3558	0.1305	0.1270	0.1545
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.3996	0.4646	0.3753	0.4387	0.4541	0.4584	0.1845	0.1642	0.1613

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 12: Effects on Average Outcomes of Female Children of the Female Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31
	(02) Control	0.2083	0.2083	0.1458	0.1458	0.6771	0.6771	0.4583	0.4583	0.9375	0.9375
	(03) Treatment	0.1889	0.2000	0.0556	0.0667	0.7278	0.7167	0.5833	0.5611	0.9667	0.9667
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.0194	-0.0083	-0.0903	-0.0792	0.0507	0.0396	0.1250	0.1028	0.0292	0.0292
	(05) COLS	-0.0544	-0.0463	-0.0823	-0.0743	0.0138	0.0011	0.0475	0.0222	0.0584	0.0584
	(06) AIPW	-0.0896	-0.0852	-0.1015	-0.0961	-0.1275	-0.1320	0.0040	-0.0113	0.0634	0.0654
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.4426	0.4756	0.1577	0.1975	0.3504	0.3827	0.1964	0.2474	0.3417	0.3417
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.3554	0.3769	0.2148	0.2415	0.4663	0.4972	0.3859	0.4475	0.2543	0.2543
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.2397	0.2550	0.1353	0.1505	0.1596	0.1538	0.4882	0.4674	0.1799	0.1855
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.4345	0.4719	0.1259	0.1656	0.3624	0.3920	0.2012	0.2501	0.3339	0.3339
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.3505	0.3727	0.2078	0.2345	0.4705	0.4976	0.4000	0.4539	0.2488	0.2488
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.2832	0.2967	0.1862	0.2050	0.2736	0.2664	0.4921	0.4782	0.2332	0.2295
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.4328	0.4720	0.1140	0.1544	0.3628	0.3996	0.2036	0.2524	0.4020	0.4020
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.3536	0.3812	0.2116	0.2432	0.4596	0.4904	0.4116	0.4596	0.3712	0.3712
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.3172	0.3368	0.1448	0.1672	0.4068	0.3960	0.3712	0.4040	0.3584	0.3580
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.4316	0.4716	0.0420	0.0872	0.3216	0.3596	0.1440	0.2008	0.4368	0.4368
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.3100	0.3392	0.1060	0.1456	0.4732	0.4964	0.3732	0.4336	0.2732	0.2732
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.1784	0.1916	0.0996	0.1132	0.1140	0.1116	0.3860	0.3552	0.2524	0.2484
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.4632	0.4888	0.2100	0.2536	0.3940	0.4256	0.1988	0.2520	0.4288	0.4288
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.3776	0.3904	0.2504	0.2820	0.4868	0.4492	0.4000	0.4580	0.2828	0.2828
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.2916	0.3024	0.2120	0.2268	0.1692	0.1624	0.4960	0.4760	0.2972	0.2964
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.4596	0.4804	0.2112	0.2440	0.3928	0.4216	0.1956	0.2492	0.4264	0.4264
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.3784	0.3936	0.2760	0.2968	0.4824	0.4492	0.4008	0.4596	0.3124	0.3124
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.2900	0.3048	0.2360	0.2440	0.1692	0.1640	0.4960	0.4740	0.3148	0.3136
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.5561	0.5719	0.3304	0.3592	0.4564	0.5076	0.4234	0.4716	0.4667	0.4667
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.4664	0.4909	0.3448	0.3757	0.5896	0.6437	0.5314	0.5984	0.3375	0.3375
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.4179	0.4338	0.3268	0.3462	0.3913	0.3823	0.6827	0.5818	0.3481	0.3495
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.5481	0.5623	0.3218	0.3534	0.4614	0.5067	0.4140	0.4689	0.4660	0.4660
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.4596	0.4880	0.3659	0.3860	0.5986	0.6437	0.5273	0.5978	0.3417	0.3417
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.4154	0.4358	0.3521	0.3562	0.3990	0.3936	0.6827	0.5803	0.3493	0.3461
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.5596	0.5853	0.3332	0.3631	0.4620	0.5100	0.4320	0.4749	0.4681	0.4681
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.4778	0.4985	0.3478	0.3923	0.5902	0.6474	0.5356	0.5990	0.3450	0.3450
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.4237	0.4380	0.3286	0.3540	0.3967	0.3932	0.6858	0.5878	0.3586	0.3596
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.5541	0.5661	0.3285	0.3685	0.4636	0.5124	0.4230	0.4732	0.4706	0.4706
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.4758	0.4992	0.3688	0.4008	0.5997	0.6474	0.5301	0.5980	0.3525	0.3525
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.4198	0.4359	0.3536	0.3672	0.3994	0.3950	0.6882	0.5852	0.3557	0.3507
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.6880	0.7137	0.3783	0.3860	0.5005	0.5424	0.4647	0.4886	0.4950	0.4950
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.5267	0.5306	0.3547	0.3923	0.6081	0.6818	0.5626	0.6120	0.4081	0.4081
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.4492	0.4553	0.3389	0.3712	0.4686	0.4710	0.6902	0.6026	0.3884	0.4236
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.5800	0.6255	0.3674	0.4278	0.4971	0.5174	0.4425	0.5091	0.4856	0.4856
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.4961	0.5596	0.3793	0.4579	0.6282	0.6818	0.5413	0.6065	0.3728	0.3728
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.4658	0.4686	0.3583	0.4204	0.4186	0.3984	0.7173	0.6008	0.4137	0.3897

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

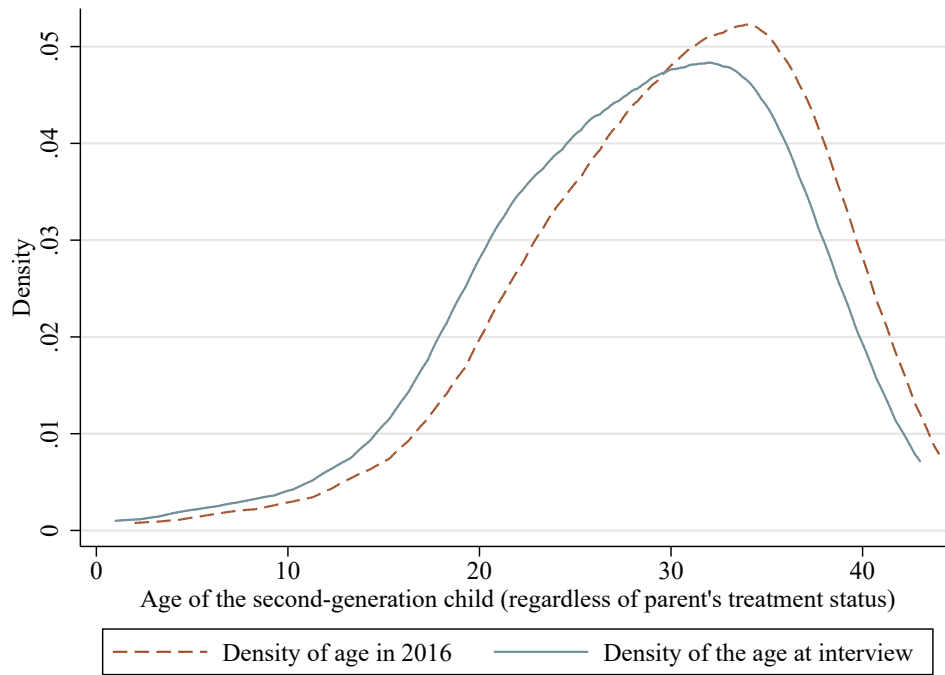
Table 12: Effects on Average Outcomes of Female Children of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)/Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Summary	(01) Obs.	31	31	31	31	31	30	32	29	30	26
	(02) Control	0.6771	0.6771	0.4583	0.4583	0.7556	0.3778	0.3333	0.3099	0.0889	0.1311
	(03) Treatment	0.6944	0.6833	0.5500	0.5278	0.6406	0.4222	0.2917	0.4259	0.2111	0.3433
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0174	0.0062	0.0917	0.0694	-0.1149	0.0444	-0.0417	0.1160	0.1222	0.2123
	(05) COLS	-0.0168	-0.0294	0.0169	-0.0083	-0.0987	0.0324	-0.0954	0.1035	0.1263	0.2083
	(06) AIPW	-0.1455	-0.1499	-0.0141	-0.0295	-0.1021	0.0010	-0.0968	0.0790	0.1256	0.2115
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.4472	0.4810	0.2609	0.3185	0.1688	0.3971	0.3864	0.2136	0.1533	0.0687
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.4586	0.4274	0.4579	0.4798	0.1933	0.4336	0.2789	0.2567	0.2056	0.0840
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.1242	0.1195	0.4578	0.4133	0.1763	0.4973	0.2505	0.2817	0.1770	0.0573
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.4510	0.4823	0.2605	0.3164	0.1964	0.3966	0.3774	0.1853	0.1261	0.0483
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.4634	0.4359	0.4629	0.4821	0.2525	0.4348	0.2781	0.2383	0.1873	0.0747
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.2399	0.2328	0.4714	0.4407	0.2775	0.4980	0.2846	0.3193	0.1959	0.3011
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.4548	0.4856	0.2576	0.3124	0.1848	0.4104	0.3740	0.1896	0.1192	0.0508
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.4748	0.4460	0.4696	0.4720	0.2344	0.4184	0.2628	0.2416	0.1852	0.0724
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.3600	0.3528	0.4092	0.4396	0.2588	0.4808	0.2744	0.3232	0.2148	0.0924
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.4380	0.4820	0.2048	0.2672	0.1456	0.3576	0.3444	0.1340	0.0584	0.0276
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.4452	0.4108	0.4476	0.4856	0.1912	0.4268	0.2504	0.1924	0.1524	0.0556
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.1004	0.0960	0.3416	0.3032	0.2152	0.4836	0.2372	0.2612	0.1688	0.0784
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.4976	0.4864	0.2700	0.3252	0.1616	0.4300	0.4192	0.1796	0.1684	0.0784
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.4116	0.3768	0.4768	0.4728	0.1924	0.4740	0.2976	0.2188	0.1964	0.1024
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.1428	0.1396	0.4684	0.4396	0.1856	0.4768	0.3016	0.2896	0.1956	0.1112
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.4944	0.4808	0.2616	0.3212	0.1536	0.4264	0.4100	0.1800	0.1644	0.0796
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.4164	0.3844	0.4760	0.4736	0.1652	0.4756	0.3088	0.2316	0.2252	0.1040
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.1436	0.1376	0.4676	0.4344	0.1840	0.4772	0.3172	0.3020	0.2372	0.1280
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.5766	0.6156	0.5037	0.5655	0.3290	0.4735	0.5045	0.2638	0.2229	0.1028
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.6579	0.6142	0.6036	0.5901	0.3048	0.5447	0.3766	0.2905	0.2392	0.1406
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.3574	0.3479	0.5784	0.5455	0.3186	0.6139	0.3839	0.3834	0.2660	0.1472
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.5757	0.6134	0.4919	0.5557	0.3194	0.4650	0.4946	0.2669	0.2157	0.1082
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.6595	0.6237	0.6057	0.5901	0.2791	0.5398	0.3899	0.3125	0.2679	0.1289
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.3700	0.3536	0.5818	0.5413	0.3162	0.6139	0.3905	0.3969	0.3144	0.1532
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.5790	0.6178	0.5059	0.5698	0.3311	0.4769	0.5081	0.2696	0.2264	0.1050
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.6623	0.6152	0.6060	0.5913	0.3086	0.5517	0.3805	0.2929	0.2514	0.1412
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.3662	0.3487	0.5885	0.5461	0.3187	0.6165	0.3857	0.3856	0.2680	0.1543
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.5777	0.6145	0.4942	0.5569	0.3207	0.4719	0.5035	0.2728	0.2282	0.1116
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.6630	0.6249	0.6078	0.5913	0.2870	0.5451	0.4005	0.3133	0.2720	0.1296
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.3765	0.3663	0.5872	0.5456	0.3163	0.6165	0.4007	0.3969	0.3190	0.1630
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.5867	0.6285	0.5149	0.5976	0.3645	0.5360	0.5992	0.2781	0.3158	0.1172
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.7084	0.6193	0.6232	0.6153	0.4161	0.7004	0.4531	0.3489	0.3429	0.1576
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.4034	0.3494	0.6767	0.5779	0.3581	0.6273	0.3968	0.3918	0.2839	0.1800
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.6022	0.6187	0.5138	0.5627	0.3242	0.4906	0.6051	0.3426	0.4037	0.1382
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.6931	0.6448	0.6130	0.6153	0.3148	0.6423	0.4592	0.3511	0.2980	0.1514
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.4477	0.4086	0.6737	0.5771	0.3632	0.6387	0.4242	0.4248	0.3675	0.1954

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Figure 1: Second-Generation Children's Ages at Interview and in 2016

(a) Combined sample of treated and untreated second-generation children



(b) Uncombined samples of treated and untreated second-generation children

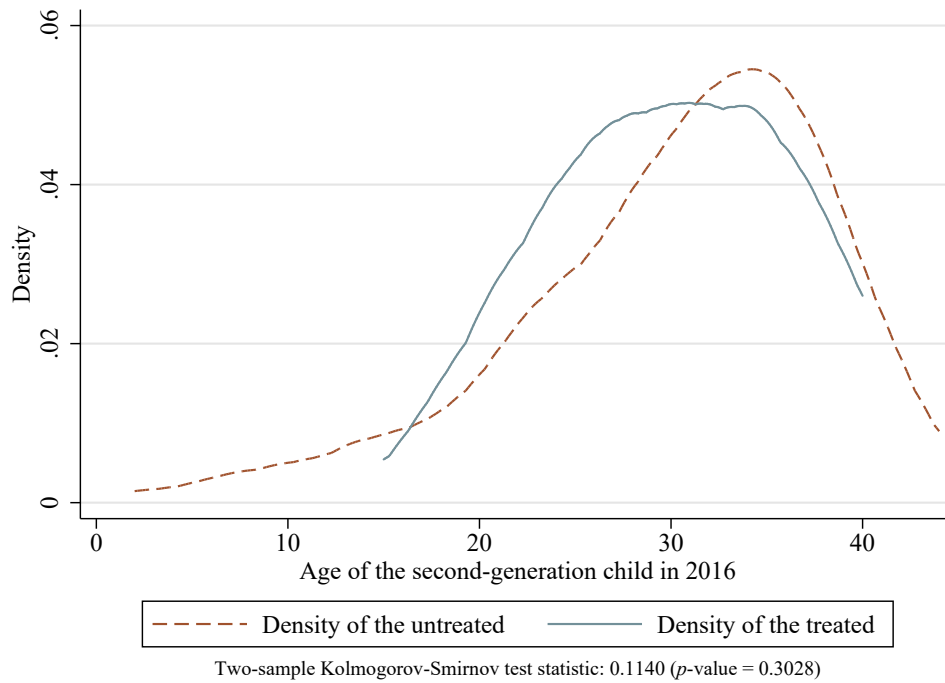
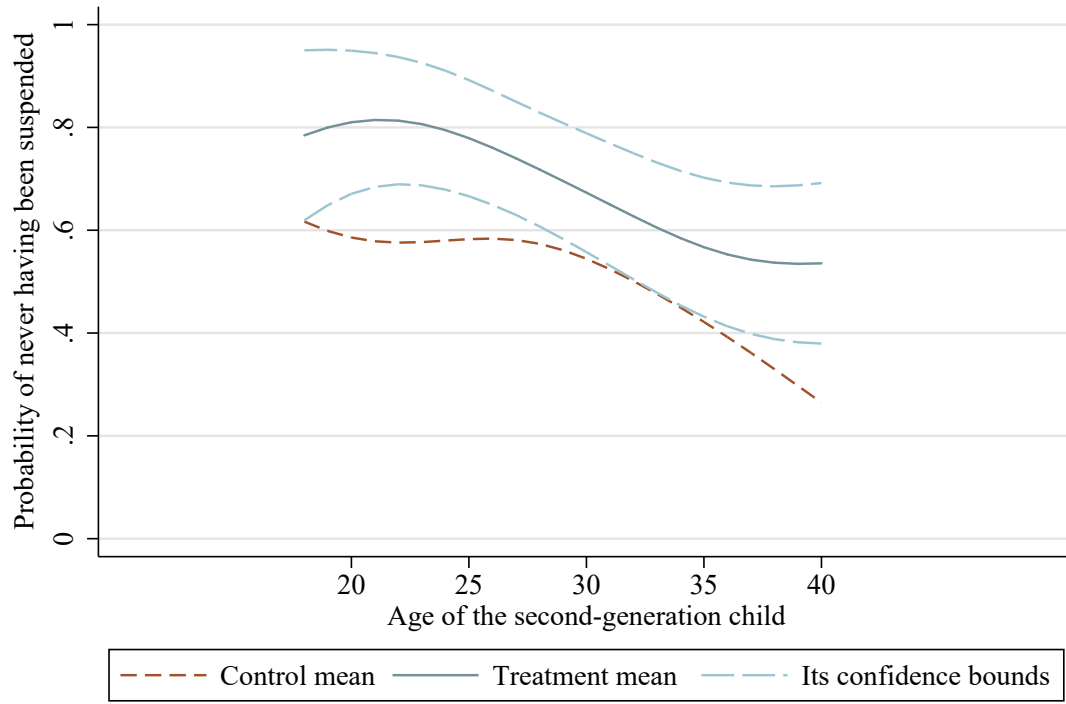


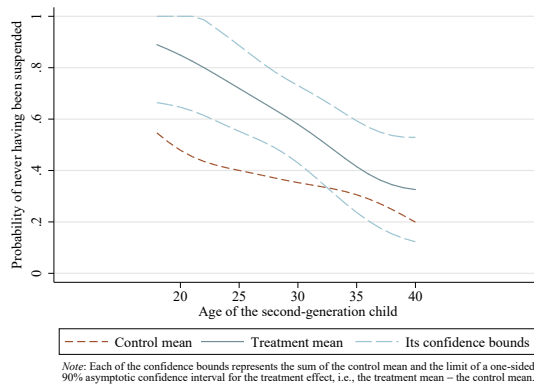
Figure 2: Probability of Never Having Been Suspended

(a) Pooled children of pooled participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(b) Male children of pooled participants



(c) Female children of pooled participants

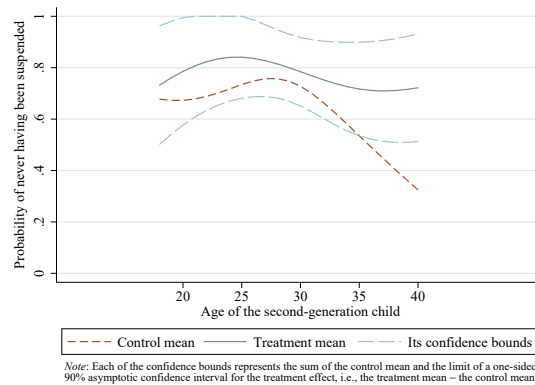
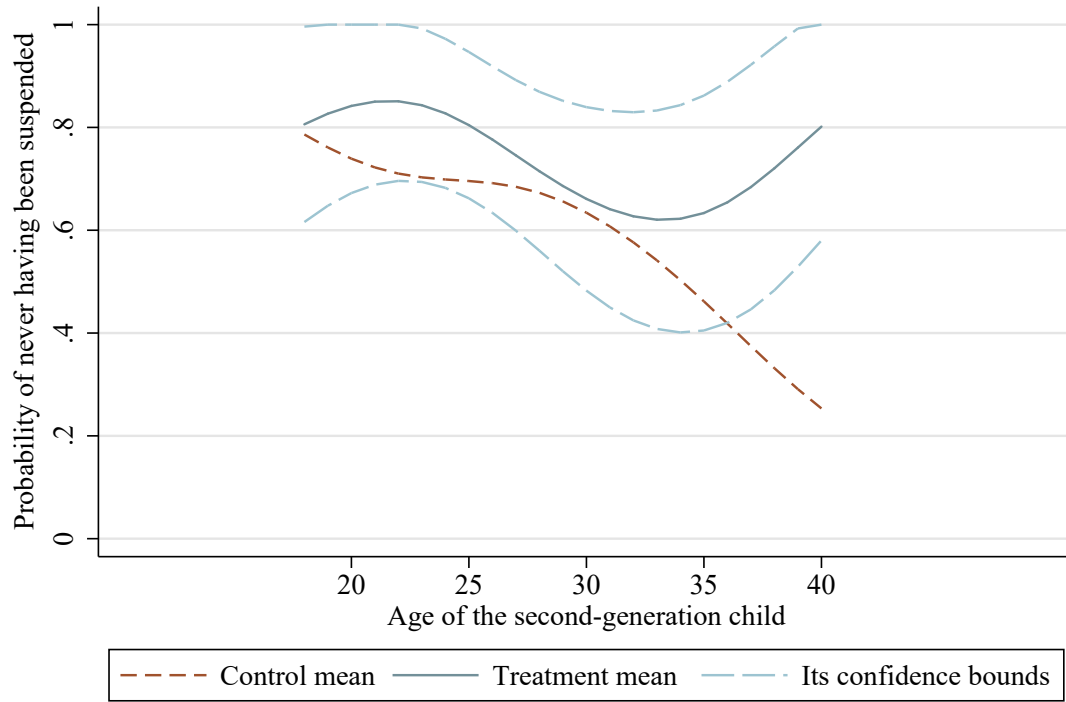


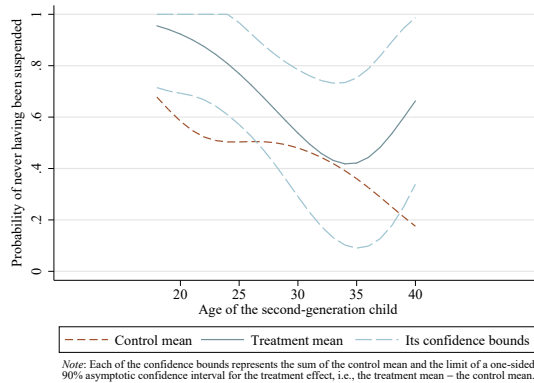
Figure 2: Probability of Never Having Been Suspended

(d) Pooled children of male participants



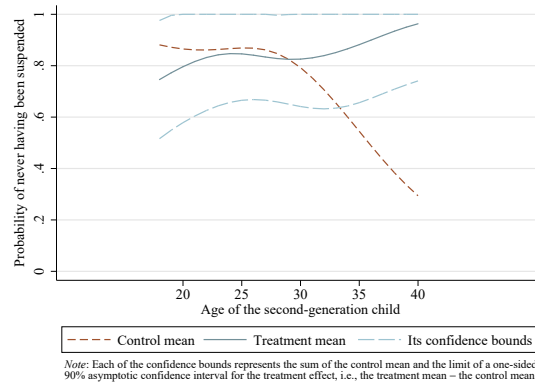
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(e) Male children of male participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

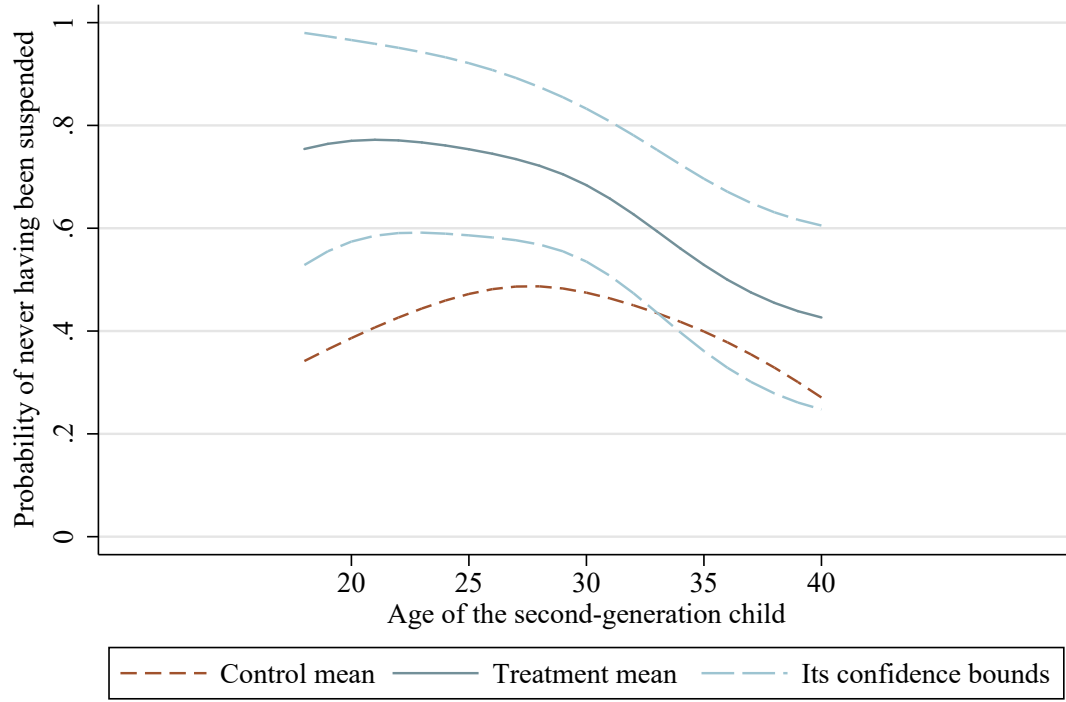
(f) Female children of male participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

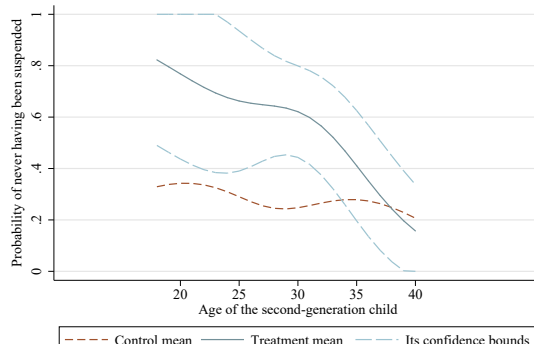
Figure 2: Probability of Never Having Been Suspended

(g) Pooled children of female participants



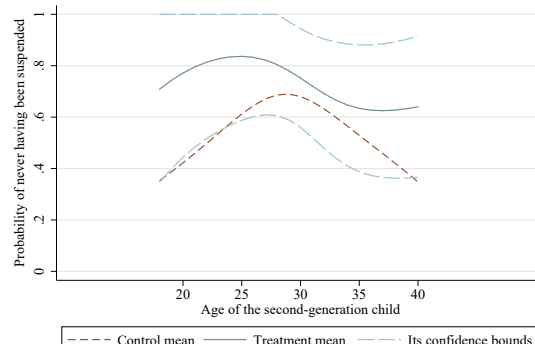
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(h) Male children of female participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

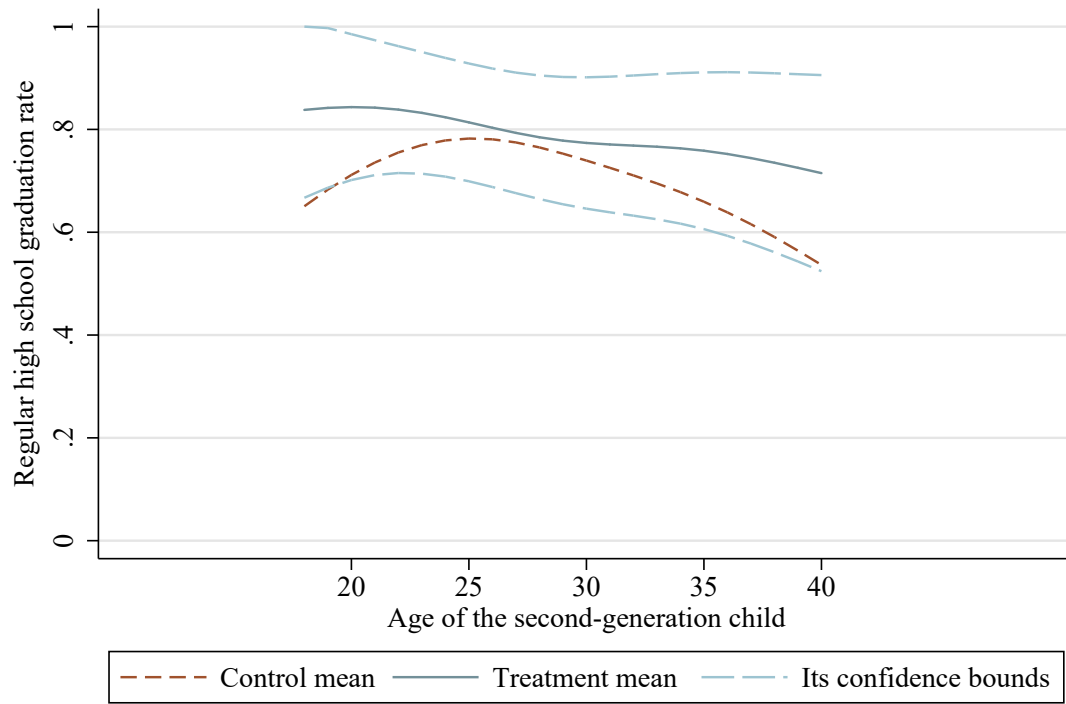
(i) Female children of female participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

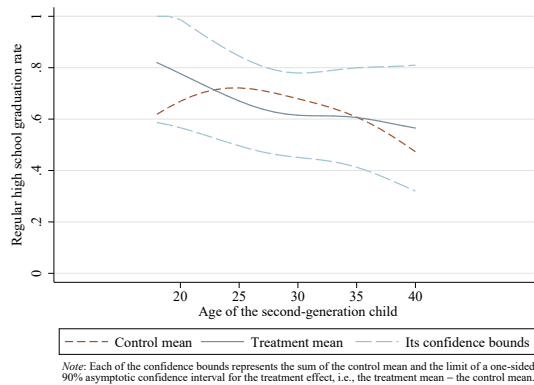
Figure 3: Regular High School Graduation Rate

(a) Pooled children of pooled participants



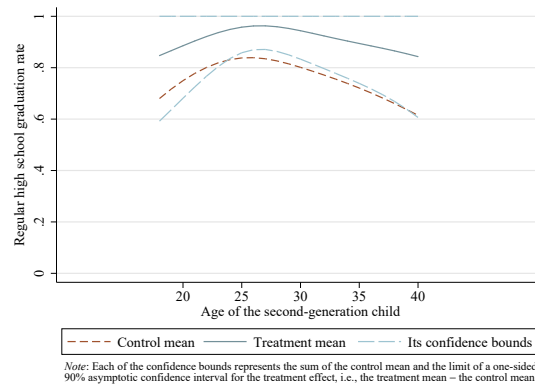
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(b) Male children of pooled participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

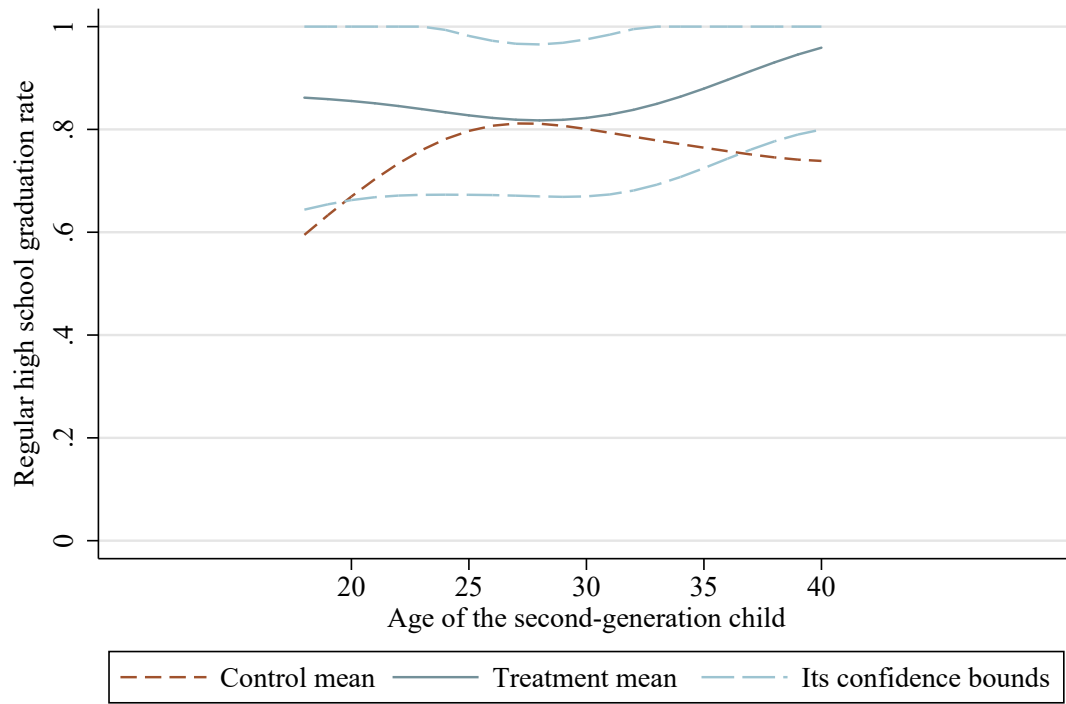
(c) Female children of pooled participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

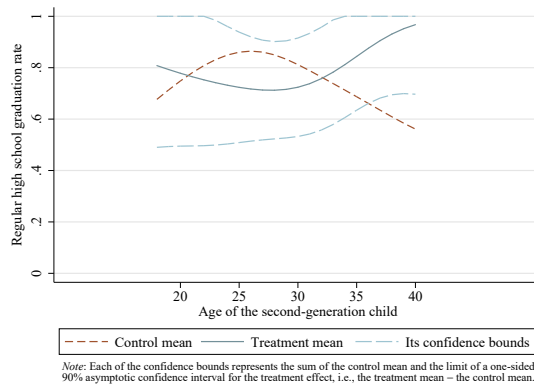
Figure 3: Regular High School Graduation Rate

(d) Pooled children of male participants



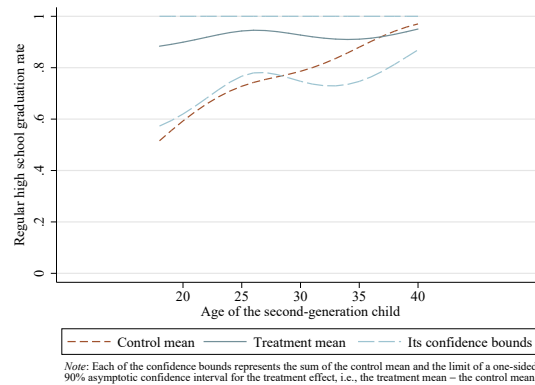
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(e) Male children of male participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

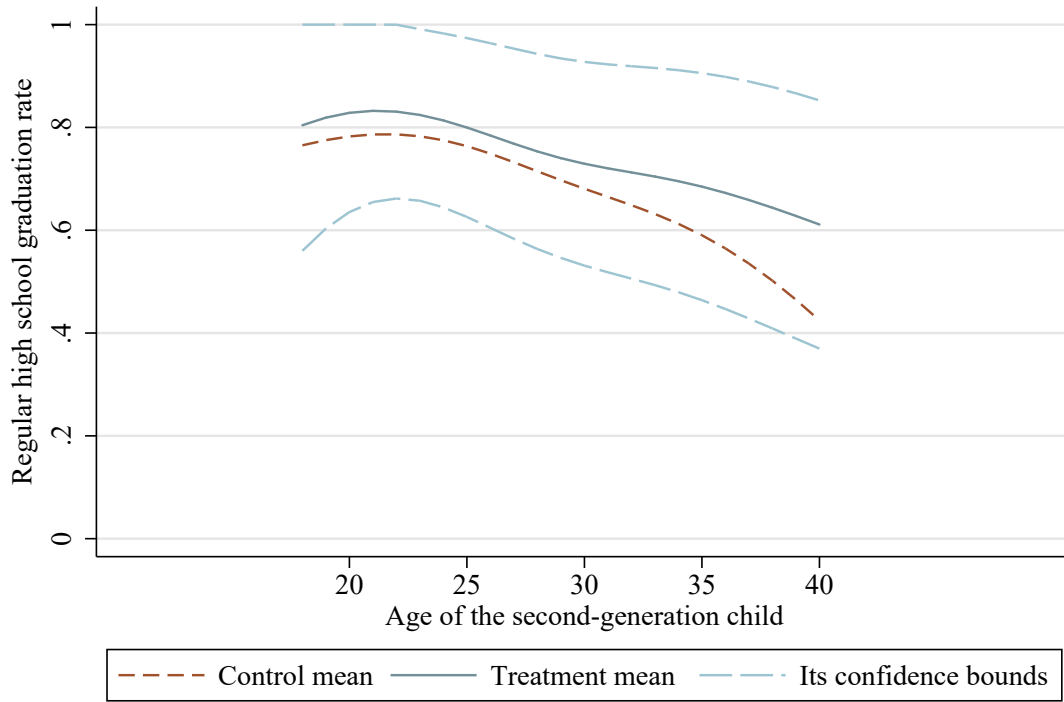
(f) Female children of male participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

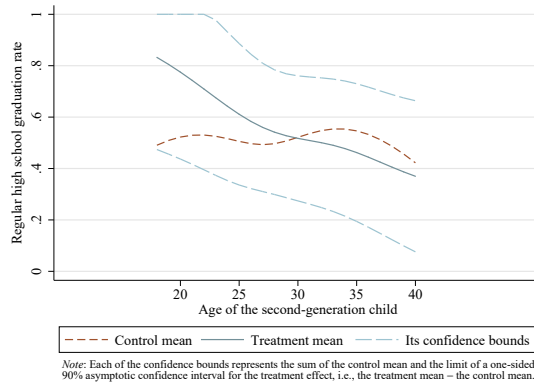
Figure 3: Regular High School Graduation Rate

(g) Pooled children of female participants



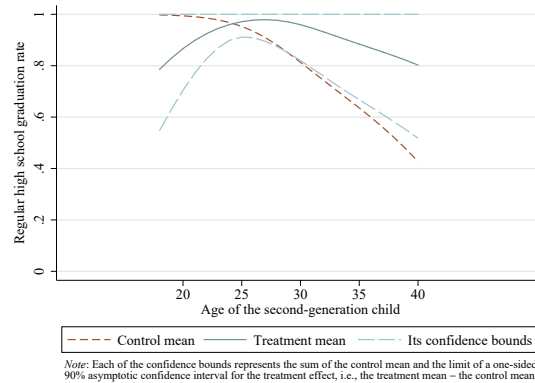
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(h) Male children of female participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

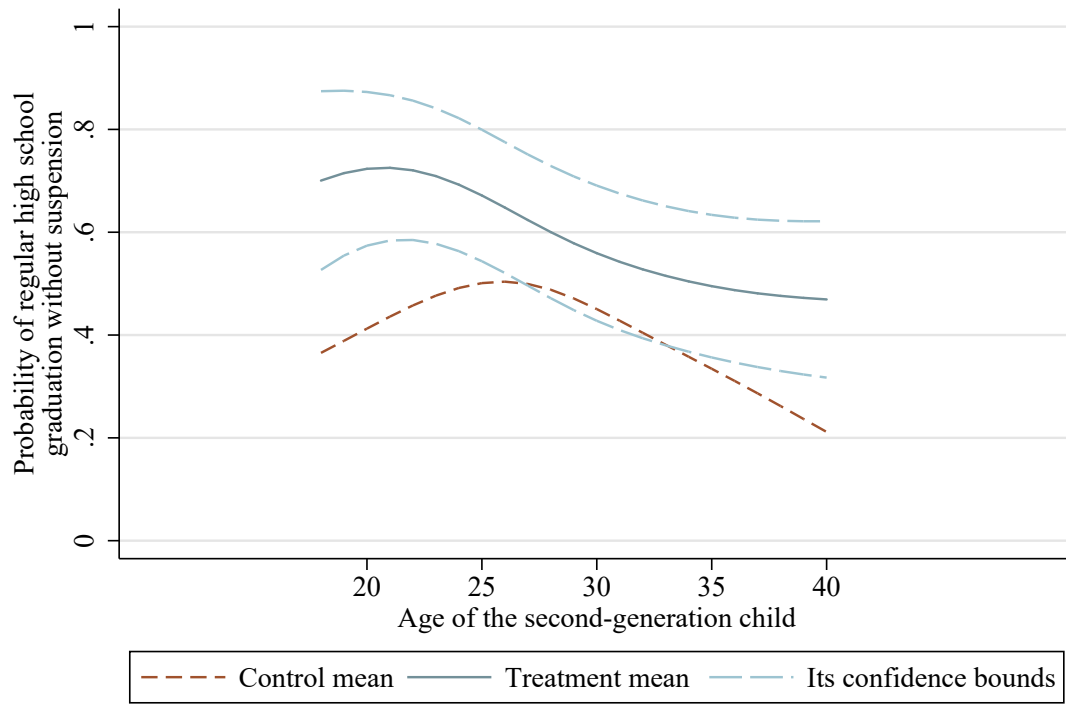
(i) Female children of female participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

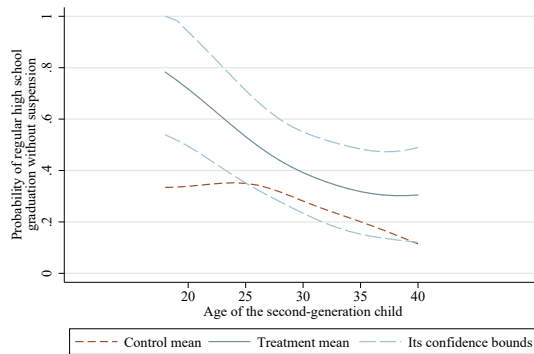
Figure 4: Probability of Regular High School Graduation Without Suspension

(a) Pooled children of pooled participants



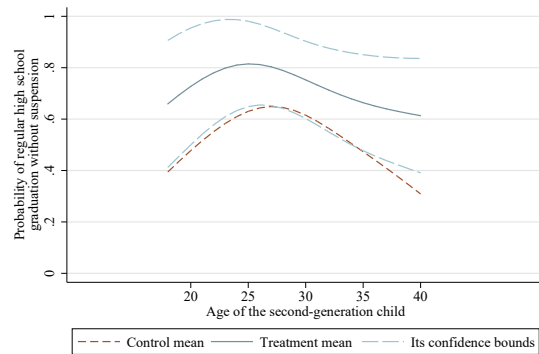
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(b) Male children of pooled participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

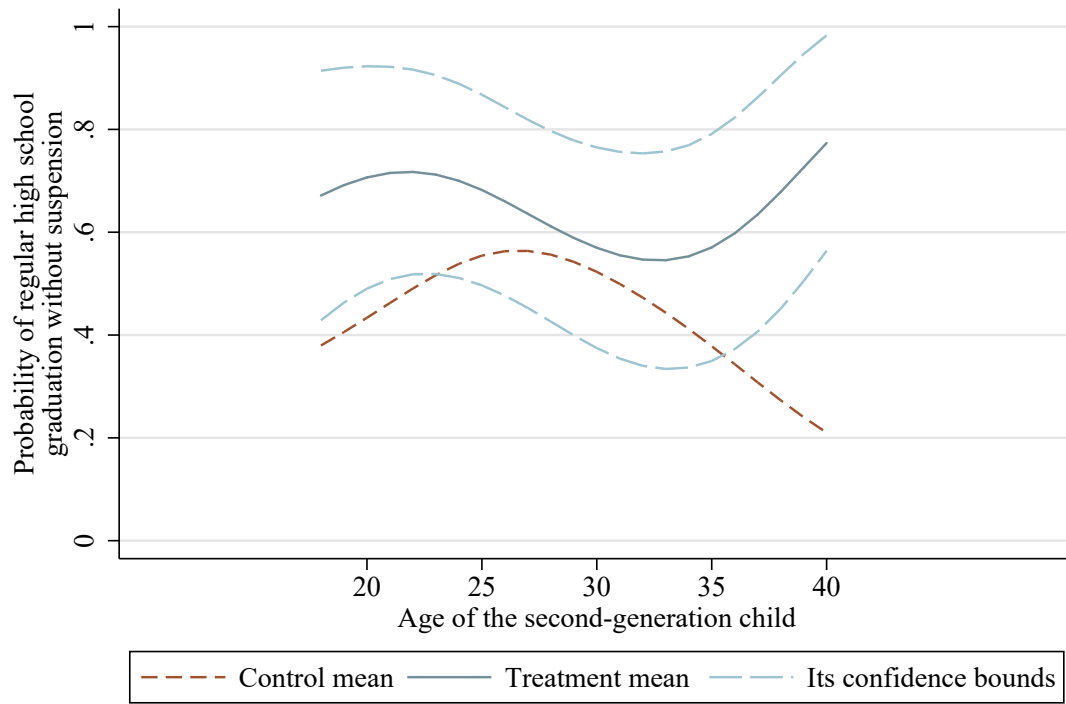
(c) Female children of pooled participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

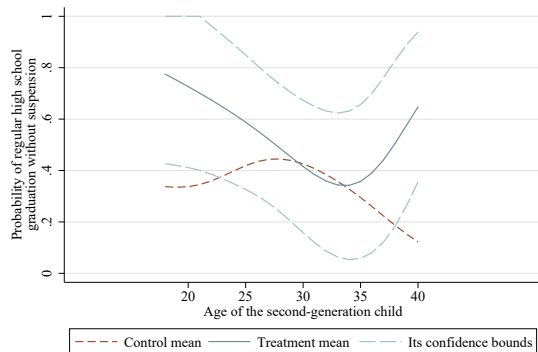
Figure 4: Probability of Regular High School Graduation Without Suspension

(d) Pooled children of male participants



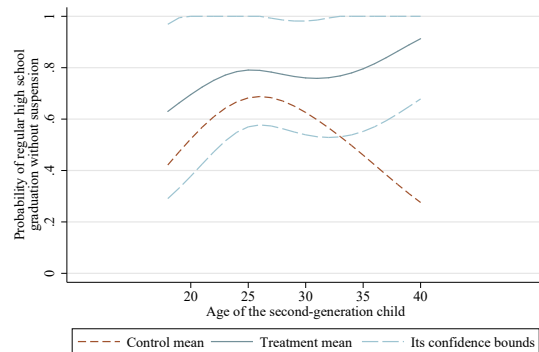
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(e) Male children of male participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

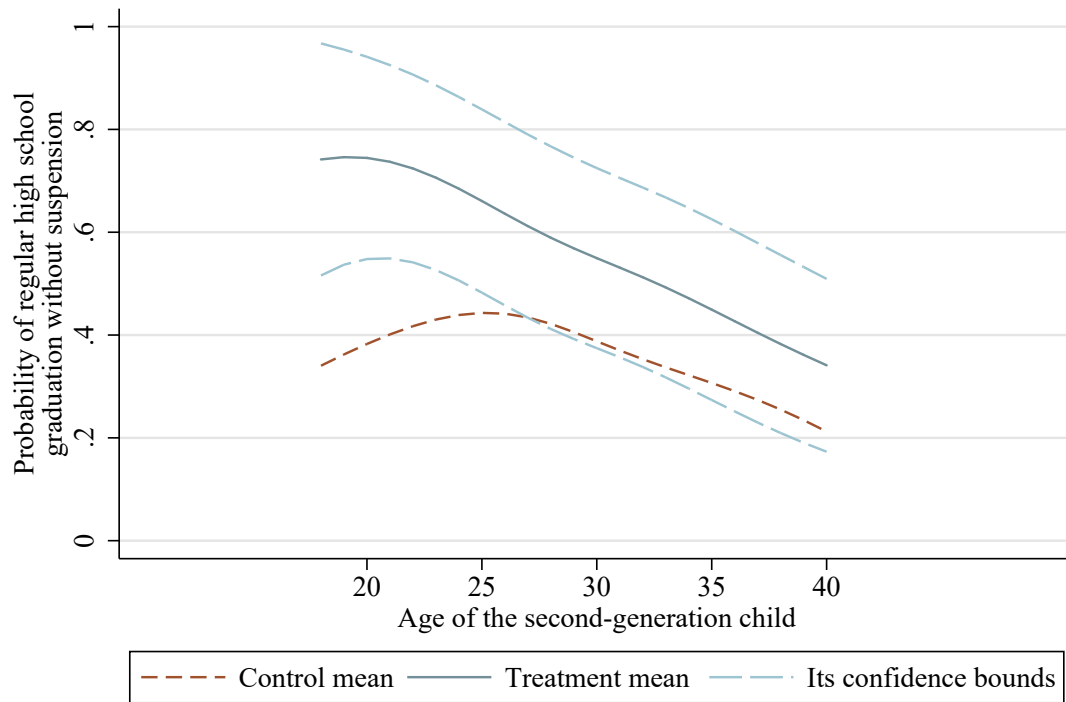
(f) Female children of male participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

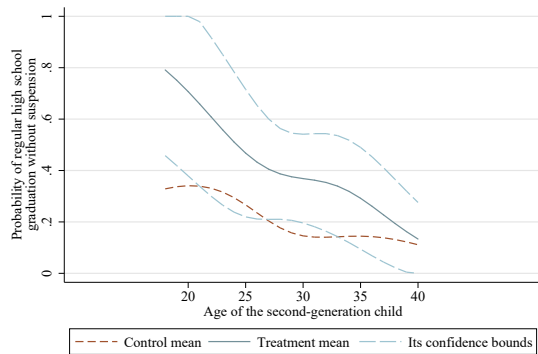
Figure 4: Probability of Regular High School Graduation Without Suspension

(g) Pooled children of female participants



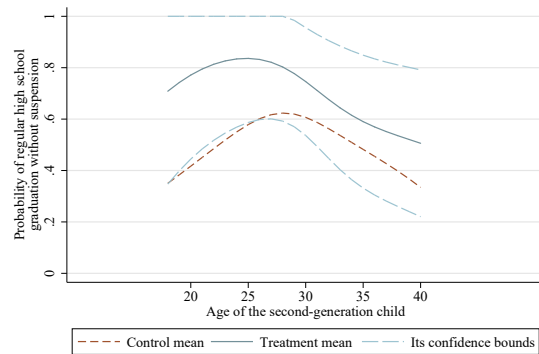
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(h) Male children of female participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

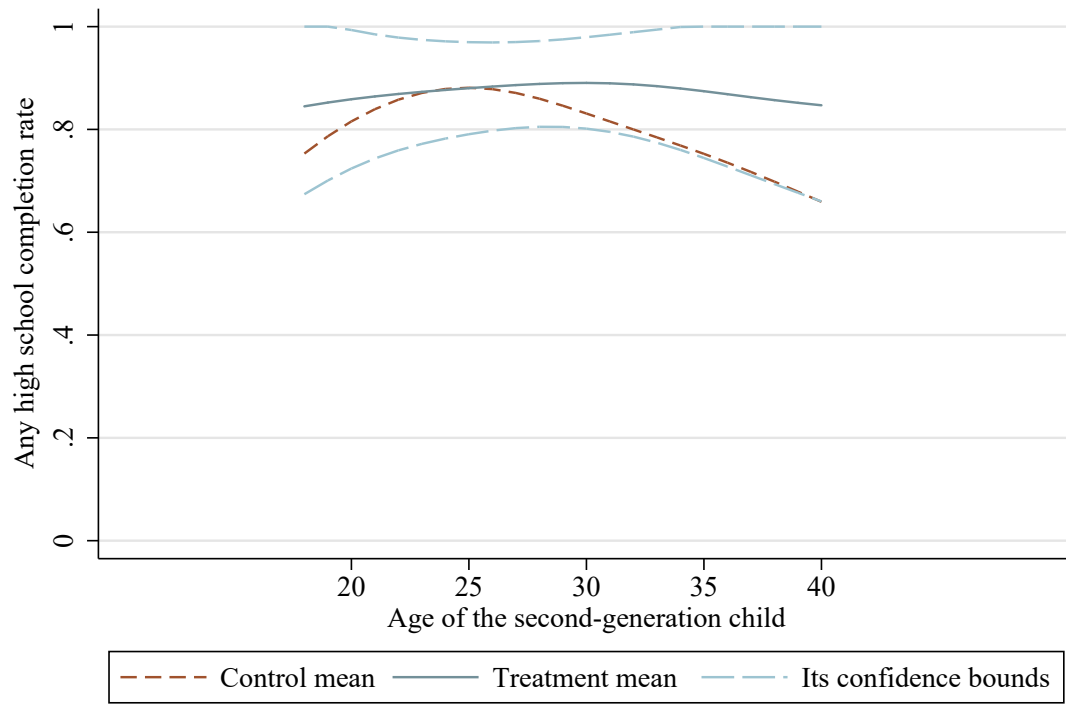
(i) Female children of female participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

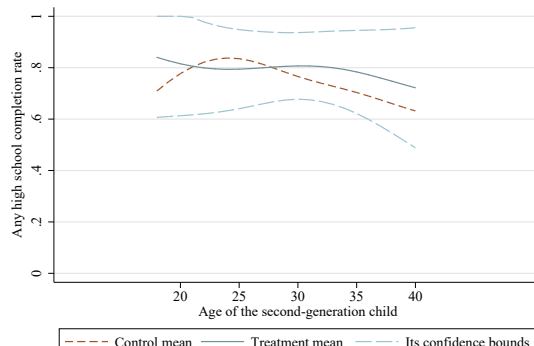
Figure 5: Any High School Completion Rate

(a) Pooled children of pooled participants



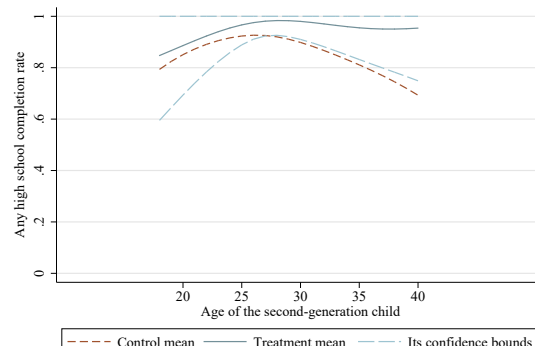
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(b) Male children of pooled participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

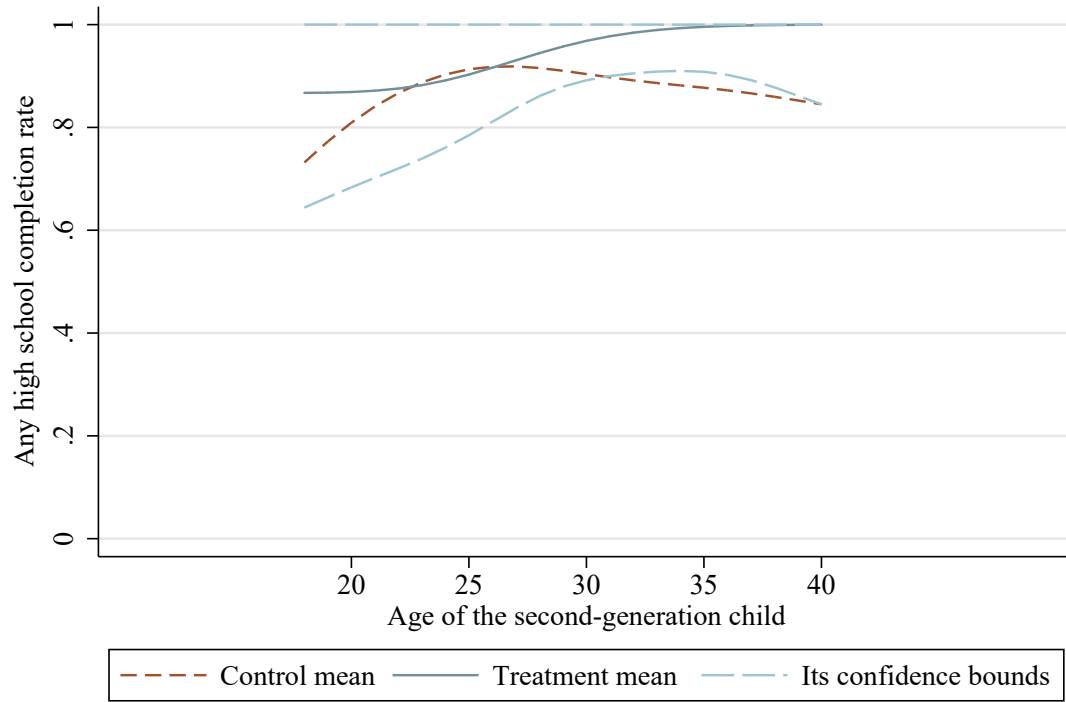
(c) Female children of pooled participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

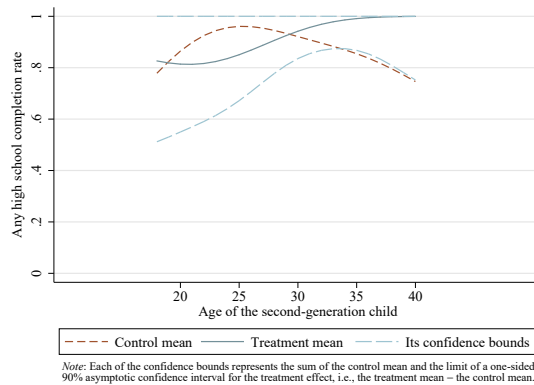
Figure 5: Any High School Completion Rate

(d) Pooled children of male participants



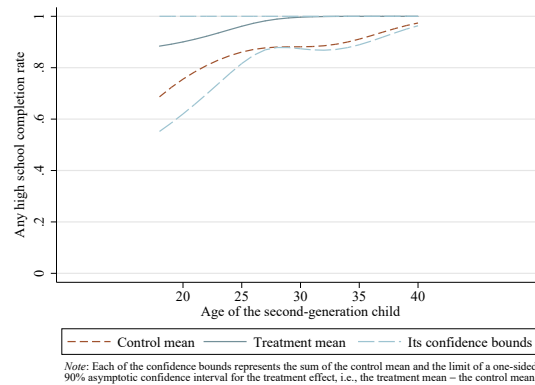
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(e) Male children of male participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

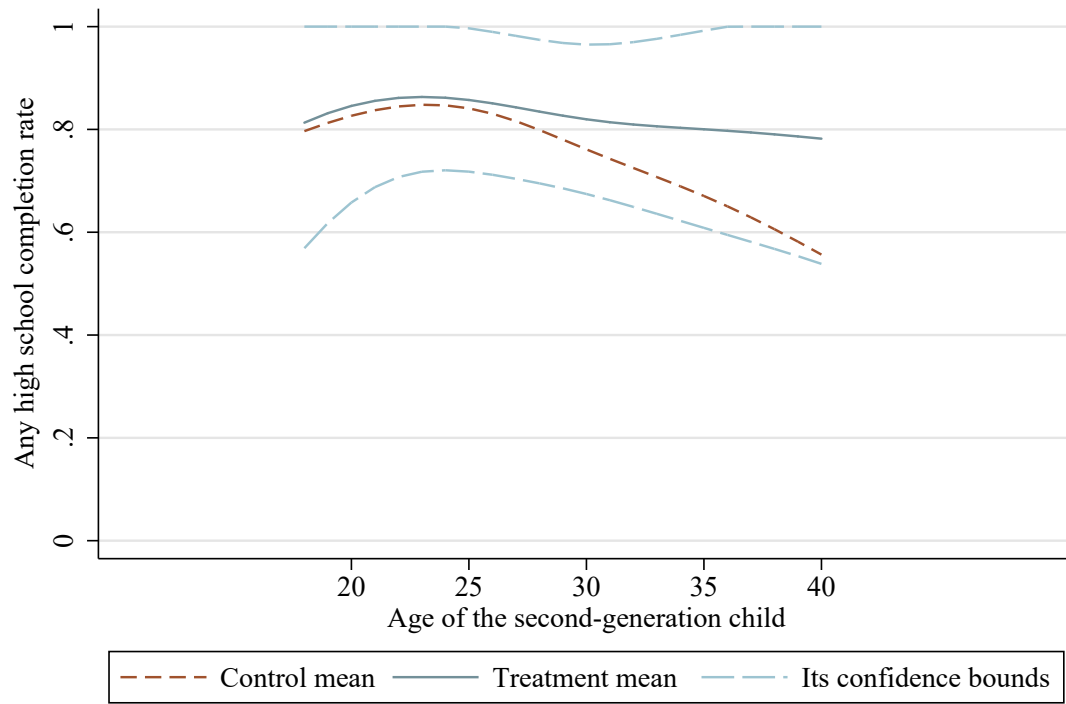
(f) Female children of male participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

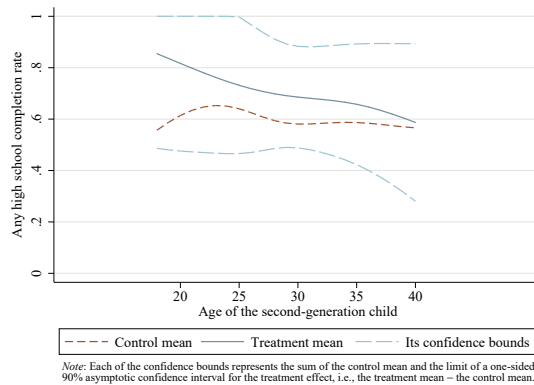
Figure 5: Any High School Completion Rate

(g) Pooled children of female participants



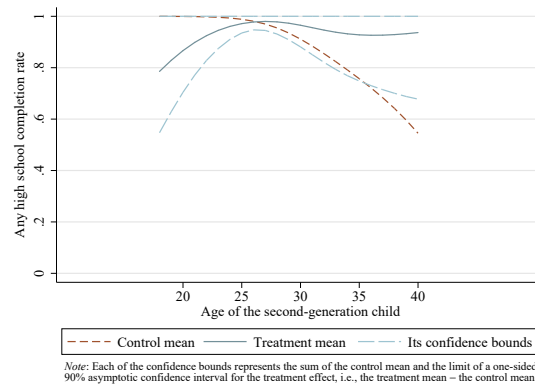
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(h) Male children of female participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

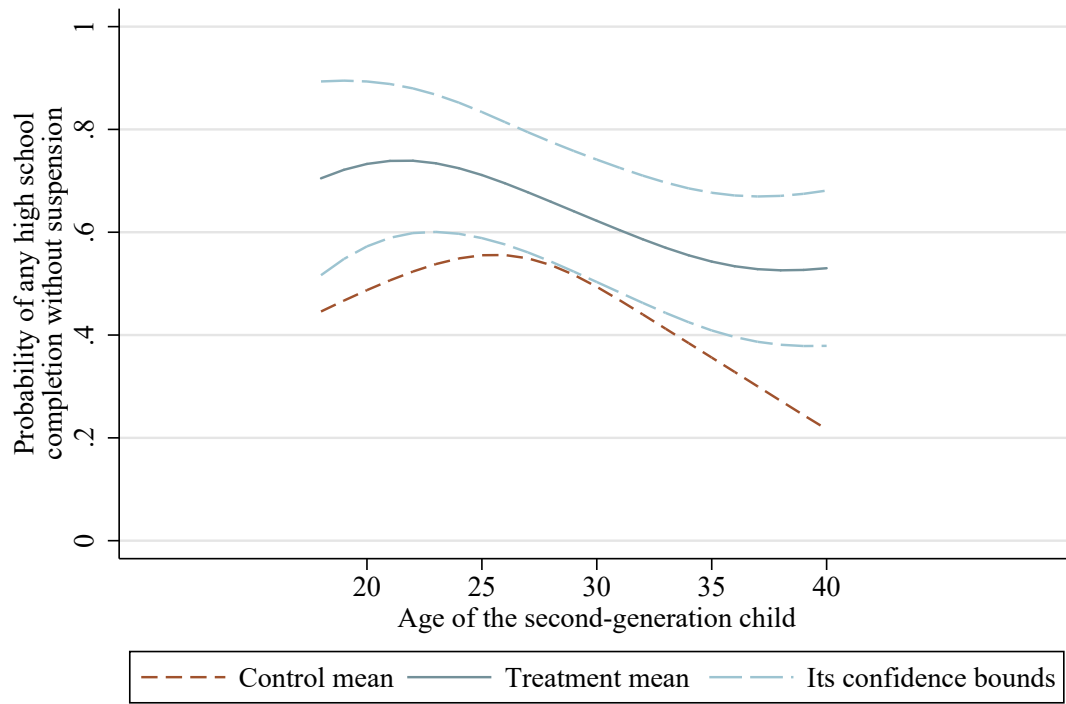
(i) Female children of female participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

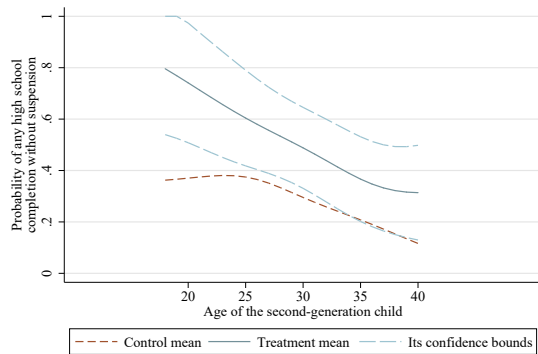
Figure 6: Probability of Any High School Completion Without Suspension

(a) Pooled children of pooled participants



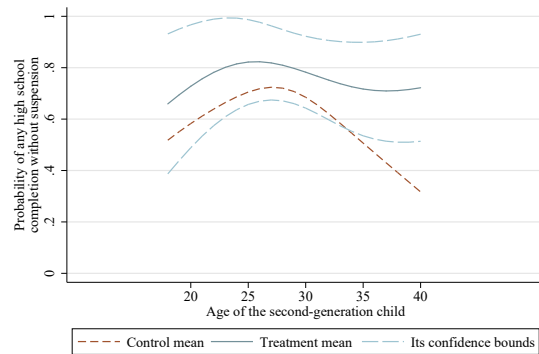
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(b) Male children of pooled participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

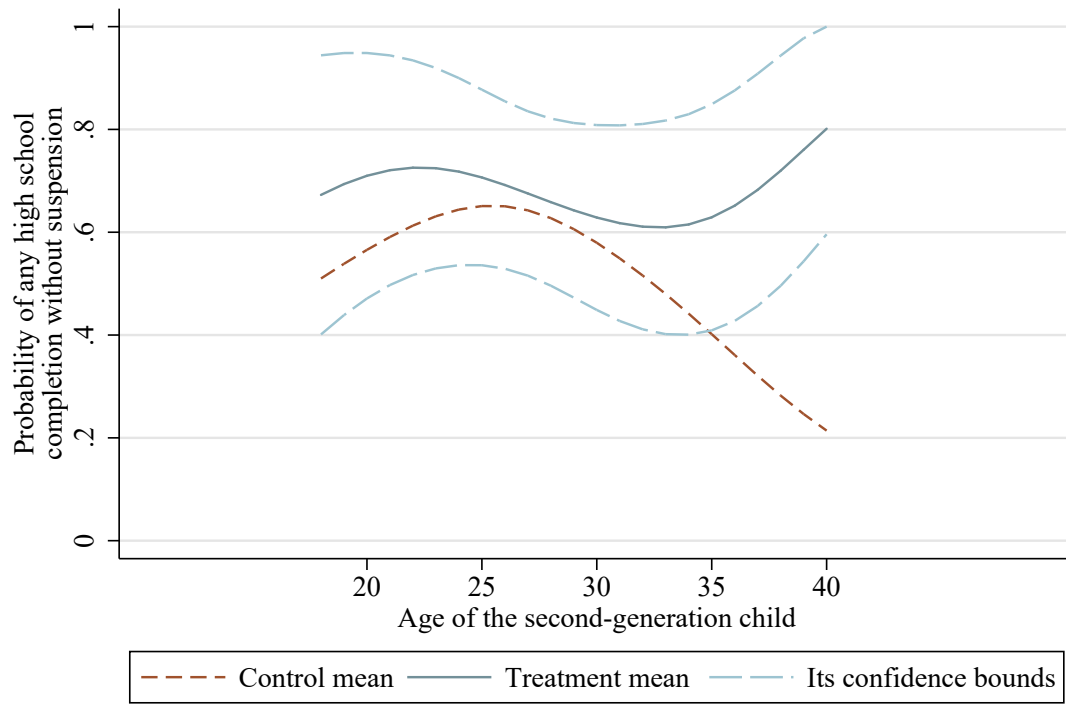
(c) Female children of pooled participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

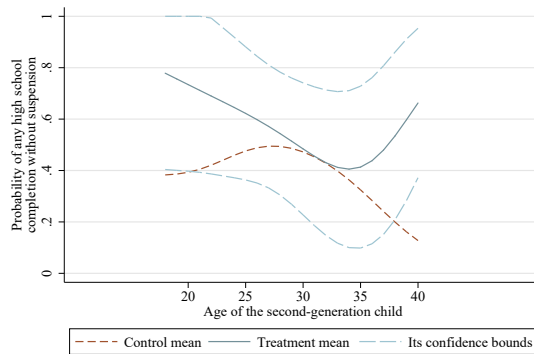
Figure 6: Probability of Any High School Completion Without Suspension

(d) Pooled children of male participants



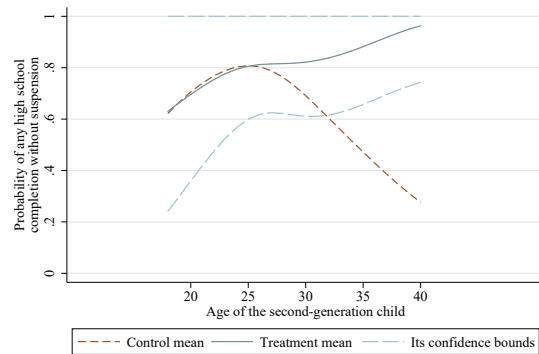
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(e) Male children of male participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

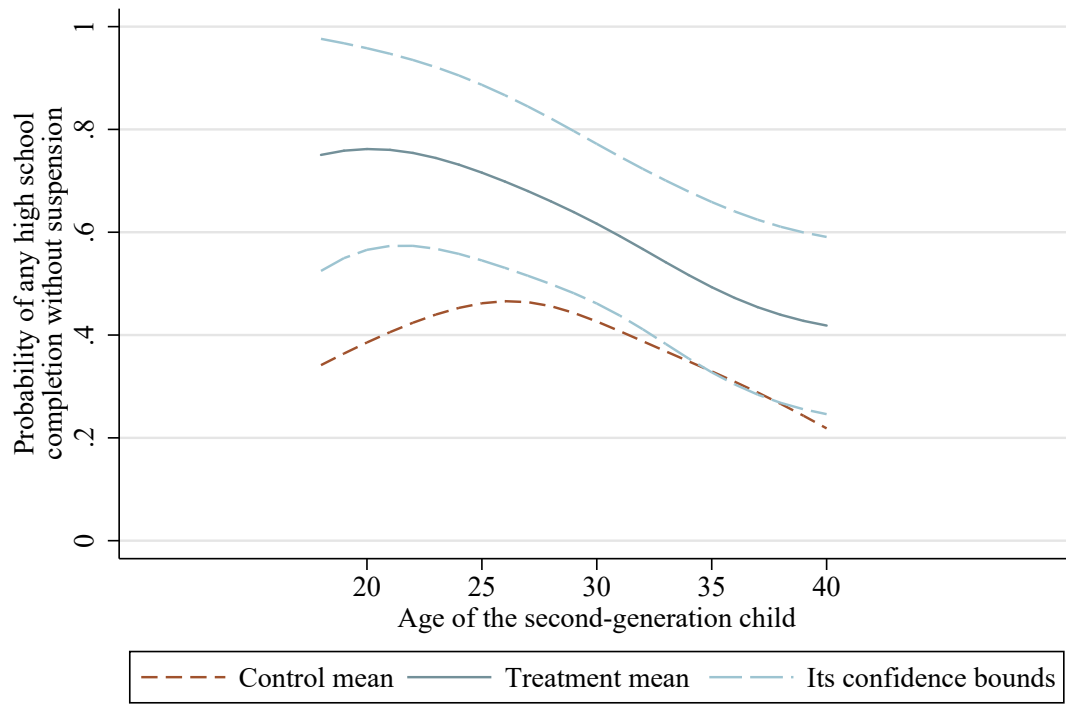
(f) Female children of male participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

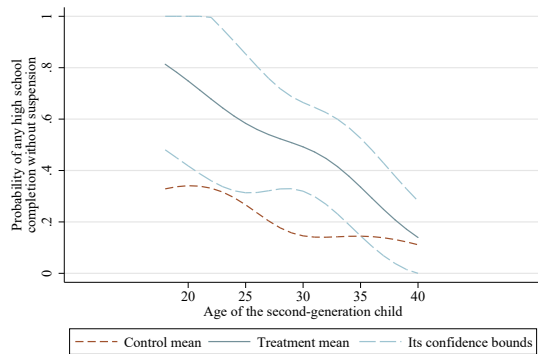
Figure 6: Probability of Any High School Completion Without Suspension

(g) Pooled children of female participants



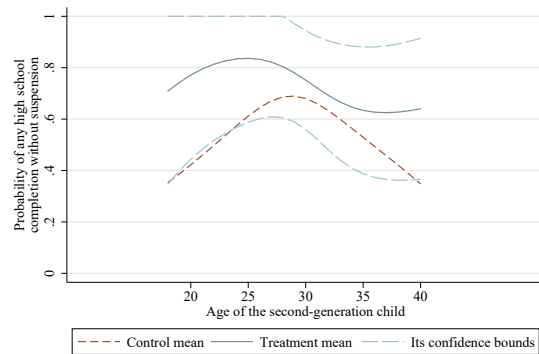
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(h) Male children of female participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

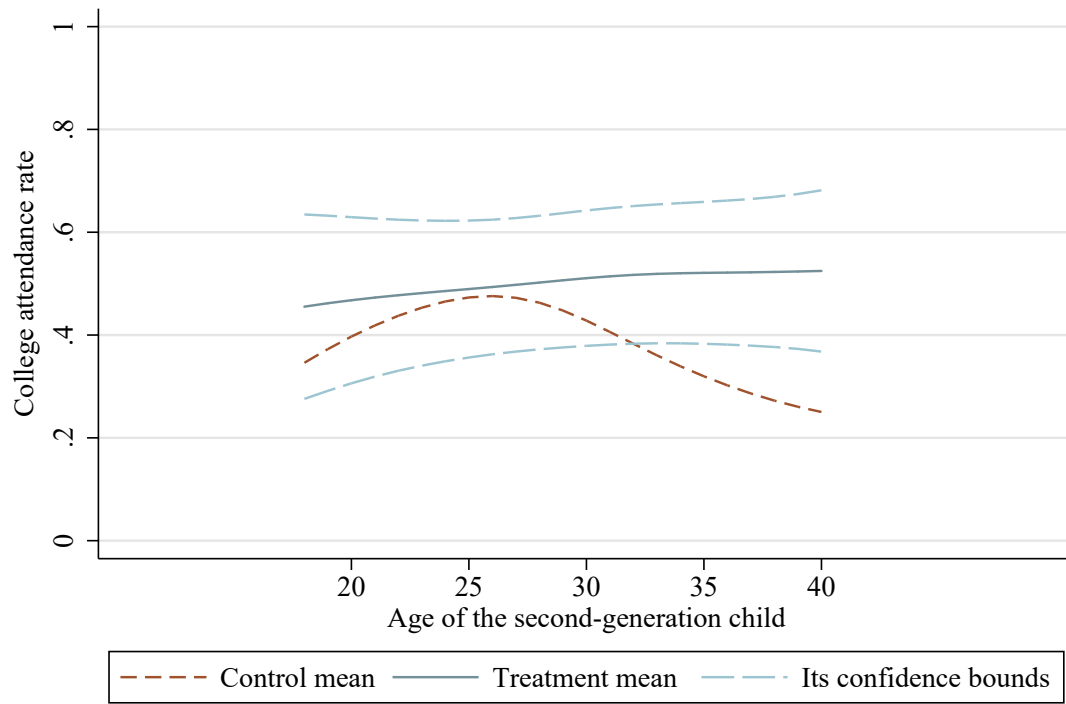
(i) Female children of female participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

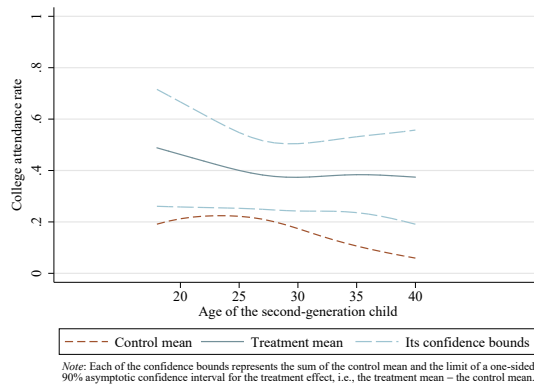
Figure 7: College Attendance Rate

(a) Pooled children of pooled participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(b) Male children of pooled participants



(c) Female children of pooled participants

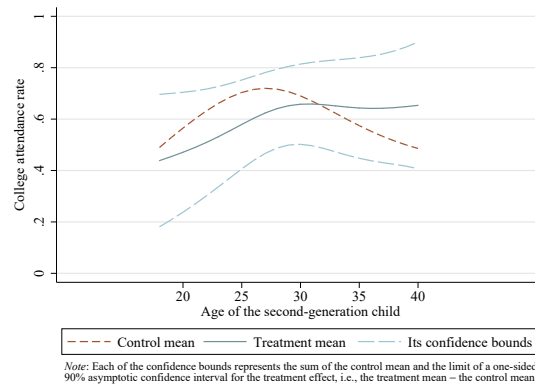
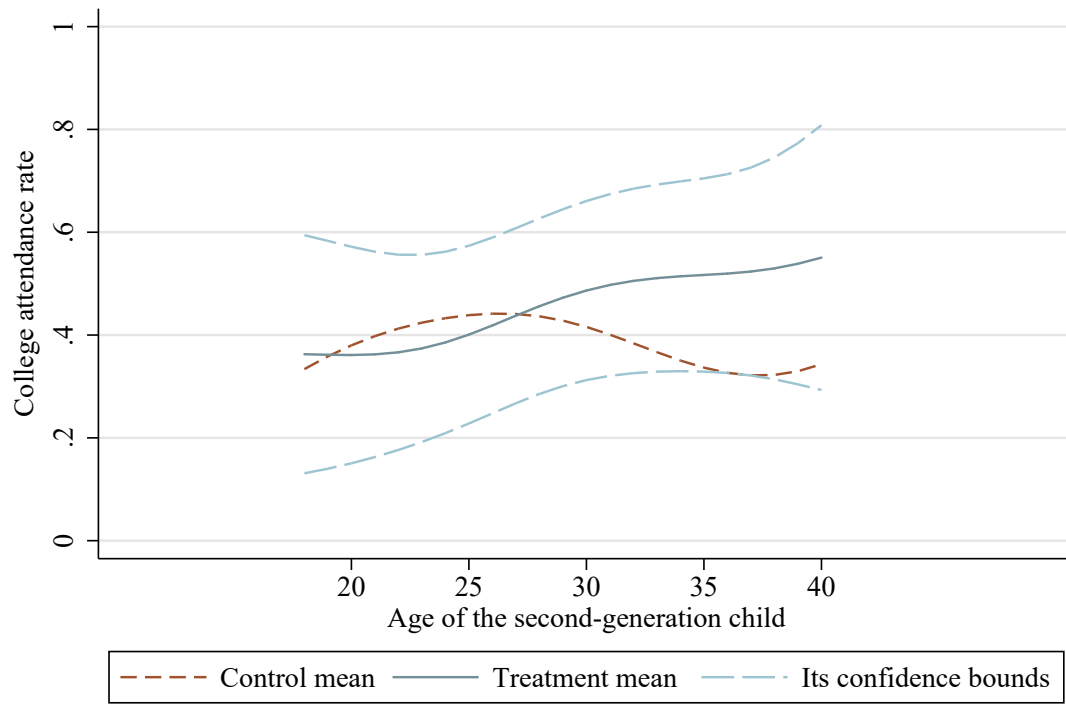


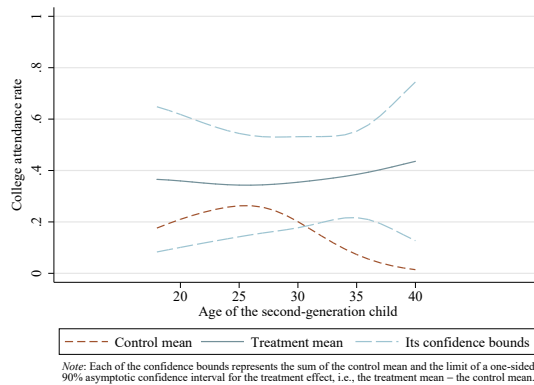
Figure 7: College Attendance Rate

(d) Pooled children of male participants



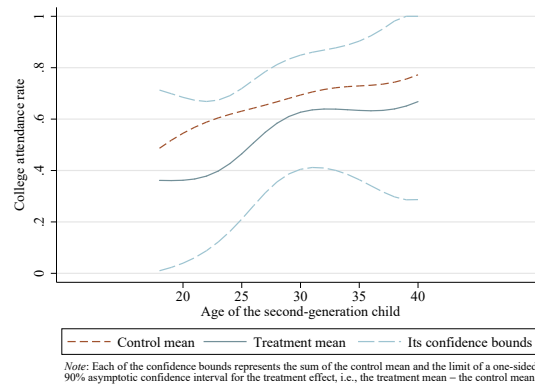
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(e) Male children of male participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

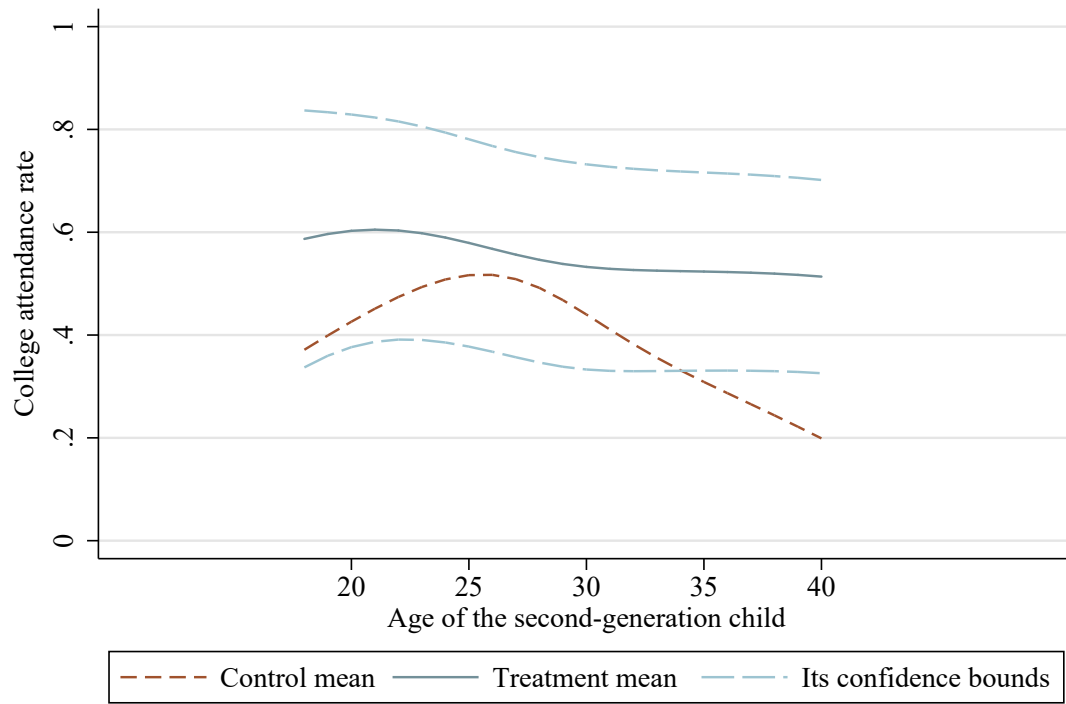
(f) Female children of male participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

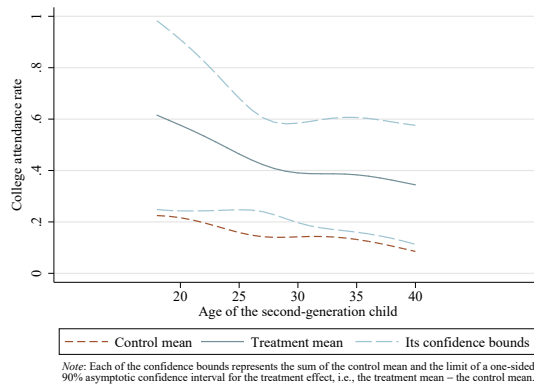
Figure 7: College Attendance Rate

(g) Pooled children of female participants



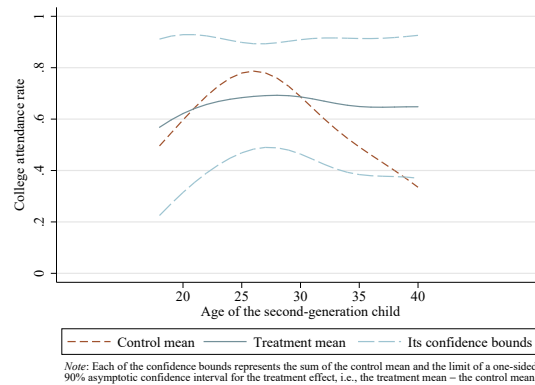
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(h) Male children of female participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

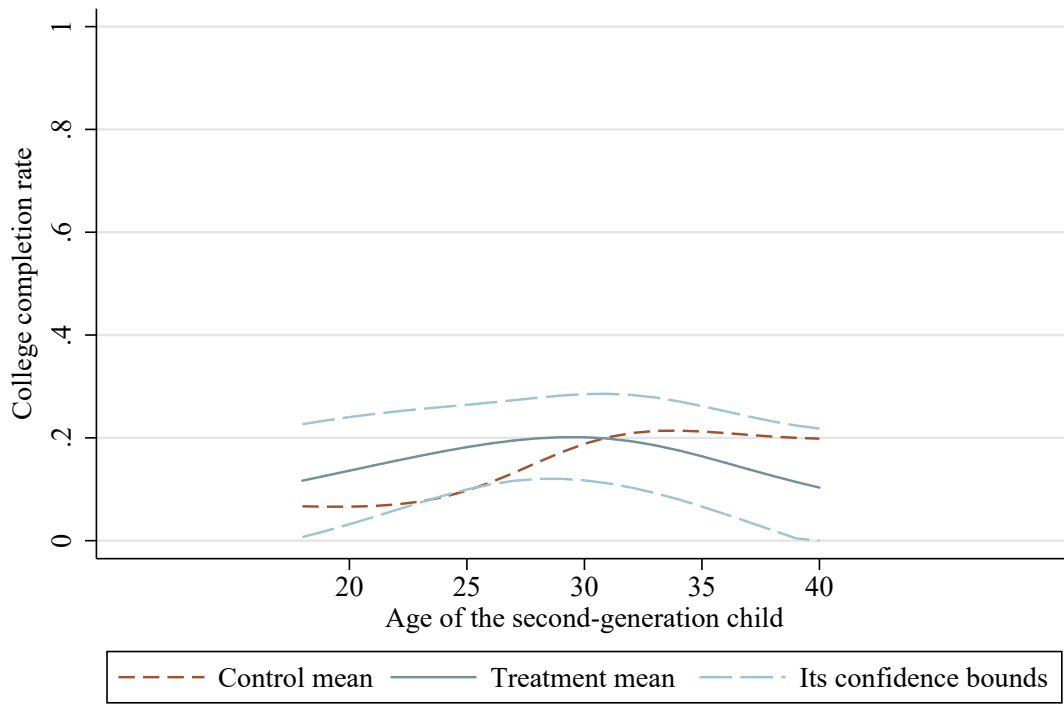
(i) Female children of female participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

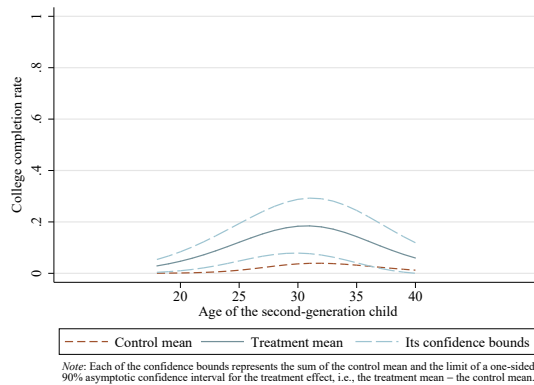
Figure 8: College Completion Rate

(a) Pooled children of pooled participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(b) Male children of pooled participants



(c) Female children of pooled participants

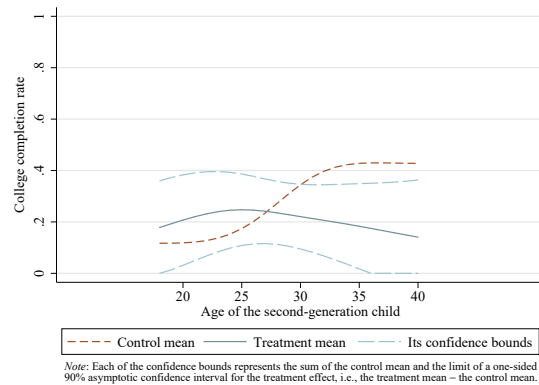
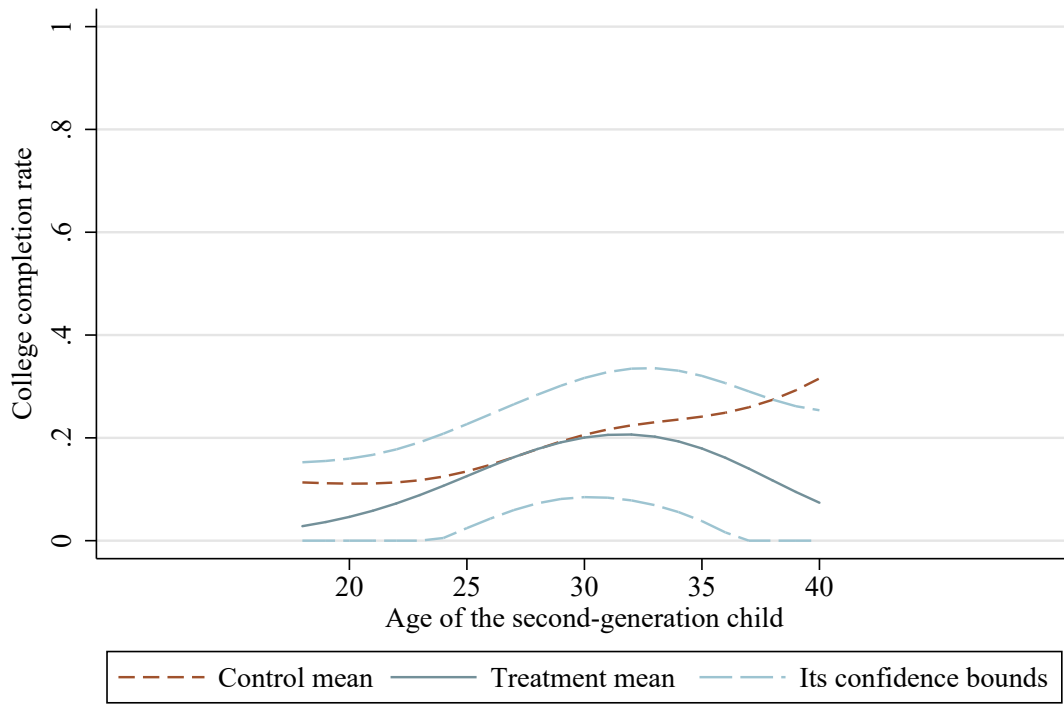


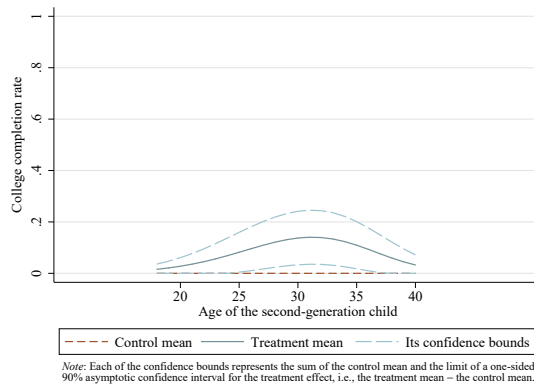
Figure 8: College Completion Rate

(d) Pooled children of male participants



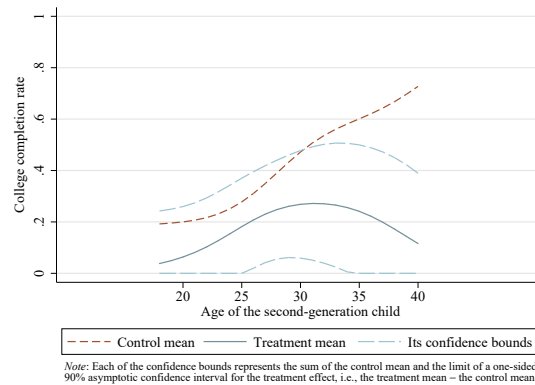
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(e) Male children of male participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

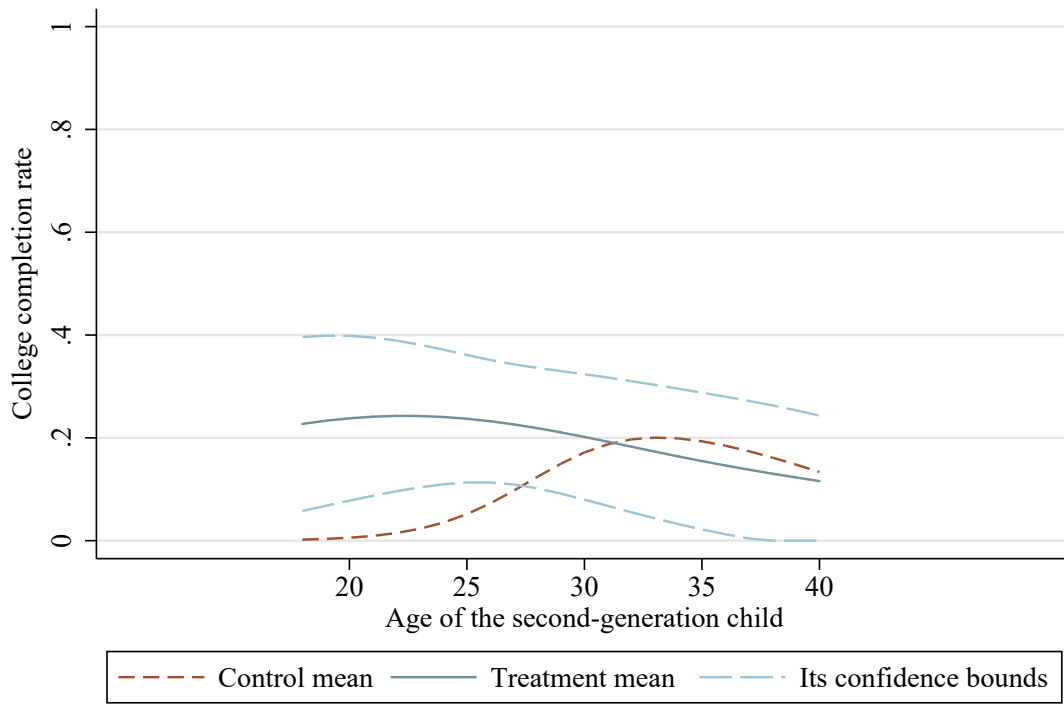
(f) Female children of male participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

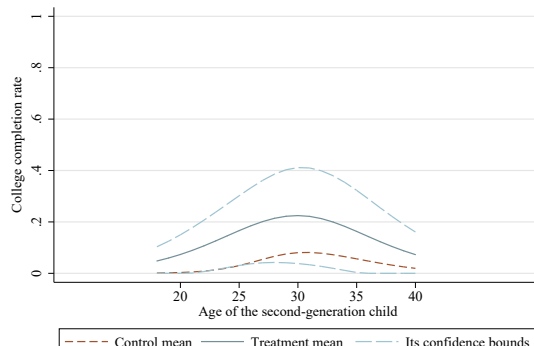
Figure 8: College Completion Rate

(g) Pooled children of female participants



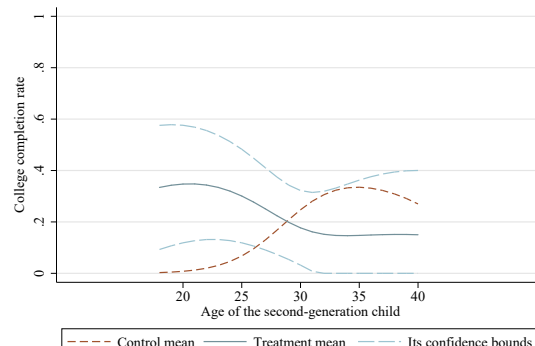
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(h) Male children of female participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

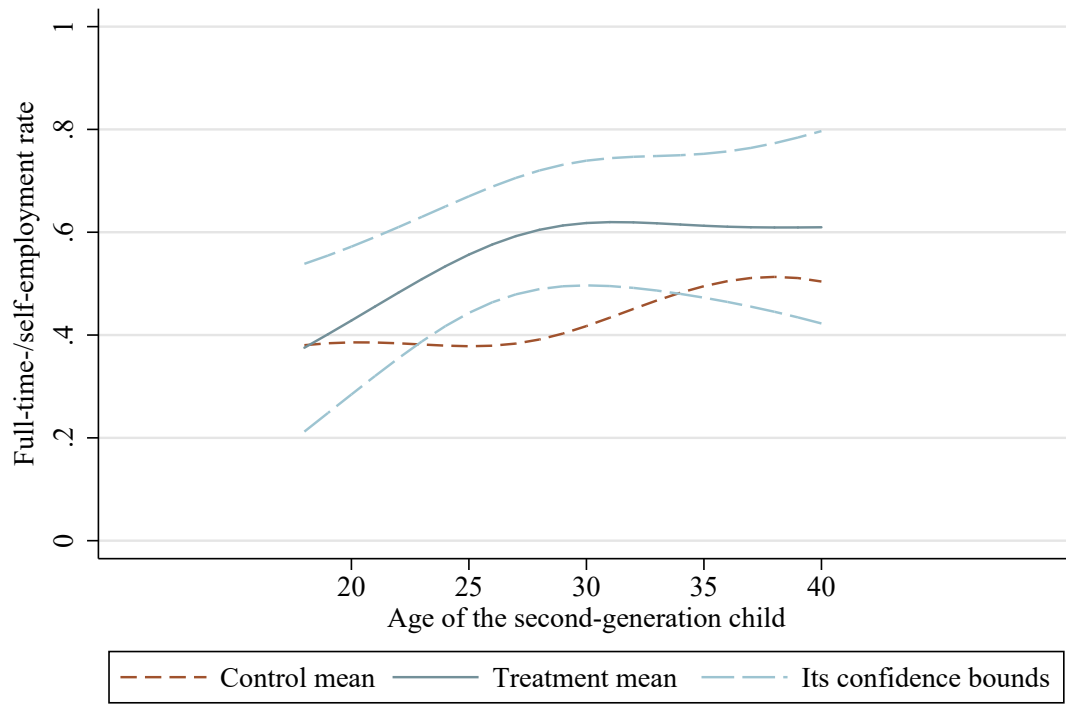
(i) Female children of female participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

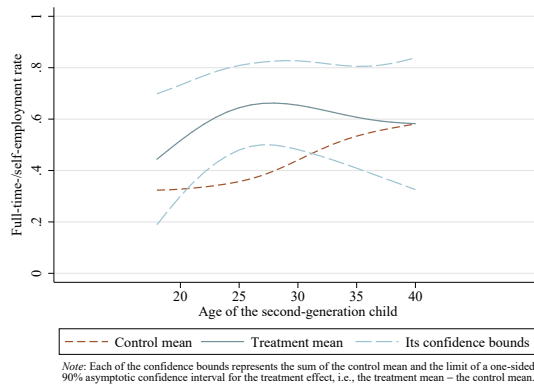
Figure 9: Full-Time-/Self-Employment Rate

(a) Pooled children of pooled participants



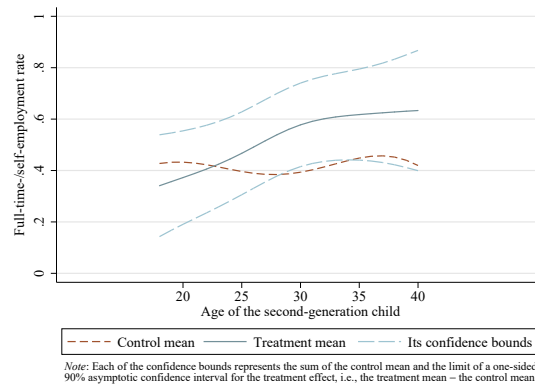
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(b) Male children of pooled participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

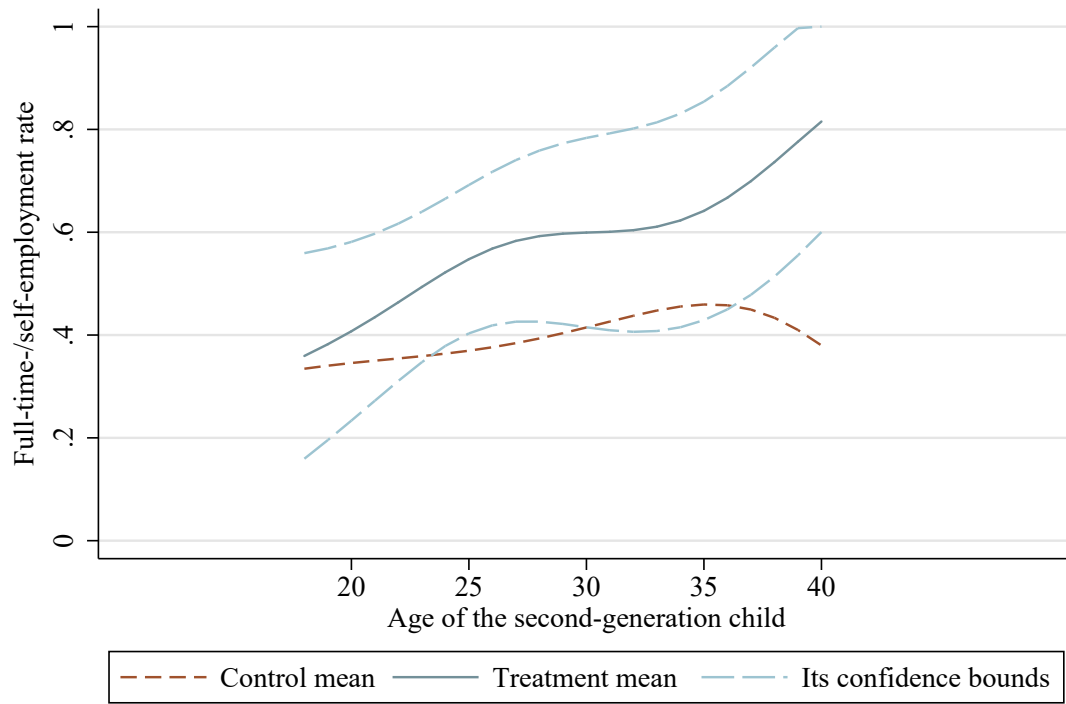
(c) Female children of pooled participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

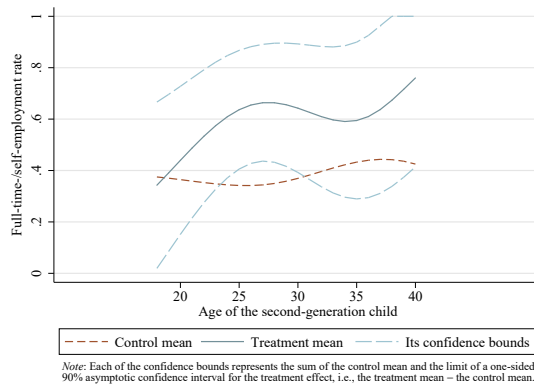
Figure 9: Full-Time-/Self-Employment Rate

(d) Pooled children of male participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(e) Male children of male participants



(f) Female children of male participants

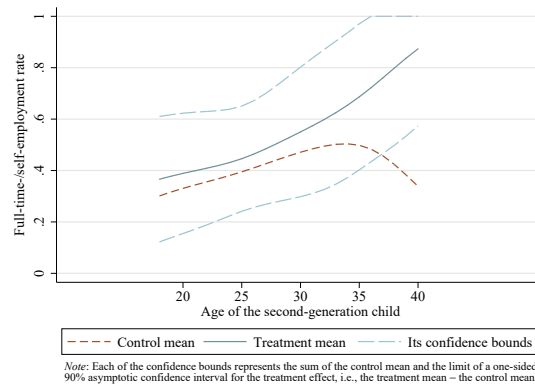
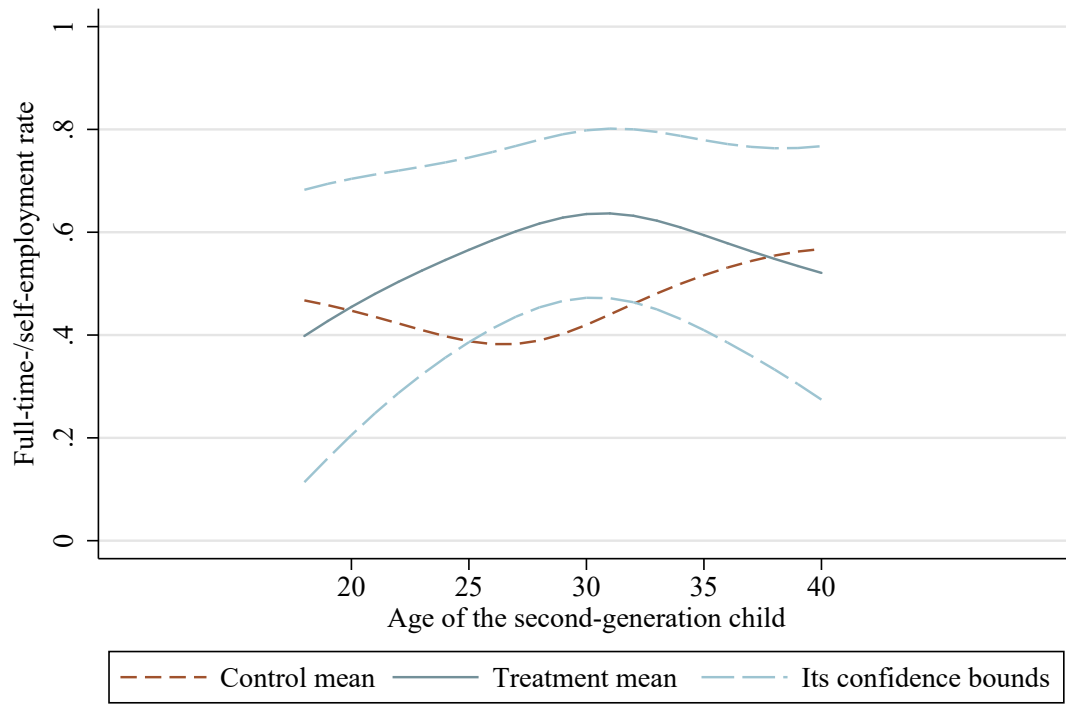


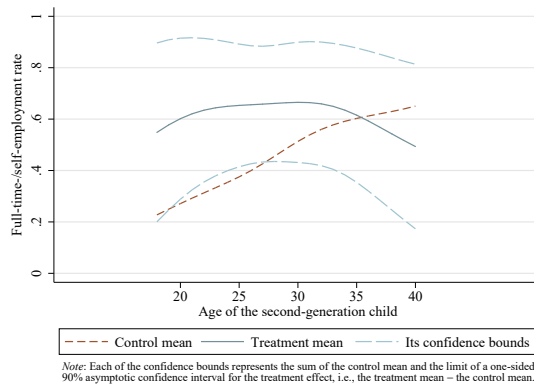
Figure 9: Full-Time-/Self-Employment Rate

(g) Pooled children of female participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(h) Male children of female participants



(i) Female children of female participants

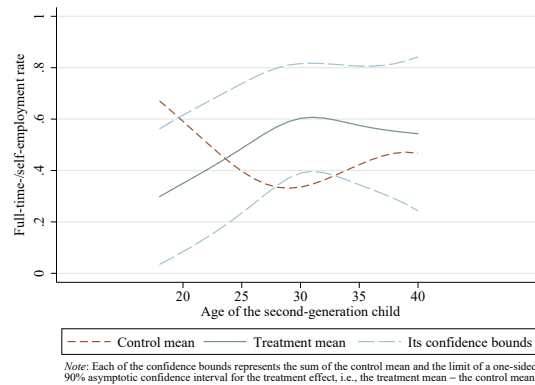
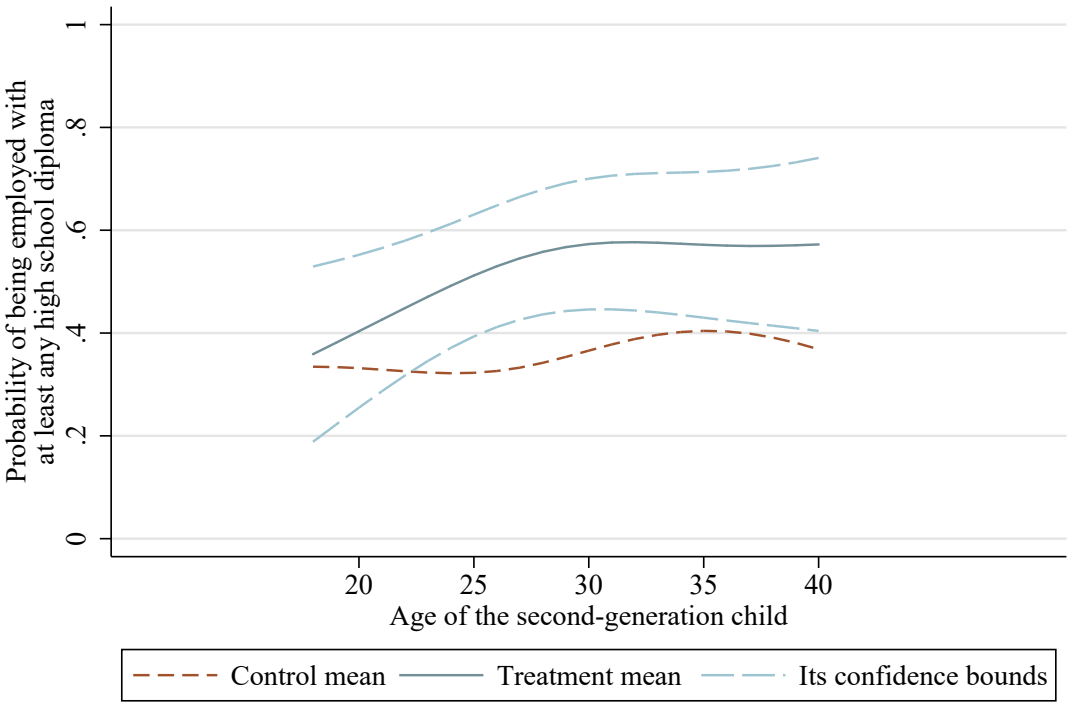


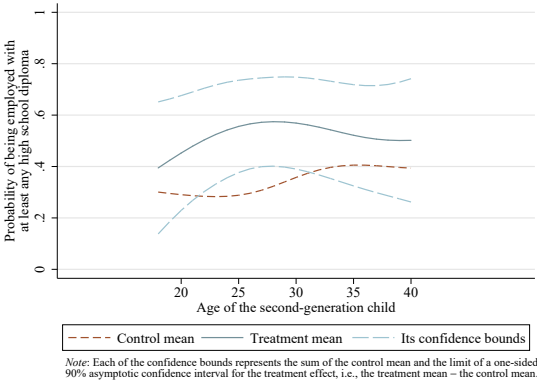
Figure 10: Probability of Employment with At Least Any High School Diploma

(a) Pooled children of pooled participants



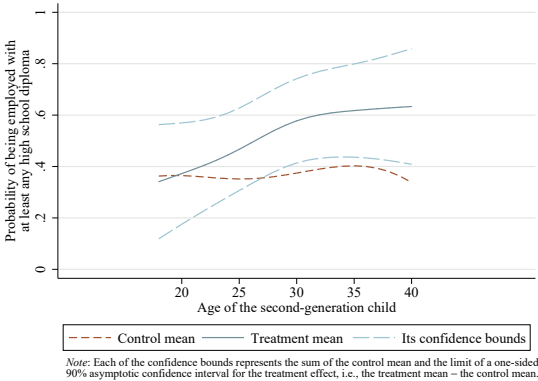
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(b) Male children of pooled participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

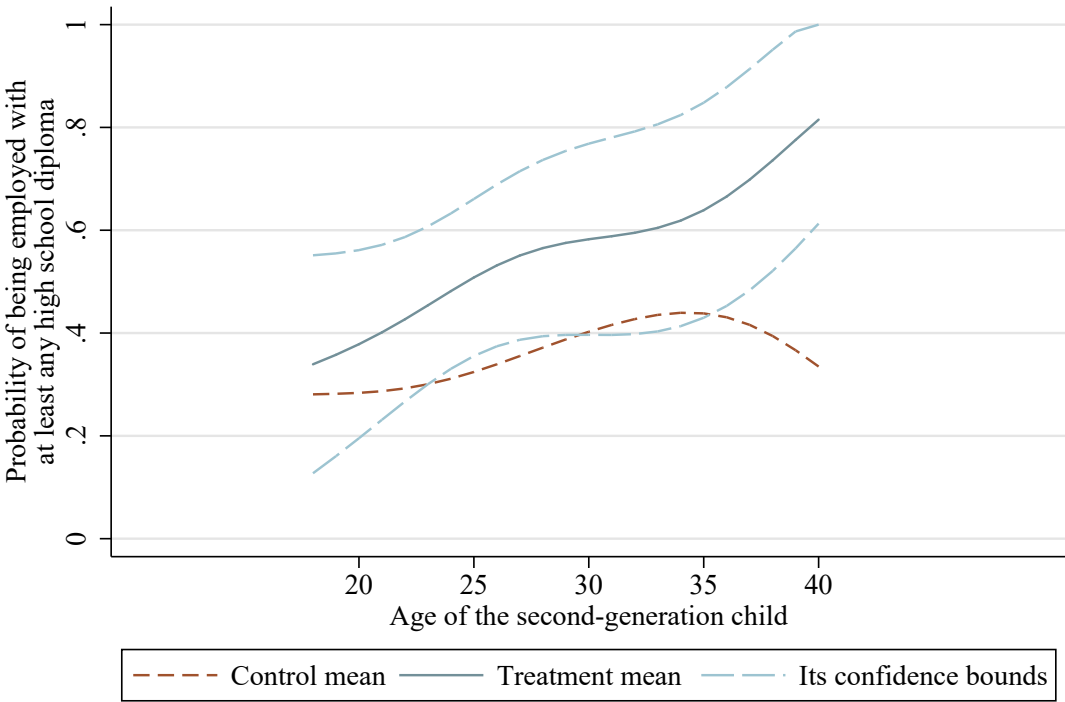
(c) Female children of pooled participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

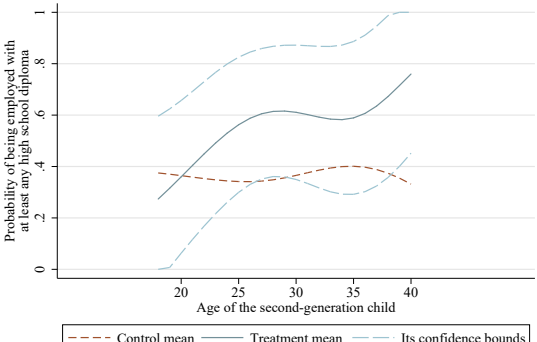
Figure 10: Probability of Employment with At Least Any High School Diploma

(d) Pooled children of male participants



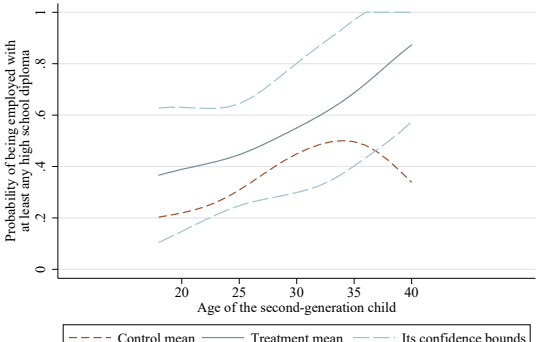
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(e) Male children of male participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

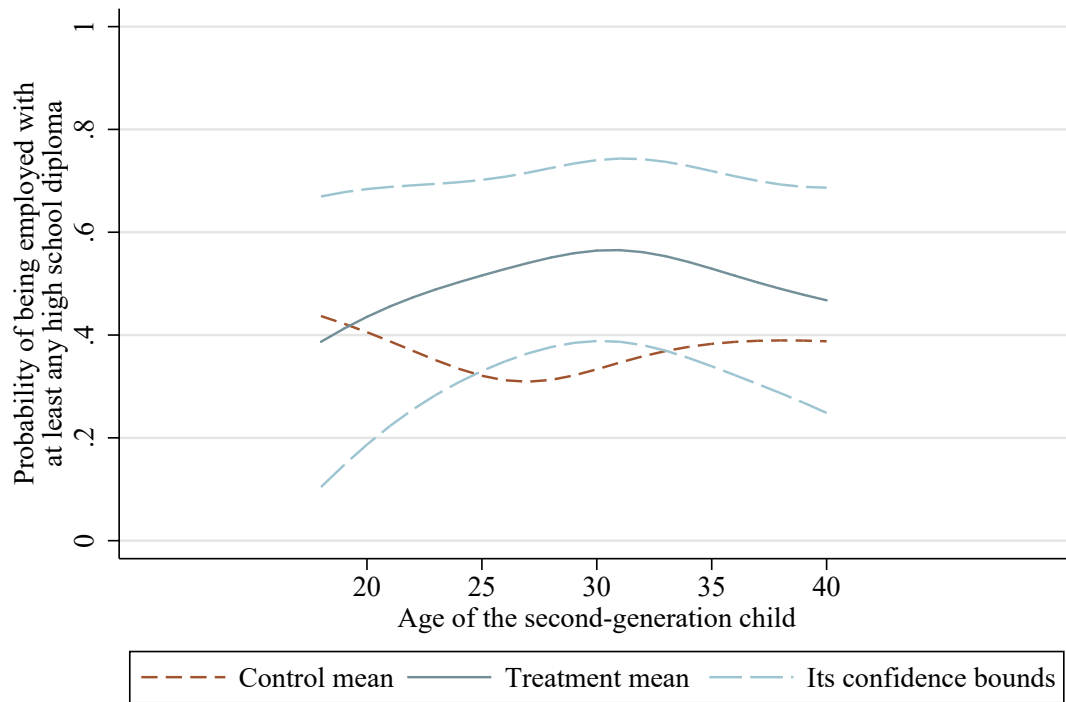
(f) Female children of male participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

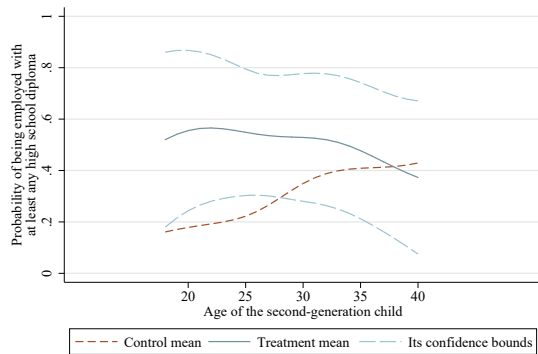
Figure 10: Probability of Employment with At Least Any High School Diploma

(g) Pooled children of female participants



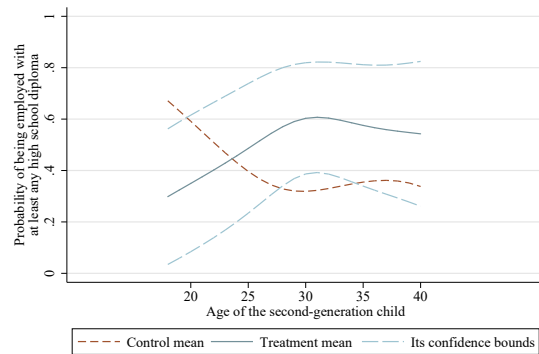
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(h) Male children of female participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

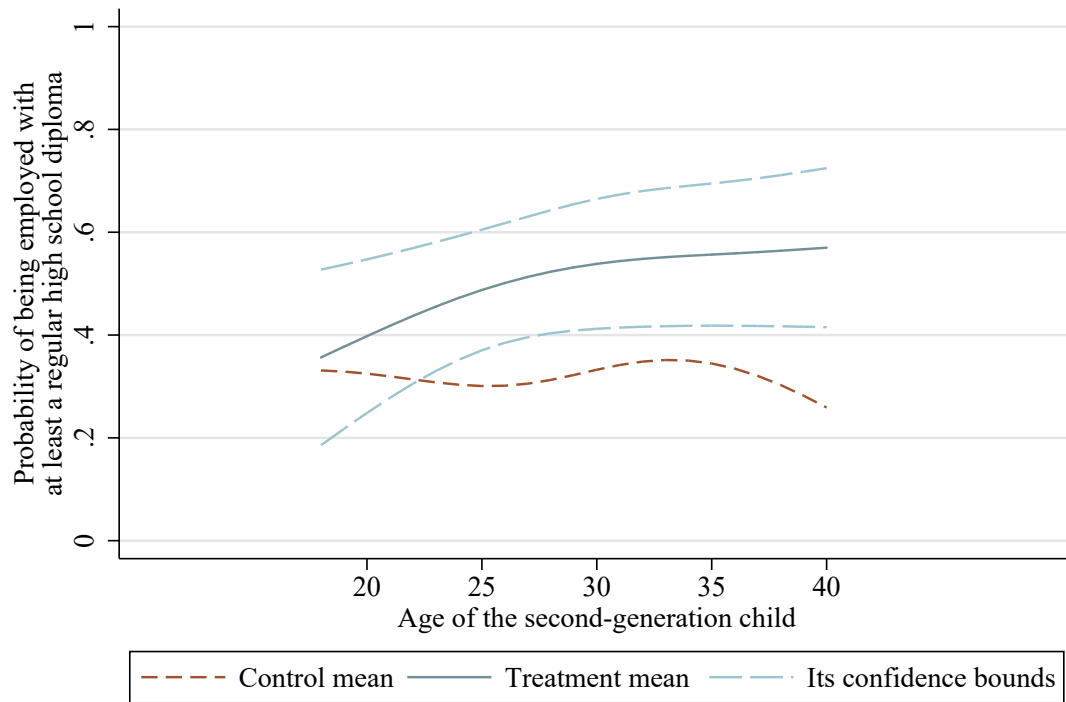
(i) Female children of female participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

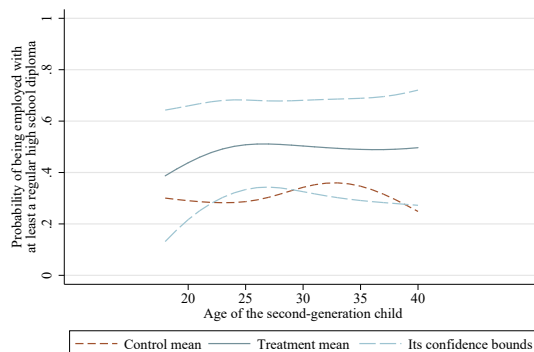
Figure 11: Probability of Employment with At Least a Regular High School Diploma

(a) Pooled children of pooled participants



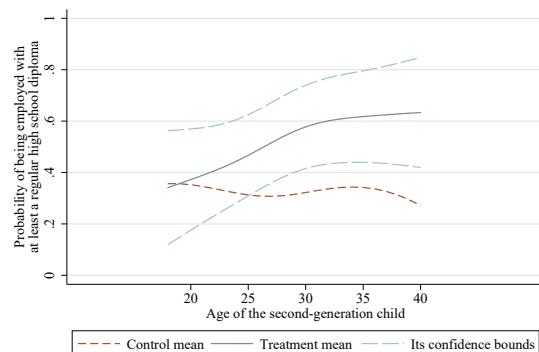
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(b) Male children of pooled participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

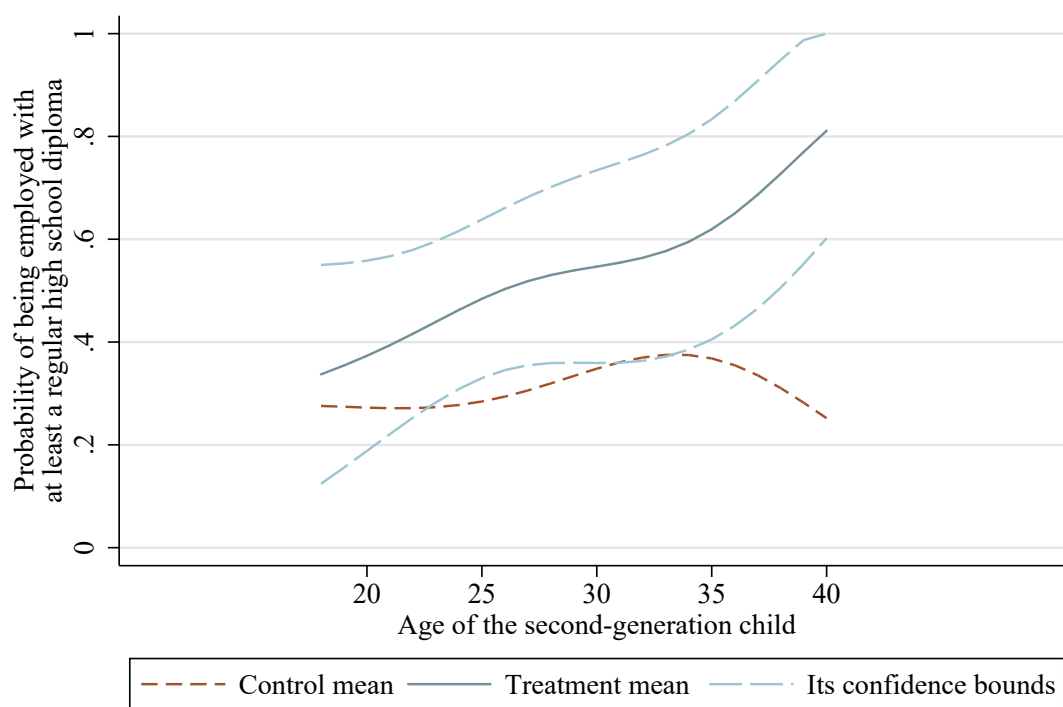
(c) Female children of pooled participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

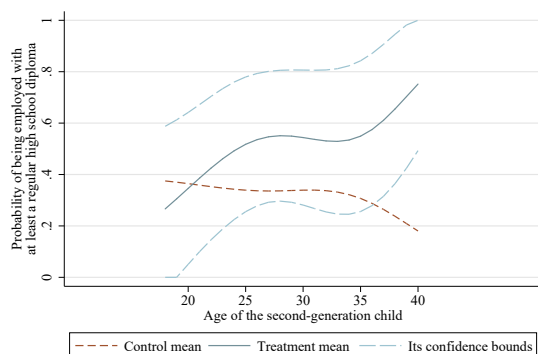
Figure 11: Probability of Employment with At Least a Regular High School Diploma

(d) Pooled children of male participants



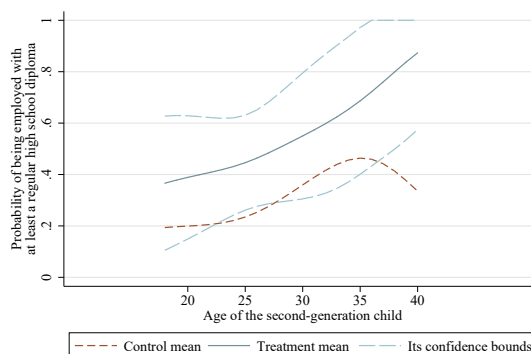
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(e) Male children of male participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

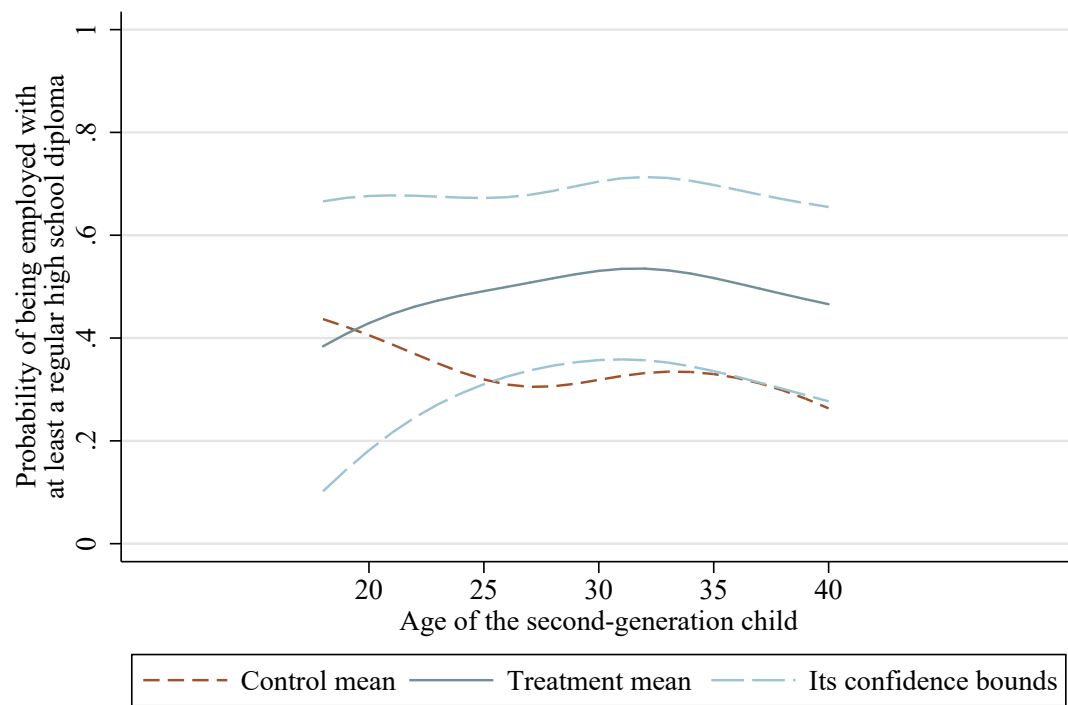
(f) Female children of male participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

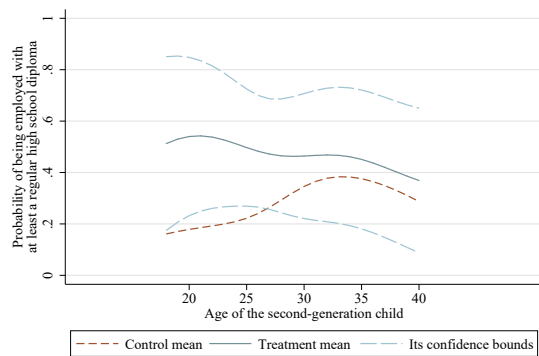
Figure 11: Probability of Employment with At Least a Regular High School Diploma

(g) Pooled children of female participants



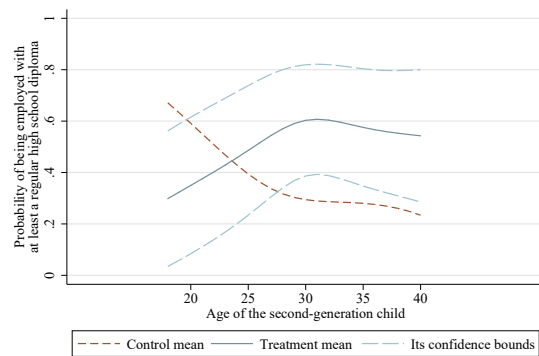
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(h) Male children of female participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

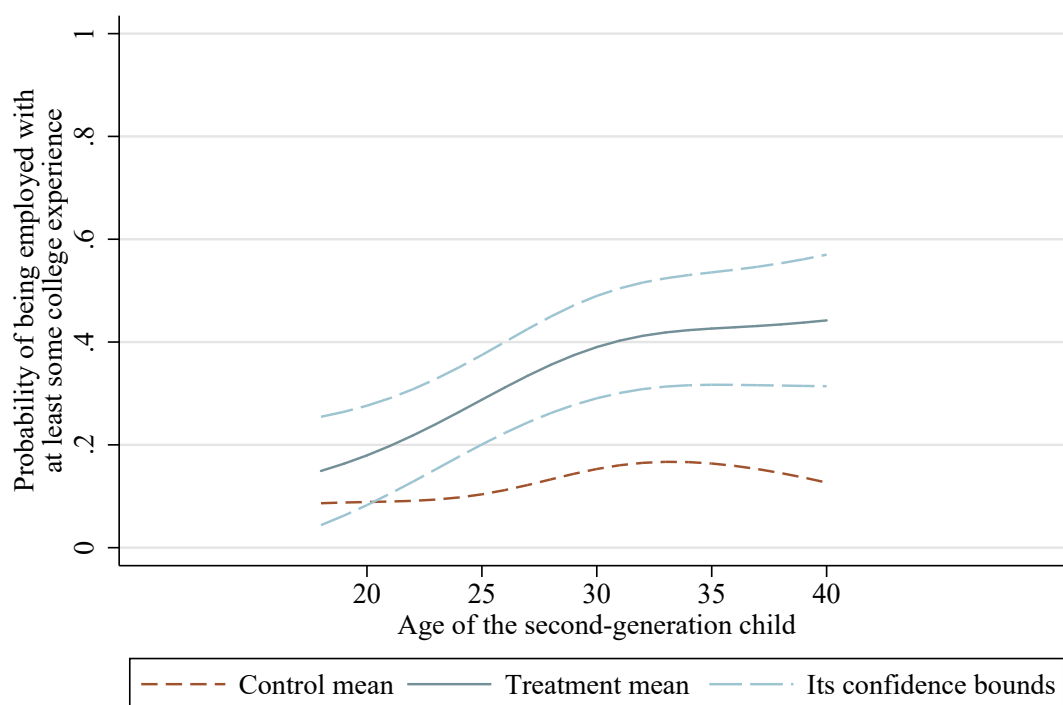
(i) Female children of female participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

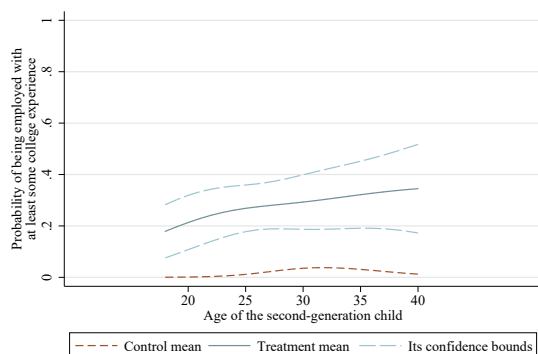
Figure 12: Probability of Employment with At Least Some College Experience

(a) Pooled children of pooled participants



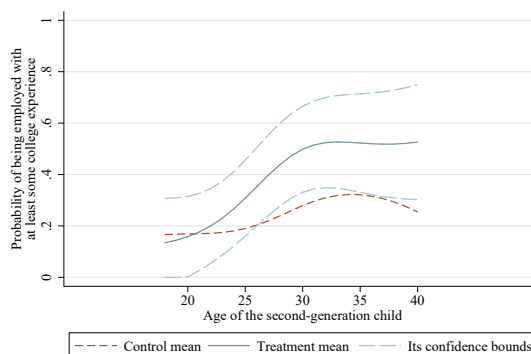
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(b) Male children of pooled participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

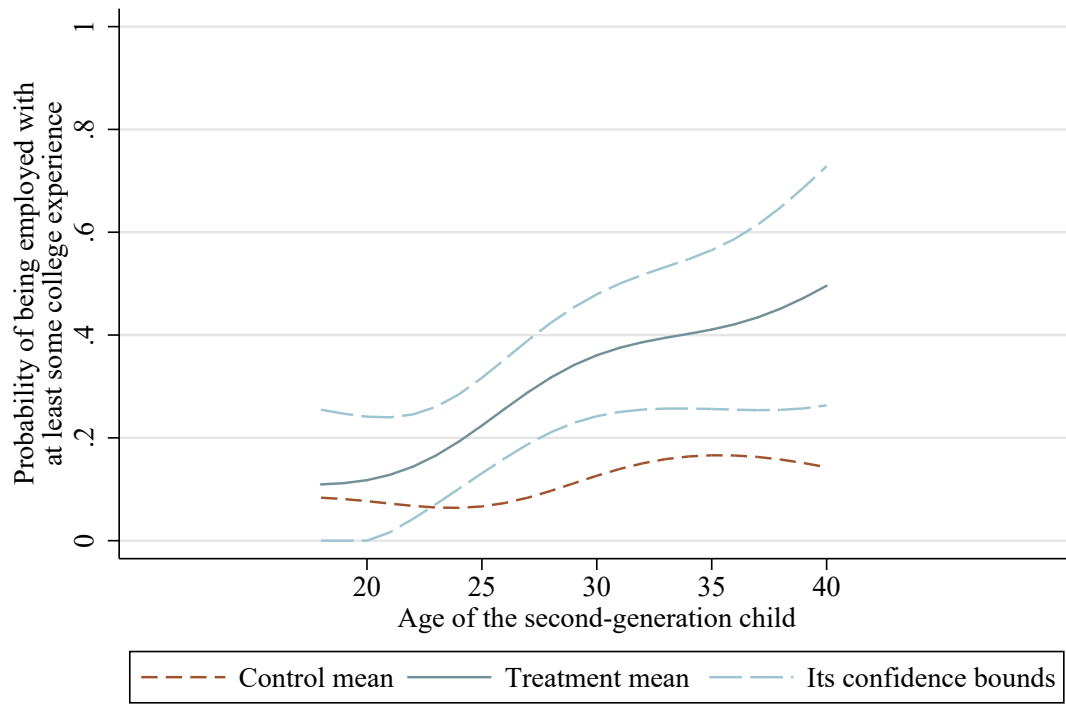
(c) Female children of pooled participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

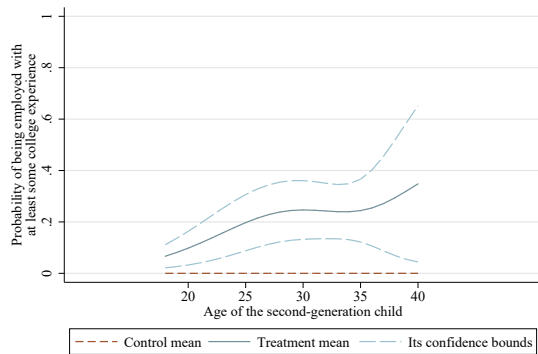
Figure 12: Probability of Employment with At Least Some College Experience

(d) Pooled children of male participants



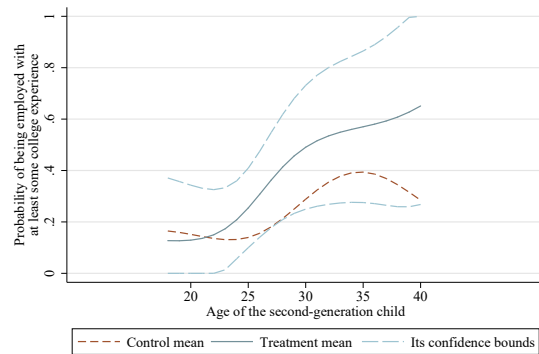
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(e) Male children of male participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

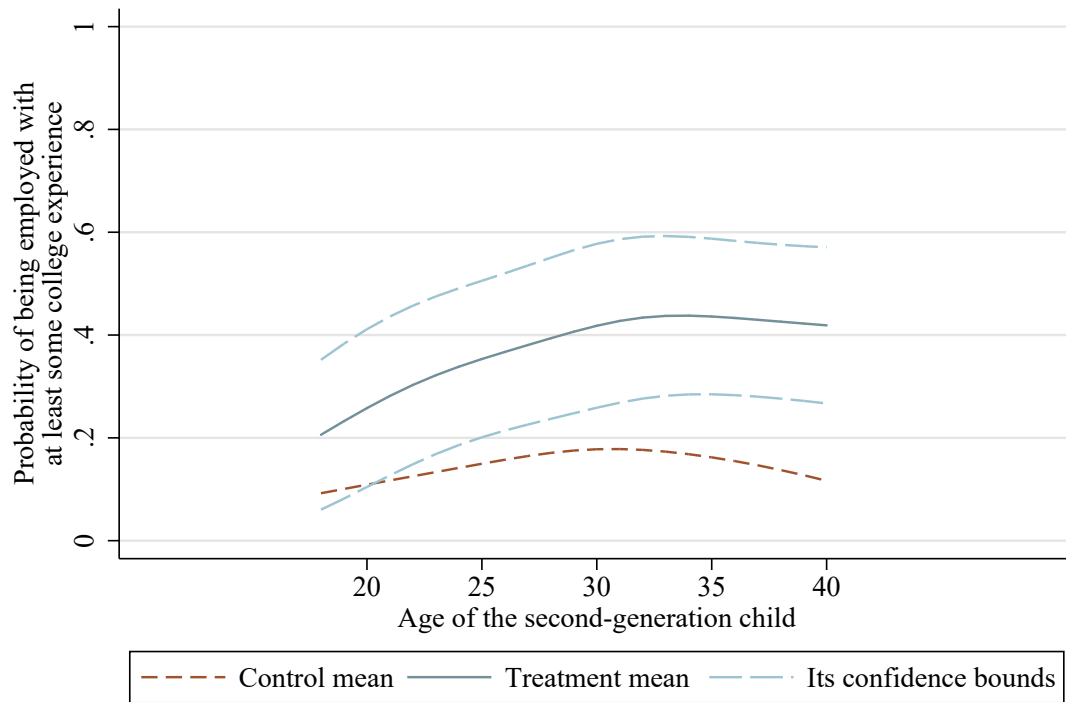
(f) Female children of male participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

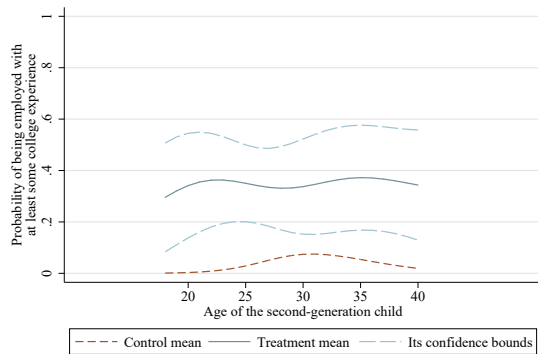
Figure 12: Probability of Employment with At Least Some College Experience

(g) Pooled children of female participants



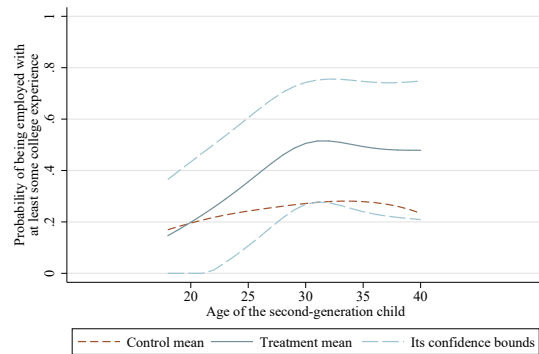
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(h) Male children of female participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

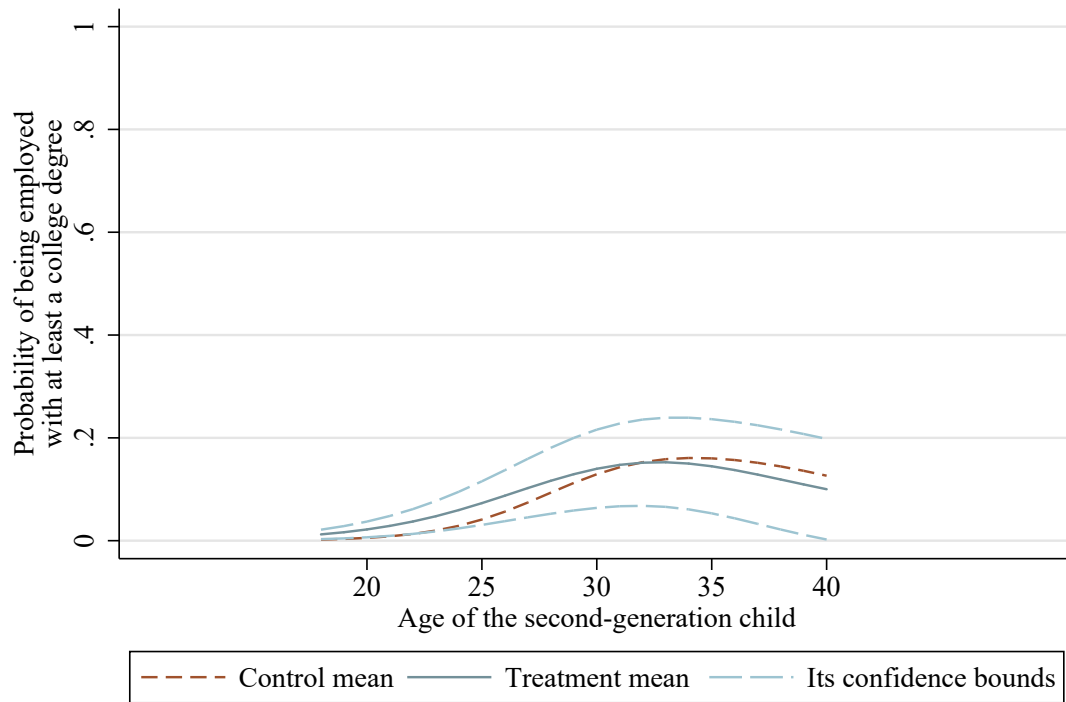
(i) Female children of female participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

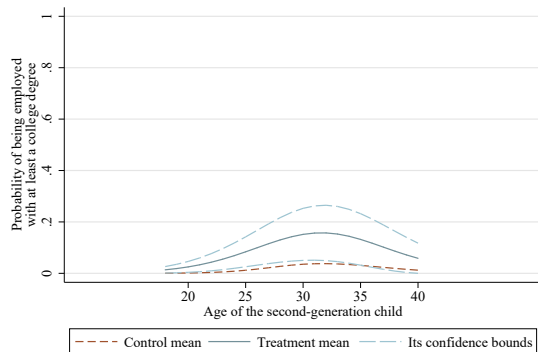
Figure 13: Probability of Employment with At Least a College Degree

(a) Pooled children of pooled participants



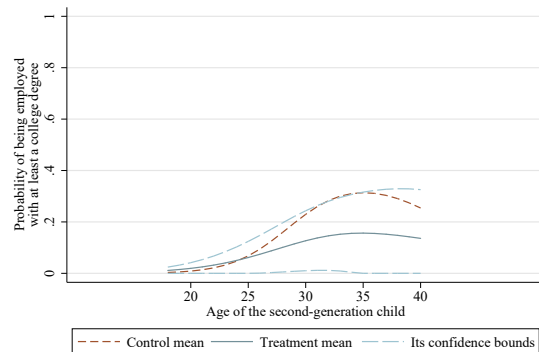
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(b) Male children of pooled participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

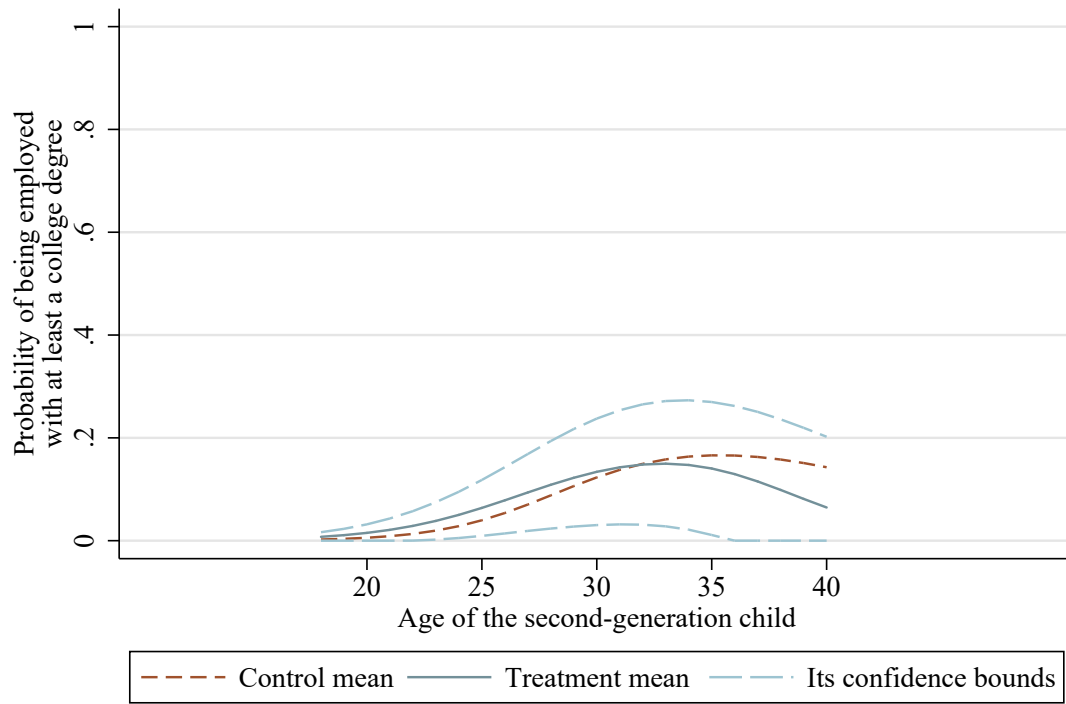
(c) Female children of pooled participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

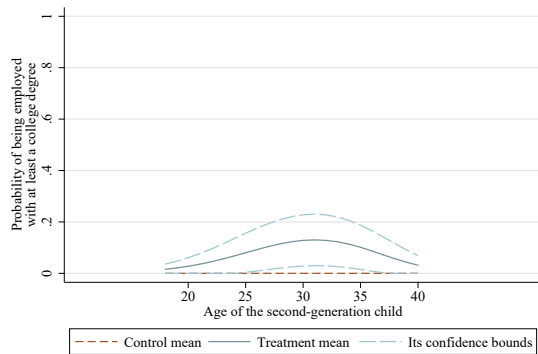
Figure 13: Probability of Employment with At Least a College Degree

(d) Pooled children of male participants



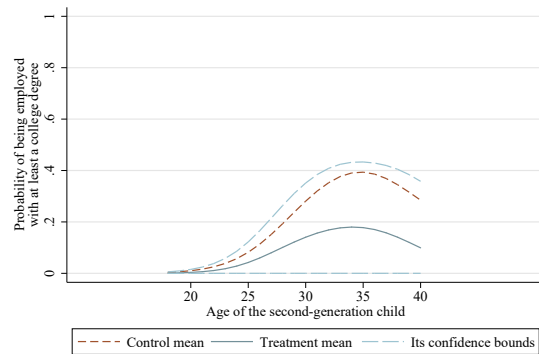
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(e) Male children of male participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

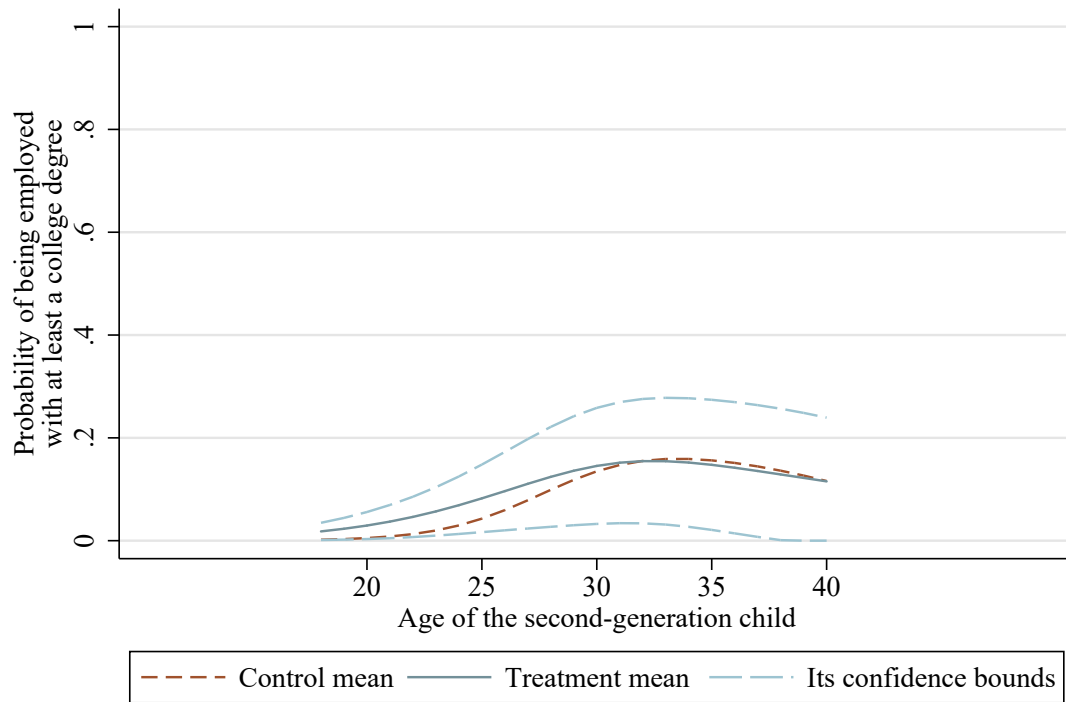
(f) Female children of male participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

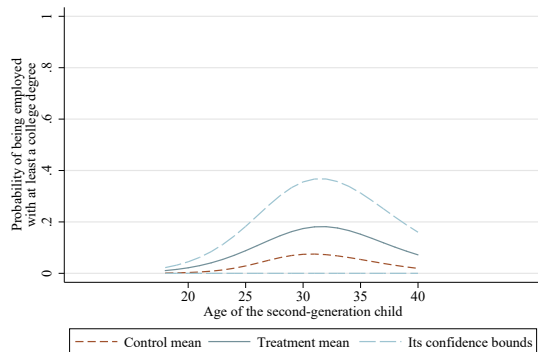
Figure 13: Probability of Employment with At Least a College Degree

(g) Pooled children of female participants



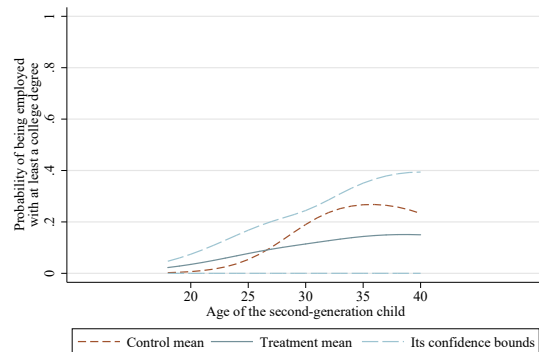
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(h) Male children of female participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

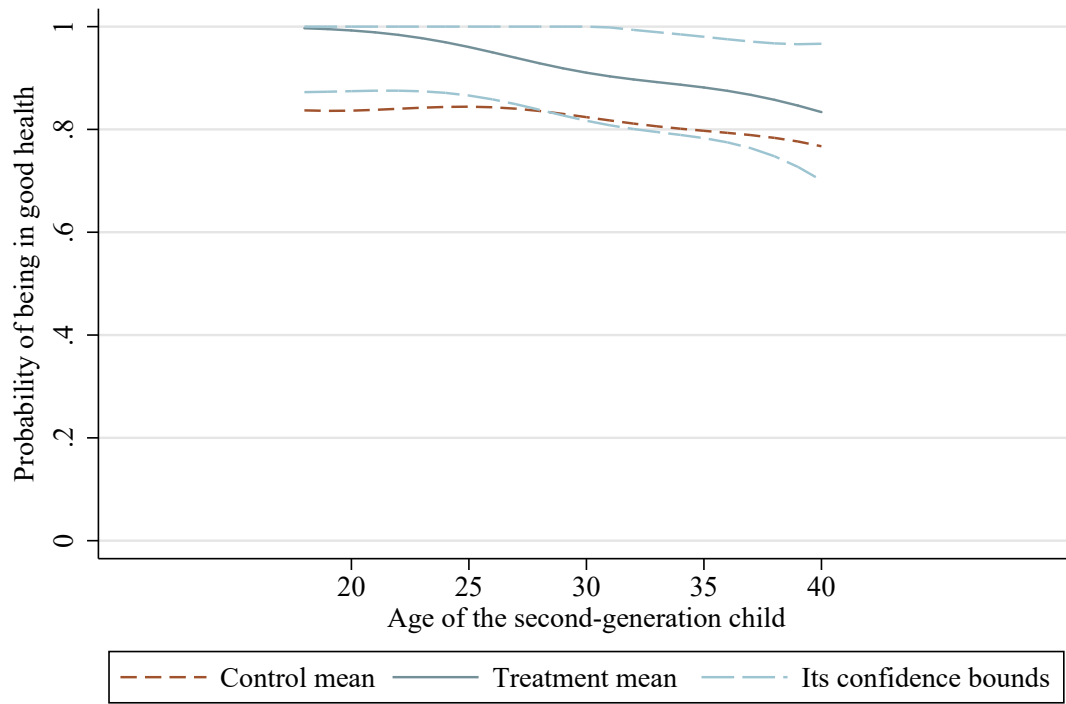
(i) Female children of female participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

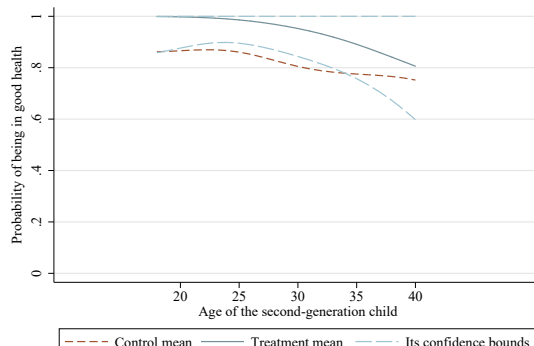
Figure 14: Probability of Being in Good Health

(a) Pooled children of pooled participants



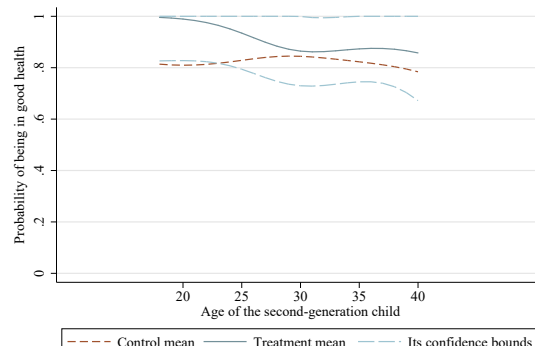
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(b) Male children of pooled participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

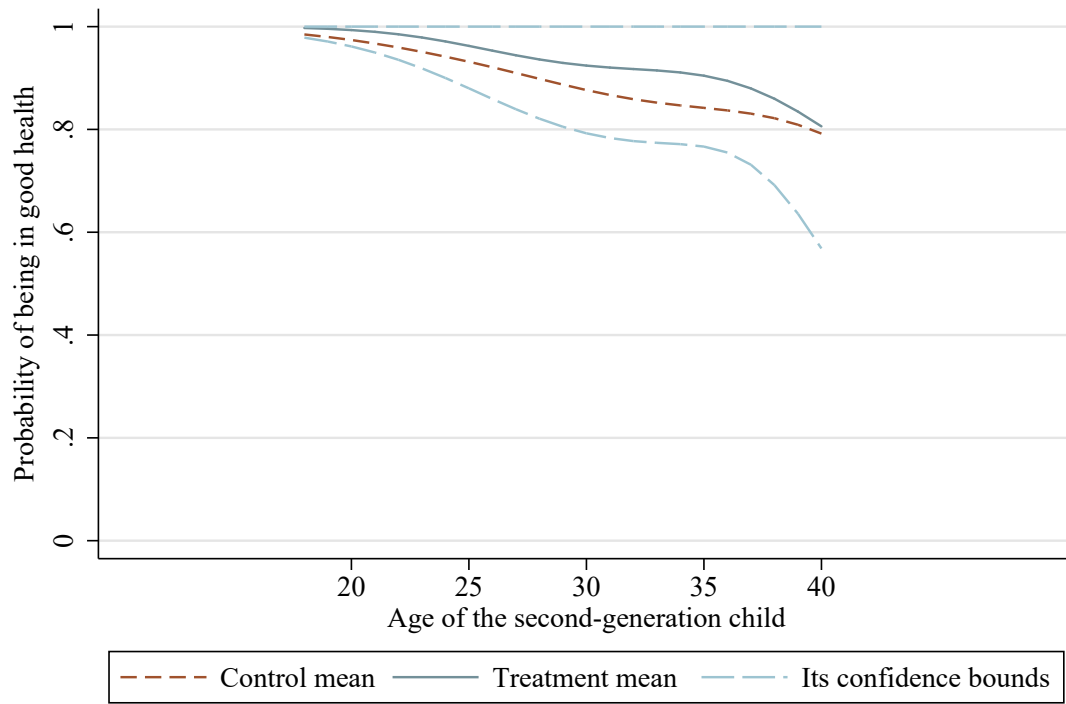
(c) Female children of pooled participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

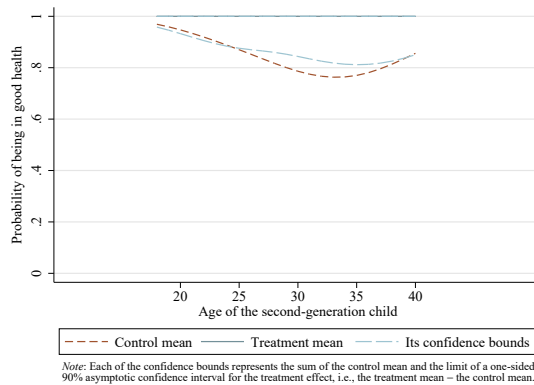
Figure 14: Probability of Being in Good Health

(d) Pooled children of male participants



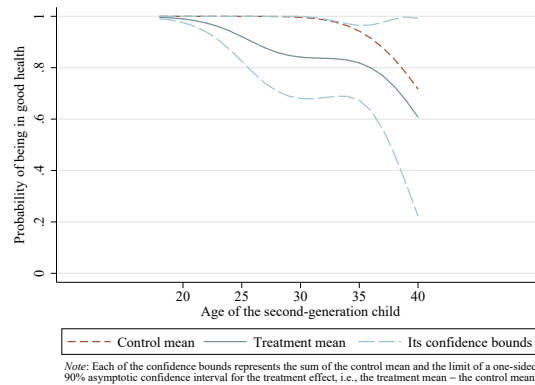
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(e) Male children of male participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

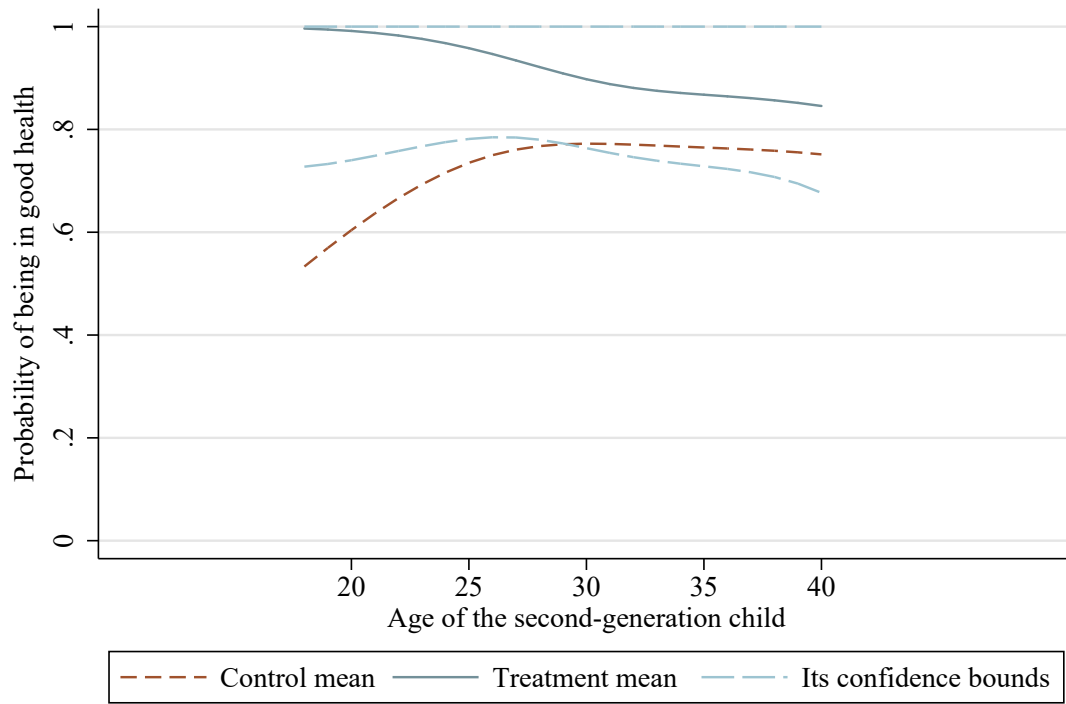
(f) Female children of male participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

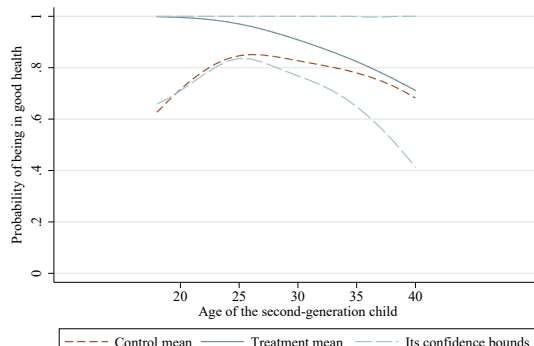
Figure 14: Probability of Being in Good Health

(g) Pooled children of female participants



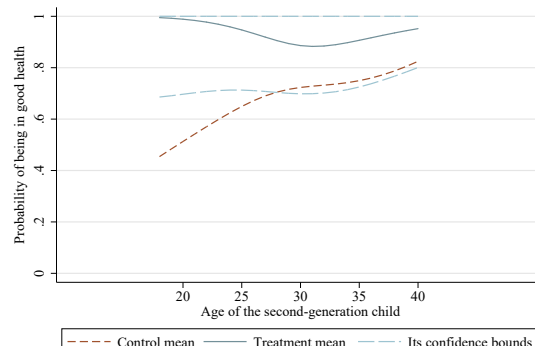
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(h) Male children of female participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

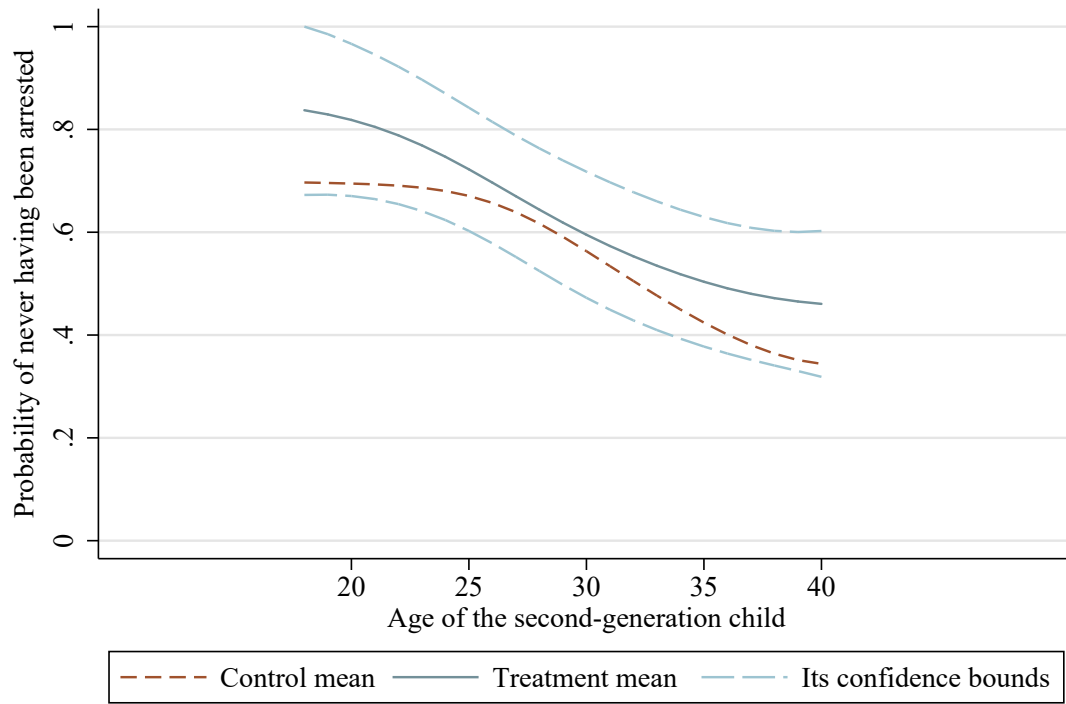
(i) Female children of female participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

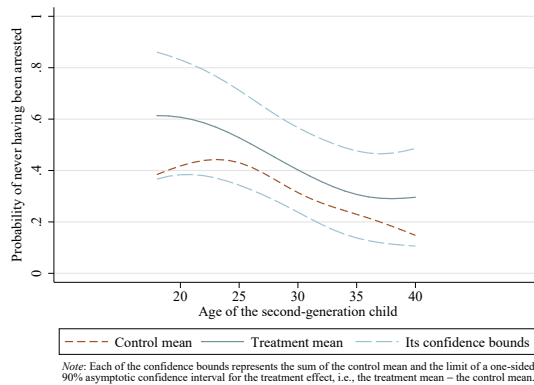
Figure 15: Probability of Never Having Been Arrested

(a) Pooled children of pooled participants



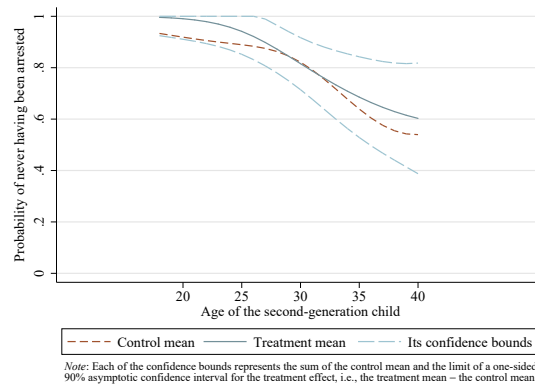
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(b) Male children of pooled participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

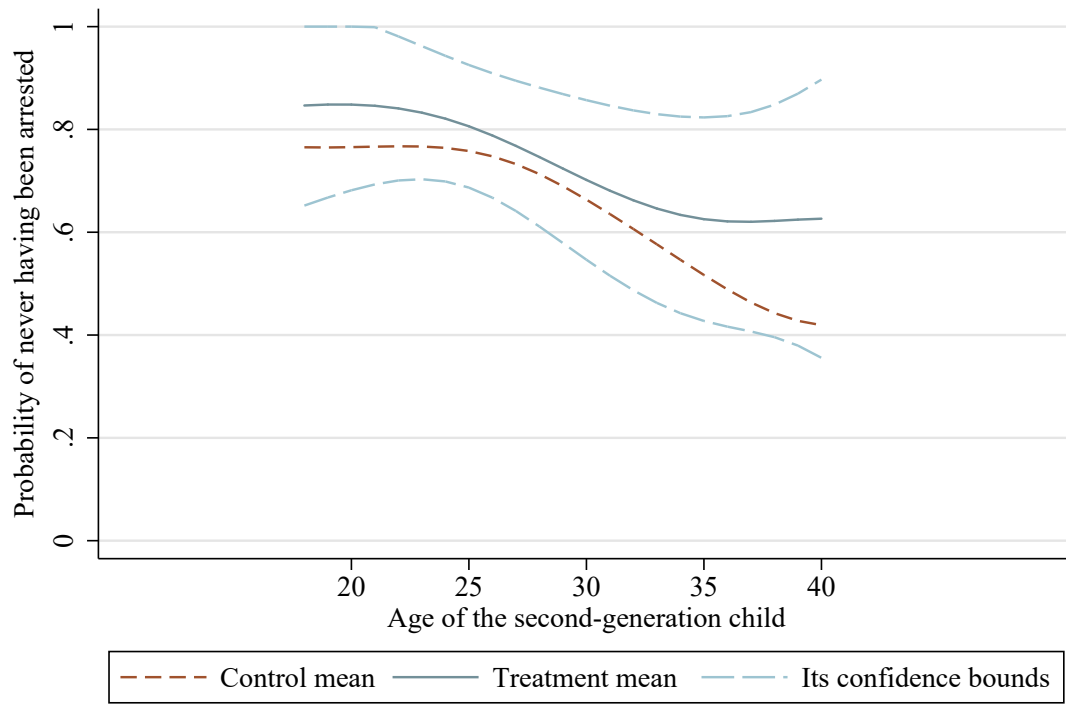
(c) Female children of pooled participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

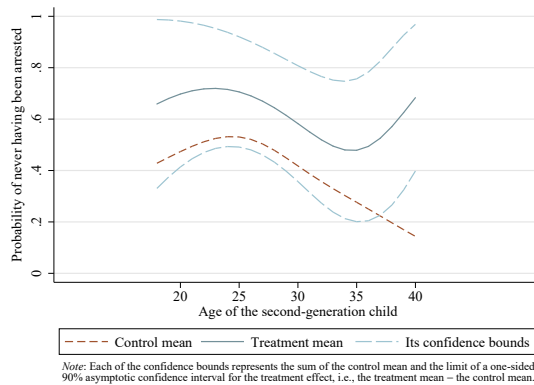
Figure 15: Probability of Never Having Been Arrested

(d) Pooled children of male participants



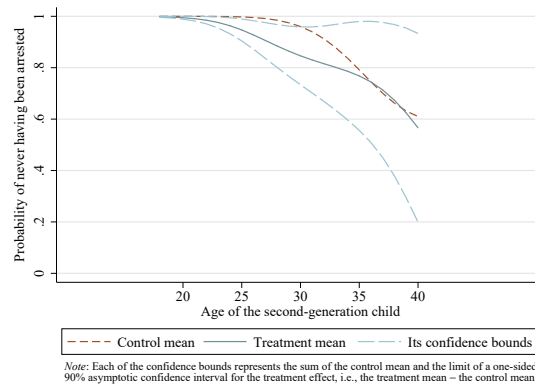
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(e) Male children of male participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

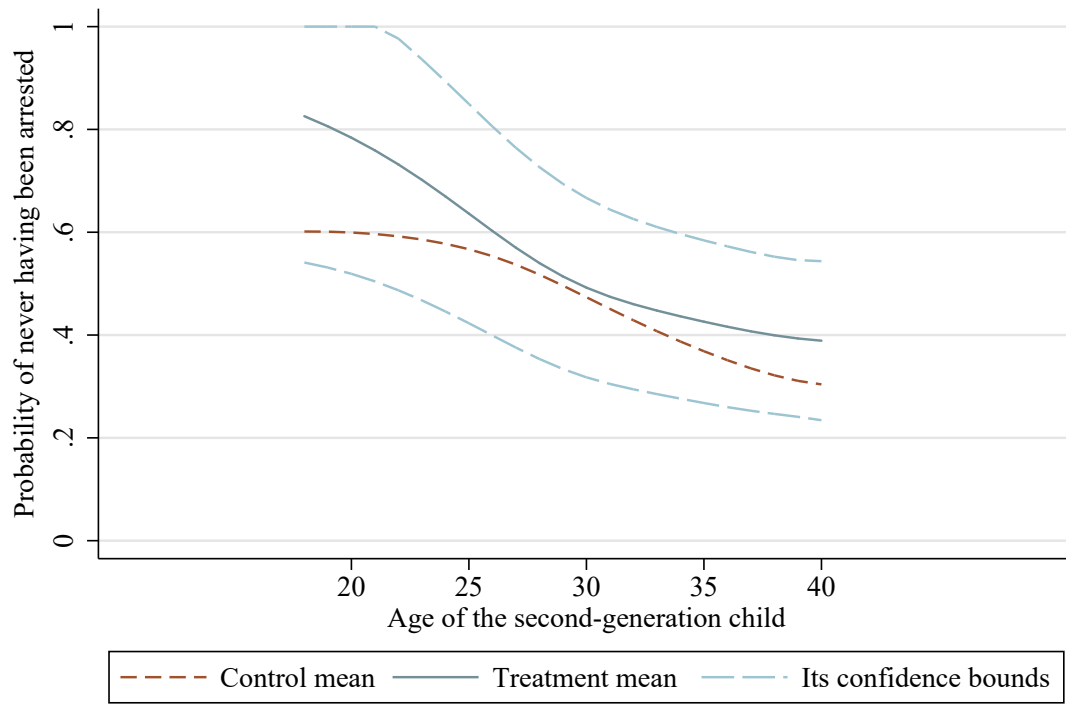
(f) Female children of male participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

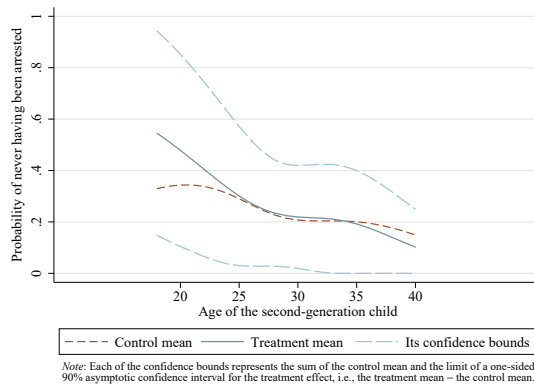
Figure 15: Probability of Never Having Been Arrested

(g) Pooled children of female participants



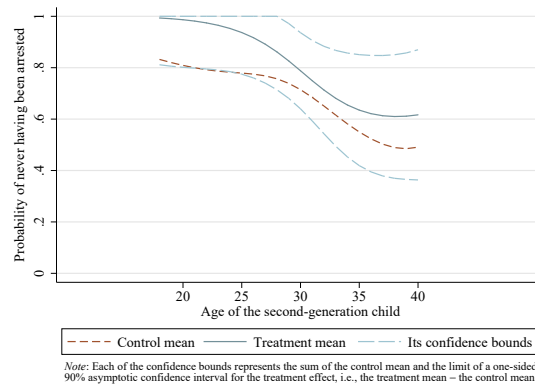
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(h) Male children of female participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

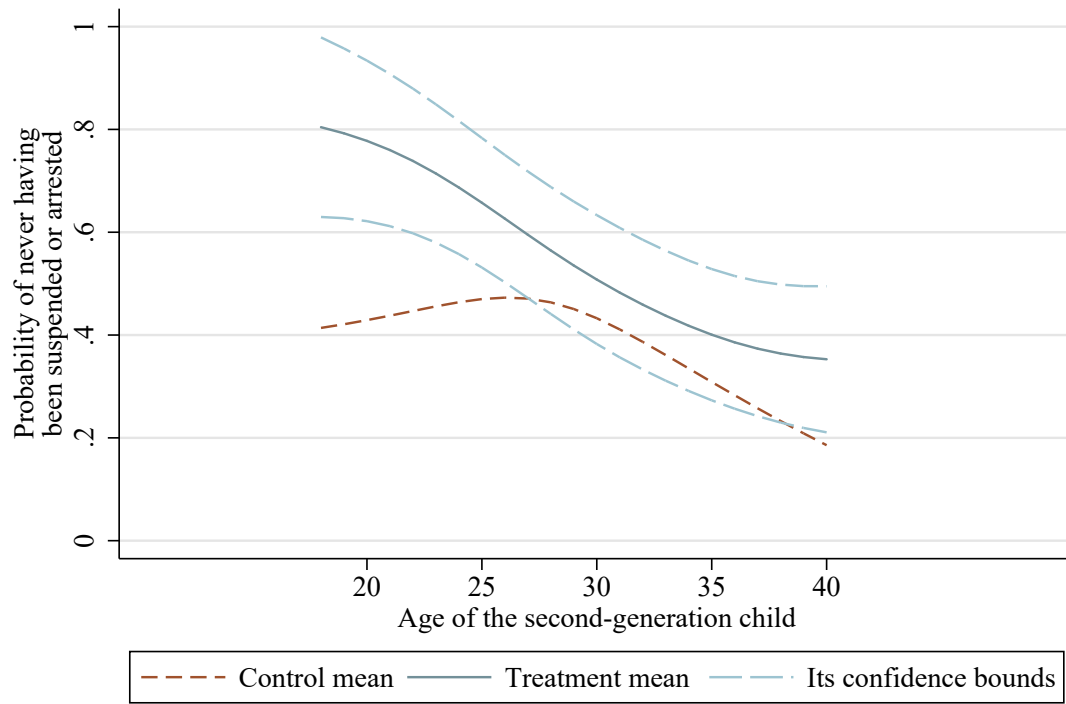
(i) Female children of female participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

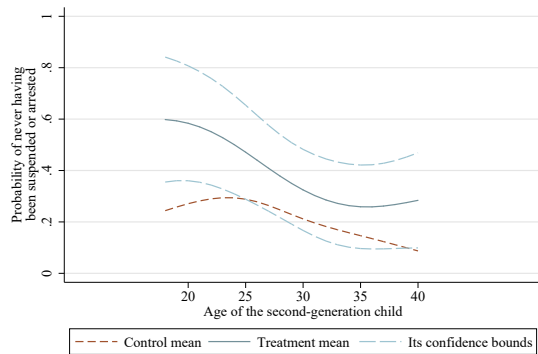
Figure 16: Probability of Never Having Been Suspended or Arrested

(a) Pooled children of pooled participants



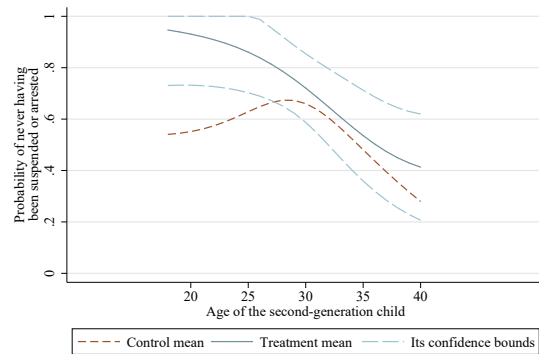
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(b) Male children of pooled participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

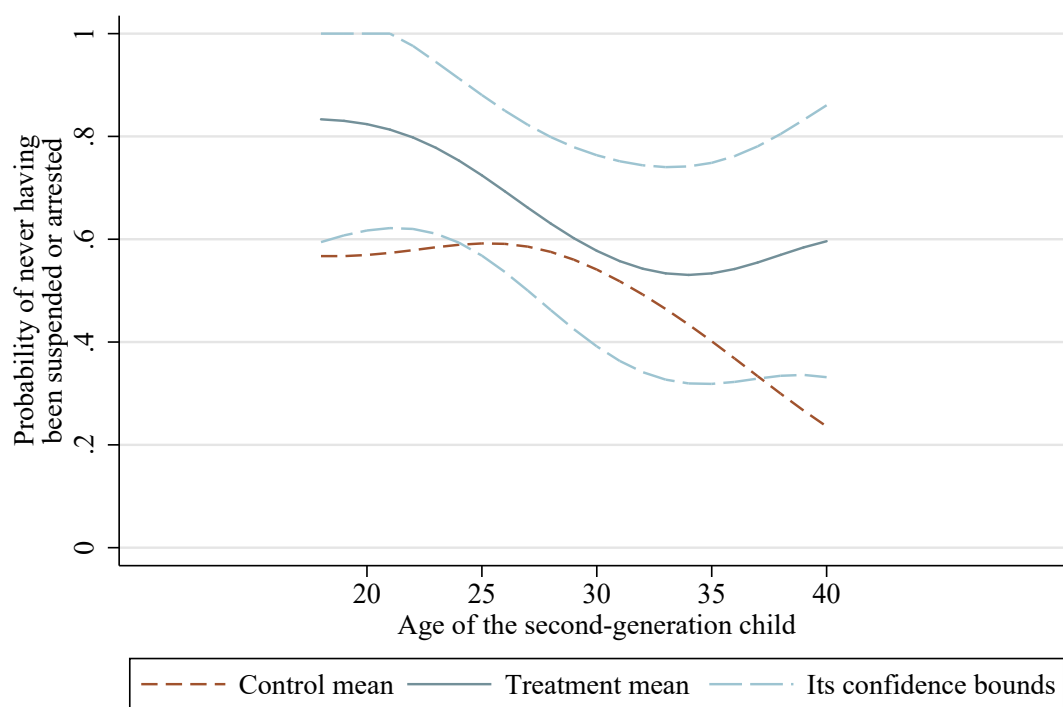
(c) Female children of pooled participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

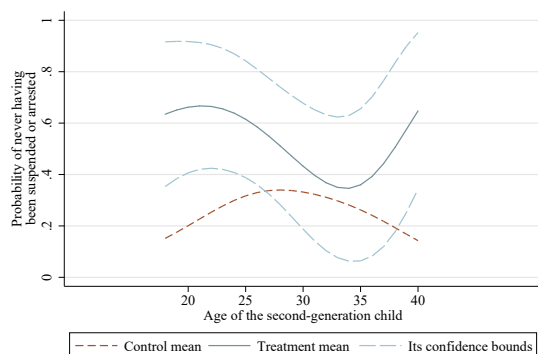
Figure 16: Probability of Never Having Been Suspended or Arrested

(d) Pooled children of male participants



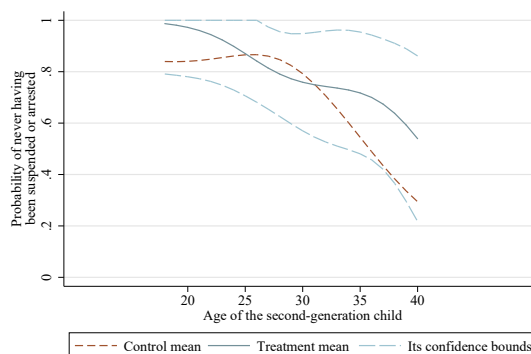
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(e) Male children of male participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

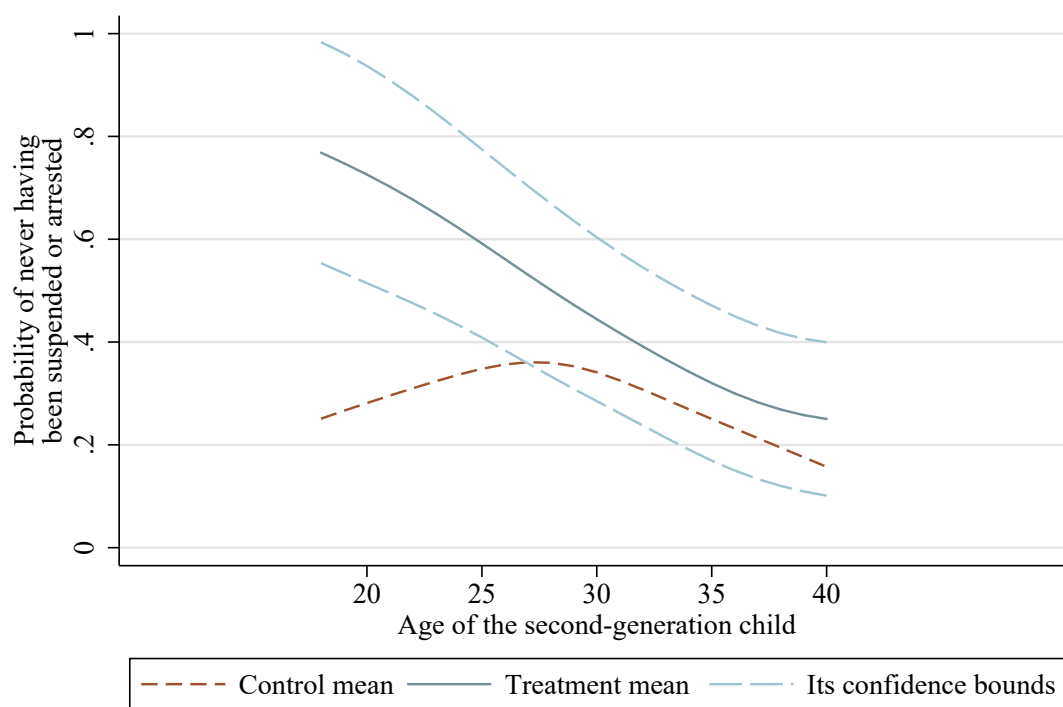
(f) Female children of male participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

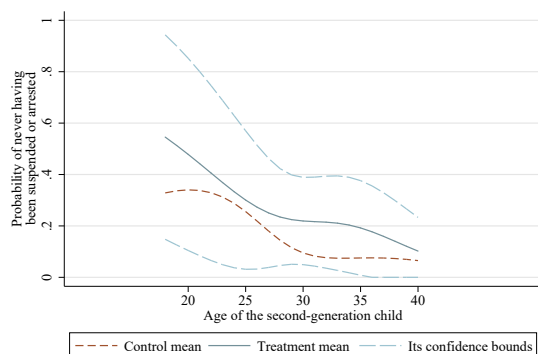
Figure 16: Probability of Never Having Been Suspended or Arrested

(g) Pooled children of female participants



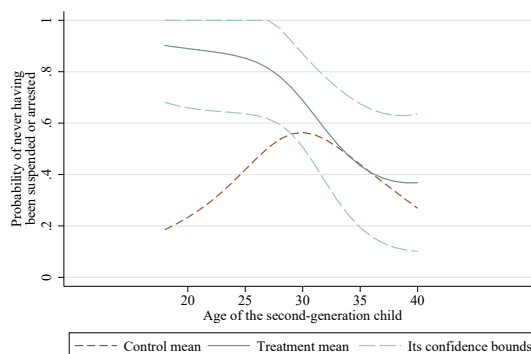
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(h) Male children of female participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

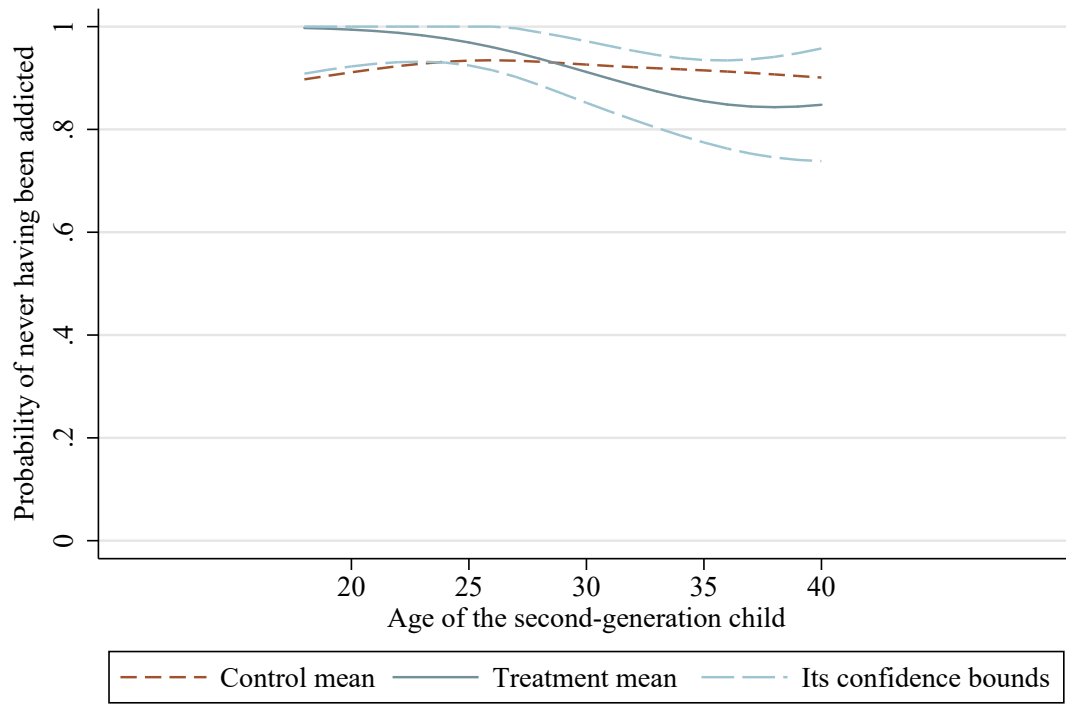
(i) Female children of female participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

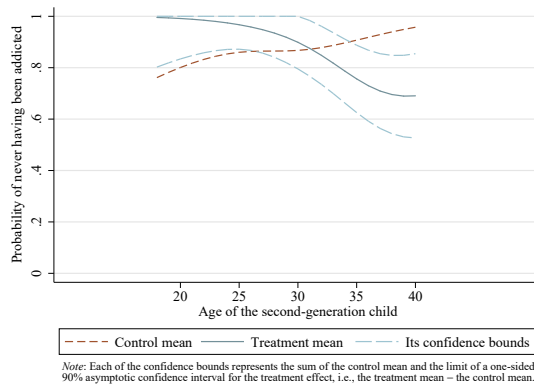
Figure 17: Probability of Never Having Been Addicted

(a) Pooled children of pooled participants



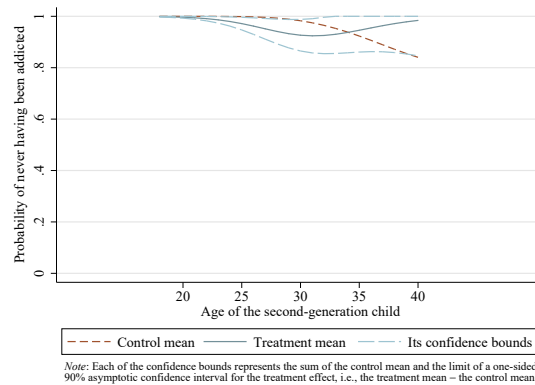
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(b) Male children of pooled participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

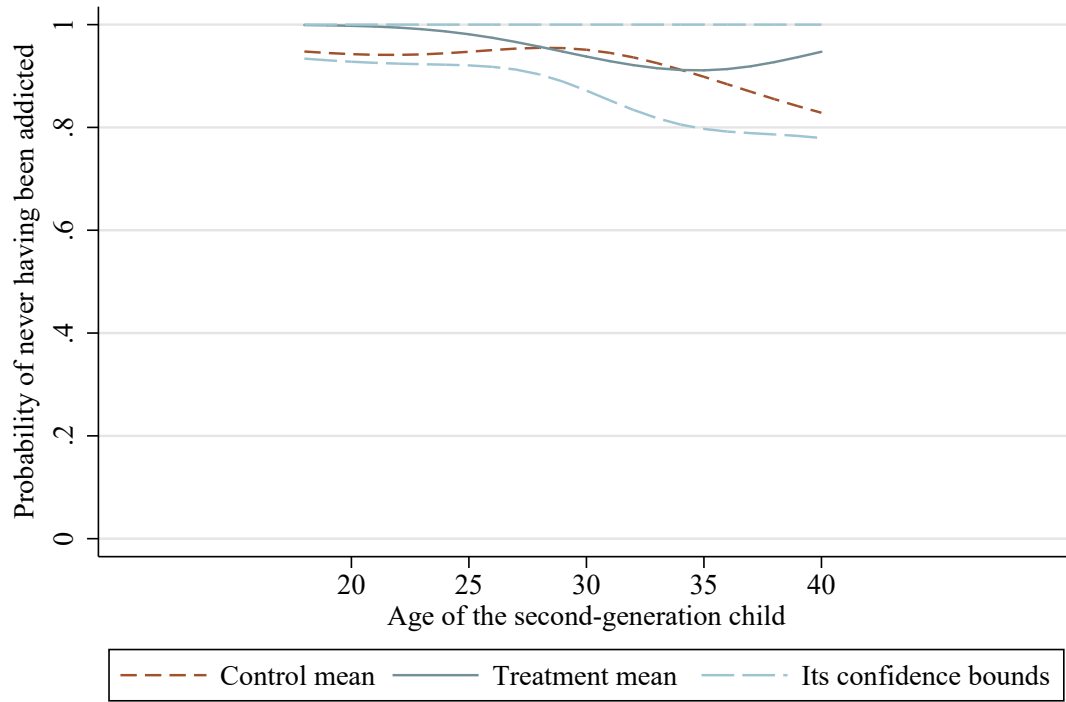
(c) Female children of pooled participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

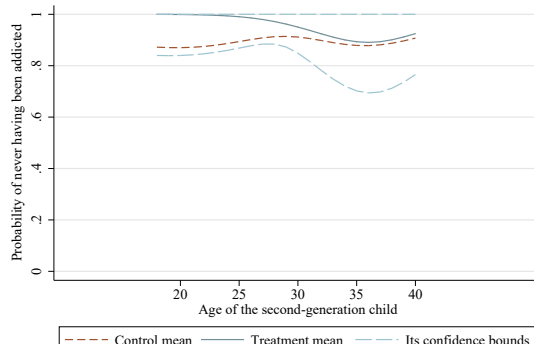
Figure 17: Probability of Never Having Been Addicted

(d) Pooled children of male participants



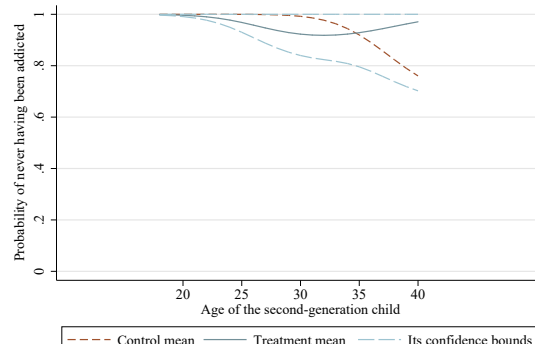
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(e) Male children of male participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

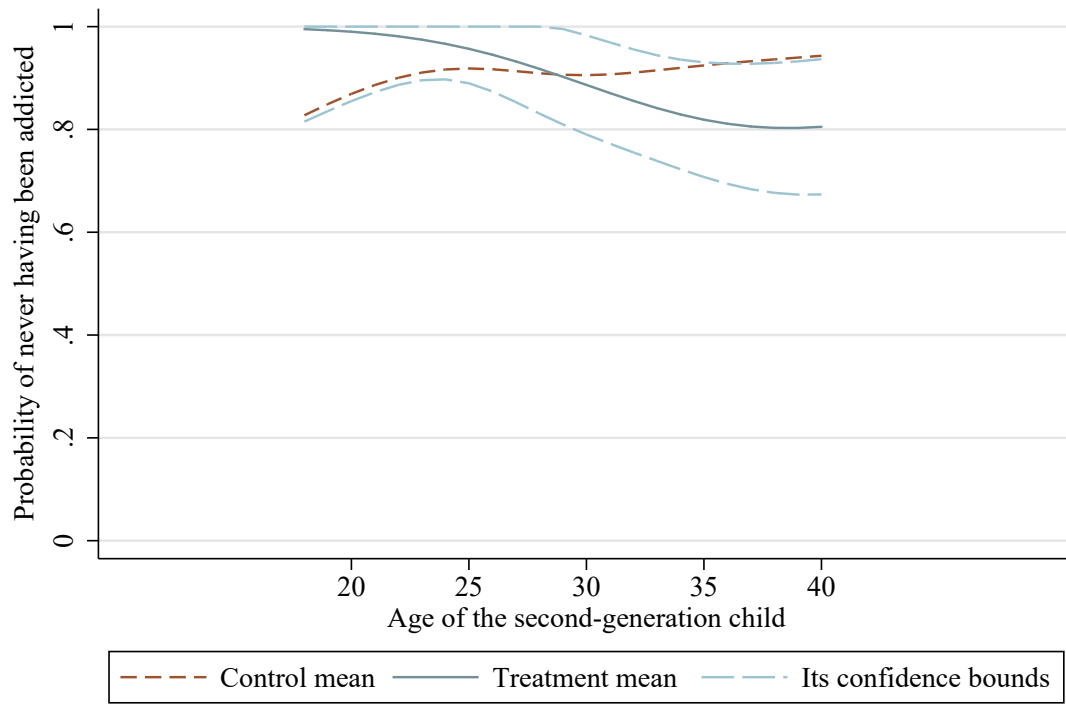
(f) Female children of male participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

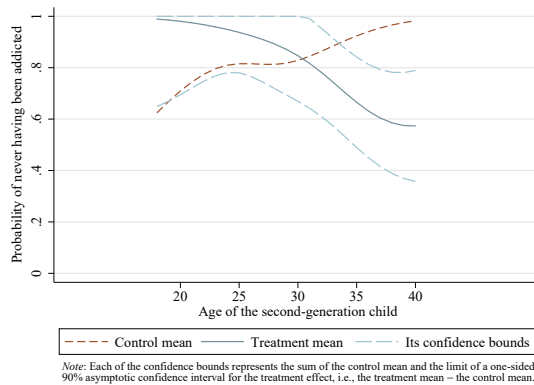
Figure 17: Probability of Never Having Been Addicted

(g) Pooled children of female participants



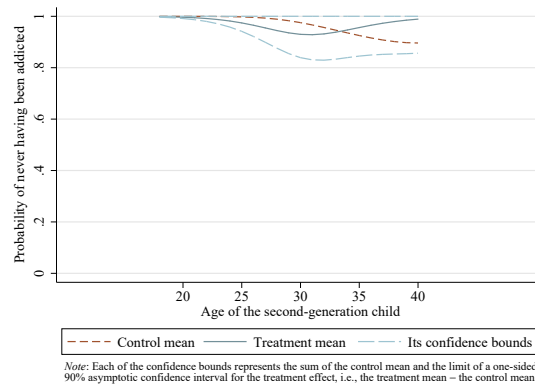
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(h) Male children of female participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

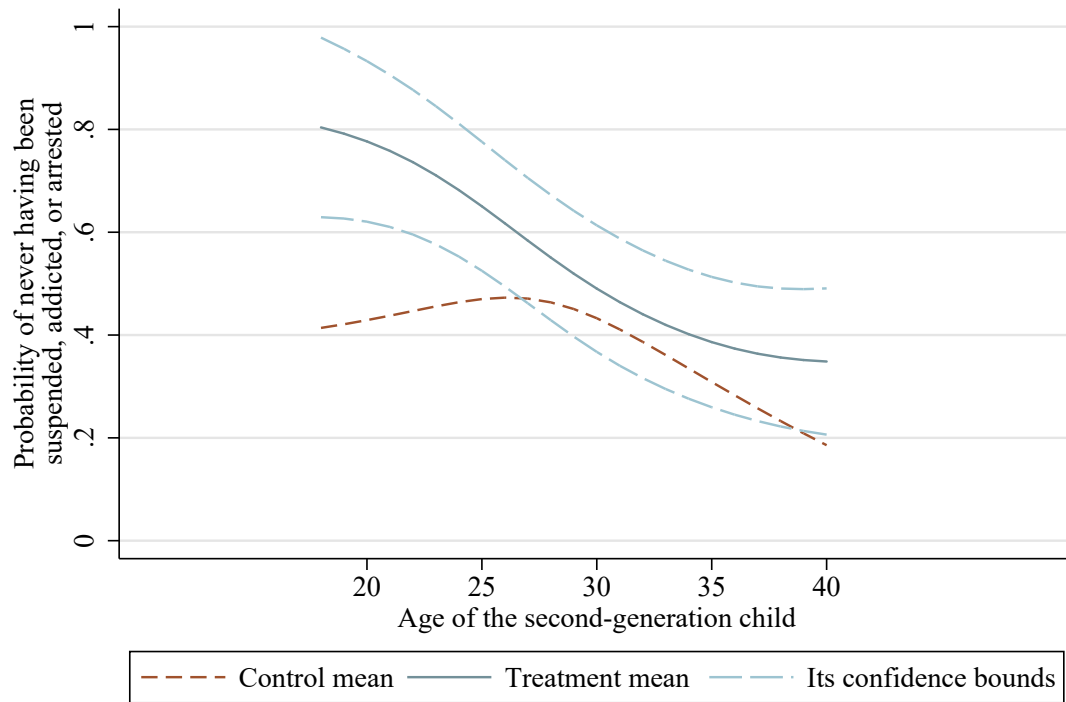
(i) Female children of female participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

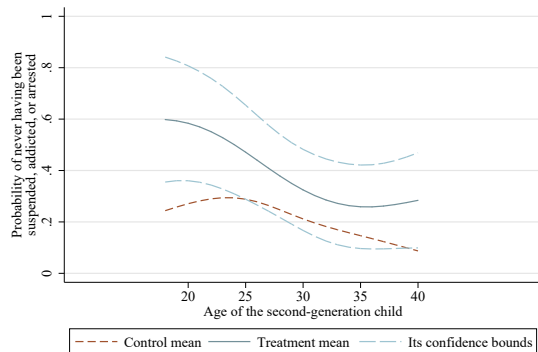
Figure 18: Probability of Never Having Been Suspended, Addicted, or Arrested

(a) Pooled children of pooled participants



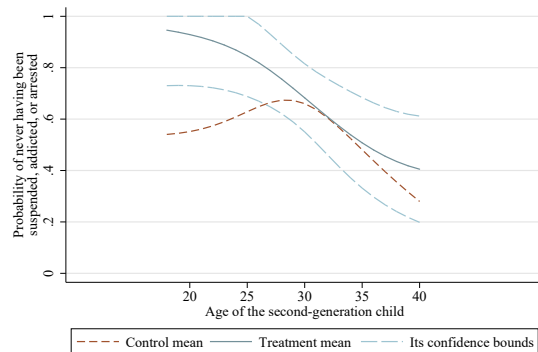
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(b) Male children of pooled participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

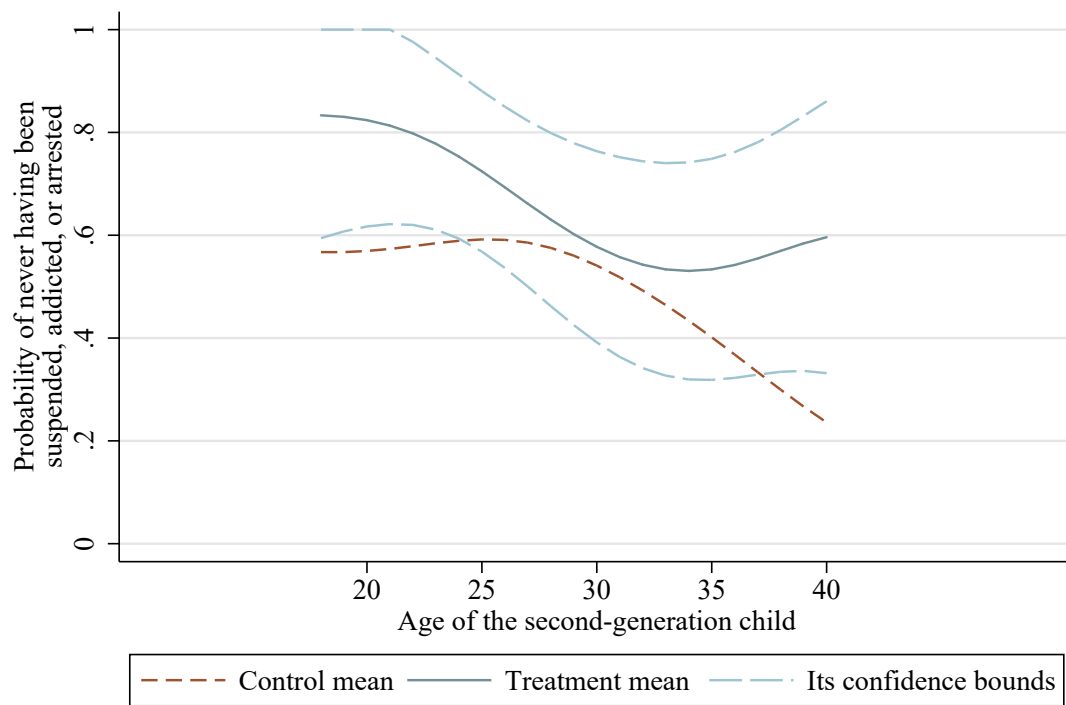
(c) Female children of pooled participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

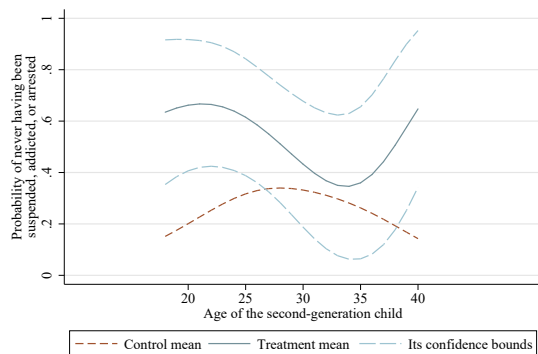
Figure 18: Probability of Never Having Been Suspended, Addicted, or Arrested

(d) Pooled children of male participants



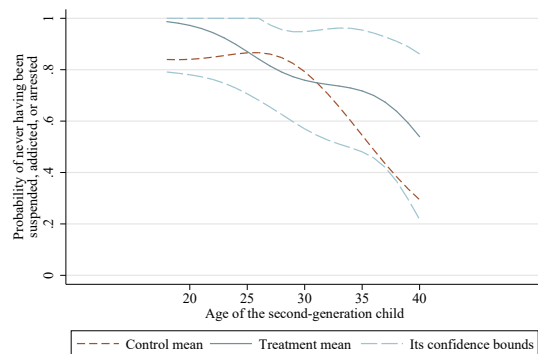
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(e) Male children of male participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

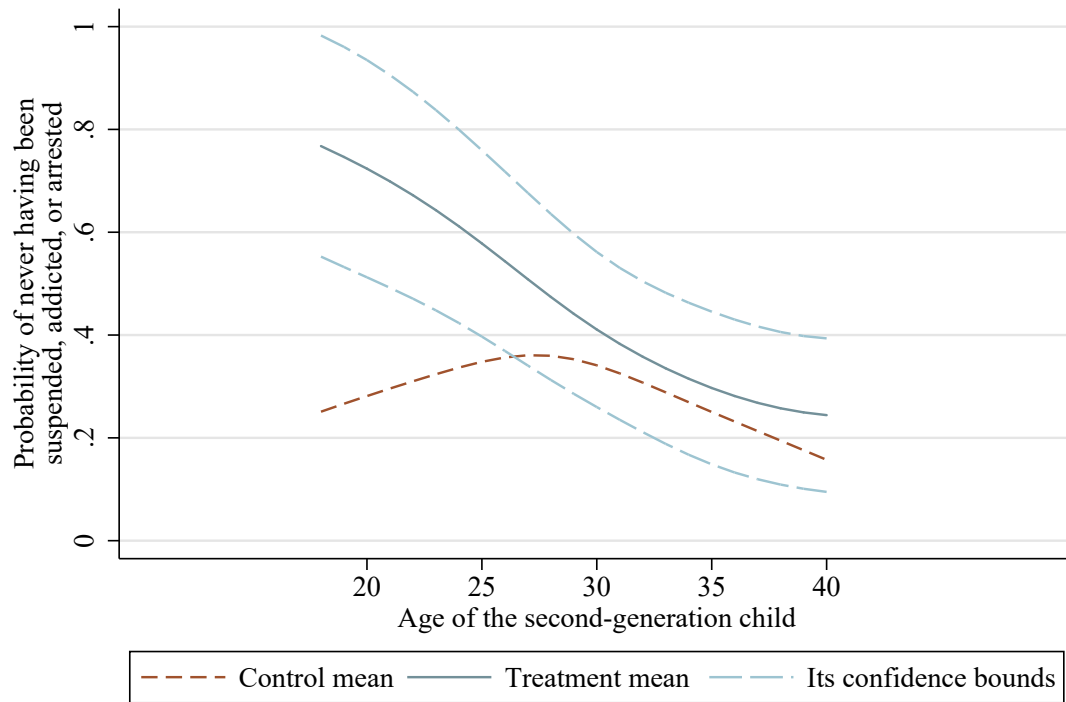
(f) Female children of male participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

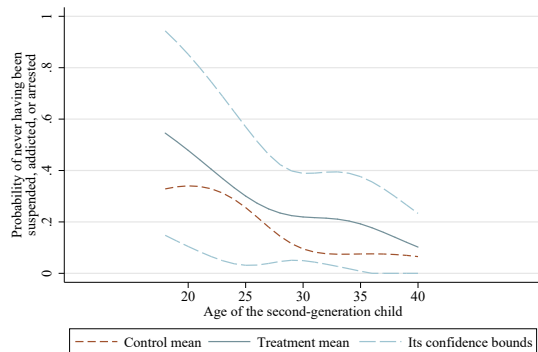
Figure 18: Probability of Never Having Been Suspended, Addicted, or Arrested

(g) Pooled children of female participants



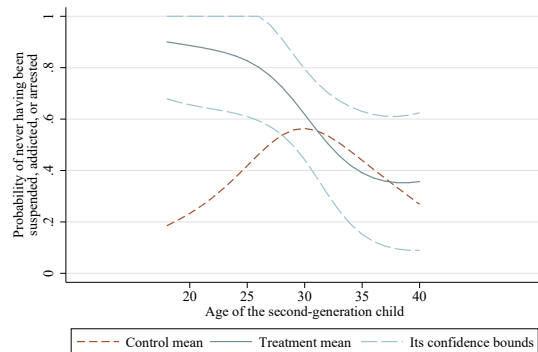
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(h) Male children of female participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

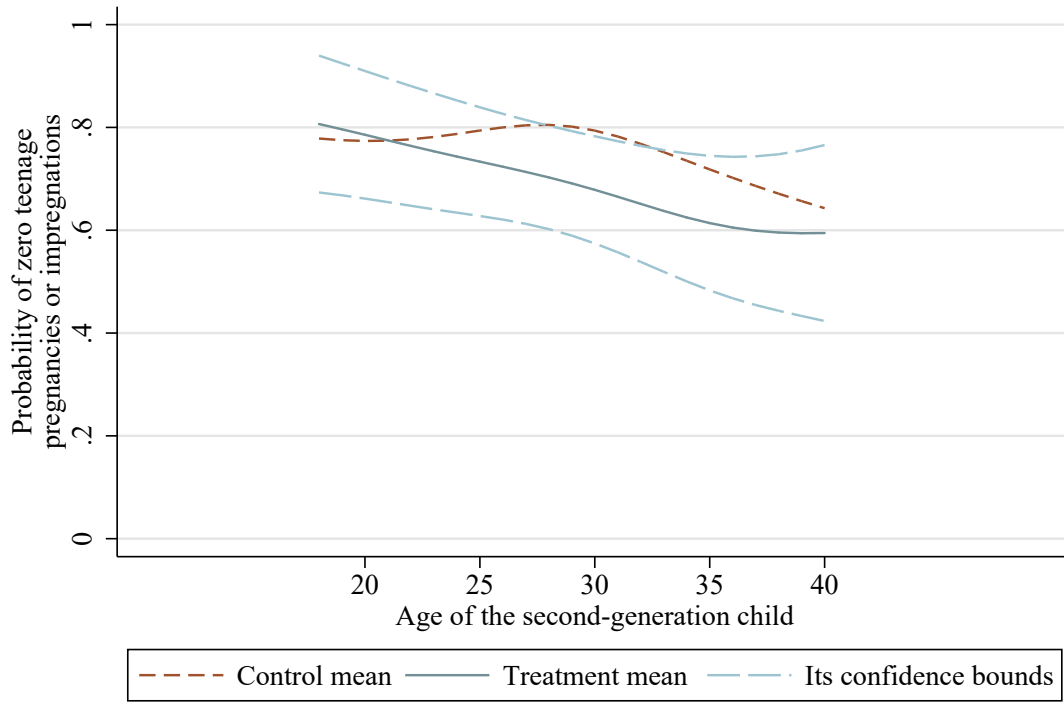
(i) Female children of female participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

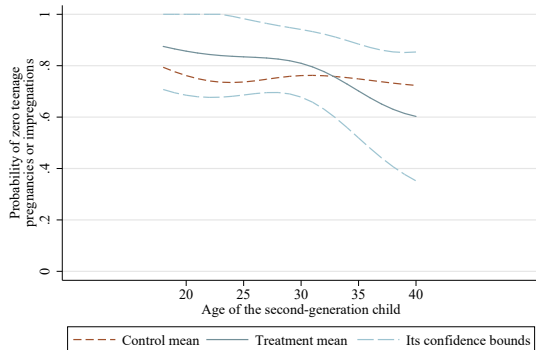
Figure 19: Probability of Zero Teenage Pregnancies or Impregnations

(a) Pooled children of pooled participants



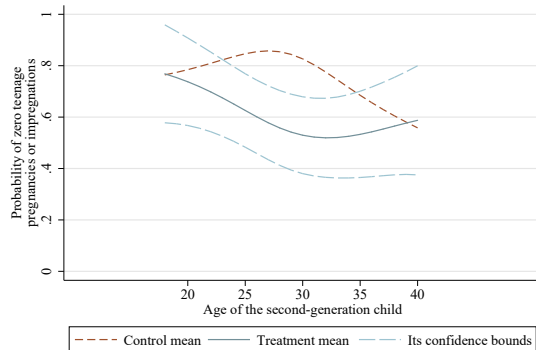
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(b) Male children of pooled participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

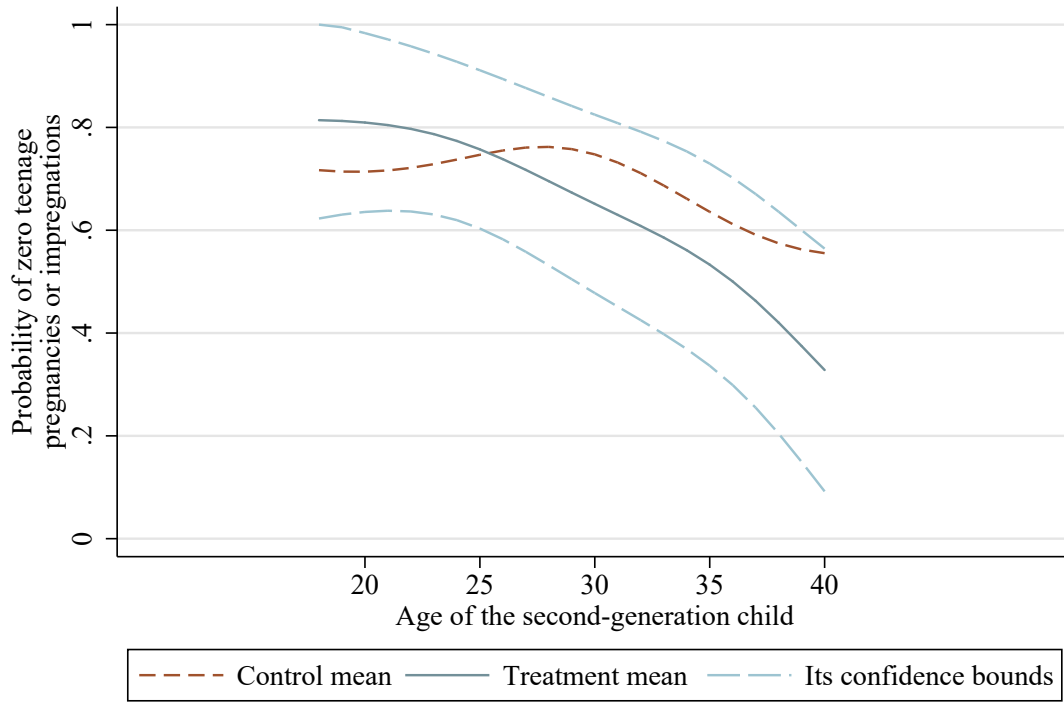
(c) Female children of pooled participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

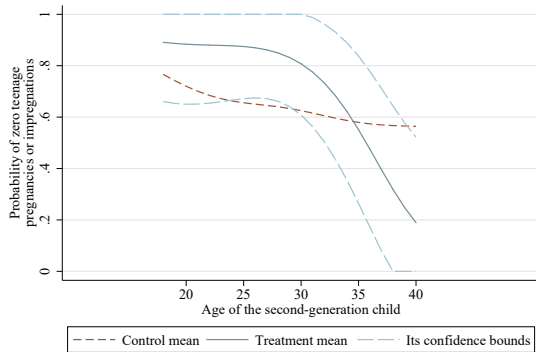
Figure 19: Probability of Zero Teenage Pregnancies or Impregnations

(d) Pooled children of male participants



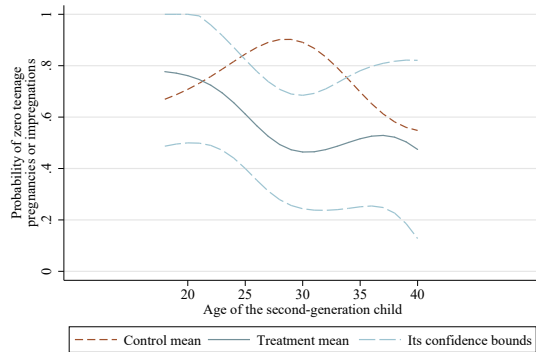
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(e) Male children of male participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

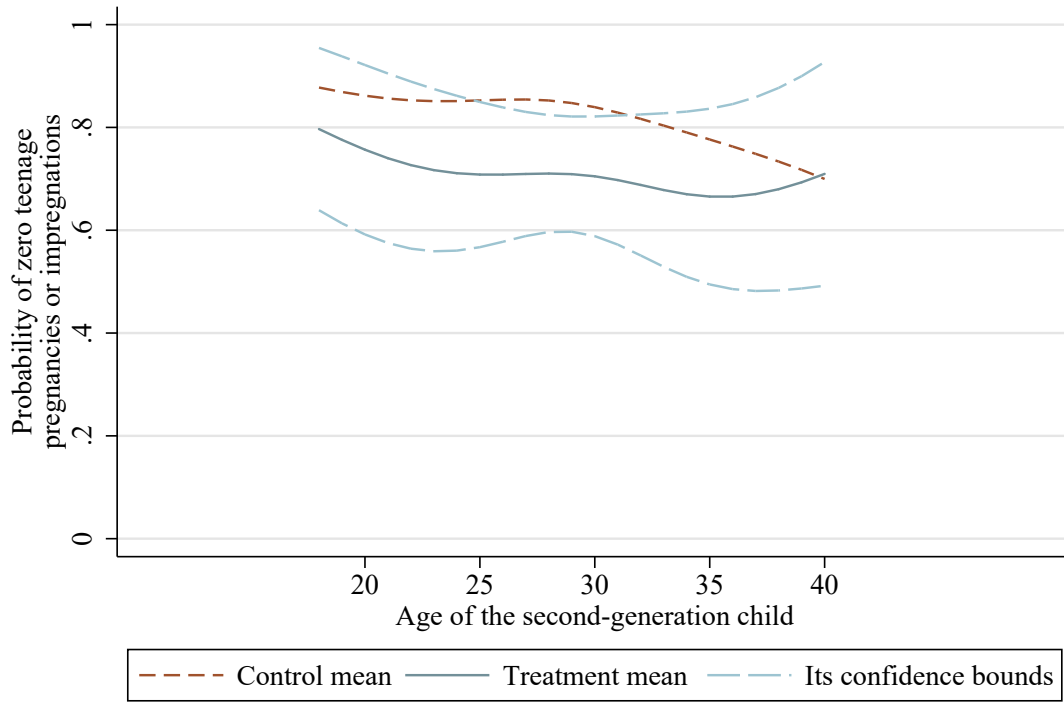
(f) Female children of male participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

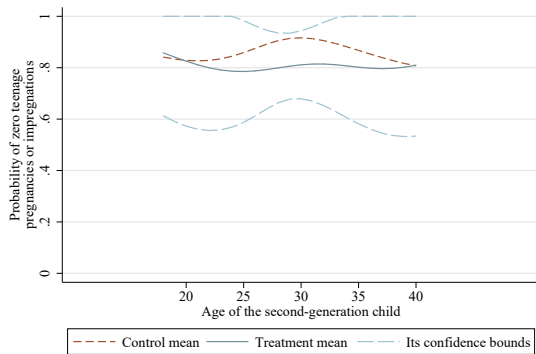
Figure 19: Probability of Zero Teenage Pregnancies or Impregnations

(g) Pooled children of female participants



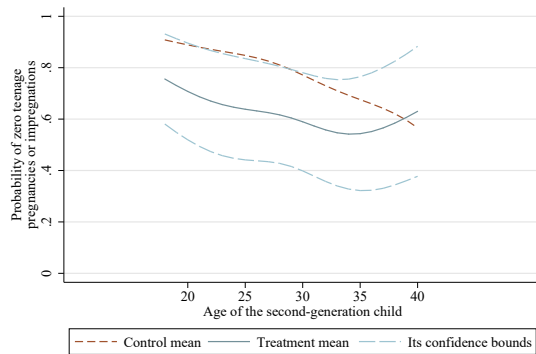
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(h) Male children of female participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

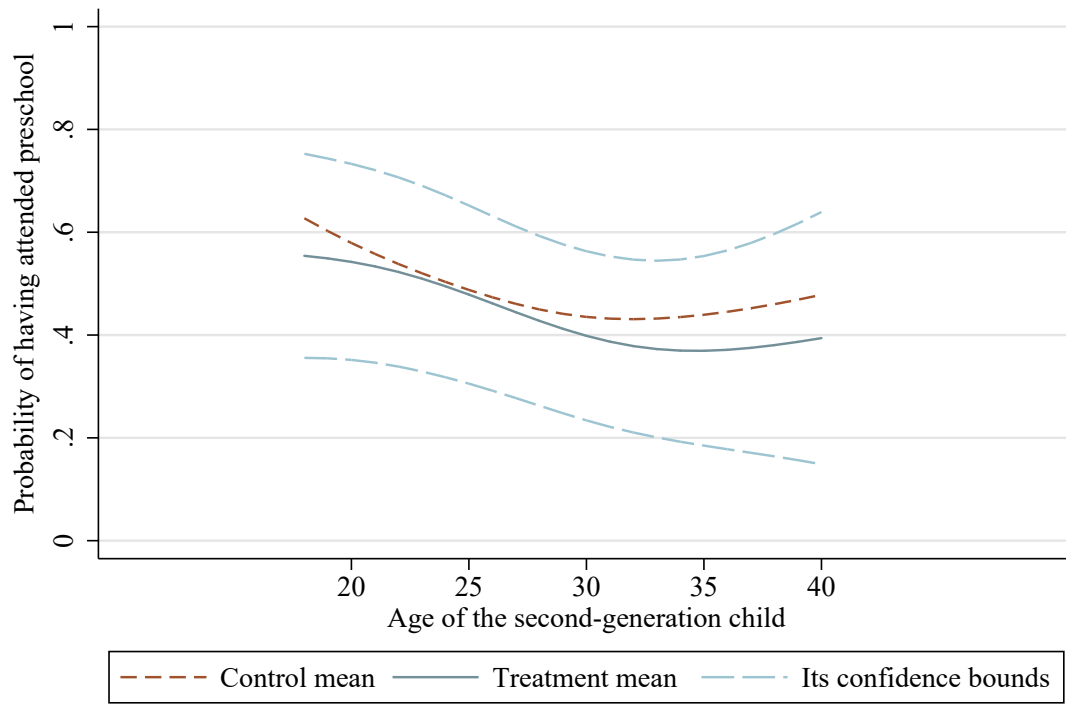
(i) Female children of female participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

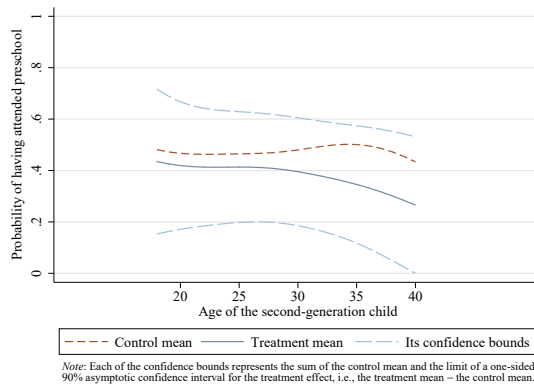
Figure 20: Probability of Having Attended Preschool

(a) Pooled children of pooled participants



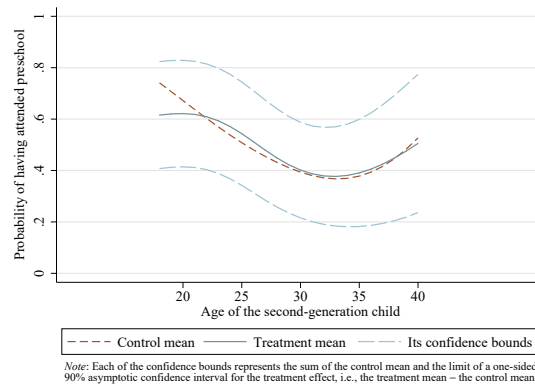
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(b) Male children of pooled participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

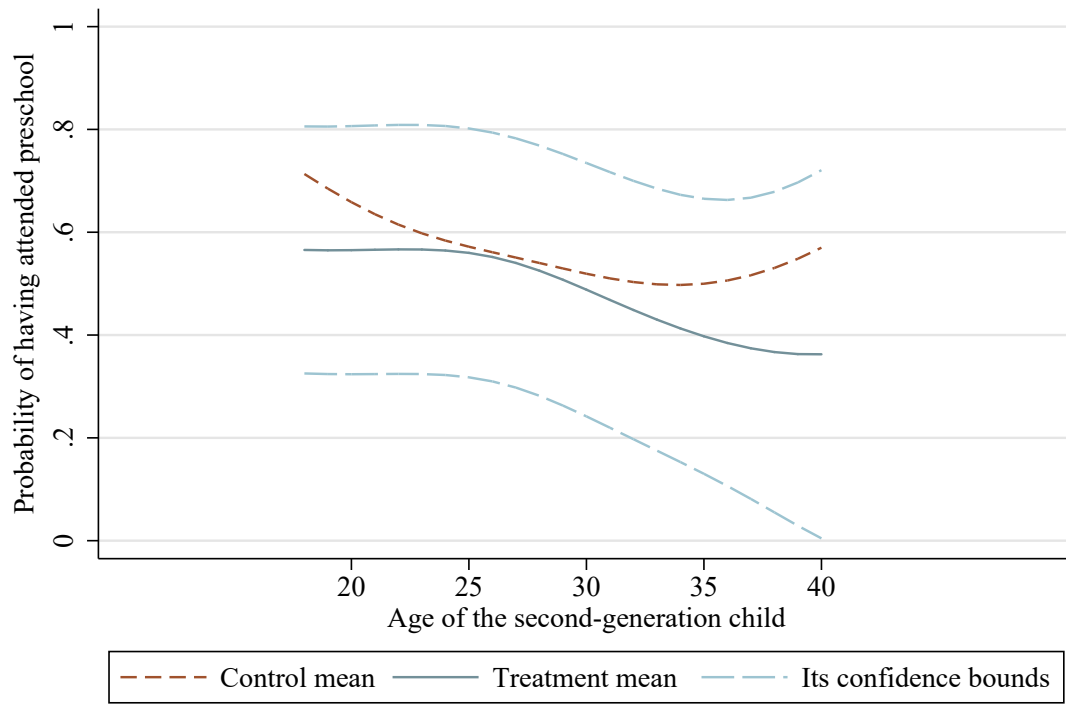
(c) Female children of pooled participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

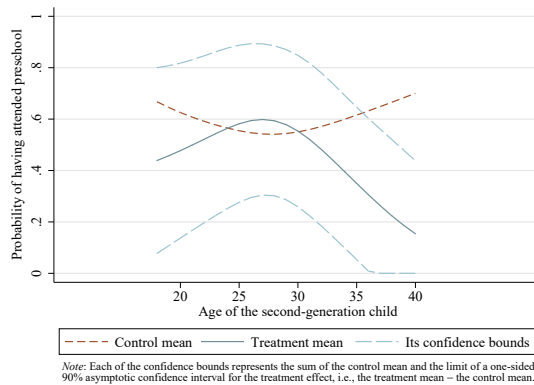
Figure 20: Probability of Having Attended Preschool

(d) Pooled children of male participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(e) Male children of male participants



(f) Female children of male participants

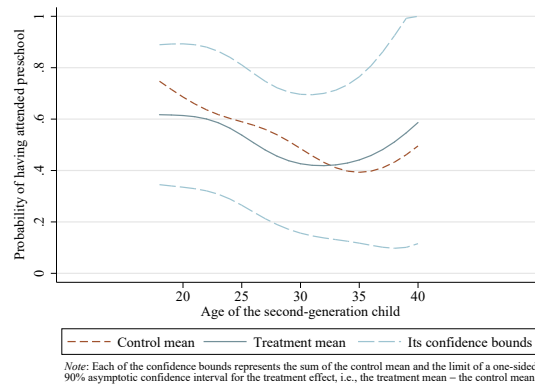
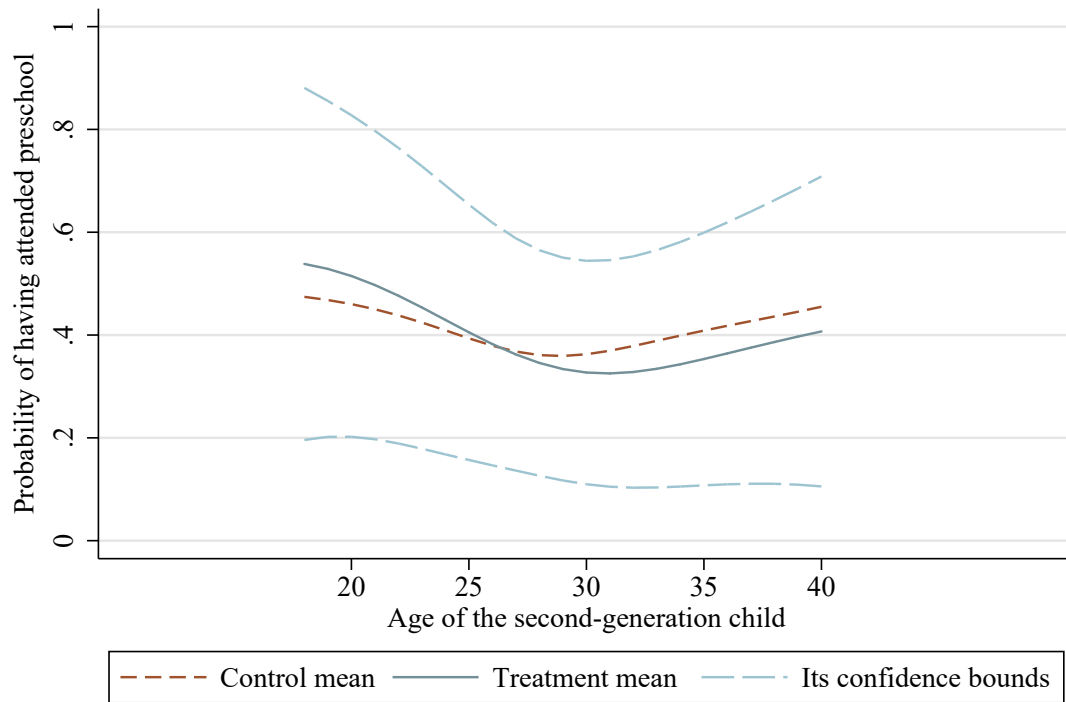


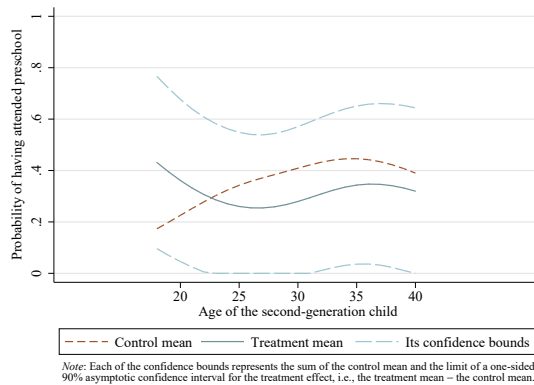
Figure 20: Probability of Having Attended Preschool

(g) Pooled children of female participants



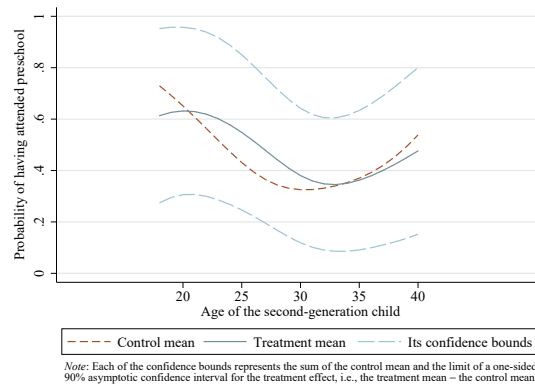
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(h) Male children of female participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

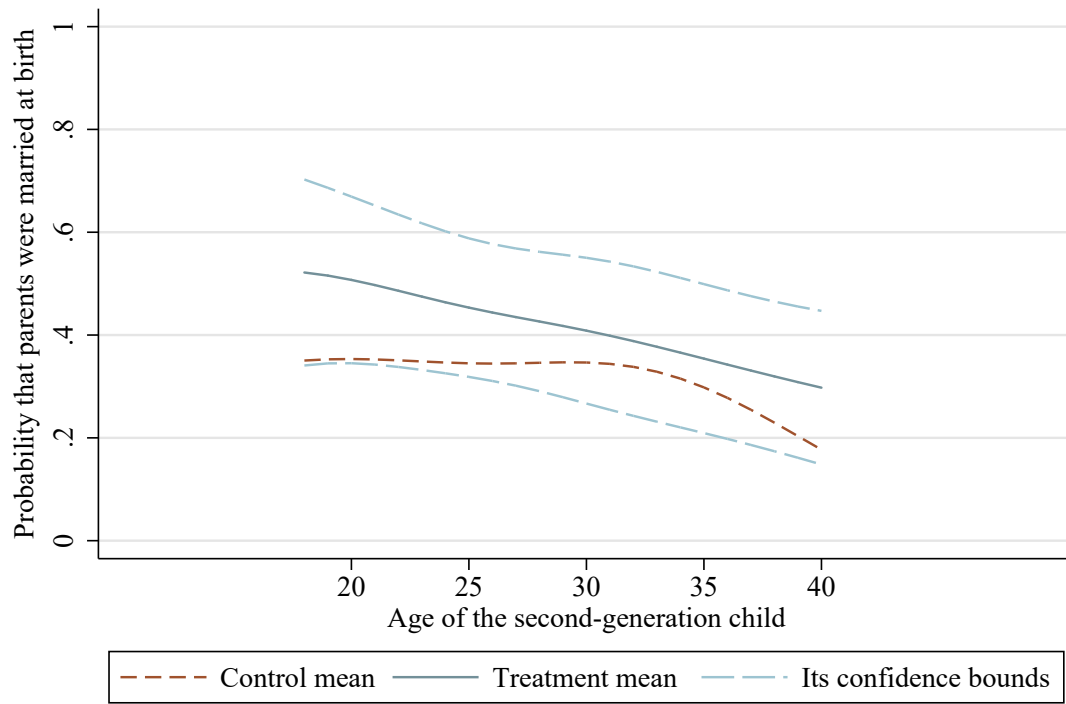
(i) Female children of female participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

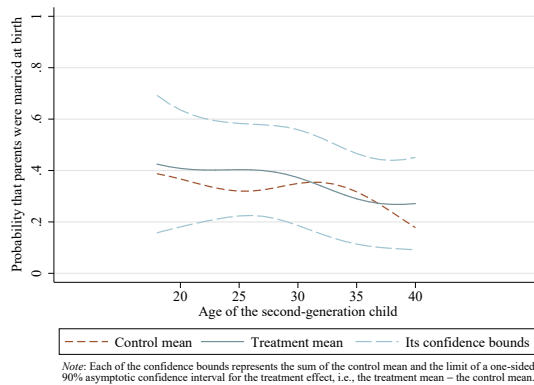
Figure 21: Probability that Parents were Married at Birth

(a) Pooled children of pooled participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(b) Male children of pooled participants



(c) Female children of pooled participants

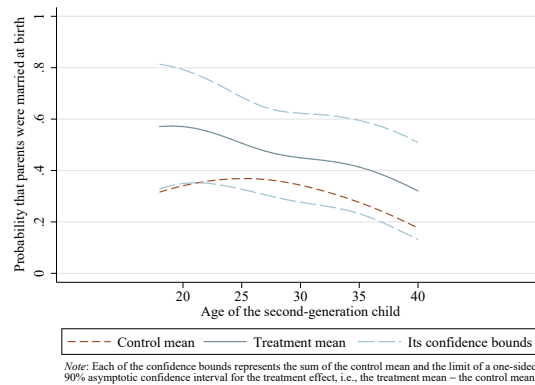
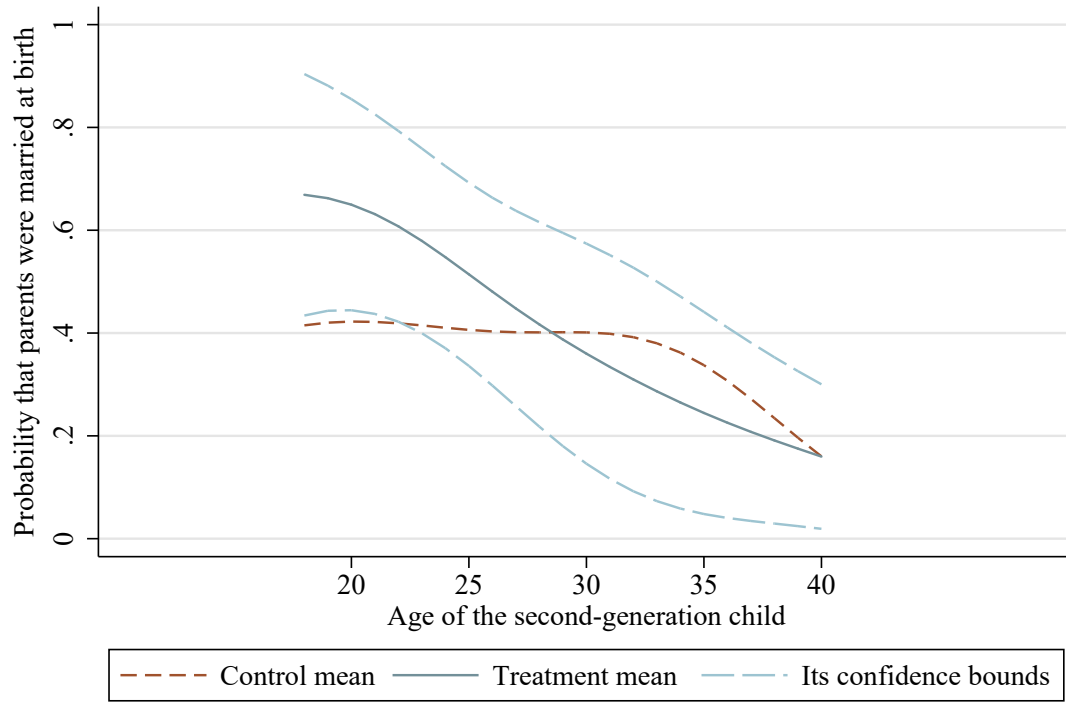


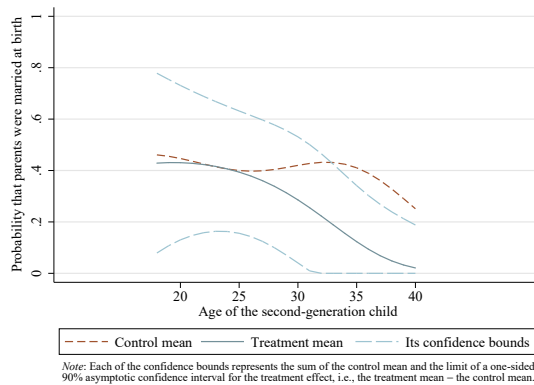
Figure 21: Probability that Parents were Married at Birth

(d) Pooled children of male participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(e) Male children of male participants



(f) Female children of male participants

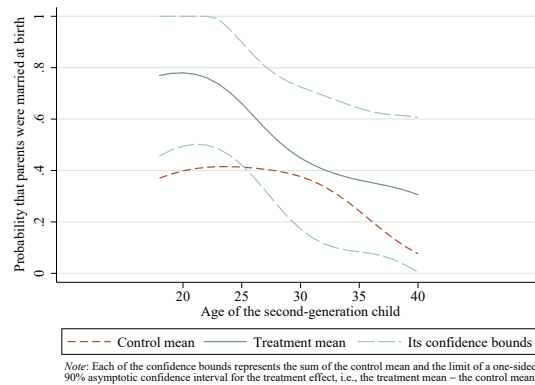
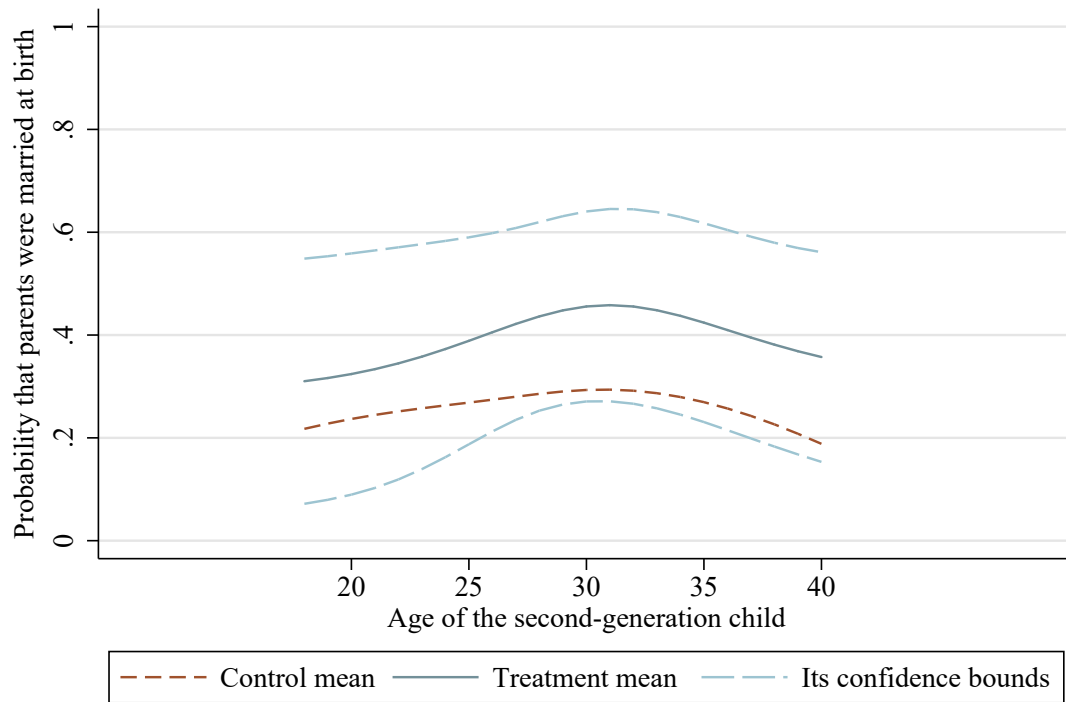


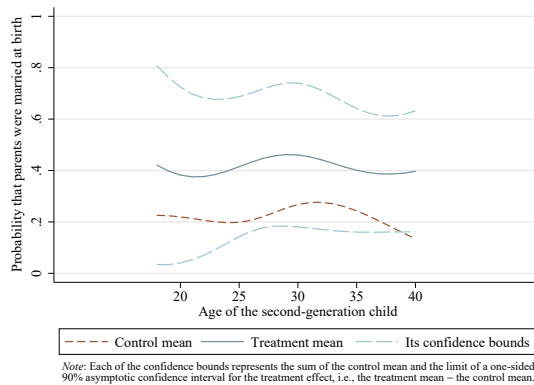
Figure 21: Probability that Parents were Married at Birth

(g) Pooled children of female participants



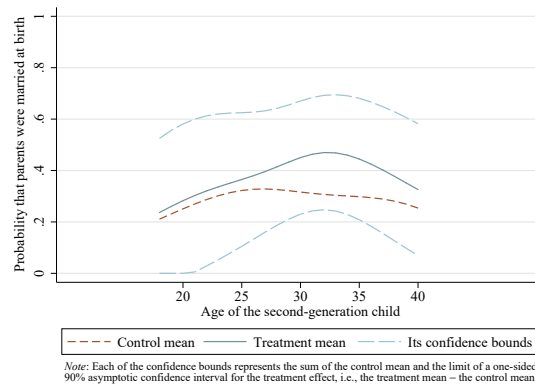
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(h) Male children of female participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

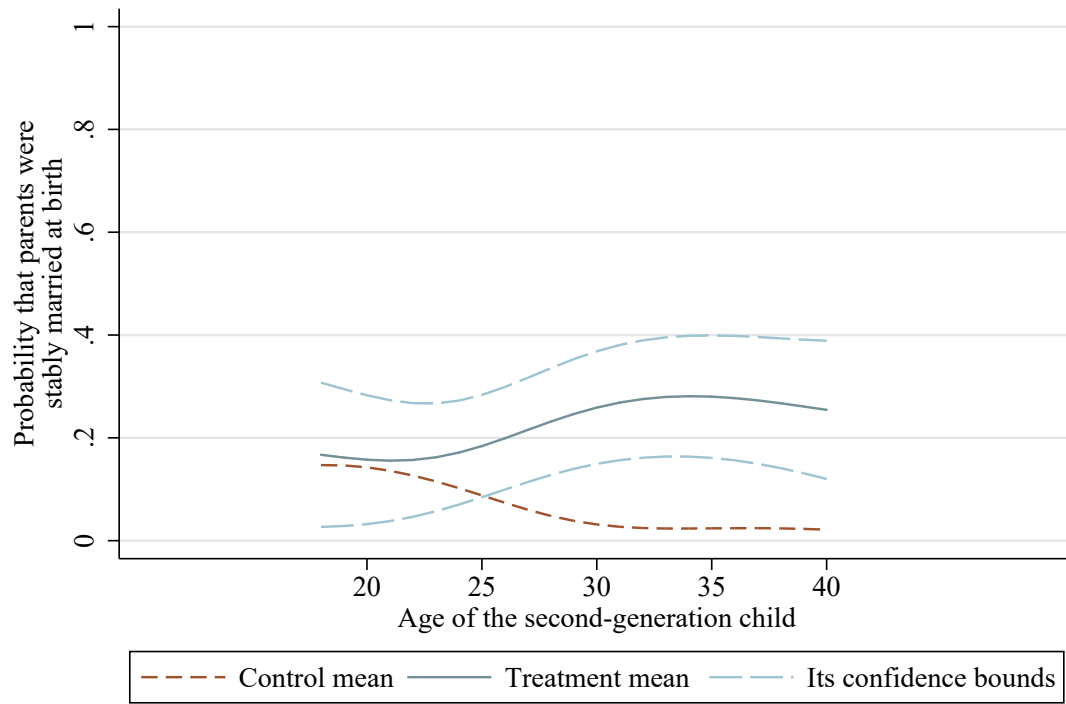
(i) Female children of female participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

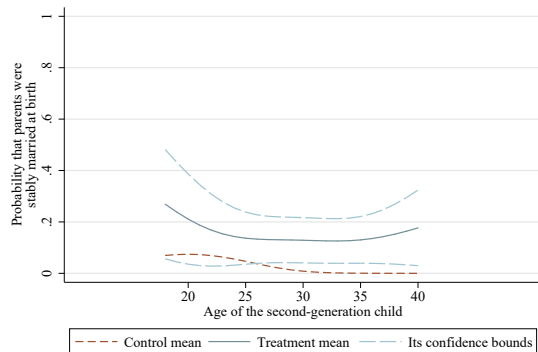
Figure 22: Probability that Parents were Stably Married at Birth

(a) Pooled children of pooled participants



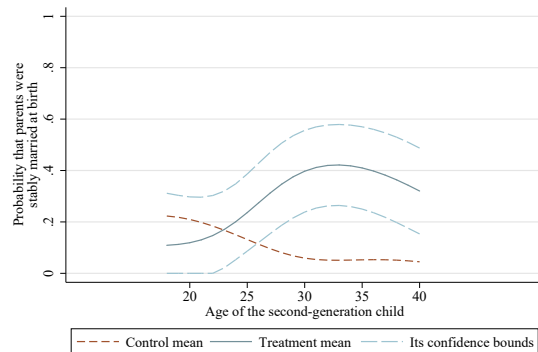
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(b) Male children of pooled participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

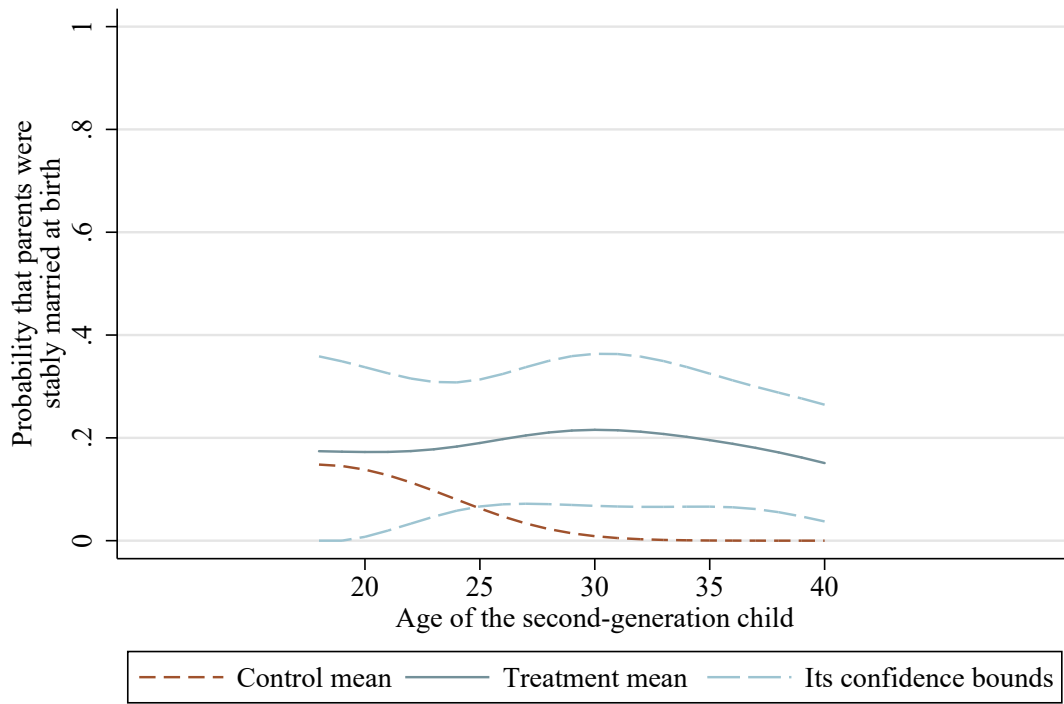
(c) Female children of pooled participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

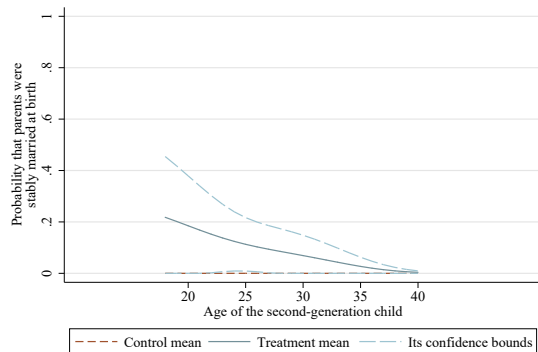
Figure 22: Probability that Parents were Stably Married at Birth

(d) Pooled children of male participants



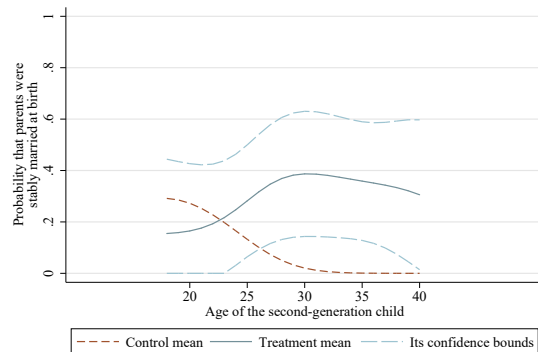
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(e) Male children of male participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

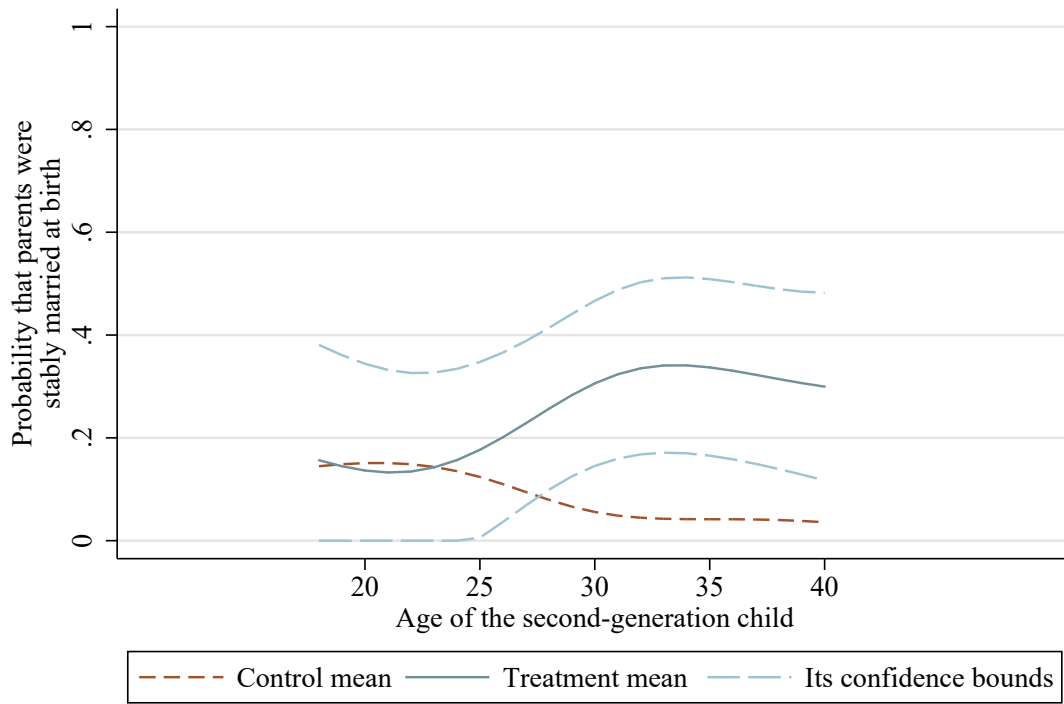
(f) Female children of male participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

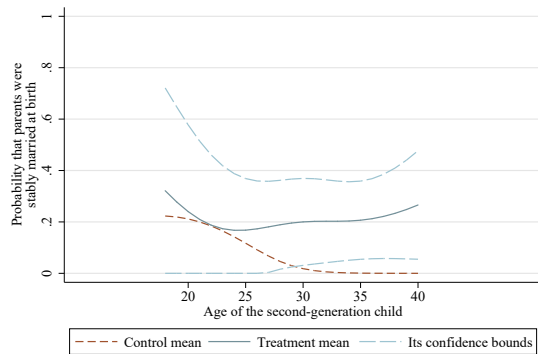
Figure 22: Probability that Parents were Stably Married at Birth

(g) Pooled children of female participants



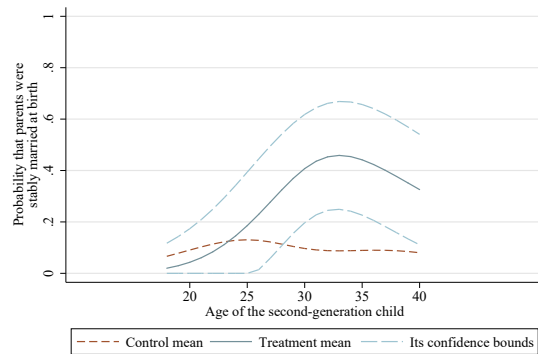
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(h) Male children of female participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

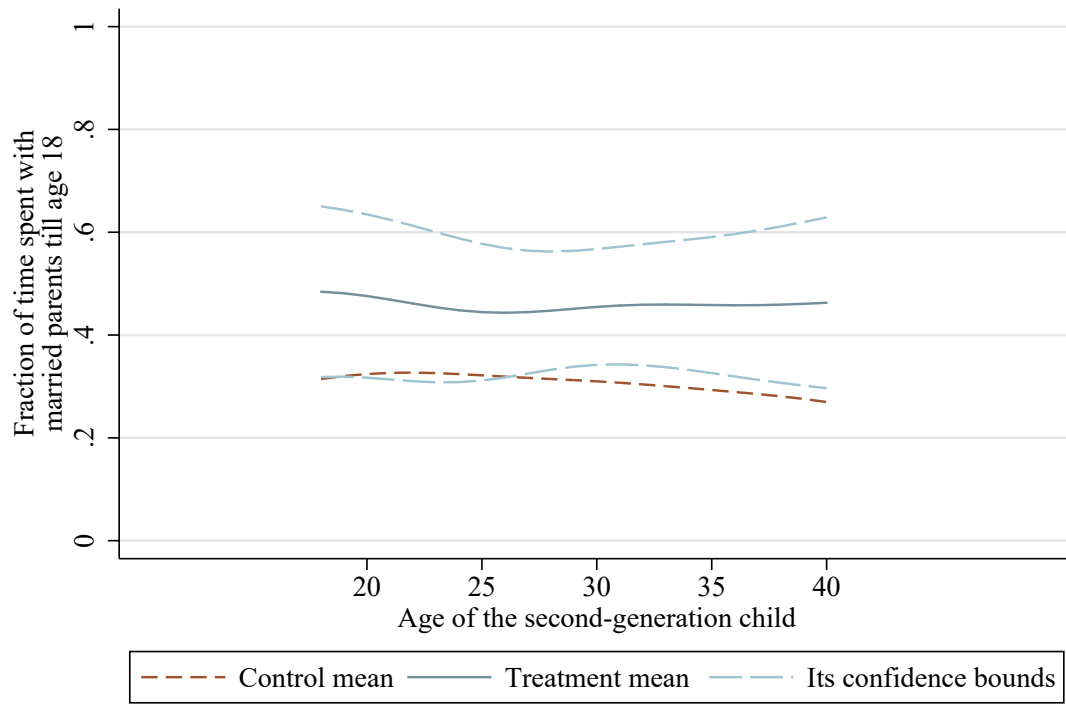
(i) Female children of female participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

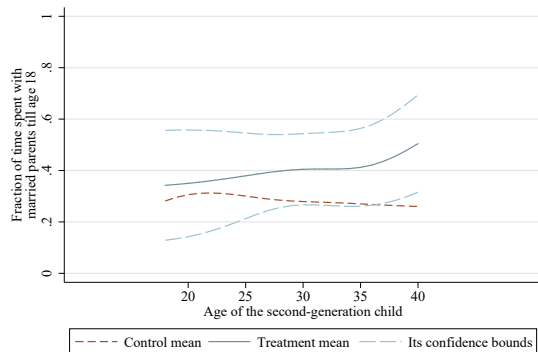
Figure 23: Fraction of Time Spent with Married Parents Till Age 18

(a) Pooled children of pooled participants



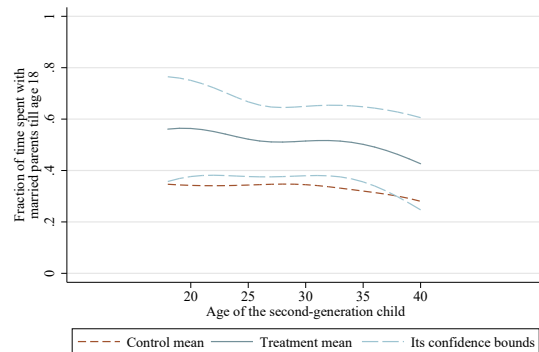
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(b) Male children of pooled participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

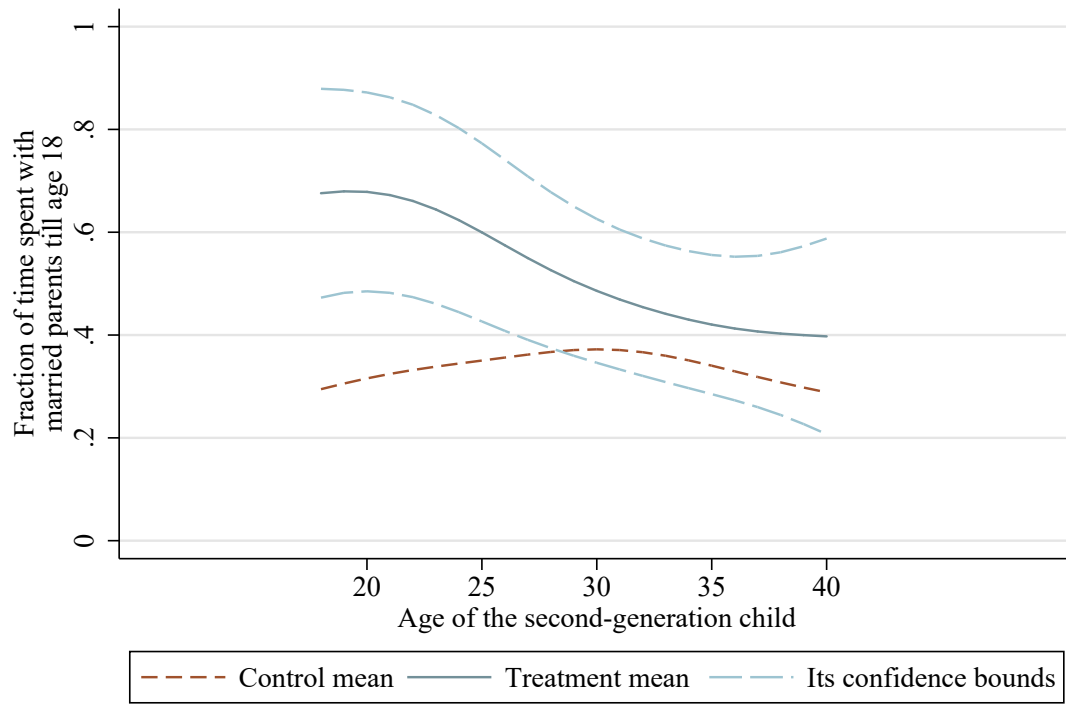
(c) Female children of pooled participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

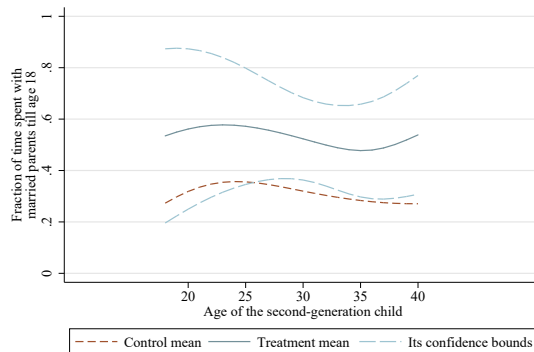
Figure 23: Fraction of Time Spent with Married Parents Till Age 18

(d) Pooled children of male participants



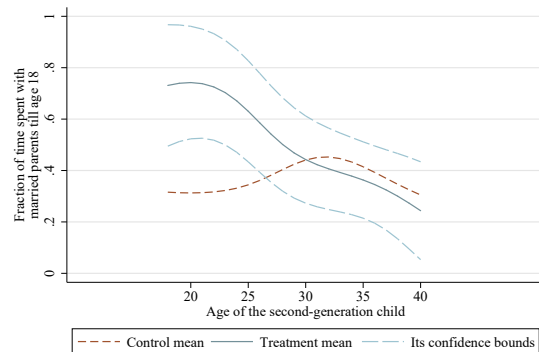
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(e) Male children of male participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

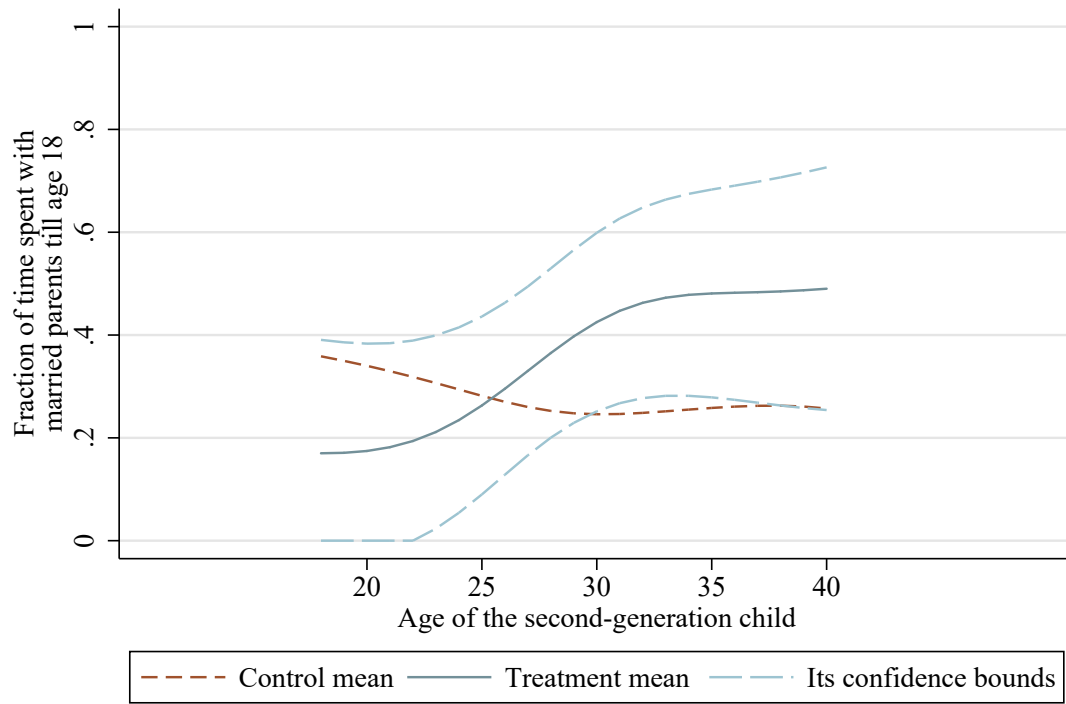
(f) Female children of male participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

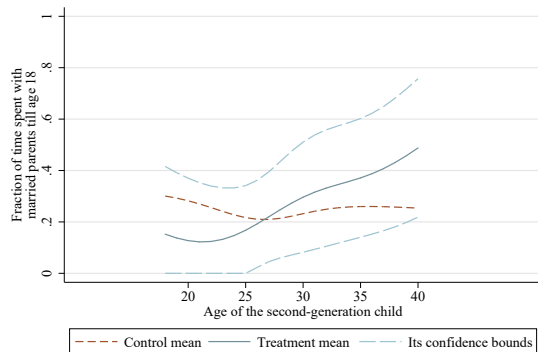
Figure 23: Fraction of Time Spent with Married Parents Till Age 18

(g) Pooled children of female participants



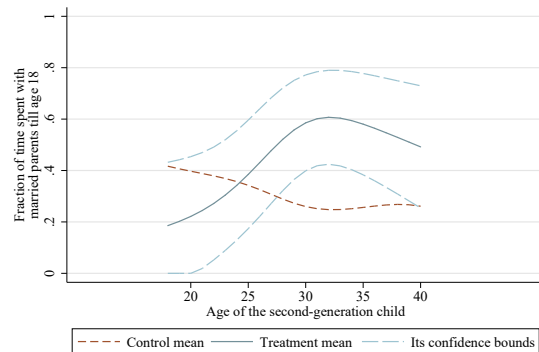
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(h) Male children of female participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

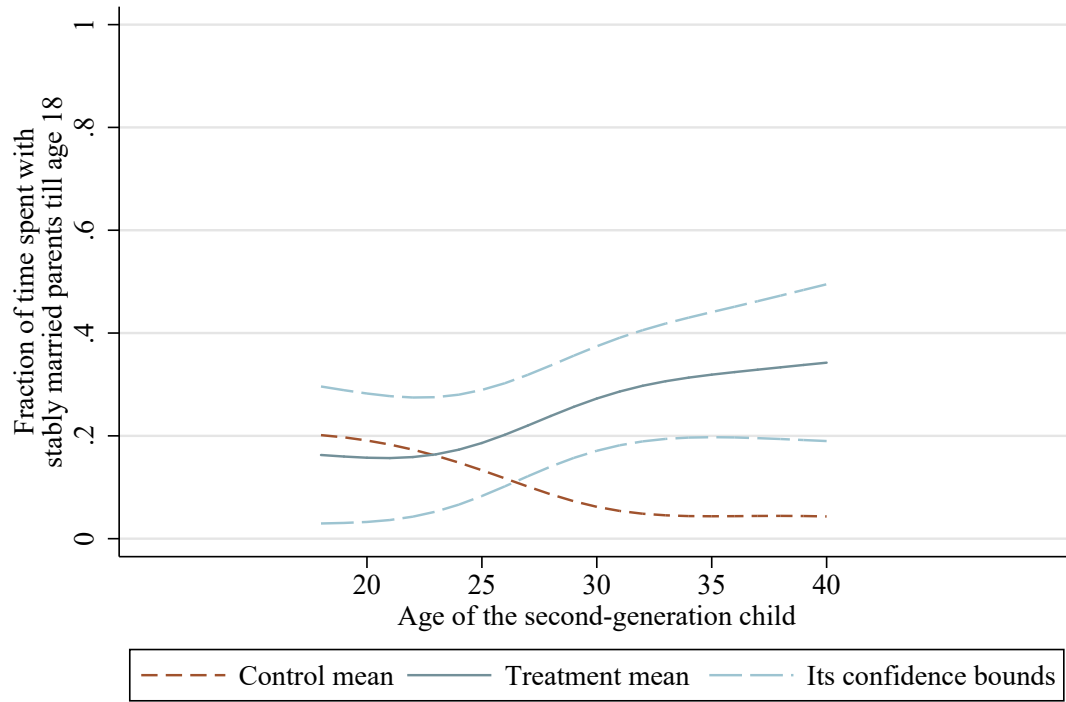
(i) Female children of female participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

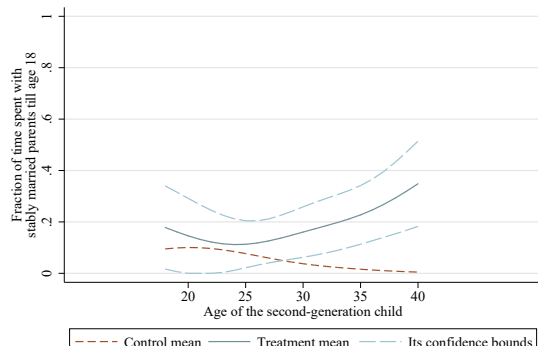
Figure 24: Fraction of Time Spent with Stably Married Parents Till Age 18

(a) Pooled children of pooled participants



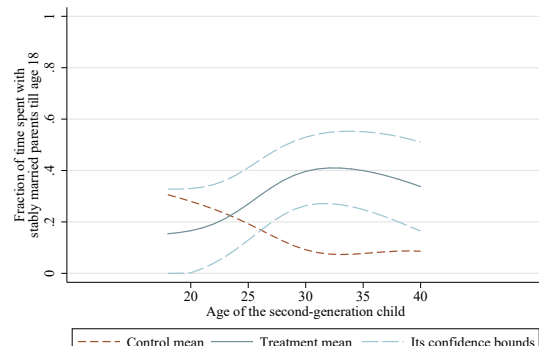
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(b) Male children of pooled participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

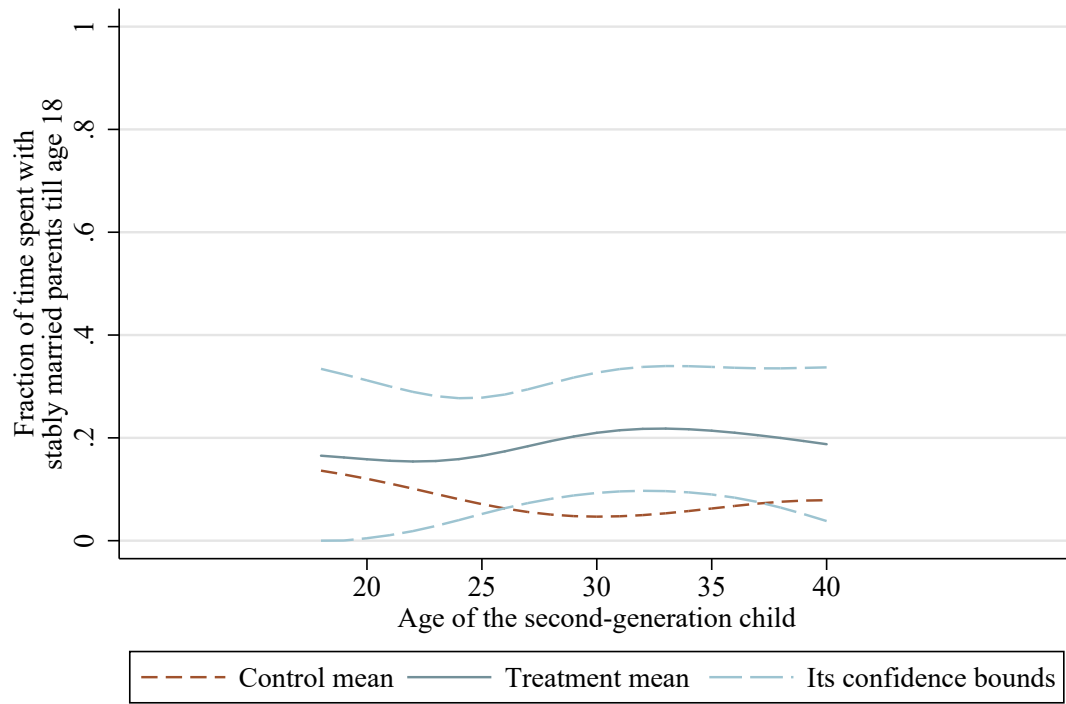
(c) Female children of pooled participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

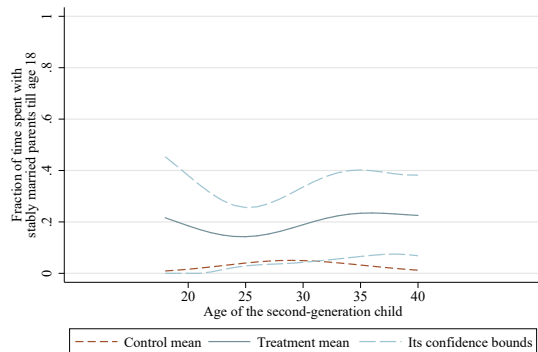
Figure 24: Fraction of Time Spent with Stably Married Parents Till Age 18

(d) Pooled children of male participants



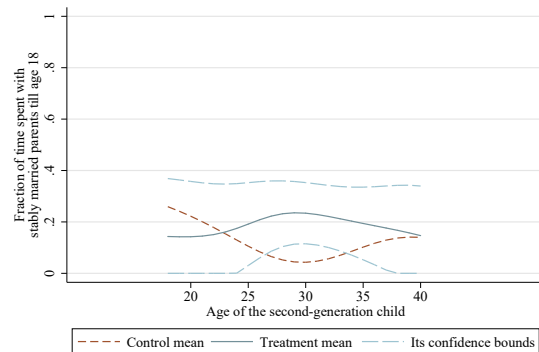
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(e) Male children of male participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

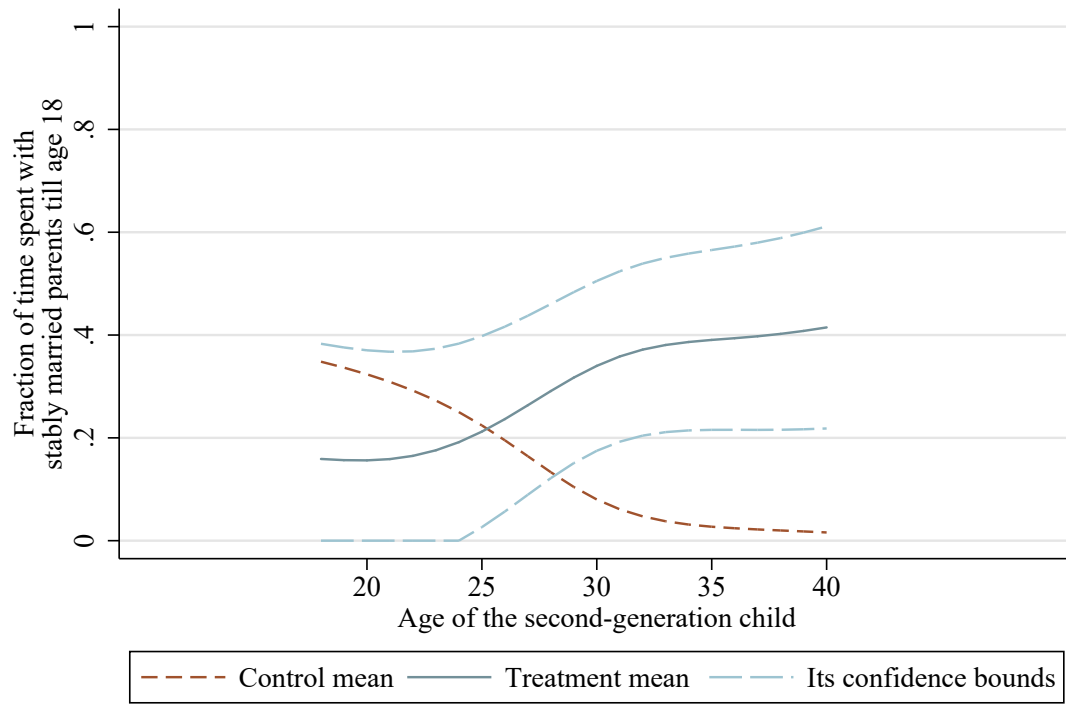
(f) Female children of male participants



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

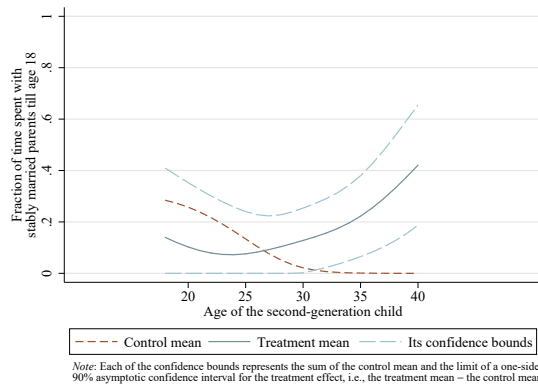
Figure 24: Fraction of Time Spent with Stably Married Parents Till Age 18

(g) Pooled children of female participants

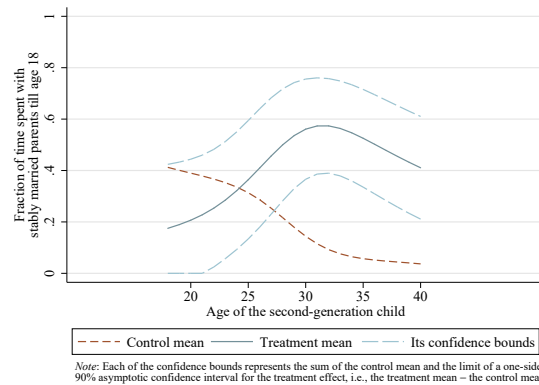


Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(h) Male children of female participants



(i) Female children of female participants



3 Multiple Hypothesis Tests for Effects on Average Intergenerational Outcomes

Table 13: Stepdown Tests for Average Outcomes of Pooled Children of Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -spended	Never Su -spended	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Summary	(01) Obs.	77	74	80	77	79	76	80	77	78	75
	(02) Control	0.4910	0.4595	0.7563	0.7688	0.4068	0.4026	0.8267	0.8392	0.4281	0.4237
	(03) Treatment	0.7163	0.7473	0.7992	0.8144	0.6333	0.6667	0.8883	0.9153	0.6821	0.7194
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.2253	0.2878	0.0429	0.0457	0.2265	0.2641	0.0617	0.0761	0.2540	0.2957
	(05) COLS	0.2039	0.2720	0.0376	0.0623	0.1970	0.2459	0.0457	0.0826	0.2244	0.2806
	(06) AIPW	0.2467	0.3232	0.0486	0.0853	0.2473	0.3060	0.0550	0.0985	0.2742	0.3348
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.0028	0.0005	0.5582	0.5582	0.0038	0.0023	0.1776	0.1776	0.0009	0.0003
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.0117	0.0014	0.4300	0.4300	0.0106	0.0037	0.2511	0.1446	0.0035	0.0005
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.0013	0.0000	0.2531	0.2147	0.0007	0.0000	0.1840	0.0620	0.0002	0.0000
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.0032	0.0005	0.5338	0.5338	0.0048	0.0023	0.1958	0.1958	0.0016	0.0005
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.0171	0.0031	0.4328	0.4328	0.0187	0.0082	0.2678	0.1910	0.0089	0.0022
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.0136	0.0029	0.3399	0.3399	0.0056	0.0012	0.2472	0.1668	0.0038	0.0007
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.0040	0.0024	0.5408	0.5408	0.0064	0.0032	0.2040	0.2040	0.0020	0.0008
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.0196	0.0096	0.4256	0.4256	0.0204	0.0136	0.2692	0.2088	0.0124	0.0056
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.0236	0.0144	0.3632	0.3632	0.0088	0.0064	0.2436	0.1616	0.0060	0.0040
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.0016	0.0016	0.4008	0.4008	0.0008	0.0008	0.0792	0.0376	0.0012	0.0008
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.0044	0.0024	0.2816	0.2792	0.0040	0.0024	0.2040	0.0224	0.0016	0.0008
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.0032	0.0024	0.2484	0.1728	0.0012	0.0008	0.1948	0.0336	0.0016	0.0008
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.0056	0.0032	0.5768	0.5768	0.0088	0.0088	0.2112	0.2112	0.0024	0.0016
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.0112	0.0056	0.4544	0.4544	0.0184	0.0152	0.2596	0.1944	0.0064	0.0040
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.0120	0.0064	0.3664	0.3664	0.0172	0.0056	0.2448	0.1640	0.0064	0.0032
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.0064	0.0032	0.5776	0.5776	0.0096	0.0096	0.2072	0.2072	0.0024	0.0024
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.0160	0.0072	0.4800	0.4800	0.0180	0.0136	0.2872	0.1944	0.0068	0.0032
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.0140	0.0056	0.3184	0.3184	0.0108	0.0056	0.2616	0.1248	0.0056	0.0032
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.0241	0.0173	0.6655	0.6655	0.0253	0.0253	0.2805	0.2805	0.0119	0.0104
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.0308	0.0238	0.5699	0.5699	0.0307	0.0259	0.2747	0.2577	0.0174	0.0149
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.0307	0.0307	0.5018	0.5018	0.0265	0.0237	0.2808	0.2385	0.0193	0.0168
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.0227	0.0173	0.6643	0.6643	0.0259	0.0259	0.2805	0.2805	0.0130	0.0100
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.0339	0.0259	0.5861	0.5861	0.0280	0.0233	0.2940	0.2561	0.0174	0.0122
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.0314	0.0204	0.4634	0.4634	0.0226	0.0170	0.2928	0.1879	0.0150	0.0114
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.0248	0.0177	0.6908	0.6908	0.0259	0.0259	0.2814	0.2814	0.0129	0.0129
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.0314	0.0241	0.5768	0.5768	0.0324	0.0274	0.2759	0.2683	0.0174	0.0173
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.0326	0.0326	0.5117	0.5117	0.0307	0.0238	0.2891	0.2540	0.0197	0.0169
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.0231	0.0177	0.6895	0.6895	0.0265	0.0265	0.2900	0.2900	0.0132	0.0129
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.0352	0.0265	0.5899	0.5899	0.0289	0.0245	0.2977	0.2698	0.0174	0.0142
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.0342	0.0211	0.4654	0.4654	0.0240	0.0172	0.2970	0.1887	0.0156	0.0121
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.0329	0.0298	0.7845	0.7845	0.0279	0.0279	0.3460	0.3460	0.0206	0.0206
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.0419	0.0311	0.6486	0.6486	0.0545	0.0545	0.2767	0.2735	0.0399	0.0399
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.0370	0.0370	0.5594	0.5594	0.0554	0.0250	0.3527	0.3527	0.0413	0.0413
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.0386	0.0297	0.7284	0.7284	0.0291	0.0291	0.3608	0.3608	0.0206	0.0206
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.0491	0.0279	0.6571	0.6571	0.0485	0.0485	0.3278	0.3133	0.0294	0.0223
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.0506	0.0268	0.5127	0.5127	0.0440	0.0250	0.3094	0.2069	0.0223	0.0144
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.0064	0.0016	0.3415	0.3415	0.0084	0.0052	0.1791	0.1431	0.0024	0.0012
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.0160	0.0044	0.3587	0.2899	0.0180	0.0072	0.2871	0.1295	0.0068	0.0020
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.0140	0.0040	0.3103	0.1959	0.0108	0.0028	0.2615	0.0884	0.0056	0.0016

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 13: Stepdown Tests for Average Outcomes of Pooled Children of Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Attended College	Attended College	Attended College	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	80	77	74	78	75	72	79	76	73
	(02) Control	0.4375	0.4458	0.4487	0.4149	0.4193	0.4239	0.3611	0.3526	0.3553
	(03) Treatment	0.4850	0.4928	0.4971	0.5075	0.5441	0.5943	0.4796	0.5140	0.5624
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0475	0.0470	0.0484	0.0926	0.1248	0.1704	0.1185	0.1614	0.2071
	(05) COLS	-0.0002	0.0026	0.0161	0.1358	0.1918	0.2183	0.1456	0.2003	0.2272
	(06) AIPW	-0.0193	0.0104	0.0026	0.1580	0.2053	0.2602	0.1762	0.2360	0.3078
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.9125	0.9125	0.9125	0.1808	0.1808	0.1370	0.0929	0.0900	0.0678
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.0644	0.0457	0.0457	0.0468	0.0296	0.0296
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.0235	0.0080	0.0026	0.0177	0.0051	0.0014
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.8778	0.8778	0.8778	0.1651	0.1651	0.1087	0.0803	0.0642	0.0394
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.0694	0.0421	0.0421	0.0463	0.0212	0.0212
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.0504	0.0420	0.0353	0.0237	0.0074	0.0046
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.8496	0.8496	0.8496	0.1616	0.1616	0.1044	0.0772	0.0624	0.0384
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.0636	0.0432	0.0432	0.0452	0.0232	0.0228
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.0388	0.0376	0.0228	0.0268	0.0136	0.0036
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.7344	0.7344	0.7344	0.0880	0.0880	0.0480	0.0468	0.0376	0.0240
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.0348	0.0204	0.0204	0.0212	0.0096	0.0096
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.0208	0.0088	0.0048	0.0100	0.0032	0.0024
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.1624	0.1624	0.1404	0.0884	0.0792	0.0792
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.0528	0.0348	0.0348	0.0488	0.0480	0.0480
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.0556	0.0384	0.0216	0.0420	0.0264	0.0120
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.1704	0.1704	0.1692	0.0912	0.0912	0.0912
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.0640	0.0576	0.0576	0.0492	0.0492	0.0492
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.0548	0.0336	0.0288	0.0444	0.0280	0.0252
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.1776	0.1776	0.1396	0.1131	0.1131	0.1099
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.0940	0.0816	0.0816	0.0757	0.0696	0.0696
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.0757	0.0757	0.0498	0.0781	0.0551	0.0274
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.1819	0.1819	0.1442	0.1272	0.1272	0.1232
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.1070	0.0960	0.0960	0.0764	0.0738	0.0738
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.0766	0.0701	0.0699	0.0759	0.0588	0.0588
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.1865	0.1865	0.1408	0.1183	0.1183	0.1109
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.0961	0.0820	0.0820	0.0773	0.0773	0.0773
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.0812	0.0812	0.0520	0.0796	0.0554	0.0291
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.1835	0.1835	0.1465	0.1294	0.1294	0.1254
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.1098	0.1020	0.1020	0.0815	0.0815	0.0815
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.0781	0.0738	0.0738	0.0764	0.0623	0.0623
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2127	0.2127	0.1448	0.1604	0.1604	0.1604
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.0990	0.0928	0.0820	0.0993	0.0993	0.0993
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.1098	0.1098	0.0587	0.0891	0.0678	0.0343
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2048	0.2048	0.1679	0.1577	0.1577	0.1577
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.1740	0.1740	0.1740	0.1152	0.1152	0.1152
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.1058	0.1058	0.1058	0.0834	0.0774	0.0774
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.4170	0.4170	0.4170	0.1383	0.1088	0.0748	0.0912	0.0552	0.0392
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.9508	0.9508	0.9132	0.0640	0.0336	0.0336	0.0480	0.0224	0.0224
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.8844	0.8844	0.8844	0.0548	0.0212	0.0160	0.0444	0.0168	0.0120

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 13: Stepdown Tests for Average Outcomes of Pooled Children of Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	79	76	73	80	77	74	80	77	74
	(02) Control	0.3226	0.3141	0.3158	0.1396	0.1396	0.1453	0.8558	0.8558	0.8538
	(03) Treatment	0.4629	0.4914	0.5386	0.2996	0.3059	0.3662	0.9454	0.9410	0.9352
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1403	0.1773	0.2228	0.1600	0.1663	0.2209	0.0896	0.0852	0.0814
	(05) COLS	0.1790	0.2309	0.2599	0.1810	0.1948	0.2539	0.1108	0.1072	0.1101
	(06) AIPW	0.2048	0.2615	0.3360	0.1442	0.1750	0.2272	0.1218	0.1166	0.1234
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.0529	0.0521	0.0382	0.0183	0.0183	0.0111	0.1127	0.1127	0.1127
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.0191	0.0130	0.0130	0.0024	0.0024	0.0007	0.1037	0.1037	0.1037
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.0069	0.0017	0.0005	0.0046	0.0012	0.0003	0.0446	0.0446	0.0446
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.0437	0.0340	0.0202	0.0069	0.0069	0.0032	0.1116	0.1116	0.1116
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.0183	0.0081	0.0081	0.0012	0.0006	0.0001	0.1057	0.1057	0.1057
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.0107	0.0026	0.0022	0.0138	0.0051	0.0044	0.0996	0.0996	0.0996
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.0468	0.0352	0.0192	0.0088	0.0088	0.0036	0.0936	0.0936	0.0936
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.0192	0.0060	0.0080	0.0040	0.0040	0.0012	0.0936	0.0952	0.0952
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.0112	0.0072	0.0036	0.0120	0.0120	0.0048	0.0732	0.0732	0.0732
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.0188	0.0152	0.0108	0.0040	0.0040	0.0012	0.0072	0.0072	0.0072
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.0068	0.0036	0.0036	0.0012	0.0012	0.0012	0.0096	0.0120	0.0120
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.0044	0.0024	0.0024	0.0056	0.0024	0.0024	0.0300	0.0300	0.0300
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.0544	0.0544	0.0408	0.0192	0.0192	0.0168	0.1140	0.1140	0.1140
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.0228	0.0168	0.0168	0.0080	0.0080	0.0048	0.0588	0.0608	0.0608
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.0232	0.0128	0.0048	0.0312	0.0312	0.0312	0.1092	0.1092	0.1092
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.0592	0.0592	0.0504	0.0192	0.0192	0.0168	0.1200	0.1200	0.1200
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.0252	0.0252	0.0252	0.0056	0.0056	0.0024	0.1332	0.1332	0.1332
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.0244	0.0160	0.0120	0.0200	0.0112	0.0084	0.1080	0.1080	0.1080
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.0748	0.0748	0.0720	0.0505	0.0505	0.0505	0.2234	0.2234	0.2234
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.0411	0.0411	0.0411	0.0314	0.0314	0.0293	0.1484	0.1484	0.1484
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.0488	0.0462	0.0273	0.0672	0.0672	0.0672	0.1974	0.1974	0.1974
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.0824	0.0824	0.0824	0.0505	0.0505	0.0505	0.2347	0.2347	0.2347
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.0530	0.0530	0.0530	0.0258	0.0258	0.0258	0.2402	0.2402	0.2402
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.0536	0.0398	0.0355	0.0354	0.0318	0.0318	0.2317	0.2317	0.2317
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.0794	0.0794	0.0731	0.0524	0.0524	0.0524	0.2250	0.2250	0.2250
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.0442	0.0442	0.0442	0.0333	0.0333	0.0322	0.1620	0.1620	0.1620
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.0517	0.0517	0.0274	0.0723	0.0723	0.0723	0.2094	0.2094	0.2094
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.0921	0.0921	0.0921	0.0524	0.0524	0.0524	0.2495	0.2495	0.2495
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.0539	0.0539	0.0539	0.0260	0.0260	0.0260	0.2425	0.2425	0.2425
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.0549	0.0406	0.0370	0.0358	0.0351	0.0343	0.2408	0.2408	0.2408
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.0874	0.0874	0.0811	0.0821	0.0821	0.0613	0.2409	0.2409	0.2409
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.0559	0.0559	0.0559	0.0595	0.0595	0.0595	0.2156	0.2156	0.2156
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.0989	0.0989	0.0384	0.1267	0.1267	0.1267	0.2569	0.2569	0.2569
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.1191	0.1191	0.1191	0.0830	0.0830	0.0613	0.2750	0.2750	0.2750
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.0586	0.0586	0.0586	0.0297	0.0297	0.0282	0.3083	0.3083	0.3083
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.0718	0.0653	0.0599	0.0543	0.0543	0.0429	0.3112	0.3112	0.3112
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.0540	0.0352	0.0240	0.0128	0.0128	0.0096	0.0472	0.0564	0.0656
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.0248	0.0132	0.0132	0.0040	0.0032	0.0012	0.0524	0.0636	0.0648
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.0244	0.0096	0.0052	0.0200	0.0076	0.0044	0.0424	0.0500	0.0428

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 13: Stepdown Tests for Average Outcomes of Pooled Children of Pooled Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	77	74	77	74	76	73	75	71	77	74
	(02) Control	0.1771	0.1838	0.1063	0.1239	0.6034	0.6171	0.3996	0.4086	0.9229	0.9274
	(03) Treatment	0.1559	0.1695	0.0815	0.0910	0.7018	0.6919	0.6131	0.5985	0.9180	0.9133
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.0212	-0.0142	-0.0247	-0.0330	0.0984	0.0748	0.2135	0.1900	-0.0049	-0.0140
	(05) COLS	-0.0097	-0.0094	0.0099	0.0078	0.0848	0.0453	0.1744	0.1411	0.0155	0.0066
	(06) AIPW	-0.0308	-0.0432	-0.0030	-0.0135	0.0839	0.0447	0.2015	0.1850	0.0430	0.0320
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.7320	0.7320	0.5391	0.5391	0.2342	0.2342	0.0191	0.0203	0.7420	0.7420
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.8717	0.8717	0.8189	0.8189	0.3515	0.3515	0.0645	0.0663	0.7316	0.7316
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.3871	0.3871	0.7408	0.7408	0.2567	0.2667	0.0164	0.0164	0.3417	0.3417
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.7121	0.7121	0.4822	0.4822	0.2303	0.2303	0.0157	0.0177	0.7475	0.7475
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.8630	0.8630	0.7949	0.7949	0.3718	0.3718	0.0778	0.0778	0.7443	0.7443
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.5131	0.5131	0.8052	0.8052	0.4042	0.4042	0.0671	0.0671	0.4344	0.4344
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.7280	0.7280	0.4848	0.4848	0.2304	0.2304	0.0152	0.0200	0.7392	0.7392
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.8848	0.8848	0.7776	0.7776	0.3848	0.3848	0.0808	0.0808	0.7680	0.7680
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.6024	0.6024	0.8336	0.8336	0.2544	0.2544	0.0464	0.0464	0.5688	0.5688
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.5864	0.5864	0.3232	0.3232	0.1296	0.1296	0.0048	0.0048	0.6968	0.6968
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.7760	0.7760	0.7544	0.7544	0.2296	0.2480	0.0256	0.0308	0.6408	0.6408
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.2960	0.2960	0.7152	0.7152	0.4008	0.4032	0.0272	0.0272	0.2056	0.2056
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.7088	0.7088	0.5376	0.5376	0.2792	0.2792	0.0272	0.0292	0.6976	0.6976
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.8160	0.8160	0.8736	0.8736	0.3648	0.3648	0.0832	0.0912	0.7808	0.7808
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.4888	0.4888	0.7616	0.7616	0.4400	0.4400	0.0912	0.0912	0.5328	0.5328
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.7048	0.7048	0.5296	0.5296	0.2904	0.2904	0.0296	0.0300	0.6992	0.6992
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.8080	0.8080	0.8632	0.8632	0.4032	0.4032	0.0832	0.0852	0.8072	0.8072
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.4480	0.4480	0.7344	0.7344	0.4040	0.4040	0.0728	0.0728	0.5208	0.5208
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2997	0.2997	0.0738	0.0738	1.0000	1.0000
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3847	0.3847	0.1423	0.1423	0.8946	0.8946
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.8041	0.8041	1.0000	1.0000	0.5143	0.5143	0.1430	0.1430	0.6331	0.6331
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	0.9958	0.9958	0.3013	0.3013	0.0804	0.0804	1.0000	1.0000
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	0.9913	0.9913	0.4287	0.4287	0.1357	0.1357	0.9058	0.9058
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.7775	0.7775	1.0000	1.0000	0.4724	0.4724	0.1256	0.1256	0.6461	0.6461
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3139	0.3139	0.0741	0.0741	1.0000	1.0000
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3983	0.3983	0.1616	0.1616	0.9028	0.9028
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.8100	0.8100	1.0000	1.0000	0.5271	0.5271	0.1435	0.1435	0.6498	0.6498
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	0.9984	0.9984	0.3043	0.3043	0.0862	0.0862	1.0000	1.0000
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4315	0.4315	0.1544	0.1544	0.9126	0.9126
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.7787	0.7787	1.0000	1.0000	0.4781	0.4781	0.1346	0.1346	0.6505	0.6505
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.5002	0.5002	0.1167	0.1167	1.0000	1.0000
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4825	0.4825	0.2032	0.2032	0.9458	0.9458
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6531	0.6531	0.1623	0.1623	0.7246	0.7246
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4171	0.4171	0.0970	0.0970	1.0000	1.0000
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.5807	0.5807	0.1788	0.1788	0.9957	0.9957
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.8426	0.8426	1.0000	1.0000	0.5621	0.5621	0.1590	0.1590	0.6873	0.6873
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.3663	0.3878	0.3063	0.3063	0.1803	0.2259	0.0200	0.0300	0.4270	0.3786
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.4326	0.4326	0.4878	0.4878	0.2551	0.3607	0.0540	0.0852	0.4270	0.4722
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.2867	0.2419	0.4550	0.4158	0.2623	0.3567	0.0508	0.0556	0.2791	0.3163

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 13: Stepdown Tests for Average Outcomes of Pooled Children of Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Summary	(01) Obs.	76	73	75	71	79	70	80	76	77	72
	(02) Control	0.6034	0.6171	0.3996	0.4086	0.7592	0.4677	0.3204	0.3154	0.0500	0.0811
	(03) Treatment	0.6883	0.6776	0.5995	0.5838	0.7329	0.4275	0.4254	0.4452	0.2132	0.2459
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0849	0.0605	0.2000	0.1753	-0.0263	-0.0402	0.1050	0.1298	0.1632	0.1647
	(05) COLS	0.0723	0.0322	0.1619	0.1279	-0.0656	0.0335	0.0211	0.0907	0.1543	0.1641
	(06) AIPW	0.0774	0.0380	0.1950	0.1783	-0.0415	0.0486	-0.0126	0.0686	0.1389	0.1386
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.3016	0.3016	0.0269	0.0282	0.3679	0.3640	0.1230	0.0631	0.0079	0.0127
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.4242	0.4242	0.0831	0.0839	0.1874	0.3977	0.4132	0.1677	0.0217	0.0144
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.2928	0.2970	0.0197	0.0197	0.2759	0.3133	0.4392	0.1994	0.0134	0.0164
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.2933	0.2933	0.0217	0.0240	0.3615	0.3594	0.1032	0.0477	0.0050	0.0073
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.4411	0.4411	0.0974	0.0974	0.1815	0.3921	0.4084	0.1436	0.0165	0.0089
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.4346	0.4346	0.0729	0.0729	0.3093	0.4991	0.4496	0.2407	0.0302	0.0403
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.2976	0.2976	0.0208	0.0244	0.3756	0.3564	0.1028	0.0484	0.0052	0.0072
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.4488	0.4488	0.0936	0.0968	0.1828	0.3912	0.4256	0.1560	0.0192	0.0108
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.2840	0.2840	0.0560	0.0560	0.3688	0.3600	0.4504	0.2336	0.0228	0.0412
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.1672	0.1672	0.0048	0.0064	0.3136	0.3212	0.0484	0.0196	0.0004	0.0008
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.3016	0.3072	0.0352	0.0404	0.1208	0.3640	0.3620	0.0832	0.0020	0.0008
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.4456	0.4456	0.0272	0.0272	0.2024	0.3292	0.3384	0.1924	0.0136	0.0288
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.3576	0.3576	0.0360	0.0396	0.3492	0.3792	0.1424	0.0668	0.0120	0.0164
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.4528	0.4528	0.1008	0.1136	0.1888	0.3876	0.4356	0.1588	0.0176	0.0152
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.4904	0.4904	0.1000	0.1000	0.2972	0.3248	0.4268	0.2508	0.0316	0.0428
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.3624	0.3624	0.0368	0.0392	0.3480	0.3792	0.1424	0.0668	0.0104	0.0160
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.4904	0.4904	0.1016	0.1072	0.1672	0.3924	0.4416	0.1864	0.0276	0.0200
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.4432	0.4432	0.0784	0.0784	0.2744	0.3172	0.4228	0.2552	0.0332	0.0488
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.3701	0.3701	0.0976	0.0976	0.4594	0.6167	0.2519	0.1267	0.0319	0.0289
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.4616	0.4616	0.1606	0.1606	0.2934	0.4398	0.4745	0.2011	0.0325	0.0236
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.5497	0.5497	0.1560	0.1560	0.4398	0.4101	0.5767	0.3102	0.0553	0.0583
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.3858	0.3858	0.0994	0.0994	0.4583	0.6167	0.2490	0.1249	0.0287	0.0274
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.4957	0.4957	0.1606	0.1606	0.2747	0.4501	0.4860	0.2205	0.0426	0.0296
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.5163	0.5163	0.1322	0.1322	0.4236	0.4017	0.5720	0.3061	0.0498	0.0578
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.3866	0.3866	0.1012	0.1012	0.4752	0.6249	0.2521	0.1271	0.0323	0.0302
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.4866	0.4866	0.1614	0.1614	0.2948	0.4546	0.4751	0.2103	0.0346	0.0260
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.5597	0.5597	0.1662	0.1662	0.4466	0.4276	0.5778	0.3222	0.0563	0.0616
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.4079	0.4079	0.1041	0.1041	0.4743	0.6249	0.2541	0.1256	0.0298	0.0287
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.5081	0.5081	0.1683	0.1683	0.2844	0.4573	0.4878	0.2232	0.0437	0.0319
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.5244	0.5244	0.1343	0.1343	0.4304	0.4175	0.5737	0.3116	0.0508	0.0625
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.4844	0.4844	0.1381	0.1381	0.5145	0.6722	0.3517	0.1556	0.0422	0.0325
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.5920	0.5920	0.1689	0.1968	0.3110	0.5050	0.6147	0.2108	0.0397	0.0377
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.5762	0.5762	0.1885	0.1885	0.4854	0.5151	0.5833	0.3760	0.0659	0.0860
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.4921	0.4921	0.1233	0.1233	0.5355	0.6541	0.3681	0.1408	0.0377	0.0469
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.6239	0.6239	0.2202	0.2202	0.3177	0.5636	0.5274	0.2753	0.0572	0.0415
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.6073	0.6073	0.1810	0.1810	0.4697	0.5080	0.5804	0.3380	0.0685	0.0864
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.2235	0.2719	0.0264	0.0392	0.3479	0.3790	0.1423	0.0668	0.0104	0.0160
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.3063	0.4226	0.0696	0.1072	0.1671	0.3922	0.4414	0.1863	0.0276	0.0200
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.2883	0.3878	0.0560	0.0600	0.2743	0.3171	0.4226	0.2551	0.0332	0.0488

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 14: Stepdown Tests for Average Outcomes of Male Children of Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -spended	Never Su -spended	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Summary	(01) Obs.	52	51	57	56	54	53	57	56	53	52
	(02) Control	0.3500	0.3100	0.6722	0.6889	0.2809	0.2623	0.7833	0.8000	0.2917	0.2724
	(03) Treatment	0.5833	0.5673	0.6574	0.6442	0.4969	0.4776	0.8210	0.8141	0.5370	0.5192
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.2333	0.2573	-0.0148	-0.0447	0.2160	0.2152	0.0377	0.0141	0.2454	0.2468
	(05) COLS	0.2099	0.2252	-0.0079	-0.0256	0.1636	0.1695	0.0334	0.0206	0.1899	0.1975
	(06) AIPW	0.1795	0.2067	0.0249	-0.0041	0.1733	0.1759	0.0583	0.0334	0.1992	0.2044
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.0258	0.0258	0.7198	0.7198	0.0705	0.0705	0.6925	0.6925	0.0340	0.0340
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.0719	0.0719	0.8377	0.8377	0.1651	0.1651	0.7214	0.7214	0.1040	0.1040
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.0341	0.0341	0.8083	0.8083	0.0805	0.0805	0.4687	0.4687	0.0460	0.0460
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.0228	0.0228	0.6899	0.6899	0.0601	0.0601	0.6872	0.6872	0.0312	0.0312
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.0712	0.0712	0.8252	0.8252	0.1525	0.1525	0.7181	0.7181	0.1035	0.1035
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.8431	0.8431	0.8886	0.8886	0.9161	0.9161	0.7349	0.7349	0.9030	0.9030
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.0256	0.0256	0.6976	0.6976	0.0608	0.0608	0.6888	0.6888	0.0320	0.0320
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.0776	0.0776	0.7888	0.7888	0.1616	0.1616	0.7240	0.7240	0.1168	0.1168
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.2936	0.2936	0.8208	0.8208	0.2040	0.2040	0.6736	0.6736	0.1888	0.1888
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.0104	0.0104	0.6112	0.6112	0.0304	0.0304	0.5984	0.5984	0.0152	0.0152
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.0408	0.0408	0.8288	0.8288	0.0800	0.0800	0.6192	0.6192	0.0552	0.0552
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.1016	0.1016	0.6688	0.6688	0.1400	0.1400	0.4104	0.4104	0.0976	0.0976
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.0424	0.0424	0.6960	0.6960	0.0888	0.0888	0.7480	0.7480	0.0528	0.0528
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.0872	0.0872	0.7992	0.7992	0.2056	0.2056	0.7808	0.7808	0.1368	0.1368
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.1888	0.1888	0.8992	0.8992	0.2392	0.2392	0.6152	0.6152	0.1760	0.1760
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.0408	0.0408	0.6920	0.6920	0.0920	0.0920	0.7472	0.7472	0.0512	0.0512
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.0952	0.0952	0.8032	0.8032	0.2016	0.2016	0.7840	0.7840	0.1392	0.1392
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.1616	0.1616	0.8896	0.8896	0.2128	0.2128	0.6080	0.6080	0.1672	0.1672
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.0973	0.0973	1.0000	1.0000	0.1727	0.1727	0.7448	0.7448	0.0974	0.0974
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.1369	0.1369	1.0000	1.0000	0.2828	0.2828	0.8217	0.8217	0.1865	0.1865
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.2678	0.2678	0.9644	0.9644	0.3397	0.3397	0.6211	0.6211	0.2426	0.2426
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.0957	0.0957	1.0000	1.0000	0.1625	0.1625	0.7403	0.7403	0.1004	0.1004
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.1525	0.1525	1.0000	1.0000	0.2778	0.2778	0.8382	0.8382	0.1916	0.1916
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.2187	0.2187	0.9436	0.9436	0.3150	0.3150	0.6151	0.6151	0.2107	0.2107
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.0978	0.0978	1.0000	1.0000	0.1763	0.1763	0.7511	0.7511	0.0990	0.0990
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.1385	0.1385	1.0000	1.0000	0.2913	0.2913	0.8242	0.8242	0.1876	0.1876
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.2699	0.2699	0.9898	0.9898	0.3429	0.3429	0.6273	0.6273	0.2560	0.2560
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.1066	0.1066	1.0000	1.0000	0.1631	0.1631	0.7477	0.7477	0.1055	0.1055
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.1638	0.1638	1.0000	1.0000	0.2901	0.2901	0.8419	0.8419	0.1929	0.1929
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.2258	0.2258	0.9592	0.9592	0.3169	0.3169	0.6241	0.6241	0.2140	0.2140
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.1122	0.1122	1.0000	1.0000	0.1819	0.1819	0.8354	0.8354	0.1091	0.1091
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.1710	0.1710	1.0000	1.0000	0.3049	0.3049	0.8314	0.8314	0.2244	0.2244
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.3253	0.3253	1.0000	1.0000	0.3818	0.3818	0.6594	0.6594	0.2614	0.2614
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.1277	0.1277	1.0000	1.0000	0.2089	0.2089	0.7691	0.7691	0.1216	0.1216
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.2386	0.2386	1.0000	1.0000	0.3147	0.3147	0.8465	0.8465	0.2295	0.2295
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.2772	0.2772	1.0000	1.0000	0.3635	0.3635	0.6606	0.6606	0.2359	0.2359
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.0272	0.0236	0.4310	0.3695	0.0540	0.0540	0.4042	0.4586	0.0300	0.0300
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.0580	0.0580	0.4490	0.4270	0.1168	0.1168	0.4266	0.4362	0.0812	0.0812
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.0992	0.0968	0.8525	0.8525	0.1228	0.1228	0.3355	0.3814	0.0948	0.0948

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 14: Stepdown Tests for Average Outcomes of Male Children of Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Attended College	Attended College	Attended College	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	57	56	53	55	54	51	56	55	52
	(02) Control	0.1944	0.2111	0.1905	0.4613	0.4435	0.4776	0.3966	0.3793	0.4074
	(03) Treatment	0.3981	0.3750	0.3900	0.5988	0.6218	0.6667	0.5278	0.5481	0.5900
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.2037	0.1639	0.1995	0.1375	0.1783	0.1891	0.1312	0.1688	0.1826
	(05) COLS	0.1622	0.1287	0.1860	0.1277	0.1703	0.1631	0.1039	0.1420	0.1404
	(06) AIPW	0.1792	0.1482	0.2149	0.1736	0.2087	0.2356	0.1593	0.1922	0.2173
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.0727	0.0727	0.0727	0.2294	0.2294	0.2294	0.2581	0.2581	0.2581
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.1771	0.1771	0.1771	0.3392	0.3392	0.3392	0.4369	0.4369	0.4369
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.0339	0.0455	0.0297	0.0577	0.0577	0.0577	0.0855	0.0855	0.0855
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.0688	0.0688	0.0688	0.1862	0.1862	0.1862	0.2221	0.2221	0.2221
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.1942	0.1942	0.1942	0.2864	0.2864	0.2864	0.3887	0.3887	0.3887
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.3557	0.3557	0.3557	0.9212	0.9212	0.9212	0.7399	0.7399	0.7399
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.0864	0.0864	0.0864	0.1680	0.1680	0.1680	0.1992	0.1992	0.1992
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.1704	0.1704	0.1704	0.2712	0.2712	0.2712	0.3768	0.3768	0.3768
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.1704	0.1704	0.1704	0.1656	0.1656	0.1656	0.2376	0.2376	0.2376
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.0228	0.0304	0.0272	0.1056	0.1056	0.1056	0.1308	0.1308	0.1308
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.1188	0.1188	0.1188	0.1968	0.1968	0.1968	0.2352	0.2352	0.2352
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.1308	0.1308	0.1308	0.1224	0.1224	0.1224	0.1392	0.1392	0.1392
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.1164	0.1164	0.1164	0.2832	0.2832	0.2832	0.3180	0.3180	0.3180
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.1968	0.1968	0.1968	0.3660	0.3660	0.3660	0.4944	0.4944	0.4944
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.1752	0.1752	0.1752	0.2544	0.2544	0.2544	0.3120	0.3120	0.3120
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.0972	0.0972	0.0972	0.2928	0.2928	0.2928	0.3204	0.3204	0.3204
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.2052	0.2052	0.2052	0.3912	0.3912	0.3912	0.5076	0.5076	0.5076
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.1272	0.1272	0.1272	0.2244	0.2244	0.2244	0.2892	0.2892	0.2892
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.2365	0.2365	0.2365	0.3096	0.3096	0.3096	0.3299	0.3299	0.3299
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.3736	0.3736	0.3736	0.3887	0.3887	0.3887	0.4871	0.4871	0.4871
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.3711	0.3711	0.3711	0.3022	0.3022	0.3022	0.2839	0.2839	0.2839
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.2167	0.2167	0.2167	0.3167	0.3167	0.3167	0.3385	0.3385	0.3385
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.3804	0.3804	0.3804	0.4257	0.4257	0.4257	0.4897	0.4897	0.4897
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.3096	0.3096	0.3096	0.2622	0.2622	0.2622	0.2778	0.2778	0.2778
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.2417	0.2417	0.2417	0.3119	0.3119	0.3119	0.3402	0.3402	0.3402
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.3888	0.3888	0.3888	0.3896	0.3896	0.3896	0.4935	0.4935	0.4935
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.3794	0.3794	0.3794	0.3131	0.3131	0.3131	0.3101	0.3101	0.3101
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.2224	0.2224	0.2224	0.3209	0.3209	0.3209	0.3477	0.3477	0.3477
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.3844	0.3844	0.3844	0.4273	0.4273	0.4273	0.4958	0.4958	0.4958
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.3272	0.3272	0.3272	0.2660	0.2660	0.2660	0.2826	0.2826	0.2826
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.2740	0.2740	0.2740	0.3472	0.3472	0.3472	0.4493	0.4493	0.4493
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.4459	0.4459	0.4459	0.4105	0.4105	0.4105	0.5523	0.5523	0.5523
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.4435	0.4435	0.4435	0.3424	0.3424	0.3424	0.4521	0.4521	0.4521
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.2846	0.2846	0.2846	0.4109	0.4109	0.4109	0.3828	0.3828	0.3828
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.3986	0.3986	0.3986	0.4998	0.4998	0.4998	0.5112	0.5112	0.5112
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.3808	0.3808	0.3808	0.3130	0.3130	0.3130	0.3930	0.3930	0.3930
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.0532	0.0684	0.0572	0.1483	0.1271	0.1271	0.1595	0.1331	0.1331
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.0952	0.1387	0.0952	0.1875	0.1799	0.1875	0.2295	0.2275	0.2275
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.0624	0.0948	0.0608	0.1028	0.1004	0.1004	0.1355	0.1244	0.1244

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 14: Stepdown Tests for Average Outcomes of Male Children of Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	56	55	52	57	56	53	57	56	53
	(02) Control	0.3276	0.3103	0.3333	0.0333	0.0333	0.0357	0.8167	0.8167	0.8393
	(03) Treatment	0.4784	0.4968	0.5367	0.2747	0.2853	0.3367	0.9383	0.9359	0.9333
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1508	0.1865	0.2033	0.2414	0.2519	0.3010	0.1216	0.1192	0.0940
	(05) COLS	0.1361	0.1720	0.1739	0.2391	0.2498	0.2896	0.1436	0.1411	0.1195
	(06) AIPW	0.1941	0.2247	0.2703	0.2563	0.2646	0.3128	0.1768	0.1746	0.1539
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.1867	0.1867	0.1867	0.0024	0.0024	0.0023	0.1594	0.1594	0.1594
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.3040	0.3040	0.3040	0.0077	0.0077	0.0077	0.1317	0.1317	0.1317
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.0373	0.0373	0.0331	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0282	0.0282	0.0282
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.1433	0.1433	0.1433	0.0012	0.0012	0.0010	0.1598	0.1598	0.1598
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.2548	0.2548	0.2548	0.0058	0.0058	0.0056	0.1313	0.1313	0.1313
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.5865	0.5865	0.5865	0.0400	0.0400	0.0346	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.1332	0.1332	0.1332	0.0016	0.0016	0.0012	0.1536	0.1536	0.1536
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.2568	0.2568	0.2568	0.0060	0.0060	0.0060	0.1332	0.1332	0.1332
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.1536	0.1536	0.1536	0.0168	0.0168	0.0168	0.1056	0.1056	0.1056
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.0936	0.0936	0.0936	0.0012	0.0012	0.0012	0.0204	0.0204	0.0284
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.1608	0.1608	0.1608	0.0024	0.0024	0.0024	0.0276	0.0276	0.0276
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.0756	0.0756	0.0756	0.0048	0.0048	0.0048	0.0600	0.0600	0.0600
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.2388	0.2388	0.2388	0.0024	0.0024	0.0024	0.1980	0.1980	0.1980
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.3456	0.3456	0.3456	0.0048	0.0048	0.0048	0.1368	0.1368	0.1368
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.1800	0.1800	0.1800	0.0048	0.0048	0.0048	0.1344	0.1344	0.1344
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.2532	0.2532	0.2532	0.0024	0.0024	0.0024	0.2004	0.2004	0.2004
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.3504	0.3504	0.3504	0.0072	0.0072	0.0072	0.2064	0.2064	0.2064
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.1776	0.1776	0.1776	0.0024	0.0024	0.0024	0.1452	0.1452	0.1452
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.2739	0.2739	0.2739	0.0327	0.0327	0.0327	0.2880	0.2880	0.2880
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.3623	0.3623	0.3623	0.0270	0.0270	0.0270	0.2270	0.2270	0.2270
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.1972	0.1972	0.1972	0.0328	0.0328	0.0328	0.2187	0.2187	0.2187
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.2963	0.2963	0.2963	0.0273	0.0273	0.0273	0.2949	0.2949	0.2949
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.3872	0.3872	0.3872	0.0448	0.0448	0.0448	0.2850	0.2850	0.2850
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.1881	0.1881	0.1881	0.0295	0.0295	0.0295	0.2383	0.2383	0.2383
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.2762	0.2762	0.2762	0.0357	0.0357	0.0357	0.2907	0.2907	0.2907
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.3667	0.3667	0.3667	0.0309	0.0309	0.0309	0.2395	0.2395	0.2395
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.2018	0.2018	0.2018	0.0382	0.0382	0.0382	0.2245	0.2245	0.2245
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.2972	0.2972	0.2972	0.0310	0.0310	0.0310	0.3046	0.3046	0.3046
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.3958	0.3958	0.3958	0.0449	0.0449	0.0449	0.2909	0.2909	0.2909
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.1913	0.1913	0.1913	0.0295	0.0295	0.0295	0.2478	0.2478	0.2478
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.3388	0.3388	0.3388	0.0437	0.0437	0.0391	0.3082	0.3082	0.3082
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.4533	0.4533	0.4533	0.0353	0.0353	0.0353	0.2729	0.2729	0.2729
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.2387	0.2387	0.2387	0.0612	0.0612	0.0612	0.3113	0.3113	0.3113
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.3509	0.3509	0.3509	0.0426	0.0426	0.0426	0.3917	0.3917	0.3917
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.4279	0.4279	0.4279	0.0559	0.0559	0.0559	0.3444	0.3444	0.3444
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.2542	0.2542	0.2328	0.0493	0.0493	0.0493	0.3231	0.3231	0.3231
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.1267	0.1016	0.1016	0.0012	0.0012	0.0008	0.0924	0.0964	0.1192
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.1607	0.1567	0.1567	0.0032	0.0032	0.0024	0.0884	0.0912	0.1108
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.0868	0.0724	0.0724	0.0024	0.0024	0.0024	0.0648	0.0660	0.0772

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 14: Stepdown Tests for Average Outcomes of Male Children of Pooled Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	56	53	56	53	54	51	53	49	55	52
	(02) Control	0.0333	0.0357	0.0333	0.0357	0.3512	0.3782	0.2160	0.2333	0.8621	0.8889
	(03) Treatment	0.1090	0.1133	0.0962	0.1000	0.4872	0.4867	0.4103	0.4028	0.8942	0.8900
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0756	0.0776	0.0628	0.0643	0.1360	0.1085	0.1942	0.1694	0.0322	0.0011
	(05) COLS	0.0621	0.0611	0.0521	0.0513	0.0688	0.0347	0.1040	0.0763	0.0406	0.0083
	(06) AIPW	0.1073	0.1150	0.0911	0.0986	0.0721	0.0867	0.1211	0.1297	0.0531	0.0261
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.1989	0.1989	0.2881	0.2881	0.2682	0.2682	0.1041	0.1041	0.6710	0.6710
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.3773	0.3773	0.4617	0.4617	0.5818	0.5818	0.3890	0.3890	0.6136	0.6136
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.0173	0.0173	0.0480	0.0480	0.3801	0.3801	0.1966	0.1966	0.3836	0.3836
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.1523	0.1523	0.2391	0.2391	0.2417	0.2417	0.0799	0.0799	0.6710	0.6710
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.3371	0.3371	0.4253	0.4253	0.5773	0.5773	0.3720	0.3720	0.6240	0.6240
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.4620	0.4620	0.5294	0.5294	0.7258	0.7258	0.5781	0.5781	0.7047	0.7047
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.1480	0.1480	0.2336	0.2336	0.2416	0.2416	0.0808	0.0808	0.6824	0.6824
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.3504	0.3504	0.4304	0.4304	0.5760	0.5760	0.3896	0.3896	0.6016	0.6016
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.0784	0.0784	0.1264	0.1264	0.4136	0.4136	0.2984	0.2984	0.5192	0.5192
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.0272	0.0272	0.0856	0.0856	0.1360	0.1360	0.0336	0.0372	0.5712	0.5712
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.3296	0.3296	0.4232	0.4232	0.4776	0.4776	0.2344	0.2344	0.5152	0.5152
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.0256	0.0256	0.0856	0.0856	0.5800	0.5800	0.3040	0.3040	0.4216	0.4216
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.2048	0.2048	0.2896	0.2896	0.3464	0.3464	0.1352	0.1352	0.7400	0.7400
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.2840	0.2840	0.3784	0.3784	0.6544	0.6544	0.4464	0.4464	0.6296	0.6296
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.0496	0.0496	0.0976	0.0976	0.6448	0.6448	0.4400	0.4400	0.5008	0.5008
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.1800	0.1800	0.2560	0.2560	0.3432	0.3432	0.1360	0.1360	0.7312	0.7312
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.3560	0.3560	0.4576	0.4576	0.6584	0.6584	0.4352	0.4352	0.6496	0.6496
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.0496	0.0496	0.1016	0.1016	0.5856	0.5856	0.3984	0.3984	0.4936	0.4936
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.3300	0.3300	0.4542	0.4542	0.3495	0.3495	0.2545	0.2545	0.7338	0.7338
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.3867	0.3867	0.5364	0.5364	0.5886	0.5886	0.5545	0.5545	0.7264	0.7264
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.1105	0.1105	0.1623	0.1623	0.5516	0.5516	0.5140	0.5140	0.5821	0.5821
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.2862	0.2862	0.4073	0.4073	0.3437	0.3437	0.2562	0.2562	0.7267	0.7267
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.4697	0.4697	0.6156	0.6156	0.6037	0.6037	0.5581	0.5581	0.7367	0.7367
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.1020	0.1020	0.2075	0.2075	0.5007	0.5007	0.4739	0.4739	0.5759	0.5759
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.3345	0.3345	0.4543	0.4543	0.3645	0.3645	0.2653	0.2653	0.7358	0.7358
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.3872	0.3872	0.5402	0.5402	0.6000	0.6000	0.5769	0.5769	0.7342	0.7342
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.1205	0.1205	0.1662	0.1662	0.5536	0.5536	0.5173	0.5173	0.6058	0.6058
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.2881	0.2881	0.4096	0.4096	0.3597	0.3597	0.2675	0.2675	0.7308	0.7308
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.4851	0.4851	0.6409	0.6409	0.6147	0.6147	0.5750	0.5750	0.7463	0.7463
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.1054	0.1054	0.2108	0.2108	0.5166	0.5166	0.4810	0.4810	0.5972	0.5972
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.4134	0.4134	0.5021	0.5021	0.4362	0.4362	0.2910	0.2910	0.8082	0.8082
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.4192	0.4192	0.5577	0.5577	0.6120	0.6120	0.6772	0.6772	0.7402	0.7402
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.1546	0.1546	0.2260	0.2260	0.5623	0.5623	0.6091	0.6091	0.7681	0.7681
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.3684	0.3684	0.4490	0.4490	0.4557	0.4557	0.2909	0.2909	0.7576	0.7576
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.5512	0.5512	0.7072	0.7072	0.6510	0.6510	0.6880	0.6880	0.7851	0.7851
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.1455	0.1455	0.2401	0.2401	0.5809	0.5809	0.5546	0.5546	0.6483	0.6483
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.0956	0.0964	0.1403	0.1403	0.1971	0.2363	0.0876	0.1188	0.4410	0.5234
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.1971	0.2003	0.2463	0.2519	0.3739	0.4510	0.2595	0.3163	0.4066	0.4786
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.0312	0.0312	0.0620	0.0620	0.3295	0.3295	0.2351	0.2351	0.3243	0.3806

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 14: Stepdown Tests for Average Outcomes of Male Children of Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Summary	(01) Obs.	54	51	53	49	56	48	57	56	56	54
	(02) Control	0.3512	0.3782	0.2160	0.2333	0.7816	0.4236	0.3500	0.3062	0.0333	0.0481
	(03) Treatment	0.4872	0.4867	0.4103	0.4028	0.7778	0.4653	0.3951	0.4259	0.2115	0.2512
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1360	0.1085	0.1942	0.1694	-0.0038	0.0417	0.0451	0.1198	0.1782	0.2030
	(05) COLS	0.0688	0.0347	0.1040	0.0763	-0.0849	0.1070	-0.0870	0.0141	0.1462	0.1746
	(06) AIPW	0.0721	0.0867	0.1211	0.1297	-0.0449	0.0537	-0.1138	0.0502	0.1386	0.1965
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.2682	0.2682	0.1041	0.1041	0.4850	0.3827	0.3544	0.1339	0.0210	0.0078
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.5818	0.5818	0.3890	0.3890	0.1973	0.2418	0.2318	0.4547	0.0543	0.0352
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.3801	0.3801	0.1966	0.1966	0.2966	0.3191	0.1427	0.3019	0.0268	0.0045
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.2417	0.2417	0.0799	0.0799	0.4842	0.3822	0.3443	0.1019	0.0150	0.0053
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.5773	0.5773	0.3720	0.3720	0.1844	0.2377	0.2240	0.4492	0.0493	0.0290
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.7258	0.7258	0.5781	0.5781	0.4172	0.4699	0.3283	0.4247	0.1252	0.0562
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.2416	0.2416	0.0808	0.0808	0.4948	0.3952	0.3428	0.1076	0.0120	0.0040
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.5760	0.5760	0.3896	0.3896	0.2008	0.2436	0.2144	0.4744	0.0476	0.0312
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.4136	0.4136	0.2984	0.2984	0.4420	0.3168	0.2320	0.3600	0.0624	0.0548
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.1360	0.1360	0.0336	0.0372	0.4564	0.3392	0.2968	0.0588	0.0008	0.0004
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.4776	0.4776	0.2344	0.2344	0.1216	0.1860	0.1676	0.4048	0.0060	0.0052
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.5800	0.5800	0.3040	0.3040	0.2456	0.4260	0.1024	0.2728	0.0300	0.0140
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.3464	0.3464	0.1352	0.1352	0.4560	0.3600	0.3640	0.1340	0.0312	0.0100
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.6544	0.6544	0.4464	0.4464	0.2012	0.2308	0.2284	0.4332	0.0572	0.0244
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.6448	0.6448	0.4400	0.4400	0.3252	0.3336	0.1992	0.2908	0.0652	0.0176
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.3432	0.3432	0.1360	0.1360	0.4520	0.3512	0.3596	0.1320	0.0268	0.0104
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.6584	0.6584	0.4352	0.4352	0.1912	0.2320	0.2280	0.4420	0.0684	0.0432
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.5856	0.5856	0.3984	0.3984	0.3092	0.3300	0.1944	0.2988	0.0720	0.0296
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.3495	0.3495	0.2545	0.2545	0.5598	0.3945	0.5740	0.3066	0.0568	0.0308
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.5886	0.5886	0.5545	0.5545	0.3507	0.2772	0.3031	0.5008	0.0780	0.0442
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.5516	0.5516	0.5140	0.5140	0.5317	0.3619	0.2596	0.4508	0.0917	0.0488
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.3437	0.3437	0.2562	0.2562	0.5525	0.3856	0.5733	0.2991	0.0531	0.0281
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.6037	0.6037	0.5581	0.5581	0.3442	0.2802	0.3038	0.5182	0.0889	0.0638
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.5007	0.5007	0.4739	0.4739	0.5031	0.3598	0.2500	0.4651	0.0908	0.0618
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.3645	0.3645	0.2653	0.2653	0.5640	0.4002	0.5752	0.3112	0.0591	0.0315
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.6000	0.6000	0.5769	0.5769	0.3536	0.2801	0.3133	0.5013	0.0800	0.0458
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.5536	0.5536	0.5173	0.5173	0.5428	0.3652	0.2664	0.4574	0.0953	0.0516
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.3597	0.3597	0.2675	0.2675	0.5557	0.3878	0.5744	0.3047	0.0559	0.0287
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.6147	0.6147	0.5750	0.5750	0.3479	0.2871	0.3076	0.5185	0.0915	0.0643
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.5166	0.5166	0.4810	0.4810	0.5096	0.3659	0.2527	0.4736	0.0925	0.0638
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.4362	0.4362	0.2910	0.2910	0.6121	0.4627	0.5863	0.3395	0.0882	0.0485
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.6120	0.6120	0.6772	0.6772	0.3696	0.3363	0.4719	0.5345	0.1041	0.0520
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.5623	0.5623	0.6091	0.6091	0.6253	0.4065	0.3127	0.4928	0.1152	0.1119
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.4557	0.4557	0.2909	0.2909	0.5737	0.4883	0.5875	0.3257	0.0683	0.0356
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.6510	0.6510	0.6880	0.6880	0.4628	0.3306	0.3277	0.5765	0.1045	0.0838
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.5809	0.5809	0.5546	0.5546	0.5197	0.4128	0.2613	0.5248	0.1196	0.0696
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.1971	0.2363	0.0876	0.1188	0.4518	0.3511	0.3595	0.1319	0.0268	0.0104
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.3739	0.4510	0.2595	0.3163	0.1911	0.2319	0.2279	0.4418	0.0684	0.0432
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.3295	0.3295	0.2351	0.2351	0.3091	0.3299	0.1943	0.2987	0.0720	0.0296

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-R S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 15: Stepdown Tests for Average Outcomes of Female Children of Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -spended	Never Su -spended	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Summary	(01) Obs.	62	59	63	60	63	60	63	60	62	59
	(02) Control	0.5968	0.5806	0.7419	0.7419	0.5000	0.5000	0.8548	0.8548	0.5484	0.5484
	(03) Treatment	0.7715	0.8185	0.8750	0.9138	0.7070	0.7649	0.9219	0.9655	0.7554	0.8185
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1747	0.2378	0.1331	0.1719	0.2070	0.2649	0.0670	0.1107	0.2070	0.2701
	(05) COLS	0.1617	0.2379	0.1338	0.1875	0.2009	0.2708	0.0427	0.0987	0.2021	0.2805
	(06) AIPW	0.2023	0.3059	0.2365	0.3013	0.2802	0.3792	0.0718	0.1412	0.2580	0.3616
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.0445	0.0209	0.0934	0.0921	0.0334	0.0213	0.1806	0.1080	0.0252	0.0095
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.0719	0.0264	0.1168	0.0810	0.0468	0.0228	0.3066	0.1654	0.0384	0.0104
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.0204	0.0008	0.0059	0.0008	0.0037	0.0001	0.1522	0.0247	0.0057	0.0001
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.0423	0.0160	0.0793	0.0605	0.0249	0.0102	0.1863	0.1079	0.0243	0.0075
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.0788	0.0304	0.1071	0.0640	0.0444	0.0184	0.3100	0.1914	0.0435	0.0132
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.1319	0.0719	0.0549	0.0386	0.0535	0.0209	0.3070	0.3067	0.0787	0.0346
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.0424	0.0224	0.0792	0.0544	0.0248	0.0168	0.1932	0.1024	0.0268	0.0136
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.0840	0.0400	0.1012	0.0656	0.0476	0.0280	0.3016	0.1704	0.0468	0.0184
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.1252	0.0816	0.0360	0.0272	0.0496	0.0296	0.2160	0.1136	0.0636	0.0352
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.0116	0.0032	0.0364	0.0184	0.0096	0.0072	0.0972	0.0112	0.0056	0.0016
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.0332	0.0072	0.0676	0.0152	0.0228	0.0072	0.2900	0.0240	0.0208	0.0072
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.0412	0.0056	0.0152	0.0048	0.0056	0.0008	0.2312	0.0760	0.0196	0.0016
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.0440	0.0240	0.1016	0.1016	0.0336	0.0176	0.1852	0.1224	0.0224	0.0096
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.0692	0.0352	0.1108	0.0832	0.0508	0.0272	0.3004	0.1832	0.0380	0.0104
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.0636	0.0304	0.0484	0.0280	0.0240	0.0128	0.2156	0.0672	0.0272	0.0080
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.0476	0.0224	0.1152	0.1152	0.0388	0.0232	0.1904	0.1240	0.0240	0.0088
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.0748	0.0272	0.1440	0.1232	0.0532	0.0320	0.3184	0.2080	0.0416	0.0104
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.0660	0.0208	0.0588	0.0320	0.0240	0.0088	0.2380	0.0864	0.0276	0.0056
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.1092	0.1081	0.1596	0.1596	0.0743	0.0712	0.2681	0.2579	0.0684	0.0597
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.1350	0.1138	0.1530	0.1492	0.0859	0.0775	0.3580	0.3157	0.0808	0.0696
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.1246	0.0907	0.0891	0.0891	0.0614	0.0543	0.2976	0.1707	0.0627	0.0627
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.1127	0.1127	0.1970	0.1970	0.0793	0.0793	0.2681	0.2429	0.0718	0.0603
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.1402	0.1040	0.1959	0.1959	0.0932	0.0869	0.3784	0.3242	0.0845	0.0647
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.1370	0.0927	0.1054	0.1019	0.0571	0.0421	0.3219	0.1985	0.0748	0.0488
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.1112	0.1112	0.1619	0.1619	0.0782	0.0730	0.2700	0.2694	0.0716	0.0599
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.1362	0.1178	0.1566	0.1505	0.0863	0.0785	0.3604	0.3289	0.0822	0.0699
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.1263	0.0945	0.0918	0.0913	0.0671	0.0583	0.3033	0.1812	0.0665	0.0646
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.1164	0.1164	0.2013	0.2013	0.0855	0.0849	0.2700	0.2471	0.0728	0.0646
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.1422	0.1097	0.1963	0.1963	0.0966	0.0923	0.3820	0.3386	0.0868	0.0649
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.1388	0.0974	0.1061	0.1035	0.0585	0.0430	0.3332	0.2148	0.0776	0.0595
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.1437	0.1332	0.2342	0.2342	0.1287	0.0954	0.3210	0.3210	0.0892	0.0892
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.1406	0.1273	0.1721	0.1651	0.1133	0.1133	0.3848	0.3848	0.1018	0.0915
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.1935	0.1154	0.1064	0.1064	0.0943	0.0943	0.3145	0.2228	0.0935	0.0710
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.1415	0.1415	0.2042	0.2042	0.1090	0.1090	0.3219	0.2643	0.0999	0.0680
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.1611	0.1574	0.2258	0.2258	0.1325	0.1325	0.4708	0.4031	0.1103	0.1103
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.1724	0.1286	0.1176	0.1104	0.0741	0.0466	0.4105	0.2877	0.0902	0.0902
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.0476	0.0168	0.1084	0.0788	0.0388	0.0160	0.1903	0.0912	0.0240	0.0076
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.0748	0.0200	0.1439	0.0792	0.0532	0.0208	0.3183	0.1323	0.0416	0.0088
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.0660	0.0124	0.0588	0.0240	0.0240	0.0060	0.2379	0.0712	0.0276	0.0040

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 15: Stepdown Tests for Average Outcomes of Female Children of Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Attended College	Attended College	Attended College	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	63	60	56	63	60	56	63	60	56
	(02) Control	0.5699	0.5699	0.6000	0.3925	0.4086	0.4111	0.3602	0.3602	0.3611
	(03) Treatment	0.5573	0.5805	0.6090	0.4479	0.4943	0.5000	0.4479	0.4943	0.5000
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.0126	0.0106	0.0090	0.0554	0.0857	0.0889	0.0877	0.1340	0.1389
	(05) COLS	-0.0450	-0.0134	-0.0300	0.0821	0.1255	0.1301	0.0987	0.1467	0.1508
	(06) AIPW	-0.0514	-0.0049	-0.0282	0.1642	0.1747	0.2256	0.2062	0.2520	0.3196
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7404	0.7404	0.7404	0.4258	0.4258	0.4258
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4283	0.4283	0.4283	0.3089	0.3089	0.3089
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.1068	0.1068	0.0645	0.0397	0.0384	0.0201
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6843	0.6843	0.6843	0.3584	0.3584	0.3584
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4347	0.4347	0.4347	0.3070	0.3070	0.3070
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4115	0.4115	0.4115	0.1561	0.1561	0.1561
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6780	0.6780	0.6780	0.3504	0.3504	0.3504
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4368	0.4368	0.4368	0.3168	0.3168	0.3168
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2268	0.2268	0.2268	0.1128	0.1128	0.1092
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.5124	0.5124	0.5124	0.2316	0.2316	0.2316
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.9456	0.9456	0.9456	0.2904	0.2904	0.2904	0.1884	0.1884	0.1884
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.8748	0.8748	0.8748	0.1524	0.1524	0.1524	0.0296	0.0296	0.0192
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6576	0.6576	0.6576	0.3900	0.3900	0.3900
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3360	0.3360	0.3360	0.2976	0.2976	0.2976
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.1860	0.1860	0.1860	0.0816	0.0816	0.0816
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6636	0.6636	0.6636	0.4032	0.4032	0.4032
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3708	0.3708	0.3708	0.3024	0.3024	0.3024
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2580	0.2580	0.2580	0.1824	0.1824	0.1824
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8321	0.8321	0.8321	0.5700	0.5700	0.5700
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.5538	0.5538	0.5538	0.5022	0.5022	0.5022
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2982	0.2982	0.2655	0.1911	0.1911	0.1911
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8335	0.8335	0.8335	0.5881	0.5881	0.5881
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6073	0.6073	0.6073	0.5115	0.5115	0.5115
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3717	0.3717	0.3655	0.2941	0.2941	0.2941
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8567	0.8567	0.8567	0.5815	0.5815	0.5815
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.5779	0.5779	0.5779	0.5174	0.5174	0.5174
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3111	0.3111	0.2712	0.1981	0.1981	0.1981
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8666	0.8666	0.8666	0.6087	0.6087	0.6087
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6082	0.6082	0.6082	0.5312	0.5312	0.5312
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3998	0.3998	0.3998	0.3154	0.3154	0.3154
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9319	0.9319	0.9319	0.7090	0.7090	0.7090
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7398	0.7398	0.7398	0.6335	0.6335	0.6335
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3609	0.3609	0.3374	0.2075	0.2075	0.2075
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9382	0.9382	0.9382	0.7328	0.7328	0.7328
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6748	0.6748	0.6748	0.5844	0.5844	0.5844
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.5746	0.5746	0.5746	0.4918	0.4918	0.4918
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.9336	0.9336	0.9336	0.2987	0.2987	0.2987	0.2123	0.1891	0.1891
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.4402	0.4654	0.4654	0.2043	0.2023	0.2043	0.1723	0.1559	0.1567
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.4890	0.5146	0.5146	0.1343	0.1343	0.1216	0.0960	0.0844	0.0804

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 15: Stepdown Tests for Average Outcomes of Female Children of Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	63	60	56	64	61	57	63	60	57
	(02) Control	0.2957	0.2957	0.2944	0.2135	0.2135	0.2204	0.8495	0.8495	0.8548
	(03) Treatment	0.4479	0.4943	0.5000	0.3333	0.3506	0.4038	0.9505	0.9454	0.9327
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1522	0.1986	0.2056	0.1198	0.1370	0.1834	0.1011	0.0959	0.0779
	(05) COLS	0.1808	0.2335	0.2419	0.1295	0.1521	0.2062	0.1127	0.1085	0.1000
	(06) AIPW	0.2777	0.3235	0.4051	0.1132	0.1283	0.2298	0.0876	0.0819	0.0751
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.1591	0.1591	0.1591	0.2406	0.2406	0.2311	0.2009	0.2009	0.2009
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.0572	0.0572	0.0572	0.1742	0.1742	0.1236	0.1910	0.1910	0.1910
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.0075	0.0062	0.0022	0.1951	0.1951	0.0256	0.1999	0.1999	0.1999
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.1072	0.1072	0.1072	0.1739	0.1739	0.1375	0.1734	0.1734	0.1734
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.0545	0.0545	0.0545	0.1416	0.1416	0.0938	0.1846	0.1846	0.1846
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.0317	0.0317	0.0317	0.3480	0.3480	0.3164	0.6249	0.6249	0.6249
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.1164	0.1164	0.1164	0.1688	0.1688	0.1488	0.1512	0.1512	0.1512
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.0564	0.0564	0.0564	0.1288	0.1288	0.0864	0.1548	0.1548	0.1548
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.0256	0.0256	0.0216	0.2416	0.2416	0.1572	0.2748	0.2748	0.2748
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.0660	0.0660	0.0660	0.1032	0.1032	0.0756	0.0084	0.0120	0.0304
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.0416	0.0384	0.0416	0.0784	0.0784	0.0408	0.0144	0.0216	0.0280
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.0084	0.0084	0.0084	0.2656	0.2656	0.1032	0.1536	0.1536	0.1536
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.1380	0.1380	0.1380	0.2652	0.2652	0.2652	0.1560	0.1560	0.1560
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.0696	0.0696	0.0696	0.2032	0.2032	0.1776	0.1200	0.1200	0.1200
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.0324	0.0324	0.0324	0.4080	0.4080	0.3096	0.2100	0.2100	0.2100
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.1560	0.1560	0.1560	0.2796	0.2796	0.2796	0.1752	0.1752	0.1752
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.0756	0.0756	0.0756	0.1936	0.1936	0.1776	0.1632	0.1632	0.1632
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.0756	0.0756	0.0756	0.3864	0.3864	0.2556	0.2532	0.2532	0.2532
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.2502	0.2502	0.2502	0.3255	0.3255	0.3248	0.3367	0.3367	0.3367
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.1829	0.1829	0.1829	0.3108	0.3108	0.2966	0.3789	0.3789	0.3789
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.0893	0.0893	0.0893	0.5100	0.5100	0.4095	0.5408	0.5408	0.5408
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.2570	0.2570	0.2570	0.3531	0.3531	0.3531	0.3515	0.3515	0.3515
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.1878	0.1878	0.1878	0.3154	0.3154	0.3003	0.3833	0.3833	0.3833
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.1590	0.1590	0.1590	0.4722	0.4722	0.3552	0.5729	0.5729	0.5729
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.2647	0.2647	0.2647	0.3440	0.3440	0.3440	0.3585	0.3585	0.3585
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.1866	0.1866	0.1866	0.3122	0.3122	0.2975	0.3846	0.3846	0.3846
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.0948	0.0948	0.0948	0.5341	0.5341	0.4165	0.5432	0.5432	0.5432
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.2657	0.2657	0.2657	0.3626	0.3626	0.3626	0.3710	0.3710	0.3710
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.1928	0.1928	0.1928	0.3172	0.3172	0.3023	0.3916	0.3916	0.3916
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.1680	0.1680	0.1680	0.4823	0.4823	0.3620	0.5930	0.5930	0.5930
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.2943	0.2943	0.2943	0.4264	0.4264	0.4264	0.3622	0.3622	0.3622
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.2099	0.2099	0.2099	0.3637	0.3637	0.2979	0.4038	0.4038	0.4038
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.1215	0.1215	0.1215	0.6030	0.6030	0.4313	0.5511	0.5511	0.5511
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.3346	0.3346	0.3346	0.3814	0.3814	0.3814	0.4287	0.4287	0.4287
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.2236	0.2236	0.2236	0.3726	0.3726	0.3052	0.4687	0.4696	0.4696
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.2135	0.2135	0.2135	0.5781	0.5781	0.4456	0.7786	0.7786	0.7786
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.0856	0.0768	0.0816	0.1483	0.1483	0.1164	0.0672	0.0800	0.1184
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.0468	0.0432	0.0468	0.1184	0.1184	0.0764	0.0632	0.0772	0.0948
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.0396	0.0348	0.0308	0.2167	0.2167	0.1060	0.1148	0.1399	0.1543

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 15: Stepdown Tests for Average Outcomes of Female Children of Pooled Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	60	56	61	57	61	57	59	56	61	57
	(02) Control	0.3011	0.3111	0.1667	0.1882	0.7760	0.7688	0.5430	0.5269	0.9375	0.9355
	(03) Treatment	0.1954	0.2244	0.0977	0.1154	0.8190	0.7917	0.6994	0.6500	0.9713	0.9679
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.1057	-0.0868	-0.0690	-0.0728	0.0429	0.0228	0.1564	0.1231	0.0338	0.0325
	(05) COLS	-0.0931	-0.0791	-0.0292	-0.0254	0.0205	0.0177	0.1382	0.1221	0.0579	0.0613
	(06) AIPW	-0.1185	-0.1081	-0.0477	-0.0507	-0.0503	-0.0379	0.1668	0.1216	0.0812	0.1218
Asym. A	(07) $h^1_{A,A}$	0.3048	0.3048	0.3647	0.3647	0.6157	0.6157	0.1367	0.1367	0.4748	0.4748
	(08) $h^2_{A,A}$	0.4034	0.4034	0.7191	0.7191	0.8239	0.8239	0.2142	0.2142	0.3464	0.3464
	(09) $h^3_{A,A}$	0.1939	0.1939	0.4974	0.4974	0.4902	0.4902	0.0757	0.1042	0.0551	0.0220
Asym. B	(10) $h^1_{A,B}$	0.2726	0.2726	0.3386	0.3386	0.6259	0.6259	0.1351	0.1351	0.4620	0.4620
	(11) $h^2_{A,B}$	0.3818	0.3818	0.7114	0.7114	0.8367	0.8367	0.2324	0.2324	0.3244	0.3244
	(12) $h^3_{A,B}$	0.4830	0.4830	0.6706	0.6706	0.6796	0.6796	0.3451	0.3451	0.1758	0.1758
Boot. N	(13) $h^1_{B,N}$	0.2952	0.2952	0.3280	0.3280	0.6200	0.6200	0.1496	0.1496	0.4784	0.4784
	(14) $h^2_{B,N}$	0.4048	0.4048	0.7168	0.7168	0.8544	0.8544	0.2536	0.2536	0.3512	0.3512
	(15) $h^3_{B,N}$	0.4312	0.4312	0.5960	0.5960	0.7992	0.7992	0.3096	0.3096	0.2912	0.2912
Boot. S	(16) $h^1_{B,S}$	0.1496	0.1496	0.2384	0.2384	0.4896	0.4896	0.0432	0.0672	0.2416	0.2416
	(17) $h^2_{B,S}$	0.2456	0.2456	0.6352	0.6352	0.7776	0.7776	0.1048	0.1048	0.1448	0.1448
	(18) $h^3_{B,S}$	0.1952	0.1952	0.5560	0.5560	0.4640	0.4640	0.1344	0.1712	0.0632	0.0496
Perm. N	(19) $h^1_{P,N}$	0.3424	0.3424	0.4024	0.4024	0.6816	0.6816	0.1584	0.1584	0.5424	0.5424
	(20) $h^2_{P,N}$	0.4256	0.4256	0.7584	0.7584	0.8936	0.8936	0.2288	0.2288	0.3392	0.3392
	(21) $h^3_{P,N}$	0.4208	0.4208	0.6464	0.6464	0.5352	0.5352	0.2056	0.2144	0.2144	0.2144
Perm. S	(22) $h^1_{P,S}$	0.3232	0.3232	0.3920	0.3920	0.6792	0.6792	0.1512	0.1512	0.5264	0.5264
	(23) $h^2_{P,S}$	0.4304	0.4304	0.7680	0.7680	0.9008	0.9008	0.2344	0.2344	0.4504	0.4504
	(24) $h^3_{P,S}$	0.3952	0.3952	0.6544	0.6544	0.5208	0.5208	0.1896	0.1960	0.2080	0.2080
WC-M N	(25) $h^1_{M,N}$	0.5155	0.5155	0.7104	0.7104	0.8873	0.8873	0.3551	0.3551	0.5971	0.5971
	(26) $h^2_{M,N}$	0.6117	0.6117	0.9260	0.9260	1.0000	1.0000	0.3809	0.3809	0.4163	0.4163
	(27) $h^3_{M,N}$	0.6556	0.6556	0.9825	0.9825	0.9578	0.9578	0.3910	0.3910	0.3535	0.3535
WC-M S	(28) $h^1_{M,S}$	0.4932	0.4932	0.7198	0.7198	0.8873	0.8873	0.3520	0.3520	0.5568	0.5568
	(29) $h^2_{M,S}$	0.6140	0.6140	0.9335	0.9335	1.0000	1.0000	0.3891	0.3891	0.5342	0.5342
	(30) $h^3_{M,S}$	0.6384	0.6384	0.9971	0.9971	0.9411	0.9411	0.3649	0.3649	0.3206	0.3206
WC-R N	(31) $h^1_{R,N}$	0.5160	0.5160	0.7145	0.7145	0.8926	0.8926	0.3600	0.3600	0.6142	0.6142
	(32) $h^2_{R,N}$	0.6239	0.6239	0.9435	0.9435	1.0000	1.0000	0.3912	0.3912	0.4228	0.4228
	(33) $h^3_{R,N}$	0.6563	0.6563	0.9840	0.9840	0.9866	0.9866	0.4121	0.4121	0.3724	0.3724
WC-R S	(34) $h^1_{R,S}$	0.4965	0.4965	0.7236	0.7236	0.8926	0.8926	0.3559	0.3559	0.5598	0.5598
	(35) $h^2_{R,S}$	0.6257	0.6257	0.9427	0.9427	1.0000	1.0000	0.3918	0.3918	0.5379	0.5379
	(36) $h^3_{R,S}$	0.6402	0.6402	0.9982	0.9982	0.9599	0.9599	0.3681	0.3681	0.3279	0.3279
WC-D N	(37) $h^1_{D,N}$	0.5369	0.5369	0.7170	0.7170	0.9223	0.9223	0.4369	0.4369	0.6976	0.6976
	(38) $h^2_{D,N}$	0.6836	0.6836	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4468	0.4468	0.5318	0.5318
	(39) $h^3_{D,N}$	0.6572	0.6572	0.9907	0.9907	1.0000	1.0000	0.5096	0.5096	0.4446	0.4446
WC-D S	(40) $h^1_{D,S}$	0.6156	0.6156	0.7661	0.7661	0.9223	0.9223	0.3672	0.3672	0.6301	0.6301
	(41) $h^2_{D,S}$	0.6453	0.6453	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4570	0.4570	0.5598	0.5598
	(42) $h^3_{D,S}$	0.6550	0.6550	1.0000	1.0000	0.9785	0.9785	0.4547	0.4547	0.4080	0.4080
Perm. S	(43) $r^1_{D,S}$	0.1751	0.2215	0.2247	0.2247	0.3607	0.4206	0.0888	0.1307	0.2691	0.2775
	(44) $r^2_{D,S}$	0.2315	0.2579	0.4218	0.4218	0.4742	0.4742	0.1319	0.1551	0.2391	0.2391
	(45) $r^3_{D,S}$	0.2795	0.2827	0.3707	0.3707	0.3391	0.3431	0.1499	0.1959	0.1651	0.1112

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 15: Stepdown Tests for Average Outcomes of Female Children of Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Summary	(01) Obs.	61	57	59	56	62	57	64	60	61	56
	(02) Control	0.7760	0.7688	0.5430	0.5269	0.7527	0.4691	0.3229	0.3345	0.0753	0.1047
	(03) Treatment	0.8017	0.7724	0.6815	0.6300	0.6640	0.4556	0.4271	0.4939	0.2222	0.2466
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0257	0.0036	0.1385	0.1031	-0.0887	-0.0136	0.1042	0.1594	0.1470	0.1418
	(05) COLS	0.0039	-0.0004	0.1213	0.1044	-0.0860	0.0226	0.0851	0.1644	0.1555	0.1580
	(06) AIPW	-0.0578	-0.0453	0.1593	0.1140	-0.0583	0.0393	0.0951	0.1540	0.1170	0.1200
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.7646	0.7646	0.1854	0.1854	0.1738	0.4581	0.1582	0.0433	0.0369	0.0495
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.9657	0.9657	0.2698	0.2698	0.1745	0.4367	0.2311	0.0479	0.0508	0.0291
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.4257	0.4257	0.0875	0.1175	0.2395	0.3684	0.1612	0.0351	0.0704	0.0611
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.7689	0.7689	0.1788	0.1788	0.1883	0.4562	0.1531	0.0385	0.0267	0.0339
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.9680	0.9680	0.2844	0.2844	0.2015	0.4325	0.2277	0.0363	0.0398	0.0192
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.6296	0.6296	0.3633	0.3633	0.3453	0.4995	0.2683	0.1314	0.1310	0.2629
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.7480	0.7480	0.1896	0.1896	0.1884	0.4560	0.1476	0.0400	0.0288	0.0380
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.9808	0.9808	0.3040	0.3040	0.1992	0.4436	0.2288	0.0364	0.0364	0.0220
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.7368	0.7368	0.3248	0.3248	0.3336	0.4352	0.2108	0.1132	0.1044	0.0884
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.6680	0.6680	0.0616	0.0944	0.1284	0.4548	0.0904	0.0116	0.0036	0.0092
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.9344	0.9344	0.1360	0.1360	0.1396	0.4088	0.1604	0.0256	0.0104	0.0068
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.4208	0.4208	0.1440	0.1800	0.2724	0.3620	0.2016	0.0644	0.1104	0.1188
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.8200	0.8200	0.1984	0.1984	0.1836	0.4424	0.1748	0.0460	0.0428	0.0628
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.9224	0.9224	0.2832	0.2832	0.1876	0.4544	0.2504	0.0484	0.0472	0.0404
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.5064	0.5064	0.2288	0.2288	0.3020	0.3884	0.2544	0.1072	0.1216	0.1468
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.8176	0.8176	0.1936	0.1936	0.1768	0.4420	0.1736	0.0448	0.0420	0.0608
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.9224	0.9224	0.2808	0.2808	0.1672	0.4556	0.2644	0.0568	0.0632	0.0388
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.4840	0.4840	0.1976	0.2124	0.2800	0.3884	0.2448	0.1044	0.1344	0.1516
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	0.4499	0.4499	0.2721	0.6846	0.2393	0.0717	0.0792	0.0676
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	0.4482	0.4482	0.2894	0.5097	0.2886	0.0703	0.0729	0.0546
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.9035	0.9035	0.4333	0.4333	0.4245	0.4979	0.3295	0.1431	0.1716	0.1666
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	0.4436	0.4436	0.2618	0.6846	0.2397	0.0736	0.0758	0.0664
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	0.4493	0.4493	0.2702	0.5103	0.3002	0.0819	0.0946	0.0511
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.8659	0.8659	0.4117	0.4117	0.4050	0.4988	0.3222	0.1351	0.1852	0.1748
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	0.4540	0.4540	0.2728	0.6900	0.2469	0.0724	0.0809	0.0679
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	0.4510	0.4510	0.2933	0.5151	0.2935	0.0705	0.0764	0.0551
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.9188	0.9188	0.4353	0.4353	0.4252	0.5009	0.3318	0.1484	0.1727	0.1712
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	0.4494	0.4494	0.2642	0.6900	0.2473	0.0740	0.0812	0.0665
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	0.4571	0.4571	0.2751	0.5151	0.3042	0.0853	0.0976	0.0512
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.8763	0.8763	0.4206	0.4206	0.4053	0.5021	0.3284	0.1484	0.1896	0.1771
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	0.4839	0.4839	0.2981	0.7203	0.2653	0.0948	0.1155	0.0734
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	0.4629	0.4629	0.3116	0.5544	0.3439	0.0754	0.0872	0.0601
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.9438	0.9438	0.4886	0.4886	0.4277	0.5592	0.3406	0.1828	0.2917	0.2013
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	0.4919	0.4919	0.2888	0.7214	0.2705	0.0838	0.1259	0.0943
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	0.5020	0.5020	0.2927	0.5419	0.3409	0.1075	0.0988	0.0568
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.9595	0.9595	0.4838	0.4838	0.4119	0.5294	0.3405	0.2514	0.2500	0.2190
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.4350	0.5058	0.1152	0.1699	0.1767	0.4418	0.1735	0.0448	0.0420	0.0608
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.9680	0.9680	0.1579	0.1855	0.1671	0.4554	0.2643	0.0568	0.0632	0.0388
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.3107	0.3235	0.1567	0.2123	0.2799	0.3882	0.2447	0.1044	0.1343	0.1515

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 16: Stepdown Tests for Average Outcomes of Pooled Children of Male Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -spended	Never Su -spended	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Summary	(01) Obs.	38	36	41	39	40	38	41	39	39	37
	(02) Control	0.5407	0.4759	0.7619	0.7857	0.4017	0.3933	0.8452	0.8690	0.4333	0.4246
	(03) Treatment	0.7608	0.7898	0.8900	0.8870	0.6983	0.7389	0.9500	0.9630	0.7192	0.7620
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.2201	0.3139	0.1281	0.1013	0.2967	0.3456	0.1048	0.0939	0.2858	0.3375
	(05) COLS	0.2566	0.3178	0.1465	0.1338	0.3227	0.3707	0.0892	0.0902	0.3038	0.3552
	(06) AIPW	0.3104	0.3806	0.1758	0.1627	0.3905	0.4346	0.1286	0.1274	0.3714	0.4178
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.0396	0.0160	0.1936	0.1936	0.0120	0.0084	0.1936	0.1936	0.0142	0.0090
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.0347	0.0204	0.1838	0.1838	0.0092	0.0061	0.2741	0.2741	0.0124	0.0078
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.0039	0.0011	0.0660	0.0660	0.0003	0.0001	0.0907	0.0907	0.0006	0.0002
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.0423	0.0174	0.1704	0.1704	0.0112	0.0083	0.1778	0.1778	0.0147	0.0101
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.0408	0.0286	0.1582	0.1582	0.0089	0.0068	0.2532	0.2532	0.0147	0.0107
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.0267	0.0203	0.1329	0.1329	0.0020	0.0016	0.1729	0.1729	0.0048	0.0036
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.0420	0.0248	0.1504	0.1504	0.0104	0.0104	0.1600	0.1600	0.0176	0.0128
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.0404	0.0360	0.1664	0.1664	0.0120	0.0120	0.2528	0.2528	0.0192	0.0192
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.0440	0.0440	0.0992	0.0992	0.0088	0.0088	0.1184	0.1184	0.0144	0.0120
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.0220	0.0136	0.0600	0.0684	0.0096	0.0096	0.0272	0.0272	0.0120	0.0120
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.0200	0.0192	0.0464	0.0464	0.0112	0.0112	0.0696	0.0696	0.0144	0.0144
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.0068	0.0064	0.0600	0.0600	0.0032	0.0032	0.0576	0.0576	0.0048	0.0048
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.0516	0.0312	0.2168	0.2168	0.0220	0.0168	0.2032	0.2032	0.0224	0.0168
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.0472	0.0472	0.1824	0.1824	0.0232	0.0184	0.3088	0.3088	0.0256	0.0232
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.0280	0.0256	0.1528	0.1528	0.0112	0.0096	0.2008	0.2008	0.0152	0.0152
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.0544	0.0344	0.2192	0.2192	0.0228	0.0184	0.2032	0.2032	0.0260	0.0176
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.0508	0.0440	0.1992	0.1992	0.0228	0.0208	0.2784	0.2784	0.0236	0.0208
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.0296	0.0296	0.1416	0.1416	0.0108	0.0088	0.1440	0.1440	0.0152	0.0152
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.0966	0.0766	0.3130	0.3130	0.0569	0.0569	0.3730	0.3730	0.0609	0.0609
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.0929	0.0929	0.2708	0.2708	0.0627	0.0627	0.4455	0.4455	0.0691	0.0691
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.0687	0.0687	0.2461	0.2461	0.0366	0.0360	0.3207	0.3207	0.0380	0.0380
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.0936	0.0780	0.3212	0.3212	0.0499	0.0499	0.3548	0.3548	0.0530	0.0530
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.0923	0.0881	0.3113	0.3113	0.0499	0.0499	0.4376	0.4376	0.0629	0.0629
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.0650	0.0620	0.2319	0.2319	0.0290	0.0290	0.2871	0.2871	0.0348	0.0348
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.0991	0.0780	0.3228	0.3228	0.0594	0.0594	0.3733	0.3733	0.0618	0.0618
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.0969	0.0969	0.2713	0.2713	0.0627	0.0627	0.4503	0.4503	0.0693	0.0693
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.0721	0.0721	0.2479	0.2479	0.0415	0.0415	0.3212	0.3212	0.0440	0.0440
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.0958	0.0796	0.3305	0.3305	0.0542	0.0542	0.3568	0.3568	0.0563	0.0563
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.0942	0.0913	0.3214	0.3214	0.0539	0.0539	0.4448	0.4448	0.0662	0.0662
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.0668	0.0650	0.2326	0.2326	0.0329	0.0305	0.2940	0.2940	0.0364	0.0364
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.1134	0.1134	0.4005	0.4005	0.0962	0.0962	0.3903	0.3903	0.0949	0.0949
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.1161	0.1161	0.3537	0.3537	0.0723	0.0723	0.5580	0.5580	0.0872	0.0872
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.1021	0.1021	0.2756	0.2756	0.0556	0.0501	0.3976	0.3976	0.0760	0.0760
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.1101	0.1010	0.4552	0.4552	0.0934	0.0934	0.4077	0.4077	0.0956	0.0956
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.1237	0.1237	0.4171	0.4171	0.0866	0.0866	0.5022	0.5022	0.0878	0.0878
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.1030	0.1030	0.2591	0.2591	0.0595	0.0416	0.3517	0.3517	0.0568	0.0442
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.0544	0.0228	0.1267	0.1539	0.0228	0.0128	0.1220	0.1220	0.0260	0.0120
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.0508	0.0296	0.1212	0.1240	0.0228	0.0128	0.1763	0.1763	0.0236	0.0140
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.0256	0.0184	0.0808	0.0808	0.0108	0.0060	0.1004	0.1004	0.0112	0.0084

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 16: Stepdown Tests for Average Outcomes of Pooled Children of Male Participants

	Statistic	Attended College	Attended College	Attended College	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	41	39	36	39	37	34	40	38	35
	(02) Control	0.4087	0.4246	0.4000	0.4123	0.4211	0.4444	0.3667	0.3500	0.3684
	(03) Treatment	0.4525	0.4380	0.4042	0.5108	0.5491	0.6438	0.4983	0.5352	0.6281
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0438	0.0134	0.0042	0.0986	0.1280	0.1993	0.1317	0.1852	0.2597
	(05) COLS	0.0136	-0.0233	-0.0085	0.1312	0.1699	0.2286	0.1443	0.1924	0.2492
	(06) AIPW	-0.0235	-0.0499	-0.0669	0.1951	0.2146	0.2995	0.2271	0.2694	0.3812
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2997	0.2997	0.2162	0.1294	0.1294	0.0842
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.1714	0.1714	0.1513	0.1092	0.1092	0.0925
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.8446	0.8446	0.8446	0.0298	0.0298	0.0115	0.0156	0.0141	0.0050
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3052	0.3052	0.2236	0.1200	0.1157	0.0770
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.1882	0.1882	0.1683	0.1187	0.1187	0.1060
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.9881	0.9881	0.9881	0.1253	0.1253	0.1234	0.0257	0.0252	0.0204
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2976	0.2976	0.2412	0.1152	0.1152	0.0900
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.1848	0.1848	0.1152	0.1168	0.1168	0.0876
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.0672	0.0672	0.0336	0.0256	0.0256	0.0108
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.9984	0.9984	0.9984	0.1832	0.1832	0.1176	0.0660	0.0540	0.0540
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.1500	0.1500	0.1500	0.0804	0.0804	0.0804
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.6132	0.6132	0.6132	0.0288	0.0288	0.0288	0.0096	0.0096	0.0096
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2968	0.2968	0.2748	0.1272	0.1272	0.1272
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.1952	0.1952	0.1944	0.1848	0.1848	0.1848
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.1296	0.1296	0.1032	0.0648	0.0648	0.0444
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2952	0.2952	0.2772	0.1320	0.1320	0.1320
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2136	0.2136	0.2136	0.1584	0.1584	0.1584
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.9360	0.9360	0.9360	0.1044	0.1044	0.1044	0.0744	0.0744	0.0744
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3343	0.3343	0.2731	0.2051	0.2051	0.1513
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2820	0.2820	0.2034	0.2604	0.2604	0.1998
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.1830	0.1830	0.1182	0.1377	0.1377	0.0565
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3379	0.3379	0.2731	0.2141	0.2141	0.1513
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2470	0.2470	0.2265	0.2363	0.2363	0.2115
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.1568	0.1568	0.1294	0.1361	0.1361	0.1075
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3430	0.3430	0.2778	0.2122	0.2122	0.1519
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2874	0.2874	0.2131	0.2667	0.2667	0.2112
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.1983	0.1983	0.1271	0.1474	0.1474	0.0582
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3380	0.3380	0.2778	0.2190	0.2190	0.1519
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2507	0.2507	0.2328	0.2385	0.2385	0.2207
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.1685	0.1685	0.1343	0.1429	0.1429	0.1154
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4249	0.4249	0.3114	0.2515	0.2515	0.1628
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2973	0.2973	0.2680	0.2885	0.2885	0.2235
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2104	0.2104	0.1382	0.1560	0.1560	0.0695
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4296	0.4296	0.3114	0.2757	0.2757	0.1681
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2897	0.2897	0.2492	0.3304	0.3304	0.3304
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2100	0.2100	0.1691	0.2045	0.2045	0.2045
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.4874	0.5418	0.5418	0.1887	0.1887	0.1383	0.1176	0.0836	0.0624
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.9032	0.9032	0.9032	0.1255	0.1184	0.1184	0.1116	0.0816	0.0788
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.4218	0.3870	0.3870	0.0716	0.0664	0.0544	0.0504	0.0416	0.0380

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 16: Stepdown Tests for Average Outcomes of Pooled Children of Male Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	40	38	35	41	39	36	41	39	36
	(02) Control	0.3250	0.3083	0.3246	0.1349	0.1349	0.1417	0.9095	0.9095	0.9000
	(03) Treatment	0.4817	0.5074	0.5969	0.2567	0.2389	0.3052	0.9567	0.9519	0.9458
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1567	0.1991	0.2723	0.1217	0.1040	0.1635	0.0471	0.0423	0.0458
	(05) COLS	0.1848	0.2246	0.2833	0.1542	0.1342	0.2084	0.0723	0.0638	0.0753
	(06) AIPW	0.2530	0.2871	0.4031	0.1121	0.1035	0.1688	0.1054	0.0954	0.1154
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.1033	0.1033	0.0708	0.1753	0.1753	0.1753	0.6657	0.6657	0.6657
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.0743	0.0743	0.0743	0.0803	0.0803	0.0559	0.4769	0.4769	0.4769
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.0093	0.0090	0.0038	0.1054	0.1054	0.0441	0.1997	0.1997	0.1997
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.0848	0.0848	0.0611	0.1616	0.1616	0.1616	0.6517	0.6517	0.6517
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.0786	0.0786	0.0786	0.0692	0.0692	0.0546	0.4660	0.4660	0.4660
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.0184	0.0184	0.0184	0.1916	0.1916	0.1916	0.3071	0.3071	0.3071
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.0888	0.0888	0.0564	0.1728	0.1728	0.1728	0.6960	0.6960	0.6960
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.0760	0.0760	0.0648	0.0528	0.0528	0.0444	0.5064	0.5064	0.5064
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.0216	0.0216	0.0096	0.1104	0.1104	0.1104	0.3816	0.3816	0.3816
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.0412	0.0396	0.0396	0.0828	0.0828	0.0828	0.4332	0.4332	0.4332
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.0640	0.0564	0.0640	0.0304	0.0348	0.0252	0.2052	0.2200	0.2200
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.0064	0.0048	0.0064	0.1336	0.1336	0.1032	0.1104	0.1104	0.1104
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.1068	0.1068	0.1068	0.2676	0.2676	0.2676	0.7188	0.7188	0.7188
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.1296	0.1296	0.1296	0.1416	0.1416	0.1416	0.4452	0.4452	0.4452
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.0520	0.0520	0.0336	0.3408	0.3408	0.3408	0.3420	0.3420	0.3420
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.1080	0.1080	0.1080	0.2424	0.2424	0.2424	0.7224	0.7224	0.7224
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.1356	0.1356	0.1356	0.1064	0.1064	0.0912	0.5628	0.5628	0.5628
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.0672	0.0672	0.0672	0.1864	0.1864	0.1668	0.3756	0.3756	0.3756
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.1815	0.1815	0.1366	0.3509	0.3509	0.3249	0.9066	0.9066	0.9066
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.1720	0.1720	0.1572	0.2513	0.2513	0.2280	0.6057	0.6057	0.6057
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.0991	0.0991	0.0542	0.4578	0.4578	0.4211	0.5393	0.5393	0.5393
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.1815	0.1815	0.1492	0.3307	0.3307	0.3049	0.9066	0.9066	0.9066
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.1734	0.1734	0.1734	0.2032	0.2032	0.1504	0.7515	0.7515	0.7515
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.0980	0.0980	0.0980	0.3368	0.3368	0.2397	0.5981	0.5981	0.5981
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.1900	0.1900	0.1379	0.3632	0.3632	0.3492	0.9085	0.9085	0.9085
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.1745	0.1745	0.1578	0.2513	0.2513	0.2289	0.6077	0.6077	0.6077
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.1011	0.1011	0.0593	0.4687	0.4687	0.4303	0.5455	0.5455	0.5455
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.1842	0.1842	0.1493	0.3344	0.3344	0.3263	0.9205	0.9205	0.9205
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.1759	0.1759	0.1735	0.2095	0.2095	0.1521	0.7641	0.7641	0.7641
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.1010	0.1010	0.1010	0.3375	0.3375	0.2487	0.6407	0.6407	0.6407
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.2095	0.2095	0.1608	0.4848	0.4848	0.4651	0.9213	0.9213	0.9213
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.1844	0.1844	0.1822	0.3330	0.3330	0.2460	0.7152	0.7152	0.7152
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.1703	0.1703	0.0945	0.4991	0.4991	0.4966	0.5455	0.5455	0.5455
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.2139	0.2139	0.1497	0.5109	0.5109	0.5109	0.9546	0.9546	0.9546
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.2831	0.2831	0.2831	0.2638	0.2638	0.1602	0.8177	0.8177	0.8177
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.1310	0.1310	0.1310	0.3421	0.3421	0.3257	0.7529	0.7529	0.7529
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.0956	0.0672	0.0492	0.1255	0.1255	0.1156	0.2567	0.2739	0.2739
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.0752	0.0656	0.0656	0.0716	0.0716	0.0500	0.2083	0.2271	0.2263
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.0376	0.0336	0.0304	0.1184	0.1184	0.0772	0.1475	0.1787	0.1447

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 16: Stepdown Tests for Average Outcomes of Pooled Children of Male Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su./Arrested	Never Su./Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	39	36	39	36	38	35	37	33	39	36
	(02) Control	0.1984	0.2083	0.1111	0.1417	0.6750	0.7018	0.4333	0.4491	0.9206	0.9167
	(03) Treatment	0.1222	0.1375	0.0713	0.0802	0.7972	0.7927	0.6861	0.6789	0.9537	0.9479
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.0762	-0.0708	-0.0398	-0.0615	0.1222	0.0910	0.2528	0.2298	0.0331	0.0313
	(05) COLS	-0.0266	-0.0230	0.0135	0.0070	0.1768	0.1261	0.2586	0.2200	0.0343	0.0354
	(06) AIPW	-0.0545	-0.0760	-0.0144	-0.0325	0.2308	0.1681	0.3326	0.3104	0.0626	0.0540
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.3734	0.3734	0.4411	0.4411	0.2075	0.2075	0.0633	0.0633	0.5607	0.5607
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.7269	0.7269	0.8138	0.8138	0.1266	0.1377	0.0701	0.0702	0.5902	0.5902
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.2393	0.2393	0.5475	0.5475	0.0140	0.0311	0.0051	0.0051	0.3580	0.3580
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.3569	0.3569	0.4327	0.4327	0.2142	0.2142	0.0550	0.0550	0.5676	0.5676
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.7135	0.7135	0.8096	0.8096	0.1250	0.1354	0.0750	0.0754	0.6074	0.6074
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.4000	0.4000	0.6894	0.6894	0.0632	0.0883	0.0327	0.0432	0.4366	0.4366
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.3736	0.3736	0.4320	0.4320	0.2144	0.2144	0.0608	0.0608	0.5936	0.5936
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.7344	0.7344	0.8040	0.8040	0.1472	0.1472	0.1032	0.1032	0.6816	0.6816
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.4624	0.4624	0.7736	0.7736	0.0736	0.0736	0.0512	0.0512	0.5968	0.5968
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.1768	0.1768	0.2088	0.2088	0.0848	0.1000	0.0312	0.0312	0.4392	0.4392
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.6464	0.6464	0.8176	0.8176	0.0360	0.0628	0.0336	0.0352	0.4368	0.4368
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.1688	0.1688	0.4504	0.4504	0.0104	0.0392	0.0080	0.0080	0.2064	0.2064
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.4144	0.4144	0.4672	0.4672	0.1976	0.1976	0.0776	0.0776	0.6504	0.6504
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.7528	0.7528	0.9120	0.9120	0.1056	0.1332	0.0960	0.0960	0.6256	0.6256
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.4024	0.4024	0.6744	0.6744	0.0776	0.1088	0.0480	0.0484	0.5968	0.5968
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.3856	0.3856	0.4456	0.4456	0.1912	0.1912	0.0792	0.0792	0.6328	0.6328
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.7200	0.7200	0.8904	0.8904	0.1392	0.1536	0.0880	0.0880	0.6640	0.6640
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.3448	0.3448	0.6080	0.6080	0.0768	0.0928	0.0472	0.0472	0.6176	0.6176
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.8701	0.8701	1.0000	1.0000	0.2482	0.2482	0.1797	0.1797	0.7765	0.7765
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.1547	0.1547	0.2082	0.2082	0.7450	0.7450
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.7076	0.7076	1.0000	1.0000	0.1400	0.1447	0.1195	0.1195	0.7111	0.7111
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.8359	0.8359	1.0000	1.0000	0.2325	0.2325	0.1861	0.1861	0.7667	0.7667
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.1902	0.1902	0.1992	0.1992	0.7937	0.7937
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.6579	0.6579	1.0000	1.0000	0.1597	0.1597	0.1097	0.1097	0.7692	0.7692
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.8924	0.8924	1.0000	1.0000	0.2528	0.2528	0.1890	0.1890	0.7874	0.7874
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.1636	0.1636	0.2094	0.2094	0.7546	0.7546
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.7278	0.7278	1.0000	1.0000	0.1428	0.1471	0.1200	0.1200	0.7197	0.7197
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.8484	0.8484	1.0000	1.0000	0.2334	0.2334	0.1979	0.1979	0.7822	0.7822
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.1910	0.1910	0.2017	0.2017	0.8037	0.8037
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.6588	0.6588	1.0000	1.0000	0.1601	0.1601	0.1147	0.1147	0.7756	0.7756
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2941	0.2941	0.2123	0.2123	0.8236	0.8236
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2613	0.2613	0.2242	0.2242	0.8960	0.8960
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.8758	0.8758	1.0000	1.0000	0.1630	0.1630	0.1411	0.1411	0.7318	0.7318
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.8893	0.8893	1.0000	1.0000	0.2422	0.2422	0.3212	0.3212	0.8875	0.8875
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2501	0.2501	0.2093	0.2093	0.8487	0.8487
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.6849	0.6849	1.0000	1.0000	0.1983	0.1983	0.1510	0.1510	0.8177	0.8177
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.2035	0.2051	0.2843	0.2779	0.1447	0.1771	0.0552	0.0636	0.3251	0.3327
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.3790	0.3790	0.5074	0.5074	0.1056	0.1535	0.0612	0.0820	0.3431	0.3443
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.2503	0.1891	0.3854	0.3587	0.0592	0.0928	0.0340	0.0376	0.3207	0.3319

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 16: Stepdown Tests for Average Outcomes of Pooled Children of Male Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Summary	(01) Obs.	38	35	37	33	40	33	41	40	40	39
	(02) Control	0.6750	0.7018	0.4333	0.4491	0.7016	0.5844	0.3587	0.3622	0.0333	0.0659
	(03) Treatment	0.7972	0.7927	0.6861	0.6789	0.7447	0.4491	0.5208	0.5357	0.2544	0.2341
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1222	0.0910	0.2528	0.2298	0.0431	-0.1354	0.1621	0.1735	0.2211	0.1682
	(05) COLS	0.1768	0.1261	0.2586	0.2200	-0.0358	-0.0482	0.1028	0.1281	0.2116	0.1688
	(06) AIPW	0.2308	0.1681	0.3326	0.3104	0.0009	0.0632	0.0373	0.0893	0.1732	0.1277
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.2075	0.2075	0.0633	0.0633	0.3590	0.2126	0.1136	0.0775	0.0142	0.0343
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.1266	0.1377	0.0701	0.0702	0.3639	0.3979	0.2383	0.1581	0.0124	0.0123
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.0140	0.0311	0.0051	0.0051	0.4966	0.3220	0.3773	0.2041	0.0108	0.0242
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.2142	0.2142	0.0550	0.0550	0.3506	0.1968	0.0941	0.0530	0.0119	0.0331
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.1250	0.1354	0.0750	0.0754	0.3555	0.3947	0.2239	0.1370	0.0122	0.0127
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.0632	0.0883	0.0327	0.0432	0.4972	0.4993	0.3988	0.2452	0.0282	0.0785
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.2144	0.2144	0.0608	0.0608	0.3352	0.2052	0.0940	0.0560	0.0076	0.0288
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.1472	0.1472	0.1032	0.1032	0.3684	0.3668	0.2192	0.1420	0.0044	0.0104
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.0736	0.0736	0.0512	0.0512	0.3964	0.3888	0.3004	0.2076	0.0136	0.0512
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.0848	0.1000	0.0312	0.0312	0.3108	0.1488	0.0552	0.0308	0.0012	0.0052
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.0360	0.0628	0.0336	0.0352	0.3012	0.3928	0.1644	0.0780	0.0016	0.0024
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.0104	0.0392	0.0080	0.0080	0.4020	0.3224	0.4636	0.2160	0.0064	0.0484
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.1976	0.1976	0.0776	0.0776	0.3860	0.2172	0.1472	0.1024	0.0192	0.0476
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.1056	0.1332	0.0960	0.0960	0.3536	0.4088	0.2884	0.1808	0.0292	0.0436
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.0776	0.1088	0.0480	0.0484	0.4740	0.3132	0.4476	0.2776	0.0424	0.1196
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.1912	0.1912	0.0792	0.0792	0.3840	0.2228	0.1488	0.1032	0.0136	0.0432
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.1392	0.1536	0.0880	0.0880	0.3356	0.4144	0.2920	0.1904	0.0152	0.0220
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.0768	0.0928	0.0472	0.0472	0.4740	0.3108	0.4424	0.2704	0.0212	0.0740
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.2482	0.2482	0.1797	0.1797	0.5067	0.4444	0.2388	0.1792	0.0389	0.0768
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.1547	0.1547	0.2082	0.2082	0.5833	0.5554	0.3318	0.2431	0.0514	0.0573
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.1400	0.1447	0.1195	0.1195	0.5557	0.3824	0.5276	0.3590	0.0707	0.1305
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.2325	0.2325	0.1861	0.1861	0.4984	0.4462	0.2409	0.1778	0.0389	0.0710
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.1902	0.1902	0.1992	0.1992	0.5631	0.5581	0.3374	0.2573	0.0405	0.0352
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.1597	0.1597	0.1097	0.1097	0.5557	0.3815	0.5276	0.3545	0.0521	0.0952
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.2528	0.2528	0.1890	0.1890	0.5118	0.4469	0.2410	0.1810	0.0390	0.0802
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.1636	0.1636	0.2094	0.2094	0.5865	0.5568	0.3352	0.2440	0.0555	0.0600
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.1428	0.1471	0.1200	0.1200	0.5620	0.3912	0.5356	0.3603	0.0726	0.1336
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.2334	0.2334	0.1979	0.1979	0.5021	0.4533	0.2410	0.1809	0.0422	0.0729
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.1910	0.1910	0.2017	0.2017	0.5631	0.5581	0.3419	0.2625	0.0411	0.0374
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.1601	0.1601	0.1147	0.1147	0.5620	0.3900	0.5295	0.3552	0.0537	0.1003
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.2941	0.2941	0.2123	0.2123	0.5335	0.4701	0.2468	0.1880	0.0732	0.1091
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.2613	0.2613	0.2242	0.2242	0.6047	0.5833	0.3778	0.2507	0.0801	0.0681
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.1630	0.1630	0.1411	0.1411	0.5905	0.4756	0.6295	0.3654	0.0919	0.1912
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.2422	0.2422	0.3212	0.3212	0.5251	0.4693	0.2411	0.2150	0.0422	0.0814
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.2501	0.2501	0.2093	0.2093	0.5632	0.5701	0.3780	0.2933	0.0442	0.0721
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.1983	0.1983	0.1510	0.1510	0.5686	0.4490	0.5540	0.3720	0.0679	0.1102
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.1447	0.1771	0.0552	0.0636	0.3838	0.2227	0.1487	0.1032	0.0136	0.0432
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.1056	0.1535	0.0612	0.0820	0.3355	0.4142	0.2919	0.1903	0.0152	0.0220
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.0592	0.0928	0.0340	0.0376	0.5266	0.3107	0.4422	0.2703	0.0212	0.0740

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 17: Stepdown Tests for Average Outcomes of Male Children of Male Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -spended	Never Su -spended	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Summary	(01) Obs.	25	25	30	30	27	27	30	30	26	26
	(02) Control	0.4848	0.3939	0.7604	0.7917	0.3718	0.3333	0.8854	0.9167	0.4028	0.3611
	(03) Treatment	0.6548	0.6548	0.7500	0.7500	0.5714	0.5714	0.9286	0.9286	0.6071	0.6071
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1699	0.2608	-0.0104	-0.0417	0.1996	0.2381	0.0432	0.0119	0.2044	0.2460
	(05) COLS	0.1219	0.1944	-0.0221	-0.0489	0.0994	0.1344	0.0051	-0.0217	0.1134	0.1515
	(06) AIPW	0.0860	0.1530	-0.0023	-0.0387	0.1437	0.1690	0.0303	-0.0043	0.1595	0.1880
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.1430	0.1255	0.7905	0.7905	0.1699	0.1699	0.6693	0.6693	0.1529	0.1529
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.3059	0.3059	0.7775	0.7775	0.4498	0.4498	0.8639	0.8639	0.4054	0.4054
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.2433	0.2403	0.7812	0.7812	0.2141	0.2141	0.7583	0.7583	0.1886	0.1886
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.1602	0.1500	0.7752	0.7752	0.1778	0.1778	0.6539	0.6539	0.1718	0.1718
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.3564	0.3564	0.7685	0.7685	0.4905	0.4905	0.8593	0.8593	0.4573	0.4573
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.9548	0.9548	0.8512	0.8512	0.9526	0.9526	0.8340	0.8340	0.9474	0.9474
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.1556	0.1432	0.7608	0.7608	0.1760	0.1760	0.6456	0.6456	0.1688	0.1688
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.2728	0.2728	0.7120	0.7120	0.4096	0.4096	0.9272	0.9272	0.3728	0.3728
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.4664	0.4664	0.7328	0.7328	0.3168	0.3168	0.8496	0.8496	0.3216	0.3216
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.1200	0.1200	0.7344	0.7344	0.1360	0.1360	0.7120	0.7120	0.1224	0.1224
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.3648	0.3648	0.7584	0.7584	0.4192	0.4192	0.8440	0.8440	0.4048	0.4048
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.4536	0.4536	0.8728	0.8728	0.3272	0.3272	0.8064	0.8064	0.3072	0.3072
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.1520	0.1520	0.8808	0.8808	0.1728	0.1728	0.6512	0.6512	0.1672	0.1672
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.3032	0.3032	0.8328	0.8328	0.4520	0.4520	0.8736	0.8736	0.3880	0.3880
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.4520	0.4520	0.9064	0.9064	0.3704	0.3704	0.7904	0.7904	0.3136	0.3136
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.1480	0.1480	0.8728	0.8728	0.1616	0.1616	0.6528	0.6528	0.1440	0.1440
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.2952	0.2952	0.8296	0.8296	0.4080	0.4080	0.9040	0.9040	0.3616	0.3616
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.4128	0.4128	0.8864	0.8864	0.3248	0.3248	0.7864	0.7864	0.2992	0.2992
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.2415	0.2415	1.0000	1.0000	0.2976	0.2976	0.8231	0.8231	0.2640	0.2640
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.4527	0.4527	0.9591	0.9591	0.6145	0.6145	1.0000	1.0000	0.5595	0.5595
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.6324	0.6324	1.0000	1.0000	0.5341	0.5341	0.9153	0.9153	0.4903	0.4903
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.2248	0.2248	1.0000	1.0000	0.2745	0.2745	0.8294	0.8294	0.2496	0.2496
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.4421	0.4421	0.9538	0.9538	0.5808	0.5808	1.0000	1.0000	0.5317	0.5317
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.5943	0.5943	1.0000	1.0000	0.5057	0.5057	0.8998	0.8998	0.4680	0.4680
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.2458	0.2458	1.0000	1.0000	0.3189	0.3189	0.8322	0.8322	0.2691	0.2691
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.4633	0.4633	0.9916	0.9916	0.6233	0.6233	1.0000	1.0000	0.5705	0.5705
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.6422	0.6422	1.0000	1.0000	0.5453	0.5453	0.9397	0.9397	0.5006	0.5006
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.2252	0.2252	1.0000	1.0000	0.2896	0.2896	0.8388	0.8388	0.2572	0.2572
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.4457	0.4457	0.9755	0.9755	0.5845	0.5845	1.0000	1.0000	0.5383	0.5383
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.5964	0.5964	1.0000	1.0000	0.5173	0.5173	0.9054	0.9054	0.4806	0.4806
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.2861	0.2861	1.0000	1.0000	0.4096	0.4096	0.8494	0.8494	0.3124	0.3124
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.5314	0.5314	1.0000	1.0000	0.7521	0.7521	1.0000	1.0000	0.7069	0.7069
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.7849	0.7849	1.0000	1.0000	0.6513	0.6513	1.0000	1.0000	0.6171	0.6171
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.2519	0.2410	1.0000	1.0000	0.3690	0.3690	0.9011	0.9011	0.2714	0.2714
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.5156	0.5156	1.0000	1.0000	0.7618	0.7618	1.0000	1.0000	0.8148	0.8148
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.7105	0.7105	1.0000	1.0000	0.6437	0.6437	0.9072	0.9072	0.5389	0.5389
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.1403	0.0880	0.5070	0.4814	0.1116	0.1040	0.3527	0.3938	0.1120	0.0860
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.2335	0.1771	0.4798	0.4510	0.2647	0.2335	0.8677	0.8677	0.2359	0.2107
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.3079	0.2419	0.5238	0.4746	0.1919	0.1819	0.8193	0.8193	0.1839	0.1727

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 17: Stepdown Tests for Average Outcomes of Male Children of Male Participants

	Statistic	Attended College	Attended College	Attended College	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	30	30	28	28	28	26	29	29	27
	(02) Control	0.1771	0.2083	0.1556	0.4643	0.4286	0.4615	0.4333	0.4000	0.4286
	(03) Treatment	0.3452	0.3452	0.3333	0.5952	0.5952	0.6795	0.5714	0.5714	0.6538
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1682	0.1369	0.1778	0.1310	0.1667	0.2179	0.1381	0.1714	0.2253
	(05) COLS	0.1099	0.0763	0.1858	0.1311	0.1662	0.1528	0.1149	0.1486	0.1304
	(06) AIPW	0.0726	0.0411	0.0904	0.1679	0.2004	0.2834	0.1599	0.1922	0.2581
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.3113	0.3113	0.3113	0.3532	0.3532	0.3532	0.3366	0.3366	0.3355
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.4691	0.4691	0.4029	0.5089	0.5089	0.5089	0.6260	0.6260	0.6260
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.6707	0.6707	0.6707	0.1368	0.1368	0.0832	0.1759	0.1759	0.1305
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.3280	0.3280	0.3280	0.3340	0.3340	0.3340	0.3238	0.3238	0.3238
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.4849	0.4849	0.4275	0.5286	0.5286	0.5286	0.6467	0.6467	0.6467
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9077	0.9077	0.9077	0.9035	0.9035	0.9035
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.3132	0.3132	0.3132	0.3204	0.3204	0.3204	0.3276	0.3276	0.3276
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.4672	0.4672	0.3684	0.5004	0.5004	0.5004	0.6588	0.6588	0.6588
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.7392	0.7392	0.7392	0.2460	0.2460	0.2460	0.2904	0.2904	0.2904
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.2040	0.2040	0.2040	0.2544	0.2544	0.2544	0.2700	0.2700	0.2700
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.4184	0.4184	0.4068	0.3036	0.3036	0.3036	0.4512	0.4512	0.4512
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.1688	0.1688	0.1260	0.2184	0.2184	0.1980
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.3900	0.3900	0.3900	0.4500	0.4500	0.4500	0.4092	0.4092	0.4092
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.4632	0.4632	0.4188	0.5856	0.5856	0.5856	0.6696	0.6696	0.6696
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.8784	0.8784	0.8784	0.3520	0.3520	0.3252	0.4008	0.4008	0.4008
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.3480	0.3480	0.3480	0.4512	0.4512	0.4512	0.4356	0.4356	0.4356
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.4832	0.4832	0.4188	0.5364	0.5364	0.5364	0.6312	0.6312	0.6312
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.8004	0.8004	0.8004	0.3048	0.3048	0.3048	0.3852	0.3852	0.3852
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.6740	0.6740	0.6740	0.5160	0.5160	0.5160	0.5135	0.5135	0.4333
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.6823	0.6823	0.6823	0.7429	0.7429	0.7429	0.8480	0.8480	0.8480
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3666	0.3666	0.3400	0.4126	0.4126	0.4034
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.5996	0.5996	0.5996	0.5201	0.5201	0.5201	0.4869	0.4869	0.4869
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.6887	0.6887	0.6787	0.6914	0.6914	0.6914	0.8038	0.8038	0.8038
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3635	0.3635	0.3635	0.4054	0.4054	0.4054
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.6748	0.6748	0.6748	0.5253	0.5253	0.5253	0.5237	0.5237	0.4532
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.6860	0.6860	0.6860	0.7758	0.7758	0.7758	0.8917	0.8917	0.8917
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3719	0.3719	0.3544	0.4169	0.4169	0.4169
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.6011	0.6011	0.6011	0.5283	0.5283	0.5283	0.4895	0.4895	0.4879
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.6900	0.6900	0.6812	0.6961	0.6961	0.6961	0.8551	0.8551	0.8551
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3693	0.3693	0.3693	0.4192	0.4192	0.4192
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.7655	0.7655	0.7655	0.6550	0.6550	0.6550	0.6683	0.6683	0.6665
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.8184	0.8184	0.8184	0.9478	0.9478	0.9478	0.9299	0.9299	0.9299
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4677	0.4677	0.4470	0.5643	0.5643	0.5643
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.6363	0.6363	0.6363	0.6914	0.6914	0.5725	0.5964	0.5964	0.5551
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.7709	0.7709	0.7709	0.8816	0.8816	0.8816	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4539	0.4539	0.3723	0.4778	0.4778	0.4778
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.1779	0.1807	0.1779	0.2511	0.2263	0.1911	0.2583	0.2059	0.1879
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.2739	0.3179	0.2127	0.2751	0.2595	0.2751	0.3211	0.2991	0.3211
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.3547	0.3794	0.3547	0.1731	0.1663	0.1307	0.1887	0.1779	0.1611

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 17: Stepdown Tests for Average Outcomes of Male Children of Male Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	29	29	27	30	30	28	30	30	28
	(02) Control	0.3667	0.3333	0.3571	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.8958	0.8958	0.8889
	(03) Treatment	0.5000	0.5000	0.5769	0.2024	0.2024	0.2564	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1333	0.1667	0.2198	0.2024	0.2024	0.2564	0.1042	0.1042	0.1111
	(05) COLS	0.1433	0.1770	0.1751	0.2210	0.2210	0.2617	0.1334	0.1334	0.1458
	(06) AIPW	0.1766	0.2082	0.3005	0.1905	0.1922	0.2342	0.1628	0.1628	0.1736
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.3648	0.3648	0.3648	0.0294	0.0294	0.0294	0.1863	0.1863	0.1863
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.5037	0.5037	0.5037	0.0251	0.0251	0.0251	0.1773	0.1773	0.1773
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.1456	0.1456	0.0963	0.0033	0.0033	0.0034	0.0810	0.0810	0.0810
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.3457	0.3457	0.3457	0.0225	0.0225	0.0225	0.1982	0.1982	0.1982
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.5306	0.5306	0.5306	0.0323	0.0323	0.0323	0.1746	0.1746	0.1746
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.8124	0.8124	0.8124	0.1670	0.1670	0.1670	0.1385	0.1385	0.1385
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.3528	0.3528	0.3528	0.0120	0.0120	0.0120	0.4104	0.4104	0.4104
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.5052	0.5052	0.5052	0.0120	0.0120	0.0120	0.4236	0.4236	0.4236
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.2652	0.2652	0.2652	0.0324	0.0324	0.0324	0.4200	0.4200	0.4200
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.2772	0.2772	0.2772	0.0156	0.0156	0.0156	0.4116	0.4116	0.4116
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.3660	0.3660	0.3660	0.0208	0.0208	0.0192	0.4188	0.4188	0.4188
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.2280	0.2280	0.1824	0.0924	0.0924	0.0924	0.4716	0.4716	0.4716
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.4428	0.4428	0.4428	0.0228	0.0228	0.0228	0.3444	0.3444	0.3444
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.5460	0.5460	0.5460	0.0252	0.0252	0.0252	0.1848	0.1848	0.1848
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.3048	0.3048	0.2916	0.0612	0.0612	0.0612	0.1548	0.1548	0.1548
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.4620	0.4620	0.4620	0.0156	0.0156	0.0156	0.3396	0.3396	0.3396
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.5064	0.5064	0.5064	0.0084	0.0084	0.0084	0.1884	0.1884	0.1884
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.2820	0.2820	0.2820	0.0156	0.0156	0.0204	0.1620	0.1620	0.1620
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.5456	0.5456	0.5456	0.1111	0.1111	0.1111	0.5479	0.5479	0.5479
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.6651	0.6651	0.6651	0.1006	0.1006	0.1006	0.3519	0.3519	0.3519
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.3720	0.3720	0.3398	0.1667	0.1667	0.1667	0.2826	0.2826	0.2826
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.5680	0.5680	0.5680	0.0823	0.0823	0.0823	0.5537	0.5537	0.5537
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.6417	0.6417	0.6417	0.0659	0.0659	0.0659	0.3319	0.3319	0.3319
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.3489	0.3489	0.3489	0.0883	0.0883	0.0883	0.3459	0.3459	0.3459
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.5471	0.5471	0.5471	0.1193	0.1193	0.1193	0.5496	0.5496	0.5496
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.6932	0.6932	0.6932	0.1016	0.1016	0.1016	0.3521	0.3521	0.3521
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.3913	0.3913	0.3515	0.1717	0.1717	0.1717	0.2870	0.2870	0.2870
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.5695	0.5695	0.5695	0.0925	0.0925	0.0925	0.5680	0.5680	0.5680
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.6425	0.6425	0.6425	0.0716	0.0716	0.0716	0.3324	0.3324	0.3324
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.3497	0.3497	0.3497	0.0888	0.0888	0.0888	0.3472	0.3472	0.3472
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.6475	0.6475	0.5800	0.1357	0.1357	0.1357	0.5636	0.5636	0.5636
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.7555	0.7555	0.7555	0.1045	0.1045	0.1045	0.3532	0.3532	0.3532
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.5234	0.5234	0.5234	0.1733	0.1733	0.1733	0.3196	0.3196	0.3196
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.7246	0.7246	0.7224	0.1133	0.1133	0.1133	0.6232	0.6232	0.6232
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.6845	0.6845	0.6845	0.0956	0.0956	0.0956	0.3332	0.3332	0.3332
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.4504	0.4504	0.4504	0.1393	0.1393	0.1393	0.3617	0.3617	0.3617
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.2275	0.2011	0.1807	0.0056	0.0056	0.0068	0.1168	0.1168	0.1132
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.2359	0.2295	0.2359	0.0036	0.0036	0.0044	0.0672	0.0672	0.0668
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.1595	0.1519	0.1259	0.0120	0.0120	0.0204	0.0636	0.0636	0.0636

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 17: Stepdown Tests for Average Outcomes of Male Children of Male Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	30	28	30	28	28	26	27	24	29	27
	(02) Control	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.4167	0.4487	0.2564	0.2778	0.9000	0.8929
	(03) Treatment	0.0714	0.0769	0.0714	0.0769	0.6667	0.6795	0.5238	0.5278	0.9643	0.9615
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0714	0.0769	0.0714	0.0769	0.2500	0.2308	0.2674	0.2500	0.0643	0.0687
	(05) COLS	0.0972	0.1021	0.0972	0.1021	0.2056	0.1648	0.1445	0.1135	0.0161	0.0227
	(06) AIPW	0.0815	0.0813	0.0815	0.0813	0.2141	0.2553	0.1904	0.2213	0.0115	0.0184
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.1449	0.1449	0.1449	0.1449	0.1012	0.1012	0.1050	0.1050	0.3929	0.3929
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.1210	0.1210	0.1210	0.1210	0.2576	0.2576	0.3825	0.3825	0.7917	0.7917
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.0388	0.0388	0.0388	0.0388	0.0439	0.0439	0.0914	0.0914	0.7568	0.7568
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.1306	0.1306	0.1306	0.1306	0.0973	0.0973	0.0955	0.0955	0.4113	0.4113
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.1163	0.1163	0.1163	0.1163	0.2673	0.2673	0.4214	0.4214	0.8173	0.8173
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.2014	0.2014	0.2014	0.2014	0.4364	0.4364	0.5330	0.5330	0.8905	0.8905
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.2528	0.2528	0.2528	0.2528	0.1048	0.1048	0.1040	0.1040	0.4904	0.4904
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.2528	0.2528	0.2528	0.2528	0.2432	0.2432	0.4208	0.4208	0.8312	0.8312
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.2688	0.2688	0.2688	0.2688	0.1672	0.1672	0.2601	0.2601	0.9176	0.9176
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.2560	0.2560	0.2560	0.2560	0.0584	0.0584	0.0616	0.0616	0.2568	0.2568
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.2752	0.2752	0.2752	0.2752	0.2048	0.2048	0.2816	0.2816	0.8920	0.8920
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.3256	0.3256	0.3256	0.3256	0.1248	0.1248	0.1584	0.1584	0.8488	0.8488
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.1984	0.1984	0.1984	0.1984	0.1296	0.1296	0.1240	0.1240	0.5304	0.5304
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.0496	0.0496	0.0496	0.0496	0.2584	0.2584	0.3728	0.3728	0.8416	0.8416
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.0952	0.0952	0.0952	0.0952	0.2216	0.2216	0.2616	0.2616	0.8672	0.8672
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.1744	0.1744	0.1744	0.1744	0.1192	0.1192	0.1176	0.1176	0.5056	0.5056
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.0344	0.0344	0.0344	0.0344	0.2856	0.2856	0.3432	0.3432	0.8528	0.8528
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.0328	0.0328	0.0328	0.0328	0.1608	0.1608	0.2216	0.2216	0.8656	0.8656
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.3240	0.3240	0.3240	0.3240	0.1518	0.1518	0.2398	0.2398	0.6688	0.6688
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.1006	0.1006	0.1006	0.1006	0.2220	0.2220	0.5209	0.5209	0.9515	0.9515
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.1740	0.1740	0.1740	0.1740	0.1889	0.1889	0.3694	0.3694	0.9688	0.9688
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.2611	0.2611	0.2611	0.2611	0.1455	0.1455	0.2315	0.2315	0.6366	0.6366
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.0919	0.0919	0.0919	0.0919	0.2384	0.2384	0.4873	0.4873	0.9484	0.9484
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.1112	0.1112	0.1112	0.1112	0.1578	0.1578	0.3576	0.3576	0.9623	0.9623
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.3311	0.3311	0.3311	0.3311	0.1519	0.1519	0.2417	0.2417	0.6834	0.6834
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.1042	0.1042	0.1042	0.1042	0.2418	0.2418	0.5326	0.5326	0.9601	0.9601
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.1881	0.1881	0.1881	0.1881	0.1991	0.1991	0.3746	0.3746	0.9719	0.9719
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.2653	0.2653	0.2653	0.2653	0.1476	0.1476	0.2393	0.2393	0.6404	0.6404
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.0984	0.0984	0.0984	0.0984	0.2416	0.2416	0.5049	0.5049	0.9579	0.9579
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.1171	0.1171	0.1171	0.1171	0.1597	0.1597	0.3712	0.3712	0.9666	0.9666
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.4441	0.4441	0.4441	0.4441	0.1877	0.1877	0.3246	0.3246	0.8026	0.8026
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.1209	0.1209	0.1209	0.1209	0.3351	0.3351	0.6241	0.6241	0.9822	0.9822
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.2213	0.2213	0.2213	0.2213	0.2889	0.2889	0.4261	0.4261	0.9940	0.9940
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.3154	0.3154	0.3154	0.3154	0.1530	0.1530	0.3519	0.3519	0.7698	0.7698
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.1221	0.1221	0.1221	0.1221	0.2554	0.2554	0.5899	0.5899	1.0000	1.0000
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.1443	0.1443	0.1443	0.1443	0.1790	0.1790	0.4252	0.4252	1.0000	1.0000
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.0888	0.0872	0.0888	0.0872	0.0860	0.0932	0.0812	0.0932	0.2563	0.2563
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.0184	0.0184	0.0184	0.0184	0.1947	0.2187	0.2223	0.2547	0.4458	0.4322
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.0204	0.0236	0.0204	0.0236	0.1048	0.1048	0.1335	0.1335	0.4598	0.4442

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 17: Stepdown Tests for Average Outcomes of Male Children of Male Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Summary	(01) Obs.	28	26	27	24	29	22	30	29	30	29
	(02) Control	0.4167	0.4487	0.2564	0.2778	0.7111	0.4697	0.4375	0.3611	0.0000	0.0174
	(03) Treatment	0.6667	0.6795	0.5238	0.5278	0.7262	0.5152	0.3214	0.4836	0.1429	0.2564
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.2500	0.2308	0.2674	0.2500	0.0151	0.0455	-0.1161	0.1225	0.1429	0.2390
	(05) COLS	0.2056	0.1648	0.1445	0.1135	-0.0621	0.0139	-0.2581	-0.0002	0.1016	0.1812
	(06) AIPW	0.2141	0.2553	0.1904	0.2213	-0.0594	0.0884	-0.2640	-0.0079	0.0982	0.1637
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.1012	0.1012	0.1050	0.1050	0.4620	0.4135	0.2414	0.2101	0.0727	0.0122
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.2576	0.2576	0.3825	0.3825	0.3411	0.4736	0.0489	0.4995	0.1095	0.0260
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.0439	0.0439	0.0914	0.0914	0.3113	0.2900	0.0349	0.4740	0.0468	0.0057
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.0973	0.0973	0.0955	0.0955	0.4606	0.4097	0.2296	0.1701	0.0641	0.0107
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.2673	0.2673	0.4214	0.4214	0.3427	0.4764	0.0499	0.4995	0.1270	0.0368
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.4364	0.4364	0.5330	0.5330	0.4151	0.4666	0.0864	0.4825	0.1557	0.0764
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.1048	0.1048	0.1040	0.1040	0.4332	0.4104	0.2440	0.1716	0.1104	0.0064
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.2432	0.2432	0.4208	0.4208	0.3684	0.4848	0.0584	0.4496	0.1396	0.0212
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.1672	0.1672	0.2601	0.2601	0.4708	0.3408	0.0916	0.4844	0.1264	0.0416
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.0584	0.0584	0.0616	0.0616	0.4652	0.3912	0.1668	0.1320	0.1124	0.0024
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.2048	0.2048	0.2816	0.2816	0.2712	0.4612	0.0248	0.4500	0.1176	0.0084
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.1248	0.1248	0.1584	0.1584	0.2544	0.3584	0.0300	0.4404	0.1456	0.0148
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.1296	0.1296	0.1240	0.1240	0.4980	0.4008	0.2312	0.2356	0.1060	0.0152
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.2584	0.2584	0.3728	0.3728	0.3144	0.4604	0.0836	0.4948	0.1844	0.0556
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.2216	0.2216	0.2616	0.2616	0.3360	0.3156	0.0864	0.4828	0.1348	0.0536
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.1192	0.1192	0.1176	0.1176	0.4980	0.3880	0.2216	0.2328	0.0900	0.0148
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.2856	0.2856	0.3432	0.3432	0.3136	0.4576	0.0620	0.4948	0.1824	0.0368
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.1608	0.1608	0.2216	0.2216	0.3232	0.3116	0.0816	0.4824	0.1000	0.0284
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.1518	0.1518	0.2398	0.2398	0.5737	0.3503	0.2543	0.3865	0.1621	0.0472
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.2220	0.2220	0.5209	0.5209	0.5190	0.4657	0.1308	0.5979	0.2299	0.0740
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.1889	0.1889	0.3694	0.3694	0.5522	0.2954	0.1346	0.5637	0.1494	0.0674
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.1455	0.1455	0.2315	0.2315	0.5660	0.3378	0.2458	0.3898	0.1402	0.0447
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.2384	0.2384	0.4873	0.4873	0.5182	0.4620	0.1170	0.5979	0.2413	0.0619
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.1578	0.1578	0.3576	0.3576	0.5388	0.2956	0.1329	0.5631	0.1380	0.0581
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.1519	0.1519	0.2417	0.2417	0.5739	0.3678	0.2614	0.3907	0.1631	0.0480
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.2418	0.2418	0.5326	0.5326	0.5239	0.4685	0.1322	0.6005	0.2305	0.0748
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.1991	0.1991	0.3746	0.3746	0.5539	0.3066	0.1379	0.5663	0.1514	0.0682
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.1476	0.1476	0.2393	0.2393	0.5663	0.3401	0.2517	0.3941	0.1472	0.0476
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.2416	0.2416	0.5049	0.5049	0.5256	0.4638	0.1174	0.6005	0.2438	0.0621
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.1597	0.1597	0.3712	0.3712	0.5437	0.3106	0.1370	0.5659	0.1425	0.0585
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.1877	0.1877	0.3246	0.3246	0.6398	0.4505	0.2926	0.3980	0.1727	0.0557
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.3351	0.3351	0.6241	0.6241	0.5924	0.4835	0.1567	0.6327	0.2904	0.0788
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.2889	0.2889	0.4261	0.4261	0.5856	0.3856	0.1755	0.5950	0.1774	0.0958
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.1530	0.1530	0.3519	0.3519	0.6058	0.3721	0.3142	0.4438	0.1671	0.0843
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.2554	0.2554	0.5899	0.5899	0.5397	0.4819	0.1308	0.6327	0.2590	0.0625
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.1790	0.1790	0.4252	0.4252	0.6166	0.4439	0.1637	0.6034	0.1887	0.0705
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.0860	0.0932	0.0812	0.0932	0.5058	0.3878	0.2215	0.2327	0.0900	0.0148
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.1947	0.2187	0.2223	0.2547	0.3135	0.4574	0.0620	0.5058	0.1823	0.0368
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.1048	0.1048	0.1335	0.1335	0.3231	0.3115	0.0816	0.4822	0.1000	0.0284

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 18: Stepdown Tests for Average Outcomes of Female Children of Male Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -spended	Never Su -spended	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Summary	(01) Obs.	30	28	31	29	31	29	31	29	30	28
	(02) Control	0.6667	0.6333	0.7333	0.7333	0.5000	0.5000	0.8667	0.8667	0.5667	0.5667
	(03) Treatment	0.8444	0.8974	0.9375	0.9643	0.7778	0.8590	0.9688	1.0000	0.8111	0.8974
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1778	0.2641	0.2042	0.2310	0.2778	0.3590	0.1021	0.1333	0.2444	0.3308
	(05) COLS	0.1998	0.2710	0.2577	0.2979	0.3180	0.4084	0.0849	0.1262	0.2645	0.3584
	(06) AIPW	0.2473	0.3352	0.4236	0.4651	0.4193	0.5025	0.1622	0.2083	0.3424	0.4303
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.1089	0.0671	0.0680	0.0680	0.0414	0.0201	0.1473	0.1473	0.0594	0.0263
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.1053	0.0721	0.0507	0.0507	0.0309	0.0121	0.2099	0.2099	0.0556	0.0226
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.0259	0.0065	0.0001	0.0000	0.0009	0.0001	0.0242	0.0130	0.0047	0.0006
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.1019	0.0559	0.0506	0.0506	0.0357	0.0166	0.1363	0.1305	0.0567	0.0245
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.1133	0.0768	0.0365	0.0365	0.0294	0.0118	0.2005	0.2005	0.0632	0.0271
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.1960	0.1960	0.0325	0.0325	0.0561	0.0474	0.3369	0.3369	0.1091	0.1032
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.1000	0.0632	0.0544	0.0544	0.0356	0.0176	0.2472	0.2472	0.0576	0.0256
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.1216	0.0920	0.0688	0.0688	0.0308	0.0232	0.2816	0.2816	0.0560	0.0280
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.1968	0.1968	0.0480	0.0480	0.0544	0.0544	0.2560	0.2560	0.0852	0.0800
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.0596	0.0184	0.0208	0.0208	0.0232	0.0144	0.1272	0.1272	0.0324	0.0176
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.0600	0.0288	0.0152	0.0152	0.0272	0.0136	0.1552	0.1552	0.0472	0.0264
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.0508	0.0200	0.0088	0.0088	0.0060	0.0040	0.2200	0.2200	0.0188	0.0128
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.1300	0.0824	0.1032	0.1032	0.0488	0.0320	0.2016	0.2016	0.0652	0.0376
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.1220	0.1144	0.0456	0.0456	0.0424	0.0280	0.2744	0.2744	0.0648	0.0400
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.1016	0.0896	0.0208	0.0208	0.0232	0.0216	0.0668	0.0584	0.0376	0.0320
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.1224	0.0816	0.0968	0.0968	0.0508	0.0320	0.2072	0.2072	0.0668	0.0384
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.1224	0.0960	0.0792	0.0792	0.0412	0.0256	0.3776	0.3776	0.0644	0.0376
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.0944	0.0720	0.0184	0.0184	0.0220	0.0184	0.0852	0.0464	0.0352	0.0280
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.2445	0.2445	0.2059	0.2059	0.1124	0.0970	0.4365	0.4365	0.1445	0.1381
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.2668	0.2668	0.1201	0.1201	0.1001	0.0950	0.4971	0.4971	0.1485	0.1336
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.2103	0.2103	0.0959	0.0959	0.0721	0.0721	0.1565	0.1565	0.0985	0.0985
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.2480	0.2480	0.1942	0.1942	0.1102	0.1076	0.4476	0.4476	0.1489	0.1353
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.2428	0.2428	0.1720	0.1720	0.1021	0.1021	0.6233	0.6233	0.1574	0.1336
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.1940	0.1940	0.0730	0.0730	0.0704	0.0704	0.1787	0.1311	0.1021	0.1021
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.2475	0.2475	0.2062	0.2062	0.1154	0.0975	0.4509	0.4509	0.1503	0.1503
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.2845	0.2845	0.1250	0.1250	0.1057	0.1057	0.5204	0.5204	0.1504	0.1409
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.2120	0.2120	0.1047	0.1047	0.0760	0.0760	0.1623	0.1616	0.1055	0.1055
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.2587	0.2587	0.2027	0.2027	0.1119	0.1082	0.4528	0.4528	0.1524	0.1366
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.2472	0.2472	0.1741	0.1741	0.1148	0.1148	0.6613	0.6613	0.1640	0.1400
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.1945	0.1945	0.0773	0.0773	0.0719	0.0719	0.1835	0.1318	0.1024	0.1024
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.3131	0.3131	0.2132	0.2132	0.1341	0.1235	0.4910	0.4910	0.3175	0.3175
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.4150	0.4150	0.1459	0.1459	0.1410	0.1410	0.5790	0.5790	0.2005	0.1676
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.2588	0.2588	0.1306	0.1306	0.0903	0.0903	0.1954	0.1814	0.1909	0.1909
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.3215	0.3215	0.2389	0.2389	0.1304	0.1304	0.4657	0.4657	0.1976	0.1422
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.2995	0.2995	0.1829	0.1829	0.1421	0.1421	0.8296	0.8296	0.1954	0.1954
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.2272	0.2272	0.0834	0.0834	0.1010	0.0789	0.2114	0.1670	0.1517	0.1517
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.1224	0.0588	0.0708	0.0576	0.0508	0.0220	0.1979	0.1979	0.0668	0.0280
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.1224	0.0696	0.0564	0.0460	0.0412	0.0172	0.2323	0.2135	0.0644	0.0280
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.0944	0.0496	0.0180	0.0140	0.0220	0.0124	0.0852	0.0320	0.0352	0.0176

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 18: Stepdown Tests for Average Outcomes of Female Children of Male Participants

	Statistic	Attended College	Attended College	Attended College	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	31	29	25	31	29	25	31	29	25
	(02) Control	0.6000	0.6000	0.6429	0.4000	0.4333	0.4643	0.3667	0.3667	0.3929
	(03) Treatment	0.5104	0.5119	0.5606	0.5208	0.5952	0.6212	0.5208	0.5952	0.6212
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.0896	-0.0881	-0.0823	0.1208	0.1619	0.1569	0.1542	0.2286	0.2284
	(05) COLS	-0.1192	-0.1193	-0.1810	0.1646	0.1954	0.2129	0.1796	0.2325	0.2437
	(06) AIPW	-0.1114	-0.1072	-0.1375	0.2959	0.3043	0.3764	0.3562	0.4249	0.5255
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.9512	0.9512	0.9512	0.4694	0.4694	0.4694	0.2229	0.2229	0.2229
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.6471	0.6471	0.6471	0.2938	0.2938	0.2938	0.1935	0.1935	0.1935
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.5382	0.5382	0.5382	0.0327	0.0327	0.0169	0.0135	0.0114	0.0061
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.8649	0.8649	0.8649	0.4819	0.4819	0.4819	0.2179	0.2179	0.2179
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.5985	0.5985	0.5985	0.3972	0.3972	0.3972	0.2792	0.2792	0.2792
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2807	0.2807	0.2807	0.0901	0.0901	0.0901
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.9012	0.9012	0.9012	0.4764	0.4764	0.4764	0.2328	0.2328	0.2328
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.6204	0.6204	0.6204	0.4032	0.4032	0.4032	0.3204	0.3204	0.3204
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.1992	0.1992	0.1992	0.0900	0.0900	0.0900
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.6816	0.6816	0.6816	0.3300	0.3300	0.3300	0.1476	0.1476	0.1476
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.4308	0.4308	0.4308	0.2388	0.2388	0.2388	0.1640	0.1440	0.1640
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.6528	0.6528	0.6528	0.0672	0.0672	0.0672	0.0132	0.0132	0.0132
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.9636	0.9636	0.9636	0.4752	0.4752	0.4752	0.2760	0.2760	0.2760
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.6648	0.6648	0.6648	0.3240	0.3240	0.3240	0.2676	0.2676	0.2676
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.9648	0.9648	0.9648	0.1092	0.1092	0.1092	0.0432	0.0432	0.0432
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.9600	0.9600	0.9600	0.4848	0.4848	0.4848	0.2872	0.2700	0.2872
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.6648	0.6648	0.6648	0.2880	0.2880	0.2880	0.2232	0.2232	0.2232
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.9312	0.9312	0.9312	0.1920	0.1920	0.1920	0.1632	0.1632	0.1632
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6444	0.6444	0.6444	0.4556	0.4556	0.4556
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.9347	0.9347	0.9347	0.4161	0.4161	0.4161	0.4465	0.4465	0.4465
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.1878	0.1878	0.1878	0.1197	0.1197	0.1197
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6506	0.6506	0.6506	0.4425	0.4425	0.4425
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.9460	0.9460	0.9460	0.4182	0.4182	0.4182	0.3732	0.3732	0.3732
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2643	0.2643	0.2643	0.2960	0.2960	0.2960
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6584	0.6584	0.6584	0.4600	0.4600	0.4600
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.9534	0.9534	0.9534	0.4204	0.4204	0.4204	0.4597	0.4597	0.4597
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.1933	0.1933	0.1933	0.1366	0.1366	0.1366
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6699	0.6699	0.6699	0.4593	0.4593	0.4593
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.9620	0.9620	0.9620	0.4361	0.4361	0.4361	0.3781	0.3781	0.3781
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2643	0.2643	0.2643	0.3094	0.3094	0.3094
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7603	0.7603	0.7603	0.4905	0.4905	0.4905
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.5131	0.5131	0.5131	0.5392	0.5392	0.5392
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2621	0.2621	0.2621	0.1598	0.1598	0.1598
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6965	0.6965	0.6965	0.5824	0.5824	0.5824
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.5760	0.5760	0.5760	0.4412	0.4412	0.4412
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3123	0.3123	0.2730	0.3570	0.3570	0.3570
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.4006	0.4006	0.4006	0.2771	0.2471	0.2771	0.1767	0.1375	0.1767
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.3219	0.3219	0.3031	0.1707	0.1691	0.1707	0.1415	0.1319	0.1415
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.3998	0.3998	0.3998	0.1040	0.1040	0.0960	0.0760	0.0760	0.0760

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 18: Stepdown Tests for Average Outcomes of Female Children of Male Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	31	29	25	32	30	26	31	29	26
	(02) Control	0.3000	0.3000	0.3214	0.2188	0.2188	0.2333	0.9333	0.9333	0.9333
	(03) Treatment	0.5208	0.5952	0.6212	0.3646	0.3810	0.4848	0.9375	0.9286	0.9091
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.2208	0.2952	0.2998	0.1458	0.1622	0.2515	0.0042	-0.0048	-0.0242
	(05) COLS	0.2622	0.3144	0.3399	0.1634	0.1628	0.2656	0.0185	0.0010	-0.0105
	(06) AIPW	0.4217	0.4904	0.6145	0.1476	0.1639	0.3293	0.0197	0.0081	0.0079
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.0962	0.0840	0.0962	0.3359	0.3359	0.2961	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.0420	0.0420	0.0420	0.3053	0.3053	0.2279	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.0033	0.0025	0.0010	0.2201	0.2201	0.0128	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.0781	0.0741	0.0781	0.2678	0.2678	0.2002	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.0897	0.0735	0.0897	0.2818	0.2818	0.2185	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.0273	0.0217	0.0273	0.4100	0.4100	0.3769	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.0784	0.0756	0.0784	0.2688	0.2688	0.2184	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.0924	0.0924	0.0924	0.2320	0.2320	0.2064	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.0276	0.0276	0.0276	0.2840	0.2840	0.1704	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.0684	0.0684	0.0684	0.1544	0.1544	0.1248	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.0440	0.0432	0.0516	0.1928	0.1928	0.1728	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.0080	0.0060	0.0080	0.2928	0.2928	0.0948	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.1520	0.1296	0.1520	0.3852	0.3852	0.3852	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.1088	0.1056	0.1088	0.3568	0.3568	0.3252	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.0176	0.0168	0.0176	0.4928	0.4928	0.3324	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.1408	0.1272	0.1408	0.4080	0.4080	0.4080	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.0900	0.0900	0.0900	0.3520	0.3520	0.3420	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.0840	0.0840	0.0840	0.4448	0.4448	0.2700	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.2403	0.2403	0.2403	0.5105	0.5105	0.4878	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.2225	0.2225	0.2225	0.5168	0.5168	0.4242	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.0802	0.0802	0.0802	0.6400	0.6400	0.5001	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.2362	0.2362	0.2362	0.5105	0.5105	0.4953	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.1993	0.1993	0.1993	0.5107	0.5107	0.4417	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.2044	0.2044	0.2044	0.5941	0.5941	0.4134	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.2412	0.2412	0.2412	0.5260	0.5260	0.4931	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.2360	0.2360	0.2360	0.5182	0.5182	0.4349	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.0823	0.0823	0.0823	0.6617	0.6617	0.5233	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.2395	0.2395	0.2395	0.5260	0.5260	0.5096	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.2046	0.2046	0.2046	0.5122	0.5122	0.4460	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.2059	0.2059	0.2059	0.6032	0.6032	0.4226	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.2497	0.2497	0.2497	0.5445	0.5445	0.5342	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.3110	0.3110	0.3110	0.5256	0.5256	0.5147	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.1011	0.1011	0.1011	0.7171	0.7171	0.5328	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.2561	0.2561	0.2561	0.7006	0.7006	0.7006	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.2523	0.2523	0.2523	0.5531	0.5531	0.5326	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.2126	0.2126	0.2126	0.6494	0.6494	0.4721	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.1004	0.0700	0.1004	0.2215	0.2215	0.1775	0.9340	0.9340	0.8317
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.0580	0.0556	0.0580	0.2223	0.2223	0.1635	0.8848	0.9248	0.9248
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.0428	0.0404	0.0404	0.2599	0.2599	0.1132	0.4834	0.5314	0.5314

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-R S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 18: Stepdown Tests for Average Outcomes of Female Children of Male Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su./Arrested	Never Su./Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	29	25	30	26	30	26	28	25	30	26
	(02) Control	0.4000	0.4286	0.1875	0.2333	0.8750	0.8667	0.6333	0.6000	0.9375	0.9333
	(03) Treatment	0.2024	0.2576	0.1429	0.1818	0.9167	0.8939	0.8333	0.7833	0.9762	0.9697
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.1976	-0.1710	-0.0446	-0.0515	0.0417	0.0273	0.2000	0.1833	0.0387	0.0364
	(05) COLS	-0.1408	-0.1467	0.0089	-0.0015	0.0234	0.0395	0.2111	0.1574	0.0650	0.0903
	(06) AIPW	-0.1390	-0.1243	-0.0095	-0.0186	0.0043	0.0288	0.2821	0.2157	0.0938	0.1618
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.1970	0.1970	0.7174	0.7174	0.6551	0.6551	0.1744	0.1744	0.5433	0.5433
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.3994	0.3994	0.9477	0.9477	0.7489	0.7489	0.1689	0.1754	0.3839	0.3839
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.2844	0.2844	0.8634	0.8634	0.7657	0.7657	0.0252	0.0522	0.0973	0.0305
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.2059	0.2059	0.7228	0.7228	0.6522	0.6522	0.1636	0.1636	0.5437	0.5437
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.4130	0.4130	0.9485	0.9485	0.7647	0.7647	0.1793	0.1820	0.3614	0.3614
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.6101	0.6101	0.9475	0.9475	0.8874	0.8874	0.2878	0.2878	0.2513	0.2513
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.2088	0.2088	0.7232	0.7232	0.6784	0.6784	0.1648	0.1648	0.7784	0.7784
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.4128	0.4128	0.9464	0.9464	0.9528	0.9528	0.2272	0.2272	0.7440	0.7440
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.4984	0.4984	0.9496	0.9496	0.9064	0.9064	0.3208	0.3208	0.6840	0.6840
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.1144	0.1144	0.6696	0.6696	0.5080	0.5080	0.0720	0.0720	0.5344	0.5344
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.2824	0.2824	0.9504	0.9504	0.5472	0.5472	0.0560	0.0928	0.3912	0.3912
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.3376	0.3376	0.8592	0.8592	0.7152	0.7152	0.0392	0.0928	0.3104	0.3104
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.2560	0.2560	0.7480	0.7480	0.6776	0.6776	0.2000	0.2000	0.8224	0.8224
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.4664	0.4664	0.9472	0.9472	0.7512	0.7512	0.2272	0.2272	0.3432	0.3432
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.5536	0.5536	0.9096	0.9096	0.9008	0.9008	0.1552	0.1772	0.3640	0.3640
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.2408	0.2408	0.7056	0.7056	0.6744	0.6744	0.1928	0.1928	0.7984	0.7984
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.4528	0.4528	0.9488	0.9488	0.7584	0.7584	0.1960	0.1960	0.5584	0.5584
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.5360	0.5360	0.9080	0.9080	0.8984	0.8984	0.1328	0.1480	0.3160	0.3160
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.4780	0.4780	1.0000	1.0000	0.9917	0.9917	0.4104	0.4104	0.9513	0.9513
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.6970	0.6970	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4202	0.4202	0.4976	0.4976
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.8044	0.8044	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3051	0.3051	0.4941	0.4941
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.4492	0.4492	1.0000	1.0000	0.9889	0.9889	0.4031	0.4031	0.9383	0.9383
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.6721	0.6721	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3863	0.3863	0.7523	0.7523
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.7999	0.7999	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2755	0.2755	0.4595	0.4595
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.5089	0.5089	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4276	0.4276	0.9650	0.9650
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.7052	0.7052	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4288	0.4288	0.5021	0.5021
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.8177	0.8177	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3074	0.3074	0.4994	0.4994
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.4821	0.4821	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4217	0.4217	0.9510	0.9510
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.6819	0.6819	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4001	0.4001	0.7658	0.7658
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.8061	0.8061	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2873	0.2873	0.4662	0.4662
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.6697	0.6697	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4966	0.4966	1.0000	1.0000
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.7428	0.7428	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.5381	0.5381	0.5236	0.5236
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.9331	0.9331	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3864	0.3864	0.5317	0.5317
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.5993	0.5993	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.5690	0.5690	1.0000	1.0000
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.7046	0.7046	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4232	0.4232	0.8347	0.8347
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.8625	0.8625	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4559	0.4559	0.5227	0.5227
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.1339	0.1659	0.4066	0.4066	0.3555	0.3938	0.1164	0.1387	0.4042	0.4458
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.2435	0.2435	0.9208	0.9208	0.4206	0.4106	0.1255	0.1723	0.3391	0.3195
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.3603	0.3603	0.5090	0.5090	0.5094	0.5094	0.1104	0.1479	0.2179	0.1607

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 18: Stepdown Tests for Average Outcomes of Female Children of Male Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Summary	(01) Obs.	30	26	28	25	31	27	32	31	31	30
	(02) Control	0.8750	0.8667	0.6333	0.6000	0.7500	0.5833	0.3125	0.3576	0.0625	0.0833
	(03) Treatment	0.9167	0.8939	0.8333	0.7833	0.6889	0.4889	0.5625	0.5574	0.2333	0.1567
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0417	0.0273	0.2000	0.1833	-0.0611	-0.0944	0.2500	0.1998	0.1708	0.0734
	(05) COLS	0.0234	0.0395	0.2111	0.1574	-0.0812	-0.0968	0.2617	0.2248	0.1872	0.1100
	(06) AIPW	0.0043	0.0288	0.2821	0.2157	-0.0273	0.0664	0.2311	0.2072	0.1109	0.0553
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.6551	0.6551	0.1744	0.1744	0.3379	0.3137	0.0566	0.0749	0.0745	0.2199
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.7489	0.7489	0.1689	0.1754	0.2829	0.3288	0.0547	0.0561	0.0712	0.0942
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.7657	0.7657	0.0252	0.0522	0.4080	0.3426	0.0372	0.0374	0.1249	0.2716
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.6522	0.6522	0.1636	0.1636	0.3410	0.3020	0.0503	0.0629	0.0593	0.2056
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.7647	0.7647	0.1793	0.1820	0.2864	0.3210	0.0571	0.0484	0.0674	0.0885
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.8874	0.8874	0.2878	0.2878	0.4494	0.4995	0.1594	0.1609	0.2170	0.3466
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.6784	0.6784	0.1648	0.1648	0.3536	0.2904	0.0512	0.0596	0.0572	0.1932
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.9528	0.9528	0.2272	0.2272	0.2648	0.2652	0.0564	0.0496	0.0564	0.0708
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.9064	0.9064	0.3208	0.3208	0.4624	0.4504	0.1072	0.1196	0.1512	0.2336
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.5080	0.5080	0.0720	0.0720	0.2976	0.2772	0.0356	0.0376	0.0100	0.1352
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.5472	0.5472	0.0560	0.0928	0.2724	0.3356	0.0424	0.0324	0.0284	0.0632
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.7152	0.7152	0.0392	0.0928	0.4112	0.3312	0.0876	0.0772	0.1976	0.3788
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.6776	0.6776	0.2000	0.2000	0.3680	0.3044	0.0672	0.1068	0.0976	0.2620
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.7512	0.7512	0.2272	0.2272	0.3152	0.3272	0.0856	0.0968	0.0808	0.1712
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.9008	0.9008	0.1552	0.1772	0.4420	0.3488	0.1264	0.1404	0.2008	0.3920
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.6744	0.6744	0.1928	0.1928	0.3624	0.3008	0.0696	0.1052	0.0800	0.2508
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.7584	0.7584	0.1960	0.1960	0.2928	0.3356	0.0768	0.0912	0.0848	0.1296
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.8984	0.8984	0.1328	0.1480	0.4344	0.3556	0.0984	0.1300	0.1828	0.3940
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.9917	0.9917	0.4104	0.4104	0.3955	0.4835	0.1120	0.1255	0.1445	0.2512
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	0.4202	0.4202	0.3949	0.4669	0.1176	0.1274	0.1224	0.1799
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	0.3051	0.3051	0.5408	0.4425	0.1917	0.1712	0.2754	0.4410
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.9889	0.9889	0.4031	0.4031	0.3815	0.4835	0.1203	0.1241	0.1242	0.2507
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	0.3863	0.3863	0.3677	0.4771	0.1137	0.1156	0.1300	0.1460
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	0.2755	0.2755	0.5341	0.4547	0.1650	0.1710	0.2681	0.4305
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	0.4276	0.4276	0.3999	0.4858	0.1120	0.1299	0.1512	0.2564
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	0.4288	0.4288	0.3999	0.4672	0.1199	0.1275	0.1226	0.1801
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	0.3074	0.3074	0.5414	0.4526	0.1924	0.1715	0.2917	0.4433
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	0.4217	0.4217	0.3819	0.4858	0.1221	0.1269	0.1279	0.2556
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	0.4001	0.4001	0.3721	0.4773	0.1159	0.1211	0.1328	0.1496
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	0.2873	0.2873	0.5391	0.4599	0.1658	0.1789	0.2823	0.4419
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	0.4966	0.4966	0.4097	0.4901	0.1192	0.1551	0.1899	0.2725
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	0.5381	0.5381	0.4596	0.4677	0.1482	0.1511	0.1351	0.1809
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	0.3864	0.3864	0.5569	0.4988	0.2092	0.1962	0.3504	0.5923
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	0.5690	0.5690	0.3819	0.5397	0.1338	0.1507	0.1793	0.2739
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	0.4232	0.4232	0.4093	0.5770	0.1545	0.2177	0.1561	0.1635
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	0.4559	0.4559	0.5603	0.5236	0.2640	0.2397	0.3302	0.5250
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.3555	0.3938	0.1164	0.1387	0.3623	0.3007	0.0696	0.1052	0.0800	0.2507
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.4206	0.4106	0.1255	0.1723	0.2927	0.3355	0.0768	0.0912	0.0848	0.1295
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.5094	0.5094	0.1104	0.1479	0.4342	0.3555	0.0984	0.1299	0.1827	0.3938

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 19: Stepdown Tests for Average Outcomes of Pooled Children of Female Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -spended	Never Su -spended	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Summary	(01) Obs.	39	38	39	38	39	38	39	38	39	38
	(02) Control	0.4439	0.4439	0.7500	0.7500	0.4123	0.4123	0.8061	0.8061	0.4228	0.4228
	(03) Treatment	0.6717	0.7070	0.7083	0.7456	0.5683	0.5982	0.8267	0.8702	0.6450	0.6789
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.2278	0.2632	-0.0417	-0.0044	0.1561	0.1860	0.0205	0.0640	0.2222	0.2561
	(05) COLS	0.1545	0.2146	-0.1185	-0.0419	0.0348	0.0775	-0.0258	0.0680	0.1317	0.1850
	(06) AIPW	0.1566	0.2421	-0.1309	-0.0241	0.0451	0.1245	-0.0490	0.0577	0.1370	0.2175
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.0163	0.0149	0.7242	0.7242	0.1399	0.1399	0.4559	0.4559	0.0202	0.0202
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.0955	0.0552	0.3815	0.3815	0.5670	0.5670	0.4598	0.4598	0.1317	0.1064
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.0668	0.0082	0.2824	0.4103	0.3354	0.2120	0.4805	0.4805	0.0900	0.0177
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.0194	0.0116	0.7228	0.7228	0.1116	0.1116	0.4770	0.4770	0.0277	0.0214
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.1236	0.0994	0.4057	0.4057	0.5877	0.5877	0.5421	0.5421	0.1762	0.1762
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.1345	0.0424	0.3982	0.4269	0.3731	0.3088	0.5983	0.5983	0.1692	0.0826
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.0196	0.0096	0.7216	0.7216	0.1024	0.1024	0.4952	0.4952	0.0296	0.0224
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.1388	0.1200	0.4224	0.4224	0.5944	0.5944	0.5712	0.5712	0.2016	0.2016
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.1096	0.0296	0.4136	0.4136	0.3504	0.2712	0.6336	0.6336	0.1452	0.0616
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.0072	0.0072	0.6752	0.6752	0.0648	0.0648	0.3732	0.2968	0.0152	0.0152
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.0644	0.0312	0.3296	0.3552	0.4760	0.4760	0.4196	0.3408	0.0996	0.0640
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.1040	0.0152	0.3256	0.4464	0.3764	0.2288	0.4016	0.4016	0.1300	0.0288
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.0216	0.0216	0.6432	0.6432	0.1776	0.1776	0.5688	0.5688	0.0312	0.0312
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.1156	0.0832	0.2312	0.3104	0.6288	0.6288	0.5512	0.5512	0.1556	0.1424
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.1116	0.0552	0.2240	0.3756	0.4320	0.4320	0.5048	0.5048	0.1492	0.0936
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.0212	0.0208	0.6368	0.6368	0.1920	0.1920	0.5696	0.5696	0.0344	0.0344
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.1196	0.0752	0.3008	0.3240	0.6504	0.6504	0.5912	0.5912	0.1640	0.1456
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.1028	0.0296	0.2808	0.3740	0.3952	0.3752	0.5632	0.5632	0.1352	0.0512
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.1323	0.1323	1.0000	1.0000	0.3545	0.3545	0.6053	0.6053	0.1285	0.1285
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.1816	0.1816	0.7525	0.7525	0.7466	0.7466	0.6288	0.5866	0.2281	0.2281
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.1791	0.1517	0.7354	0.7354	0.5433	0.5433	0.6774	0.6774	0.1954	0.1872
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.1338	0.1338	1.0000	1.0000	0.3680	0.3680	0.5973	0.5973	0.1260	0.1260
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.1827	0.1827	0.8451	0.8451	0.7512	0.7512	0.6514	0.6183	0.2271	0.2271
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.1624	0.1297	0.7910	0.7910	0.4907	0.4907	0.6894	0.6894	0.1774	0.1343
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.1398	0.1398	1.0000	1.0000	0.3551	0.3551	0.6149	0.6149	0.1288	0.1288
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.1827	0.1827	0.7584	0.7584	0.7733	0.7733	0.6367	0.5967	0.2320	0.2320
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.1944	0.1574	0.7394	0.7394	0.5542	0.5542	0.6777	0.6777	0.1996	0.1905
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.1406	0.1406	1.0000	1.0000	0.3753	0.3753	0.5990	0.5990	0.1295	0.1295
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.1868	0.1868	0.8734	0.8734	0.7775	0.7775	0.6520	0.6285	0.2334	0.2334
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.1660	0.1354	0.7992	0.7992	0.4968	0.4968	0.6928	0.6928	0.1802	0.1345
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.1586	0.1586	1.0000	1.0000	0.3569	0.3569	0.6682	0.6682	0.1295	0.1295
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.1961	0.1961	0.7655	0.7655	0.8881	0.8881	0.7117	0.7117	0.2711	0.2711
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.2005	0.1971	0.7581	0.7581	0.5583	0.5583	0.7411	0.7411	0.2157	0.1967
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.1595	0.1595	1.0000	1.0000	0.4164	0.4164	0.6518	0.6518	0.1432	0.1432
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.1940	0.1940	1.0000	1.0000	0.8845	0.8845	0.6835	0.6835	0.2524	0.2524
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.1958	0.1599	0.8102	0.8102	0.5322	0.5322	0.8044	0.8044	0.1825	0.1351
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.0212	0.0152	0.3810	0.4430	0.1299	0.1152	0.4738	0.3647	0.0312	0.0228
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.1196	0.0444	0.2011	0.3239	0.4350	0.3591	0.4798	0.4798	0.1639	0.0856
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.1028	0.0168	0.1779	0.3739	0.3950	0.2071	0.5462	0.5462	0.1351	0.0320

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 19: Stepdown Tests for Average Outcomes of Pooled Children of Female Participants

	Statistic	Attended College	Attended College	Attended College	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	39	38	38	39	38	38	39	38	38
	(02) Control	0.4693	0.4693	0.5000	0.4175	0.4175	0.4044	0.3553	0.3553	0.3421
	(03) Treatment	0.5175	0.5447	0.5754	0.5042	0.5395	0.5526	0.4608	0.4939	0.5070
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0482	0.0754	0.0754	0.0866	0.1219	0.1482	0.1056	0.1386	0.1649
	(05) COLS	-0.0304	0.0206	0.0265	0.1374	0.2286	0.2360	0.1354	0.2162	0.2237
	(06) AIPW	-0.0134	0.0956	0.1007	0.1055	0.1922	0.2048	0.1044	0.1889	0.2042
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.8676	0.8676	0.8676	0.4350	0.4350	0.4350	0.3581	0.3581	0.3581
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.1731	0.1483	0.1483	0.1585	0.1403	0.1403
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.6051	0.6051	0.6051	0.1974	0.1138	0.1138	0.1927	0.1064	0.1064
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.8006	0.8006	0.8006	0.3881	0.3881	0.3881	0.3035	0.3035	0.3035
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.1797	0.1329	0.1329	0.1649	0.1181	0.1181
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.7675	0.7675	0.7675	0.2473	0.2328	0.2328	0.2343	0.1932	0.1932
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.7992	0.7992	0.7992	0.3840	0.3840	0.3840	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.1556	0.1212	0.1212	0.1376	0.1008	0.1008
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.9312	0.9312	0.9312	0.2384	0.2244	0.2244	0.2360	0.2136	0.2136
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.6396	0.6396	0.6396	0.3024	0.3024	0.3024	0.2520	0.2520	0.2520
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.1684	0.1380	0.1380	0.1448	0.1068	0.1068
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.4632	0.4428	0.4428	0.2192	0.2064	0.2064	0.1972	0.1596	0.1596
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.9372	0.9372	0.9372	0.4584	0.4584	0.4584	0.3792	0.3792	0.3792
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.1388	0.1248	0.1248	0.1680	0.1680	0.1680
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.8700	0.8700	0.8700	0.2196	0.2196	0.2196	0.2568	0.2568	0.2568
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.9336	0.9336	0.9336	0.4656	0.4656	0.4656	0.3852	0.3852	0.3852
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.1712	0.1560	0.1560	0.1848	0.1848	0.1848
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.8088	0.8088	0.8088	0.2196	0.1896	0.1896	0.2256	0.2100	0.2100
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4803	0.4803	0.4803	0.4906	0.4906	0.4906
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2726	0.2726	0.2726	0.2570	0.2570	0.2570
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3782	0.3782	0.3782	0.3445	0.3445	0.3445
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4796	0.4796	0.4796	0.4906	0.4906	0.4906
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3307	0.3307	0.3307	0.2586	0.2586	0.2586
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3722	0.3722	0.3722	0.2976	0.2976	0.2976
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4816	0.4816	0.4816	0.5023	0.5023	0.5023
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2741	0.2741	0.2741	0.2789	0.2789	0.2789
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3820	0.3820	0.3820	0.3585	0.3585	0.3585
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4845	0.4845	0.4845	0.4921	0.4921	0.4921
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3387	0.3387	0.3387	0.2668	0.2668	0.2668
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3768	0.3768	0.3768	0.3171	0.3171	0.3171
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.5508	0.5508	0.5508	0.5492	0.5492	0.5492
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2846	0.2846	0.2846	0.4674	0.4674	0.4674
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4389	0.4389	0.4389	0.3847	0.3847	0.3847
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.5242	0.5242	0.5242	0.4943	0.4943	0.4943
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3919	0.3919	0.3919	0.3097	0.3097	0.3097
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4182	0.4182	0.4182	0.4697	0.4697	0.4697
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.3739	0.3739	0.3739	0.2627	0.2131	0.1835	0.2227	0.1795	0.1543
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.8641	0.8641	0.8641	0.1711	0.0748	0.0748	0.1667	0.0836	0.0812
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.5162	0.5162	0.5162	0.2195	0.0832	0.0792	0.2255	0.0904	0.0860

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 19: Stepdown Tests for Average Outcomes of Pooled Children of Female Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	39	38	38	39	38	38	39	38	38
	(02) Control	0.3202	0.3202	0.3070	0.1447	0.1447	0.1491	0.7965	0.7965	0.8053
	(03) Treatment	0.4442	0.4763	0.4895	0.3425	0.3693	0.4175	0.9342	0.9307	0.9263
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1240	0.1561	0.1825	0.1978	0.2246	0.2684	0.1377	0.1342	0.1211
	(05) COLS	0.1651	0.2441	0.2515	0.1992	0.2530	0.2897	0.1507	0.1511	0.1418
	(06) AIPW	0.1368	0.2253	0.2413	0.1896	0.2759	0.3096	0.1450	0.1465	0.1348
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.2418	0.2418	0.2418	0.0443	0.0443	0.0396	0.1279	0.1279	0.1279
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.0986	0.0748	0.0748	0.0155	0.0064	0.0064	0.1770	0.1770	0.1770
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.1173	0.0390	0.0390	0.0133	0.0008	0.0008	0.1193	0.1193	0.1193
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.2091	0.2091	0.2091	0.0156	0.0156	0.0114	0.1273	0.1273	0.1273
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.1102	0.0620	0.0620	0.0176	0.0042	0.0029	0.2232	0.2232	0.2232
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.1620	0.0915	0.0915	0.0357	0.0053	0.0039	0.2638	0.2638	0.2638
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.2004	0.2004	0.2004	0.0176	0.0176	0.0120	0.1020	0.1020	0.1020
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.0924	0.0528	0.0528	0.0140	0.0056	0.0024	0.1584	0.1584	0.1584
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.1544	0.1224	0.1224	0.0424	0.0192	0.0192	0.1404	0.1404	0.1404
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.1632	0.1632	0.1632	0.0224	0.0152	0.0072	0.0060	0.0060	0.0060
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.0952	0.0648	0.0648	0.0080	0.0024	0.0024	0.0396	0.0448	0.0448
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.1384	0.0816	0.0816	0.0236	0.0024	0.0024	0.1212	0.1212	0.1212
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.2676	0.2676	0.2676	0.0576	0.0576	0.0576	0.1680	0.1680	0.1680
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.1020	0.1020	0.1020	0.0492	0.0492	0.0492	0.1596	0.1596	0.1596
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.1548	0.1548	0.1548	0.0472	0.0396	0.0396	0.2100	0.2100	0.2100
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.2784	0.2784	0.2784	0.0660	0.0660	0.0660	0.1920	0.1920	0.1920
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.1188	0.1188	0.1188	0.0252	0.0228	0.0228	0.2580	0.2580	0.2580
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.1504	0.1212	0.1212	0.0348	0.0156	0.0156	0.2532	0.2532	0.2532
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.3314	0.3314	0.3314	0.1365	0.1365	0.1365	0.2774	0.2774	0.2774
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.1504	0.1504	0.1504	0.1278	0.1278	0.1278	0.2610	0.2610	0.2610
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.1818	0.1818	0.1818	0.1054	0.1054	0.1054	0.3398	0.3398	0.3398
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.3193	0.3193	0.3193	0.1487	0.1487	0.1487	0.3267	0.3267	0.3267
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.1738	0.1738	0.1738	0.0726	0.0726	0.0726	0.3490	0.3490	0.3490
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.1784	0.1539	0.1539	0.0628	0.0610	0.0610	0.4428	0.4428	0.4428
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.3456	0.3456	0.3456	0.1533	0.1533	0.1533	0.2969	0.2969	0.2969
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.1550	0.1550	0.1550	0.1319	0.1319	0.1319	0.2650	0.2650	0.2650
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.1899	0.1899	0.1899	0.1058	0.1058	0.1058	0.3645	0.3645	0.3645
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.3348	0.3348	0.3348	0.1489	0.1489	0.1489	0.3305	0.3305	0.3305
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.1850	0.1850	0.1850	0.0745	0.0745	0.0745	0.3627	0.3627	0.3627
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.1822	0.1608	0.1608	0.0638	0.0615	0.0615	0.4932	0.4932	0.4932
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.4373	0.4373	0.4373	0.2059	0.2059	0.2059	0.3873	0.3873	0.3873
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.1976	0.1976	0.1976	0.1483	0.1483	0.1483	0.2857	0.2857	0.2857
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.2175	0.2175	0.2175	0.1089	0.1089	0.1089	0.4286	0.4286	0.4286
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.4337	0.4337	0.4337	0.1509	0.1509	0.1509	0.3635	0.3635	0.3635
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.2391	0.2391	0.2391	0.0805	0.0805	0.0805	0.4798	0.4798	0.4798
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.2165	0.2165	0.2165	0.0837	0.0776	0.0776	0.6362	0.6362	0.6362
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.1551	0.1331	0.1188	0.0324	0.0300	0.0252	0.0744	0.0752	0.0872
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.1072	0.0500	0.0492	0.0252	0.0092	0.0092	0.0980	0.1128	0.1228
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.1503	0.0512	0.0488	0.0348	0.0064	0.0064	0.0956	0.0956	0.1016

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 19: Stepdown Tests for Average Outcomes of Pooled Children of Female Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su./Arrested	Never Su./Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38
	(02) Control	0.1535	0.1579	0.1009	0.1053	0.5281	0.5325	0.3658	0.3702	0.9254	0.9386
	(03) Treatment	0.1877	0.1965	0.0912	0.1000	0.6114	0.6070	0.5439	0.5351	0.8842	0.8842
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0342	0.0386	-0.0096	-0.0053	0.0833	0.0746	0.1781	0.1649	-0.0412	-0.0544
	(05) COLS	-0.0249	-0.0249	-0.0103	-0.0103	-0.0420	-0.0535	0.0619	0.0448	0.0054	-0.0122
	(06) AIPW	0.0027	0.0031	0.0130	0.0134	-0.1235	-0.1294	0.0165	0.0080	0.0153	0.0010
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.6878	0.6878	0.8843	0.8843	0.4901	0.4901	0.1317	0.1317	0.3438	0.3438
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.8134	0.8134	0.8854	0.8854	0.6513	0.6513	0.6021	0.6021	0.8511	0.8511
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.9698	0.9698	0.8198	0.8198	0.2144	0.2144	0.8690	0.8690	0.7608	0.7608
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.6253	0.6253	0.8494	0.8494	0.5249	0.5249	0.1433	0.1433	0.3458	0.3458
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.8031	0.8031	0.8698	0.8698	0.7134	0.7134	0.6676	0.6676	0.8607	0.8607
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.9740	0.9740	0.8421	0.8421	0.4363	0.4363	0.9138	0.9138	0.8238	0.8238
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.6120	0.6120	0.8328	0.8328	0.5368	0.5368	0.1448	0.1448	0.3520	0.3520
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.8240	0.8240	0.8832	0.8832	0.7040	0.7040	0.6728	0.6728	0.8360	0.8360
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.9184	0.9184	0.9776	0.9776	0.6984	0.6984	0.6320	0.6320	0.8808	0.8808
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.5456	0.5456	0.8176	0.8176	0.3832	0.3832	0.0704	0.0704	0.1744	0.1744
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.7320	0.7320	0.8400	0.8400	0.6288	0.6288	0.5496	0.5496	0.8328	0.8328
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.9744	0.9744	0.6432	0.6432	0.1536	0.1536	0.7824	0.7824	0.6640	0.6640
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.7104	0.7104	0.9024	0.9024	0.6048	0.6048	0.1744	0.1744	0.3312	0.3312
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.7688	0.7688	0.8832	0.8832	0.5256	0.5256	0.7456	0.7456	0.7960	0.7960
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.9936	0.9936	0.8504	0.8504	0.2312	0.2312	0.9312	0.9312	0.8640	0.8640
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.7088	0.7088	0.9024	0.9024	0.6016	0.6016	0.1744	0.1744	0.3200	0.3200
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.7824	0.7824	0.8864	0.8864	0.5072	0.5072	0.7352	0.7352	0.8032	0.8032
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.9952	0.9952	0.8368	0.8368	0.2072	0.2072	0.9352	0.9352	0.8504	0.8504
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7120	0.7120	0.3786	0.3786	0.7155	0.7155
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8337	0.8337	1.0000	1.0000
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7236	0.7236	1.0000	1.0000	0.9629	0.9629
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7199	0.7199	0.3800	0.3800	0.6848	0.6848
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7900	0.7900	1.0000	1.0000
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6997	0.6997	1.0000	1.0000	0.9461	0.9461
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7159	0.7159	0.3815	0.3815	0.7165	0.7165
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8648	0.8648	1.0000	1.0000
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7276	0.7276	1.0000	1.0000	0.9671	0.9671
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7238	0.7238	0.3831	0.3831	0.6885	0.6885
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8088	0.8088	1.0000	1.0000
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7166	0.7166	1.0000	1.0000	0.9494	0.9494
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7653	0.7653	0.3979	0.3979	0.7343	0.7343
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9883	0.9883	1.0000	1.0000
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7720	0.7720	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7630	0.7630	0.4454	0.4454	0.8020	0.8020
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8653	0.8653	1.0000	1.0000
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7405	0.7405	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.3695	0.3659	0.4734	0.4746	0.3059	0.3263	0.0928	0.1076	0.2131	0.1835
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.4138	0.4138	0.4678	0.4678	0.2851	0.2583	0.3802	0.4146	0.8581	0.8581
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.5186	0.5186	0.4438	0.4438	0.1112	0.1096	0.5130	0.5330	0.4738	0.5158

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 19: Stepdown Tests for Average Outcomes of Pooled Children of Female Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Summary	(01) Obs.	38	38	38	38	39	37	39	36	37	33
	(02) Control	0.5281	0.5325	0.3658	0.3702	0.8228	0.3704	0.2781	0.2609	0.0694	0.0999
	(03) Treatment	0.5851	0.5807	0.5175	0.5088	0.7217	0.4070	0.3300	0.3497	0.1719	0.2591
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0570	0.0482	0.1518	0.1386	-0.1011	0.0366	0.0519	0.0888	0.1025	0.1592
	(05) COLS	-0.0674	-0.0789	0.0366	0.0194	-0.1034	0.0533	-0.0837	0.0428	0.0901	0.1610
	(06) AIPW	-0.1392	-0.1455	0.0007	-0.0082	-0.1012	0.0279	-0.0830	0.0394	0.0905	0.1540
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.6298	0.6298	0.1868	0.1868	0.1387	0.4086	0.3347	0.2380	0.1332	0.0823
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.4944	0.4944	0.7497	0.7497	0.1046	0.3841	0.2545	0.3950	0.2517	0.1403
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.1496	0.1496	0.9313	0.9313	0.1023	0.4201	0.2177	0.3839	0.2008	0.1106
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.6542	0.6542	0.1951	0.1951	0.1424	0.4060	0.3195	0.2156	0.1048	0.0610
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.5772	0.5772	0.7942	0.7942	0.1476	0.3831	0.2575	0.3873	0.2371	0.1234
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.3657	0.3657	0.9551	0.9551	0.1601	0.4342	0.2477	0.3984	0.2275	0.1346
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.6592	0.6592	0.1848	0.1848	0.1372	0.4192	0.3244	0.2328	0.1056	0.0640
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.5688	0.5688	0.8120	0.8120	0.1384	0.3824	0.2328	0.4056	0.2340	0.1288
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.5896	0.5896	0.6984	0.6984	0.1416	0.4224	0.2536	0.4308	0.2344	0.1564
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.5288	0.5288	0.1080	0.1080	0.0960	0.3664	0.2648	0.1528	0.0536	0.0168
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.4656	0.4656	0.6888	0.6888	0.0776	0.3532	0.2116	0.3448	0.2464	0.0964
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.1080	0.1080	0.6672	0.6672	0.1112	0.4316	0.1680	0.3404	0.2332	0.1096
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.7680	0.7680	0.2448	0.2448	0.1524	0.4100	0.3044	0.2048	0.1464	0.0896
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.3992	0.3992	0.8800	0.8800	0.1556	0.3936	0.2508	0.3540	0.2068	0.1088
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.1808	0.1808	0.8480	0.8480	0.1664	0.4364	0.2656	0.3616	0.2136	0.1272
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.7656	0.7656	0.2480	0.2480	0.1404	0.4076	0.3016	0.2016	0.1396	0.0912
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.3728	0.3728	0.8688	0.8688	0.1044	0.3980	0.2708	0.3720	0.2816	0.1612
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.1552	0.1552	0.8368	0.8368	0.1280	0.4332	0.2712	0.3704	0.2560	0.1656
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.8855	0.8855	0.4841	0.4841	0.2452	0.4947	0.5461	0.3328	0.2376	0.1318
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.8505	0.8505	0.9243	0.9243	0.2311	0.5096	0.3265	0.4379	0.2552	0.1422
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.5736	0.5736	1.0000	1.0000	0.2441	0.5475	0.3406	0.4487	0.2608	0.1585
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.8858	0.8858	0.4823	0.4823	0.2323	0.4931	0.5403	0.3228	0.2168	0.1210
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.8317	0.8317	0.9070	0.9070	0.1766	0.5106	0.3565	0.4565	0.3174	0.1841
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.5503	0.5503	1.0000	1.0000	0.1909	0.5430	0.3389	0.4661	0.3141	0.1863
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.8978	0.8978	0.4947	0.4947	0.2481	0.5031	0.5513	0.3364	0.2387	0.1342
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.8558	0.8558	0.9389	0.9389	0.2389	0.5237	0.3294	0.4389	0.2575	0.1525
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.5993	0.5993	1.0000	1.0000	0.2541	0.5568	0.3423	0.4503	0.2660	0.1599
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.8935	0.8935	0.4885	0.4885	0.2382	0.5014	0.5418	0.3233	0.2217	0.1238
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.8415	0.8415	0.9189	0.9189	0.1794	0.5251	0.3587	0.4584	0.3176	0.1879
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.5664	0.5664	1.0000	1.0000	0.1968	0.5550	0.3483	0.4732	0.3160	0.1922
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.9627	0.9627	0.5582	0.5582	0.2605	0.5222	0.5626	0.3445	0.2720	0.1533
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.8708	0.8708	1.0000	1.0000	0.3018	0.5332	0.3634	0.4740	0.2696	0.2057
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.6255	0.6255	1.0000	1.0000	0.3428	0.5730	0.4080	0.5039	0.3154	0.1756
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	0.5349	0.5349	0.2580	0.5176	0.5786	0.3239	0.2217	0.1388
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.9427	0.9427	0.9442	0.9442	0.1988	0.5343	0.5426	0.5179	0.3272	0.1998
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.6268	0.6268	1.0000	1.0000	0.2422	0.6757	0.4002	0.5026	0.3255	0.2123
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.3878	0.4062	0.1315	0.1487	0.1403	0.4074	0.3015	0.2015	0.1395	0.0912
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.2187	0.1911	0.4490	0.4862	0.1044	0.3978	0.2707	0.3719	0.2815	0.1611
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.0892	0.0840	0.9424	0.9424	0.1279	0.4330	0.2711	0.3703	0.2559	0.1655

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-R S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 20: Stepdown Tests for Average Outcomes of Male Children of Female Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -spended	Never Su -spended	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Summary	(01) Obs.	27	26	27	26	27	26	27	26	27	26
	(02) Control	0.2440	0.2440	0.5714	0.5714	0.1964	0.1964	0.6667	0.6667	0.1964	0.1964
	(03) Treatment	0.5064	0.4653	0.5577	0.5208	0.4167	0.3681	0.7051	0.6806	0.4615	0.4167
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.2624	0.2212	-0.0137	-0.0506	0.2202	0.1716	0.0385	0.0139	0.2651	0.2202
	(05) COLS	0.2940	0.2597	0.0200	0.0073	0.2242	0.1875	0.1160	0.1124	0.2661	0.2326
	(06) AIPW	0.3115	0.2826	0.0633	0.0446	0.2150	0.1856	0.0978	0.0867	0.2553	0.2275
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.0924	0.0924	0.7783	0.7783	0.1579	0.1579	0.8062	0.8062	0.0895	0.0895
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.0769	0.0769	0.8999	0.8999	0.1685	0.1685	0.4316	0.4316	0.1037	0.1037
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.0398	0.0398	0.6588	0.6588	0.1348	0.1348	0.4637	0.4637	0.0824	0.0824
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.0902	0.0902	0.7680	0.7680	0.1538	0.1538	0.8011	0.8011	0.0855	0.0855
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.0927	0.0927	0.9053	0.9053	0.1867	0.1867	0.4551	0.4551	0.1174	0.1174
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.4914	0.4914	0.8331	0.8331	0.4828	0.4828	0.7847	0.7847	0.4862	0.4862
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.0960	0.0960	0.7736	0.7736	0.1696	0.1696	0.8072	0.8072	0.0912	0.0912
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.1144	0.1144	0.9416	0.9416	0.2064	0.2064	0.4408	0.4408	0.1448	0.1448
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.1224	0.1224	0.8072	0.8072	0.2592	0.2592	0.6336	0.6336	0.1904	0.1904
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.0688	0.0688	0.7040	0.7040	0.0976	0.0976	0.7472	0.7472	0.0544	0.0544
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.0592	0.0592	0.8248	0.8248	0.1040	0.1040	0.3400	0.3400	0.0736	0.0736
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.0824	0.0824	0.5696	0.5696	0.2024	0.2024	0.4056	0.4056	0.1504	0.1504
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.1368	0.1368	0.6696	0.6696	0.2272	0.2272	0.9104	0.9104	0.1496	0.1496
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.1448	0.1448	0.8808	0.8808	0.2880	0.2880	0.5880	0.5880	0.1952	0.1952
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.1520	0.1520	0.8728	0.8728	0.3416	0.3416	0.6824	0.6824	0.2544	0.2544
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.1304	0.1304	0.6600	0.6600	0.2200	0.2200	0.9144	0.9144	0.1384	0.1384
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.1280	0.1280	0.8848	0.8848	0.2464	0.2464	0.5608	0.5608	0.1720	0.1720
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.1496	0.1496	0.8568	0.8568	0.3264	0.3264	0.6680	0.6680	0.2456	0.2456
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.1661	0.1661	1.0000	1.0000	0.2539	0.2539	0.8681	0.8681	0.1713	0.1713
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.1640	0.1640	1.0000	1.0000	0.2815	0.2815	0.6149	0.6149	0.2204	0.2204
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.1961	0.1961	0.9816	0.9816	0.3668	0.3668	0.6463	0.6463	0.2898	0.2898
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.1565	0.1565	1.0000	1.0000	0.2490	0.2490	0.8696	0.8696	0.1569	0.1569
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.1562	0.1562	1.0000	1.0000	0.2584	0.2584	0.5909	0.5909	0.1840	0.1840
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.1982	0.1982	0.9495	0.9495	0.3621	0.3621	0.6492	0.6492	0.2924	0.2924
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.1729	0.1729	1.0000	1.0000	0.2592	0.2592	0.8736	0.8736	0.1784	0.1784
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.1708	0.1708	1.0000	1.0000	0.2850	0.2850	0.6358	0.6358	0.2244	0.2244
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.2019	0.2019	0.9821	0.9821	0.3704	0.3704	0.6605	0.6605	0.3011	0.3011
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.1609	0.1609	1.0000	1.0000	0.2542	0.2542	0.8736	0.8736	0.1596	0.1596
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.1575	0.1575	1.0000	1.0000	0.2674	0.2674	0.6028	0.6028	0.1864	0.1864
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.2028	0.2028	0.9518	0.9518	0.3686	0.3686	0.6683	0.6683	0.2939	0.2939
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.2397	0.2397	1.0000	1.0000	0.3604	0.3604	0.9341	0.9341	0.2180	0.2180
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.2258	0.2258	1.0000	1.0000	0.4034	0.4034	0.6552	0.6552	0.2387	0.2387
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.2139	0.2139	1.0000	1.0000	0.3996	0.3996	0.7192	0.7192	0.4111	0.4111
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.2197	0.2197	1.0000	1.0000	0.2974	0.2974	1.0000	1.0000	0.1641	0.1641
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.2428	0.2428	1.0000	1.0000	0.3125	0.3125	0.6588	0.6588	0.2242	0.2242
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.2562	0.2562	0.9758	0.9758	0.4280	0.4280	0.7106	0.7106	0.3598	0.3598
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.0844	0.0988	0.4158	0.3699	0.1435	0.1775	0.4854	0.5134	0.0896	0.1124
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.0808	0.0888	0.5394	0.5582	0.1495	0.1711	0.2859	0.2987	0.1056	0.1140
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.0948	0.0948	0.4450	0.4650	0.1951	0.2095	0.3475	0.3599	0.1459	0.1459

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 20: Stepdown Tests for Average Outcomes of Male Children of Female Participants

	Statistic	Attended College 18	Attended College 21	Attended College 23	Employed Full-Time 18	Employed Full-Time 21	Employed Full-Time 23	Employed + Any HS 18	Employed + Any HS 21	Employed + Any HS 23
Summary	(01) Obs.	27	26	25	27	26	25	27	26	25
	(02) Control	0.2143	0.2143	0.2308	0.4583	0.4583	0.4936	0.3571	0.3571	0.3846
	(03) Treatment	0.4551	0.4097	0.4514	0.6026	0.6528	0.6528	0.4808	0.5208	0.5208
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.2408	0.1954	0.2206	0.1442	0.1944	0.1592	0.1236	0.1637	0.1362
	(05) COLS	0.2506	0.2336	0.2875	0.2196	0.2732	0.2398	0.1826	0.2320	0.2190
	(06) AIPW	0.3297	0.2994	0.3907	0.1816	0.2204	0.1681	0.1586	0.1921	0.1598
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.2069	0.2074	0.2074	0.4176	0.4176	0.4176	0.5489	0.5489	0.5489
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.1369	0.1369	0.1369	0.2190	0.2124	0.2190	0.2766	0.2766	0.2766
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.0131	0.0131	0.0056	0.2783	0.2660	0.2783	0.3334	0.3334	0.3334
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.1820	0.1851	0.1851	0.4233	0.4233	0.4233	0.5411	0.5411	0.5411
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.1892	0.1892	0.1892	0.2532	0.2521	0.2532	0.3113	0.3113	0.3113
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.2107	0.2107	0.2107	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8031	0.8031	0.8031
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.1956	0.1956	0.1956	0.4284	0.4284	0.4284	0.5244	0.5244	0.5244
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.2196	0.2196	0.2196	0.2088	0.2064	0.2088	0.2808	0.2808	0.2808
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.0924	0.0924	0.0924	0.3640	0.3576	0.3640	0.4812	0.4812	0.4812
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.1320	0.1496	0.1496	0.3168	0.3168	0.3168	0.4272	0.4272	0.4272
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.1296	0.1296	0.1296	0.2328	0.2328	0.2328	0.2136	0.2136	0.2136
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.0264	0.0264	0.0264	0.4416	0.4416	0.4416	0.4128	0.4128	0.4128
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.2616	0.2616	0.2616	0.4296	0.4296	0.4296	0.6228	0.6228	0.6228
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.1920	0.1920	0.1920	0.2580	0.2580	0.2580	0.4068	0.4068	0.4068
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.0768	0.0768	0.0768	0.4380	0.4380	0.4380	0.5640	0.5640	0.5640
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.2460	0.2460	0.2460	0.4296	0.4296	0.4296	0.6108	0.6108	0.6108
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.1860	0.1860	0.1860	0.2412	0.2412	0.2412	0.3276	0.3276	0.3276
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.0780	0.0780	0.0780	0.4308	0.4308	0.4308	0.5412	0.5412	0.5412
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.5245	0.5245	0.5245	0.4806	0.4806	0.4806	0.5871	0.5871	0.5871
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.2850	0.2850	0.2850	0.3640	0.3640	0.3640	0.4585	0.4585	0.4585
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.1964	0.1964	0.1964	0.5812	0.5812	0.5812	0.5943	0.5943	0.5943
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.4798	0.4798	0.4798	0.4787	0.4787	0.4787	0.5797	0.5797	0.5797
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.3070	0.3070	0.3070	0.3578	0.3578	0.3578	0.3798	0.3798	0.3798
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.1910	0.1910	0.1910	0.5517	0.5517	0.5517	0.6010	0.6010	0.6010
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.5274	0.5274	0.5274	0.4972	0.4972	0.4972	0.5952	0.5952	0.5952
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.2929	0.2929	0.2929	0.3660	0.3660	0.3660	0.4776	0.4776	0.4776
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.2008	0.2008	0.2008	0.5988	0.5988	0.5988	0.6049	0.6049	0.6049
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.4816	0.4816	0.4816	0.4927	0.4927	0.4927	0.5850	0.5850	0.5850
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.3116	0.3116	0.3116	0.3649	0.3649	0.3649	0.4093	0.4093	0.4093
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.1968	0.1968	0.1968	0.5638	0.5521	0.5638	0.6318	0.6318	0.6318
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.5372	0.5372	0.5372	0.5656	0.5656	0.5656	0.6996	0.6996	0.6996
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.3048	0.3048	0.3048	0.4556	0.3733	0.4556	0.5252	0.5252	0.5252
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.2548	0.2548	0.2548	0.7573	0.7573	0.7573	0.7694	0.7694	0.7694
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.4927	0.4927	0.4927	0.5439	0.5439	0.5439	0.6289	0.6289	0.6289
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.3121	0.3121	0.3121	0.6352	0.6352	0.6352	0.4824	0.4824	0.4824
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.2447	0.2447	0.2447	0.7253	0.7253	0.7253	0.8121	0.8121	0.8121
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.1132	0.1359	0.1359	0.2311	0.1839	0.2311	0.2827	0.2387	0.2827
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.0840	0.0908	0.0808	0.1375	0.1036	0.1375	0.1723	0.1371	0.1623
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.0384	0.0448	0.0328	0.2343	0.1859	0.2343	0.2743	0.2211	0.2743

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-R S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 20: Stepdown Tests for Average Outcomes of Male Children of Female Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	27	26	25	27	26	25	27	26	25
	(02) Control	0.2857	0.2857	0.3077	0.0714	0.0714	0.0769	0.7262	0.7262	0.7821
	(03) Treatment	0.4551	0.4931	0.4931	0.3526	0.3819	0.4236	0.8718	0.8611	0.8611
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1694	0.2073	0.1854	0.2811	0.3105	0.3467	0.1456	0.1349	0.0791
	(05) COLS	0.1947	0.2409	0.2317	0.2995	0.3374	0.3919	0.1820	0.1834	0.1142
	(06) AIPW	0.2187	0.2479	0.2277	0.3491	0.3668	0.4238	0.1965	0.1913	0.1262
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.3566	0.3566	0.3566	0.0337	0.0337	0.0337	0.4397	0.4397	0.4397
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.2825	0.2825	0.2825	0.0362	0.0352	0.0308	0.3620	0.3620	0.3620
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.1697	0.1697	0.1697	0.0068	0.0068	0.0040	0.2413	0.2413	0.2413
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.3392	0.3392	0.3392	0.0268	0.0268	0.0268	0.4293	0.4293	0.4293
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.2874	0.2874	0.2874	0.0413	0.0411	0.0411	0.3960	0.3960	0.3960
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.6359	0.6359	0.6359	0.1614	0.1614	0.1614	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.3120	0.3120	0.3120	0.0216	0.0216	0.0216	0.4188	0.4188	0.4188
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.2676	0.2676	0.2676	0.0684	0.0684	0.0684	0.3024	0.3024	0.3024
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.3108	0.3108	0.3108	0.0696	0.0696	0.0696	0.3540	0.3540	0.3540
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.2436	0.2436	0.2436	0.0216	0.0216	0.0216	0.2340	0.2340	0.2376
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.2148	0.2148	0.2148	0.0492	0.0492	0.0492	0.2364	0.2364	0.2364
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.2412	0.2412	0.2412	0.0228	0.0228	0.0228	0.3864	0.3864	0.3864
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.4296	0.4296	0.4296	0.0576	0.0576	0.0576	0.5520	0.5520	0.5520
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.4212	0.4212	0.4212	0.0492	0.0492	0.0492	0.4200	0.4200	0.4200
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.3852	0.3852	0.3852	0.0372	0.0372	0.0372	0.4812	0.4812	0.4812
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.4248	0.4248	0.4248	0.0540	0.0540	0.0540	0.5616	0.5616	0.5616
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.3720	0.3720	0.3720	0.0552	0.0552	0.0552	0.4956	0.4956	0.4956
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.3864	0.3864	0.3864	0.0612	0.0612	0.0612	0.5184	0.5184	0.5184
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.4912	0.4912	0.4912	0.1537	0.1537	0.1537	0.6562	0.6562	0.6562
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.4146	0.4146	0.4146	0.1039	0.1039	0.1039	0.5461	0.5461	0.5461
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.4562	0.4562	0.4562	0.1129	0.1129	0.1129	0.6331	0.6331	0.6331
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.5028	0.5028	0.5028	0.1289	0.1289	0.1289	0.6693	0.6693	0.6693
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.4222	0.4222	0.4222	0.1039	0.1039	0.1039	0.5808	0.5808	0.5808
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.4118	0.4118	0.4118	0.1247	0.1247	0.1247	0.6833	0.6833	0.6833
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.4923	0.4923	0.4923	0.1571	0.1571	0.1571	0.6662	0.6662	0.6662
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.4272	0.4272	0.4272	0.1135	0.1135	0.1135	0.5519	0.5519	0.5519
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.4677	0.4677	0.4677	0.1145	0.1145	0.1145	0.6447	0.6447	0.6447
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.5052	0.5052	0.5052	0.1372	0.1372	0.1372	0.6728	0.6728	0.6728
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.4401	0.4401	0.4401	0.1135	0.1135	0.1135	0.5930	0.5930	0.5930
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.4260	0.4260	0.4260	0.1288	0.1288	0.1288	0.6952	0.6952	0.6952
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.5682	0.5682	0.5682	0.1814	0.1814	0.1814	0.6844	0.6844	0.6844
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.5499	0.5499	0.5499	0.1532	0.1532	0.1532	0.6595	0.6595	0.6595
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.6004	0.6004	0.6004	0.1527	0.1527	0.1527	0.9001	0.9001	0.9001
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.5138	0.5138	0.5138	0.1657	0.1657	0.1657	0.7487	0.7487	0.7487
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.5124	0.5124	0.5124	0.1854	0.1854	0.1854	0.6877	0.6877	0.6877
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.5330	0.5330	0.5330	0.1880	0.1880	0.1880	0.7622	0.7622	0.7622
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.2015	0.1699	0.2015	0.0252	0.0208	0.0208	0.2487	0.2811	0.3227
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.1759	0.1491	0.1755	0.0412	0.0284	0.0212	0.2195	0.2207	0.2827
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.1847	0.1551	0.1847	0.0240	0.0240	0.0232	0.2411	0.2415	0.2895

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 20: Stepdown Tests for Average Outcomes of Male Children of Female Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su./Arrested	Never Su./Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	26	25	26	25	26	25	26	25	26	25
	(02) Control	0.0714	0.0769	0.0714	0.0769	0.2857	0.3077	0.1786	0.1923	0.8214	0.8846
	(03) Treatment	0.1528	0.1528	0.1250	0.1250	0.2778	0.2778	0.2778	0.2778	0.8125	0.8125
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0813	0.0759	0.0536	0.0481	-0.0079	-0.0299	0.0992	0.0855	-0.0089	-0.0721
	(05) COLS	0.0790	0.0914	0.0555	0.0689	-0.0891	-0.1225	0.0710	0.0499	0.0883	-0.0015
	(06) AIPW	0.1438	0.1624	0.1047	0.1229	-0.1283	-0.1513	0.0233	0.0005	0.1119	0.0369
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.4800	0.4800	0.6401	0.6401	0.8653	0.8653	0.5415	0.5415	0.5681	0.5681
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.4966	0.4966	0.6079	0.6079	0.4620	0.4620	0.6817	0.6817	0.5973	0.5973
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.1082	0.1082	0.2361	0.2361	0.2890	0.2890	0.8734	0.8734	0.3758	0.3758
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.4291	0.4291	0.6076	0.6076	0.8638	0.8638	0.5320	0.5320	0.5452	0.5452
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.5174	0.5174	0.6201	0.6201	0.5113	0.5113	0.6900	0.6900	0.6155	0.6155
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.6492	0.6492	0.7317	0.7317	0.6436	0.6436	0.9403	0.9403	0.7145	0.7145
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.4104	0.4104	0.6352	0.6352	0.8544	0.8544	0.5400	0.5400	0.5272	0.5272
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.5128	0.5128	0.6448	0.6448	0.4848	0.4848	0.6720	0.6720	0.5632	0.5632
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.2392	0.2392	0.4104	0.4104	0.6024	0.6024	0.7840	0.7840	0.5168	0.5168
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.3624	0.3624	0.6464	0.6464	0.8472	0.8472	0.4224	0.4224	0.4804	0.4800
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.5016	0.5016	0.6824	0.6824	0.4072	0.4072	0.6312	0.6312	0.5400	0.5400
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.1680	0.1680	0.3848	0.3848	0.3048	0.3048	0.8776	0.8776	0.4320	0.4320
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.5032	0.5032	0.6656	0.6656	0.7832	0.7832	0.6808	0.6808	0.5272	0.5272
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.4688	0.4688	0.5920	0.5920	0.4072	0.4072	0.8448	0.8448	0.5752	0.5752
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.1784	0.1784	0.3224	0.3224	0.3536	0.3536	0.8544	0.8544	0.4696	0.4696
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.4800	0.4800	0.6616	0.6616	0.7832	0.7832	0.6808	0.6808	0.5184	0.5184
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.5136	0.5136	0.6272	0.6272	0.3680	0.3680	0.8304	0.8304	0.6168	0.6168
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.2160	0.2160	0.3728	0.3728	0.3296	0.3296	0.8544	0.8544	0.4656	0.4656
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.7034	0.7034	0.8350	0.8350	0.9663	0.9663	0.7861	0.7861	0.9357	0.9357
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.5516	0.5516	0.6841	0.6841	0.8053	0.8053	0.9000	0.9000	0.6944	0.6944
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.2850	0.2850	0.4292	0.4292	0.7253	0.7253	1.0000	1.0000	0.5849	0.5849
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.6658	0.6658	0.8277	0.8277	0.9663	0.9663	0.7861	0.7861	0.9246	0.9246
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.6284	0.6284	0.7326	0.7326	0.7417	0.7417	0.8808	0.8808	0.7041	0.7041
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.3314	0.3314	0.5041	0.5041	0.7328	0.7328	1.0000	1.0000	0.5660	0.5660
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.7183	0.7183	0.8397	0.8397	0.9715	0.9715	0.8025	0.8025	0.9392	0.9392
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.5766	0.5766	0.6930	0.6930	0.8217	0.8217	0.9096	0.9096	0.7175	0.7175
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.2928	0.2928	0.4386	0.4386	0.7326	0.7326	1.0000	1.0000	0.5912	0.5912
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.6888	0.6888	0.8317	0.8317	0.9715	0.9715	0.8025	0.8025	0.9266	0.9266
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.6337	0.6337	0.7478	0.7478	0.7504	0.7504	0.8843	0.8843	0.7352	0.7352
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.3359	0.3359	0.5077	0.5077	0.7525	0.7525	1.0000	1.0000	0.5903	0.5903
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.8207	0.8207	0.8450	0.8450	1.0000	1.0000	0.8133	0.8133	0.9857	0.9857
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.6245	0.6245	0.7385	0.7385	0.9774	0.9774	0.9775	0.9775	1.0000	1.0000
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.3748	0.3748	0.5266	0.5266	0.7524	0.7524	1.0000	1.0000	0.7506	0.7506
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.8031	0.8031	0.8429	0.8429	1.0000	1.0000	0.8133	0.8133	0.9533	0.9533
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.7103	0.7103	0.8226	0.8226	0.8291	0.8291	1.0000	1.0000	0.9068	0.9068
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.3670	0.3670	0.5547	0.5547	0.8423	0.8423	1.0000	1.0000	0.6405	0.6405
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.2499	0.2639	0.3315	0.3507	0.4318	0.4042	0.3599	0.3754	0.4478	0.3439
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.2775	0.2627	0.3419	0.3215	0.2351	0.1983	0.4290	0.4582	0.5886	0.5886
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.1431	0.1347	0.2287	0.2159	0.1971	0.1759	0.5514	0.5734	0.3195	0.4158

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 20: Stepdown Tests for Average Outcomes of Male Children of Female Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Summary	(01) Obs.	26	25	26	25	27	26	27	27	26	25
	(02) Control	0.2857	0.3077	0.1786	0.1923	0.8571	0.3846	0.2500	0.2434	0.0714	0.0833
	(03) Treatment	0.2778	0.2778	0.2778	0.2778	0.8333	0.4231	0.4744	0.3682	0.2917	0.2449
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.0079	-0.0299	0.0992	0.0855	-0.0238	0.0385	0.2244	0.1248	0.2202	0.1616
	(05) COLS	-0.0891	-0.1225	0.0710	0.0499	-0.0351	0.0597	0.0922	0.0596	0.1955	0.1736
	(06) AIPW	-0.1283	-0.1513	0.0233	0.0005	-0.0244	0.0048	0.0981	0.1324	0.1955	0.2428
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.8653	0.8653	0.5415	0.5415	0.4266	0.4223	0.1005	0.2092	0.0684	0.1195
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.4620	0.4620	0.6817	0.6817	0.3890	0.3924	0.2931	0.3898	0.1305	0.1824
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.2890	0.2890	0.8734	0.8734	0.4149	0.4885	0.2524	0.2048	0.0985	0.0597
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.8638	0.8638	0.5320	0.5320	0.4199	0.4207	0.0867	0.1863	0.0596	0.1060
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.5113	0.5113	0.6900	0.6900	0.3847	0.3974	0.3013	0.3870	0.1390	0.1819
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.6436	0.6436	0.9403	0.9403	0.4706	0.4977	0.4303	0.4105	0.2228	0.1689
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.8544	0.8544	0.5400	0.5400	0.4220	0.4408	0.0836	0.1896	0.0564	0.1064
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.4848	0.4848	0.6720	0.6720	0.3484	0.3668	0.3168	0.4092	0.1504	0.2040
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.6024	0.6024	0.7840	0.7840	0.4040	0.4312	0.2672	0.3304	0.1480	0.1864
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.8472	0.8472	0.4224	0.4224	0.4180	0.3768	0.0604	0.1352	0.0248	0.0428
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.4072	0.4072	0.6312	0.6312	0.4144	0.4076	0.2252	0.3376	0.0996	0.1412
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.3048	0.3048	0.8776	0.8776	0.4492	0.4476	0.2572	0.1592	0.0948	0.0680
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.7832	0.7832	0.6808	0.6808	0.4476	0.4152	0.1012	0.1868	0.0864	0.1208
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.4072	0.4072	0.8448	0.8448	0.4192	0.3828	0.2848	0.3304	0.1388	0.1404
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.3536	0.3536	0.8544	0.8544	0.4456	0.4864	0.2908	0.1912	0.1496	0.0896
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.7832	0.7832	0.6808	0.6808	0.4476	0.4136	0.1008	0.1836	0.0872	0.1236
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.3680	0.3680	0.8304	0.8304	0.4092	0.3848	0.2816	0.3556	0.1572	0.2048
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.3296	0.3296	0.8544	0.8544	0.4392	0.4852	0.2924	0.2148	0.1820	0.1504
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.9663	0.9663	0.7861	0.7861	0.5550	0.5628	0.2370	0.3676	0.1481	0.1820
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.8053	0.8053	0.9000	0.9000	0.4862	0.4963	0.3766	0.4570	0.1719	0.1953
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.7253	0.7253	1.0000	1.0000	0.5239	0.5981	0.3480	0.3397	0.1947	0.1649
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.9663	0.9663	0.7861	0.7861	0.5550	0.5628	0.2263	0.3565	0.1443	0.1715
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.7417	0.7417	0.8808	0.8808	0.4825	0.5022	0.3592	0.4830	0.1917	0.2691
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.7328	0.7328	1.0000	1.0000	0.5143	0.5938	0.3557	0.3663	0.2281	0.2218
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.9715	0.9715	0.8025	0.8025	0.5554	0.5630	0.2396	0.3802	0.1538	0.1888
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.8217	0.8217	0.9096	0.9096	0.4908	0.4988	0.3958	0.4590	0.1725	0.2010
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.7326	0.7326	1.0000	1.0000	0.5263	0.5993	0.3494	0.3445	0.1950	0.1719
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.9715	0.9715	0.8025	0.8025	0.5554	0.5630	0.2288	0.3667	0.1455	0.1765
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.7504	0.7504	0.8843	0.8843	0.4858	0.5029	0.3670	0.4840	0.1977	0.2760
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.7525	0.7525	1.0000	1.0000	0.5193	0.5947	0.3594	0.3734	0.2311	0.2237
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	0.8133	0.8133	0.5830	0.5954	0.2495	0.4072	0.2214	0.2231
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.9774	0.9774	0.9775	0.9775	0.5064	0.5168	0.4955	0.4714	0.2482	0.2104
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.7524	0.7524	1.0000	1.0000	0.6009	0.6124	0.3828	0.3564	0.2424	0.1997
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	0.8133	0.8133	0.5830	0.5954	0.2325	0.3667	0.2128	0.2481
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.8291	0.8291	1.0000	1.0000	0.5287	0.5404	0.4025	0.5602	0.2444	0.3019
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.8423	0.8423	1.0000	1.0000	0.5662	0.6602	0.3750	0.3842	0.2472	0.2465
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.4318	0.4042	0.3599	0.3754	0.4474	0.4134	0.1008	0.1835	0.0872	0.1236
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.2351	0.1983	0.4290	0.4582	0.4090	0.3846	0.2815	0.3555	0.1571	0.2047
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.1971	0.1759	0.5514	0.5734	0.4390	0.4850	0.2923	0.2147	0.1819	0.1503

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 21: Stepdown Tests for Average Outcomes of Female Children of Female Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -spended	Never Su -spended	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Summary	(01) Obs.	32	31	32	31	32	31	32	31	32	31
	(02) Control	0.5313	0.5313	0.7500	0.7500	0.5000	0.5000	0.8438	0.8438	0.5313	0.5313
	(03) Treatment	0.7031	0.7500	0.8125	0.8667	0.6406	0.6833	0.8750	0.9333	0.7031	0.7500
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1719	0.2188	0.0625	0.1167	0.1406	0.1833	0.0313	0.0896	0.1719	0.2188
	(05) COLS	0.1166	0.1889	-0.0117	0.0765	0.0492	0.1079	-0.0263	0.0686	0.1166	0.1889
	(06) AIPW	0.1388	0.2646	-0.0278	0.0701	0.0837	0.2051	-0.0557	0.0465	0.1388	0.2646
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.1476	0.1476	0.4773	0.4773	0.3091	0.3091	0.3894	0.3875	0.1476	0.1476
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.2483	0.2483	0.6498	0.6498	0.5678	0.5678	0.5109	0.5109	0.2483	0.2483
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.1907	0.0537	0.6152	0.6152	0.3074	0.1737	0.5991	0.5991	0.1907	0.0537
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.1244	0.1237	0.4093	0.4093	0.2197	0.2197	0.4025	0.4025	0.1244	0.1237
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.3076	0.3076	0.6393	0.6393	0.5661	0.5661	0.5936	0.5936	0.3076	0.3076
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.2503	0.1446	0.6815	0.6815	0.3385	0.2453	0.7253	0.7253	0.2503	0.1446
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.1228	0.1192	0.4232	0.4232	0.1976	0.1976	0.4200	0.4200	0.1228	0.1192
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.3416	0.3416	0.6272	0.6272	0.5696	0.5696	0.5760	0.5760	0.3416	0.3416
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.2172	0.1304	0.6488	0.6488	0.3108	0.2192	0.6648	0.6648	0.2172	0.1304
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.0708	0.0664	0.3848	0.3848	0.1800	0.1800	0.3616	0.2992	0.0708	0.0664
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.2000	0.1832	0.6352	0.6352	0.4512	0.4512	0.5368	0.5368	0.2000	0.1832
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.2376	0.0848	0.6680	0.6680	0.3340	0.1640	0.6592	0.6592	0.2376	0.0848
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.1552	0.1552	0.5776	0.5776	0.3000	0.3000	0.4672	0.4672	0.1552	0.1552
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.2488	0.2488	0.6912	0.6912	0.5248	0.5248	0.5376	0.5376	0.2488	0.2488
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.2048	0.1416	0.7584	0.7584	0.3196	0.2928	0.5824	0.5824	0.2048	0.1416
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.1568	0.1568	0.5880	0.5880	0.3064	0.3064	0.4728	0.4728	0.1568	0.1568
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.2584	0.2584	0.7392	0.7392	0.5600	0.5600	0.5816	0.5816	0.2584	0.2584
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.2256	0.1408	0.7632	0.7632	0.3336	0.2968	0.6216	0.6216	0.2256	0.1408
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.3500	0.3500	0.6882	0.6882	0.6141	0.6141	0.5830	0.5830	0.3500	0.3500
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.5036	0.5036	0.7820	0.7820	0.8393	0.8393	0.6686	0.6686	0.5036	0.5036
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.3795	0.3795	0.8187	0.8187	0.5823	0.5823	0.7897	0.7897	0.3795	0.3795
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.3726	0.3726	0.7009	0.7009	0.6263	0.6263	0.5830	0.5830	0.3726	0.3726
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.5500	0.5500	0.8433	0.8433	0.8819	0.8819	0.7130	0.7130	0.5500	0.5500
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.4029	0.4029	0.8348	0.8348	0.6015	0.6015	0.8215	0.8215	0.4029	0.4029
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.3543	0.3543	0.6900	0.6900	0.6526	0.6526	0.5850	0.5850	0.3543	0.3543
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.5104	0.5104	0.7821	0.7821	0.8412	0.8412	0.6736	0.6736	0.5104	0.5104
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.3833	0.3833	0.8256	0.8256	0.5902	0.5902	0.7912	0.7912	0.3833	0.3833
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.3788	0.3788	0.7026	0.7026	0.6702	0.6702	0.5850	0.5850	0.3788	0.3788
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.5577	0.5577	0.8500	0.8500	0.8903	0.8903	0.7195	0.7195	0.5577	0.5577
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.4214	0.4214	0.8430	0.8430	0.6108	0.6108	0.8319	0.8319	0.4214	0.4214
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.3925	0.3925	0.6992	0.6992	0.6912	0.6912	0.6285	0.6285	0.3925	0.3925
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.5387	0.5387	0.7824	0.7824	0.9500	0.9500	0.7702	0.7702	0.5387	0.5387
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.4113	0.4113	0.8873	0.8873	0.6567	0.6567	1.0000	1.0000	0.4113	0.4113
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.3857	0.3857	0.7293	0.7293	0.7279	0.7279	0.6451	0.6451	0.3857	0.3857
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.5765	0.5765	0.9043	0.9043	1.0000	1.0000	0.7518	0.7518	0.5765	0.5765
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.4756	0.4756	0.9092	0.9092	0.6628	0.6628	1.0000	1.0000	0.4756	0.4756
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.1208	0.0920	0.3942	0.3411	0.2051	0.1807	0.4286	0.2919	0.1208	0.0920
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.2387	0.1499	0.6657	0.6657	0.3894	0.3159	0.5322	0.5322	0.2387	0.1499
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.2255	0.0792	0.6789	0.6789	0.3335	0.1703	0.6365	0.6365	0.2255	0.0792

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 21: Stepdown Tests for Average Outcomes of Female Children of Female Participants

	Statistic	Attended College	Attended College	Attended College	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	32	31	31	32	31	31	32	31	31
	(02) Control	0.5417	0.5417	0.5625	0.3854	0.3854	0.3646	0.3542	0.3542	0.3333
	(03) Treatment	0.6042	0.6444	0.6444	0.3750	0.4000	0.4111	0.3750	0.4000	0.4111
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0625	0.1028	0.0819	-0.0104	0.0146	0.0465	0.0208	0.0458	0.0778
	(05) COLS	0.0134	0.0798	0.0703	0.0196	0.0885	0.1014	0.0345	0.0960	0.1089
	(06) AIPW	0.0332	0.1395	0.1262	-0.0218	-0.0082	0.0127	-0.0056	0.0080	0.0290
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.8511	0.8511	0.8511	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8777	0.8777	0.8777	0.8223	0.8223	0.8223
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.5689	0.5689	0.5689	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.7875	0.7875	0.7875	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9549	0.9549	0.9549
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8326	0.8326	0.8326	0.7771	0.7771	0.7771
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.6964	0.6964	0.6964	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.7992	0.7992	0.7992	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9864	0.9864	0.9864
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7188	0.7188	0.7188	0.6864	0.6864	0.6864
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.7128	0.7128	0.7128	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.6756	0.6756	0.6756	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8196	0.8196	0.8196
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.9180	0.9180	0.9180	0.9012	0.9012	0.9012	0.8364	0.8364	0.8364
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.4836	0.4836	0.4836	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.8964	0.8964	0.8964	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9936	0.9936	0.9936
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8160	0.8160	0.8160	0.8124	0.8124	0.8124
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.7560	0.7560	0.7560	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.9024	0.9024	0.9024	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9852	0.9852	0.9852
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8388	0.8388	0.8388	0.8292	0.8292	0.8292
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.7524	0.7524	0.7524	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.9690	0.9690	0.9690	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.9807	0.9807	0.9807	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.9723	0.9723	0.9723	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.9938	0.9938	0.9938	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.3858	0.3471	0.3858	0.9288	0.9288	0.8325	0.4510	0.4182	0.3739
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.4958	0.4142	0.4254	0.4246	0.3423	0.3367	0.4126	0.3331	0.3247
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.4566	0.3047	0.3239	0.9260	0.9340	0.9340	0.9432	0.9432	0.9028

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 21: Stepdown Tests for Average Outcomes of Female Children of Female Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	32	31	31	32	31	31	32	31	31
	(02) Control	0.2917	0.2917	0.2708	0.2083	0.2083	0.2083	0.7708	0.7708	0.7813
	(03) Treatment	0.3750	0.4000	0.4111	0.3021	0.3222	0.3444	0.9635	0.9611	0.9500
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0833	0.1083	0.1403	0.0938	0.1139	0.1361	0.1927	0.1903	0.1688
	(05) COLS	0.1164	0.1849	0.1978	0.0896	0.1329	0.1489	0.1964	0.2024	0.1851
	(06) AIPW	0.0743	0.0879	0.1096	0.0646	0.0781	0.0892	0.1834	0.1862	0.1698
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.6458	0.6458	0.6458	0.6288	0.6288	0.6288	0.0904	0.0904	0.0904
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.4085	0.4085	0.4085	0.5413	0.5413	0.5413	0.1050	0.1050	0.1050
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.6926	0.6926	0.6926	0.7951	0.7951	0.7951	0.0936	0.0936	0.0936
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.5751	0.5751	0.5751	0.5315	0.5315	0.5315	0.0767	0.0767	0.0767
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.3770	0.3770	0.3770	0.5231	0.5231	0.5231	0.1311	0.1311	0.1311
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.8420	0.8420	0.8420	0.9442	0.9442	0.9442	0.2346	0.2346	0.2346
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.5856	0.5856	0.5856	0.5244	0.5244	0.5244	0.0636	0.0636	0.0636
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.3432	0.3432	0.3432	0.4656	0.4656	0.4656	0.1008	0.1008	0.1008
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.6888	0.6888	0.6888	0.7872	0.7872	0.7872	0.0804	0.0804	0.0804
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.4932	0.4932	0.4932	0.4512	0.4512	0.4512	0.0120	0.0120	0.0120
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.4056	0.4056	0.4056	0.4800	0.4800	0.4800	0.0336	0.0336	0.0336
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.8496	0.8496	0.8496	0.9672	0.9672	0.9672	0.1356	0.1356	0.1356
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.6744	0.6744	0.6744	0.6192	0.6192	0.6192	0.1260	0.1260	0.1260
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.4296	0.4296	0.4296	0.6060	0.6060	0.6060	0.1464	0.1464	0.1464
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.9180	0.9180	0.9180	0.9876	0.9876	0.9876	0.1884	0.1884	0.1884
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.6864	0.6864	0.6864	0.6156	0.6156	0.6156	0.1656	0.1656	0.1656
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.4548	0.4548	0.4548	0.5772	0.5772	0.5772	0.1692	0.1692	0.1692
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.8808	0.8808	0.8808	0.9444	0.9444	0.9444	0.2232	0.2232	0.2232
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.7819	0.7819	0.7819	0.8912	0.8912	0.8912	0.2669	0.2669	0.2669
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.6055	0.6055	0.6055	0.9755	0.9755	0.9755	0.3194	0.3194	0.3194
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3844	0.3844	0.3844
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.7927	0.7927	0.7927	0.8860	0.8860	0.8860	0.3187	0.3187	0.3187
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.6408	0.6408	0.6408	0.9634	0.9634	0.9634	0.3429	0.3429	0.3429
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4154	0.4154	0.4154
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.7963	0.7963	0.7963	0.9031	0.9031	0.9031	0.2703	0.2703	0.2703
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.6104	0.6104	0.6104	0.9798	0.9798	0.9798	0.3302	0.3302	0.3302
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3864	0.3864	0.3864
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.8060	0.8060	0.8060	0.9347	0.9347	0.9347	0.3283	0.3283	0.3283
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.6568	0.6568	0.6568	0.9929	0.9929	0.9929	0.3512	0.3512	0.3512
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4190	0.4190	0.4190
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.9985	0.9985	0.9985	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3122	0.3122	0.3122
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.6578	0.6578	0.6578	0.9917	0.9917	0.9917	0.3993	0.3993	0.3993
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4001	0.4001	0.4001
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.9063	0.9063	0.9009	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4036	0.4036	0.4036
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.7679	0.7679	0.7679	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3810	0.3810	0.3810
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4838	0.4838	0.4838
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.3203	0.3027	0.2575	0.2679	0.2475	0.2275	0.0640	0.0648	0.0772
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.2487	0.1935	0.1823	0.2787	0.2279	0.2147	0.0652	0.0724	0.0808
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.3595	0.3595	0.3419	0.3559	0.3479	0.3415	0.0864	0.0852	0.0896

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 21: Stepdown Tests for Average Outcomes of Female Children of Female Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31
	(02) Control	0.2083	0.2083	0.1458	0.1458	0.6771	0.6771	0.4583	0.4583	0.9375	0.9375
	(03) Treatment	0.1889	0.2000	0.0556	0.0667	0.7278	0.7167	0.5833	0.5611	0.9667	0.9667
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.0194	-0.0083	-0.0903	-0.0792	0.0507	0.0396	0.1250	0.1028	0.0292	0.0292
	(05) COLS	-0.0544	-0.0463	-0.0823	-0.0743	0.0138	0.0011	0.0475	0.0222	0.0584	0.0584
	(06) AIPW	-0.0896	-0.0852	-0.1015	-0.0961	-0.1275	-0.1320	0.0040	-0.0113	0.0634	0.0654
Asym. A	(07) $h^1_{A,A}$	0.8853	0.8853	0.3154	0.3154	0.7008	0.7008	0.3928	0.3928	0.6835	0.6835
	(08) $h^2_{A,A}$	0.7108	0.7108	0.4297	0.4297	0.9326	0.9326	0.7717	0.7717	0.5087	0.5087
	(09) $h^3_{A,A}$	0.4794	0.4794	0.2705	0.2705	0.3076	0.3076	0.9349	0.9349	0.3599	0.3599
Asym. B	(10) $h^1_{A,B}$	0.8689	0.8689	0.2518	0.2518	0.7248	0.7248	0.4023	0.4023	0.6678	0.6678
	(11) $h^2_{A,B}$	0.7011	0.7011	0.4156	0.4156	0.9409	0.9409	0.8000	0.8000	0.4977	0.4977
	(12) $h^3_{A,B}$	0.5665	0.5665	0.3723	0.3723	0.5328	0.5328	0.9563	0.9563	0.4589	0.4589
Boot. N	(13) $h^1_{B,N}$	0.8656	0.8656	0.2280	0.2280	0.7256	0.7256	0.4072	0.4072	0.8040	0.8040
	(14) $h^2_{B,N}$	0.7072	0.7072	0.4232	0.4232	0.9192	0.9192	0.8232	0.8232	0.7424	0.7424
	(15) $h^3_{B,N}$	0.6344	0.6344	0.2896	0.2896	0.7920	0.7920	0.7424	0.7424	0.7160	0.7160
Boot. S	(16) $h^1_{B,S}$	0.8632	0.8632	0.0840	0.0872	0.6432	0.6432	0.2880	0.2880	0.8736	0.8736
	(17) $h^2_{B,S}$	0.6200	0.6200	0.2120	0.2120	0.9464	0.9464	0.7464	0.7464	0.5464	0.5464
	(18) $h^3_{B,S}$	0.3568	0.3568	0.1992	0.1992	0.2232	0.2232	0.7104	0.7104	0.4968	0.4968
Perm. N	(19) $h^1_{P,N}$	0.9264	0.9264	0.4200	0.4200	0.7880	0.7880	0.3976	0.3976	0.8576	0.8576
	(20) $h^2_{P,N}$	0.7552	0.7552	0.5008	0.5008	0.8984	0.8984	0.8000	0.8000	0.5656	0.5656
	(21) $h^3_{P,N}$	0.5832	0.5832	0.4240	0.4240	0.3248	0.3248	0.9520	0.9520	0.5928	0.5928
Perm. S	(22) $h^1_{P,S}$	0.9192	0.9192	0.4224	0.4224	0.7856	0.7856	0.3912	0.3912	0.8528	0.8528
	(23) $h^2_{P,S}$	0.7568	0.7568	0.5520	0.5520	0.8984	0.8984	0.8016	0.8016	0.6248	0.6248
	(24) $h^3_{P,S}$	0.5800	0.5800	0.4720	0.4720	0.3280	0.3280	0.9480	0.9480	0.6272	0.6272
WC-M N	(25) $h^1_{M,N}$	1.0000	1.0000	0.6609	0.6609	0.9129	0.9129	0.8468	0.8468	0.9335	0.9335
	(26) $h^2_{M,N}$	0.9328	0.9328	0.6896	0.6896	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6751	0.6751
	(27) $h^3_{M,N}$	0.8358	0.8358	0.6535	0.6535	0.7647	0.7647	1.0000	1.0000	0.6963	0.6963
WC-M S	(28) $h^1_{M,S}$	1.0000	1.0000	0.6435	0.6435	0.9228	0.9228	0.8281	0.8281	0.9320	0.9320
	(29) $h^2_{M,S}$	0.9193	0.9193	0.7318	0.7318	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6835	0.6835
	(30) $h^3_{M,S}$	0.8307	0.8307	0.7042	0.7042	0.7873	0.7873	1.0000	1.0000	0.6922	0.6922
WC-R N	(31) $h^1_{R,N}$	1.0000	1.0000	0.6665	0.6665	0.9241	0.9241	0.8639	0.8639	0.9361	0.9361
	(32) $h^2_{R,N}$	0.9556	0.9556	0.6955	0.6955	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6900	0.6900
	(33) $h^3_{R,N}$	0.8474	0.8474	0.6571	0.6571	0.7865	0.7865	1.0000	1.0000	0.7172	0.7172
WC-R S	(34) $h^1_{R,S}$	1.0000	1.0000	0.6571	0.6571	0.9271	0.9271	0.8460	0.8460	0.9413	0.9413
	(35) $h^2_{R,S}$	0.9517	0.9517	0.7376	0.7376	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7050	0.7050
	(36) $h^3_{R,S}$	0.8396	0.8396	0.7073	0.7073	0.7900	0.7900	1.0000	1.0000	0.7015	0.7015
WC-D N	(37) $h^1_{D,N}$	1.0000	1.0000	0.7567	0.7567	1.0000	1.0000	0.9294	0.9294	0.9899	0.9899
	(38) $h^2_{D,N}$	1.0000	1.0000	0.7093	0.7093	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8161	0.8161
	(39) $h^3_{D,N}$	0.8984	0.8984	0.6777	0.6777	0.9371	0.9371	1.0000	1.0000	0.7768	0.7768
WC-D S	(40) $h^1_{D,S}$	1.0000	1.0000	0.7349	0.7349	0.9941	0.9941	0.8850	0.8850	0.9711	0.9711
	(41) $h^2_{D,S}$	0.9921	0.9921	0.7586	0.7586	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7456	0.7456
	(42) $h^3_{D,S}$	0.9316	0.9316	0.7167	0.7167	0.7967	0.7967	1.0000	1.0000	0.7793	0.7793
Perm. S	(43) $r^1_{D,S}$	0.4730	0.4802	0.2187	0.2439	0.4054	0.4214	0.2155	0.2491	0.4262	0.4262
	(44) $r^2_{D,S}$	0.3894	0.3934	0.2939	0.2967	0.5362	0.5514	0.4242	0.4594	0.3123	0.3123
	(45) $r^3_{D,S}$	0.3027	0.3047	0.2467	0.2467	0.1731	0.1731	0.9496	0.9496	0.3159	0.3159

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 21: Stepdown Tests for Average Outcomes of Female Children of Female Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Summary	(01) Obs.	31	31	31	31	31	30	32	29	30	26
	(02) Control	0.6771	0.6771	0.4583	0.4583	0.7556	0.3778	0.3333	0.3099	0.0889	0.1311
	(03) Treatment	0.6944	0.6833	0.5500	0.5278	0.6406	0.4222	0.2917	0.4259	0.2111	0.3433
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0174	0.0062	0.0917	0.0694	-0.1149	0.0444	-0.0417	0.1160	0.1222	0.2123
	(05) COLS	-0.0168	-0.0294	0.0169	-0.0083	-0.0987	0.0324	-0.0954	0.1035	0.1263	0.2083
	(06) AIPW	-0.1455	-0.1499	-0.0141	-0.0295	-0.1021	0.0010	-0.0968	0.0790	0.1256	0.2115
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.8943	0.8943	0.5218	0.5218	0.1688	0.3971	0.3864	0.2136	0.1533	0.0687
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.8549	0.8549	0.9158	0.9158	0.1933	0.4336	0.2789	0.2567	0.2056	0.0840
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.2390	0.2390	0.8266	0.8266	0.1763	0.4973	0.2505	0.2817	0.1770	0.0573
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.9021	0.9021	0.5211	0.5211	0.1964	0.3966	0.3774	0.1853	0.1261	0.0483
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.8718	0.8718	0.9257	0.9257	0.2525	0.4348	0.2781	0.2383	0.1873	0.0747
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.4657	0.4657	0.8815	0.8815	0.2775	0.4980	0.2846	0.3193	0.1959	0.3011
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.9096	0.9096	0.5152	0.5152	0.1848	0.4104	0.3740	0.1896	0.1192	0.0508
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.8920	0.8920	0.9392	0.9392	0.2344	0.4184	0.2628	0.2416	0.1852	0.0724
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.7056	0.7056	0.8184	0.8184	0.2588	0.4808	0.2744	0.3232	0.2148	0.0924
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.8760	0.8760	0.4096	0.4096	0.1456	0.3576	0.3444	0.1340	0.0584	0.0276
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.8216	0.8216	0.8952	0.8952	0.1912	0.4268	0.2504	0.1924	0.1524	0.0556
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.1920	0.1920	0.6064	0.6064	0.2152	0.4836	0.2372	0.2612	0.1688	0.0784
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.9728	0.9728	0.5400	0.5400	0.1616	0.4300	0.4192	0.1796	0.1684	0.0784
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.7536	0.7536	0.9456	0.9456	0.1924	0.4740	0.2976	0.2188	0.1964	0.1024
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.2792	0.2792	0.8792	0.8792	0.1856	0.4768	0.3016	0.2896	0.1956	0.1112
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.9616	0.9616	0.5232	0.5232	0.1536	0.4264	0.4100	0.1800	0.1644	0.0796
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.7688	0.7688	0.9472	0.9472	0.1652	0.4756	0.3088	0.2316	0.2252	0.1040
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.2752	0.2752	0.8688	0.8688	0.1840	0.4772	0.3172	0.3020	0.2372	0.1280
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3290	0.4735	0.5045	0.2638	0.2229	0.1028
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3048	0.5447	0.3766	0.2905	0.2392	0.1406
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.6958	0.6958	1.0000	1.0000	0.3186	0.6139	0.3839	0.3834	0.2660	0.1472
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	0.9839	0.9839	0.3194	0.4650	0.4946	0.2669	0.2157	0.1082
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2791	0.5398	0.3899	0.3125	0.2679	0.1289
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.7072	0.7072	1.0000	1.0000	0.3162	0.6139	0.3905	0.3969	0.3144	0.1532
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3311	0.4769	0.5081	0.2696	0.2264	0.1050
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3086	0.5517	0.3805	0.2929	0.2514	0.1412
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.6975	0.6975	1.0000	1.0000	0.3187	0.6165	0.3857	0.3856	0.2680	0.1543
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	0.9884	0.9884	0.3207	0.4719	0.5035	0.2728	0.2282	0.1116
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2870	0.5451	0.4005	0.3133	0.2720	0.1296
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.7326	0.7326	1.0000	1.0000	0.3163	0.6165	0.4007	0.3969	0.3190	0.1630
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3645	0.5360	0.5992	0.2781	0.3158	0.1172
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4161	0.7004	0.4531	0.3489	0.3429	0.1576
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.6988	0.6988	1.0000	1.0000	0.3581	0.6273	0.3968	0.3918	0.2839	0.1800
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3242	0.4906	0.6051	0.3426	0.4037	0.1382
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3148	0.6423	0.4592	0.3511	0.2980	0.1514
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.8173	0.8173	1.0000	1.0000	0.3632	0.6387	0.4242	0.4248	0.3675	0.1954
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.5050	0.5214	0.2843	0.3211	0.1535	0.4262	0.4098	0.1799	0.1643	0.0796
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.4162	0.4022	0.9276	0.9276	0.1651	0.4754	0.3087	0.2315	0.2251	0.1040
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.1459	0.1459	0.4674	0.4542	0.1839	0.5234	0.3171	0.3019	0.2371	0.1279

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

4 Alternative Estimators of Intergenerational Treatment Effects

Table 22: Alternative Estimators of Effects on Pooled Children of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Never Su- spended	Never Su- spended	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Summary	(01) Obs.	77	74	80	77	79	76	80	77	78	75
	(02) Control	0.4910	0.4595	0.7563	0.7688	0.4068	0.4026	0.8267	0.8392	0.4281	0.4237
	(03) Treatment	0.7163	0.7473	0.7992	0.8144	0.6333	0.6667	0.8883	0.9153	0.6821	0.7194
Betw. estim.	(04) Estimate	0.2039	0.2720	0.0376	0.0623	0.1970	0.2459	0.0457	0.0826	0.2244	0.2806
	(05) p_A	0.0171	0.0016	0.3290	0.2164	0.0187	0.0041	0.2678	0.0955	0.0089	0.0011
	(06) p_B	0.0196	0.0048	0.3232	0.2128	0.0204	0.0068	0.2692	0.1044	0.0124	0.0028
	(07) p_P	0.0112	0.0028	0.3447	0.2271	0.0184	0.0076	0.2595	0.0972	0.0064	0.0020
Heckman corr.	(08) Estimate	0.2224	0.3061	0.0533	0.0880	0.2214	0.2971	0.0541	0.1027	0.2451	0.3237
	(09) p_A	0.0244	0.0048	0.2919	0.1832	0.0274	0.0053	0.2559	0.0968	0.0153	0.0023
	(10) p_B	0.0324	0.0128	0.3032	0.2112	0.0328	0.0112	0.2904	0.1212	0.0208	0.0064
	(11) p_P	0.0144	0.0044	0.2787	0.1595	0.0204	0.0040	0.2311	0.0548	0.0068	0.0024
Series estim.	(12) Estimate	0.2086	0.2872	0.0535	0.0914	0.1997	0.2669	0.0537	0.1088	0.2259	0.2968
	(13) p_A	0.0417	0.0135	0.3060	0.1983	0.0573	0.0227	0.2738	0.1090	0.0325	0.0098
	(14) p_B	0.0416	0.0160	0.2912	0.1956	0.0436	0.0204	0.3004	0.1280	0.0244	0.0072
	(15) p_P	0.0236	0.0068	0.2787	0.1615	0.0396	0.0128	0.2383	0.0588	0.0212	0.0072
Lee bound	(16) Estimate	0.2085	0.2388	0.0442	0.0099	0.2070	0.2301	0.0568	0.0295	0.2453	0.2599
	(17) p_A	0.0305	0.0180	0.3371	0.4632	0.0314	0.0205	0.2685	0.3722	0.0128	0.0095
	(18) p_B	0.0504	0.0312	0.4272	0.4964	0.0380	0.0268	0.3444	0.3860	0.0240	0.0180
	(19) p_P	0.0076	0.0052	0.1823	0.3007	0.0080	0.0040	0.1052	0.1831	0.0028	0.0024
Rand. effects	(20) Estimate	0.1995	0.2394	0.0711	0.0861	0.1930	0.2258	0.0624	0.0825	0.2041	0.2366
	(21) p_A	0.0082	0.0019	0.1941	0.1414	0.0134	0.0046	0.1814	0.0989	0.0080	0.0023
	(22) p_B	0.0120	0.0048	0.1888	0.1436	0.0180	0.0084	0.1952	0.1096	0.0112	0.0036
	(23) p_P	0.0068	0.0028	0.2267	0.1727	0.0176	0.0064	0.1935	0.1036	0.0064	0.0024
Pooled estim.	(24) Estimate	0.2002	0.2332	0.1000	0.1124	0.1901	0.2160	0.0733	0.0887	0.1949	0.2228
	(25) p_A	0.0071	0.0021	0.1257	0.0960	0.0145	0.0067	0.1485	0.0900	0.0099	0.0038
	(26) p_B	0.0112	0.0052	0.1356	0.1116	0.0208	0.0120	0.1716	0.1080	0.0128	0.0064
	(27) p_P	0.0068	0.0036	0.1723	0.1447	0.0260	0.0116	0.1687	0.1060	0.0104	0.0044
Oldest child	(28) Estimate	0.0154	0.0372	0.0168	0.0510	0.0255	0.0413	0.0647	0.1135	0.0562	0.0793
	(29) p_A	0.4525	0.3920	0.4390	0.3191	0.4182	0.3751	0.2580	0.1092	0.3325	0.2809
	(30) p_B	0.4588	0.3928	0.4388	0.3308	0.4072	0.3584	0.2548	0.1020	0.3280	0.2756
	(31) p_P	0.4554	0.3862	0.4450	0.3287	0.4006	0.3519	0.2103	0.0592	0.3127	0.2523
Two oldest	(32) Estimate	0.1154	0.1609	0.0209	0.0459	0.0993	0.1308	0.0256	0.0582	0.1332	0.1717
	(33) p_A	0.1435	0.0705	0.4119	0.3066	0.1712	0.1085	0.3749	0.2138	0.1079	0.0568
	(34) p_B	0.1452	0.0680	0.4036	0.3012	0.1624	0.1004	0.3816	0.2156	0.1072	0.0528
	(35) p_P	0.1339	0.0596	0.4426	0.3443	0.1763	0.1148	0.4006	0.2355	0.0988	0.0496
Three oldest	(36) Estimate	0.1762	0.2410	-0.0114	0.0125	0.1499	0.1958	0.0059	0.0411	0.1828	0.2354
	(37) p_A	0.0418	0.0077	0.4473	0.4394	0.0687	0.0268	0.4682	0.2623	0.0363	0.0102
	(38) p_B	0.0444	0.0132	0.4532	0.4420	0.0696	0.0300	0.4752	0.2728	0.0376	0.0140
	(39) p_P	0.0296	0.0072	0.4146	0.4626	0.0728	0.0308	0.4950	0.2855	0.0296	0.0088

Note: Row (1), Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4) through (39) contain alternative estimators of intergenerational treatment effects and the associated p -values. The subscripts A, B, and P for these p -values are associated with the asymptotic, bootstrap, and permutation tests, respectively. Rows (4) – (7) (betw. estim.) are associated with the between-effects estimator. Rows (08) – (11) (Heckman corr.) are associated with the Heckman two-step estimator for selection bias correction (without any exclusion restrictions). Rows (12) – (15) (series estim.) are associated with the series estimator for correcting selection bias, which uses the probability of having a child and its square as regressors in the outcome equation. Rows (16) – (19) (Lee bound) are associated with the lower limit of Lee bounds that partially identify the treatment effect adjusted for selection bias. Rows (20) – (23) (rand. effects) are associated with the random effects estimator. Rows (24) – (27) (pooled estim.) are associated with the pooled OLS estimator. Rows (28) – (31) (oldest child), (32) – (35) (two oldest), and (36) – (39) (three oldest) are associated with the between-effects estimator only using samples of oldest children, two oldest children, and three oldest children.

Table 22: Alternative Estimators of Effects on Pooled Children of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Attended College	Attended College	Attended College	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	80	77	74	78	75	72	79	76	73
	(02) Control	0.4375	0.4458	0.4487	0.4149	0.4193	0.4239	0.3611	0.3526	0.3553
	(03) Treatment	0.4850	0.4928	0.4971	0.5075	0.5441	0.5943	0.4796	0.5140	0.5624
Betw. estim.	(04) Estimate	-0.0002	0.0026	0.0161	0.1358	0.1918	0.2183	0.1456	0.2003	0.2272
	(05) p_A	0.4992	0.4887	0.4337	0.0694	0.0176	0.0140	0.0463	0.0095	0.0071
	(06) p_B	0.4888	0.4816	0.4268	0.0636	0.0212	0.0144	0.0452	0.0116	0.0076
	(07) p_P	0.4666	0.4750	0.4702	0.0528	0.0140	0.0116	0.0488	0.0160	0.0164
Heckman corr.	(08) Estimate	0.0129	0.0218	0.0337	0.1519	0.2449	0.3338	0.1631	0.2612	0.3710
	(09) p_A	0.4478	0.4162	0.3836	0.0905	0.0176	0.0067	0.0736	0.0129	0.0035
	(10) p_B	0.4572	0.4320	0.4104	0.1056	0.0288	0.0132	0.0912	0.0256	0.0076
	(11) p_P	0.4706	0.4462	0.4026	0.0472	0.0048	0.0004	0.0464	0.0064	0.0008
Series estim.	(12) Estimate	-0.0109	0.0054	0.0150	0.1459	0.2456	0.3266	0.1528	0.2646	0.3669
	(13) p_A	0.4590	0.4812	0.4522	0.1169	0.0286	0.0148	0.1060	0.0234	0.0092
	(14) p_B	0.4740	0.4604	0.4372	0.1268	0.0448	0.0208	0.1100	0.0336	0.0120
	(15) p_P	0.4250	0.4878	0.4670	0.0640	0.0088	0.0008	0.0668	0.0096	0.0016
Lee bound	(16) Estimate	0.0529	0.0299	0.0063	0.0780	0.0840	0.1443	0.1000	0.1063	0.1621
	(17) p_A	0.3189	0.3959	0.4785	0.2411	0.2320	0.1086	0.1795	0.1676	0.0797
	(18) p_B	0.4012	0.4392	0.4904	0.3220	0.2464	0.1104	0.2376	0.1524	0.0696
	(19) p_P	0.2031	0.2719	0.3619	0.1036	0.0976	0.0596	0.0720	0.0748	0.0560
Rand. effects	(20) Estimate	0.0575	0.0555	0.0720	0.1531	0.1900	0.1983	0.1571	0.1923	0.2011
	(21) p_A	0.2489	0.2644	0.2170	0.0379	0.0159	0.0190	0.0274	0.0107	0.0125
	(22) p_B	0.2480	0.2692	0.2176	0.0380	0.0192	0.0184	0.0280	0.0132	0.0124
	(23) p_P	0.3087	0.3147	0.2651	0.0220	0.0092	0.0140	0.0304	0.0132	0.0184
Pooled estim.	(24) Estimate	0.0945	0.0923	0.1204	0.1624	0.1967	0.1973	0.1672	0.1986	0.1971
	(25) p_A	0.1384	0.1517	0.1006	0.0284	0.0127	0.0196	0.0205	0.0092	0.0155
	(26) p_B	0.1516	0.1656	0.1156	0.0316	0.0168	0.0196	0.0252	0.0120	0.0160
	(27) p_P	0.1903	0.2015	0.1427	0.0160	0.0084	0.0124	0.0284	0.0136	0.0224
Oldest child	(28) Estimate	-0.1326	-0.1147	-0.1214	0.2268	0.2767	0.2858	0.2551	0.3001	0.3097
	(29) p_A	0.1510	0.1948	0.1917	0.0342	0.0129	0.0128	0.0172	0.0066	0.0062
	(30) p_B	0.1468	0.1888	0.1876	0.0320	0.0116	0.0120	0.0184	0.0084	0.0084
	(31) p_P	0.1180	0.1707	0.1751	0.0292	0.0108	0.0124	0.0164	0.0084	0.0068
Two oldest	(32) Estimate	-0.0385	-0.0204	0.0029	0.1086	0.1384	0.1716	0.1139	0.1355	0.1685
	(33) p_A	0.3509	0.4211	0.4891	0.1446	0.0888	0.0529	0.1154	0.0788	0.0430
	(34) p_B	0.3572	0.4208	0.4820	0.1416	0.0872	0.0492	0.1176	0.0724	0.0404
	(35) p_P	0.3471	0.4086	0.4886	0.1259	0.0808	0.0548	0.1271	0.0916	0.0680
Three oldest	(36) Estimate	-0.0038	-0.0002	0.0199	0.1212	0.1739	0.1985	0.1160	0.1669	0.1910
	(37) p_A	0.4839	0.4993	0.4224	0.0979	0.0319	0.0256	0.0965	0.0302	0.0223
	(38) p_B	0.4904	0.4984	0.4096	0.0912	0.0336	0.0240	0.0864	0.0296	0.0176
	(39) p_P	0.4550	0.4646	0.4602	0.0840	0.0312	0.0260	0.1084	0.0432	0.0376

Note: Row (1), Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4) through (39) contain alternative estimators of intergenerational treatment effects and the associated p -values. The subscripts A, B, and P for these p -values are associated with the asymptotic, bootstrap, and permutation tests, respectively. Rows (4) – (7) (betw. estim.) are associated with the between-effects estimator. Rows (8) – (11) (Heckman corr.) are associated with the Heckman two-step estimator for selection bias correction (without any exclusion restrictions). Rows (12) – (15) (series estim.) are associated with the series estimator for correcting selection bias, which uses the probability of having a child and its square as regressors in the outcome equation. Rows (16) – (19) (Lee bound) are associated with the lower limit of Lee bounds that partially identify the treatment effect adjusted for selection bias. Rows (20) – (23) (rand. effects) are associated with the random effects estimator. Rows (24) – (27) (pooled estim.) are associated with the pooled OLS estimator. Rows (28) – (31) (oldest child), (32) – (35) (two oldest), and (36) – (39) (three oldest) are associated with the between-effects estimator only using samples of oldest children, two oldest children, and three oldest children.

Table 22: Alternative Estimators of Effects on Pooled Children of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	79	76	73	80	77	74	80	77	74
	(02) Control	0.3226	0.3141	0.3158	0.1396	0.1396	0.1453	0.8558	0.8558	0.8538
	(03) Treatment	0.4629	0.4914	0.5386	0.2996	0.3059	0.3662	0.9454	0.9410	0.9352
Betw. estim.	(04) Estimate	0.1790	0.2309	0.2599	0.1810	0.1948	0.2539	0.1108	0.1072	0.1101
	(05) p_A	0.0183	0.0030	0.0027	0.0012	0.0003	0.0000	0.0352	0.0482	0.0528
	(06) p_B	0.0192	0.0020	0.0040	0.0032	0.0020	0.0004	0.0312	0.0476	0.0508
	(07) p_P	0.0228	0.0072	0.0056	0.0080	0.0040	0.0016	0.0196	0.0304	0.0304
Heckman corr.	(08) Estimate	0.1984	0.2887	0.4010	0.1904	0.2073	0.2738	0.1155	0.1256	0.1446
	(09) p_A	0.0348	0.0052	0.0017	0.0016	0.0005	0.0002	0.0467	0.0507	0.0422
	(10) p_B	0.0436	0.0124	0.0032	0.0040	0.0024	0.0008	0.0428	0.0560	0.0496
	(11) p_P	0.0224	0.0028	0.0008	0.0052	0.0032	0.0020	0.0284	0.0224	0.0136
Series estim.	(12) Estimate	0.1927	0.2955	0.4006	0.1827	0.2069	0.2664	0.1076	0.1203	0.1401
	(13) p_A	0.0527	0.0102	0.0046	0.0038	0.0013	0.0006	0.0660	0.0676	0.0551
	(14) p_B	0.0544	0.0168	0.0056	0.0064	0.0036	0.0020	0.0624	0.0800	0.0696
	(15) p_P	0.0328	0.0040	0.0008	0.0108	0.0052	0.0036	0.0392	0.0256	0.0140
Lee bound	(16) Estimate	0.1246	0.1275	0.1786	0.1670	0.1638	0.2163	0.0861	0.0395	0.0226
	(17) p_A	0.1227	0.1167	0.0572	0.0228	0.0212	0.0061	0.1456	0.3196	0.3905
	(18) p_B	0.1644	0.1056	0.0508	0.0232	0.0152	0.0072	0.1624	0.3020	0.3540
	(19) p_P	0.0452	0.0432	0.0408	0.0048	0.0052	0.0172	0.0260	0.1431	0.2123
Rand. effects	(20) Estimate	0.1953	0.2299	0.2394	0.2246	0.2342	0.2739	0.1308	0.1309	0.1248
	(21) p_A	0.0080	0.0028	0.0042	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	0.0279	0.0321	0.0487
	(22) p_B	0.0116	0.0028	0.0044	0.0008	0.0004	0.0004	0.0300	0.0360	0.0516
	(23) p_P	0.0132	0.0068	0.0084	0.0024	0.0020	0.0008	0.0160	0.0208	0.0288
Pooled estim.	(24) Estimate	0.2064	0.2377	0.2395	0.2246	0.2342	0.2787	0.1382	0.1390	0.1266
	(25) p_A	0.0052	0.0021	0.0045	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	0.0290	0.0325	0.0509
	(26) p_B	0.0092	0.0028	0.0048	0.0008	0.0004	0.0004	0.0304	0.0368	0.0516
	(27) p_P	0.0132	0.0056	0.0092	0.0024	0.0020	0.0008	0.0144	0.0196	0.0292
Oldest child	(28) Estimate	0.2628	0.3050	0.3169	0.1889	0.2076	0.2154	0.0900	0.0819	0.0848
	(29) p_A	0.0122	0.0050	0.0047	0.0393	0.0291	0.0293	0.1419	0.1802	0.1855
	(30) p_B	0.0120	0.0044	0.0048	0.0372	0.0288	0.0284	0.1460	0.1812	0.1792
	(31) p_P	0.0128	0.0052	0.0056	0.0424	0.0304	0.0344	0.1228	0.1555	0.1591
Two oldest	(32) Estimate	0.1670	0.1898	0.2262	0.1502	0.1567	0.2051	0.1073	0.1007	0.1045
	(33) p_A	0.0388	0.0240	0.0117	0.0171	0.0129	0.0036	0.0638	0.0874	0.0891
	(34) p_B	0.0352	0.0284	0.0116	0.0184	0.0148	0.0048	0.0600	0.0880	0.0888
	(35) p_P	0.0452	0.0328	0.0176	0.0324	0.0332	0.0180	0.0516	0.0700	0.0712
Three oldest	(36) Estimate	0.1475	0.1954	0.2215	0.1697	0.1802	0.2371	0.1093	0.1047	0.1066
	(37) p_A	0.0482	0.0135	0.0108	0.0037	0.0017	0.0003	0.0418	0.0576	0.0624
	(38) p_B	0.0484	0.0160	0.0096	0.0044	0.0024	0.0008	0.0364	0.0540	0.0560
	(39) p_P	0.0596	0.0216	0.0196	0.0144	0.0132	0.0052	0.0268	0.0364	0.0360

Note: Row (1), Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4) through (39) contain alternative estimators of intergenerational treatment effects and the associated p -values. The subscripts A, B, and P for these p -values are associated with the asymptotic, bootstrap, and permutation tests, respectively. Rows (4) – (7) (betw. estim.) are associated with the between-effects estimator. Rows (08) – (11) (Heckman corr.) are associated with the Heckman two-step estimator for selection bias correction (without any exclusion restrictions). Rows (12) – (15) (series estim.) are associated with the series estimator for correcting selection bias, which uses the probability of having a child and its square as regressors in the outcome equation. Rows (16) – (19) (Lee bound) are associated with the lower limit of Lee bounds that partially identify the treatment effect adjusted for selection bias. Rows (20) – (23) (rand. effects) are associated with the random effects estimator. Rows (24) – (27) (pooled estim.) are associated with the pooled OLS estimator. Rows (28) – (31) (oldest child), (32) – (35) (two oldest), and (36) – (39) (three oldest) are associated with the between-effects estimator only using samples of oldest children, two oldest children, and three oldest children.

Table 22: Alternative Estimators of Effects on Pooled Children of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	77	74	77	74	76	73	75	71	77	74
	(02) Control	0.1771	0.1838	0.1063	0.1239	0.6034	0.6171	0.3996	0.4086	0.9229	0.9274
	(03) Treatment	0.1559	0.1695	0.0815	0.0910	0.7018	0.6919	0.6131	0.5985	0.9180	0.9133
Betw. estim.	(04) Estimate	-0.0097	-0.0094	0.0099	0.0078	0.0848	0.0453	0.1744	0.1411	0.0155	0.0066
	(05) p_A	0.4315	0.4361	0.3975	0.4247	0.1859	0.3129	0.0389	0.0774	0.3722	0.4473
	(06) p_B	0.4424	0.4544	0.3888	0.4232	0.1924	0.3196	0.0404	0.0732	0.3840	0.4596
	(07) p_P	0.4170	0.4078	0.4366	0.4778	0.1823	0.3567	0.0416	0.0912	0.3902	0.4674
Heckman corr.	(08) Estimate	0.0095	0.0041	0.0138	0.0127	0.1444	0.1398	0.2141	0.2352	0.0365	0.0301
	(09) p_A	0.4428	0.4774	0.3772	0.4076	0.0968	0.1084	0.0376	0.0420	0.2712	0.3179
	(10) p_B	0.4844	0.4744	0.3716	0.3980	0.1380	0.1596	0.0496	0.0536	0.3324	0.4088
	(11) p_P	0.4570	0.4882	0.3970	0.4254	0.0732	0.0824	0.0288	0.0240	0.2399	0.2907
Series estim.	(12) Estimate	0.0040	-0.0038	0.0090	0.0051	0.1016	0.0922	0.1873	0.2042	0.0335	0.0253
	(13) p_A	0.4780	0.4811	0.4268	0.4660	0.1999	0.2282	0.0762	0.0832	0.2971	0.3520
	(14) p_B	0.4980	0.4720	0.4088	0.4232	0.1704	0.2044	0.0600	0.0676	0.3624	0.4252
	(15) p_P	0.4914	0.4634	0.4418	0.4786	0.1591	0.1955	0.0508	0.0492	0.2647	0.3247
Lee bound	(16) Estimate	-0.0269	-0.0330	0.0148	0.0261	0.0750	0.0477	0.1705	0.1576	0.0057	-0.0003
	(17) p_A	0.3783	0.3484	0.4217	0.3647	0.2469	0.3311	0.0758	0.1034	0.4694	0.4985
	(18) p_B	0.2484	0.2352	0.3628	0.3396	0.2804	0.3524	0.0896	0.1284	0.3748	0.4332
	(19) p_P	0.4826	0.4734	0.4378	0.4778	0.1188	0.2115	0.0272	0.0540	0.3403	0.2911
Rand. effects	(20) Estimate	0.0140	0.0247	0.0253	0.0312	0.0595	0.0287	0.1520	0.1133	0.0203	0.0036
	(21) p_A	0.3927	0.3232	0.2657	0.2361	0.2431	0.3713	0.0443	0.1071	0.3251	0.4705
	(22) p_B	0.3956	0.3416	0.2656	0.2552	0.2444	0.3700	0.0476	0.1092	0.3096	0.4616
	(23) p_P	0.4162	0.3531	0.2967	0.2811	0.2831	0.4270	0.0520	0.1287	0.3127	0.4674
Pooled estim.	(24) Estimate	0.0159	0.0247	0.0253	0.0312	0.0567	0.0265	0.1406	0.1002	0.0203	0.0036
	(25) p_A	0.3765	0.3215	0.2654	0.2358	0.2530	0.3811	0.0510	0.1313	0.3251	0.4705
	(26) p_B	0.3764	0.3300	0.2648	0.2436	0.2568	0.3820	0.0520	0.1232	0.3108	0.4644
	(27) p_P	0.3986	0.3531	0.2967	0.2811	0.3015	0.4326	0.0628	0.1491	0.3127	0.4674
Oldest child	(28) Estimate	-0.2456	-0.2604	-0.1243	-0.1303	-0.0947	-0.1531	-0.0262	-0.0783	-0.1458	-0.1556
	(29) p_A	0.0076	0.0068	0.0549	0.0554	0.2282	0.1107	0.4183	0.2689	0.0418	0.0407
	(30) p_B	0.0092	0.0088	0.0524	0.0524	0.2224	0.1128	0.4076	0.2624	0.0316	0.0312
	(31) p_P	0.0092	0.0072	0.0552	0.0540	0.1955	0.0876	0.3906	0.2471	0.0224	0.0208
Two oldest	(32) Estimate	-0.0513	-0.0527	-0.0351	-0.0395	0.0420	0.0109	0.0907	0.0651	-0.0301	-0.0319
	(33) p_A	0.2395	0.2421	0.2569	0.2454	0.3397	0.4566	0.1994	0.2735	0.3038	0.3025
	(34) p_B	0.2492	0.2532	0.2688	0.2556	0.3528	0.4716	0.2048	0.2852	0.2848	0.2816
	(35) p_P	0.2491	0.2447	0.2831	0.2671	0.3786	0.4746	0.2367	0.3175	0.2603	0.2611
Three oldest	(36) Estimate	-0.0320	-0.0294	-0.0129	-0.0128	0.0732	0.0324	0.1514	0.1188	0.0020	0.0013
	(37) p_A	0.3025	0.3239	0.3840	0.3937	0.2296	0.3699	0.0713	0.1250	0.4858	0.4911
	(38) p_B	0.3252	0.3388	0.3896	0.3976	0.2400	0.3800	0.0740	0.1312	0.4960	0.4984
	(39) p_P	0.3099	0.3199	0.3942	0.3878	0.2495	0.4234	0.0760	0.1507	0.4894	0.4862

Note: Row (1), Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4) through (39) contain alternative estimators of intergenerational treatment effects and the associated p -values. The subscripts A, B, and P for these p -values are associated with the asymptotic, bootstrap, and permutation tests, respectively. Rows (4) – (7) (betw. estim.) are associated with the between-effects estimator. Rows (08) – (11) (Heckman corr.) are associated with the Heckman two-step estimator for selection bias correction (without any exclusion restrictions). Rows (12) – (15) (series estim.) are associated with the series estimator for correcting selection bias, which uses the probability of having a child and its square as regressors in the outcome equation. Rows (16) – (19) (Lee bound) are associated with the lower limit of Lee bounds that partially identify the treatment effect adjusted for selection bias. Rows (20) – (23) (rand. effects) are associated with the random effects estimator. Rows (24) – (27) (pooled estim.) are associated with the pooled OLS estimator. Rows (28) – (31) (oldest child), (32) – (35) (two oldest), and (36) – (39) (three oldest) are associated with the between-effects estimator only using samples of oldest children, two oldest children, and three oldest children.

Table 22: Alternative Estimators of Effects on Pooled Children of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Summary	(01) Obs.	76	73	75	71	79	70	80	76	77	72
	(02) Control	0.6034	0.6171	0.3996	0.4086	0.7592	0.4677	0.3204	0.3154	0.0500	0.0811
	(03) Treatment	0.6883	0.6776	0.5995	0.5838	0.7329	0.4275	0.4254	0.4452	0.2132	0.2459
Betw. estim.	(04) Estimate	0.0723	0.0322	0.1619	0.1279	-0.0656	0.0335	0.0211	0.0907	0.1543	0.1641
	(05) p_A	0.2206	0.3626	0.0487	0.0949	0.1815	0.3921	0.4084	0.1436	0.0165	0.0089
	(06) p_B	0.2244	0.3708	0.0468	0.0968	0.1828	0.3912	0.4256	0.1560	0.0192	0.0108
	(07) p_P	0.2263	0.4158	0.0504	0.1136	0.1887	0.3874	0.4354	0.1587	0.0176	0.0152
Heckman corr.	(08) Estimate	0.1347	0.1298	0.2044	0.2252	-0.0589	0.0144	0.0202	0.0784	0.1461	0.1427
	(09) p_A	0.1116	0.1239	0.0438	0.0478	0.2531	0.4978	0.4218	0.2070	0.0243	0.0251
	(10) p_B	0.1596	0.1804	0.0564	0.0620	0.2068	0.4268	0.4248	0.2328	0.0228	0.0252
	(11) p_P	0.0824	0.1000	0.0328	0.0268	0.2399	0.4358	0.4402	0.2131	0.0264	0.0336
Series estim.	(12) Estimate	0.0942	0.0846	0.1799	0.1966	-0.0780	0.0421	0.0136	0.0736	0.1433	0.1366
	(13) p_A	0.2172	0.2460	0.0846	0.0909	0.2076	0.4990	0.4503	0.2327	0.0332	0.0365
	(14) p_B	0.1908	0.2272	0.0676	0.0736	0.1940	0.4100	0.4384	0.2584	0.0308	0.0332
	(15) p_P	0.1791	0.2199	0.0576	0.0500	0.1915	0.3503	0.4770	0.2387	0.0408	0.0400
Lee bound	(16) Estimate	0.0623	0.0347	0.1578	0.1446	-0.0213	-0.0496	0.0926	0.1246	0.1625	0.1488
	(17) p_A	0.2848	0.3751	0.0918	0.1228	0.4174	0.4985	0.1960	0.1125	0.0320	0.0467
	(18) p_B	0.3216	0.3976	0.1092	0.1488	0.4364	0.4776	0.2388	0.1604	0.0400	0.0532
	(19) p_P	0.1531	0.2551	0.0344	0.0644	0.2363	0.2543	0.1040	0.0428	0.0068	0.0120
Rand. effects	(20) Estimate	0.0484	0.0169	0.1397	0.0999	-0.0799	0.0284	0.0239	0.0921	0.1625	0.1650
	(21) p_A	0.2829	0.4218	0.0552	0.1310	0.1277	0.4077	0.3948	0.1403	0.0141	0.0089
	(22) p_B	0.2764	0.4172	0.0568	0.1344	0.1212	0.4064	0.4072	0.1532	0.0144	0.0104
	(23) p_P	0.3239	0.4814	0.0656	0.1575	0.1355	0.4002	0.4070	0.1531	0.0168	0.0148
Pooled estim.	(24) Estimate	0.0471	0.0159	0.1310	0.0897	-0.0797	0.0078	0.0329	0.1171	0.1727	0.1722
	(25) p_A	0.2881	0.4270	0.0608	0.1536	0.1296	0.4753	0.3584	0.0934	0.0119	0.0120
	(26) p_B	0.2860	0.4252	0.0612	0.1468	0.1236	0.4644	0.3792	0.1112	0.0112	0.0104
	(27) p_P	0.3339	0.4818	0.0712	0.1755	0.1371	0.4742	0.3699	0.1024	0.0232	0.0324
Oldest child	(28) Estimate	-0.1256	-0.1859	-0.0553	-0.1091	-0.0919	0.1056	-0.0826	0.0247	0.0544	0.1954
	(29) p_A	0.1637	0.0706	0.3297	0.1910	0.1772	0.2014	0.2202	0.3859	0.2538	0.0044
	(30) p_B	0.1580	0.0756	0.3240	0.1740	0.1868	0.1980	0.2048	0.4120	0.2664	0.0060
	(31) p_P	0.1327	0.0576	0.3003	0.1767	0.1563	0.2127	0.1687	0.4082	0.2667	0.0104
Two oldest	(32) Estimate	0.0295	-0.0022	0.0782	0.0518	-0.0443	0.1031	-0.0114	0.0608	0.1077	0.1759
	(33) p_A	0.3849	0.4910	0.2308	0.3132	0.2981	0.2010	0.4534	0.2367	0.0851	0.0059
	(34) p_B	0.3912	0.4788	0.2372	0.3296	0.3036	0.2096	0.4304	0.2544	0.0820	0.0088
	(35) p_P	0.4310	0.4306	0.2675	0.3567	0.2831	0.2023	0.4218	0.2627	0.0856	0.0132
Three oldest	(36) Estimate	0.0607	0.0192	0.1389	0.1056	-0.0605	0.0600	-0.0153	0.0809	0.1402	0.1695
	(37) p_A	0.2675	0.4208	0.0866	0.1496	0.2077	0.3139	0.4345	0.1712	0.0259	0.0076
	(38) p_B	0.2792	0.4328	0.0904	0.1648	0.2108	0.3200	0.4128	0.1824	0.0272	0.0100
	(39) p_P	0.2963	0.4786	0.0924	0.1767	0.2067	0.3159	0.4066	0.1907	0.0312	0.0160

Note: Row (1), Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4) through (39) contain alternative estimators of intergenerational treatment effects and the associated p -values. The subscripts A, B, and P for these p -values are associated with the asymptotic, bootstrap, and permutation tests, respectively. Rows (4) – (7) (betw. estim.) are associated with the between-effects estimator. Rows (08) – (11) (Heckman corr.) are associated with the Heckman two-step estimator for selection bias correction (without any exclusion restrictions). Rows (12) – (15) (series estim.) are associated with the series estimator for correcting selection bias, which uses the probability of having a child and its square as regressors in the outcome equation. Rows (16) – (19) (Lee bound) are associated with the lower limit of Lee bounds that partially identify the treatment effect adjusted for selection bias. Rows (20) – (23) (rand. effects) are associated with the random effects estimator. Rows (24) – (27) (pooled estim.) are associated with the pooled OLS estimator. Rows (28) – (31) (oldest child), (32) – (35) (two oldest), and (36) – (39) (three oldest) are associated with the between-effects estimator only using samples of oldest child, two oldest children, and three oldest children.

Table 23: Alternative Estimators of Effects on Male Children of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -sponded	Never Su -sponded	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Summary	(01) Obs.	52	51	57	56	54	53	57	56	53	52
	(02) Control	0.3500	0.3100	0.6722	0.6889	0.2809	0.2623	0.7833	0.8000	0.2917	0.2724
	(03) Treatment	0.5833	0.5673	0.6574	0.6442	0.4969	0.4776	0.8210	0.8141	0.5370	0.5192
Betw. estim.	(04) Estimate	0.2099	0.2252	-0.0079	-0.0256	0.1636	0.1695	0.0334	0.0206	0.1899	0.1975
	(05) p_A	0.0465	0.0356	0.4731	0.4126	0.0831	0.0763	0.3590	0.4116	0.0575	0.0517
	(06) p_B	0.0496	0.0388	0.4592	0.3944	0.0844	0.0808	0.3620	0.4128	0.0636	0.0584
	(07) p_P	0.0456	0.0436	0.4494	0.3994	0.1060	0.1028	0.3902	0.4330	0.0708	0.0684
Heckman corr.	(08) Estimate	0.1813	0.2237	0.0188	-0.0053	0.1439	0.1800	0.0532	0.0555	0.1666	0.2065
	(09) p_A	0.4161	0.4419	0.4606	0.4882	0.4611	0.4514	0.3893	0.3820	0.4553	0.4447
	(10) p_B	0.1692	0.1800	0.4760	0.4760	0.1708	0.1500	0.3556	0.3628	0.1576	0.1448
	(11) p_P	0.1216	0.0784	0.4798	0.4626	0.1783	0.1271	0.3323	0.3187	0.1331	0.0832
Series estim.	(12) Estimate	0.1805	0.2263	0.0252	0.0097	0.1307	0.1647	0.0545	0.0698	0.1533	0.1911
	(13) p_A	0.4150	0.4400	0.4494	0.4798	0.4632	0.4537	0.3947	0.3639	0.4574	0.4474
	(14) p_B	0.1728	0.1892	0.4584	0.4932	0.1876	0.1648	0.3712	0.3808	0.1628	0.1524
	(15) p_P	0.1307	0.0852	0.4478	0.4878	0.2147	0.1567	0.3307	0.2679	0.1707	0.1156
Lee bound	(16) Estimate	0.1054	0.1224	-0.0140	-0.0362	0.1325	0.1069	0.0249	0.0178	0.1606	0.1357
	(17) p_A	0.4266	0.4475	0.4689	0.4194	0.4340	0.4474	0.4497	0.4640	0.4229	0.4357
	(18) p_B	0.3100	0.3184	0.4200	0.4664	0.2352	0.2612	0.4724	0.3840	0.2088	0.2336
	(19) p_P	0.1679	0.1415	0.3347	0.2795	0.1236	0.1659	0.2995	0.4194	0.0828	0.1160
Rand. effects	(20) Estimate	0.2464	0.2561	0.0159	0.0064	0.1533	0.1607	0.0557	0.0509	0.1878	0.1963
	(21) p_A	0.0161	0.0142	0.4439	0.4771	0.0879	0.0793	0.2766	0.2934	0.0521	0.0472
	(22) p_B	0.0244	0.0220	0.4520	0.4864	0.0904	0.0836	0.2964	0.3120	0.0604	0.0576
	(23) p_P	0.0188	0.0184	0.4734	0.4998	0.1208	0.1160	0.2983	0.3079	0.0692	0.0624
Pooled estim.	(24) Estimate	0.2466	0.2609	0.0268	0.0236	0.1440	0.1526	0.0557	0.0509	0.1870	0.1964
	(25) p_A	0.0159	0.0125	0.4074	0.4186	0.1039	0.0927	0.2770	0.2939	0.0557	0.0499
	(26) p_B	0.0244	0.0212	0.4208	0.4388	0.1056	0.0948	0.2956	0.3108	0.0680	0.0632
	(27) p_P	0.0188	0.0184	0.4338	0.4434	0.1395	0.1275	0.2983	0.3079	0.0756	0.0688
Oldest child	(28) Estimate	0.0896	0.0896	0.0853	0.0853	0.1306	0.1306	0.0325	0.0325	0.0896	0.0896
	(29) p_A	0.3524	0.3524	0.3040	0.3040	0.2606	0.2606	0.4045	0.4045	0.3524	0.3524
	(30) p_B	0.2992	0.2992	0.2836	0.2836	0.2168	0.2168	0.4416	0.4416	0.2992	0.2992
	(31) p_P	0.3207	0.3207	0.3207	0.3207	0.2471	0.2471	0.4018	0.4018	0.3207	0.3207
Two oldest	(32) Estimate	0.0518	0.0616	-0.0363	-0.0440	0.0319	0.0319	-0.0154	-0.0231	0.0531	0.0531
	(33) p_A	0.3714	0.3469	0.3962	0.3729	0.4126	0.4126	0.4455	0.4165	0.3645	0.3645
	(34) p_B	0.3552	0.3332	0.3828	0.3556	0.3972	0.3972	0.4492	0.4252	0.3464	0.3464
	(35) p_P	0.3719	0.3523	0.3675	0.3523	0.4346	0.4346	0.3882	0.3615	0.3802	0.3802
Three oldest	(36) Estimate	0.1420	0.1731	-0.0748	-0.0806	0.0879	0.1103	-0.0512	-0.0570	0.1084	0.1324
	(37) p_A	0.1515	0.1026	0.2704	0.2525	0.2535	0.2031	0.2956	0.2706	0.2103	0.1640
	(38) p_B	0.1476	0.0972	0.2524	0.2356	0.2420	0.1960	0.2880	0.2664	0.2060	0.1560
	(39) p_P	0.1431	0.1064	0.2623	0.2499	0.2895	0.2427	0.2647	0.2419	0.2271	0.1791

Note: Row (1), Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4) through (39) contain alternative estimators of intergenerational treatment effects and the associated p -values. The subscripts A, B, and P for these p -values are associated with the asymptotic, bootstrap, and permutation tests, respectively. Rows (4) – (7) (betw. estim.) are associated with the between-effects estimator. Rows (08) – (11) (Heckman corr.) are associated with the Heckman two-step estimator for selection bias correction (without any exclusion restrictions). Rows (12) – (15) (series estim.) are associated with the series estimator for correcting selection bias, which uses the probability of having a child and its square as regressors in the outcome equation. Rows (16) – (19) (Lee bound) are associated with the lower limit of Lee bounds that partially identify the treatment effect adjusted for selection bias. Rows (20) – (23) (rand. effects) are associated with the random effects estimator. Rows (24) – (27) (pooled estim.) are associated with the pooled OLS estimator. Rows (28) – (31) (oldest child), (32) – (35) (two oldest), and (36) – (39) (three oldest) are associated with the between-effects estimator only using samples of oldest children, two oldest children, and three oldest children.

Table 23: Alternative Estimators of Effects on Male Children of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Attended College	Attended College	Attended College	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	57	56	53	55	54	51	56	55	52
	(02) Control	0.1944	0.2111	0.1905	0.4613	0.4435	0.4776	0.3966	0.3793	0.4074
	(03) Treatment	0.3981	0.3750	0.3900	0.5988	0.6218	0.6667	0.5278	0.5481	0.5900
Betw. estim.	(04) Estimate	0.1622	0.1287	0.1860	0.1277	0.1703	0.1631	0.1039	0.1420	0.1404
	(05) p_A	0.0720	0.1328	0.0647	0.1661	0.0955	0.1039	0.2054	0.1296	0.1298
	(06) p_B	0.0728	0.1328	0.0568	0.1608	0.0904	0.0956	0.1916	0.1256	0.1260
	(07) p_P	0.0664	0.1287	0.0656	0.1799	0.1220	0.1435	0.2319	0.1647	0.1855
Heckman corr.	(08) Estimate	0.2569	0.1905	0.2965	0.1368	0.2177	0.2360	0.1170	0.1903	0.2106
	(09) p_A	0.0297	0.0873	0.0611	0.3550	0.2652	0.2729	0.3074	0.2174	0.2196
	(10) p_B	0.0220	0.0736	0.0320	0.2276	0.1380	0.1448	0.2796	0.1792	0.1864
	(11) p_P	0.0132	0.0608	0.0188	0.1883	0.0836	0.0804	0.2271	0.1136	0.1064
Series estim.	(12) Estimate	0.2579	0.2092	0.3274	0.1272	0.2363	0.2435	0.1005	0.2027	0.2145
	(13) p_A	0.0363	0.0809	0.0484	0.3797	0.2695	0.2822	0.3383	0.2198	0.2295
	(14) p_B	0.0300	0.0780	0.0372	0.2540	0.1604	0.1676	0.3044	0.2024	0.1992
	(15) p_P	0.0160	0.0520	0.0144	0.2123	0.0780	0.0840	0.2543	0.1104	0.1116
Lee bound	(16) Estimate	0.2377	0.1685	0.2135	0.1336	0.1407	0.1334	0.1225	0.1295	0.1387
	(17) p_A	0.0437	0.1146	0.1001	0.3571	0.3467	0.3704	0.2938	0.2808	0.2822
	(18) p_B	0.0488	0.0864	0.0536	0.2368	0.1728	0.1932	0.2820	0.2056	0.2148
	(19) p_P	0.0108	0.0436	0.0412	0.1176	0.1128	0.1551	0.1383	0.1303	0.1507
Rand. effects	(20) Estimate	0.2166	0.1952	0.2250	0.1525	0.1846	0.1738	0.1318	0.1611	0.1541
	(21) p_A	0.0176	0.0339	0.0232	0.1140	0.0713	0.0862	0.1424	0.0954	0.1066
	(22) p_B	0.0204	0.0408	0.0244	0.1108	0.0668	0.0780	0.1396	0.0952	0.1080
	(23) p_P	0.0184	0.0344	0.0232	0.1232	0.0896	0.1212	0.1683	0.1283	0.1559
Pooled estim.	(24) Estimate	0.2234	0.2095	0.2421	0.1731	0.1963	0.1846	0.1590	0.1804	0.1705
	(25) p_A	0.0147	0.0235	0.0145	0.0858	0.0611	0.0795	0.1043	0.0776	0.0961
	(26) p_B	0.0184	0.0332	0.0172	0.0832	0.0600	0.0784	0.1068	0.0792	0.0960
	(27) p_P	0.0160	0.0224	0.0148	0.0980	0.0784	0.1072	0.1275	0.1060	0.1363
Oldest child	(28) Estimate	0.0778	0.0778	0.1557	0.1978	0.1978	0.1541	0.2871	0.2871	0.2540
	(29) p_A	0.3561	0.3561	0.2406	0.2031	0.2031	0.2701	0.1079	0.1079	0.1519
	(30) p_B	0.3664	0.3664	0.2208	0.1488	0.1488	0.2188	0.0832	0.0832	0.1172
	(31) p_P	0.3615	0.3615	0.2215	0.2067	0.2067	0.2839	0.1192	0.1192	0.1619
Two oldest	(32) Estimate	0.0631	0.0631	0.1322	0.1360	0.1360	0.1465	0.0925	0.0925	0.1010
	(33) p_A	0.3136	0.3136	0.1731	0.1760	0.1760	0.1597	0.2560	0.2560	0.2335
	(34) p_B	0.3204	0.3204	0.1636	0.1740	0.1740	0.1568	0.2460	0.2460	0.2304
	(35) p_P	0.3115	0.3115	0.1719	0.1955	0.1955	0.1991	0.2799	0.2799	0.2895
Three oldest	(36) Estimate	0.1514	0.1301	0.1923	0.1337	0.1550	0.1681	0.0812	0.1025	0.1141
	(37) p_A	0.0991	0.1424	0.0669	0.1587	0.1242	0.1012	0.2703	0.2213	0.1896
	(38) p_B	0.0932	0.1384	0.0600	0.1492	0.1148	0.0900	0.2628	0.2148	0.1828
	(39) p_P	0.1024	0.1495	0.0692	0.1867	0.1523	0.1415	0.3051	0.2563	0.2559

Note: Row (1), Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4) through (39) contain alternative estimators of intergenerational treatment effects and the associated p -values. The subscripts A, B, and P for these p -values are associated with the asymptotic, bootstrap, and permutation tests, respectively. Rows (4) – (7) (betw. estim.) are associated with the between-effects estimator. Rows (8) – (11) (Heckman corr.) are associated with the Heckman two-step estimator for selection bias correction (without any exclusion restrictions). Rows (12) – (15) (series estim.) are associated with the series estimator for correcting selection bias, which uses the probability of having a child and its square as regressors in the outcome equation. Rows (16) – (19) (Lee bound) are associated with the lower limit of Lee bounds that partially identify the treatment effect adjusted for selection bias. Rows (20) – (23) (rand. effects) are associated with the random effects estimator. Rows (24) – (27) (pooled estim.) are associated with the pooled OLS estimator. Rows (28) – (31) (oldest child), (32) – (35) (two oldest), and (36) – (39) (three oldest) are associated with the between-effects estimator only using samples of oldest children, two oldest children, and three oldest children.

Table 23: Alternative Estimators of Effects on Male Children of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	56	55	52	57	56	53	57	56	53
	(02) Control	0.3276	0.3103	0.3333	0.0333	0.0333	0.0357	0.8167	0.8167	0.8393
	(03) Treatment	0.4784	0.4968	0.5367	0.2747	0.2853	0.3367	0.9383	0.9359	0.9333
Betw. estim.	(04) Estimate	0.1361	0.1720	0.1739	0.2391	0.2498	0.2896	0.1436	0.1411	0.1195
	(05) p_A	0.1390	0.0849	0.0870	0.0043	0.0029	0.0019	0.0438	0.0476	0.0843
	(06) p_B	0.1372	0.0856	0.0912	0.0048	0.0028	0.0020	0.0444	0.0484	0.0868
	(07) p_P	0.1583	0.1152	0.1359	0.0020	0.0016	0.0020	0.0456	0.0528	0.0848
Heckman corr.	(08) Estimate	0.1626	0.2169	0.2609	0.2846	0.2558	0.3063	0.1802	0.2020	0.1829
	(09) p_A	0.2444	0.1860	0.1753	0.0082	0.0087	0.0139	0.3297	0.2566	0.2867
	(10) p_B	0.1804	0.1200	0.1156	0.0060	0.0100	0.0092	0.0440	0.0444	0.0912
	(11) p_P	0.1447	0.0852	0.0580	0.0016	0.0028	0.0048	0.0316	0.0184	0.0320
Series estim.	(12) Estimate	0.1513	0.2311	0.2690	0.2756	0.2653	0.3197	0.1802	0.2131	0.1832
	(13) p_A	0.2658	0.1859	0.1819	0.0143	0.0112	0.0145	0.3524	0.2785	0.3102
	(14) p_B	0.2020	0.1388	0.1264	0.0100	0.0116	0.0120	0.0520	0.0536	0.1056
	(15) p_P	0.1767	0.0740	0.0616	0.0020	0.0040	0.0044	0.0252	0.0116	0.0268
Lee bound	(16) Estimate	0.1576	0.1488	0.1605	0.2780	0.2702	0.3169	0.1445	0.1019	0.0683
	(17) p_A	0.2448	0.2545	0.2556	0.0101	0.0095	0.0067	0.3611	0.3923	0.4292
	(18) p_B	0.2036	0.1476	0.1500	0.0060	0.0048	0.0056	0.1168	0.1756	0.2696
	(19) p_P	0.0952	0.1152	0.1259	0.0004	0.0004	0.0140	0.0316	0.0756	0.1507
Rand. effects	(20) Estimate	0.1584	0.1870	0.1816	0.2780	0.2826	0.2986	0.1695	0.1720	0.1579
	(21) p_A	0.0990	0.0644	0.0758	0.0004	0.0004	0.0005	0.0286	0.0290	0.0468
	(22) p_B	0.0988	0.0672	0.0800	0.0016	0.0016	0.0032	0.0292	0.0316	0.0624
	(23) p_P	0.1184	0.0900	0.1192	0.0008	0.0008	0.0008	0.0196	0.0240	0.0396
Pooled estim.	(24) Estimate	0.1722	0.1943	0.1843	0.2780	0.2826	0.2974	0.1807	0.1824	0.1637
	(25) p_A	0.0887	0.0650	0.0835	0.0004	0.0004	0.0005	0.0233	0.0241	0.0434
	(26) p_B	0.0864	0.0660	0.0784	0.0012	0.0012	0.0016	0.0224	0.0256	0.0532
	(27) p_P	0.1052	0.0844	0.1144	0.0008	0.0008	0.0012	0.0184	0.0212	0.0404
Oldest child	(28) Estimate	0.3186	0.3186	0.2989	0.2855	0.2855	0.3011	0.1152	0.1152	0.1275
	(29) p_A	0.0708	0.0708	0.1020	0.0259	0.0259	0.0300	0.1981	0.1981	0.2107
	(30) p_B	0.0628	0.0628	0.0892	0.0196	0.0196	0.0220	0.2620	0.2620	0.2616
	(31) p_P	0.0960	0.0960	0.1216	0.0432	0.0432	0.0480	0.1827	0.1827	0.1811
Two oldest	(32) Estimate	0.1396	0.1396	0.1525	0.1814	0.1814	0.2270	0.1409	0.1409	0.1507
	(33) p_A	0.1546	0.1546	0.1355	0.0296	0.0296	0.0177	0.1118	0.1118	0.1094
	(34) p_B	0.1556	0.1556	0.1396	0.0280	0.0280	0.0132	0.1264	0.1264	0.1212
	(35) p_P	0.1843	0.1843	0.1867	0.0220	0.0220	0.0192	0.1188	0.1188	0.1144
Three oldest	(36) Estimate	0.1051	0.1264	0.1402	0.2368	0.2368	0.2816	0.1200	0.1200	0.1273
	(37) p_A	0.2164	0.1737	0.1507	0.0075	0.0075	0.0041	0.0808	0.0808	0.0790
	(38) p_B	0.2228	0.1764	0.1540	0.0060	0.0060	0.0028	0.0868	0.0868	0.0828
	(39) p_P	0.2595	0.2147	0.2091	0.0060	0.0060	0.0068	0.0836	0.0836	0.0812

Note: Row (1), Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4) through (39) contain alternative estimators of intergenerational treatment effects and the associated p -values. The subscripts A, B, and P for these p -values are associated with the asymptotic, bootstrap, and permutation tests, respectively. Rows (4) – (7) (betw. estim.) are associated with the between-effects estimator. Rows (08) – (11) (Heckman corr.) are associated with the Heckman two-step estimator for selection bias correction (without any exclusion restrictions). Rows (12) – (15) (series estim.) are associated with the series estimator for correcting selection bias, which uses the probability of having a child and its square as regressors in the outcome equation. Rows (16) – (19) (Lee bound) are associated with the lower limit of Lee bounds that partially identify the treatment effect adjusted for selection bias. Rows (20) – (23) (rand. effects) are associated with the random effects estimator. Rows (24) – (27) (pooled estim.) are associated with the pooled OLS estimator. Rows (28) – (31) (oldest child), (32) – (35) (two oldest), and (36) – (39) (three oldest) are associated with the between-effects estimator only using samples of oldest children, two oldest children, and three oldest children.

Table 23: Alternative Estimators of Effects on Male Children of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	56	53	56	53	54	51	53	49	55	52
	(02) Control	0.0333	0.0357	0.0333	0.0357	0.3512	0.3782	0.2160	0.2333	0.8621	0.8889
	(03) Treatment	0.1090	0.1133	0.0962	0.1000	0.4872	0.4867	0.4103	0.4028	0.8942	0.8900
Betw. estim.	(04) Estimate	0.0621	0.0611	0.0521	0.0513	0.0688	0.0347	0.1040	0.0763	0.0406	0.0083
	(05) p_A	0.1686	0.1845	0.2127	0.2280	0.2886	0.3925	0.1860	0.2664	0.3120	0.4594
	(06) p_B	0.1752	0.1864	0.2152	0.2260	0.2880	0.3932	0.1948	0.2728	0.3008	0.4556
	(07) p_P	0.1419	0.1711	0.1891	0.2167	0.3271	0.4514	0.2231	0.3191	0.3147	0.4762
Heckman corr.	(08) Estimate	0.1196	0.1298	0.0977	0.1058	0.1099	0.1354	0.0965	0.1234	0.0607	0.0165
	(09) p_A	0.0922	0.1447	0.1419	0.1958	0.2836	0.3045	0.3319	0.3570	0.3481	0.4635
	(10) p_B	0.0540	0.0448	0.0968	0.0848	0.2796	0.2744	0.2868	0.2816	0.2276	0.3708
	(11) p_P	0.0472	0.0344	0.0780	0.0648	0.2519	0.2159	0.2787	0.2383	0.2407	0.4474
Series estim.	(12) Estimate	0.1447	0.1570	0.1165	0.1266	0.0890	0.1097	0.0948	0.1169	0.0920	0.0356
	(13) p_A	0.0551	0.0982	0.0996	0.1494	0.3338	0.3466	0.3469	0.3738	0.2898	0.4246
	(14) p_B	0.0548	0.0476	0.0964	0.0848	0.2960	0.2884	0.2920	0.2912	0.2380	0.3664
	(15) p_P	0.0256	0.0168	0.0484	0.0416	0.2987	0.2715	0.2795	0.2555	0.1427	0.3527
Lee bound	(16) Estimate	0.1205	0.1199	0.0995	0.0983	0.0837	0.0861	0.1282	0.1417	0.0301	0.0020
	(17) p_A	0.1195	0.1229	0.1695	0.1751	0.3281	0.4066	0.2881	0.4041	0.4246	0.4951
	(18) p_B	0.0412	0.0352	0.0784	0.0692	0.3300	0.3544	0.2256	0.2588	0.2692	0.3796
	(19) p_P	0.0144	0.0276	0.0344	0.0500	0.2099	0.2395	0.1232	0.1331	0.4698	0.3315
Rand. effects	(20) Estimate	0.0978	0.1040	0.0754	0.0787	0.0610	0.0268	0.1005	0.0708	0.0034	-0.0315
	(21) p_A	0.0687	0.0669	0.1265	0.1291	0.3015	0.4126	0.1861	0.2732	0.4829	0.3402
	(22) p_B	0.0948	0.0972	0.1631	0.1647	0.3036	0.4156	0.1948	0.2788	0.4452	0.3794
	(23) p_P	0.0632	0.0660	0.1148	0.1236	0.3451	0.4626	0.2271	0.3235	0.4866	0.3415
Pooled estim.	(24) Estimate	0.0983	0.1040	0.0836	0.0883	0.0559	0.0233	0.0917	0.0615	-0.0003	-0.0315
	(25) p_A	0.0597	0.0586	0.0896	0.0890	0.3144	0.4228	0.2062	0.2975	0.4983	0.3346
	(26) p_B	0.0664	0.0628	0.0976	0.0952	0.3048	0.4188	0.1924	0.2864	0.4644	0.3580
	(27) p_P	0.0632	0.0660	0.0956	0.1032	0.3555	0.4646	0.2507	0.3427	0.4934	0.3415
Oldest child	(28) Estimate	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0715	-0.0406	0.0796	-0.0110	-0.2330	-0.2540
	(29) p_A	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.3835	0.4371	0.3477	0.4799	0.0318	0.0397
	(30) p_B	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2996	0.4996	0.2940	0.4944	0.0292	0.0328
	(31) p_P	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3563	0.4002	0.3299	0.4810	0.0396	0.0428
Two oldest	(32) Estimate	0.0114	0.0107	0.0095	0.0086	0.0028	-0.0278	0.0059	-0.0224	-0.1434	-0.1493
	(33) p_A	0.4362	0.4425	0.4445	0.4516	0.4922	0.4233	0.4829	0.4375	0.0543	0.0571
	(34) p_B	0.4416	0.4432	0.4480	0.4504	0.4944	0.4204	0.4908	0.4184	0.0652	0.0668
	(35) p_P	0.4350	0.4462	0.4490	0.4582	0.4802	0.3743	0.4970	0.4194	0.0384	0.0396
Three oldest	(36) Estimate	0.0109	0.0107	0.0011	0.0006	0.0556	0.0321	0.0850	0.0654	-0.0128	-0.0098
	(37) p_A	0.4321	0.4353	0.4929	0.4966	0.3363	0.4053	0.2505	0.3081	0.4444	0.4598
	(38) p_B	0.4108	0.4096	0.4872	0.4892	0.3448	0.4072	0.2628	0.3172	0.4524	0.4672
	(39) p_P	0.4346	0.4406	0.4882	0.4994	0.3715	0.4558	0.2839	0.3519	0.4310	0.4450

Note: Row (1), Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4) through (39) contain alternative estimators of intergenerational treatment effects and the associated p -values. The subscripts A, B, and P for these p -values are associated with the asymptotic, bootstrap, and permutation tests, respectively. Rows (4) – (7) (betw. estim.) are associated with the between-effects estimator. Rows (08) – (11) (Heckman corr.) are associated with the Heckman two-step estimator for selection bias correction (without any exclusion restrictions). Rows (12) – (15) (series estim.) are associated with the series estimator for correcting selection bias, which uses the probability of having a child and its square as regressors in the outcome equation. Rows (16) – (19) (Lee bound) are associated with the lower limit of Lee bounds that partially identify the treatment effect adjusted for selection bias. Rows (20) – (23) (rand. effects) are associated with the random effects estimator. Rows (24) – (27) (pooled estim.) are associated with the pooled OLS estimator. Rows (28) – (31) (oldest child), (32) – (35) (two oldest), and (36) – (39) (three oldest) are associated with the between-effects estimator only using samples of oldest children, two oldest children, and three oldest children.

Table 23: Alternative Estimators of Effects on Male Children of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Summary	(01) Obs.	54	51	53	49	56	48	57	56	56	54
	(02) Control	0.3512	0.3782	0.2160	0.2333	0.7816	0.4236	0.3500	0.3062	0.0333	0.0481
	(03) Treatment	0.4872	0.4867	0.4103	0.4028	0.7778	0.4653	0.3951	0.4259	0.2115	0.2512
Betw. estim.	(04) Estimate	0.0688	0.0347	0.1040	0.0763	-0.0849	0.1070	-0.0870	0.0141	0.1462	0.1746
	(05) p_A	0.2886	0.3925	0.1860	0.2664	0.1844	0.2377	0.2240	0.4492	0.0493	0.0290
	(06) p_B	0.2880	0.3932	0.1948	0.2728	0.2008	0.2436	0.2144	0.4744	0.0476	0.0312
	(07) p_P	0.3271	0.4514	0.2231	0.3191	0.2011	0.2307	0.2283	0.4330	0.0572	0.0244
Heckman corr.	(08) Estimate	0.1099	0.1354	0.0965	0.1234	-0.0359	-0.0447	-0.0892	0.0487	0.1353	0.1790
	(09) p_A	0.2836	0.3045	0.3319	0.3570	0.4287	0.4765	0.3657	0.4249	0.1460	0.0922
	(10) p_B	0.2796	0.2744	0.2868	0.2816	0.3784	0.4904	0.2468	0.4104	0.0728	0.0780
	(11) p_P	0.2519	0.2159	0.2787	0.2383	0.3707	0.4174	0.2559	0.3171	0.0692	0.0312
Series estim.	(12) Estimate	0.0890	0.1097	0.0948	0.1169	-0.0360	-0.0353	-0.1012	0.0440	0.1301	0.1750
	(13) p_A	0.3338	0.3466	0.3469	0.3738	0.4340	0.4817	0.3649	0.4387	0.1660	0.1059
	(14) p_B	0.2960	0.2884	0.2920	0.2912	0.3816	0.4888	0.2444	0.4192	0.0896	0.0848
	(15) p_P	0.2987	0.2715	0.2795	0.2555	0.3774	0.4438	0.2339	0.3487	0.0820	0.0352
Lee bound	(16) Estimate	0.0837	0.0861	0.1282	0.1417	0.0339	-0.0507	0.0105	0.1237	0.1645	0.1861
	(17) p_A	0.3281	0.4066	0.2881	0.4041	0.4347	0.4681	0.4842	0.3137	0.1503	0.1174
	(18) p_B	0.3300	0.3544	0.2256	0.2588	0.4752	0.4492	0.4288	0.2132	0.0772	0.0692
	(19) p_P	0.2099	0.2395	0.1232	0.1331	0.2799	0.3071	0.3431	0.0648	0.0148	0.0096
Rand. effects	(20) Estimate	0.0610	0.0268	0.1005	0.0708	-0.0420	0.0765	-0.0936	0.0152	0.1433	0.1741
	(21) p_A	0.3015	0.4126	0.1861	0.2732	0.3257	0.3023	0.2003	0.4452	0.0690	0.0338
	(22) p_B	0.3036	0.4156	0.1948	0.2788	0.3420	0.3120	0.1976	0.4668	0.3796	0.0660
	(23) p_P	0.3451	0.4626	0.2271	0.3235	0.3183	0.2927	0.2275	0.4282	0.0564	0.0244
Pooled estim.	(24) Estimate	0.0559	0.0233	0.0917	0.0615	-0.0141	-0.0514	-0.0889	0.0434	0.1136	0.1387
	(25) p_A	0.3144	0.4228	0.2062	0.2975	0.4431	0.3678	0.2157	0.3561	0.0496	0.0566
	(26) p_B	0.3048	0.4188	0.1924	0.2864	0.4412	0.4020	0.1984	0.3724	0.0420	0.0520
	(27) p_P	0.3555	0.4646	0.2507	0.3427	0.4230	0.4058	0.2507	0.3347	0.0624	0.0516
Oldest child	(28) Estimate	0.0715	-0.0406	0.0796	-0.0110	-0.1725	0.0647	-0.0442	0.0496	0.1540	0.3552
	(29) p_A	0.3835	0.4371	0.3477	0.4799	0.1634	0.3977	0.3990	0.3919	0.0775	0.0016
	(30) p_B	0.2996	0.4996	0.2940	0.4944	0.1800	0.3852	0.4012	0.4140	0.0496	0.0012
	(31) p_P	0.3563	0.4002	0.3299	0.4810	0.1635	0.3471	0.3523	0.3647	0.1188	0.0088
Two oldest	(32) Estimate	0.0028	-0.0278	0.0059	-0.0224	-0.0838	0.0630	-0.1020	0.0187	0.0670	0.1924
	(33) p_A	0.4922	0.4233	0.4829	0.4375	0.2290	0.3515	0.2265	0.4366	0.2376	0.0344
	(34) p_B	0.4944	0.4204	0.4908	0.4184	0.2552	0.3552	0.2180	0.4712	0.2384	0.0380
	(35) p_P	0.4802	0.3743	0.4970	0.4194	0.2363	0.3119	0.2339	0.4230	0.2543	0.0360
Three oldest	(36) Estimate	0.0556	0.0321	0.0850	0.0654	-0.0581	0.0799	-0.1655	0.0025	0.0970	0.1939
	(37) p_A	0.3363	0.4053	0.2505	0.3081	0.2858	0.3086	0.0818	0.4913	0.1454	0.0225
	(38) p_B	0.3448	0.4072	0.2628	0.3172	0.3124	0.3144	0.0860	0.4740	0.1384	0.0268
	(39) p_P	0.3715	0.4558	0.2839	0.3519	0.2855	0.2783	0.0984	0.4710	0.1495	0.0216

Note: Row (1), Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4) through (39) contain alternative estimators of intergenerational treatment effects and the associated p -values. The subscripts A, B, and P for these p -values are associated with the asymptotic, bootstrap, and permutation tests, respectively. Rows (4) – (7) (betw. estim.) are associated with the between-effects estimator. Rows (08) – (11) (Heckman corr.) are associated with the Heckman two-step estimator for selection bias correction (without any exclusion restrictions). Rows (12) – (15) (series estim.) are associated with the series estimator for correcting selection bias, which uses the probability of having a child and its square as regressors in the outcome equation. Rows (16) – (19) (Lee bound) are associated with the lower limit of Lee bounds that partially identify the treatment effect adjusted for selection bias. Rows (20) – (23) (rand. effects) are associated with the random effects estimator. Rows (24) – (27) (pooled estim.) are associated with the pooled OLS estimator. Rows (28) – (31) (oldest child), (32) – (35) (two oldest), and (36) – (39) (three oldest) are associated with the between-effects estimator only using samples of oldest children, two oldest children, and three oldest children.

Table 24: Alternative Estimators of Effects on Female Children of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -sponded	Never Su -sponded	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Summary	(01) Obs.	62	59	63	60	63	60	63	60	62	59
	(02) Control	0.5968	0.5806	0.7419	0.7419	0.5000	0.5000	0.8548	0.8548	0.5484	0.5484
	(03) Treatment	0.7715	0.8185	0.8750	0.9138	0.7070	0.7649	0.9219	0.9655	0.7554	0.8185
Betw. estim.	(04) Estimate	0.1617	0.2379	0.1338	0.1875	0.2009	0.2708	0.0427	0.0987	0.2021	0.2805
	(05) p_A	0.0788	0.0152	0.1071	0.0320	0.0444	0.0092	0.3100	0.0957	0.0435	0.0066
	(06) p_B	0.0840	0.0200	0.1012	0.0328	0.0476	0.0140	0.3016	0.0852	0.0468	0.0092
	(07) p_P	0.0692	0.0176	0.1108	0.0416	0.0508	0.0136	0.3003	0.0916	0.0380	0.0052
Heckman corr.	(08) Estimate	0.1876	0.2836	0.2324	0.3314	0.2653	0.3701	0.0746	0.1459	0.2452	0.3460
	(09) p_A	0.1187	0.0443	0.0676	0.0224	0.0547	0.0156	0.2795	0.1382	0.0699	0.0223
	(10) p_B	0.1080	0.0472	0.0640	0.0220	0.0496	0.0156	0.2556	0.0916	0.0612	0.0208
	(11) p_P	0.0612	0.0196	0.0376	0.0060	0.0316	0.0084	0.1959	0.0264	0.0292	0.0048
Series estim.	(12) Estimate	0.1781	0.2808	0.2096	0.3102	0.2452	0.3533	0.0693	0.1486	0.2354	0.3418
	(13) p_A	0.1339	0.0559	0.1120	0.0470	0.0794	0.0317	0.3229	0.1630	0.0846	0.0324
	(14) p_B	0.1156	0.0548	0.0692	0.0304	0.0556	0.0240	0.2620	0.1080	0.0600	0.0240
	(15) p_P	0.0792	0.0188	0.0576	0.0108	0.0488	0.0128	0.2127	0.0304	0.0416	0.0068
Lee bound	(16) Estimate	0.1860	0.2168	0.1801	0.1740	0.2410	0.2721	0.0580	0.0583	0.2180	0.2581
	(17) p_A	0.0978	0.0681	0.0926	0.1052	0.0482	0.0312	0.3060	0.2986	0.0698	0.0399
	(18) p_B	0.1360	0.0888	0.1080	0.0988	0.0720	0.0456	0.3740	0.2768	0.0920	0.0536
	(19) p_P	0.0244	0.0140	0.0272	0.0316	0.0092	0.0052	0.1391	0.1172	0.0144	0.0048
Rand. effects	(20) Estimate	0.1554	0.2261	0.1364	0.1880	0.2025	0.2700	0.0501	0.1014	0.1929	0.2644
	(21) p_A	0.0800	0.0166	0.1045	0.0561	0.0408	0.0086	0.2666	0.0991	0.0460	0.0079
	(22) p_B	0.0912	0.0200	0.2092	0.3676	0.0428	0.0132	0.3591	0.3906	0.0492	0.0108
	(23) p_P	0.0712	0.0180	0.1076	0.0388	0.0444	0.0128	0.2767	0.0836	0.0400	0.0056
Pooled estim.	(24) Estimate	0.1470	0.2102	0.1536	0.1936	0.2023	0.2620	0.0794	0.1205	0.1795	0.2434
	(25) p_A	0.0925	0.0247	0.0645	0.0212	0.0443	0.0123	0.1704	0.0487	0.0595	0.0140
	(26) p_B	0.0960	0.0236	0.0648	0.0228	0.0472	0.0156	0.1824	0.0448	0.0604	0.0124
	(27) p_P	0.0828	0.0268	0.0744	0.0248	0.0456	0.0156	0.1691	0.0364	0.0568	0.0116
Oldest child	(28) Estimate	0.0629	0.1648	−0.0171	0.0477	0.0234	0.0996	0.0833	0.1778	0.1180	0.2247
	(29) p_A	0.3584	0.1830	0.4521	0.3634	0.4466	0.2942	0.2643	0.0595	0.2538	0.1129
	(30) p_B	0.3680	0.1992	0.4904	0.3416	0.4472	0.2928	0.2492	0.0500	0.2576	0.1204
	(31) p_P	0.3635	0.1715	0.4374	0.3587	0.4290	0.2647	0.2411	0.0488	0.2367	0.0908
Two oldest	(32) Estimate	0.1502	0.2122	0.1049	0.1472	0.1540	0.2073	0.0703	0.1170	0.1917	0.2552
	(33) p_A	0.1228	0.0488	0.1737	0.0851	0.1158	0.0540	0.2222	0.0793	0.0725	0.0248
	(34) p_B	0.1352	0.0588	0.1684	0.0868	0.1204	0.0572	0.2180	0.0716	0.0808	0.0304
	(35) p_P	0.1283	0.0560	0.1851	0.1072	0.1132	0.0628	0.2147	0.0844	0.0732	0.0268
Three oldest	(36) Estimate	0.1562	0.2292	0.0810	0.1329	0.1538	0.2197	0.0504	0.1068	0.1926	0.2700
	(37) p_A	0.1048	0.0314	0.2305	0.1024	0.1095	0.0402	0.2881	0.0908	0.0643	0.0154
	(38) p_B	0.1152	0.0404	0.2168	0.1004	0.1100	0.0476	0.2764	0.0804	0.0696	0.0192
	(39) p_P	0.1004	0.0392	0.2427	0.1224	0.1072	0.0420	0.2919	0.1076	0.0620	0.0172

Note: Row (1), Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4) through (39) contain alternative estimators of intergenerational treatment effects and the associated p -values. The subscripts A, B, and P for these p -values are associated with the asymptotic, bootstrap, and permutation tests, respectively. Rows (4) – (7) (betw. estim.) are associated with the between-effects estimator. Rows (08) – (11) (Heckman corr.) are associated with the Heckman two-step estimator for selection bias correction (without any exclusion restrictions). Rows (12) – (15) (series estim.) are associated with the series estimator for correcting selection bias, which uses the probability of having a child and its square as regressors in the outcome equation. Rows (16) – (19) (Lee bound) are associated with the lower limit of Lee bounds that partially identify the treatment effect adjusted for selection bias. Rows (20) – (23) (rand. effects) are associated with the random effects estimator. Rows (24) – (27) (pooled estim.) are associated with the pooled OLS estimator. Rows (28) – (31) (oldest child), (32) – (35) (two oldest), and (36) – (39) (three oldest) are associated with the between-effects estimator only using samples of oldest children, two oldest children, and three oldest children.

Table 24: Alternative Estimators of Effects on Female Children of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Attended College	Attended College	Attended College	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	63	60	56	63	60	56	63	60	56
	(02) Control	0.5699	0.5699	0.6000	0.3925	0.4086	0.4111	0.3602	0.3602	0.3611
	(03) Treatment	0.5573	0.5805	0.6090	0.4479	0.4943	0.5000	0.4479	0.4943	0.5000
Betw. estim.	(04) Estimate	-0.0450	-0.0134	-0.0300	0.0821	0.1255	0.1301	0.0987	0.1467	0.1508
	(05) p_A	0.3582	0.4584	0.4087	0.2340	0.1449	0.1588	0.1891	0.1023	0.1133
	(06) p_B	0.3644	0.4632	0.4132	0.2184	0.1456	0.1460	0.1820	0.1056	0.1088
	(07) p_P	0.3679	0.4522	0.4074	0.2015	0.1120	0.1403	0.1791	0.0992	0.1204
Heckman corr.	(08) Estimate	-0.0066	0.0397	0.0020	0.1580	0.2502	0.3766	0.1832	0.3093	0.4678
	(09) p_A	0.4847	0.4180	0.4972	0.1657	0.0867	0.0609	0.1360	0.0498	0.0290
	(10) p_B	0.4964	0.4080	0.4404	0.1760	0.0928	0.0596	0.1540	0.0720	0.0428
	(11) p_P	0.4778	0.4042	0.4962	0.0808	0.0120	0.0028	0.0668	0.0080	0.0020
Series estim.	(12) Estimate	-0.0391	0.0169	-0.0208	0.1581	0.2384	0.3537	0.1803	0.3017	0.4478
	(13) p_A	0.4161	0.4670	0.4715	0.1825	0.1269	0.1029	0.1588	0.0782	0.0578
	(14) p_B	0.4852	0.4364	0.4620	0.1824	0.1064	0.0700	0.1636	0.0808	0.0504
	(15) p_P	0.3974	0.4778	0.4434	0.0936	0.0280	0.0056	0.0788	0.0152	0.0036
Lee bound	(16) Estimate	0.0227	0.0131	-0.0204	0.0189	0.0285	0.0626	0.0489	0.0335	0.0796
	(17) p_A	0.4461	0.4693	0.4629	0.4514	0.4301	0.3743	0.3768	0.4173	0.3402
	(18) p_B	0.4632	0.4772	0.4368	0.4172	0.4936	0.4072	0.4980	0.4188	0.3316
	(19) p_P	0.3459	0.3603	0.4462	0.2915	0.2795	0.2343	0.2363	0.2847	0.2295
Rand. effects	(20) Estimate	-0.0537	-0.0258	-0.0296	0.1663	0.2071	0.1932	0.1841	0.2215	0.1970
	(21) p_A	0.3296	0.4185	0.4073	0.0585	0.0317	0.0644	0.0392	0.0208	0.0539
	(22) p_B	0.3388	0.4224	0.4184	0.0772	0.0396	0.0652	0.0616	0.0308	0.0580
	(23) p_P	0.3371	0.4218	0.4054	0.0544	0.0324	0.0572	0.0544	0.0300	0.0596
Pooled estim.	(24) Estimate	-0.0704	-0.0461	-0.0201	0.1663	0.2071	0.2200	0.1843	0.2228	0.2332
	(25) p_A	0.2839	0.3587	0.4369	0.0585	0.0316	0.0402	0.0384	0.0198	0.0268
	(26) p_B	0.2944	0.3672	0.4212	0.0736	0.0376	0.0452	0.0528	0.0272	0.0320
	(27) p_P	0.2963	0.3731	0.4346	0.0544	0.0324	0.0428	0.0540	0.0296	0.0372
Oldest child	(28) Estimate	-0.2149	-0.1371	-0.1635	0.2391	0.3569	0.3908	0.2445	0.3454	0.3805
	(29) p_A	0.1001	0.2166	0.1791	0.0816	0.0153	0.0108	0.0706	0.0182	0.0127
	(30) p_B	0.1160	0.2292	0.1864	0.0688	0.0168	0.0116	0.0564	0.0192	0.0128
	(31) p_P	0.0736	0.1827	0.1499	0.0488	0.0116	0.0064	0.0532	0.0188	0.0124
Two oldest	(32) Estimate	-0.0813	-0.0423	-0.0366	0.0631	0.0938	0.1211	0.1020	0.1242	0.1515
	(33) p_A	0.2664	0.3765	0.3926	0.3137	0.2454	0.1982	0.2041	0.1667	0.1298
	(34) p_B	0.2716	0.3796	0.4008	0.3120	0.2372	0.1844	0.2012	0.1604	0.1200
	(35) p_P	0.2763	0.3723	0.3914	0.2731	0.1979	0.1703	0.1927	0.1659	0.1403
Three oldest	(36) Estimate	-0.0515	-0.0165	-0.0172	0.0543	0.1009	0.1108	0.0782	0.1274	0.1369
	(37) p_A	0.3397	0.4492	0.4473	0.3209	0.2052	0.2063	0.2463	0.1396	0.1421
	(38) p_B	0.3592	0.4620	0.4536	0.3180	0.1984	0.1960	0.2440	0.1368	0.1364
	(39) p_P	0.3463	0.4458	0.4398	0.2719	0.1607	0.1827	0.2291	0.1379	0.1479

Note: Row (1), Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4) through (39) contain alternative estimators of intergenerational treatment effects and the associated p -values. The subscripts A, B, and P for these p -values are associated with the asymptotic, bootstrap, and permutation tests, respectively. Rows (4) – (7) (betw. estim.) are associated with the between-effects estimator. Rows (8) – (11) (Heckman corr.) are associated with the Heckman two-step estimator for selection bias correction (without any exclusion restrictions). Rows (12) – (15) (series estim.) are associated with the series estimator for correcting selection bias, which uses the probability of having a child and its square as regressors in the outcome equation. Rows (16) – (19) (Lee bound) are associated with the lower limit of Lee bounds that partially identify the treatment effect adjusted for selection bias. Rows (20) – (23) (rand. effects) are associated with the random effects estimator. Rows (24) – (27) (pooled estim.) are associated with the pooled OLS estimator. Rows (28) – (31) (oldest child), (32) – (35) (two oldest), and (36) – (39) (three oldest) are associated with the between-effects estimator only using samples of oldest children, two oldest children, and three oldest children.

Table 24: Alternative Estimators of Effects on Female Children of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	63	60	56	64	61	57	63	60	57
	(02) Control	0.2957	0.2957	0.2944	0.2135	0.2135	0.2204	0.8495	0.8495	0.8548
	(03) Treatment	0.4479	0.4943	0.5000	0.3333	0.3506	0.4038	0.9505	0.9454	0.9327
Betw. estim.	(04) Estimate	0.1808	0.2335	0.2419	0.1295	0.1521	0.2062	0.1127	0.1085	0.1000
	(05) p_A	0.0462	0.0182	0.0260	0.0924	0.0708	0.0313	0.0615	0.0794	0.1042
	(06) p_B	0.0468	0.0188	0.0240	0.0828	0.0644	0.0288	0.0516	0.0696	0.0952
	(07) p_P	0.0492	0.0232	0.0336	0.1216	0.1016	0.0592	0.0400	0.0544	0.0828
Heckman corr.	(08) Estimate	0.2660	0.3922	0.5710	0.1712	0.2251	0.3455	0.0922	0.0833	0.0753
	(09) p_A	0.0408	0.0113	0.0056	0.0793	0.0480	0.0286	0.1373	0.1820	0.2284
	(10) p_B	0.0448	0.0148	0.0100	0.0720	0.0536	0.0256	0.0940	0.1284	0.1752
	(11) p_P	0.0148	0.0032	0.0004	0.0816	0.0440	0.0120	0.0700	0.1080	0.1451
Series estim.	(12) Estimate	0.2697	0.3897	0.5536	0.1660	0.2134	0.3182	0.0988	0.0942	0.0895
	(13) p_A	0.0513	0.0219	0.0142	0.0948	0.0746	0.0504	0.1538	0.1721	0.2071
	(14) p_B	0.0484	0.0208	0.0128	0.0872	0.0728	0.0284	0.1000	0.1456	0.1772
	(15) p_P	0.0176	0.0040	0.0012	0.0992	0.0620	0.0252	0.0600	0.0860	0.1136
Lee bound	(16) Estimate	0.1121	0.1063	0.1563	0.1221	0.1244	0.2062	0.0622	0.0120	-0.0221
	(17) p_A	0.2183	0.2381	0.1878	0.1718	0.1753	0.0978	0.2486	0.4503	0.4113
	(18) p_B	0.2900	0.2124	0.1728	0.2164	0.1908	0.0936	0.3216	0.4724	0.3896
	(19) p_P	0.1092	0.1339	0.1192	0.1024	0.1096	0.0716	0.0804	0.2667	0.4282
Rand. effects	(20) Estimate	0.2493	0.2899	0.2813	0.1501	0.1735	0.2373	0.1088	0.1061	0.1009
	(21) p_A	0.0080	0.0037	0.0114	0.0713	0.0560	0.0183	0.1097	0.1274	0.1572
	(22) p_B	0.0132	0.0048	0.0112	0.0624	0.0476	0.0204	0.1228	0.1385	0.1769
	(23) p_P	0.0172	0.0108	0.0164	0.1004	0.0812	0.0420	0.0784	0.1000	0.1248
Pooled estim.	(24) Estimate	0.2493	0.2899	0.3094	0.1626	0.1855	0.2663	0.1088	0.1061	0.1009
	(25) p_A	0.0078	0.0037	0.0056	0.0590	0.0475	0.0105	0.1193	0.1365	0.1667
	(26) p_B	0.0112	0.0040	0.0060	0.0560	0.0416	0.0140	0.1192	0.1356	0.1732
	(27) p_P	0.0172	0.0108	0.0128	0.1000	0.0804	0.0320	0.0796	0.1000	0.1248
Oldest child	(28) Estimate	0.2445	0.3454	0.3805	0.1876	0.2736	0.3058	0.0780	0.0625	0.0503
	(29) p_A	0.0706	0.0182	0.0127	0.1290	0.0514	0.0386	0.2573	0.3230	0.3591
	(30) p_B	0.0564	0.0192	0.0128	0.1204	0.0536	0.0412	0.2472	0.3224	0.3552
	(31) p_P	0.0532	0.0188	0.0124	0.0940	0.0428	0.0300	0.2379	0.2991	0.3307
Two oldest	(32) Estimate	0.1908	0.2177	0.2452	0.1170	0.1352	0.1768	0.1228	0.1197	0.1197
	(33) p_A	0.0589	0.0446	0.0336	0.1603	0.1379	0.0852	0.0542	0.0685	0.0713
	(34) p_B	0.0584	0.0444	0.0344	0.1512	0.1280	0.0784	0.0444	0.0604	0.0628
	(35) p_P	0.0636	0.0488	0.0424	0.1907	0.1575	0.1120	0.0400	0.0512	0.0568
Three oldest	(36) Estimate	0.1643	0.2183	0.2280	0.1327	0.1585	0.2112	0.1159	0.1120	0.1093
	(37) p_A	0.0705	0.0303	0.0367	0.0977	0.0733	0.0320	0.0597	0.0775	0.0842
	(38) p_B	0.0676	0.0328	0.0408	0.0836	0.0628	0.0288	0.0504	0.0704	0.0748
	(39) p_P	0.0668	0.0344	0.0432	0.1295	0.1024	0.0552	0.0420	0.0564	0.0656

Note: Row (1), Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4) through (39) contain alternative estimators of intergenerational treatment effects and the associated p -values. The subscripts A, B, and P for these p -values are associated with the asymptotic, bootstrap, and permutation tests, respectively. Rows (4) – (7) (betw. estim.) are associated with the between-effects estimator. Rows (8) – (11) (Heckman corr.) are associated with the Heckman two-step estimator for selection bias correction (without any exclusion restrictions). Rows (12) – (15) (series estim.) are associated with the series estimator for correcting selection bias, which uses the probability of having a child and its square as regressors in the outcome equation. Rows (16) – (19) (Lee bound) are associated with the lower limit of Lee bounds that partially identify the treatment effect adjusted for selection bias. Rows (20) – (23) (rand. effects) are associated with the random effects estimator. Rows (24) – (27) (pooled estim.) are associated with the pooled OLS estimator. Rows (28) – (31) (oldest child), (32) – (35) (two oldest), and (36) – (39) (three oldest) are associated with the between-effects estimator only using samples of oldest children, two oldest children, and three oldest children.

Table 24: Alternative Estimators of Effects on Female Children of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	60	56	61	57	61	57	59	56	61	57
	(02) Control	0.3011	0.3111	0.1667	0.1882	0.7760	0.7688	0.5430	0.5269	0.9375	0.9355
	(03) Treatment	0.1954	0.2244	0.0977	0.1154	0.8190	0.7917	0.6994	0.6500	0.9713	0.9679
Betw. estim.	(04) Estimate	-0.0931	-0.0791	-0.0292	-0.0254	0.0205	0.0177	0.1382	0.1221	0.0579	0.0613
	(05) p_A	0.1909	0.2403	0.3557	0.3831	0.4183	0.4343	0.1162	0.1608	0.1642	0.1622
	(06) p_B	0.2024	0.2436	0.3584	0.3868	0.4272	0.4456	0.1268	0.1748	0.1756	0.1824
	(07) p_P	0.2127	0.2555	0.3790	0.4038	0.4466	0.4662	0.1144	0.1611	0.1703	0.1695
Heckman corr.	(08) Estimate	-0.0216	0.0221	0.0107	0.0399	0.0148	0.0323	0.2016	0.2050	0.0860	0.1373
	(09) p_A	0.4467	0.4629	0.4612	0.4040	0.4509	0.4175	0.1198	0.1610	0.1321	0.0867
	(10) p_B	0.3736	0.4972	0.4808	0.4388	0.4996	0.4912	0.1404	0.2056	0.1840	0.1640
	(11) p_P	0.4598	0.4230	0.4322	0.3523	0.4786	0.4098	0.0552	0.0788	0.0976	0.0296
Series estim.	(12) Estimate	-0.0395	-0.0008	-0.0025	0.0213	-0.0053	0.0101	0.1887	0.1981	0.0788	0.1254
	(13) p_A	0.4110	0.4988	0.4917	0.4512	0.4833	0.4755	0.1432	0.1765	0.1640	0.1216
	(14) p_B	0.3564	0.4756	0.4604	0.4688	0.4836	0.4896	0.1444	0.2056	0.1880	0.1636
	(15) p_P	0.4022	0.4806	0.4934	0.4178	0.4402	0.4930	0.0780	0.0964	0.1128	0.0500
Lee bound	(16) Estimate	-0.0318	0.0021	-0.0240	-0.0084	0.0010	-0.0219	0.1397	0.0731	0.0025	0.0132
	(17) p_A	0.4162	0.4956	0.4171	0.4777	0.4967	0.4348	0.1790	0.3418	0.4872	0.4366
	(18) p_B	0.4492	0.4332	0.3924	0.4600	0.4172	0.3328	0.2320	0.4292	0.4784	0.4912
	(19) p_P	0.2991	0.3902	0.2787	0.3399	0.3699	0.4750	0.0656	0.2051	0.3427	0.3311
Rand. effects	(20) Estimate	-0.0912	-0.0775	-0.0375	-0.0289	0.0474	0.0391	0.1618	0.1349	0.0335	0.0302
	(21) p_A	0.1793	0.2277	0.3081	0.3615	0.2983	0.3455	0.0618	0.1222	0.2764	0.3068
	(22) p_B	0.1956	0.2264	0.3140	0.3680	0.3200	0.3668	0.0760	0.1412	0.4038	0.4136
	(23) p_P	0.1919	0.2307	0.3315	0.3822	0.3075	0.3507	0.0644	0.1176	0.2547	0.2895
Pooled estim.	(24) Estimate	-0.0881	-0.0772	-0.0375	-0.0289	0.0474	0.0391	0.1656	0.1393	0.0264	0.0289
	(25) p_A	0.1853	0.2273	0.3068	0.3611	0.2981	0.3455	0.0578	0.1141	0.3115	0.3156
	(26) p_B	0.1908	0.2196	0.3064	0.3560	0.3184	0.3664	0.0712	0.1340	0.3112	0.3172
	(27) p_P	0.1991	0.2327	0.3315	0.3822	0.3075	0.3507	0.0604	0.1072	0.2923	0.2987
Oldest child	(28) Estimate	-0.3341	-0.3169	-0.1275	-0.1152	-0.1016	-0.1184	-0.0052	-0.0344	-0.0698	-0.0799
	(29) p_A	0.0201	0.0284	0.1586	0.1902	0.2370	0.2125	0.4887	0.4265	0.2552	0.2345
	(30) p_B	0.0284	0.0384	0.1532	0.1824	0.2216	0.1924	0.4688	0.3980	0.2796	0.2564
	(31) p_P	0.0228	0.0288	0.1647	0.1995	0.2327	0.2119	0.4570	0.4006	0.2543	0.2379
Two oldest	(32) Estimate	-0.1418	-0.1248	-0.0641	-0.0657	-0.0015	-0.0027	0.0961	0.0766	0.0569	0.0567
	(33) p_A	0.1274	0.1638	0.2622	0.2650	0.4947	0.4908	0.2379	0.2879	0.1868	0.1945
	(34) p_B	0.1352	0.1716	0.2656	0.2716	0.4912	0.4884	0.2564	0.3016	0.2084	0.2152
	(35) p_P	0.1443	0.1803	0.2831	0.2923	0.4658	0.4702	0.2503	0.3007	0.1919	0.2043
Three oldest	(36) Estimate	-0.0915	-0.0679	-0.0200	-0.0135	0.0069	0.0061	0.1058	0.0883	0.0613	0.0613
	(37) p_A	0.2119	0.2804	0.4107	0.4417	0.4748	0.4783	0.2044	0.2480	0.1555	0.1622
	(38) p_B	0.2172	0.2860	0.4080	0.4424	0.4884	0.4964	0.2284	0.2676	0.1740	0.1824
	(39) p_P	0.2387	0.2991	0.4318	0.4526	0.4926	0.4898	0.2075	0.2491	0.1591	0.1695

Note: Row (1), Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4) through (39) contain alternative estimators of intergenerational treatment effects and the associated p -values. The subscripts A, B, and P for these p -values are associated with the asymptotic, bootstrap, and permutation tests, respectively. Rows (4) – (7) (betw. estim.) are associated with the between-effects estimator. Rows (08) – (11) (Heckman corr.) are associated with the Heckman two-step estimator for selection bias correction (without any exclusion restrictions). Rows (12) – (15) (series estim.) are associated with the series estimator for correcting selection bias, which uses the probability of having a child and its square as regressors in the outcome equation. Rows (16) – (19) (Lee bound) are associated with the lower limit of Lee bounds that partially identify the treatment effect adjusted for selection bias. Rows (20) – (23) (rand. effects) are associated with the random effects estimator. Rows (24) – (27) (pooled estim.) are associated with the pooled OLS estimator. Rows (28) – (31) (oldest child), (32) – (35) (two oldest), and (36) – (39) (three oldest) are associated with the between-effects estimator only using samples of oldest children, two oldest children, and three oldest children.

Table 24: Alternative Estimators of Effects on Female Children of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Summary	(01) Obs.	61	57	59	56	62	57	64	60	61	56
	(02) Control	0.7760	0.7688	0.5430	0.5269	0.7527	0.4691	0.3229	0.3345	0.0753	0.1047
	(03) Treatment	0.8017	0.7724	0.6815	0.6300	0.6640	0.4556	0.4271	0.4939	0.2222	0.2466
Betw. estim.	(04) Estimate	0.0039	-0.0004	0.1213	0.1044	-0.0860	0.0226	0.0851	0.1644	0.1555	0.1580
	(05) p_A	0.4840	0.4984	0.1422	0.1928	0.2015	0.4325	0.2277	0.0363	0.0398	0.0192
	(06) p_B	0.4976	0.4904	0.1520	0.2052	0.1992	0.4436	0.2288	0.0364	0.0364	0.0220
	(07) p_P	0.4706	0.4610	0.1415	0.1887	0.1875	0.4542	0.2503	0.0484	0.0472	0.0404
Heckman corr.	(08) Estimate	0.0037	0.0210	0.1905	0.1936	-0.0709	0.0070	0.1098	0.1604	0.1374	0.1470
	(09) p_A	0.4876	0.4458	0.1318	0.1733	0.2980	0.4999	0.2229	0.0882	0.0746	0.1271
	(10) p_B	0.4640	0.4820	0.1580	0.2200	0.2376	0.4860	0.2224	0.0832	0.0636	0.0368
	(11) p_P	0.4846	0.4514	0.0636	0.0876	0.2635	0.4842	0.2139	0.0732	0.0836	0.0780
Series estim.	(12) Estimate	-0.0135	0.0018	0.1805	0.1898	-0.0897	0.0329	0.1023	0.1481	0.1333	0.1367
	(13) p_A	0.4575	0.4956	0.1533	0.1859	0.2622	0.4995	0.2522	0.1152	0.0914	0.1555
	(14) p_B	0.4512	0.4612	0.1576	0.2216	0.2296	0.4708	0.2448	0.1088	0.0744	0.0484
	(15) p_P	0.4166	0.4834	0.0876	0.1032	0.2159	0.4258	0.2439	0.1032	0.0972	0.1024
Lee bound	(16) Estimate	-0.0141	-0.0373	0.1246	0.0576	-0.0640	-0.0952	0.1218	0.1812	0.1477	0.1490
	(17) p_A	0.4536	0.3899	0.2055	0.3735	0.3191	0.4980	0.1935	0.0667	0.0695	0.1484
	(18) p_B	0.3492	0.2816	0.2628	0.4672	0.3712	0.3868	0.2520	0.0852	0.0944	0.0936
	(19) p_P	0.4414	0.4738	0.0816	0.2375	0.1667	0.1647	0.0988	0.0220	0.0320	0.0380
Rand. effects	(20) Estimate	0.0289	0.0177	0.1472	0.1169	-0.1430	0.0316	0.1154	0.1668	0.2000	0.1619
	(21) p_A	0.3722	0.4278	0.0745	0.1482	0.0779	0.4047	0.1526	0.0326	0.0189	0.0178
	(22) p_B	0.3932	0.4512	0.0944	0.1712	0.0812	0.4168	0.1664	0.0328	0.0244	0.0192
	(23) p_P	0.3894	0.4434	0.0812	0.1379	0.0848	0.4274	0.1675	0.0440	0.0448	0.0404
Pooled estim.	(24) Estimate	0.0289	0.0177	0.1474	0.1184	-0.1488	0.0615	0.1276	0.1869	0.2012	0.1934
	(25) p_A	0.3721	0.4278	0.0744	0.1445	0.0692	0.3244	0.1348	0.0234	0.0225	0.0143
	(26) p_B	0.3924	0.4508	0.0908	0.1668	0.0756	0.3440	0.1508	0.0276	0.0232	0.0140
	(27) p_P	0.3894	0.4434	0.0812	0.1359	0.0788	0.3515	0.1567	0.0408	0.0464	0.0512
Oldest child	(28) Estimate	-0.1597	-0.1792	-0.0586	-0.0907	-0.0400	0.1594	-0.0922	0.0276	-0.0110	0.0903
	(29) p_A	0.1436	0.1260	0.3722	0.3086	0.3881	0.1972	0.2734	0.4050	0.4643	0.1895
	(30) p_B	0.1228	0.1068	0.3416	0.2688	0.3804	0.2028	0.2544	0.4056	0.4544	0.1692
	(31) p_P	0.1559	0.1387	0.3515	0.2975	0.3551	0.2071	0.2199	0.4482	0.4146	0.2371
Two oldest	(32) Estimate	-0.0188	-0.0209	0.0794	0.0588	-0.0761	0.1099	0.0305	0.1184	0.1267	0.1663
	(33) p_A	0.4340	0.4293	0.2744	0.3305	0.2554	0.2135	0.4011	0.1013	0.0934	0.0186
	(34) p_B	0.4284	0.4212	0.2928	0.3452	0.2372	0.2160	0.4208	0.0940	0.0928	0.0208
	(35) p_P	0.4078	0.4106	0.2919	0.3427	0.2423	0.2491	0.4298	0.1236	0.1036	0.0444
Three oldest	(36) Estimate	-0.0103	-0.0120	0.0891	0.0707	-0.1161	0.0523	0.0665	0.1471	0.1676	0.1698
	(37) p_A	0.4618	0.4573	0.2392	0.2890	0.1338	0.3521	0.2855	0.0525	0.0316	0.0157
	(38) p_B	0.4508	0.4428	0.2656	0.3156	0.1240	0.3700	0.2992	0.0516	0.0320	0.0180
	(39) p_P	0.4298	0.4290	0.2443	0.2863	0.1240	0.3711	0.3111	0.0696	0.0364	0.0348

Note: Row (1), Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4) through (39) contain alternative estimators of intergenerational treatment effects and the associated p -values. The subscripts A, B, and P for these p -values are associated with the asymptotic, bootstrap, and permutation tests, respectively. Rows (4) – (7) (betw. estim.) are associated with the between-effects estimator. Rows (08) – (11) (Heckman corr.) are associated with the Heckman two-step estimator for selection bias correction (without any exclusion restrictions). Rows (12) – (15) (series estim.) are associated with the series estimator for correcting selection bias, which uses the probability of having a child and its square as regressors in the outcome equation. Rows (16) – (19) (Lee bound) are associated with the lower limit of Lee bounds that partially identify the treatment effect adjusted for selection bias. Rows (20) – (23) (rand. effects) are associated with the random effects estimator. Rows (24) – (27) (pooled estim.) are associated with the pooled OLS estimator. Rows (28) – (31) (oldest child), (32) – (35) (two oldest), and (36) – (39) (three oldest) are associated with the between-effects estimator only using samples of oldest child, two oldest children, and three oldest children.

Table 25: Alternative Estimators of Effects on Pooled Children of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -sponded	Never Su -sponded	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Summary	(01) Obs.	38	36	41	39	40	38	41	39	39	37
	(02) Control	0.5407	0.4759	0.7619	0.7857	0.4017	0.3933	0.8452	0.8690	0.4333	0.4246
	(03) Treatment	0.7608	0.7898	0.8900	0.8870	0.6983	0.7389	0.9500	0.9630	0.7192	0.7620
Betw. estim.	(04) Estimate	0.2566	0.3178	0.1465	0.1338	0.3227	0.3707	0.0892	0.0902	0.3038	0.3552
	(05) p_A	0.0408	0.0143	0.0791	0.1030	0.0089	0.0034	0.1266	0.1266	0.0147	0.0053
	(06) p_B	0.0404	0.0180	0.0832	0.1120	0.0100	0.0060	0.1264	0.1368	0.0184	0.0096
	(07) p_P	0.0404	0.0236	0.0912	0.1228	0.0232	0.0092	0.1551	0.1543	0.0256	0.0116
Heckman corr.	(08) Estimate	0.2636	0.3636	0.1599	0.1761	0.3437	0.4502	0.0997	0.1294	0.3194	0.4239
	(09) p_A	0.1119	0.0714	0.1351	0.1461	0.0554	0.0294	0.2064	0.1748	0.0683	0.0353
	(10) p_B	0.1048	0.0716	0.1260	0.1416	0.0592	0.0308	0.1932	0.1736	0.0680	0.0384
	(11) p_P	0.0712	0.0396	0.1124	0.1060	0.0448	0.0204	0.1783	0.1248	0.0492	0.0212
Series estim.	(12) Estimate	0.2543	0.3606	0.1967	0.2521	0.3528	0.4877	0.1189	0.1874	0.3191	0.4496
	(13) p_A	0.1618	0.1203	0.1370	0.1100	0.0893	0.0502	0.2219	0.1411	0.1090	0.0609
	(14) p_B	0.1204	0.0856	0.1288	0.1184	0.0636	0.0372	0.1832	0.1456	0.0748	0.0480
	(15) p_P	0.0980	0.0556	0.0988	0.0560	0.0512	0.0192	0.1711	0.0716	0.0636	0.0272
Lee bound	(16) Estimate	0.2115	0.2569	0.1388	0.0788	0.2899	0.3081	0.1078	0.0585	0.2752	0.2988
	(17) p_A	0.1008	0.0676	0.1296	0.2721	0.0355	0.0301	0.1504	0.2902	0.0445	0.0339
	(18) p_B	0.1672	0.1056	0.1860	0.3180	0.0704	0.0524	0.2104	0.2956	0.0864	0.0608
	(19) p_P	0.0312	0.0176	0.0560	0.1375	0.0136	0.0096	0.0532	0.1335	0.0148	0.0092
Rand. effects	(20) Estimate	0.1963	0.2515	0.1364	0.1253	0.2681	0.3038	0.0749	0.0767	0.2312	0.2666
	(21) p_A	0.0706	0.0319	0.1173	0.1367	0.0225	0.0130	0.1736	0.1694	0.0393	0.0230
	(22) p_B	0.0712	0.0344	0.1232	0.1376	0.0268	0.0188	0.1748	0.2014	0.0416	0.0260
	(23) p_P	0.0664	0.0368	0.1200	0.1371	0.0416	0.0252	0.1803	0.1543	0.0532	0.0280
Pooled estim.	(24) Estimate	0.1730	0.2183	0.1333	0.1240	0.2246	0.2573	0.0634	0.0575	0.1841	0.2204
	(25) p_A	0.0977	0.0538	0.1313	0.1521	0.0556	0.0376	0.2074	0.2253	0.0877	0.0565
	(26) p_B	0.0940	0.0520	0.1332	0.1544	0.0540	0.0392	0.2096	0.2224	0.0756	0.0468
	(27) p_P	0.0888	0.0468	0.1371	0.1523	0.0740	0.0500	0.2127	0.1975	0.0904	0.0480
Oldest child	(28) Estimate	0.1536	0.1619	0.1232	0.1138	0.2284	0.2307	0.1078	0.1081	0.2423	0.2502
	(29) p_A	0.2257	0.2278	0.2141	0.2368	0.1154	0.1274	0.1524	0.1540	0.1186	0.1266
	(30) p_B	0.2096	0.2036	0.2200	0.2412	0.1016	0.1076	0.3332	0.3332	0.1020	0.1016
	(31) p_P	0.2191	0.2219	0.1591	0.1923	0.1148	0.1263	0.0044	0.0092	0.1140	0.1188
Two oldest	(32) Estimate	0.2632	0.3003	0.1631	0.1533	0.2909	0.3131	0.1288	0.1273	0.3094	0.3374
	(33) p_A	0.0499	0.0312	0.0697	0.0878	0.0265	0.0206	0.0423	0.0477	0.0229	0.0153
	(34) p_B	0.0512	0.0316	0.0696	0.0896	0.0264	0.0220	0.0256	0.0520	0.0224	0.0132
	(35) p_P	0.0508	0.0308	0.0836	0.1024	0.0412	0.0336	0.0556	0.0604	0.0292	0.0192
Three oldest	(36) Estimate	0.2842	0.3451	0.0980	0.0889	0.3140	0.3637	0.0566	0.0629	0.3090	0.3629
	(37) p_A	0.0309	0.0112	0.1649	0.1974	0.0149	0.0066	0.1709	0.1531	0.0180	0.0070
	(38) p_B	0.0344	0.0164	0.1608	0.2036	0.0160	0.0088	0.1776	0.1732	0.0232	0.0104
	(39) p_P	0.0344	0.0172	0.1911	0.2163	0.0288	0.0144	0.2163	0.1935	0.0288	0.0132

Note: Row (1), Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4) through (39) contain alternative estimators of intergenerational treatment effects and the associated p -values. The subscripts A, B, and P for these p -values are associated with the asymptotic, bootstrap, and permutation tests, respectively. Rows (4) – (7) (betw. estim.) are associated with the between-effects estimator. Rows (08) – (11) (Heckman corr.) are associated with the Heckman two-step estimator for selection bias correction (without any exclusion restrictions). Rows (12) – (15) (series estim.) are associated with the series estimator for correcting selection bias, which uses the probability of having a child and its square as regressors in the outcome equation. Rows (16) – (19) (Lee bound) are associated with the lower limit of Lee bounds that partially identify the treatment effect adjusted for selection bias. Rows (20) – (23) (rand. effects) are associated with the random effects estimator. Rows (24) – (27) (pooled estim.) are associated with the pooled OLS estimator. Rows (28) – (31) (oldest child), (32) – (35) (two oldest), and (36) – (39) (three oldest) are associated with the between-effects estimator only using samples of oldest children, two oldest children, and three oldest children.

Table 25: Alternative Estimators of Effects on Pooled Children of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Attended College	Attended College	Attended College	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	41	39	36	39	37	34	40	38	35
	(02) Control	0.4087	0.4246	0.4000	0.4123	0.4211	0.4444	0.3667	0.3500	0.3684
	(03) Treatment	0.4525	0.4380	0.4042	0.5108	0.5491	0.6438	0.4983	0.5352	0.6281
Betw. estim.	(04) Estimate	0.0136	-0.0233	-0.0085	0.1312	0.1699	0.2286	0.1443	0.1924	0.2492
	(05) p_A	0.4564	0.4293	0.4757	0.1375	0.0941	0.0561	0.1092	0.0593	0.0353
	(06) p_B	0.4404	0.4308	0.4940	0.1296	0.0924	0.0384	0.1084	0.0584	0.0292
	(07) p_P	0.4874	0.4154	0.4790	0.1423	0.0976	0.0648	0.1275	0.0756	0.0616
Heckman corr.	(08) Estimate	0.0456	0.0516	0.0842	0.1475	0.2485	0.4219	0.1683	0.2918	0.5065
	(09) p_A	0.3991	0.4000	0.3659	0.2530	0.1598	0.0963	0.2348	0.1469	0.0838
	(10) p_B	0.3724	0.4388	0.4008	0.2444	0.1492	0.0716	0.2236	0.1392	0.0624
	(11) p_P	0.4090	0.3974	0.3315	0.1719	0.0724	0.0184	0.1495	0.0568	0.0144
Series estim.	(12) Estimate	0.0430	0.0511	0.0830	0.1391	0.2752	0.4672	0.1698	0.3495	0.5971
	(13) p_A	0.4216	0.4166	0.3866	0.3126	0.1950	0.1374	0.2860	0.1644	0.0949
	(14) p_B	0.4040	0.4544	0.4100	0.2396	0.1612	0.0812	0.2120	0.1368	0.0708
	(15) p_P	0.4230	0.4106	0.3403	0.1959	0.0660	0.0160	0.1639	0.0408	0.0120
Lee bound	(16) Estimate	0.0633	0.0202	-0.0277	0.0854	0.0875	0.1655	0.1143	0.1206	0.2156
	(17) p_A	0.3360	0.4482	0.4323	0.2803	0.2882	0.1606	0.2134	0.2083	0.0964
	(18) p_B	0.4712	0.4564	0.3756	0.4440	0.3664	0.1728	0.3552	0.2616	0.1152
	(19) p_P	0.2159	0.2987	0.4070	0.1287	0.1204	0.0784	0.0804	0.0768	0.0464
Rand. effects	(20) Estimate	0.0342	0.0025	0.0464	0.1672	0.1922	0.2220	0.1643	0.1961	0.2264
	(21) p_A	0.3873	0.4924	0.3643	0.0687	0.0565	0.0511	0.0732	0.0505	0.0439
	(22) p_B	0.3504	0.4588	0.3396	0.0744	0.0588	0.0448	0.0840	0.0584	0.0452
	(23) p_P	0.4110	0.4946	0.3699	0.0592	0.0496	0.0572	0.0752	0.0516	0.0616
Pooled estim.	(24) Estimate	0.0498	0.0257	0.0767	0.1733	0.2050	0.2253	0.1714	0.2023	0.2178
	(25) p_A	0.3400	0.4220	0.2853	0.0620	0.0448	0.0486	0.0662	0.0472	0.0546
	(26) p_B	0.3076	0.4024	0.2844	0.0672	0.0504	0.0492	0.0796	0.0560	0.0564
	(27) p_P	0.3683	0.4294	0.2995	0.0544	0.0452	0.0560	0.0700	0.0472	0.0652
Oldest child	(28) Estimate	-0.2611	-0.2857	-0.3381	0.2697	0.2613	0.2928	0.2697	0.2613	0.2928
	(29) p_A	0.0961	0.0802	0.0709	0.0677	0.0865	0.0680	0.0677	0.0865	0.0680
	(30) p_B	0.1132	0.1000	0.0904	0.0572	0.0680	0.0476	0.0572	0.0680	0.0476
	(31) p_P	0.1048	0.0952	0.0804	0.0632	0.0772	0.0608	0.0632	0.0772	0.0608
Two oldest	(32) Estimate	0.0095	0.0088	0.0261	0.1553	0.1432	0.2237	0.1761	0.1684	0.2516
	(33) p_A	0.4733	0.4759	0.4347	0.1379	0.1660	0.0690	0.0991	0.1177	0.0434
	(34) p_B	0.4628	0.4744	0.4076	0.1336	0.1568	0.0540	0.0960	0.1176	0.0352
	(35) p_P	0.4930	0.4934	0.4470	0.1196	0.1407	0.0692	0.0972	0.1116	0.0620
Three oldest	(36) Estimate	0.0315	-0.0034	0.0120	0.1450	0.1851	0.2312	0.1381	0.1891	0.2354
	(37) p_A	0.4048	0.4903	0.4679	0.1267	0.0871	0.0602	0.1391	0.0797	0.0543
	(38) p_B	0.3840	0.4932	0.4528	0.1188	0.0844	0.0464	0.1364	0.0816	0.0480
	(39) p_P	0.4410	0.4654	0.4806	0.1359	0.0936	0.0760	0.1559	0.0996	0.0904

Note: Row (1), Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4) through (39) contain alternative estimators of intergenerational treatment effects and the associated p -values. The subscripts A, B, and P for these p -values are associated with the asymptotic, bootstrap, and permutation tests, respectively. Rows (4) – (7) (betw. estim.) are associated with the between-effects estimator. Rows (8) – (11) (Heckman corr.) are associated with the Heckman two-step estimator for selection bias correction (without any exclusion restrictions). Rows (12) – (15) (series estim.) are associated with the series estimator for correcting selection bias, which uses the probability of having a child and its square as regressors in the outcome equation. Rows (16) – (19) (Lee bound) are associated with the lower limit of Lee bounds that partially identify the treatment effect adjusted for selection bias. Rows (20) – (23) (rand. effects) are associated with the random effects estimator. Rows (24) – (27) (pooled estim.) are associated with the pooled OLS estimator. Rows (28) – (31) (oldest child), (32) – (35) (two oldest), and (36) – (39) (three oldest) are associated with the between-effects estimator only using samples of oldest children, two oldest children, and three oldest children.

Table 25: Alternative Estimators of Effects on Pooled Children of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	40	38	35	41	39	36	41	39	36
	(02) Control	0.3250	0.3083	0.3246	0.1349	0.1349	0.1417	0.9095	0.9095	0.9000
	(03) Treatment	0.4817	0.5074	0.5969	0.2567	0.2389	0.3052	0.9567	0.9519	0.9458
Betw. estim.	(04) Estimate	0.1848	0.2246	0.2833	0.1542	0.1342	0.2084	0.0723	0.0638	0.0753
	(05) p_A	0.0646	0.0363	0.0262	0.0346	0.0500	0.0182	0.1553	0.1969	0.1851
	(06) p_B	0.0652	0.0380	0.0216	0.0264	0.0396	0.0148	0.1688	0.2108	0.1980
	(07) p_P	0.0812	0.0480	0.0432	0.0672	0.0800	0.0472	0.1483	0.1927	0.1751
Heckman corr.	(08) Estimate	0.2078	0.3172	0.5321	0.1744	0.1798	0.2704	0.0854	0.1052	0.1466
	(09) p_A	0.1791	0.1161	0.0713	0.0749	0.0741	0.0549	0.2132	0.2019	0.1607
	(10) p_B	0.1700	0.1092	0.0536	0.0464	0.0544	0.0348	0.2388	0.2500	0.1944
	(11) p_P	0.1128	0.0480	0.0136	0.0788	0.0688	0.0412	0.1675	0.1335	0.0740
Series estim.	(12) Estimate	0.2115	0.3741	0.6236	0.1627	0.1738	0.2614	0.0697	0.0863	0.1319
	(13) p_A	0.2333	0.1371	0.0833	0.1165	0.1108	0.0911	0.2852	0.2717	0.2195
	(14) p_B	0.1608	0.1076	0.0576	0.0668	0.0780	0.0516	0.2820	0.3032	0.2344
	(15) p_P	0.1220	0.0368	0.0112	0.1120	0.0884	0.0624	0.2227	0.1931	0.0980
Lee bound	(16) Estimate	0.1393	0.1385	0.2133	0.1379	0.1162	0.1748	0.0585	0.0144	0.0069
	(17) p_A	0.1690	0.1730	0.1017	0.0971	0.1311	0.0713	0.2597	0.4398	0.4704
	(18) p_B	0.2840	0.2152	0.1084	0.1404	0.1432	0.0824	0.3844	0.4828	0.4840
	(19) p_P	0.0612	0.0636	0.0492	0.0372	0.0500	0.0388	0.1164	0.2711	0.3019
Rand. effects	(20) Estimate	0.2002	0.2318	0.2669	0.1906	0.1840	0.2547	0.0729	0.0700	0.0804
	(21) p_A	0.0453	0.0303	0.0296	0.0137	0.0218	0.0032	0.1848	0.2063	0.2031
	(22) p_B	0.0512	0.0360	0.0292	0.0100	0.0156	0.0036	0.1959	0.2128	0.2116
	(23) p_P	0.0524	0.0372	0.0444	0.0368	0.0460	0.0136	0.1519	0.1739	0.1763
Pooled estim.	(24) Estimate	0.2102	0.2409	0.2614	0.1906	0.1840	0.2547	0.0735	0.0715	0.0804
	(25) p_A	0.0388	0.0265	0.0346	0.0145	0.0219	0.0032	0.1865	0.2049	0.2060
	(26) p_B	0.0460	0.0352	0.0360	0.0100	0.0156	0.0028	0.2032	0.2172	0.2164
	(27) p_P	0.0472	0.0364	0.0472	0.0368	0.0460	0.0136	0.1559	0.1735	0.1779
Oldest child	(28) Estimate	0.2263	0.2183	0.2466	0.1202	0.0829	0.0905	-0.0197	-0.0455	-0.0562
	(29) p_A	0.1072	0.1301	0.1159	0.2301	0.3113	0.3127	0.4287	0.3505	0.3376
	(30) p_B	0.0908	0.1012	0.0816	0.1984	0.2768	0.2696	0.4428	0.3720	0.3632
	(31) p_P	0.0952	0.1092	0.1088	0.2315	0.3123	0.3283	0.4538	0.3695	0.3551
Two oldest	(32) Estimate	0.2229	0.2138	0.2994	0.1840	0.1573	0.2307	0.0875	0.0795	0.0862
	(33) p_A	0.0500	0.0641	0.0232	0.0280	0.0498	0.0197	0.1300	0.1609	0.1649
	(34) p_B	0.0472	0.0564	0.0212	0.0204	0.0392	0.0136	0.1576	0.1900	0.1868
	(35) p_P	0.0608	0.0624	0.0376	0.0564	0.0732	0.0512	0.1176	0.1503	0.1527
Three oldest	(36) Estimate	0.1809	0.2232	0.2713	0.1647	0.1466	0.2200	0.0754	0.0660	0.0711
	(37) p_A	0.0841	0.0496	0.0392	0.0361	0.0516	0.0203	0.1598	0.2016	0.2068
	(38) p_B	0.0832	0.0516	0.0324	0.0268	0.0396	0.0152	0.1848	0.2276	0.2288
	(39) p_P	0.1040	0.0648	0.0616	0.0676	0.0812	0.0540	0.1451	0.1895	0.1951

Note: Row (1), Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4) through (39) contain alternative estimators of intergenerational treatment effects and the associated p -values. The subscripts A, B, and P for these p -values are associated with the asymptotic, bootstrap, and permutation tests, respectively. Rows (4) – (7) (betw. estim.) are associated with the between-effects estimator. Rows (8) – (11) (Heckman corr.) are associated with the Heckman two-step estimator for selection bias correction (without any exclusion restrictions). Rows (12) – (15) (series estim.) are associated with the series estimator for correcting selection bias, which uses the probability of having a child and its square as regressors in the outcome equation. Rows (16) – (19) (Lee bound) are associated with the lower limit of Lee bounds that partially identify the treatment effect adjusted for selection bias. Rows (20) – (23) (rand. effects) are associated with the random effects estimator. Rows (24) – (27) (pooled estim.) are associated with the pooled OLS estimator. Rows (28) – (31) (oldest child), (32) – (35) (two oldest), and (36) – (39) (three oldest) are associated with the between-effects estimator only using samples of oldest children, two oldest children, and three oldest children.

Table 25: Alternative Estimators of Effects on Pooled Children of the Male Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	39	36	39	36	38	35	37	33	39	36
	(02) Control	0.1984	0.2083	0.1111	0.1417	0.6750	0.7018	0.4333	0.4491	0.9206	0.9167
	(03) Treatment	0.1222	0.1375	0.0713	0.0802	0.7972	0.7927	0.6861	0.6789	0.9537	0.9479
Betw. estim.	(04) Estimate	-0.0266	-0.0230	0.0135	0.0070	0.1768	0.1261	0.2586	0.2200	0.0343	0.0354
	(05) p_A	0.3567	0.3831	0.4048	0.4578	0.0625	0.1354	0.0375	0.0754	0.3037	0.3163
	(06) p_B	0.3672	0.3952	0.4020	0.4392	0.0736	0.1344	0.0516	0.0792	0.3408	0.3480
	(07) p_P	0.3762	0.3850	0.4558	0.4970	0.0528	0.1331	0.0480	0.0936	0.3127	0.3251
Heckman corr.	(08) Estimate	0.0053	-0.0062	0.0245	0.0180	0.2475	0.2697	0.2931	0.3621	0.0720	0.0843
	(09) p_A	0.4816	0.4826	0.3956	0.4448	0.1046	0.1166	0.1053	0.1226	0.2728	0.2750
	(10) p_B	0.4868	0.4396	0.3728	0.4276	0.1040	0.1088	0.1016	0.0868	0.3624	0.3608
	(11) p_P	0.4734	0.4638	0.3986	0.4446	0.0400	0.0324	0.0764	0.0512	0.2119	0.1731
Series estim.	(12) Estimate	0.0118	-0.0147	0.0083	0.0013	0.2582	0.2689	0.3058	0.3806	0.0607	0.0716
	(13) p_A	0.4656	0.4662	0.4711	0.4968	0.1458	0.1432	0.1439	0.1381	0.3208	0.3187
	(14) p_B	0.4936	0.4460	0.4200	0.4696	0.1184	0.1328	0.1140	0.1016	0.4048	0.3972
	(15) p_P	0.4618	0.4426	0.4778	0.4982	0.0460	0.0400	0.0772	0.0488	0.2803	0.2375
Lee bound	(16) Estimate	-0.0149	0.0086	0.0116	0.0301	0.1161	0.0641	0.1993	0.1877	0.0037	-0.0132
	(17) p_A	0.4471	0.4691	0.4510	0.3826	0.1860	0.3116	0.1256	0.1613	0.4837	0.4381
	(18) p_B	0.4824	0.4640	0.3912	0.3844	0.2564	0.2844	0.1668	0.2136	0.4856	0.3964
	(19) p_P	0.2683	0.3459	0.3639	0.4246	0.0672	0.1663	0.0480	0.0708	0.3255	0.4026
Rand. effects	(20) Estimate	-0.0039	0.0129	0.0311	0.0379	0.1005	0.0917	0.2049	0.1707	0.0204	0.0236
	(21) p_A	0.4790	0.4299	0.2951	0.2778	0.1803	0.2238	0.0677	0.1258	0.3695	0.3644
	(22) p_B	0.4880	0.4372	0.2890	0.2786	0.1796	0.2212	0.0764	0.1316	0.3648	0.3665
	(23) p_P	0.4822	0.4506	0.3047	0.2983	0.1699	0.2331	0.0788	0.1335	0.3243	0.3115
Pooled estim.	(24) Estimate	-0.0039	0.0129	0.0311	0.0436	0.1005	0.0917	0.1666	0.1386	0.0210	0.0238
	(25) p_A	0.4789	0.4297	0.2920	0.2355	0.1802	0.2240	0.1115	0.1760	0.3590	0.3581
	(26) p_B	0.4900	0.4356	0.2788	0.2328	0.1824	0.2212	0.1112	0.1672	0.3684	0.3676
	(27) p_P	0.4822	0.4506	0.3047	0.2723	0.1699	0.2331	0.1104	0.1731	0.3139	0.3131
Oldest child	(28) Estimate	-0.2831	-0.3160	-0.0915	-0.1003	-0.0536	-0.1819	0.0877	-0.0142	-0.0512	-0.0640
	(29) p_A	0.0450	0.0465	0.2406	0.2502	0.3930	0.1702	0.3321	0.4732	0.3547	0.3418
	(30) p_B	0.0548	0.0588	0.2708	0.2740	0.3988	0.1672	0.3244	0.4756	0.3696	0.3556
	(31) p_P	0.0620	0.0564	0.2355	0.2311	0.3806	0.1447	0.3375	0.4798	0.3507	0.3195
Two oldest	(32) Estimate	0.0007	0.0087	0.0197	0.0148	0.1283	0.0807	0.2111	0.1736	0.0161	0.0164
	(33) p_A	0.4969	0.4657	0.3819	0.4232	0.1606	0.2634	0.0891	0.1481	0.4219	0.4288
	(34) p_B	0.4944	0.4704	0.3804	0.4128	0.1796	0.2764	0.0964	0.1544	0.4980	0.4988
	(35) p_P	0.5002	0.4874	0.4250	0.4766	0.1523	0.2827	0.0996	0.1667	0.4102	0.4146
Three oldest	(36) Estimate	-0.0341	-0.0307	0.0037	-0.0027	0.1960	0.1337	0.2672	0.2160	0.0555	0.0592
	(37) p_A	0.3246	0.3515	0.4741	0.4838	0.0593	0.1477	0.0396	0.0914	0.2463	0.2568
	(38) p_B	0.3352	0.3632	0.4656	0.4980	0.0736	0.1552	0.0512	0.1024	0.2912	0.2996
	(39) p_P	0.3555	0.3635	0.4834	0.4598	0.0592	0.1607	0.0536	0.1032	0.2215	0.2263

Note: Row (1), Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4) through (39) contain alternative estimators of intergenerational treatment effects and the associated p -values. The subscripts A, B, and P for these p -values are associated with the asymptotic, bootstrap, and permutation tests, respectively. Rows (4) – (7) (betw. estim.) are associated with the between-effects estimator. Rows (08) – (11) (Heckman corr.) are associated with the Heckman two-step estimator for selection bias correction (without any exclusion restrictions). Rows (12) – (15) (series estim.) are associated with the series estimator for correcting selection bias, which uses the probability of having a child and its square as regressors in the outcome equation. Rows (16) – (19) (Lee bound) are associated with the lower limit of Lee bounds that partially identify the treatment effect adjusted for selection bias. Rows (20) – (23) (rand. effects) are associated with the random effects estimator. Rows (24) – (27) (pooled estim.) are associated with the pooled OLS estimator. Rows (28) – (31) (oldest child), (32) – (35) (two oldest), and (36) – (39) (three oldest) are associated with the between-effects estimator only using samples of oldest children, two oldest children, and three oldest children.

Table 25: Alternative Estimators of Effects on Pooled Children of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Summary	(01) Obs.	38	35	37	33	40	33	41	40	40	39
	(02) Control	0.6750	0.7018	0.4333	0.4491	0.7016	0.5844	0.3587	0.3622	0.0333	0.0659
	(03) Treatment	0.7972	0.7927	0.6861	0.6789	0.7447	0.4491	0.5208	0.5357	0.2544	0.2341
Betw. estim.	(04) Estimate	0.1768	0.1261	0.2586	0.2200	-0.0358	-0.0482	0.1028	0.1281	0.2116	0.1688
	(05) p_A	0.0625	0.1354	0.0375	0.0754	0.3555	0.3947	0.2239	0.1370	0.0122	0.0127
	(06) p_B	0.0736	0.1344	0.0516	0.0792	0.3684	0.3668	0.2192	0.1420	0.0044	0.0104
	(07) p_P	0.0528	0.1331	0.0480	0.0936	0.3535	0.4086	0.2883	0.1807	0.0292	0.0436
Heckman corr.	(08) Estimate	0.2475	0.2697	0.2931	0.3621	-0.0219	-0.0443	0.0993	0.1188	0.2004	0.1498
	(09) p_A	0.1046	0.1166	0.1053	0.1226	0.4472	0.4994	0.2908	0.2299	0.0527	0.1027
	(10) p_B	0.1040	0.1088	0.1016	0.0868	0.4128	0.4316	0.2464	0.2072	0.0312	0.0700
	(11) p_P	0.0400	0.0324	0.0764	0.0512	0.4354	0.4342	0.3171	0.2383	0.0644	0.1008
Series estim.	(12) Estimate	0.2582	0.2689	0.3058	0.3806	-0.0435	0.0106	0.1068	0.1206	0.1916	0.1374
	(13) p_A	0.1458	0.1432	0.1439	0.1381	0.4146	0.4998	0.3100	0.2696	0.0975	0.1806
	(14) p_B	0.1184	0.1328	0.1140	0.1016	0.4192	0.4936	0.2788	0.2404	0.0540	0.1108
	(15) p_P	0.0460	0.0400	0.0772	0.0488	0.3766	0.4590	0.3135	0.2511	0.0780	0.1371
Lee bound	(16) Estimate	0.1161	0.0641	0.1993	0.1877	0.0374	-0.1257	0.1534	0.1629	0.2145	0.1512
	(17) p_A	0.1860	0.3116	0.1256	0.1613	0.3993	0.4983	0.1537	0.1242	0.0355	0.0828
	(18) p_B	0.2564	0.2844	0.1668	0.2136	0.4476	0.3860	0.2388	0.2004	0.0592	0.1276
	(19) p_P	0.0672	0.1663	0.0480	0.0708	0.2655	0.1475	0.0928	0.0616	0.0124	0.0264
Rand. effects	(20) Estimate	0.1005	0.0917	0.2049	0.1707	-0.0575	-0.0591	0.0575	0.1291	0.2003	0.1680
	(21) p_A	0.1803	0.2238	0.0677	0.1258	0.2873	0.3688	0.3317	0.1307	0.0234	0.0136
	(22) p_B	0.1796	0.2212	0.0764	0.1316	0.3100	0.3508	0.3416	0.1348	0.0320	0.0124
	(23) p_P	0.1699	0.2331	0.0788	0.1335	0.3127	0.3810	0.3850	0.1731	0.0316	0.0436
Pooled estim.	(24) Estimate	0.1005	0.0917	0.1666	0.1386	-0.0635	-0.0604	0.0201	0.1534	0.1533	0.1137
	(25) p_A	0.1802	0.2240	0.1115	0.1760	0.2733	0.3676	0.4401	0.0840	0.0567	0.0851
	(26) p_B	0.1824	0.2212	0.1112	0.1672	0.3016	0.3276	0.4452	0.0900	0.0352	0.0540
	(27) p_P	0.1699	0.2331	0.1104	0.1731	0.3039	0.3890	0.4790	0.1244	0.0672	0.1503
Oldest child	(28) Estimate	-0.0536	-0.1819	0.0877	-0.0142	-0.1776	0.0531	0.0756	-0.0357	0.2287	0.1989
	(29) p_A	0.3930	0.1702	0.3321	0.4732	0.0741	0.3962	0.3275	0.3864	0.0166	0.0130
	(30) p_B	0.3988	0.1672	0.3244	0.4756	0.0816	0.4144	0.3164	0.3696	0.0160	0.0092
	(31) p_P	0.3806	0.1447	0.3375	0.4798	0.0980	0.3754	0.4154	0.3611	0.0420	0.0384
Two oldest	(32) Estimate	0.1283	0.0807	0.2111	0.1736	-0.0577	0.0609	0.1087	0.0465	0.2169	0.1754
	(33) p_A	0.1606	0.2634	0.0891	0.1481	0.2679	0.3750	0.2244	0.3459	0.0116	0.0123
	(34) p_B	0.1796	0.2764	0.0964	0.1544	0.2672	0.4072	0.2216	0.3692	0.0060	0.0112
	(35) p_P	0.1523	0.2827	0.0996	0.1667	0.2979	0.3599	0.2919	0.4130	0.0280	0.0416
Three oldest	(36) Estimate	0.1960	0.1337	0.2672	0.2160	-0.0045	-0.0185	0.0705	0.0990	0.2320	0.1741
	(37) p_A	0.0593	0.1477	0.0396	0.0914	0.4812	0.4596	0.3094	0.2008	0.0069	0.0135
	(38) p_B	0.0736	0.1552	0.0512	0.1024	0.4932	0.4300	0.3100	0.2124	0.0016	0.0112
	(39) p_P	0.0592	0.1607	0.0536	0.1032	0.4606	0.4754	0.3770	0.2663	0.0188	0.0428

Note: Row (1), Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4) through (39) contain alternative estimators of intergenerational treatment effects and the associated p -values. The subscripts A, B, and P for these p -values are associated with the asymptotic, bootstrap, and permutation tests, respectively. Rows (4) – (7) (betw. estim.) are associated with the between-effects estimator. Rows (08) – (11) (Heckman corr.) are associated with the Heckman two-step estimator for selection bias correction (without any exclusion restrictions). Rows (12) – (15) (series estim.) are associated with the series estimator for correcting selection bias, which uses the probability of having a child and its square as regressors in the outcome equation. Rows (16) – (19) (Lee bound) are associated with the lower limit of Lee bounds that partially identify the treatment effect adjusted for selection bias. Rows (20) – (23) (rand. effects) are associated with the random effects estimator. Rows (24) – (27) (pooled estim.) are associated with the pooled OLS estimator. Rows (28) – (31) (oldest child), (32) – (35) (two oldest), and (36) – (39) (three oldest) are associated with the between-effects estimator only using samples of oldest child, two oldest children, and three oldest children.

Table 26: Alternative Estimators of Effects on **Male** Children of the **Male** Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -spended	Never Su -spended	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Summary	(01) Obs.	25	25	30	30	27	27	30	30	26	26
	(02) Control	0.4848	0.3939	0.7604	0.7917	0.3718	0.3333	0.8854	0.9167	0.4028	0.3611
	(03) Treatment	0.6548	0.6548	0.7500	0.7500	0.5714	0.5714	0.9286	0.9286	0.6071	0.6071
Betw. estim.	(04) Estimate	0.1219	0.1944	-0.0221	-0.0489	0.0994	0.1344	0.0051	-0.0217	0.1134	0.1515
	(05) p_A	0.2852	0.1782	0.4487	0.3842	0.3065	0.2452	0.4842	0.4297	0.2891	0.2286
	(06) p_B	0.2216	0.1364	0.4184	0.3560	0.2596	0.2048	0.4988	0.4636	0.2404	0.1864
	(07) p_P	0.2323	0.1515	0.4794	0.4162	0.2747	0.2259	0.4650	0.4366	0.2403	0.1939
Heckman corr.	(08) Estimate	0.0765	0.1838	-0.0330	-0.0229	0.0934	0.2128	-0.0111	0.0126	0.1031	0.2206
	(09) p_A	0.4871	0.4837	0.4474	0.4632	0.4916	0.4808	0.4760	0.4712	0.4907	0.4802
	(10) p_B	0.4112	0.3260	0.4048	0.4008	0.3740	0.2584	0.4808	0.5072	0.3736	0.2728
	(11) p_P	0.3747	0.2471	0.4594	0.4834	0.3339	0.1907	0.4858	0.4446	0.3123	0.1851
Series estim.	(12) Estimate	0.0979	0.2111	0.0037	0.0381	0.1324	0.2845	0.0069	0.0600	0.1334	0.2794
	(13) p_A	0.4777	0.4752	0.4948	0.4448	0.4829	0.4635	0.4877	0.3810	0.4830	0.4660
	(14) p_B	0.4028	0.3348	0.4684	0.4816	0.3388	0.2428	0.4948	0.4808	0.3416	0.2572
	(15) p_P	0.3463	0.2151	0.4766	0.4042	0.2847	0.1415	0.4650	0.3263	0.2827	0.1419
Lee bound	(16) Estimate	-0.0100	0.0540	-0.0735	-0.0825	0.0597	0.0689	-0.0037	-0.0238	0.0739	0.0813
	(17) p_A	0.4992	0.4891	0.3661	0.3454	0.4865	0.4846	0.4908	0.4380	0.4839	0.4823
	(18) p_B	0.3716	0.4924	0.4688	0.3920	0.4696	0.4212	0.3936	0.5080	0.4644	0.4212
	(19) p_P	0.3739	0.2907	0.2775	0.2559	0.2647	0.2459	0.4086	0.3423	0.2363	0.2271
Rand. effects	(20) Estimate	0.1465	0.1983	-0.0076	-0.0320	0.0894	0.1211	-0.0041	-0.0286	0.0964	0.1288
	(21) p_A	0.2362	0.1673	0.4815	0.4161	0.3164	0.2560	0.4876	0.3930	0.3138	0.2610
	(22) p_B	0.2060	0.1408	0.4932	0.4788	0.3040	0.2556	0.5354	0.6703	0.2864	0.2300
	(23) p_P	0.1911	0.1375	0.4974	0.4550	0.2983	0.2439	0.4994	0.4274	0.2775	0.2227
Pooled estim.	(24) Estimate	0.1503	0.2069	0.0152	0.0044	0.0812	0.1089	-0.0032	-0.0258	0.0880	0.1164
	(25) p_A	0.2313	0.1593	0.4654	0.4899	0.3391	0.2905	0.4912	0.4266	0.3356	0.2917
	(26) p_B	0.1992	0.1324	0.4804	0.4832	0.3084	0.2452	0.4984	0.4596	0.3044	0.2456
	(27) p_P	0.1907	0.1343	0.4606	0.4742	0.3215	0.2759	0.4990	0.4466	0.2971	0.2555
Oldest child	(28) Estimate	0.2425	0.2425	0.1795	0.1795	0.3029	0.3029	0.0000	0.0000	0.2425	0.2425
	(29) p_A	0.4427	0.4427	0.4174	0.4174	0.2680	0.2680	0.5000	0.5000	0.4427	0.4427
	(30) p_B	0.2135	0.2135	0.3228	0.3228	0.1398	0.1398	1.0000	1.0000	0.2135	0.2135
	(31) p_P	0.2191	0.2191	0.2439	0.2439	0.1635	0.1635	1.0000	1.0000	0.2191	0.2191
Two oldest	(32) Estimate	0.1118	0.1462	0.1315	0.0962	0.0870	0.0870	0.1385	0.1032	0.1462	0.1462
	(33) p_A	0.3334	0.2838	0.2472	0.3048	0.3546	0.3546	0.1012	0.1591	0.2838	0.2838
	(34) p_B	0.2772	0.2408	0.2560	0.3224	0.3164	0.3164	0.1432	0.3632	0.2408	0.2408
	(35) p_P	0.2855	0.2495	0.2647	0.3107	0.3295	0.3295	0.0736	0.1172	0.2495	0.2495
Three oldest	(36) Estimate	0.1525	0.2265	-0.0371	-0.0646	0.1123	0.1494	-0.0447	-0.0721	0.1258	0.1667
	(37) p_A	0.2542	0.1576	0.4175	0.3547	0.3088	0.2513	0.3644	0.2786	0.2970	0.2393
	(38) p_B	0.1940	0.1196	0.3956	0.3308	0.2728	0.2088	0.4028	0.3676	0.2572	0.1972
	(39) p_P	0.2027	0.1307	0.4290	0.3778	0.2783	0.2339	0.3539	0.2783	0.2495	0.2031

Note: Row (1), Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4) through (39) contain alternative estimators of intergenerational treatment effects and the associated p -values. The subscripts A, B, and P for these p -values are associated with the asymptotic, bootstrap, and permutation tests, respectively. Rows (4) – (7) (betw. estim.) are associated with the between-effects estimator. Rows (08) – (11) (Heckman corr.) are associated with the Heckman two-step estimator for selection bias correction (without any exclusion restrictions). Rows (12) – (15) (series estim.) are associated with the series estimator for correcting selection bias, which uses the probability of having a child and its square as regressors in the outcome equation. Rows (16) – (19) (Lee bound) are associated with the lower limit of Lee bounds that partially identify the treatment effect adjusted for selection bias. Rows (20) – (23) (rand. effects) are associated with the random effects estimator. Rows (24) – (27) (pooled estim.) are associated with the pooled OLS estimator. Rows (28) – (31) (oldest child), (32) – (35) (two oldest), and (36) – (39) (three oldest) are associated with the between-effects estimator only using samples of oldest children, two oldest children, and three oldest children.

Table 26: Alternative Estimators of Effects on Male Children of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Attended College	Attended College	Attended College	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	30	30	28	28	28	26	29	29	27
	(02) Control	0.1771	0.2083	0.1556	0.4643	0.4286	0.4615	0.4333	0.4000	0.4286
	(03) Treatment	0.3452	0.3452	0.3333	0.5952	0.5952	0.6795	0.5714	0.5714	0.6538
Betw. estim.	(04) Estimate	0.1099	0.0763	0.1858	0.1311	0.1662	0.1528	0.1149	0.1486	0.1304
	(05) p_A	0.2425	0.3214	0.1425	0.2269	0.1762	0.1996	0.2684	0.2156	0.2494
	(06) p_B	0.2336	0.3228	0.1228	0.2228	0.1668	0.1956	0.2796	0.2196	0.2476
	(07) p_P	0.2315	0.3143	0.1395	0.2399	0.1951	0.2347	0.2607	0.2231	0.2603
Heckman corr.	(08) Estimate	0.1934	0.1532	0.2297	0.0857	0.2185	0.3451	0.0758	0.2191	0.3387
	(09) p_A	0.1864	0.2674	0.2673	0.4364	0.3482	0.3052	0.4443	0.3469	0.2939
	(10) p_B	0.1372	0.2348	0.1544	0.4272	0.2936	0.2096	0.4552	0.3064	0.2276
	(11) p_P	0.1423	0.2191	0.1511	0.3459	0.1935	0.1044	0.3591	0.1899	0.1064
Series estim.	(12) Estimate	0.2077	0.1539	0.2224	0.1107	0.2872	0.4363	0.1086	0.3054	0.4451
	(13) p_A	0.2185	0.2993	0.2863	0.4232	0.3144	0.2800	0.4263	0.3025	0.2559
	(14) p_B	0.1928	0.2732	0.1876	0.3836	0.2788	0.1980	0.4060	0.2768	0.2024
	(15) p_P	0.1439	0.2419	0.1711	0.3291	0.1383	0.0636	0.3291	0.1279	0.0560
Lee bound	(16) Estimate	0.1750	0.1384	0.1729	0.1477	0.1308	0.1703	0.1361	0.1175	0.1665
	(17) p_A	0.1676	0.2246	0.2435	0.3314	0.3511	0.3683	0.3452	0.3646	0.3276
	(18) p_B	0.2320	0.2796	0.2244	0.3488	0.3264	0.2656	0.3904	0.3496	0.2756
	(19) p_P	0.0672	0.1108	0.0940	0.1479	0.1763	0.1499	0.1675	0.1899	0.1555
Rand. effects	(20) Estimate	0.1605	0.1407	0.2140	0.1650	0.1850	0.1721	0.1292	0.1539	0.1345
	(21) p_A	0.1298	0.1774	0.0858	0.1654	0.1417	0.1554	0.2429	0.1958	0.1987
	(22) p_B	0.1408	0.1912	0.0944	0.1756	0.1840	0.2728	0.2764	0.3108	0.5200
	(23) p_P	0.1116	0.1591	0.0744	0.1783	0.1647	0.1991	0.2371	0.2099	0.2527
Pooled estim.	(24) Estimate	0.1605	0.1457	0.2170	0.2101	0.2267	0.2248	0.1633	0.1800	0.1709
	(25) p_A	0.1287	0.1672	0.0815	0.1293	0.1179	0.1286	0.2180	0.1996	0.2216
	(26) p_B	0.1336	0.1768	0.0764	0.1340	0.1196	0.1304	0.2144	0.1968	0.2104
	(27) p_P	0.1116	0.1463	0.0700	0.1439	0.1383	0.1675	0.2071	0.1955	0.2387
Oldest child	(28) Estimate	-0.1210	-0.1210	0.0296	0.5838	0.5838	0.5321	0.5838	0.5838	0.5321
	(29) p_A	0.4223	0.4223	0.4903	0.0651	0.0651	0.0790	0.0651	0.0651	0.0790
	(30) p_B	0.3584	0.3584	0.4260	0.0217	0.0217	0.0589	0.0217	0.0217	0.0589
	(31) p_P	0.3259	0.3259	0.4554	0.0316	0.0316	0.0412	0.0316	0.0316	0.0412
Two oldest	(32) Estimate	0.1126	0.1126	0.2445	0.1947	0.1947	0.1885	0.1947	0.1947	0.1885
	(33) p_A	0.2969	0.2969	0.1397	0.1692	0.1692	0.1843	0.1692	0.1692	0.1843
	(34) p_B	0.2780	0.2780	0.1044	0.1712	0.1712	0.1904	0.1712	0.1712	0.1904
	(35) p_P	0.2775	0.2775	0.1275	0.1611	0.1611	0.1803	0.1611	0.1611	0.1803
Three oldest	(36) Estimate	0.1176	0.0824	0.1939	0.1567	0.1919	0.1851	0.0977	0.1330	0.1224
	(37) p_A	0.2429	0.3202	0.1492	0.1904	0.1463	0.1590	0.3156	0.2595	0.2813
	(38) p_B	0.2420	0.3216	0.1276	0.1864	0.1396	0.1508	0.3204	0.2588	0.2760
	(39) p_P	0.2367	0.3175	0.1539	0.2095	0.1719	0.2007	0.3023	0.2591	0.2947

Note: Row (1), Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4) through (39) contain alternative estimators of intergenerational treatment effects and the associated p -values. The subscripts A, B, and P for these p -values are associated with the asymptotic, bootstrap, and permutation tests, respectively. Rows (4) – (7) (betw. estim.) are associated with the between-effects estimator. Rows (08) – (11) (Heckman corr.) are associated with the Heckman two-step estimator for selection bias correction (without any exclusion restrictions). Rows (12) – (15) (series estim.) are associated with the series estimator for correcting selection bias, which uses the probability of having a child and its square as regressors in the outcome equation. Rows (16) – (19) (Lee bound) are associated with the lower limit of Lee bounds that partially identify the treatment effect adjusted for selection bias. Rows (20) – (23) (rand. effects) are associated with the random effects estimator. Rows (24) – (27) (pooled estim.) are associated with the pooled OLS estimator. Rows (28) – (31) (oldest child), (32) – (35) (two oldest), and (36) – (39) (three oldest) are associated with the between-effects estimator only using samples of oldest children, two oldest children, and three oldest children.

Table 26: Alternative Estimators of Effects on Male Children of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	29	29	27	30	30	28	30	30	28
	(02) Control	0.3667	0.3333	0.3571	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.8958	0.8958	0.8889
	(03) Treatment	0.5000	0.5000	0.5769	0.2024	0.2024	0.2564	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Betw. estim.	(04) Estimate	0.1433	0.1770	0.1751	0.2210	0.2210	0.2617	0.1334	0.1334	0.1458
	(05) p_A	0.2237	0.1769	0.1959	0.0108	0.0108	0.0136	0.0586	0.0586	0.0582
	(06) p_B	0.2288	0.1684	0.1788	0.0040	0.0040	0.0044	0.1412	0.1412	0.1412
	(07) p_P	0.2159	0.1819	0.2079	0.0084	0.0084	0.0180	0.0648	0.0648	0.0616
Heckman corr.	(08) Estimate	0.1157	0.2414	0.3776	0.2439	0.2318	0.2668	0.1440	0.1917	0.2333
	(09) p_A	0.4160	0.3314	0.2840	0.0477	0.0426	0.0951	0.1374	0.1074	0.0978
	(10) p_B	0.3776	0.2516	0.1800	0.0152	0.0180	0.0184	0.2060	0.1936	0.1724
	(11) p_P	0.3159	0.1747	0.0980	0.0188	0.0264	0.0424	0.0736	0.0380	0.0256
Series estim.	(12) Estimate	0.1466	0.3085	0.4688	0.2317	0.2146	0.2496	0.1485	0.1993	0.2404
	(13) p_A	0.3994	0.2945	0.2562	0.1331	0.0671	0.1089	0.1726	0.1336	0.1213
	(14) p_B	0.3424	0.2360	0.1700	0.0208	0.0244	0.0212	0.2200	0.1988	0.1804
	(15) p_P	0.2827	0.1208	0.0600	0.0348	0.0428	0.0692	0.0884	0.0460	0.0284
Lee bound	(16) Estimate	0.1442	0.1278	0.1649	0.2506	0.2459	0.2866	0.1235	0.0870	0.0655
	(17) p_A	0.3411	0.3577	0.3349	0.0253	0.0242	0.0389	0.1064	0.1830	0.2554
	(18) p_B	0.3740	0.3332	0.2612	0.0132	0.0084	0.0096	0.1368	0.2140	0.2468
	(19) p_P	0.1699	0.1819	0.1607	0.0016	0.0064	0.0168	0.0996	0.1204	0.1523
Rand. effects	(20) Estimate	0.1555	0.1828	0.1780	0.2224	0.2217	0.2333	0.1836	0.1978	0.2090
	(21) p_A	0.2019	0.1576	0.1518	0.0080	0.0080	0.0166	0.0684	0.0604	0.0608
	(22) p_B	0.2344	0.2668	0.4744	0.0108	0.0108	0.0357	0.2631	0.2635	0.2645
	(23) p_P	0.1955	0.1711	0.2039	0.0096	0.0140	0.0184	0.0424	0.0436	0.0472
Pooled estim.	(24) Estimate	0.1858	0.2087	0.2074	0.2224	0.2217	0.2333	0.2107	0.2145	0.2255
	(25) p_A	0.1870	0.1629	0.1802	0.0077	0.0078	0.0124	0.0366	0.0366	0.0383
	(26) p_B	0.1800	0.1532	0.1656	0.0040	0.0040	0.0044	0.1412	0.1416	0.1432
	(27) p_P	0.1863	0.1683	0.1939	0.0096	0.0140	0.0184	0.0368	0.0392	0.0432
Oldest child	(28) Estimate	0.5265	0.5265	0.4958	0.2164	0.2164	0.2204	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	(29) p_A	0.2807	0.2807	0.3314	0.3180	0.3180	0.4247	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000
	(30) p_B	0.0237	0.0237	0.0650	0.1406	0.1406	0.1645	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(31) p_P	0.0492	0.0492	0.0804	0.1951	0.1951	0.2251	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Two oldest	(32) Estimate	0.2269	0.2269	0.2373	0.2061	0.2061	0.2511	0.1968	0.1968	0.2191
	(33) p_A	0.1292	0.1292	0.1376	0.0240	0.0240	0.0279	0.0614	0.0614	0.0614
	(34) p_B	0.1216	0.1216	0.1272	0.0132	0.0132	0.0140	0.1448	0.1448	0.1452
	(35) p_P	0.1208	0.1208	0.1363	0.0340	0.0340	0.0496	0.0548	0.0548	0.0512
Three oldest	(36) Estimate	0.1227	0.1580	0.1621	0.1971	0.1971	0.2414	0.1309	0.1309	0.1439
	(37) p_A	0.2760	0.2245	0.2354	0.0243	0.0243	0.0279	0.0627	0.0627	0.0637
	(38) p_B	0.2752	0.2184	0.2144	0.0132	0.0132	0.0136	0.1452	0.1452	0.1452
	(39) p_P	0.2639	0.2231	0.2455	0.0212	0.0212	0.0376	0.0640	0.0640	0.0624

Note: Row (1), Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4) through (39) contain alternative estimators of intergenerational treatment effects and the associated p -values. The subscripts A, B, and P for these p -values are associated with the asymptotic, bootstrap, and permutation tests, respectively. Rows (4) – (7) (betw. estim.) are associated with the between-effects estimator. Rows (08) – (11) (Heckman corr.) are associated with the Heckman two-step estimator for selection bias correction (without any exclusion restrictions). Rows (12) – (15) (series estim.) are associated with the series estimator for correcting selection bias, which uses the probability of having a child and its square as regressors in the outcome equation. Rows (16) – (19) (Lee bound) are associated with the lower limit of Lee bounds that partially identify the treatment effect adjusted for selection bias. Rows (20) – (23) (rand. effects) are associated with the random effects estimator. Rows (24) – (27) (pooled estim.) are associated with the pooled OLS estimator. Rows (28) – (31) (oldest child), (32) – (35) (two oldest), and (36) – (39) (three oldest) are associated with the between-effects estimator only using samples of oldest children, two oldest children, and three oldest children.

Table 26: Alternative Estimators of Effects on Male Children of the Male Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	30	28	30	28	28	26	27	24	29	27
	(02) Control	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.4167	0.4487	0.2564	0.2778	0.9000	0.8929
	(03) Treatment	0.0714	0.0769	0.0714	0.0769	0.6667	0.6795	0.5238	0.5278	0.9643	0.9615
Betw. estim.	(04) Estimate	0.0972	0.1021	0.0972	0.1021	0.2056	0.1648	0.1445	0.1135	0.0161	0.0227
	(05) p_A	0.0582	0.0617	0.0582	0.0617	0.1337	0.1989	0.2107	0.2729	0.4268	0.4086
	(06) p_B	0.1264	0.1264	0.1264	0.1264	0.1216	0.1736	0.2104	0.2637	0.4312	0.4156
	(07) p_P	0.0248	0.0312	0.0248	0.0312	0.1291	0.2151	0.1863	0.2743	0.4414	0.4206
Heckman corr.	(08) Estimate	0.1020	0.0936	0.1020	0.0936	0.2411	0.3334	0.1444	0.2419	0.0012	—0.0005
	(09) p_A	0.1214	0.2994	0.1214	0.2994	0.2372	0.3603	0.3808	0.3629	0.4965	0.4989
	(10) p_B	0.1496	0.1588	0.1496	0.1588	0.2028	0.1568	0.3248	0.2345	0.4820	0.4884
	(11) p_P	0.0704	0.0928	0.0704	0.0928	0.1515	0.0932	0.2387	0.1427	0.4898	0.4818
Series estim.	(12) Estimate	0.0926	0.0803	0.0926	0.0803	0.2834	0.3873	0.1907	0.3015	—0.0095	—0.0095
	(13) p_A	0.1634	0.3043	0.1634	0.3043	0.2395	0.2596	0.3576	0.3324	0.4739	0.4800
	(14) p_B	0.1668	0.1796	0.1668	0.1796	0.2108	0.1660	0.2972	0.2257	0.5156	0.5212
	(15) p_P	0.0868	0.1335	0.0868	0.1335	0.1307	0.0732	0.1863	0.0956	0.4522	0.4414
Lee bound	(16) Estimate	0.1090	0.1053	0.1090	0.1053	0.1558	0.1835	0.1501	0.2003	—0.0215	—0.0322
	(17) p_A	0.1211	0.1969	0.1211	0.1969	0.2586	0.3915	0.3469	0.4218	0.4286	0.3990
	(18) p_B	0.1276	0.1288	0.1276	0.1288	0.2672	0.2360	0.2656	0.2385	0.4596	0.4412
	(19) p_P	0.0336	0.0488	0.0336	0.0488	0.1216	0.1164	0.1204	0.0952	0.4578	0.4962
Rand. effects	(20) Estimate	0.1160	0.1232	0.1050	0.1112	0.1966	0.1721	0.1399	0.1162	0.0060	0.0091
	(21) p_A	0.0279	0.0310	0.0441	0.0488	0.1315	0.1813	0.2155	0.2690	0.4720	0.4613
	(22) p_B	0.0005	0.0005	0.0005	0.0005	0.1188	0.1540	0.2168	0.2613	0.5236	0.5165
	(23) p_P	0.0408	0.0440	0.0632	0.0676	0.1240	0.1895	0.2011	0.2667	0.4730	0.4590
Pooled estim.	(24) Estimate	0.1160	0.1232	0.1050	0.1112	0.1974	0.1774	0.1468	0.1279	0.0060	0.0091
	(25) p_A	0.0521	0.0557	0.0683	0.0732	0.1319	0.1762	0.2122	0.2580	0.4725	0.4619
	(26) p_B	0.1264	0.1264	0.1264	0.1264	0.1176	0.1492	0.2036	0.2389	0.4660	0.4564
	(27) p_P	0.0408	0.0440	0.0632	0.0676	0.1263	0.1851	0.2035	0.2583	0.4730	0.4590
Oldest child	(28) Estimate	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.1441	—0.0935	0.3029	0.1557	—0.2524	—0.3060
	(29) p_A	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.3739	0.4525	0.2680	0.4427	0.1025	0.3030
	(30) p_B	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2627	0.4984	0.1398	0.2773	0.3692	0.3757
	(31) p_P	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2939	0.3914	0.1635	0.3155	0.0340	0.0292
Two oldest	(32) Estimate	0.0762	0.0812	0.0596	0.0632	0.1459	0.0969	0.0855	0.0405	—0.0705	—0.0761
	(33) p_A	0.1042	0.1097	0.1277	0.1333	0.2523	0.3380	0.3473	0.4320	0.1218	0.1270
	(34) p_B	0.3636	0.3644	0.3644	0.3652	0.2284	0.3108	0.3580	0.4430	0.3636	0.3640
	(35) p_P	0.0228	0.0308	0.0668	0.0804	0.2483	0.3523	0.3119	0.4134	0.0544	0.0580
Three oldest	(36) Estimate	0.0621	0.0658	0.0621	0.0658	0.2214	0.1856	0.1423	0.1129	0.0304	0.0397
	(37) p_A	0.1218	0.1260	0.1218	0.1260	0.1357	0.1928	0.2382	0.2998	0.3924	0.3777
	(38) p_B	0.3632	0.3636	0.3632	0.3636	0.1304	0.1664	0.2416	0.3029	0.4048	0.3920
	(39) p_P	0.0440	0.0516	0.0440	0.0516	0.1271	0.2015	0.2059	0.2863	0.3846	0.3750

Note: Row (1), Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4) through (39) contain alternative estimators of intergenerational treatment effects and the associated p -values. The subscripts A, B, and P for these p -values are associated with the asymptotic, bootstrap, and permutation tests, respectively. Rows (4) – (7) (betw. estim.) are associated with the between-effects estimator. Rows (08) – (11) (Heckman corr.) are associated with the Heckman two-step estimator for selection bias correction (without any exclusion restrictions). Rows (12) – (15) (series estim.) are associated with the series estimator for correcting selection bias, which uses the probability of having a child and its square as regressors in the outcome equation. Rows (16) – (19) (Lee bound) are associated with the lower limit of Lee bounds that partially identify the treatment effect adjusted for selection bias. Rows (20) – (23) (rand. effects) are associated with the random effects estimator. Rows (24) – (27) (pooled estim.) are associated with the pooled OLS estimator. Rows (28) – (31) (oldest child), (32) – (35) (two oldest), and (36) – (39) (three oldest) are associated with the between-effects estimator only using samples of oldest children, two oldest children, and three oldest children.

Table 26: Alternative Estimators of Effects on Male Children of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Summary	(01) Obs.	28	26	27	24	29	22	30	29	30	29
	(02) Control	0.4167	0.4487	0.2564	0.2778	0.7111	0.4697	0.4375	0.3611	0.0000	0.0174
	(03) Treatment	0.6667	0.6795	0.5238	0.5278	0.7262	0.5152	0.3214	0.4836	0.1429	0.2564
Betw. estim.	(04) Estimate	0.2056	0.1648	0.1445	0.1135	-0.0621	0.0139	-0.2581	-0.0002	0.1016	0.1812
	(05) p_A	0.1337	0.1989	0.2107	0.2729	0.3427	0.4764	0.0499	0.4995	0.1270	0.0308
	(06) p_B	0.1216	0.1736	0.2104	0.2637	0.3684	0.4848	0.0584	0.4496	0.1396	0.0212
	(07) p_P	0.1291	0.2151	0.1863	0.2743	0.3143	0.4602	0.0836	0.4946	0.1843	0.0556
Heckman corr.	(08) Estimate	0.2411	0.3334	0.1444	0.2419	-0.0516	-0.1137	-0.2503	0.0164	0.0879	0.1635
	(09) p_A	0.2372	0.3603	0.3808	0.3629	0.4222	0.4478	0.1298	0.4696	0.2339	0.1508
	(10) p_B	0.2028	0.1568	0.3248	0.2345	0.3828	0.4000	0.1056	0.4972	0.2292	0.1220
	(11) p_P	0.1515	0.0932	0.2387	0.1427	0.3703	0.3563	0.1467	0.4646	0.1939	0.1076
Series estim.	(12) Estimate	0.2834	0.3873	0.1907	0.3015	-0.0452	-0.1011	-0.2519	0.0254	0.0774	0.1438
	(13) p_A	0.2395	0.2596	0.3576	0.3324	0.4477	0.4612	0.1761	0.4603	0.2991	0.2215
	(14) p_B	0.2108	0.1660	0.2972	0.2257	0.4260	0.4732	0.1204	0.4948	0.2380	0.1556
	(15) p_P	0.1307	0.0732	0.1863	0.0956	0.3778	0.3870	0.1559	0.4386	0.2551	0.1431
Lee bound	(16) Estimate	0.1558	0.1835	0.1501	0.2003	0.0520	-0.1372	-0.1808	0.1339	0.1053	0.1944
	(17) p_A	0.2586	0.3915	0.3469	0.4218	0.4151	0.4459	0.1878	0.2294	0.1897	0.0691
	(18) p_B	0.2672	0.2360	0.2656	0.2385	0.4784	0.4776	0.2632	0.3108	0.2720	0.1132
	(19) p_P	0.1216	0.1164	0.1204	0.0952	0.2955	0.2167	0.1000	0.1164	0.0548	0.0080
Rand. effects	(20) Estimate	0.1966	0.1721	0.1399	0.1162	-0.0072	-0.0499	-0.2468	0.0053	0.0000	0.1810
	(21) p_A	0.1315	0.1813	0.2155	0.2690	0.4796	0.4096	0.0567	0.4839	0.5000	0.0744
	(22) p_B	0.1188	0.1540	0.2168	0.2613	0.4992	0.4224	0.0668	0.4704	1.0000	0.3639
	(23) p_P	0.1240	0.1895	0.2011	0.2667	0.4478	0.4222	0.0956	0.4818	1.0000	0.0564
Pooled estim.	(24) Estimate	0.1974	0.1774	0.1468	0.1279	0.0515	-0.1513	-0.2188	0.1261	0.0570	0.1124
	(25) p_A	0.1319	0.1762	0.2122	0.2580	0.3663	0.2559	0.0873	0.1888	0.1660	0.1400
	(26) p_B	0.1176	0.1492	0.2036	0.2389	0.3580	0.2668	0.0724	0.2380	0.1456	0.1216
	(27) p_P	0.1263	0.1851	0.2035	0.2583	0.3982	0.2515	0.1435	0.2167	0.2075	0.1559
Oldest child	(28) Estimate	0.1441	-0.0935	0.3029	0.1557	-0.0415	-0.1801	-0.1429	0.0081	0.1941	0.3791
	(29) p_A	0.3739	0.4525	0.2680	0.4427	0.4526	0.4638	0.4378	0.4921	0.2929	0.3020
	(30) p_B	0.2627	0.4984	0.1398	0.2773	0.4549	0.3500	0.3484	0.4513	0.1514	0.0188
	(31) p_P	0.2939	0.3914	0.1635	0.3155	0.3727	0.3091	0.2667	0.4878	0.2015	0.0272
Two oldest	(32) Estimate	0.1459	0.0969	0.0855	0.0405	-0.0623	0.1023	-0.2116	-0.0337	0.1157	0.2017
	(33) p_A	0.2523	0.3380	0.3473	0.4320	0.3637	0.3516	0.1199	0.4021	0.1209	0.0284
	(34) p_B	0.2284	0.3108	0.3580	0.4430	0.3968	0.3669	0.1312	0.3416	0.1312	0.0192
	(35) p_P	0.2483	0.3523	0.3119	0.4134	0.3319	0.3291	0.1679	0.3998	0.1871	0.0596
Three oldest	(36) Estimate	0.2214	0.1856	0.1423	0.1129	0.0048	-0.0162	-0.3013	-0.0237	0.1164	0.2051
	(37) p_A	0.1357	0.1928	0.2382	0.2998	0.4881	0.4726	0.0325	0.4304	0.1190	0.0239
	(38) p_B	0.1304	0.1664	0.2416	0.3029	0.4436	0.4332	0.0408	0.3764	0.1288	0.0160
	(39) p_P	0.1271	0.2015	0.2059	0.2863	0.4826	0.4894	0.0620	0.4406	0.1647	0.0428

Note: Row (1), Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4) through (39) contain alternative estimators of intergenerational treatment effects and the associated p -values. The subscripts A, B, and P for these p -values are associated with the asymptotic, bootstrap, and permutation tests, respectively. Rows (4) – (7) (betw. estim.) are associated with the between-effects estimator. Rows (08) – (11) (Heckman corr.) are associated with the Heckman two-step estimator for selection bias correction (without any exclusion restrictions). Rows (12) – (15) (series estim.) are associated with the series estimator for correcting selection bias, which uses the probability of having a child and its square as regressors in the outcome equation. Rows (16) – (19) (Lee bound) are associated with the lower limit of Lee bounds that partially identify the treatment effect adjusted for selection bias. Rows (20) – (23) (rand. effects) are associated with the random effects estimator. Rows (24) – (27) (pooled estim.) are associated with the pooled OLS estimator. Rows (28) – (31) (oldest child), (32) – (35) (two oldest), and (36) – (39) (three oldest) are associated with the between-effects estimator only using samples of oldest child, two oldest children, and three oldest children.

Table 27: Alternative Estimators of Effects on Female Children of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -sponded	Never Su -sponded	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Summary	(01) Obs.	30	28	31	29	31	29	31	29	30	28
	(02) Control	0.6667	0.6333	0.7333	0.7333	0.5000	0.5000	0.8667	0.8667	0.5667	0.5667
	(03) Treatment	0.8444	0.8974	0.9375	0.9643	0.7778	0.8590	0.9688	1.0000	0.8111	0.8974
Betw. estim.	(04) Estimate	0.1998	0.2710	0.2577	0.2979	0.3180	0.4084	0.0849	0.1262	0.2645	0.3584
	(05) p_A	0.1133	0.0384	0.0312	0.0182	0.0294	0.0059	0.1849	0.1002	0.0632	0.0136
	(06) p_B	0.1216	0.0460	0.0412	0.0344	0.0308	0.0116	0.2052	0.1408	0.0560	0.0140
	(07) p_P	0.1220	0.0572	0.0360	0.0228	0.0424	0.0140	0.2083	0.1371	0.0648	0.0200
Heckman corr.	(08) Estimate	0.2141	0.3189	0.3802	0.4983	0.3760	0.5126	0.1217	0.1802	0.3003	0.4203
	(09) p_A	0.2308	0.1472	0.1363	0.0818	0.1152	0.0610	0.3618	0.2730	0.1669	0.0979
	(10) p_B	0.1952	0.1244	0.0712	0.0552	0.0852	0.0464	0.2420	0.2072	0.1192	0.0616
	(11) p_P	0.1607	0.0832	0.0296	0.0136	0.0536	0.0292	0.1551	0.0652	0.0804	0.0472
Series estim.	(12) Estimate	0.1952	0.3044	0.4114	0.5795	0.3760	0.5415	0.1264	0.2237	0.2841	0.4265
	(13) p_A	0.2847	0.2052	0.1716	0.0955	0.1690	0.1010	0.3817	0.2649	0.2211	0.1474
	(14) p_B	0.2264	0.1500	0.0764	0.0552	0.1012	0.0544	0.2392	0.2068	0.1396	0.0808
	(15) p_P	0.1975	0.1064	0.0376	0.0148	0.0752	0.0300	0.1827	0.0516	0.1160	0.0488
Lee bound	(16) Estimate	0.1926	0.2391	0.2849	0.2429	0.2932	0.3490	0.0859	0.0888	0.2443	0.3106
	(17) p_A	0.1884	0.1361	0.0658	0.1049	0.0997	0.0622	0.2915	0.2807	0.1471	0.0863
	(18) p_B	0.2620	0.1844	0.0868	0.0868	0.1380	0.0944	0.3412	0.2960	0.1948	0.1156
	(19) p_P	0.0672	0.0420	0.0252	0.0480	0.0288	0.0184	0.1323	0.1411	0.0436	0.0192
Rand. effects	(20) Estimate	0.1791	0.2477	0.2300	0.2756	0.2996	0.3846	0.0805	0.0000	0.2362	0.3262
	(21) p_A	0.1338	0.0590	0.0604	0.0427	0.0406	0.0220	0.1746	0.5000	0.0821	0.0357
	(22) p_B	0.1781	0.1745	0.1794	0.3843	0.0784	0.1324	0.4820	1.0000	0.1160	0.1472
	(23) p_P	0.1323	0.0596	0.0452	0.0256	0.0432	0.0164	0.2159	1.0000	0.0788	0.0240
Pooled estim.	(24) Estimate	0.1605	0.2248	0.1992	0.2190	0.2758	0.3515	0.0723	0.0953	0.2043	0.2920
	(25) p_A	0.1568	0.0643	0.0670	0.0529	0.0512	0.0176	0.2120	0.1285	0.1119	0.0328
	(26) p_B	0.1508	0.0596	0.0632	0.0564	0.0488	0.0188	0.2152	0.1560	0.0920	0.0252
	(27) p_P	0.1483	0.0652	0.0648	0.0400	0.0564	0.0192	0.2551	0.1271	0.1016	0.0260
Oldest child	(28) Estimate	0.5457	0.5180	0.0186	-0.0022	0.3743	0.3396	0.2430	0.2485	0.6600	0.6298
	(29) p_A	0.0861	0.1590	0.4777	0.4979	0.1689	0.2503	0.1659	0.2180	0.0769	0.1469
	(30) p_B	0.0336	0.0794	0.5336	0.5070	0.1516	0.1958	0.3476	0.3497	0.0360	0.0709
	(31) p_P	0.0248	0.0520	0.4142	0.4606	0.0936	0.1415	0.0108	0.0336	0.0104	0.0232
Two oldest	(32) Estimate	0.2465	0.3006	0.1939	0.1909	0.3234	0.3659	0.1415	0.1500	0.3417	0.3952
	(33) p_A	0.1071	0.0853	0.1185	0.1347	0.0469	0.0289	0.1055	0.0993	0.0441	0.0372
	(34) p_B	0.1212	0.0716	0.1352	0.1488	0.0556	0.0364	0.1604	0.1512	0.0448	0.0228
	(35) p_P	0.1168	0.0768	0.1044	0.1335	0.0588	0.0412	0.1064	0.1168	0.0540	0.0268
Three oldest	(36) Estimate	0.2126	0.2885	0.1417	0.1760	0.2533	0.3428	0.0989	0.1446	0.2674	0.3744
	(37) p_A	0.1232	0.0758	0.1767	0.1421	0.0783	0.0290	0.1736	0.0951	0.0745	0.0343
	(38) p_B	0.1336	0.0624	0.1760	0.1532	0.0864	0.0400	0.1984	0.1424	0.0672	0.0208
	(39) p_P	0.1303	0.0688	0.1695	0.1415	0.0964	0.0408	0.1959	0.1140	0.0792	0.0264

Note: Row (1), Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4) through (39) contain alternative estimators of intergenerational treatment effects and the associated p -values. The subscripts A, B, and P for these p -values are associated with the asymptotic, bootstrap, and permutation tests, respectively. Rows (4) – (7) (betw. estim.) are associated with the between-effects estimator. Rows (08) – (11) (Heckman corr.) are associated with the Heckman two-step estimator for selection bias correction (without any exclusion restrictions). Rows (12) – (15) (series estim.) are associated with the series estimator for correcting selection bias, which uses the probability of having a child and its square as regressors in the outcome equation. Rows (16) – (19) (Lee bound) are associated with the lower limit of Lee bounds that partially identify the treatment effect adjusted for selection bias. Rows (20) – (23) (rand. effects) are associated with the random effects estimator. Rows (24) – (27) (pooled estim.) are associated with the pooled OLS estimator. Rows (28) – (31) (oldest child), (32) – (35) (two oldest), and (36) – (39) (three oldest) are associated with the between-effects estimator only using samples of oldest children, two oldest children, and three oldest children.

Table 27: Alternative Estimators of Effects on Female Children of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Attended College	Attended College	Attended College	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	31	29	25	31	29	25	31	29	25
	(02) Control	0.6000	0.6000	0.6429	0.4000	0.4333	0.4643	0.3667	0.3667	0.3929
	(03) Treatment	0.5104	0.5119	0.5606	0.5208	0.5952	0.6212	0.5208	0.5952	0.6212
Betw. estim.	(04) Estimate	-0.1192	-0.1193	-0.1810	0.1646	0.1954	0.2129	0.1796	0.2325	0.2437
	(05) p_A	0.2592	0.2677	0.1995	0.1668	0.1324	0.1622	0.1454	0.0931	0.1309
	(06) p_B	0.3028	0.2988	0.2068	0.1664	0.1344	0.1412	0.1504	0.1068	0.1144
	(07) p_P	0.2871	0.2975	0.2215	0.1487	0.1080	0.1228	0.1343	0.0892	0.1244
Heckman corr.	(08) Estimate	-0.0295	0.0379	0.0324	0.2387	0.3240	0.5542	0.2647	0.4074	0.7008
	(09) p_A	0.4718	0.4651	0.4790	0.2368	0.2110	0.1710	0.2248	0.1858	0.1376
	(10) p_B	0.4700	0.4896	0.4704	0.2044	0.1528	0.1128	0.1992	0.1468	0.1004
	(11) p_P	0.4518	0.4682	0.4506	0.1084	0.0556	0.0216	0.1056	0.0456	0.0168
Series estim.	(12) Estimate	-0.0253	0.0567	0.0664	0.2390	0.3569	0.6273	0.2691	0.4729	0.8212
	(13) p_A	0.4802	0.4564	0.4630	0.2894	0.2418	0.1966	0.2784	0.2072	0.1540
	(14) p_B	0.4768	0.4952	0.4608	0.2064	0.1624	0.1184	0.2040	0.1488	0.1048
	(15) p_P	0.4614	0.4354	0.4098	0.1351	0.0496	0.0224	0.1220	0.0352	0.0168
Lee bound	(16) Estimate	-0.0199	0.0012	0.0168	0.0934	0.0878	0.1379	0.1154	0.1318	0.1664
	(17) p_A	0.4685	0.4982	0.4825	0.3403	0.3574	0.3340	0.3044	0.2873	0.2992
	(18) p_B	0.3940	0.3736	0.3344	0.4668	0.3768	0.3184	0.4260	0.3256	0.2964
	(19) p_P	0.3687	0.3906	0.4306	0.1779	0.1831	0.1687	0.1639	0.1431	0.1631
Rand. effects	(20) Estimate	-0.1356	-0.1426	-0.1850	0.1637	0.2166	0.2364	0.1868	0.2410	0.2505
	(21) p_A	0.2211	0.2118	0.2312	0.1493	0.0922	0.1274	0.1170	0.0707	0.1151
	(22) p_B	0.3580	0.3456	0.3032	0.1368	0.1040	0.1548	0.1172	0.0852	0.1452
	(23) p_P	0.2623	0.2623	0.2067	0.1152	0.0640	0.0748	0.1080	0.0612	0.0852
Pooled estim.	(24) Estimate	-0.1882	-0.1930	-0.1850	0.1637	0.2166	0.2467	0.1868	0.2410	0.2610
	(25) p_A	0.1506	0.1572	0.1938	0.1497	0.0923	0.1151	0.1181	0.0707	0.1046
	(26) p_B	0.1892	0.1876	0.1888	0.1364	0.0992	0.1124	0.1152	0.0804	0.1008
	(27) p_P	0.1883	0.1895	0.2091	0.1152	0.0640	0.0692	0.1080	0.0612	0.0744
Oldest child	(28) Estimate	-0.0891	-0.1712	-0.2854	0.3469	0.2816	0.3569	0.3469	0.2816	0.3569
	(29) p_A	0.4074	0.3715	0.3345	0.1292	0.2256	0.2172	0.1292	0.2256	0.2172
	(30) p_B	0.4124	0.3237	0.2507	0.1376	0.2357	0.1682	0.1376	0.2357	0.1682
	(31) p_P	0.3894	0.3015	0.2175	0.0764	0.1275	0.0944	0.0764	0.1275	0.0944
Two oldest	(32) Estimate	-0.2665	-0.2687	-0.2510	0.1474	0.1097	0.2021	0.1781	0.1478	0.2298
	(33) p_A	0.0892	0.0943	0.1245	0.2221	0.2919	0.1789	0.1709	0.2258	0.1503
	(34) p_B	0.1056	0.1152	0.1276	0.2128	0.2792	0.1676	0.1696	0.2212	0.1416
	(35) p_P	0.1176	0.1267	0.1519	0.1951	0.2563	0.1679	0.1743	0.2299	0.1615
Three oldest	(36) Estimate	-0.1931	-0.1959	-0.1810	0.1218	0.1498	0.1643	0.1379	0.1897	0.1952
	(37) p_A	0.1605	0.1645	0.1995	0.2583	0.2185	0.2339	0.2311	0.1638	0.1958
	(38) p_B	0.1996	0.1952	0.2068	0.2752	0.2340	0.2296	0.2516	0.1892	0.1904
	(39) p_P	0.1903	0.1971	0.2215	0.2207	0.1699	0.2051	0.2047	0.1407	0.1939

Note: Row (1), Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4) through (39) contain alternative estimators of intergenerational treatment effects and the associated p -values. The subscripts A, B, and P for these p -values are associated with the asymptotic, bootstrap, and permutation tests, respectively. Rows (4) – (7) (betw. estim.) are associated with the between-effects estimator. Rows (8) – (11) (Heckman corr.) are associated with the Heckman two-step estimator for selection bias correction (without any exclusion restrictions). Rows (12) – (15) (series estim.) are associated with the series estimator for correcting selection bias, which uses the probability of having a child and its square as regressors in the outcome equation. Rows (16) – (19) (Lee bound) are associated with the lower limit of Lee bounds that partially identify the treatment effect adjusted for selection bias. Rows (20) – (23) (rand. effects) are associated with the random effects estimator. Rows (24) – (27) (pooled estim.) are associated with the pooled OLS estimator. Rows (28) – (31) (oldest child), (32) – (35) (two oldest), and (36) – (39) (three oldest) are associated with the between-effects estimator only using samples of oldest children, two oldest children, and three oldest children.

Table 27: Alternative Estimators of Effects on Female Children of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	31	29	25	32	30	26	31	29	26
	(02) Control	0.3000	0.3000	0.3214	0.2188	0.2188	0.2333	0.9333	0.9333	0.9333
	(03) Treatment	0.5208	0.5952	0.6212	0.3646	0.3810	0.4848	0.9375	0.9286	0.9091
Betw. estim.	(04) Estimate	0.2622	0.3144	0.3399	0.1634	0.1628	0.2656	0.0185	0.0010	-0.0105
	(05) p_A	0.0448	0.0245	0.0467	0.1409	0.1562	0.0728	0.4202	0.4961	0.4585
	(06) p_B	0.0452	0.0308	0.0360	0.1160	0.1360	0.0688	0.4780	0.5024	0.4628
	(07) p_P	0.0624	0.0352	0.0544	0.1783	0.1991	0.1084	0.4218	0.4930	0.4682
Heckman corr.	(08) Estimate	0.3505	0.4939	0.8246	0.2211	0.2860	0.5190	0.0028	-0.0225	-0.0379
	(09) p_A	0.1391	0.1204	0.0853	0.1886	0.1561	0.1107	0.4954	0.4587	0.4407
	(10) p_B	0.1032	0.0728	0.0508	0.1348	0.1256	0.0612	0.4488	0.3960	0.3592
	(11) p_P	0.0592	0.0272	0.0108	0.1495	0.1208	0.0404	0.4962	0.3998	0.3671
Series estim.	(12) Estimate	0.3700	0.5831	0.9715	0.2307	0.3095	0.5633	-0.0100	-0.0341	-0.0422
	(13) p_A	0.1893	0.1334	0.0914	0.2302	0.1844	0.1367	0.4870	0.4460	0.4417
	(14) p_B	0.1128	0.0788	0.0552	0.1548	0.1376	0.0668	0.4312	0.3848	0.3508
	(15) p_P	0.0672	0.0204	0.0112	0.1575	0.1164	0.0396	0.4522	0.3647	0.3575
Lee bound	(16) Estimate	0.1894	0.2047	0.2485	0.1608	0.1621	0.3020	-0.0176	-0.0180	-0.0129
	(17) p_A	0.1743	0.1671	0.1936	0.1848	0.1980	0.1269	0.4307	0.4346	0.4611
	(18) p_B	0.2496	0.1772	0.1588	0.2604	0.2504	0.1040	0.5080	0.4464	0.4580
	(19) p_P	0.0748	0.0736	0.0976	0.1255	0.1367	0.0732	0.2883	0.2879	0.3147
Rand. effects	(20) Estimate	0.2548	0.3111	0.3446	0.1256	0.1329	0.2717	-0.0482	-0.0654	-0.0722
	(21) p_A	0.0398	0.0196	0.0439	0.2070	0.2090	0.0726	0.2991	0.2417	0.2446
	(22) p_B	0.0380	0.0280	0.0756	0.1740	0.1936	0.1769	0.3966	0.3416	0.3493
	(23) p_P	0.0536	0.0236	0.0352	0.2311	0.2307	0.0884	0.3675	0.3183	0.3307
Pooled estim.	(24) Estimate	0.2548	0.3111	0.3514	0.1201	0.1324	0.2867	-0.0482	-0.0651	-0.0722
	(25) p_A	0.0403	0.0195	0.0351	0.2223	0.2152	0.0540	0.3059	0.2569	0.2662
	(26) p_B	0.0376	0.0252	0.0340	0.1776	0.1796	0.0576	0.3612	0.3184	0.3312
	(27) p_P	0.0536	0.0236	0.0328	0.2503	0.2395	0.0788	0.3675	0.3183	0.3307
Oldest child	(28) Estimate	0.3469	0.2816	0.3569	0.3469	0.2816	0.3569	-0.0124	-0.0651	-0.1155
	(29) p_A	0.1292	0.2256	0.2172	0.1292	0.2256	0.2172	0.4819	0.4227	0.4324
	(30) p_B	0.1376	0.2357	0.1682	0.1376	0.2357	0.1682	0.5080	0.4530	0.3981
	(31) p_P	0.0764	0.1275	0.0944	0.0764	0.1275	0.0944	0.4882	0.3914	0.3379
Two oldest	(32) Estimate	0.2778	0.2464	0.3339	0.1472	0.1108	0.2310	0.0318	0.0156	0.0028
	(33) p_A	0.0490	0.0840	0.0477	0.2068	0.2760	0.1161	0.3791	0.4414	0.4898
	(34) p_B	0.0452	0.0756	0.0372	0.1784	0.2468	0.1020	0.4460	0.4940	0.5044
	(35) p_P	0.0740	0.1036	0.0680	0.2211	0.2959	0.1539	0.4006	0.4598	0.4946
Three oldest	(36) Estimate	0.2299	0.2812	0.2913	0.1561	0.1561	0.2656	0.0183	0.0003	-0.0105
	(37) p_A	0.0919	0.0582	0.0860	0.1739	0.1859	0.0728	0.4241	0.4986	0.4585
	(38) p_B	0.1000	0.0716	0.0736	0.1516	0.1604	0.0688	0.4776	0.5036	0.4628
	(39) p_P	0.0920	0.0576	0.0892	0.1923	0.2199	0.1084	0.4250	0.4990	0.4682

Note: Row (1), Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4) through (39) contain alternative estimators of intergenerational treatment effects and the associated p -values. The subscripts A, B, and P for these p -values are associated with the asymptotic, bootstrap, and permutation tests, respectively. Rows (4) – (7) (betw. estim.) are associated with the between-effects estimator. Rows (8) – (11) (Heckman corr.) are associated with the Heckman two-step estimator for selection bias correction (without any exclusion restrictions). Rows (12) – (15) (series estim.) are associated with the series estimator for correcting selection bias, which uses the probability of having a child and its square as regressors in the outcome equation. Rows (16) – (19) (Lee bound) are associated with the lower limit of Lee bounds that partially identify the treatment effect adjusted for selection bias. Rows (20) – (23) (rand. effects) are associated with the random effects estimator. Rows (24) – (27) (pooled estim.) are associated with the pooled OLS estimator. Rows (28) – (31) (oldest child), (32) – (35) (two oldest), and (36) – (39) (three oldest) are associated with the between-effects estimator only using samples of oldest children, two oldest children, and three oldest children.

Table 27: Alternative Estimators of Effects on Female Children of the Male Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	29	25	30	26	30	26	28	25	30	26
	(02) Control	0.4000	0.4286	0.1875	0.2333	0.8750	0.8667	0.6333	0.6000	0.9375	0.9333
	(03) Treatment	0.2024	0.2576	0.1429	0.1818	0.9167	0.8939	0.8333	0.7833	0.9762	0.9697
Betw. estim.	(04) Estimate	-0.1408	-0.1467	0.0089	-0.0015	0.0234	0.0395	0.2111	0.1574	0.0650	0.0903
	(05) p_A	0.2065	0.2388	0.4742	0.4966	0.4127	0.3824	0.0897	0.1820	0.2209	0.1807
	(06) p_B	0.2064	0.2356	0.4732	0.4948	0.4764	0.4772	0.1136	0.2028	0.3720	0.3752
	(07) p_P	0.2331	0.2495	0.4734	0.4878	0.4210	0.3754	0.1136	0.1967	0.2331	0.1715
Heckman corr.	(08) Estimate	-0.0141	0.0638	0.0690	0.1182	0.0138	0.0470	0.2538	0.2376	0.1199	0.2227
	(09) p_A	0.4854	0.4534	0.3830	0.3813	0.4758	0.4394	0.2092	0.2789	0.2244	0.1580
	(10) p_B	0.4120	0.4804	0.4128	0.3936	0.4560	0.4824	0.1964	0.2756	0.4216	0.3692
	(11) p_P	0.4914	0.4058	0.3415	0.2879	0.4650	0.4002	0.1275	0.1735	0.1060	0.0676
Series estim.	(12) Estimate	0.0239	0.0905	0.0729	0.1273	-0.0143	0.0109	0.2430	0.2134	0.1198	0.2250
	(13) p_A	0.4800	0.4449	0.4010	0.3924	0.4790	0.4879	0.2605	0.3278	0.2532	0.1894
	(14) p_B	0.4440	0.4708	0.4268	0.4072	0.4180	0.4460	0.2256	0.3188	0.4364	0.3624
	(15) p_P	0.4466	0.3814	0.3367	0.2843	0.4582	0.4766	0.1535	0.2111	0.1259	0.0740
Lee bound	(16) Estimate	-0.0813	-0.0288	-0.0011	0.0228	0.0244	-0.0247	0.1724	0.0575	0.0318	0.0508
	(17) p_A	0.3644	0.4656	0.4974	0.4659	0.4300	0.4433	0.2234	0.4205	0.3695	0.3251
	(18) p_B	0.4180	0.4652	0.4744	0.4364	0.4292	0.3684	0.3148	0.4616	0.4976	0.4704
	(19) p_P	0.2351	0.3539	0.3527	0.4006	0.2775	0.4406	0.0916	0.2639	0.2791	0.2803
Rand. effects	(20) Estimate	-0.1712	-0.1855	-0.0267	-0.0127	-0.0271	-0.0343	0.1370	0.0856	0.0403	0.0634
	(21) p_A	0.1354	0.1561	0.4093	0.4577	0.3978	0.3905	0.1777	0.2991	0.2765	0.2181
	(22) p_B	0.1532	0.1660	0.4821	0.6395	0.3582	0.3502	0.2008	0.3372	0.5644	0.5473
	(23) p_P	0.1655	0.1703	0.4238	0.4638	0.4086	0.4122	0.1663	0.2735	0.2835	0.2135
Pooled estim.	(24) Estimate	-0.1773	-0.1855	-0.0580	-0.0459	-0.0271	-0.0343	0.1340	0.0856	0.0403	0.0634
	(25) p_A	0.1256	0.1563	0.3124	0.3740	0.4007	0.3950	0.1824	0.3056	0.3046	0.2502
	(26) p_B	0.1272	0.1484	0.3504	0.4004	0.3528	0.3444	0.1928	0.3144	0.3996	0.3888
	(27) p_P	0.1515	0.1703	0.3127	0.3731	0.4086	0.4122	0.1695	0.2743	0.2835	0.2135
Oldest child	(28) Estimate	-0.4273	-0.3765	-0.0245	0.0081	-0.1879	-0.2421	-0.1042	-0.2350	0.1245	0.1282
	(29) p_A	0.3105	0.3488	0.4679	0.4921	0.2590	0.2612	0.4159	0.3554	0.1607	0.2364
	(30) p_B	0.0932	0.1558	0.4418	0.5006	0.1697	0.1498	0.3540	0.2035	0.2153	0.2355
	(31) p_P	0.1244	0.1799	0.4622	0.4758	0.2239	0.1935	0.3555	0.2431	0.1803	0.1955
Two oldest	(32) Estimate	-0.2199	-0.1931	-0.0246	-0.0266	-0.0195	-0.0233	0.1931	0.0972	0.0682	0.0838
	(33) p_A	0.1345	0.1845	0.4395	0.4418	0.4472	0.4473	0.1664	0.3256	0.2423	0.2156
	(34) p_B	0.1276	0.1732	0.4448	0.4548	0.3620	0.3596	0.2148	0.3620	0.4020	0.3848
	(35) p_P	0.1623	0.2067	0.4526	0.4458	0.4562	0.4590	0.1695	0.3091	0.2535	0.2155
Three oldest	(36) Estimate	-0.1753	-0.1467	0.0008	-0.0015	-0.0054	-0.0087	0.1936	0.1057	0.0767	0.0903
	(37) p_A	0.1806	0.2388	0.4979	0.4966	0.4847	0.4791	0.1453	0.2927	0.1968	0.1807
	(38) p_B	0.1772	0.2356	0.4968	0.4948	0.4000	0.3876	0.1904	0.3328	0.3796	0.3752
	(39) p_P	0.1991	0.2495	0.4994	0.4878	0.4894	0.4854	0.1607	0.2879	0.2011	0.1715

Note: Row (1), Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4) through (39) contain alternative estimators of intergenerational treatment effects and the associated p -values. The subscripts A, B, and P for these p -values are associated with the asymptotic, bootstrap, and permutation tests, respectively. Rows (4) – (7) (betw. estim.) are associated with the between-effects estimator. Rows (08) – (11) (Heckman corr.) are associated with the Heckman two-step estimator for selection bias correction (without any exclusion restrictions). Rows (12) – (15) (series estim.) are associated with the series estimator for correcting selection bias, which uses the probability of having a child and its square as regressors in the outcome equation. Rows (16) – (19) (Lee bound) are associated with the lower limit of Lee bounds that partially identify the treatment effect adjusted for selection bias. Rows (20) – (23) (rand. effects) are associated with the random effects estimator. Rows (24) – (27) (pooled estim.) are associated with the pooled OLS estimator. Rows (28) – (31) (oldest child), (32) – (35) (two oldest), and (36) – (39) (three oldest) are associated with the between-effects estimator only using samples of oldest children, two oldest children, and three oldest children.

Table 27: Alternative Estimators of Effects on Female Children of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Summary	(01) Obs.	30	26	28	25	31	27	32	31	31	30
	(02) Control	0.8750	0.8667	0.6333	0.6000	0.7500	0.5833	0.3125	0.3576	0.0625	0.0833
	(03) Treatment	0.9167	0.8939	0.8333	0.7833	0.6889	0.4889	0.5625	0.5574	0.2333	0.1567
Bew. estim.	(04) Estimate	0.0234	0.0395	0.2111	0.1574	-0.0812	-0.0968	0.2617	0.2248	0.1872	0.1100
	(05) p_A	0.4127	0.3824	0.0897	0.1820	0.2864	0.3210	0.0571	0.0484	0.0674	0.0885
	(06) p_B	0.4764	0.4772	0.1136	0.2028	0.2648	0.2652	0.0564	0.0496	0.0564	0.0708
	(07) p_P	0.4210	0.3754	0.1136	0.1967	0.3151	0.3271	0.0856	0.0968	0.0808	0.1711
Heckman corr.	(08) Estimate	0.0138	0.0470	0.2538	0.2376	-0.0506	-0.0502	0.2710	0.2233	0.1658	0.1037
	(09) p_A	0.4758	0.4394	0.2092	0.2789	0.4210	0.4995	0.1782	0.1440	0.1762	0.2377
	(10) p_B	0.4560	0.4824	0.1964	0.2756	0.3492	0.4152	0.1076	0.1124	0.1268	0.1296
	(11) p_P	0.4650	0.4002	0.1275	0.1735	0.4026	0.4378	0.1216	0.1435	0.1503	0.2419
Series estim.	(12) Estimate	-0.0143	0.0109	0.2430	0.2134	-0.0594	-0.0037	0.2673	0.2189	0.1467	0.0956
	(13) p_A	0.4790	0.4879	0.2605	0.3278	0.4271	0.5000	0.2382	0.1953	0.2674	0.2914
	(14) p_B	0.4180	0.4460	0.2256	0.3188	0.3604	0.4704	0.1452	0.1352	0.1740	0.1768
	(15) p_P	0.4582	0.4766	0.1535	0.2111	0.3898	0.4902	0.1455	0.1587	0.1975	0.2795
Lee bound	(16) Estimate	0.0244	-0.0247	0.1724	0.0575	-0.0100	-0.1544	0.2684	0.2222	0.1813	0.0881
	(17) p_A	0.4300	0.4433	0.2234	0.4205	0.4795	0.4984	0.1011	0.1080	0.0970	0.2437
	(18) p_B	0.4292	0.3684	0.3148	0.4616	0.4080	0.3808	0.1316	0.1484	0.1532	0.3036
	(19) p_P	0.2775	0.4406	0.0916	0.2639	0.3495	0.1543	0.0400	0.0548	0.0448	0.1459
Rand. effects	(20) Estimate	-0.0271	-0.0343	0.1370	0.0856	-0.1261	-0.0693	0.2378	0.2210	0.1964	0.1099
	(21) p_A	0.3978	0.3905	0.1777	0.2991	0.2075	0.3828	0.0784	0.0595	0.1002	0.0995
	(22) p_B	0.3582	0.3502	0.2008	0.3372	0.2216	0.3568	0.0816	0.0500	0.1145	0.0801
	(23) p_P	0.4086	0.4122	0.1663	0.2735	0.2587	0.3858	0.1012	0.0948	0.1148	0.1831
Pooled estim.	(24) Estimate	-0.0271	-0.0343	0.1340	0.0856	-0.1808	-0.0145	0.2293	0.1980	0.2004	0.1073
	(25) p_A	0.4007	0.3950	0.1824	0.3056	0.1328	0.4736	0.0897	0.0721	0.0926	0.1503
	(26) p_B	0.3528	0.3444	0.1928	0.3144	0.1404	0.3924	0.0868	0.0640	0.0888	0.1216
	(27) p_P	0.4086	0.4122	0.1695	0.2743	0.2063	0.4994	0.1212	0.1104	0.1335	0.2679
Oldest child	(28) Estimate	-0.1879	-0.2421	-0.1042	-0.2350	-0.2630	0.2042	0.2381	-0.0655	0.1711	0.0026
	(29) p_A	0.2590	0.2612	0.4159	0.3554	0.0950	0.3401	0.2040	0.4062	0.1587	0.4929
	(30) p_B	0.1697	0.1498	0.3540	0.2035	0.0648	0.2960	0.1604	0.4012	0.2400	0.4992
	(31) p_P	0.2239	0.1935	0.3555	0.2431	0.0944	0.2335	0.2383	0.3359	0.1875	0.4874
Two oldest	(32) Estimate	-0.0195	-0.0233	0.1931	0.0972	-0.1423	0.0528	0.2399	0.1151	0.1891	0.1086
	(33) p_A	0.4472	0.4473	0.1664	0.3256	0.1580	0.4165	0.0837	0.2207	0.0475	0.1175
	(34) p_B	0.3620	0.3596	0.2148	0.3620	0.1404	0.4932	0.0900	0.2212	0.0444	0.0956
	(35) p_P	0.4562	0.4590	0.1695	0.3091	0.2079	0.4098	0.1164	0.2683	0.0860	0.1923
Three oldest	(36) Estimate	-0.0054	-0.0087	0.1936	0.1057	-0.1165	-0.0409	0.2336	0.1688	0.2344	0.1107
	(37) p_A	0.4847	0.4791	0.1453	0.2927	0.2005	0.4300	0.0794	0.1114	0.0214	0.1057
	(38) p_B	0.4000	0.3876	0.1904	0.3328	0.1744	0.3548	0.0848	0.1020	0.0128	0.0832
	(39) p_P	0.4894	0.4854	0.1607	0.2879	0.2563	0.4330	0.1220	0.1571	0.0424	0.1763

Note: Row (1), Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4) through (39) contain alternative estimators of intergenerational treatment effects and the associated p -values. The subscripts A, B, and P for these p -values are associated with the asymptotic, bootstrap, and permutation tests, respectively. Rows (4) – (7) (betw. estim.) are associated with the between-effects estimator. Rows (08) – (11) (Heckman corr.) are associated with the Heckman two-step estimator for selection bias correction (without any exclusion restrictions). Rows (12) – (15) (series estim.) are associated with the series estimator for correcting selection bias, which uses the probability of having a child and its square as regressors in the outcome equation. Rows (16) – (19) (Lee bound) are associated with the lower limit of Lee bounds that partially identify the treatment effect adjusted for selection bias. Rows (20) – (23) (rand. effects) are associated with the random effects estimator. Rows (24) – (27) (pooled estim.) are associated with the pooled OLS estimator. Rows (28) – (31) (oldest child), (32) – (35) (two oldest), and (36) – (39) (three oldest) are associated with the between-effects estimator only using samples of oldest children, two oldest children, and three oldest children.

Table 28: Alternative Estimators of Effects on Pooled Children of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -spended	Never Su -spended	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Summary	(01) Obs.	39	38	39	38	39	38	39	38	39	38
	(02) Control	0.4439	0.4439	0.7500	0.7500	0.4123	0.4123	0.8061	0.8061	0.4228	0.4228
	(03) Treatment	0.6717	0.7070	0.7083	0.7456	0.5683	0.5982	0.8267	0.8702	0.6450	0.6789
Betw. estim.	(04) Estimate	0.1545	0.2146	-0.1185	-0.0419	0.0348	0.0775	-0.0258	0.0680	0.1317	0.1850
	(05) p_A	0.1236	0.0497	0.2029	0.3759	0.4014	0.2938	0.4237	0.2711	0.1682	0.0881
	(06) p_B	0.1388	0.0600	0.2112	0.3728	0.4044	0.2972	0.4196	0.2856	0.1852	0.1008
	(07) p_P	0.1156	0.0416	0.1156	0.3103	0.4290	0.3143	0.3231	0.2755	0.1555	0.0712
Heckman corr.	(08) Estimate	0.1687	0.2078	-0.1313	-0.0769	0.0231	0.0393	-0.0345	0.0447	0.1311	0.1611
	(09) p_A	0.2020	0.1636	0.2472	0.3397	0.4579	0.4342	0.4254	0.3887	0.2607	0.2304
	(10) p_B	0.1332	0.0776	0.2340	0.3588	0.3596	0.3132	0.3824	0.3772	0.1852	0.1284
	(11) p_P	0.1419	0.1064	0.1607	0.2599	0.4702	0.4386	0.3335	0.3950	0.2143	0.1751
Series estim.	(12) Estimate	0.1462	0.2147	-0.1726	-0.0581	0.0026	0.0643	-0.0688	0.0717	0.1213	0.1833
	(13) p_A	0.3485	0.3017	0.2568	0.4525	0.4971	0.4673	0.3924	0.4098	0.3723	0.3284
	(14) p_B	0.1884	0.1192	0.2600	0.3968	0.3760	0.3112	0.3692	0.4140	0.2396	0.1672
	(15) p_P	0.2347	0.1255	0.1251	0.2995	0.4750	0.3898	0.2415	0.3279	0.2735	0.1679
Lee bound	(16) Estimate	0.2022	0.2123	-0.0393	0.0087	0.1243	0.1305	-0.0209	-0.0220	0.1958	0.2055
	(17) p_A	0.0855	0.0631	0.4068	0.4771	0.2193	0.1963	0.4457	0.4333	0.1002	0.0783
	(18) p_B	0.0619	0.0505	0.4417	0.4413	0.2062	0.1786	0.3625	0.4141	0.0776	0.0661
	(19) p_P	0.0192	0.0212	0.2159	0.3387	0.1228	0.1236	0.4942	0.4986	0.0276	0.0264
Rand. effects	(20) Estimate	0.2073	0.2372	-0.0368	0.0194	0.1047	0.1312	0.0436	0.1034	0.1750	0.2037
	(21) p_A	0.0380	0.0205	0.3908	0.4412	0.2014	0.1493	0.3587	0.1880	0.0759	0.0475
	(22) p_B	0.0536	0.0296	0.3868	0.4540	0.2264	0.1744	0.3828	0.2028	0.0976	0.0644
	(23) p_P	0.0416	0.0212	0.3231	0.4954	0.2327	0.1663	0.3978	0.2075	0.0832	0.0436
Pooled estim.	(24) Estimate	0.2133	0.2372	0.0427	0.0733	0.1278	0.1437	0.0755	0.1134	0.1843	0.2039
	(25) p_A	0.0348	0.0205	0.3824	0.3030	0.1533	0.1264	0.2721	0.1738	0.0638	0.0455
	(26) p_B	0.0508	0.0292	0.4388	0.3456	0.1920	0.1572	0.3108	0.1956	0.0864	0.0624
	(27) p_P	0.0388	0.0216	0.4382	0.3583	0.1735	0.1391	0.2927	0.1891	0.0644	0.0420
Oldest child	(28) Estimate	-0.1142	-0.1112	-0.1247	-0.0573	-0.1867	-0.1902	0.0021	0.0963	-0.1142	-0.1112
	(29) p_A	0.2673	0.2897	0.2281	0.3640	0.1485	0.1654	0.4953	0.2756	0.2673	0.2897
	(30) p_B	0.2456	0.2716	0.2220	0.3536	0.1344	0.1516	0.4952	0.2848	0.2456	0.2716
	(31) p_P	0.1951	0.2075	0.1475	0.2947	0.0936	0.0976	0.4450	0.2539	0.1951	0.2075
Two oldest	(32) Estimate	-0.0398	0.0066	-0.1730	-0.0982	-0.1269	-0.0940	-0.1159	-0.0291	-0.0536	-0.0145
	(33) p_A	0.4006	0.4838	0.1394	0.2617	0.2079	0.2827	0.2206	0.4154	0.3684	0.4654
	(34) p_B	0.3732	0.4864	0.1460	0.2620	0.1888	0.2552	0.2196	0.4108	0.3436	0.4352
	(35) p_P	0.3471	0.4970	0.0772	0.1911	0.1599	0.2303	0.1204	0.3351	0.3067	0.4186
Three oldest	(36) Estimate	0.0698	0.1220	-0.1731	-0.0996	-0.0501	-0.0162	-0.0847	0.0013	0.0403	0.0821
	(37) p_A	0.3109	0.1977	0.1213	0.2396	0.3669	0.4584	0.2760	0.4960	0.3937	0.2983
	(38) p_B	0.3308	0.2152	0.1244	0.2384	0.3636	0.4492	0.2760	0.4956	0.4124	0.3168
	(39) p_P	0.3119	0.1927	0.0748	0.1875	0.3379	0.4414	0.1731	0.4410	0.4170	0.3043

Note: Row (1), Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4) through (39) contain alternative estimators of intergenerational treatment effects and the associated p -values. The subscripts A, B, and P for these p -values are associated with the asymptotic, bootstrap, and permutation tests, respectively. Rows (4) – (7) (betw. estim.) are associated with the between-effects estimator. Rows (08) – (11) (Heckman corr.) are associated with the Heckman two-step estimator for selection bias correction (without any exclusion restrictions). Rows (12) – (15) (series estim.) are associated with the series estimator for correcting selection bias, which uses the probability of having a child and its square as regressors in the outcome equation. Rows (16) – (19) (Lee bound) are associated with the lower limit of Lee bounds that partially identify the treatment effect adjusted for selection bias. Rows (20) – (23) (rand. effects) are associated with the random effects estimator. Rows (24) – (27) (pooled estim.) are associated with the pooled OLS estimator. Rows (28) – (31) (oldest child), (32) – (35) (two oldest), and (36) – (39) (three oldest) are associated with the between-effects estimator only using samples of oldest children, two oldest children, and three oldest children.

Table 28: Alternative Estimators of Effects on Pooled Children of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Attended College	Attended College	Attended College	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	39	38	38	39	38	38	39	38	38
	(02) Control	0.4693	0.4693	0.5000	0.4175	0.4175	0.4044	0.3553	0.3553	0.3421
	(03) Treatment	0.5175	0.5447	0.5754	0.5042	0.5395	0.5526	0.4608	0.4939	0.5070
Betw. estim.	(04) Estimate	-0.0304	0.0206	0.0265	0.1374	0.2286	0.2360	0.1354	0.2162	0.2237
	(05) p_A	0.4184	0.4461	0.4328	0.1797	0.0520	0.0443	0.1649	0.0476	0.0394
	(06) p_B	0.4040	0.4532	0.4436	0.1556	0.0432	0.0404	0.1376	0.0392	0.0336
	(07) p_P	0.3739	0.4738	0.4702	0.1387	0.0428	0.0416	0.1451	0.0560	0.0612
Heckman corr.	(08) Estimate	-0.0701	-0.0549	-0.0468	0.1600	0.2508	0.2575	0.1423	0.2199	0.2266
	(09) p_A	0.3774	0.4113	0.4257	0.2383	0.1223	0.1106	0.2433	0.1338	0.1169
	(10) p_B	0.4012	0.4736	0.4936	0.2240	0.0908	0.0796	0.2108	0.0912	0.0808
	(11) p_P	0.3239	0.3563	0.3695	0.1463	0.0556	0.0652	0.1855	0.0876	0.0948
Series estim.	(12) Estimate	-0.0924	-0.0312	-0.0189	0.1063	0.2388	0.2447	0.0901	0.2174	0.2233
	(13) p_A	0.4273	0.4845	0.4912	0.3948	0.3330	0.3387	0.4004	0.3567	0.3559
	(14) p_B	0.4192	0.4936	0.4828	0.3028	0.1728	0.1616	0.2764	0.1744	0.1576
	(15) p_P	0.2903	0.4102	0.4250	0.3015	0.0968	0.1148	0.3359	0.1283	0.1415
Lee bound	(16) Estimate	0.0173	0.0181	0.0139	0.0612	0.0727	0.1005	0.0821	0.0946	0.1224
	(17) p_A	0.4600	0.4561	0.4678	0.3604	0.3292	0.2723	0.3113	0.2773	0.2244
	(18) p_B	0.4980	0.4754	0.4946	0.3726	0.3288	0.2619	0.3083	0.2619	0.2139
	(19) p_P	0.3587	0.3527	0.3798	0.2335	0.2051	0.1679	0.1903	0.1715	0.1411
Rand. effects	(20) Estimate	0.0612	0.0981	0.0841	0.1589	0.2139	0.2052	0.1586	0.2066	0.1980
	(21) p_A	0.3248	0.2392	0.2860	0.1310	0.0631	0.0682	0.1158	0.0557	0.0594
	(22) p_B	0.3452	0.2560	0.2992	0.1020	0.0444	0.0532	0.0952	0.0456	0.0496
	(23) p_P	0.3675	0.2679	0.3239	0.0896	0.0404	0.0528	0.1148	0.0672	0.0828
Pooled estim.	(24) Estimate	0.1317	0.1520	0.1522	0.1732	0.2163	0.1975	0.1756	0.2118	0.1943
	(25) p_A	0.1743	0.1434	0.1607	0.1062	0.0619	0.0817	0.0898	0.0531	0.0695
	(26) p_B	0.2284	0.1812	0.2036	0.0840	0.0448	0.0632	0.0804	0.0480	0.0580
	(27) p_P	0.2051	0.1611	0.1883	0.0736	0.0396	0.0588	0.1036	0.0692	0.0932
Oldest child	(28) Estimate	-0.0542	-0.0054	-0.0054	0.2208	0.3228	0.3228	0.2561	0.3470	0.3470
	(29) p_A	0.3854	0.4890	0.4890	0.1177	0.0308	0.0308	0.0741	0.0176	0.0176
	(30) p_B	0.3680	0.4696	0.4696	0.1064	0.0324	0.0324	0.0632	0.0184	0.0184
	(31) p_P	0.3535	0.4730	0.4730	0.1044	0.0332	0.0332	0.0896	0.0344	0.0344
Two oldest	(32) Estimate	-0.1095	-0.0641	-0.0389	0.0820	0.1575	0.1575	0.0561	0.1175	0.1175
	(33) p_A	0.2415	0.3477	0.4072	0.3039	0.1558	0.1558	0.3480	0.1995	0.1995
	(34) p_B	0.2296	0.3400	0.4008	0.2700	0.1280	0.1280	0.3220	0.1768	0.1768
	(35) p_P	0.2139	0.3223	0.3735	0.2911	0.1603	0.1603	0.3655	0.2383	0.2383
Three oldest	(36) Estimate	-0.0571	-0.0087	0.0092	0.0931	0.1758	0.1948	0.0795	0.1494	0.1684
	(37) p_A	0.3532	0.4780	0.4769	0.2688	0.1125	0.0891	0.2837	0.1299	0.1000
	(38) p_B	0.3480	0.4720	0.4780	0.2352	0.0864	0.0700	0.2612	0.1056	0.0808
	(39) p_P	0.3207	0.4510	0.4882	0.2367	0.0924	0.0876	0.2919	0.1419	0.1375

Note: Row (1), Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4) through (39) contain alternative estimators of intergenerational treatment effects and the associated p -values. The subscripts A, B, and P for these p -values are associated with the asymptotic, bootstrap, and permutation tests, respectively. Rows (4) – (7) (betw. estim.) are associated with the between-effects estimator. Rows (8) – (11) (Heckman corr.) are associated with the Heckman two-step estimator for selection bias correction (without any exclusion restrictions). Rows (12) – (15) (series estim.) are associated with the series estimator for correcting selection bias, which uses the probability of having a child and its square as regressors in the outcome equation. Rows (16) – (19) (Lee bound) are associated with the lower limit of Lee bounds that partially identify the treatment effect adjusted for selection bias. Rows (20) – (23) (rand. effects) are associated with the random effects estimator. Rows (24) – (27) (pooled estim.) are associated with the pooled OLS estimator. Rows (28) – (31) (oldest child), (32) – (35) (two oldest), and (36) – (39) (three oldest) are associated with the between-effects estimator only using samples of oldest children, two oldest children, and three oldest children.

Table 28: Alternative Estimators of Effects on Pooled Children of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	39	38	38	39	38	38	39	38	38
	(02) Control	0.3202	0.3202	0.3070	0.1447	0.1447	0.1491	0.7965	0.7965	0.8053
	(03) Treatment	0.4442	0.4763	0.4895	0.3425	0.3693	0.4175	0.9342	0.9307	0.9263
Betw. estim.	(04) Estimate	0.1651	0.2441	0.2515	0.1992	0.2530	0.2897	0.1507	0.1511	0.1418
	(05) p_A	0.1102	0.0262	0.0207	0.0176	0.0021	0.0010	0.0744	0.0934	0.1063
	(06) p_B	0.0924	0.0220	0.0176	0.0140	0.0028	0.0008	0.0528	0.0728	0.0892
	(07) p_P	0.0956	0.0340	0.0380	0.0348	0.0168	0.0164	0.0532	0.0576	0.0672
Heckman corr.	(08) Estimate	0.1858	0.2599	0.2667	0.2013	0.2385	0.2796	0.1603	0.1596	0.1513
	(09) p_A	0.1771	0.0900	0.0772	0.0763	0.0499	0.0274	0.1187	0.1414	0.1527
	(10) p_B	0.1436	0.0624	0.0552	0.0576	0.0316	0.0212	0.0900	0.1092	0.1244
	(11) p_P	0.1008	0.0576	0.0620	0.0704	0.0668	0.0564	0.0792	0.0924	0.0940
Series estim.	(12) Estimate	0.1269	0.2379	0.2439	0.1624	0.2177	0.2611	0.1488	0.1403	0.1326
	(13) p_A	0.3580	0.3187	0.3205	0.3711	0.3637	0.3691	0.2781	0.3472	0.3675
	(14) p_B	0.2060	0.1308	0.1224	0.1144	0.0860	0.0744	0.1556	0.1976	0.2108
	(15) p_P	0.2483	0.1032	0.1116	0.1675	0.1024	0.0856	0.1208	0.1439	0.1423
Lee bound	(16) Estimate	0.1072	0.1209	0.1487	0.1912	0.2092	0.2523	0.1023	0.0574	0.0425
	(17) p_A	0.2503	0.2127	0.1656	0.0708	0.0413	0.0215	0.2195	0.3211	0.3641
	(18) p_B	0.2291	0.1930	0.1482	0.0322	0.0216	0.0120	0.1531	0.2695	0.3140
	(19) p_P	0.1200	0.1224	0.0900	0.0176	0.0200	0.0176	0.0800	0.1759	0.2127
Rand. effects	(20) Estimate	0.1968	0.2410	0.2305	0.2529	0.2787	0.2900	0.1822	0.1814	0.1606
	(21) p_A	0.0610	0.0270	0.0297	0.0024	0.0008	0.0007	0.0614	0.0727	0.0950
	(22) p_B	0.0568	0.0244	0.0284	0.0044	0.0020	0.0012	0.0568	0.0652	0.0884
	(23) p_P	0.0648	0.0364	0.0476	0.0188	0.0132	0.0132	0.0424	0.0444	0.0640
Pooled estim.	(24) Estimate	0.2130	0.2479	0.2324	0.2562	0.2821	0.2984	0.2000	0.2003	0.1656
	(25) p_A	0.0445	0.0241	0.0318	0.0021	0.0008	0.0006	0.0596	0.0685	0.0959
	(26) p_B	0.0468	0.0244	0.0340	0.0028	0.0020	0.0020	0.0588	0.0684	0.0892
	(27) p_P	0.0612	0.0404	0.0552	0.0180	0.0136	0.0152	0.0380	0.0404	0.0620
Oldest child	(28) Estimate	0.2967	0.3762	0.3762	0.2411	0.2891	0.2891	0.1799	0.1829	0.1829
	(29) p_A	0.0394	0.0097	0.0097	0.0648	0.0404	0.0404	0.0886	0.1037	0.1037
	(30) p_B	0.0360	0.0124	0.0124	0.0668	0.0452	0.0452	0.0816	0.0916	0.0916
	(31) p_P	0.0508	0.0244	0.0244	0.0696	0.0448	0.0448	0.0724	0.0756	0.0756
Two oldest	(32) Estimate	0.1178	0.1779	0.1779	0.1048	0.1398	0.1650	0.1252	0.1202	0.1202
	(33) p_A	0.2060	0.1032	0.1032	0.1765	0.1146	0.0842	0.1477	0.1803	0.1803
	(34) p_B	0.1928	0.0920	0.0920	0.1728	0.1152	0.0848	0.1388	0.1736	0.1736
	(35) p_P	0.2335	0.1407	0.1407	0.2103	0.1519	0.1271	0.1515	0.1683	0.1683
Three oldest	(36) Estimate	0.1035	0.1710	0.1899	0.1614	0.2039	0.2408	0.1455	0.1439	0.1403
	(37) p_A	0.2251	0.0972	0.0722	0.0516	0.0170	0.0084	0.0813	0.1034	0.1079
	(38) p_B	0.1996	0.0816	0.0576	0.0424	0.0160	0.0092	0.0616	0.0840	0.0888
	(39) p_P	0.2315	0.1136	0.1088	0.0924	0.0548	0.0448	0.0688	0.0752	0.0792

Note: Row (1), Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4) through (39) contain alternative estimators of intergenerational treatment effects and the associated p -values. The subscripts A, B, and P for these p -values are associated with the asymptotic, bootstrap, and permutation tests, respectively. Rows (4) – (7) (betw. estim.) are associated with the between-effects estimator. Rows (08) – (11) (Heckman corr.) are associated with the Heckman two-step estimator for selection bias correction (without any exclusion restrictions). Rows (12) – (15) (series estim.) are associated with the series estimator for correcting selection bias, which uses the probability of having a child and its square as regressors in the outcome equation. Rows (16) – (19) (Lee bound) are associated with the lower limit of Lee bounds that partially identify the treatment effect adjusted for selection bias. Rows (20) – (23) (rand. effects) are associated with the random effects estimator. Rows (24) – (27) (pooled estim.) are associated with the pooled OLS estimator. Rows (28) – (31) (oldest child), (32) – (35) (two oldest), and (36) – (39) (three oldest) are associated with the between-effects estimator only using samples of oldest children, two oldest children, and three oldest children.

Table 28: Alternative Estimators of Effects on Pooled Children of the Female Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38	38
	(02) Control	0.1535	0.1579	0.1009	0.1053	0.5281	0.5325	0.3658	0.3702	0.9254	0.9386
	(03) Treatment	0.1877	0.1965	0.0912	0.1000	0.6114	0.6070	0.5439	0.5351	0.8842	0.8842
Betw. estim.	(04) Estimate	-0.0249	-0.0249	-0.0103	-0.0103	-0.0420	-0.0535	0.0619	0.0448	0.0054	-0.0122
	(05) p_A	0.4015	0.4026	0.4349	0.4362	0.3879	0.3567	0.3338	0.3787	0.4691	0.4304
	(06) p_B	0.4120	0.4156	0.4416	0.4416	0.3856	0.3520	0.3364	0.3928	0.4688	0.4180
	(07) p_P	0.3854	0.3842	0.4446	0.4414	0.2931	0.2627	0.3727	0.4214	0.4978	0.3978
Heckman corr.	(08) Estimate	-0.0577	-0.0583	-0.0263	-0.0269	-0.0227	-0.0350	0.0891	0.0716	0.0194	-0.0016
	(09) p_A	0.3527	0.3541	0.3935	0.3916	0.4579	0.4346	0.3415	0.3736	0.4345	0.4945
	(10) p_B	0.3804	0.3864	0.3796	0.3816	0.4388	0.4124	0.2712	0.3096	0.4084	0.5000
	(11) p_P	0.3127	0.3071	0.3906	0.3878	0.3934	0.3667	0.3411	0.3758	0.4250	0.4578
Series estim.	(12) Estimate	-0.0397	-0.0376	-0.0452	-0.0430	0.0343	0.0215	0.1292	0.1098	-0.0065	-0.0250
	(13) p_A	0.4599	0.4671	0.4352	0.4375	0.4749	0.4848	0.3894	0.4193	0.4938	0.4758
	(14) p_B	0.4088	0.4108	0.3564	0.3652	0.4468	0.4256	0.3088	0.3400	0.4492	0.4920
	(15) p_P	0.3731	0.3731	0.3127	0.3183	0.4958	0.4774	0.2675	0.3067	0.4414	0.3543
Lee bound	(16) Estimate	0.0096	0.0131	-0.0188	-0.0153	0.0259	0.0163	0.1385	0.1242	-0.0350	-0.0492
	(17) p_A	0.4693	0.4582	0.4303	0.4439	0.4400	0.4621	0.1858	0.2134	0.3763	0.3294
	(18) p_B	0.4826	0.4634	0.3084	0.3436	0.4525	0.4778	0.1702	0.1982	0.3436	0.2571
	(19) p_P	0.3283	0.3207	0.4478	0.4330	0.3579	0.3834	0.0948	0.1164	0.1347	0.0912
Rand. effects	(20) Estimate	0.0144	0.0200	0.0072	0.0095	-0.0289	-0.0528	0.0786	0.0459	0.0316	-0.0032
	(21) p_A	0.4354	0.4140	0.4599	0.4498	0.4206	0.3523	0.2702	0.3601	0.3257	0.4823
	(22) p_B	0.4580	0.4384	0.4836	0.4768	0.4380	0.3660	0.2708	0.3688	0.3116	0.4860
	(23) p_P	0.4454	0.4270	0.4578	0.4558	0.3327	0.2575	0.3111	0.4054	0.3419	0.4694
Pooled estim.	(24) Estimate	0.0208	0.0260	0.0072	0.0095	-0.0103	-0.0443	0.0919	0.0513	0.0316	-0.0032
	(25) p_A	0.4048	0.3871	0.4599	0.4498	0.4703	0.3712	0.2241	0.3384	0.3252	0.4822
	(26) p_B	0.4272	0.4048	0.4832	0.4768	0.4764	0.3732	0.2304	0.3540	0.3100	0.4864
	(27) p_P	0.4110	0.4074	0.4578	0.4558	0.4034	0.2951	0.2619	0.3747	0.3419	0.4694
Oldest child	(28) Estimate	-0.2272	-0.2272	-0.1721	-0.1721	-0.1686	-0.1686	-0.1658	-0.1658	-0.2345	-0.2345
	(29) p_A	0.0471	0.0471	0.0573	0.0573	0.1525	0.1525	0.1813	0.1813	0.0183	0.0183
	(30) p_B	0.0356	0.0356	0.0560	0.0560	0.1516	0.1516	0.1572	0.1572	0.0156	0.0156
	(31) p_P	0.0404	0.0404	0.0500	0.0500	0.1072	0.1072	0.1248	0.1248	0.0120	0.0120
Two oldest	(32) Estimate	-0.1438	-0.1438	-0.1149	-0.1149	-0.0712	-0.0712	-0.0559	-0.0559	-0.0636	-0.0636
	(33) p_A	0.1147	0.1147	0.1119	0.1119	0.3253	0.3253	0.3613	0.3613	0.2332	0.2332
	(34) p_B	0.1048	0.1048	0.1020	0.1020	0.3216	0.3216	0.3384	0.3384	0.2328	0.2328
	(35) p_P	0.1112	0.1112	0.1232	0.1232	0.2307	0.2307	0.3011	0.3011	0.1927	0.1927
Three oldest	(36) Estimate	-0.0638	-0.0579	-0.0492	-0.0433	-0.0834	-0.0834	0.0052	0.0052	-0.0351	-0.0351
	(37) p_A	0.2728	0.2926	0.2576	0.2839	0.2827	0.2827	0.4858	0.4858	0.3264	0.3264
	(38) p_B	0.2768	0.2964	0.2540	0.2780	0.2788	0.2788	0.4948	0.4948	0.3140	0.3140
	(39) p_P	0.2655	0.2835	0.2711	0.2999	0.1999	0.1999	0.4578	0.4578	0.3007	0.3007

Note: Row (1), Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4) through (39) contain alternative estimators of intergenerational treatment effects and the associated p -values. The subscripts A, B, and P for these p -values are associated with the asymptotic, bootstrap, and permutation tests, respectively. Rows (4) – (7) (betw. estim.) are associated with the between-effects estimator. Rows (08) – (11) (Heckman corr.) are associated with the Heckman two-step estimator for selection bias correction (without any exclusion restrictions). Rows (12) – (15) (series estim.) are associated with the series estimator for correcting selection bias, which uses the probability of having a child and its square as regressors in the outcome equation. Rows (16) – (19) (Lee bound) are associated with the lower limit of Lee bounds that partially identify the treatment effect adjusted for selection bias. Rows (20) – (23) (rand. effects) are associated with the random effects estimator. Rows (24) – (27) (pooled estim.) are associated with the pooled OLS estimator. Rows (28) – (31) (oldest child), (32) – (35) (two oldest), and (36) – (39) (three oldest) are associated with the between-effects estimator only using samples of oldest children, two oldest children, and three oldest children.

Table 28: Alternative Estimators of Effects on Pooled Children of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Summary	(01) Obs.	38	38	38	38	39	37	39	36	37	33
	(02) Control	0.5281	0.5325	0.3658	0.3702	0.8228	0.3704	0.2781	0.2609	0.0694	0.0999
	(03) Treatment	0.5851	0.5807	0.5175	0.5088	0.7217	0.4070	0.3300	0.3497	0.1719	0.2591
Betw. estim.	(04) Estimate	-0.0674	-0.0789	0.0366	0.0194	-0.1034	0.0533	-0.0837	0.0428	0.0901	0.1610
	(05) p_A	0.3194	0.2886	0.3971	0.4450	0.1476	0.3831	0.2575	0.3873	0.2371	0.1234
	(06) p_B	0.3140	0.2844	0.4060	0.4640	0.1384	0.3824	0.2328	0.4056	0.2340	0.1288
	(07) p_P	0.2307	0.1995	0.4398	0.4890	0.1555	0.3934	0.2507	0.3539	0.2067	0.1088
Heckman corr.	(08) Estimate	-0.0469	-0.0591	0.0649	0.0474	-0.1262	0.1243	-0.1274	0.0011	0.0541	0.1084
	(09) p_A	0.4099	0.3858	0.3824	0.4153	0.1907	0.3194	0.2679	0.4980	0.3810	0.2908
	(10) p_B	0.3808	0.3540	0.3188	0.3584	0.1588	0.3756	0.1932	0.4480	0.3776	0.2880
	(11) p_P	0.3371	0.3083	0.3906	0.4274	0.1587	0.3107	0.1995	0.4750	0.3391	0.2647
Series estim.	(12) Estimate	0.0005	-0.0122	0.0954	0.0760	-0.0705	0.0678	-0.1114	-0.0029	0.0485	0.0960
	(13) p_A	0.4996	0.4908	0.4124	0.4394	0.4527	0.4553	0.4049	0.4973	0.4467	0.3939
	(14) p_B	0.3976	0.3736	0.3448	0.3744	0.1636	0.3912	0.2224	0.4196	0.3996	0.3140
	(15) p_P	0.4378	0.4090	0.3251	0.3663	0.2987	0.4038	0.2399	0.4914	0.4054	0.3427
Lee bound	(16) Estimate	-0.0007	-0.0103	0.1118	0.0976	-0.0957	0.0296	0.0335	0.0848	0.1006	0.1405
	(17) p_A	0.4983	0.4759	0.2324	0.2634	0.2699	0.4393	0.4171	0.2933	0.2210	0.1585
	(18) p_B	0.4750	0.4445	0.2139	0.2483	0.2259	0.4891	0.4285	0.2946	0.1732	0.1198
	(19) p_P	0.4378	0.4662	0.1387	0.1599	0.1004	0.3319	0.2435	0.1535	0.1028	0.0860
Rand. effects	(20) Estimate	-0.0494	-0.0743	0.0583	0.0241	-0.0717	0.0497	-0.0254	0.0444	0.1417	0.1654
	(21) p_A	0.3628	0.2909	0.3185	0.4221	0.2112	0.3874	0.4241	0.3842	0.1600	0.1187
	(22) p_B	0.3788	0.2996	0.3180	0.4360	0.1704	0.4128	0.4068	0.4032	0.1601	0.1252
	(23) p_P	0.2691	0.2107	0.3651	0.4550	0.1987	0.4026	0.4506	0.3471	0.1267	0.1080
Pooled estim.	(24) Estimate	-0.0279	-0.0632	0.0743	0.0323	-0.0670	0.0111	0.0375	0.0777	0.1956	0.2405
	(25) p_A	0.4184	0.3142	0.2635	0.3925	0.2265	0.4756	0.3934	0.3193	0.0794	0.0530
	(26) p_B	0.4160	0.3076	0.2740	0.4176	0.1840	0.4440	0.4292	0.3300	0.0920	0.0660
	(27) p_P	0.3455	0.2471	0.3023	0.4214	0.2167	0.4862	0.3611	0.2875	0.0944	0.0700
Oldest child	(28) Estimate	-0.2229	-0.2229	-0.2201	-0.2201	-0.0087	0.1201	-0.2357	0.0838	-0.1111	0.1947
	(29) p_A	0.0916	0.0916	0.1079	0.1079	0.4754	0.2441	0.0429	0.2736	0.1902	0.0764
	(30) p_B	0.0900	0.0900	0.0828	0.0828	0.4760	0.2264	0.0376	0.2884	0.1960	0.0820
	(31) p_P	0.0672	0.0672	0.0776	0.0776	0.4694	0.2575	0.0316	0.2495	0.1567	0.0924
Two oldest	(32) Estimate	-0.0965	-0.0965	-0.0812	-0.0812	-0.0425	0.0941	-0.1544	0.0721	-0.0039	0.1830
	(33) p_A	0.2656	0.2656	0.2983	0.2983	0.3710	0.3027	0.1241	0.3118	0.4888	0.0932
	(34) p_B	0.2660	0.2660	0.2676	0.2676	0.3648	0.2864	0.1056	0.3284	0.4888	0.0936
	(35) p_P	0.1803	0.1803	0.2431	0.2431	0.3623	0.3123	0.1188	0.2723	0.4698	0.0936
Three oldest	(36) Estimate	-0.1087	-0.1087	-0.0201	-0.0201	-0.1282	0.0799	-0.1214	0.0576	0.0461	0.1710
	(37) p_A	0.2201	0.2201	0.4439	0.4439	0.1183	0.3308	0.1679	0.3479	0.3547	0.1066
	(38) p_B	0.2080	0.2080	0.4196	0.4196	0.1192	0.3156	0.1456	0.3652	0.3480	0.1088
	(39) p_P	0.1467	0.1467	0.3922	0.3922	0.1148	0.3431	0.1631	0.3119	0.3467	0.1096

Note: Row (1), Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4) through (39) contain alternative estimators of intergenerational treatment effects and the associated p -values. The subscripts A, B, and P for these p -values are associated with the asymptotic, bootstrap, and permutation tests, respectively. Rows (4) – (7) (betw. estim.) are associated with the between-effects estimator. Rows (08) – (11) (Heckman corr.) are associated with the Heckman two-step estimator for selection bias correction (without any exclusion restrictions). Rows (12) – (15) (series estim.) are associated with the series estimator for correcting selection bias, which uses the probability of having a child and its square as regressors in the outcome equation. Rows (16) – (19) (Lee bound) are associated with the lower limit of Lee bounds that partially identify the treatment effect adjusted for selection bias. Rows (20) – (23) (rand. effects) are associated with the random effects estimator. Rows (24) – (27) (pooled estim.) are associated with the pooled OLS estimator. Rows (28) – (31) (oldest child), (32) – (35) (two oldest), and (36) – (39) (three oldest) are associated with the between-effects estimator only using samples of oldest child, two oldest children, and three oldest children.

Table 29: Alternative Estimators of Effects on Male Children of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -sponded	Never Su -sponded	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Summary	(01) Obs.	27	26	27	26	27	26	27	26	27	26
	(02) Control	0.2440	0.2440	0.5714	0.5714	0.1964	0.1964	0.6667	0.6667	0.1964	0.1964
	(03) Treatment	0.5064	0.4653	0.5577	0.5208	0.4167	0.3681	0.7051	0.6806	0.4615	0.4167
Bew. estim.	(04) Estimate	0.2940	0.2597	0.0200	0.0073	0.2242	0.1875	0.1160	0.1124	0.2661	0.2326
	(05) p_A	0.0464	0.0694	0.4527	0.4835	0.0933	0.1362	0.2276	0.2419	0.0587	0.0868
	(06) p_B	0.0572	0.0788	0.4708	0.4996	0.1032	0.1440	0.2204	0.2312	0.0724	0.0980
	(07) p_P	0.0724	0.1028	0.4710	0.4402	0.1439	0.1991	0.2939	0.3099	0.0976	0.1339
Heckman corr.	(08) Estimate	0.3181	0.3005	0.0649	0.0159	0.2075	0.1691	0.1106	0.1209	0.2446	0.2166
	(09) p_A	0.2492	0.2494	0.4222	0.4825	0.2644	0.3114	0.3859	0.3858	0.2648	0.2880
	(10) p_B	0.0844	0.1120	0.4340	0.4904	0.1492	0.2160	0.3420	0.3380	0.1260	0.1676
	(11) p_P	0.1168	0.1423	0.4290	0.4642	0.2179	0.2767	0.3119	0.3127	0.1799	0.2203
Series estim.	(12) Estimate	0.2846	0.2730	0.0533	-0.0320	0.1956	0.1650	0.1012	0.1259	0.2316	0.2180
	(13) p_A	0.3320	0.4122	0.4568	0.4845	0.3777	0.4443	0.4220	0.4265	0.3562	0.4254
	(14) p_B	0.1016	0.1320	0.4508	0.4708	0.1712	0.2416	0.3844	0.3896	0.1476	0.1968
	(15) p_P	0.1707	0.1803	0.4498	0.4014	0.2511	0.2923	0.3415	0.3155	0.2179	0.2331
Lee bound	(16) Estimate	0.2830	0.2235	0.0478	-0.0253	0.2317	0.1688	0.0659	0.0112	0.2708	0.2157
	(17) p_A	0.2505	0.2864	0.4398	0.4676	0.2228	0.2858	0.4314	0.4887	0.2216	0.2627
	(18) p_B	0.0828	0.1362	0.4558	0.4209	0.1266	0.2135	0.4059	0.4986	0.0920	0.1586
	(19) p_P	0.0576	0.0948	0.3575	0.5002	0.0864	0.1587	0.3035	0.4126	0.0576	0.1044
Rand. effects	(20) Estimate	0.3358	0.3177	0.0406	0.0312	0.2205	0.1981	0.1411	0.1369	0.2832	0.2636
	(21) p_A	0.0217	0.0282	0.4053	0.4288	0.0824	0.1074	0.1794	0.1910	0.0387	0.0514
	(22) p_B	0.0344	0.0424	0.4364	0.4500	0.0900	0.1132	0.2048	0.2132	0.0528	0.0668
	(23) p_P	0.0324	0.0456	0.4770	0.4962	0.1188	0.1507	0.2319	0.2427	0.0660	0.0856
Pooled estim.	(24) Estimate	0.3422	0.3256	0.0436	0.0357	0.2168	0.1990	0.1411	0.1369	0.2923	0.2764
	(25) p_A	0.0200	0.0255	0.4010	0.4207	0.0826	0.1030	0.1793	0.1909	0.0328	0.0417
	(26) p_B	0.0340	0.0420	0.4280	0.4420	0.0876	0.1052	0.2048	0.2140	0.0484	0.0604
	(27) p_P	0.0320	0.0424	0.4754	0.4862	0.1192	0.1403	0.2319	0.2427	0.0600	0.0756
Oldest child	(28) Estimate	-0.1355	-0.1355	-0.0839	-0.0839	-0.1355	-0.1355	0.0849	0.0849	-0.1355	-0.1355
	(29) p_A	0.3980	0.3980	0.4287	0.4287	0.3980	0.3980	0.4353	0.4353	0.3980	0.3980
	(30) p_B	0.4178	0.4178	0.3645	0.3645	0.4178	0.4178	0.3849	0.3849	0.4178	0.4178
	(31) p_P	0.2659	0.2659	0.3315	0.3315	0.2659	0.2659	0.4090	0.4090	0.2659	0.2659
Two oldest	(32) Estimate	-0.0315	-0.0315	-0.1258	-0.1258	-0.0517	-0.0517	-0.0441	-0.0441	-0.0517	-0.0517
	(33) p_A	0.4486	0.4486	0.2871	0.2871	0.4105	0.4105	0.4237	0.4237	0.4105	0.4105
	(34) p_B	0.4528	0.4528	0.2528	0.2528	0.4072	0.4072	0.4220	0.4220	0.4072	0.4072
	(35) p_P	0.3862	0.3862	0.2103	0.2103	0.3391	0.3391	0.3443	0.3443	0.3391	0.3391
Three oldest	(36) Estimate	0.1080	0.1080	-0.0736	-0.0736	0.0358	0.0358	0.0328	0.0328	0.0838	0.0838
	(37) p_A	0.3022	0.3022	0.3591	0.3591	0.4266	0.4266	0.4259	0.4259	0.3297	0.3297
	(38) p_B	0.2848	0.2848	0.3332	0.3332	0.4208	0.4208	0.4040	0.4040	0.3136	0.3136
	(39) p_P	0.3403	0.3403	0.2883	0.2883	0.4974	0.4974	0.4978	0.4978	0.4006	0.4006

Note: Row (1), Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4) through (39) contain alternative estimators of intergenerational treatment effects and the associated p -values. The subscripts A, B, and P for these p -values are associated with the asymptotic, bootstrap, and permutation tests, respectively. Rows (4) – (7) (betw. estim.) are associated with the between-effects estimator. Rows (08) – (11) (Heckman corr.) are associated with the Heckman two-step estimator for selection bias correction (without any exclusion restrictions). Rows (12) – (15) (series estim.) are associated with the series estimator for correcting selection bias, which uses the probability of having a child and its square as regressors in the outcome equation. Rows (16) – (19) (Lee bound) are associated with the lower limit of Lee bounds that partially identify the treatment effect adjusted for selection bias. Rows (20) – (23) (rand. effects) are associated with the random effects estimator. Rows (24) – (27) (pooled estim.) are associated with the pooled OLS estimator. Rows (28) – (31) (oldest child), (32) – (35) (two oldest), and (36) – (39) (three oldest) are associated with the between-effects estimator only using samples of oldest children, two oldest children, and three oldest children.

Table 29: Alternative Estimators of Effects on Male Children of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Attended College	Attended College	Attended College	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	27	26	25	27	26	25	27	26	25
	(02) Control	0.2143	0.2143	0.2308	0.4583	0.4583	0.4936	0.3571	0.3571	0.3846
	(03) Treatment	0.4551	0.4097	0.4514	0.6026	0.6528	0.6528	0.4808	0.5208	0.5208
Betw. estim.	(04) Estimate	0.2506	0.2336	0.2875	0.2196	0.2732	0.2398	0.1826	0.2320	0.2190
	(05) p_A	0.0632	0.0839	0.0631	0.1482	0.0840	0.1266	0.1745	0.1038	0.1326
	(06) p_B	0.0732	0.0948	0.0740	0.1188	0.0688	0.1044	0.1596	0.0936	0.1108
	(07) p_P	0.0640	0.0832	0.0704	0.1259	0.0860	0.1228	0.1911	0.1355	0.1635
Heckman corr.	(08) Estimate	0.3069	0.2284	0.3621	0.1716	0.2069	0.1307	0.1222	0.1337	0.0842
	(09) p_A	0.1297	0.2302	0.1457	0.4146	0.3922	0.4351	0.3633	0.3585	0.4259
	(10) p_B	0.0992	0.1836	0.1108	0.2364	0.1792	0.2576	0.2664	0.2412	0.3068
	(11) p_P	0.0764	0.1403	0.0800	0.2187	0.2019	0.3023	0.3031	0.3011	0.3818
Series estim.	(12) Estimate	0.2873	0.1665	0.2836	0.2025	0.2385	0.1723	0.1382	0.1684	0.1254
	(13) p_A	0.3095	0.4451	0.4316	0.4131	0.4465	0.4616	0.3969	0.4240	0.4469
	(14) p_B	0.1248	0.2236	0.1576	0.2884	0.2508	0.3064	0.3136	0.2912	0.3348
	(15) p_P	0.1271	0.2499	0.1567	0.2207	0.1971	0.2727	0.3075	0.2827	0.3543
Lee bound	(16) Estimate	0.3102	0.2110	0.2986	0.1094	0.1431	0.0926	0.1111	0.1401	0.1073
	(17) p_A	0.0797	0.1689	0.1072	0.4374	0.4157	0.4460	0.3572	0.3177	0.3649
	(18) p_B	0.0390	0.0973	0.0617	0.2974	0.2263	0.3020	0.3039	0.2427	0.3064
	(19) p_P	0.0204	0.0772	0.0444	0.2135	0.1759	0.2519	0.2183	0.1807	0.2399
Rand. effects	(20) Estimate	0.2977	0.2815	0.3019	0.2009	0.2351	0.1987	0.1909	0.2249	0.2039
	(21) p_A	0.0383	0.0499	0.0532	0.1607	0.1136	0.1683	0.1533	0.1054	0.1434
	(22) p_B	0.0616	0.0776	0.0832	0.1328	0.0952	0.1372	0.1448	0.1036	0.1377
	(23) p_P	0.0464	0.0596	0.0596	0.1335	0.1004	0.1459	0.1643	0.1315	0.1627
Pooled estim.	(24) Estimate	0.3133	0.3005	0.3208	0.1761	0.2000	0.1635	0.1904	0.2134	0.1886
	(25) p_A	0.0332	0.0420	0.0461	0.2002	0.1660	0.2274	0.1552	0.1225	0.1679
	(26) p_B	0.0596	0.0720	0.0760	0.1568	0.1208	0.1768	0.1384	0.1084	0.1508
	(27) p_P	0.0448	0.0536	0.0576	0.1627	0.1375	0.2015	0.1675	0.1535	0.1799
Oldest child	(28) Estimate	0.3489	0.3489	0.3489	0.1453	0.1453	0.1453	0.3323	0.3323	0.1886
	(29) p_A	0.2803	0.2803	0.2803	0.4234	0.4234	0.4234	0.2944	0.2944	0.2944
	(30) p_B	0.1343	0.1343	0.1343	0.3484	0.3484	0.3484	0.1608	0.1608	0.1608
	(31) p_P	0.1240	0.1240	0.1240	0.3695	0.3695	0.3695	0.2043	0.2043	0.2043
Two oldest	(32) Estimate	0.1016	0.1016	0.1453	0.1320	0.1320	0.1320	0.0951	0.0951	0.0951
	(33) p_A	0.3033	0.3033	0.2457	0.2919	0.2919	0.2919	0.3373	0.3373	0.3373
	(34) p_B	0.3112	0.3112	0.2576	0.2636	0.2636	0.2636	0.3132	0.3132	0.3132
	(35) p_P	0.3047	0.3047	0.2499	0.2911	0.2911	0.2911	0.3667	0.3667	0.3667
Three oldest	(36) Estimate	0.2486	0.2486	0.2851	0.2181	0.2181	0.2181	0.1864	0.1864	0.1864
	(37) p_A	0.1004	0.1004	0.0773	0.1543	0.1543	0.1543	0.1713	0.1713	0.1713
	(38) p_B	0.1048	0.1048	0.0812	0.1236	0.1236	0.1236	0.1368	0.1368	0.1368
	(39) p_P	0.0992	0.0992	0.0828	0.1455	0.1455	0.1455	0.2119	0.2119	0.2119

Note: Row (1), Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4) through (39) contain alternative estimators of intergenerational treatment effects and the associated p -values. The subscripts A, B, and P for these p -values are associated with the asymptotic, bootstrap, and permutation tests, respectively. Rows (4) – (7) (betw. estim.) are associated with the between-effects estimator. Rows (8) – (11) (Heckman corr.) are associated with the Heckman two-step estimator for selection bias correction (without any exclusion restrictions). Rows (12) – (15) (series estim.) are associated with the series estimator for correcting selection bias, which uses the probability of having a child and its square as regressors in the outcome equation. Rows (16) – (19) (Lee bound) are associated with the lower limit of Lee bounds that partially identify the treatment effect adjusted for selection bias. Rows (20) – (23) (rand. effects) are associated with the random effects estimator. Rows (24) – (27) (pooled estim.) are associated with the pooled OLS estimator. Rows (28) – (31) (oldest child), (32) – (35) (two oldest), and (36) – (39) (three oldest) are associated with the between-effects estimator only using samples of oldest children, two oldest children, and three oldest children.

Table 29: Alternative Estimators of Effects on Male Children of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	27	26	25	27	26	25	27	26	25
	(02) Control	0.2857	0.2857	0.3077	0.0714	0.0714	0.0769	0.7262	0.7262	0.7821
	(03) Treatment	0.4551	0.4931	0.4931	0.3526	0.3819	0.4236	0.8718	0.8611	0.8611
Betw. estim.	(04) Estimate	0.1947	0.2409	0.2317	0.2995	0.3374	0.3919	0.1820	0.1834	0.1142
	(05) p_A	0.1572	0.0958	0.1230	0.0413	0.0201	0.0137	0.1320	0.1337	0.2504
	(06) p_B	0.1440	0.0892	0.1092	0.0444	0.0276	0.0228	0.1032	0.1008	0.2204
	(07) p_P	0.1787	0.1403	0.1651	0.0260	0.0176	0.0164	0.1399	0.1515	0.2699
Heckman corr.	(08) Estimate	0.1865	0.1700	0.1386	0.2927	0.2479	0.3282	0.2281	0.2374	0.1416
	(09) p_A	0.2922	0.3151	0.3760	0.1555	0.2075	0.1489	0.4085	0.3924	0.4358
	(10) p_B	0.2024	0.2040	0.2516	0.0892	0.1052	0.0752	0.1700	0.1660	0.2968
	(11) p_P	0.2159	0.2531	0.3071	0.0536	0.1096	0.0880	0.1395	0.1299	0.2771
Series estim.	(12) Estimate	0.1890	0.1562	0.1290	0.2881	0.2288	0.2994	0.1963	0.1992	0.1159
	(13) p_A	0.3541	0.4342	0.4478	0.2984	0.4234	0.4241	0.4238	0.4248	0.4567
	(14) p_B	0.2328	0.2448	0.2788	0.1044	0.1300	0.0992	0.1996	0.2252	0.3308
	(15) p_P	0.2379	0.3035	0.3455	0.0940	0.1671	0.1367	0.1971	0.2011	0.3263
Lee bound	(16) Estimate	0.1818	0.2026	0.1818	0.2964	0.2946	0.3576	0.1684	0.1230	0.0594
	(17) p_A	0.2677	0.2417	0.2756	0.0834	0.0776	0.0544	0.4231	0.4387	0.4704
	(18) p_B	0.1845	0.1498	0.1922	0.0257	0.0184	0.0152	0.1825	0.2411	0.3520
	(19) p_P	0.1275	0.1084	0.1479	0.0148	0.0188	0.0164	0.1271	0.1843	0.3067
Rand. effects	(20) Estimate	0.2013	0.2321	0.2111	0.3405	0.3638	0.3950	0.1638	0.1636	0.0967
	(21) p_A	0.1432	0.1040	0.1433	0.0197	0.0126	0.0158	0.1476	0.1505	0.2646
	(22) p_B	0.1420	0.1072	0.1433	0.0324	0.0272	0.0524	0.1408	0.1404	0.2597
	(23) p_P	0.1627	0.1415	0.1711	0.0156	0.0124	0.0136	0.1355	0.1475	0.2631
Pooled estim.	(24) Estimate	0.1902	0.2108	0.1842	0.3602	0.3751	0.3971	0.1532	0.1509	0.0892
	(25) p_A	0.1614	0.1333	0.1825	0.0132	0.0098	0.0112	0.1591	0.1648	0.2762
	(26) p_B	0.1452	0.1188	0.1568	0.0184	0.0148	0.0156	0.1348	0.1368	0.2604
	(27) p_P	0.1827	0.1695	0.1987	0.0128	0.0112	0.0124	0.1431	0.1527	0.2727
Oldest child	(28) Estimate	0.3839	0.3839	0.3839	0.4512	0.4512	0.4512	0.3148	0.3148	0.3148
	(29) p_A	0.2710	0.2710	0.2710	0.1873	0.1873	0.1873	0.3600	0.3600	0.3600
	(30) p_B	0.1692	0.1692	0.1692	0.1528	0.1528	0.1528	0.2819	0.2819	0.2823
	(31) p_P	0.1827	0.1827	0.1827	0.0716	0.0716	0.0716	0.1843	0.1843	0.1843
Two oldest	(32) Estimate	0.1527	0.1527	0.1527	0.2320	0.2320	0.2758	0.1327	0.1327	0.1327
	(33) p_A	0.2370	0.2370	0.2370	0.1139	0.1139	0.0872	0.2858	0.2858	0.2858
	(34) p_B	0.2280	0.2280	0.2280	0.1340	0.1340	0.1108	0.2880	0.2880	0.2880
	(35) p_P	0.2767	0.2767	0.2767	0.0796	0.0796	0.0704	0.3179	0.3179	0.3179
Three oldest	(36) Estimate	0.1831	0.1831	0.1831	0.3531	0.3531	0.3895	0.1440	0.1440	0.1440
	(37) p_A	0.1904	0.1904	0.1904	0.0293	0.0293	0.0205	0.2166	0.2166	0.2166
	(38) p_B	0.1704	0.1704	0.1704	0.0348	0.0348	0.0272	0.2008	0.2008	0.2008
	(39) p_P	0.2315	0.2315	0.2315	0.0260	0.0260	0.0220	0.2303	0.2303	0.2303

Note: Row (1), Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4) through (39) contain alternative estimators of intergenerational treatment effects and the associated p -values. The subscripts A, B, and P for these p -values are associated with the asymptotic, bootstrap, and permutation tests, respectively. Rows (4) – (7) (betw. estim.) are associated with the between-effects estimator. Rows (08) – (11) (Heckman corr.) are associated with the Heckman two-step estimator for selection bias correction (without any exclusion restrictions). Rows (12) – (15) (series estim.) are associated with the series estimator for correcting selection bias, which uses the probability of having a child and its square as regressors in the outcome equation. Rows (16) – (19) (Lee bound) are associated with the lower limit of Lee bounds that partially identify the treatment effect adjusted for selection bias. Rows (20) – (23) (rand. effects) are associated with the random effects estimator. Rows (24) – (27) (pooled estim.) are associated with the pooled OLS estimator. Rows (28) – (31) (oldest child), (32) – (35) (two oldest), and (36) – (39) (three oldest) are associated with the between-effects estimator only using samples of oldest children, two oldest children, and three oldest children.

Table 29: Alternative Estimators of Effects on Male Children of the Female Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	26	25	26	25	26	25	26	25	26	25
	(02) Control	0.0714	0.0769	0.0714	0.0769	0.2857	0.3077	0.1786	0.1923	0.8214	0.8846
	(03) Treatment	0.1528	0.1528	0.1250	0.1250	0.2778	0.2778	0.2778	0.2778	0.8125	0.8125
Betw. estim.	(04) Estimate	0.0790	0.0914	0.0555	0.0689	-0.0891	-0.1225	0.0710	0.0499	0.0883	-0.0015
	(05) p_A	0.2695	0.2587	0.3318	0.3101	0.3075	0.2557	0.3450	0.3969	0.3078	0.4963
	(06) p_B	0.2684	0.2564	0.3456	0.3224	0.3036	0.2424	0.3360	0.3912	0.2816	0.4940
	(07) p_P	0.2571	0.2343	0.3291	0.2959	0.2463	0.2035	0.4222	0.4650	0.2875	0.4762
Heckman corr.	(08) Estimate	0.0773	0.1072	0.0365	0.0664	-0.0710	-0.1092	0.0886	0.0504	0.1798	0.0656
	(09) p_A	0.3850	0.3480	0.4453	0.4045	0.4204	0.3963	0.3992	0.4525	0.3136	0.4271
	(10) p_B	0.2936	0.2400	0.4128	0.3500	0.3516	0.3012	0.3560	0.4200	0.2376	0.3848
	(11) p_P	0.3139	0.2487	0.4090	0.3327	0.3267	0.2735	0.4146	0.4710	0.1451	0.3543
Series estim.	(12) Estimate	0.0215	0.0475	-0.0074	0.0185	-0.0704	-0.1036	0.1128	0.0796	0.1200	0.0208
	(13) p_A	0.4913	0.4810	0.4970	0.4926	0.4854	0.4787	0.4630	0.4745	0.4625	0.4934
	(14) p_B	0.3108	0.2808	0.4128	0.3688	0.3572	0.3164	0.3740	0.4212	0.3260	0.4396
	(15) p_P	0.4542	0.3922	0.4822	0.4670	0.3371	0.2879	0.3822	0.4346	0.2487	0.4590
Lee bound	(16) Estimate	0.1309	0.1440	0.0867	0.0998	0.0132	-0.0107	0.1060	0.0806	-0.0519	-0.0253
	(17) p_A	0.2510	0.2326	0.3324	0.3108	0.4824	0.4864	0.3591	0.3994	0.4355	0.4690
	(18) p_B	0.1562	0.1326	0.2839	0.2555	0.4982	0.4553	0.3328	0.3885	0.4133	0.5002
	(19) p_P	0.0968	0.0760	0.1575	0.1311	0.4338	0.4802	0.2663	0.3183	0.4530	0.2859
Rand. effects	(20) Estimate	0.0963	0.1091	0.0622	0.0753	-0.0928	-0.1304	0.0700	0.0452	0.0366	-0.0485
	(21) p_A	0.2177	0.2094	0.2688	0.2446	0.2907	0.2277	0.3338	0.3955	0.4060	0.3668
	(22) p_B	0.2831	0.2754	0.4560	0.4410	0.3148	0.2416	0.4349	0.4958	0.3824	0.4078
	(23) p_P	0.2235	0.2039	0.3123	0.2815	0.2431	0.1895	0.4230	0.4742	0.4074	0.3451
Pooled estim.	(24) Estimate	0.1103	0.1219	0.0845	0.0951	-0.1050	-0.1483	0.0578	0.0236	0.0091	-0.0588
	(25) p_A	0.2022	0.2002	0.2509	0.2433	0.2620	0.1863	0.3631	0.4435	0.4755	0.3359
	(26) p_B	0.2156	0.2092	0.2852	0.2724	0.2652	0.1780	0.3480	0.4332	0.4084	0.3740
	(27) p_P	0.1975	0.1895	0.2567	0.2483	0.2195	0.1519	0.4346	0.4902	0.4946	0.3191
Oldest child	(28) Estimate	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	-0.2541	-0.2541	-0.2541	-0.2541	-0.3280	-0.3280
	(29) p_A	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.3168	0.3168	0.3168	0.3168	0.3484	0.3484
	(30) p_B	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3545	0.3545	0.3549	0.3545	0.1596	0.1592
	(31) p_P	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.1403	0.1403	0.1403	0.1403	0.1248	0.1248
Two oldest	(32) Estimate	-0.0072	-0.0072	-0.0072	-0.0072	-0.1867	-0.1867	-0.0838	-0.0838	-0.2025	-0.2025
	(33) p_A	0.4796	0.4796	0.4796	0.4796	0.2045	0.2045	0.3556	0.3556	0.1607	0.1607
	(34) p_B	0.5552	0.5552	0.5552	0.5552	0.1892	0.1892	0.3472	0.3472	0.1780	0.1780
	(35) p_P	0.4506	0.4506	0.4506	0.4506	0.1439	0.1439	0.2779	0.2779	0.1283	0.1283
Three oldest	(36) Estimate	0.0014	0.0014	-0.0210	-0.0210	-0.1545	-0.1545	0.0179	0.0179	-0.0460	-0.0460
	(37) p_A	0.4956	0.4956	0.4344	0.4344	0.2123	0.2123	0.4633	0.4633	0.3979	0.3979
	(38) p_B	0.4848	0.4848	0.5200	0.5200	0.1996	0.1996	0.4636	0.4636	0.4100	0.4100
	(39) p_P	0.4850	0.4850	0.3998	0.3998	0.1591	0.1591	0.4714	0.4714	0.3707	0.3707

Note: Row (1), Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4) through (39) contain alternative estimators of intergenerational treatment effects and the associated p -values. The subscripts A, B, and P for these p -values are associated with the asymptotic, bootstrap, and permutation tests, respectively. Rows (4) – (7) (betw. estim.) are associated with the between-effects estimator. Rows (08) – (11) (Heckman corr.) are associated with the Heckman two-step estimator for selection bias correction (without any exclusion restrictions). Rows (12) – (15) (series estim.) are associated with the series estimator for correcting selection bias, which uses the probability of having a child and its square as regressors in the outcome equation. Rows (16) – (19) (Lee bound) are associated with the lower limit of Lee bounds that partially identify the treatment effect adjusted for selection bias. Rows (20) – (23) (rand. effects) are associated with the random effects estimator. Rows (24) – (27) (pooled estim.) are associated with the pooled OLS estimator. Rows (28) – (31) (oldest child), (32) – (35) (two oldest), and (36) – (39) (three oldest) are associated with the between-effects estimator only using samples of oldest children, two oldest children, and three oldest children.

Table 29: Alternative Estimators of Effects on Male Children of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)/Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Summary	(01) Obs.	26	25	26	25	27	26	27	27	26	25
	(02) Control	0.2857	0.3077	0.1786	0.1923	0.8571	0.3846	0.2500	0.2434	0.0714	0.0833
	(03) Treatment	0.2778	0.2778	0.2778	0.2778	0.8333	0.4231	0.4744	0.3682	0.2917	0.2449
Betw. estim.	(04) Estimate	-0.0891	-0.1225	0.0710	0.0499	-0.0351	0.0597	0.0922	0.0596	0.1955	0.1736
	(05) p_A	0.3075	0.2557	0.3450	0.3969	0.3847	0.3974	0.3013	0.3870	0.1390	0.1819
	(06) p_B	0.3036	0.2424	0.3360	0.3912	0.3484	0.3668	0.3168	0.4092	0.1504	0.2040
	(07) p_P	0.2463	0.2035	0.4222	0.4650	0.4190	0.3826	0.2847	0.3303	0.1387	0.1403
Heckman corr.	(08) Estimate	-0.0710	-0.1092	0.0886	0.0504	-0.0313	0.0992	0.0968	0.0597	0.1870	0.1791
	(09) p_A	0.4204	0.3963	0.3992	0.4525	0.4636	0.4518	0.4334	0.4595	0.2509	0.2761
	(10) p_B	0.3516	0.3012	0.3560	0.4200	0.3540	0.4136	0.3820	0.4288	0.2340	0.2724
	(11) p_P	0.3267	0.2735	0.4146	0.4710	0.4370	0.3591	0.3015	0.3419	0.1879	0.2063
Series estim.	(12) Estimate	-0.0704	-0.1036	0.1128	0.0796	0.0046	0.0674	0.1528	0.1169	0.2414	0.2105
	(13) p_A	0.4854	0.4787	0.4630	0.4745	0.4960	0.4714	0.4338	0.4499	0.3492	0.3310
	(14) p_B	0.3572	0.3164	0.3740	0.4212	0.3392	0.4316	0.4376	0.4720	0.2844	0.2884
	(15) p_P	0.3371	0.2879	0.3822	0.4346	0.4926	0.4174	0.2459	0.2843	0.1667	0.1951
Lee bound	(16) Estimate	0.0132	-0.0107	0.1060	0.0806	0.0145	0.0217	0.2476	0.1250	0.2225	0.1659
	(17) p_A	0.4824	0.4864	0.3591	0.3994	0.4837	0.4899	0.3184	0.4048	0.2386	0.2977
	(18) p_B	0.4982	0.4553	0.3328	0.3885	0.4072	0.4976	0.1105	0.2444	0.1049	0.1849
	(19) p_P	0.4338	0.4802	0.2663	0.3183	0.4526	0.3455	0.0476	0.1311	0.0596	0.1076
Rand. effects	(20) Estimate	-0.0928	-0.1304	0.0700	0.0452	-0.0296	0.0527	0.0809	0.0564	0.1945	0.1737
	(21) p_A	0.2907	0.2277	0.3338	0.3955	0.3968	0.3946	0.3153	0.3935	0.1110	0.1707
	(22) p_B	0.3148	0.2416	0.4349	0.4958	0.3736	0.5760	0.3592	0.4140	0.4162	0.2571
	(23) p_P	0.2431	0.1895	0.4230	0.4742	0.4146	0.3922	0.3047	0.3363	0.1335	0.1391
Pooled estim.	(24) Estimate	-0.1050	-0.1483	0.0578	0.0236	-0.0316	-0.0305	0.0675	-0.0356	0.1766	0.1725
	(25) p_A	0.2620	0.1863	0.3631	0.4435	0.3925	0.4488	0.3499	0.4375	0.1400	0.1754
	(26) p_B	0.2652	0.1780	0.3480	0.4332	0.3624	0.4916	0.3544	0.4428	0.1096	0.1852
	(27) p_P	0.2195	0.1519	0.4346	0.4902	0.4034	0.4654	0.3335	0.4526	0.1359	0.1216
Oldest child	(28) Estimate	-0.2541	-0.2541	-0.2541	-0.2541	-0.1051	0.1180	0.1022	0.2017	0.1022	0.4291
	(29) p_A	0.3168	0.3168	0.3168	0.3168	0.4512	0.4262	0.4463	0.4064	0.4463	0.3894
	(30) p_B	0.3545	0.3545	0.3549	0.3545	0.4383	0.4022	0.4683	0.3332	0.4683	0.1631
	(31) p_P	0.1403	0.1403	0.1403	0.1403	0.3667	0.3311	0.3403	0.2351	0.3403	0.0728
Two oldest	(32) Estimate	-0.1867	-0.1867	-0.0838	-0.0838	-0.0227	-0.0700	-0.0012	0.0780	-0.0282	0.1715
	(33) p_A	0.2045	0.2045	0.3556	0.3556	0.4388	0.3975	0.4977	0.3760	0.4388	0.2561
	(34) p_B	0.1892	0.1892	0.3472	0.3472	0.4268	0.4220	0.4432	0.3964	0.4788	0.2820
	(35) p_P	0.1439	0.1439	0.2779	0.2779	0.4698	0.4234	0.4918	0.3183	0.3754	0.1947
Three oldest	(36) Estimate	-0.1545	-0.1545	0.0179	0.0179	-0.0243	0.0191	-0.0375	0.0578	0.0446	0.1799
	(37) p_A	0.2123	0.2123	0.4633	0.4633	0.4303	0.4715	0.4216	0.3984	0.4018	0.1908
	(38) p_B	0.1996	0.1996	0.4636	0.4636	0.4096	0.4216	0.3852	0.4200	0.4136	0.2116
	(39) p_P	0.1591	0.1591	0.4714	0.4714	0.4486	0.4370	0.4250	0.3439	0.4174	0.1727

Note: Row (1), Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4) through (39) contain alternative estimators of intergenerational treatment effects and the associated p -values. The subscripts A, B, and P for these p -values are associated with the asymptotic, bootstrap, and permutation tests, respectively. Rows (4) – (7) (betw. estim.) are associated with the between-effects estimator. Rows (08) – (11) (Heckman corr.) are associated with the Heckman two-step estimator for selection bias correction (without any exclusion restrictions). Rows (12) – (15) (series estim.) are associated with the series estimator for correcting selection bias, which uses the probability of having a child and its square as regressors in the outcome equation. Rows (16) – (19) (Lee bound) are associated with the lower limit of Lee bounds that partially identify the treatment effect adjusted for selection bias. Rows (20) – (23) (rand. effects) are associated with the random effects estimator. Rows (24) – (27) (pooled estim.) are associated with the pooled OLS estimator. Rows (28) – (31) (oldest child), (32) – (35) (two oldest), and (36) – (39) (three oldest) are associated with the between-effects estimator only using samples of oldest child, two oldest children, and three oldest children.

Table 30: Alternative Estimators of Effects on Female Children of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -sponded	Never Su -sponded	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Summary	(01) Obs.	32	31	32	31	32	31	32	31	32	31
	(02) Control	0.5313	0.5313	0.7500	0.7500	0.5000	0.5000	0.8438	0.8438	0.5313	0.5313
	(03) Treatment	0.7031	0.7500	0.8125	0.8667	0.6406	0.6833	0.8750	0.9333	0.7031	0.7500
Betw. estim.	(04) Estimate	0.1166	0.1889	-0.0117	0.0765	0.0492	0.1079	-0.0263	0.0686	0.1166	0.1889
	(05) p_A	0.2637	0.1538	0.4729	0.3197	0.3941	0.2830	0.4289	0.2968	0.2637	0.1538
	(06) p_B	0.2760	0.1708	0.4960	0.3136	0.3988	0.2848	0.4544	0.2880	0.2760	0.1708
	(07) p_P	0.2283	0.1244	0.4346	0.3455	0.3830	0.2623	0.3739	0.2687	0.2283	0.1244
Heckman corr.	(08) Estimate	0.1343	0.1805	-0.0394	0.0417	0.0464	0.0730	-0.0549	0.0317	0.1343	0.1805
	(09) p_A	0.3091	0.2643	0.4355	0.4318	0.4334	0.4050	0.3938	0.4304	0.3091	0.2643
	(10) p_B	0.2204	0.1560	0.4832	0.3448	0.3232	0.2680	0.3772	0.3952	0.2204	0.1560
	(11) p_P	0.2507	0.2063	0.3758	0.4570	0.4038	0.3683	0.3271	0.4062	0.2507	0.2063
Series estim.	(12) Estimate	0.1016	0.1772	-0.0758	0.0978	0.0059	0.0834	-0.0762	0.0779	0.1016	0.1772
	(13) p_A	0.4175	0.3856	0.4070	0.4351	0.4950	0.4539	0.3957	0.4092	0.4175	0.3856
	(14) p_B	0.2736	0.2060	0.4896	0.3380	0.3456	0.2904	0.3668	0.4144	0.2736	0.2060
	(15) p_P	0.3367	0.2223	0.3243	0.3766	0.4918	0.3711	0.2731	0.3079	0.3367	0.2223
Lee bound	(16) Estimate	0.1758	0.1871	0.0362	0.0400	0.1617	0.1722	-0.0015	0.0005	0.1758	0.1871
	(17) p_A	0.1725	0.1500	0.4249	0.4115	0.2010	0.1803	0.4961	0.4986	0.1725	0.1500
	(18) p_B	0.1483	0.1314	0.4686	0.4277	0.1889	0.1742	0.4602	0.4421	0.1483	0.1314
	(19) p_P	0.0928	0.0892	0.3607	0.3323	0.1283	0.1232	0.4126	0.3731	0.0928	0.0892
Rand. effects	(20) Estimate	0.1104	0.1770	0.0000	0.0000	0.0544	0.1096	-0.0170	0.0796	0.1104	0.1770
	(21) p_A	0.2657	0.1596	0.5000	0.5000	0.3778	0.2699	0.4415	0.2384	0.2657	0.1596
	(22) p_B	0.2860	0.1868	1.0000	1.0000	0.3960	0.2908	0.6746	0.4839	0.2860	0.1868
	(23) p_P	0.2431	0.1271	1.0000	1.0000	0.3719	0.2587	0.4094	0.2319	0.2431	0.1271
Pooled estim.	(24) Estimate	0.0972	0.1521	0.0772	0.1541	0.0565	0.1006	0.0519	0.1342	0.0972	0.1521
	(25) p_A	0.2895	0.1967	0.3224	0.1664	0.3733	0.2878	0.3582	0.1468	0.2895	0.1967
	(26) p_B	0.3100	0.2040	0.3424	0.1880	0.3968	0.2996	0.3860	0.1804	0.3100	0.2040
	(27) p_P	0.2731	0.1783	0.3399	0.1703	0.3655	0.2851	0.3543	0.0920	0.2731	0.1783
Oldest child	(28) Estimate	-0.0837	-0.0287	-0.1190	-0.0137	-0.2241	-0.1906	0.0214	0.1483	-0.0837	-0.0287
	(29) p_A	0.3683	0.4575	0.2617	0.4692	0.1792	0.2365	0.4507	0.1530	0.3683	0.4575
	(30) p_B	0.3456	0.4376	0.3152	0.4924	0.1728	0.2240	0.4276	0.1636	0.3456	0.4376
	(31) p_P	0.3411	0.4486	0.2131	0.4494	0.1375	0.1891	0.4906	0.1603	0.3411	0.4486
Two oldest	(32) Estimate	0.0404	0.1042	0.0024	0.0821	-0.0413	0.0161	0.0000	0.0803	0.0404	0.1042
	(33) p_A	0.4218	0.3094	0.4944	0.3083	0.4184	0.4688	0.4999	0.2740	0.4218	0.3094
	(34) p_B	0.4400	0.3328	0.4684	0.3024	0.4000	0.4992	0.4804	0.2736	0.4400	0.3328
	(35) p_P	0.4358	0.2927	0.4746	0.3355	0.4114	0.4642	0.4690	0.2667	0.4358	0.2927
Three oldest	(36) Estimate	0.0894	0.1507	-0.0117	0.0765	0.0073	0.0622	-0.0115	0.0761	0.0894	0.1507
	(37) p_A	0.3263	0.2317	0.4729	0.3197	0.4851	0.3799	0.4693	0.2835	0.3263	0.2317
	(38) p_B	0.3472	0.2552	0.4960	0.3136	0.4996	0.3988	0.4924	0.2800	0.3472	0.2552
	(39) p_P	0.3115	0.2047	0.4346	0.3455	0.4750	0.3599	0.4190	0.2799	0.3115	0.2047

Note: Row (1), Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4) through (39) contain alternative estimators of intergenerational treatment effects and the associated p -values. The subscripts A, B, and P for these p -values are associated with the asymptotic, bootstrap, and permutation tests, respectively. Rows (4) – (7) (betw. estim.) are associated with the between-effects estimator. Rows (08) – (11) (Heckman corr.) are associated with the Heckman two-step estimator for selection bias correction (without any exclusion restrictions). Rows (12) – (15) (series estim.) are associated with the series estimator for correcting selection bias, which uses the probability of having a child and its square as regressors in the outcome equation. Rows (16) – (19) (Lee bound) are associated with the lower limit of Lee bounds that partially identify the treatment effect adjusted for selection bias. Rows (20) – (23) (rand. effects) are associated with the random effects estimator. Rows (24) – (27) (pooled estim.) are associated with the pooled OLS estimator. Rows (28) – (31) (oldest child), (32) – (35) (two oldest), and (36) – (39) (three oldest) are associated with the between-effects estimator only using samples of oldest children, two oldest children, and three oldest children.

Table 30: Alternative Estimators of Effects on Female Children of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Attended College	Attended College	Attended College	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	32	31	31	32	31	31	32	31	31
	(02) Control	0.5417	0.5417	0.5625	0.3854	0.3854	0.3646	0.3542	0.3542	0.3333
	(03) Treatment	0.6042	0.6444	0.6444	0.3750	0.4000	0.4111	0.3750	0.4000	0.4111
Betw. estim.	(04) Estimate	0.0134	0.0798	0.0703	0.0196	0.0885	0.1014	0.0345	0.0960	0.1089
	(05) p_A	0.4719	0.3393	0.3576	0.4538	0.3043	0.2775	0.4182	0.2859	0.2590
	(06) p_B	0.4704	0.3468	0.3624	0.4104	0.2592	0.2396	0.3792	0.2484	0.2288
	(07) p_P	0.4930	0.3503	0.3743	0.4246	0.2819	0.2719	0.4098	0.2803	0.2707
Heckman corr.	(08) Estimate	-0.0256	0.0131	0.0069	0.0674	0.1761	0.1893	0.0679	0.1638	0.1770
	(09) p_A	0.4622	0.4822	0.4906	0.4027	0.2584	0.2391	0.3980	0.2675	0.2459
	(10) p_B	0.4592	0.3932	0.4052	0.4392	0.2620	0.2356	0.4248	0.2632	0.2360
	(11) p_P	0.4418	0.4994	0.4886	0.3723	0.1967	0.2007	0.3731	0.2187	0.2219
Series estim.	(12) Estimate	-0.0302	0.0723	0.0699	0.0369	0.1782	0.1888	0.0401	0.1712	0.1818
	(13) p_A	0.4780	0.4744	0.4748	0.4652	0.3780	0.3929	0.4612	0.3794	0.3937
	(14) p_B	0.4732	0.3932	0.4072	0.4672	0.3192	0.3008	0.4576	0.3268	0.3044
	(15) p_P	0.4326	0.4190	0.4294	0.4422	0.2311	0.2391	0.4442	0.2471	0.2511
Lee bound	(16) Estimate	0.0535	0.0583	0.0271	-0.0293	0.0196	-0.0318	0.0162	-0.0283	0.0159
	(17) p_A	0.3992	0.3888	0.4494	0.4425	0.4606	0.4400	0.4689	0.4461	0.4708
	(18) p_B	0.4200	0.3917	0.4606	0.4719	0.4469	0.4005	0.4365	0.3997	0.4938
	(19) p_P	0.3167	0.3083	0.3663	0.3503	0.4470	0.4582	0.4346	0.4646	0.3846
Rand. effects	(20) Estimate	0.0130	0.0779	0.0711	0.1877	0.2673	0.2036	0.1724	0.2395	0.1888
	(21) p_A	0.4721	0.3405	0.3513	0.1342	0.0563	0.1184	0.1542	0.0771	0.1333
	(22) p_B	0.4832	0.3568	0.3844	0.1600	0.0796	0.1140	0.1652	0.0880	0.1248
	(23) p_P	0.4918	0.3511	0.3731	0.1355	0.0676	0.1331	0.1639	0.0940	0.1579
Pooled estim.	(24) Estimate	0.0152	0.0712	0.0805	0.2027	0.2722	0.2634	0.2128	0.2750	0.2661
	(25) p_A	0.4685	0.3592	0.3383	0.1121	0.0495	0.0595	0.0977	0.0452	0.0540
	(26) p_B	0.4884	0.3740	0.3520	0.1280	0.0668	0.0772	0.1184	0.0644	0.0688
	(27) p_P	0.4738	0.3623	0.3483	0.1220	0.0644	0.0916	0.1236	0.0712	0.0924
Oldest child	(28) Estimate	-0.1508	-0.0463	-0.0463	0.3354	0.4887	0.4887	0.3494	0.4559	0.4559
	(29) p_A	0.2663	0.4260	0.4260	0.0764	0.0151	0.0151	0.0592	0.0207	0.0207
	(30) p_B	0.2956	0.4476	0.4476	0.0524	0.0148	0.0148	0.0468	0.0192	0.0192
	(31) p_P	0.2199	0.3886	0.3886	0.0820	0.0276	0.0276	0.0732	0.0392	0.0392
Two oldest	(32) Estimate	0.0292	0.1116	0.1116	0.0455	0.1095	0.1095	0.0805	0.1280	0.1280
	(33) p_A	0.4417	0.2863	0.2863	0.4055	0.2876	0.2876	0.3286	0.2459	0.2459
	(34) p_B	0.4364	0.2920	0.2920	0.3520	0.2384	0.2384	0.2904	0.2084	0.2084
	(35) p_P	0.4694	0.3047	0.3047	0.3671	0.2659	0.2659	0.3223	0.2491	0.2491
Three oldest	(36) Estimate	0.0319	0.1000	0.0905	0.0009	0.0768	0.1023	0.0306	0.0919	0.1174
	(37) p_A	0.4333	0.3019	0.3195	0.4979	0.3368	0.2884	0.4284	0.2981	0.2499
	(38) p_B	0.4348	0.3060	0.3224	0.4596	0.2952	0.2424	0.3872	0.2544	0.2120
	(39) p_P	0.4534	0.3191	0.3367	0.4714	0.3003	0.2715	0.4222	0.2887	0.2571

Note: Row (1), Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4) through (39) contain alternative estimators of intergenerational treatment effects and the associated p -values. The subscripts A, B, and P for these p -values are associated with the asymptotic, bootstrap, and permutation tests, respectively. Rows (4) – (7) (betw. estim.) are associated with the between-effects estimator. Rows (8) – (11) (Heckman corr.) are associated with the Heckman two-step estimator for selection bias correction (without any exclusion restrictions). Rows (12) – (15) (series estim.) are associated with the series estimator for correcting selection bias, which uses the probability of having a child and its square as regressors in the outcome equation. Rows (16) – (19) (Lee bound) are associated with the lower limit of Lee bounds that partially identify the treatment effect adjusted for selection bias. Rows (20) – (23) (rand. effects) are associated with the random effects estimator. Rows (24) – (27) (pooled estim.) are associated with the pooled OLS estimator. Rows (28) – (31) (oldest child), (32) – (35) (two oldest), and (36) – (39) (three oldest) are associated with the between-effects estimator only using samples of oldest children, two oldest children, and three oldest children.

Table 30: Alternative Estimators of Effects on Female Children of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	32	31	31	32	31	31	32	31	31
	(02) Control	0.2917	0.2917	0.2708	0.2083	0.2083	0.2083	0.7708	0.7708	0.7813
	(03) Treatment	0.3750	0.4000	0.4111	0.3021	0.3222	0.3444	0.9635	0.9611	0.9500
Betw. estim.	(04) Estimate	0.1164	0.1849	0.1978	0.0896	0.1329	0.1489	0.1964	0.2024	0.1851
	(05) p_A	0.2482	0.1436	0.1257	0.2765	0.1974	0.1744	0.0437	0.0526	0.0701
	(06) p_B	0.2148	0.1276	0.1144	0.2564	0.1788	0.1552	0.0336	0.0392	0.0556
	(07) p_P	0.2459	0.1483	0.1431	0.2839	0.2123	0.2019	0.0496	0.0488	0.0592
Heckman corr.	(08) Estimate	0.1713	0.2813	0.2945	0.1365	0.2042	0.2219	0.2017	0.2092	0.1954
	(09) p_A	0.2628	0.1393	0.1241	0.2751	0.1916	0.1739	0.0916	0.0990	0.1195
	(10) p_B	0.2592	0.1316	0.1116	0.2616	0.1684	0.1524	0.0476	0.0572	0.0660
	(11) p_P	0.2235	0.1192	0.1248	0.2695	0.1951	0.1859	0.0656	0.0764	0.0792
Series estim.	(12) Estimate	0.1361	0.2849	0.2955	0.1296	0.1971	0.2197	0.1895	0.1991	0.1836
	(13) p_A	0.3693	0.3065	0.3287	0.4290	0.4026	0.4023	0.2940	0.2993	0.3559
	(14) p_B	0.3080	0.1956	0.1788	0.3180	0.2404	0.2288	0.1028	0.1280	0.1496
	(15) p_P	0.3199	0.1523	0.1551	0.3163	0.2239	0.2063	0.1048	0.1076	0.1104
Lee bound	(16) Estimate	0.0245	0.0260	0.0703	0.0674	0.0710	0.0940	0.1445	0.1017	0.0762
	(17) p_A	0.4535	0.4502	0.3720	0.3664	0.3582	0.3177	0.1546	0.2262	0.2824
	(18) p_B	0.4988	0.4798	0.3885	0.3690	0.3532	0.3096	0.1109	0.1882	0.2459
	(19) p_P	0.3647	0.3635	0.3007	0.2623	0.2647	0.2287	0.0612	0.1283	0.1683
Rand. effects	(20) Estimate	0.2401	0.3155	0.2712	0.1564	0.2024	0.2100	0.2211	0.2237	0.2061
	(21) p_A	0.0822	0.0325	0.0583	0.1717	0.1152	0.1086	0.0510	0.0615	0.0762
	(22) p_B	0.0956	0.0428	0.0608	0.1772	0.1148	0.1108	0.0899	0.0999	0.1136
	(23) p_P	0.0968	0.0496	0.0908	0.2099	0.1503	0.1479	0.0432	0.0440	0.0544
Pooled estim.	(24) Estimate	0.2787	0.3464	0.3397	0.1972	0.2434	0.2655	0.2370	0.2406	0.2242
	(25) p_A	0.0480	0.0178	0.0222	0.1186	0.0769	0.0640	0.0469	0.0573	0.0716
	(26) p_B	0.0652	0.0292	0.0332	0.1392	0.0932	0.0856	0.0556	0.0656	0.0784
	(27) p_P	0.0732	0.0364	0.0556	0.1803	0.1291	0.1204	0.0408	0.0392	0.0496
Oldest child	(28) Estimate	0.3494	0.4559	0.4559	0.2234	0.3145	0.3145	0.1818	0.2094	0.2094
	(29) p_A	0.0592	0.0207	0.0207	0.1711	0.0995	0.0995	0.0920	0.0859	0.0859
	(30) p_B	0.0468	0.0192	0.0192	0.1552	0.0916	0.0916	0.1256	0.1256	0.1256
	(31) p_P	0.0732	0.0392	0.0392	0.1679	0.1036	0.1036	0.0580	0.0268	0.0268
Two oldest	(32) Estimate	0.1647	0.2180	0.2180	0.1023	0.1505	0.1505	0.2010	0.2075	0.2075
	(33) p_A	0.1856	0.1241	0.1241	0.2863	0.2111	0.2111	0.0415	0.0493	0.0493
	(34) p_B	0.1656	0.1036	0.1036	0.2620	0.1828	0.1828	0.0332	0.0396	0.0396
	(35) p_P	0.2023	0.1491	0.1491	0.2895	0.2259	0.2259	0.0512	0.0516	0.0516
Three oldest	(36) Estimate	0.1126	0.1808	0.2063	0.0975	0.1414	0.1574	0.2032	0.2097	0.2050
	(37) p_A	0.2597	0.1550	0.1231	0.2674	0.1925	0.1704	0.0392	0.0473	0.0501
	(38) p_B	0.2284	0.1340	0.1112	0.2460	0.1672	0.1484	0.0308	0.0380	0.0416
	(39) p_P	0.2619	0.1567	0.1407	0.2827	0.2087	0.1959	0.0520	0.0524	0.0484

Note: Row (1), Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4) through (39) contain alternative estimators of intergenerational treatment effects and the associated p -values. The subscripts A, B, and P for these p -values are associated with the asymptotic, bootstrap, and permutation tests, respectively. Rows (4) – (7) (betw. estim.) are associated with the between-effects estimator. Rows (08) – (11) (Heckman corr.) are associated with the Heckman two-step estimator for selection bias correction (without any exclusion restrictions). Rows (12) – (15) (series estim.) are associated with the series estimator for correcting selection bias, which uses the probability of having a child and its square as regressors in the outcome equation. Rows (16) – (19) (Lee bound) are associated with the lower limit of Lee bounds that partially identify the treatment effect adjusted for selection bias. Rows (20) – (23) (rand. effects) are associated with the random effects estimator. Rows (24) – (27) (pooled estim.) are associated with the pooled OLS estimator. Rows (28) – (31) (oldest child), (32) – (35) (two oldest), and (36) – (39) (three oldest) are associated with the between-effects estimator only using samples of oldest children, two oldest children, and three oldest children.

Table 30: Alternative Estimators of Effects on Female Children of the Female Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31
	(02) Control	0.2083	0.2083	0.1458	0.1458	0.6771	0.6771	0.4583	0.4583	0.9375	0.9375
	(03) Treatment	0.1889	0.2000	0.0556	0.0667	0.7278	0.7167	0.5833	0.5611	0.9667	0.9667
Betw. estim.	(04) Estimate	-0.0544	-0.0463	-0.0823	-0.0743	0.0138	0.0011	0.0475	0.0222	0.0584	0.0584
	(05) p_A	0.3505	0.3727	0.2078	0.2345	0.4705	0.4976	0.4000	0.4539	0.2488	0.2488
	(06) p_B	0.3536	0.3812	0.2116	0.2432	0.4596	0.4904	0.4116	0.4596	0.3712	0.3712
	(07) p_P	0.3774	0.3902	0.2503	0.2819	0.4866	0.4490	0.3998	0.4578	0.2827	0.2827
Heckman corr.	(08) Estimate	-0.0624	-0.0535	-0.0636	-0.0548	0.0792	0.0685	0.1146	0.0933	0.0902	0.0902
	(09) p_A	0.3812	0.3988	0.3267	0.3510	0.3811	0.3968	0.3386	0.3725	0.2716	0.2716
	(10) p_B	0.3536	0.3780	0.2772	0.3096	0.3956	0.4152	0.3056	0.3408	0.3492	0.3492
	(11) p_P	0.3627	0.3798	0.3451	0.3695	0.3890	0.4030	0.2975	0.3339	0.2451	0.2451
Series estim.	(12) Estimate	-0.0003	0.0109	-0.0669	-0.0557	0.1491	0.1348	0.1370	0.1084	0.0740	0.0740
	(13) p_A	0.4998	0.4941	0.4082	0.4368	0.3969	0.4175	0.4117	0.4417	0.3978	0.3978
	(14) p_B	0.3696	0.3868	0.2736	0.3020	0.4108	0.4260	0.3360	0.3708	0.3632	0.3632
	(15) p_P	0.4854	0.4986	0.3507	0.3790	0.2855	0.3083	0.2831	0.3227	0.2871	0.2871
Lee bound	(16) Estimate	-0.0349	-0.0234	-0.0417	-0.0302	-0.0291	-0.0391	0.1097	0.0898	0.0312	0.0312
	(17) p_A	0.4137	0.4418	0.3721	0.4074	0.4366	0.4155	0.2793	0.3182	0.3903	0.3903
	(18) p_B	0.3480	0.3833	0.3024	0.3584	0.3977	0.3773	0.2791	0.3228	0.4025	0.4025
	(19) p_P	0.4566	0.4322	0.2827	0.3191	0.4982	0.4706	0.1663	0.1999	0.4718	0.4718
Rand. effects	(20) Estimate	-0.0513	-0.0386	-0.0389	-0.0344	0.0770	0.0765	0.1067	0.0736	0.0503	0.0487
	(21) p_A	0.3535	0.3915	0.3665	0.3844	0.3200	0.3214	0.2636	0.3397	0.2419	0.2511
	(22) p_B	0.3516	0.3828	0.3339	0.3599	0.3104	0.3296	0.2792	0.3472	0.5549	0.5580
	(23) p_P	0.3703	0.3958	0.3966	0.4082	0.3059	0.3003	0.2527	0.3307	0.2895	0.2935
Pooled estim.	(24) Estimate	-0.0456	-0.0353	-0.0389	-0.0344	0.0992	0.0879	0.1295	0.0995	0.0403	0.0395
	(25) p_A	0.3694	0.4013	0.3660	0.3842	0.2690	0.2951	0.2205	0.2875	0.2983	0.3075
	(26) p_B	0.3424	0.3772	0.3300	0.3556	0.2800	0.3132	0.2540	0.3236	0.3908	0.3956
	(27) p_P	0.3858	0.4058	0.3966	0.4082	0.2315	0.2687	0.2075	0.2759	0.2975	0.3035
Oldest child	(28) Estimate	-0.3021	-0.3021	-0.2202	-0.2202	0.0255	0.0255	-0.0823	-0.0823	-0.1050	-0.1050
	(29) p_A	0.0707	0.0707	0.0827	0.0827	0.4491	0.4491	0.3799	0.3799	0.1809	0.1809
	(30) p_B	0.0548	0.0548	0.0724	0.0724	0.4260	0.4260	0.3564	0.3564	0.3392	0.3392
	(31) p_P	0.0760	0.0760	0.1076	0.1076	0.4930	0.4930	0.3407	0.3407	0.2163	0.2163
Two oldest	(32) Estimate	-0.0735	-0.0735	-0.1018	-0.1018	0.0121	0.0121	-0.0240	-0.0240	0.0591	0.0591
	(33) p_A	0.3345	0.3345	0.2382	0.2382	0.4744	0.4744	0.4538	0.4538	0.2494	0.2494
	(34) p_B	0.3444	0.3444	0.2328	0.2328	0.4400	0.4400	0.4388	0.4388	0.3708	0.3708
	(35) p_P	0.3503	0.3503	0.2771	0.2771	0.4906	0.4906	0.4242	0.4242	0.2883	0.2883
Three oldest	(36) Estimate	-0.0262	-0.0182	-0.0542	-0.0461	0.0169	0.0169	-0.0025	-0.0025	0.0584	0.0584
	(37) p_A	0.4332	0.4538	0.3300	0.3552	0.4636	0.4636	0.4950	0.4950	0.2488	0.2488
	(38) p_B	0.4420	0.4592	0.3244	0.3500	0.4556	0.4556	0.4752	0.4752	0.3712	0.3712
	(39) p_P	0.4462	0.4602	0.3639	0.3850	0.4894	0.4894	0.4746	0.4746	0.2827	0.2827

Note: Row (1), Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4) through (39) contain alternative estimators of intergenerational treatment effects and the associated p -values. The subscripts A, B, and P for these p -values are associated with the asymptotic, bootstrap, and permutation tests, respectively. Rows (4) – (7) (betw. estim.) are associated with the between-effects estimator. Rows (08) – (11) (Heckman corr.) are associated with the Heckman two-step estimator for selection bias correction (without any exclusion restrictions). Rows (12) – (15) (series estim.) are associated with the series estimator for correcting selection bias, which uses the probability of having a child and its square as regressors in the outcome equation. Rows (16) – (19) (Lee bound) are associated with the lower limit of Lee bounds that partially identify the treatment effect adjusted for selection bias. Rows (20) – (23) (rand. effects) are associated with the random effects estimator. Rows (24) – (27) (pooled estim.) are associated with the pooled OLS estimator. Rows (28) – (31) (oldest child), (32) – (35) (two oldest), and (36) – (39) (three oldest) are associated with the between-effects estimator only using samples of oldest children, two oldest children, and three oldest children.

Table 30: Alternative Estimators of Effects on Female Children of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Summary	(01) Obs.	31	31	31	31	31	30	32	29	30	26
	(02) Control	0.6771	0.6771	0.4583	0.4583	0.7556	0.3778	0.3333	0.3099	0.0889	0.1311
	(03) Treatment	0.6944	0.6833	0.5500	0.5278	0.6406	0.4222	0.2917	0.4259	0.2111	0.3433
Betw. estim.	(04) Estimate	-0.0168	-0.0294	0.0169	-0.0083	-0.0987	0.0324	-0.0954	0.1035	0.1263	0.2083
	(05) p_A	0.4634	0.4359	0.4629	0.4821	0.2525	0.4348	0.2781	0.2383	0.1873	0.0747
	(06) p_B	0.4748	0.4460	0.4696	0.4720	0.2344	0.4184	0.2628	0.2416	0.1852	0.0724
	(07) p_P	0.4114	0.3766	0.4766	0.4726	0.1923	0.4738	0.2975	0.2187	0.1963	0.1024
Heckman corr.	(08) Estimate	0.0519	0.0412	0.0873	0.0660	-0.1191	0.1144	-0.1583	0.0487	0.0609	0.1703
	(09) p_A	0.4198	0.4366	0.3764	0.4107	0.2878	0.3686	0.2699	0.4155	0.3911	0.3334
	(10) p_B	0.4380	0.4616	0.3420	0.3832	0.2976	0.4144	0.2048	0.4372	0.3648	0.2060
	(11) p_P	0.4386	0.4594	0.3399	0.3782	0.1871	0.3523	0.2435	0.3774	0.3667	0.2095
Series estim.	(12) Estimate	0.1094	0.0951	0.0972	0.0686	-0.0577	0.0556	-0.1669	0.0396	0.0307	0.1564
	(13) p_A	0.4288	0.4443	0.4395	0.4637	0.4686	0.4761	0.3286	0.4713	0.4747	0.4482
	(14) p_B	0.4488	0.4696	0.3724	0.4064	0.2976	0.4224	0.2272	0.4928	0.3800	0.2360
	(15) p_P	0.3491	0.3743	0.3363	0.3798	0.3403	0.4434	0.2399	0.4174	0.4562	0.2775
Lee bound	(16) Estimate	0.0348	0.0248	0.0780	0.0581	-0.1338	0.0200	-0.0056	0.1328	0.1096	0.2105
	(17) p_A	0.4200	0.4428	0.3357	0.3773	0.2375	0.4661	0.4879	0.2219	0.2187	0.2459
	(18) p_B	0.3789	0.4077	0.3368	0.3789	0.2291	0.4417	0.4646	0.1961	0.1853	0.0912
	(19) p_P	0.4170	0.3938	0.2159	0.2551	0.0804	0.4338	0.4130	0.1112	0.1539	0.0784
Rand. effects	(20) Estimate	0.0559	0.0538	0.0864	0.0528	-0.1030	0.0318	-0.0013	0.1083	0.2226	0.2164
	(21) p_A	0.3640	0.3692	0.2970	0.3786	0.2224	0.4309	0.4970	0.2276	0.0758	0.0694
	(22) p_B	0.3728	0.3992	0.3268	0.4056	0.2092	0.4840	0.4496	0.2368	0.1241	0.0720
	(23) p_P	0.3659	0.3683	0.2911	0.3715	0.1871	0.4746	0.4782	0.2119	0.1044	0.0960
Pooled estim.	(24) Estimate	0.0681	0.0538	0.0983	0.0653	-0.1030	0.0269	0.0377	0.1799	0.2226	0.2924
	(25) p_A	0.3341	0.3687	0.2717	0.3506	0.2223	0.4438	0.4153	0.1364	0.0810	0.0409
	(26) p_B	0.3504	0.3888	0.3092	0.3920	0.2084	0.4228	0.4668	0.1640	0.1040	0.0524
	(27) p_P	0.3307	0.3683	0.2723	0.3387	0.1871	0.4818	0.3942	0.1783	0.1044	0.0744
Oldest child	(28) Estimate	-0.0795	-0.0795	-0.1873	-0.1873	0.0655	0.1890	-0.4336	0.0705	-0.2536	0.0874
	(29) p_A	0.3612	0.3612	0.2377	0.2377	0.3662	0.2269	0.0045	0.3323	0.0619	0.3332
	(30) p_B	0.3648	0.3648	0.1972	0.1972	0.3528	0.2120	0.0076	0.3212	0.1180	0.2796
	(31) p_P	0.3295	0.3295	0.2079	0.2079	0.3683	0.2391	0.0056	0.3191	0.0248	0.3543
Two oldest	(32) Estimate	-0.0187	-0.0187	-0.0548	-0.0548	-0.0429	0.1009	-0.1718	0.1186	0.0625	0.2255
	(33) p_A	0.4602	0.4602	0.3928	0.3928	0.4014	0.2994	0.1580	0.2064	0.3475	0.0607
	(34) p_B	0.4872	0.4872	0.3812	0.3812	0.3728	0.2672	0.1244	0.2036	0.3672	0.0556
	(35) p_P	0.4286	0.4286	0.3675	0.3675	0.3651	0.3219	0.1595	0.2051	0.3595	0.0944
Three oldest	(36) Estimate	-0.0136	-0.0136	-0.0330	-0.0330	-0.1289	0.0689	-0.0982	0.1276	0.1055	0.2342
	(37) p_A	0.4700	0.4700	0.4314	0.4314	0.2027	0.3665	0.2801	0.1894	0.2399	0.0539
	(38) p_B	0.4776	0.4776	0.4136	0.4136	0.1936	0.3440	0.2592	0.1884	0.2428	0.0520
	(39) p_P	0.4290	0.4290	0.4106	0.4106	0.1647	0.4026	0.2799	0.1779	0.2435	0.0760

Note: Row (1), Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4) through (39) contain alternative estimators of intergenerational treatment effects and the associated p -values. The subscripts A, B, and P for these p -values are associated with the asymptotic, bootstrap, and permutation tests, respectively. Rows (4) – (7) (betw. estim.) are associated with the between-effects estimator. Rows (08) – (11) (Heckman corr.) are associated with the Heckman two-step estimator for selection bias correction (without any exclusion restrictions). Rows (12) – (15) (series estim.) are associated with the series estimator for correcting selection bias, which uses the probability of having a child and its square as regressors in the outcome equation. Rows (16) – (19) (Lee bound) are associated with the lower limit of Lee bounds that partially identify the treatment effect adjusted for selection bias. Rows (20) – (23) (rand. effects) are associated with the random effects estimator. Rows (24) – (27) (pooled estim.) are associated with the pooled OLS estimator. Rows (28) – (31) (oldest child), (32) – (35) (two oldest), and (36) – (39) (three oldest) are associated with the between-effects estimator only using samples of oldest children, two oldest children, and three oldest children.

Table 31: Other Panel Estimators of Effects on the Children of the Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -sponded	Never Su -sponded	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
P-C of P-P	(01) RE estim.	0.1445	0.1959	0.0657	0.0901	0.1515	0.1903	0.0729	0.0895	0.1640	0.1975
	(02) p_A^1	0.0491	0.0075	0.2002	0.1065	0.0472	0.0093	0.1263	0.0564	0.0323	0.0056
	(03) BE estim.	0.1582	0.2354	0.0256	0.0505	0.1468	0.1952	0.0633	0.0909	0.1919	0.2431
	(04) p_A^2	0.0511	0.0049	0.3786	0.2553	0.0684	0.0146	0.1768	0.0704	0.0244	0.0029
M-C of P-P	(05) RE estim.	0.1834	0.1966	0.0083	-0.0064	0.1081	0.1083	0.0617	0.0478	0.1541	0.1558
	(06) p_A^1	0.0392	0.0325	0.4691	0.4751	0.1566	0.1504	0.2502	0.2946	0.0769	0.0709
	(07) BE estim.	0.1778	0.1886	0.0015	-0.0192	0.1316	0.1299	0.0611	0.0462	0.1686	0.1692
	(08) p_A^2	0.0547	0.0521	0.4945	0.4290	0.1223	0.1235	0.2461	0.2939	0.0710	0.0698
F-C of P-P	(09) RE estim.	0.1111	0.1989	0.1525	0.2255	0.1815	0.2631	0.0630	0.1214	0.1626	0.2399
	(10) p_A^1	0.1820	0.0477	0.0671	0.0108	0.0762	0.0154	0.2248	0.0605	0.0989	0.0229
	(11) BE estim.	0.1699	0.2309	0.1590	0.2209	0.2192	0.2726	0.0650	0.1164	0.2268	0.2763
	(12) p_A^2	0.0883	0.0309	0.0634	0.0130	0.0470	0.0152	0.2218	0.0715	0.0397	0.0132
P-C of M-P	(13) RE estim.	0.1526	0.2285	0.1235	0.1163	0.2250	0.2621	0.0753	0.0708	0.1921	0.2280
	(14) p_A^1	0.1399	0.0514	0.0699	0.0912	0.0466	0.0181	0.1304	0.1507	0.0830	0.0364
	(15) BE estim.	0.2081	0.2593	0.1356	0.1244	0.2795	0.2980	0.0914	0.0941	0.2643	0.2800
	(16) p_A^2	0.0871	0.0455	0.0698	0.0949	0.0286	0.0157	0.1105	0.1070	0.0418	0.0247
M-C of M-P	(17) RE estim.	0.1318	0.1605	-0.0031	-0.0361	0.0470	0.0536	0.0076	-0.0253	0.0818	0.0907
	(18) p_A^1	0.2344	0.1923	0.4918	0.3991	0.3952	0.3762	0.4665	0.3708	0.3260	0.3028
	(19) BE estim.	0.1138	0.1626	-0.0060	-0.0438	0.0484	0.0620	0.0262	-0.0004	0.0865	0.1041
	(20) p_A^2	0.2785	0.2084	0.4846	0.3828	0.3966	0.3658	0.3914	0.4982	0.3259	0.2918
F-C of M-P	(21) RE estim.	0.1092	0.1755	0.2557	0.3011	0.3047	0.3670	0.0983	0.0000	0.1999	0.2553
	(22) p_A^1	0.2703	0.1387	0.0143	0.0090	0.0443	0.0135	0.1583	0.5000	0.1433	0.0595
	(23) BE estim.	0.1443	0.1733	0.3154	0.3352	0.3439	0.3726	0.1079	0.1397	0.2488	0.2658
	(24) p_A^2	0.2262	0.1609	0.0032	0.0037	0.0362	0.0170	0.1400	0.0991	0.1089	0.0662
P-C of F-P	(25) RE estim.	0.1324	0.1726	-0.0376	0.0617	0.0702	0.1251	0.0392	0.1206	0.1245	0.1713
	(26) p_A^1	0.1283	0.0579	0.3886	0.2920	0.2871	0.1317	0.3644	0.0915	0.1501	0.0528
	(27) BE estim.	0.1032	0.1714	-0.1058	-0.0208	-0.0041	0.0630	0.0058	0.0862	0.0989	0.1678
	(28) p_A^2	0.2184	0.0725	0.2278	0.4305	0.4881	0.3061	0.4813	0.1875	0.2294	0.0768
M-C of F-P	(29) RE estim.	0.2577	0.2532	0.0264	0.0238	0.1863	0.1800	0.1338	0.1322	0.2569	0.2525
	(30) p_A^1	0.0450	0.0498	0.4317	0.4393	0.0874	0.0965	0.2000	0.2060	0.0323	0.0362
	(31) BE estim.	0.2500	0.2485	0.0421	0.0462	0.2247	0.2172	0.1437	0.1436	0.2649	0.2612
	(32) p_A^2	0.0399	0.0471	0.3893	0.3834	0.0596	0.0735	0.1769	0.1866	0.0333	0.0411
F-C of F-P	(33) RE estim.	0.0780	0.1549	0.0000	0.0000	0.0548	0.1207	-0.0022	0.0931	0.0780	0.1549
	(34) p_A^1	0.3446	0.2147	0.5000	0.5000	0.3875	0.2680	0.4935	0.2223	0.3446	0.2147
	(35) BE estim.	0.2005	0.2293	0.0510	0.1092	0.1404	0.1661	0.0022	0.0573	0.2005	0.2293
	(36) p_A^2	0.1521	0.1212	0.3775	0.2215	0.2365	0.2003	0.4941	0.3216	0.1521	0.1212

Note: RE estim. and BE estim. denote random-effects and between-effects estimators of intergenerational treatment effects that include as regressors the following variables: treatment status of the original participant, the second-generation child's gender, child's age at interview and age in 2016, participant's total number of biological children, and the participant's pre-program variables. The asymptotic p -values associated with these variables are represented by p_A^1 and p_A^2 , respectively. The subsample used is represented as A-C of B-P, where $A \in \{\text{Pooled (P), Male (M), Female (F)}\}$ denotes the gender of the second-generation child and $B \in \{\text{Pooled (P), Male (M), Female (F)}\}$ denotes the gender of the first-generation participant.

Table 31: Other Panel Estimators of Effects on the Children of the Participants

	Statistic	Attended College	Attended College	Attended College	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
P-C of P-P	(01) RE estim.	0.0671	0.0775	0.0832	0.1609	0.1757	0.1795	0.1731	0.1937	0.2026
	(02) p_A^1	0.2267	0.1925	0.1896	0.0296	0.0225	0.0305	0.0233	0.0152	0.0180
	(03) BE estim.	-0.0082	0.0058	0.0433	0.1728	0.1814	0.1996	0.1933	0.2149	0.2359
	(04) p_A^2	0.4657	0.4759	0.3330	0.0342	0.0302	0.0269	0.0219	0.0142	0.0114
M-C of P-P	(05) RE estim.	0.2186	0.1946	0.2157	0.1224	0.1531	0.1585	0.1213	0.1481	0.1590
	(06) p_A^1	0.0192	0.0384	0.0373	0.1746	0.1207	0.1199	0.1726	0.1251	0.1119
	(07) BE estim.	0.1755	0.1462	0.2004	0.0973	0.1351	0.1459	0.0956	0.1260	0.1422
	(08) p_A^2	0.0572	0.1034	0.0547	0.2364	0.1607	0.1490	0.2346	0.1724	0.1468
F-C of P-P	(09) RE estim.	-0.0013	0.0279	0.0051	0.2051	0.2088	0.1719	0.2332	0.2424	0.2007
	(10) p_A^1	0.4959	0.4173	0.4855	0.0316	0.0316	0.0832	0.0176	0.0164	0.0600
	(11) BE estim.	0.0120	0.0417	0.0058	0.1297	0.1315	0.1009	0.1568	0.1719	0.1524
	(12) p_A^2	0.4636	0.3790	0.4837	0.1222	0.1261	0.2125	0.0854	0.0746	0.1235
P-C of M-P	(13) RE estim.	0.0162	0.0079	0.0420	0.1906	0.2034	0.2283	0.1988	0.2186	0.2454
	(14) p_A^1	0.4463	0.4738	0.3711	0.0432	0.0402	0.0461	0.0332	0.0274	0.0278
	(15) BE estim.	-0.0400	-0.0542	0.0140	0.2102	0.2170	0.2437	0.2347	0.2635	0.2815
	(16) p_A^2	0.3794	0.3387	0.4598	0.0503	0.0510	0.0508	0.0335	0.0221	0.0227
M-C of M-P	(17) RE estim.	0.1932	0.1682	0.2187	0.1351	0.1569	0.1677	0.1000	0.1273	0.1211
	(18) p_A^1	0.0911	0.1320	0.0934	0.2154	0.1843	0.1675	0.2838	0.2377	0.2450
	(19) BE estim.	0.1414	0.1142	0.2027	0.0881	0.1285	0.1472	0.0826	0.1175	0.1105
	(20) p_A^2	0.1821	0.2451	0.1260	0.3115	0.2426	0.2106	0.3232	0.2622	0.2704
F-C of M-P	(21) RE estim.	-0.1260	-0.1216	-0.1731	0.1950	0.1934	0.1735	0.2311	0.2380	0.2295
	(22) p_A^1	0.2625	0.2745	0.2311	0.1208	0.1252	0.1971	0.0825	0.0841	0.1459
	(23) BE estim.	-0.0712	-0.0855	-0.1718	0.2113	0.1999	0.1545	0.2403	0.2576	0.2364
	(24) p_A^2	0.3578	0.3346	0.2301	0.1068	0.1217	0.2389	0.0830	0.0753	0.1522
P-C of F-P	(25) RE estim.	0.0533	0.1134	0.0906	0.1371	0.1751	0.1593	0.1583	0.2052	0.1951
	(26) p_A^1	0.3581	0.2110	0.2767	0.1586	0.1026	0.1377	0.1359	0.0779	0.0998
	(27) BE estim.	-0.0241	0.0324	0.0531	0.1078	0.1604	0.1669	0.1360	0.1913	0.2019
	(28) p_A^2	0.4395	0.4152	0.3704	0.2369	0.1423	0.1444	0.1918	0.1086	0.1067
M-C of F-P	(29) RE estim.	0.2695	0.2603	0.3011	0.1730	0.1990	0.1650	0.1996	0.2274	0.2217
	(30) p_A^1	0.0254	0.0337	0.0254	0.1996	0.1630	0.2216	0.1615	0.1278	0.1512
	(31) BE estim.	0.2426	0.2382	0.3074	0.1892	0.2378	0.1945	0.1879	0.2326	0.2275
	(32) p_A^2	0.0474	0.0571	0.0305	0.1880	0.1297	0.1945	0.1851	0.1322	0.1574
F-C of F-P	(33) RE estim.	0.1190	0.1596	0.1470	0.2275	0.2562	0.1896	0.2295	0.2613	0.2107
	(34) p_A^1	0.2733	0.2141	0.2312	0.0884	0.0694	0.1557	0.0937	0.0723	0.1342
	(35) BE estim.	0.0648	0.1055	0.1103	0.0567	0.0768	0.0852	0.0952	0.1156	0.1240
	(36) p_A^2	0.3743	0.2977	0.2866	0.3721	0.3317	0.3220	0.2973	0.2623	0.2560

Note: RE estim. and BE estim. denote random-effects and between-effects estimators of intergenerational treatment effects that include as regressors the following variables: treatment status of the original participant, the second-generation child's gender, child's age at interview and age in 2016, participant's total number of biological children, and the participant's pre-program variables. The asymptotic p -values associated with these variables are represented by p_A^1 and p_A^2 , respectively. The subsample used is represented as A-C of B-P, where $A \in \{\text{Pooled (P), Male (M), Female (F)}\}$ denotes the gender of the second-generation child and $B \in \{\text{Pooled (P), Male (M), Female (F)}\}$ denotes the gender of the first-generation participant.

Table 31: Other Panel Estimators of Effects on the Children of the Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
P-C of P-P	(01) RE estim.	0.2009	0.2248	0.2357	0.2318	0.2362	0.2776	0.1273	0.1309	0.1269
	(02) p_A^1	0.0108	0.0055	0.0073	0.0002	0.0002	0.0000	0.0127	0.0136	0.0172
	(03) BE estim.	0.2132	0.2345	0.2604	0.1953	0.1991	0.2678	0.1117	0.1142	0.1163
	(04) p_A^2	0.0133	0.0079	0.0060	0.0033	0.0022	0.0005	0.0311	0.0337	0.0343
M-C of P-P	(05) RE estim.	0.1434	0.1693	0.1792	0.2603	0.2647	0.2867	0.1732	0.1723	0.1503
	(06) p_A^1	0.1290	0.0905	0.0852	0.0003	0.0003	0.0005	0.0141	0.0156	0.0281
	(07) BE estim.	0.1232	0.1508	0.1616	0.2257	0.2337	0.2844	0.1568	0.1543	0.1225
	(08) p_A^2	0.1720	0.1229	0.1134	0.0022	0.0016	0.0010	0.0280	0.0319	0.0673
F-C of P-P	(09) RE estim.	0.2949	0.3073	0.2867	0.2114	0.2043	0.2448	0.1114	0.1096	0.1092
	(10) p_A^1	0.0037	0.0032	0.0123	0.0238	0.0319	0.0228	0.0728	0.0877	0.1051
	(11) BE estim.	0.2321	0.2544	0.2464	0.1828	0.1820	0.2124	0.0992	0.1040	0.0966
	(12) p_A^2	0.0195	0.0147	0.0288	0.0439	0.0504	0.0410	0.0929	0.0939	0.1173
P-C of M-P	(13) RE estim.	0.2254	0.2480	0.2811	0.1975	0.1955	0.2578	0.0665	0.0649	0.0749
	(14) p_A^1	0.0296	0.0210	0.0217	0.0110	0.0140	0.0042	0.1515	0.1657	0.1562
	(15) BE estim.	0.2640	0.2809	0.3047	0.1713	0.1678	0.2548	0.0542	0.0519	0.0599
	(16) p_A^2	0.0253	0.0197	0.0199	0.0416	0.0334	0.0123	0.2219	0.2403	0.2309
M-C of M-P	(17) RE estim.	0.1331	0.1598	0.1640	0.2177	0.2225	0.2351	0.1950	0.2101	0.2142
	(18) p_A^1	0.2395	0.2012	0.2026	0.0121	0.0138	0.0140	0.0097	0.0068	0.0098
	(19) BE estim.	0.1240	0.1478	0.1466	0.2108	0.2173	0.2617	0.1463	0.1480	0.1546
	(20) p_A^2	0.2620	0.2252	0.2314	0.0074	0.0058	0.0102	0.0353	0.0338	0.0381
F-C of M-P	(21) RE estim.	0.3049	0.3140	0.3455	0.1734	0.1428	0.2512	-0.0762	-0.0763	-0.0861
	(22) p_A^1	0.0304	0.0300	0.0427	0.1276	0.1774	0.0953	0.1898	0.2097	0.2340
	(23) BE estim.	0.3406	0.3524	0.3639	0.1963	0.1844	0.2495	-0.0461	-0.0376	-0.0376
	(24) p_A^2	0.0198	0.0179	0.0449	0.1121	0.1291	0.1074	0.2876	0.3299	0.3512
P-C of F-P	(25) RE estim.	0.1927	0.2417	0.2311	0.2442	0.2682	0.2721	0.1748	0.1860	0.1662
	(26) p_A^1	0.0844	0.0404	0.0577	0.0085	0.0048	0.0099	0.0434	0.0399	0.0508
	(27) BE estim.	0.1576	0.2192	0.2332	0.1632	0.2062	0.2479	0.1661	0.1736	0.1590
	(28) p_A^2	0.1519	0.0717	0.0699	0.0793	0.0354	0.0262	0.0609	0.0587	0.0695
M-C of F-P	(29) RE estim.	0.2030	0.2262	0.2242	0.3288	0.3448	0.3988	0.1717	0.1792	0.0937
	(30) p_A^1	0.1442	0.1130	0.1326	0.0057	0.0029	0.0019	0.1271	0.1250	0.2631
	(31) BE estim.	0.1963	0.2468	0.2408	0.2797	0.3186	0.3934	0.2048	0.2161	0.1297
	(32) p_A^2	0.1596	0.0989	0.1247	0.0221	0.0084	0.0037	0.0969	0.0932	0.2062
F-C of F-P	(33) RE estim.	0.3334	0.3746	0.3283	0.2179	0.2295	0.2308	0.2481	0.2463	0.2204
	(34) p_A^1	0.0257	0.0158	0.0393	0.1034	0.1010	0.1077	0.0285	0.0355	0.0515
	(35) BE estim.	0.2042	0.2307	0.2413	0.1394	0.1529	0.1656	0.2246	0.2252	0.1947
	(36) p_A^2	0.1220	0.0949	0.0942	0.2092	0.1930	0.1787	0.0457	0.0503	0.0737

Note: RE estim. and BE estim. denote random-effects and between-effects estimators of intergenerational treatment effects that include as regressors the following variables: treatment status of the original participant, the second-generation child's gender, child's age at interview and age in 2016, participant's total number of biological children, and the participant's pre-program variables. The asymptotic p -values associated with these variables are represented by p_A^1 and p_A^2 , respectively. The subsample used is represented as A-C of B-P, where $A \in \{\text{Pooled (P), Male (M), Female (F)}\}$ denotes the gender of the second-generation child and $B \in \{\text{Pooled (P), Male (M), Female (F)}\}$ denotes the gender of the first-generation participant.

Table 31: Other Panel Estimators of Effects on the Children of the Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
P-C of P-P	(01) RE estim.	0.0266	0.0383	0.0344	0.0416	0.0257	0.0109	0.1071	0.0895	0.0125	-0.0098
	(02) p_A^1	0.3289	0.2757	0.2423	0.2198	0.3470	0.4376	0.0938	0.1422	0.3903	0.4188
	(03) BE estim.	0.0145	0.0241	0.0230	0.0293	0.0510	0.0435	0.1432	0.1421	0.0110	0.0057
	(04) p_A^2	0.4152	0.3654	0.3247	0.3037	0.2360	0.2745	0.0543	0.0614	0.4104	0.4554
M-C of P-P	(05) RE estim.	0.0821	0.0897	0.0644	0.0733	0.0043	-0.0176	0.0689	0.0479	-0.0148	-0.0605
	(06) p_A^1	0.0919	0.0835	0.1430	0.1251	0.4824	0.4280	0.2772	0.3412	0.4290	0.2260
	(07) BE estim.	0.0534	0.0578	0.0415	0.0466	0.0349	0.0076	0.0808	0.0625	0.0233	-0.0104
	(08) p_A^2	0.1926	0.1888	0.2467	0.2347	0.3702	0.4707	0.2516	0.3029	0.3898	0.4495
F-C of P-P	(09) RE estim.	-0.0391	-0.0254	-0.0051	-0.0005	0.0475	0.0548	0.1107	0.1178	0.0331	0.0363
	(10) p_A^1	0.3558	0.4125	0.4747	0.4977	0.2921	0.2877	0.1595	0.1636	0.2397	0.2397
	(11) BE estim.	-0.0420	-0.0260	-0.0038	-0.0000	0.0104	0.0288	0.1081	0.1225	0.0536	0.0646
	(12) p_A^2	0.3488	0.4117	0.4819	0.4999	0.4503	0.3734	0.1814	0.1660	0.1404	0.1091
P-C of M-P	(13) RE estim.	-0.0062	0.0082	0.0426	0.0493	0.0749	0.0867	0.1663	0.1708	0.0138	0.0132
	(14) p_A^1	0.4698	0.4641	0.2611	0.2637	0.2074	0.1816	0.1193	0.1260	0.4088	0.4205
	(15) BE estim.	-0.0013	0.0165	0.0369	0.0485	0.1444	0.0955	0.2272	0.2121	0.0119	0.0099
	(16) p_A^2	0.4938	0.4276	0.3104	0.2960	0.0784	0.1470	0.0699	0.0929	0.4298	0.4471
M-C of M-P	(17) RE estim.	0.1146	0.1209	0.1052	0.1107	0.1270	0.1147	0.0836	0.0775	-0.0088	-0.0048
	(18) p_A^1	0.0550	0.0589	0.0666	0.0703	0.1895	0.1925	0.3172	0.3205	0.4615	0.4808
	(19) BE estim.	0.0949	0.1006	0.0948	0.1002	0.1492	0.1177	0.0885	0.0775	0.0024	0.0119
	(20) p_A^2	0.0347	0.0379	0.0346	0.0380	0.1843	0.2237	0.3165	0.3348	0.4902	0.4546
F-C of M-P	(21) RE estim.	-0.1591	-0.1801	0.0056	-0.0244	-0.0315	0.0006	0.0745	0.0989	0.0218	0.0416
	(22) p_A^1	0.1538	0.1782	0.4843	0.4463	0.3827	0.4983	0.3146	0.3015	0.3811	0.3256
	(23) BE estim.	-0.1246	-0.1487	0.0110	-0.0185	-0.0063	0.0545	0.1217	0.1535	0.0345	0.0642
	(24) p_A^2	0.2265	0.2342	0.4696	0.4604	0.4750	0.3233	0.2395	0.2177	0.3124	0.2156
P-C of F-P	(25) RE estim.	0.0123	0.0174	-0.0018	0.0033	-0.0178	-0.0353	0.0614	0.0347	0.0282	-0.0104
	(26) p_A^1	0.4518	0.4322	0.4903	0.4831	0.4272	0.3635	0.2696	0.3680	0.3453	0.4416
	(27) BE estim.	-0.0090	-0.0082	-0.0306	-0.0298	-0.0559	-0.0357	0.0499	0.0577	0.0078	-0.0073
	(28) p_A^2	0.4683	0.4711	0.3367	0.3482	0.2846	0.3669	0.3204	0.2996	0.4581	0.4602
M-C of F-P	(29) RE estim.	0.0668	0.0992	0.0439	0.0828	-0.1063	-0.1332	0.0837	0.0621	0.0241	-0.0818
	(30) p_A^1	0.2672	0.1832	0.3339	0.2148	0.2410	0.2030	0.3107	0.3671	0.4390	0.2880
	(31) BE estim.	0.0595	0.0938	0.0354	0.0730	-0.0770	-0.1222	0.1039	0.0605	0.0670	-0.0343
	(32) p_A^2	0.2899	0.2023	0.3666	0.2484	0.3063	0.2254	0.2656	0.3686	0.3363	0.4105
F-C of F-P	(33) RE estim.	0.0108	0.0114	-0.0127	-0.0158	0.1598	0.1628	0.0639	0.0479	0.0857	0.0858
	(34) p_A^1	0.4725	0.4715	0.4585	0.4509	0.1388	0.1456	0.3669	0.4000	0.1299	0.1282
	(35) BE estim.	0.0024	0.0072	-0.0467	-0.0449	0.0574	0.0637	0.0577	0.0293	0.0981	0.0978
	(36) p_A^2	0.4940	0.4814	0.3264	0.3364	0.3482	0.3326	0.3839	0.4405	0.1059	0.1036

Note: RE estim. and BE estim. denote random-effects and between-effects estimators of intergenerational treatment effects that include as regressors the following variables: treatment status of the original participant, the second-generation child's gender, child's age at interview and age in 2016, participant's total number of biological children, and the participant's pre-program variables. The asymptotic p -values associated with these variables are represented by p_A^1 and p_A^2 , respectively. The subsample used is represented as A-C of B-P, where A $\in$ {Pooled (P), Male (M), Female (F)} denotes the gender of the second-generation child and B $\in$ {Pooled (P), Male (M), Female (F)} denotes the gender of the first-generation participant.

Table 31: Other Panel Estimators of Effects on the Children of the Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
P-C of P-P	(01) RE estim.	0.0171	0.0005	0.0967	0.0778	-0.0954	0.0148	-0.0285	0.0779	0.1494	0.1616
	(02) p_A^1	0.3982	0.4972	0.1198	0.1789	0.1185	0.4549	0.3805	0.1922	0.0183	0.0129
	(03) BE estim.	0.0408	0.0318	0.1330	0.1303	-0.0814	0.0311	-0.0075	0.0875	0.1555	0.1578
	(04) p_A^2	0.2882	0.3352	0.0708	0.0816	0.1808	0.4080	0.4696	0.1733	0.0184	0.0178
M-C of P-P	(05) RE estim.	0.0043	-0.0176	0.0689	0.0479	-0.0865	0.0699	-0.1204	0.0058	0.1451	0.1729
	(06) p_A^1	0.4824	0.4280	0.2772	0.3412	0.2042	0.3337	0.1696	0.4791	0.0532	0.0240
	(07) BE estim.	0.0349	0.0076	0.0808	0.0625	-0.1264	0.0959	-0.1028	0.0057	0.1480	0.1737
	(08) p_A^2	0.3702	0.4707	0.2516	0.3029	0.1203	0.2793	0.2072	0.4794	0.0518	0.0243
F-C of P-P	(09) RE estim.	0.0306	0.0336	0.0947	0.0983	-0.1438	0.0074	0.0518	0.1642	0.1785	0.1570
	(10) p_A^1	0.3652	0.3686	0.1955	0.2056	0.0802	0.4793	0.3210	0.0487	0.0255	0.0292
	(11) BE estim.	-0.0053	0.0102	0.0919	0.1050	-0.0840	-0.0139	0.0321	0.1640	0.1699	0.1430
	(12) p_A^2	0.4744	0.4544	0.2192	0.2025	0.2178	0.4618	0.3914	0.0564	0.0293	0.0474
P-C of M-P	(13) RE estim.	0.0749	0.0867	0.1663	0.1708	-0.0890	-0.1312	-0.0107	0.1020	0.1679	0.1651
	(14) p_A^1	0.2074	0.1816	0.1193	0.1260	0.2132	0.2484	0.4679	0.2137	0.0521	0.0348
	(15) BE estim.	0.1444	0.0955	0.2272	0.2121	-0.0994	-0.1148	0.0559	0.1112	0.2357	0.1957
	(16) p_A^2	0.0784	0.1470	0.0699	0.0929	0.2131	0.2866	0.3456	0.2060	0.0121	0.0190
M-C of M-P	(17) RE estim.	0.1270	0.1147	0.0836	0.0775	-0.0409	-0.0367	-0.2618	0.0002	0.0000	0.1849
	(18) p_A^1	0.1895	0.1925	0.3172	0.3205	0.3943	0.4433	0.0576	0.4995	0.5000	0.0372
	(19) BE estim.	0.1492	0.1177	0.0885	0.0775	-0.0858	-0.0453	-0.2631	0.0008	0.1169	0.1820
	(20) p_A^2	0.1843	0.2237	0.3165	0.3348	0.2937	0.4328	0.0628	0.4976	0.1196	0.0405
F-C of M-P	(21) RE estim.	-0.0315	0.0006	0.0745	0.0989	-0.1411	-0.1639	0.1950	0.2001	0.1670	0.1136
	(22) p_A^1	0.3827	0.4983	0.3146	0.3015	0.1794	0.2135	0.1014	0.0866	0.1216	0.1325
	(23) BE estim.	-0.0063	0.0545	0.1217	0.1535	-0.1095	-0.1979	0.2557	0.2071	0.2529	0.1333
	(24) p_A^2	0.4750	0.3233	0.2395	0.2177	0.2483	0.1746	0.0574	0.0936	0.0251	0.1043
P-C of F-P	(25) RE estim.	-0.0331	-0.0533	0.0461	0.0167	-0.0941	0.1029	-0.0750	0.0120	0.1162	0.1456
	(26) p_A^1	0.3701	0.3035	0.3254	0.4368	0.2074	0.2827	0.2909	0.4667	0.1417	0.1334
	(27) BE estim.	-0.0748	-0.0558	0.0310	0.0375	-0.1027	0.1462	-0.1191	0.0333	0.0434	0.0996
	(28) p_A^2	0.2423	0.3104	0.3923	0.3733	0.2122	0.2097	0.2041	0.4104	0.3486	0.2286
M-C of F-P	(29) RE estim.	-0.1063	-0.1332	0.0837	0.0621	-0.0855	0.0452	0.0552	0.0421	0.1633	0.1547
	(30) p_A^1	0.2410	0.2030	0.3107	0.3671	0.2576	0.4199	0.3842	0.4087	0.1721	0.1750
	(31) BE estim.	-0.0770	-0.1222	0.1039	0.0605	-0.0927	0.0521	0.0715	0.0472	0.1642	0.1538
	(32) p_A^2	0.3063	0.2254	0.2656	0.3686	0.2534	0.4091	0.3498	0.3988	0.1751	0.1799
F-C of F-P	(33) RE estim.	0.1395	0.1411	0.0438	0.0283	-0.0662	0.0927	-0.1099	0.1081	0.1493	0.1945
	(34) p_A^1	0.1779	0.1864	0.4072	0.4401	0.3435	0.3158	0.2507	0.2384	0.1491	0.1198
	(35) BE estim.	0.0404	0.0441	0.0406	0.0098	-0.0240	0.1230	-0.1921	0.1272	0.0891	0.1346
	(36) p_A^2	0.3916	0.3818	0.4168	0.4799	0.4409	0.2680	0.1268	0.2102	0.2677	0.2189

Note: RE estim. and BE estim. denote random-effects and between-effects estimators of intergenerational treatment effects that include as regressors the following variables: treatment status of the original participant, the second-generation child's gender, child's age at interview and age in 2016, participant's total number of biological children, and the participant's pre-program variables. The asymptotic p -values associated with these variables are represented by p_A^1 and p_A^2 , respectively. The subsample used is represented as A-C of B-P, where $A \in \{\text{Pooled (P), Male (M), Female (F)}\}$ denotes the gender of the second-generation child and $B \in \{\text{Pooled (P), Male (M), Female (F)}\}$ denotes the gender of the first-generation participant.

5 Single Hypothesis Tests for Effects on Maximum Intergenerational Outcomes

Table 32: Effects on Maximum Outcomes of Pooled Children of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -sponded	Never Su -sponded	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Summary	(01) Obs.	70	67	76	73	68	66	78	75	69	67
	(02) Control	0.7576	0.7188	0.9189	0.9189	0.6875	0.6875	0.9474	0.9474	0.7188	0.7188
	(03) Treatment	0.9459	0.9714	0.9744	1.0000	0.9167	0.9412	0.9750	1.0000	0.9189	0.9429
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1884	0.2527	0.0554	0.0811	0.2292	0.2537	0.0276	0.0526	0.2002	0.2241
	(05) COLS	0.1657	0.2333	0.0527	0.1025	0.1981	0.2437	0.0202	0.0691	0.1633	0.2098
	(06) AIPW	0.1459	0.2260	0.0342	0.0811	0.2197	0.2588	0.0021	0.0491	0.1660	0.2052
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.0122	0.0015	0.1394	0.0346	0.0072	0.0028	0.2626	0.0715	0.0137	0.0058
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.0560	0.0080	0.2314	0.0321	0.0336	0.0088	0.3742	0.0595	0.0593	0.0167
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0239	0.0009	0.2719	0.0336	0.0059	0.0009	0.4823	0.0583	0.0163	0.0026
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.0099	0.0010	0.1340	0.0328	0.0062	0.0020	0.2613	0.0699	0.0127	0.0043
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.0565	0.0080	0.2278	0.0339	0.0331	0.0087	0.3740	0.0669	0.0614	0.0175
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.1733	0.0815	0.3127	0.0711	0.0850	0.0482	0.4856	0.0948	0.1600	0.1039
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.0072	0.0004	0.1400	0.0460	0.0052	0.0024	0.3072	0.1400	0.0088	0.0036
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.0572	0.0064	0.2368	0.0460	0.0284	0.0072	0.4332	0.1400	0.0552	0.0148
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.0828	0.0300	0.2852	0.0520	0.0336	0.0168	0.4836	0.1452	0.0720	0.0412
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0004	0.0004	0.0424	0.0460	0.0004	0.0004	0.2392	0.1400	0.0016	0.0004
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.0204	0.0004	0.2048	0.0460	0.0096	0.0016	0.4208	0.1400	0.0240	0.0016
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.0308	0.0044	0.3196	0.0612	0.0204	0.0072	0.4656	0.1628	0.0232	0.0056
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.0060	0.0024	0.1240	0.0484	0.0068	0.0040	0.2208	0.0888	0.0080	0.0052
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.0180	0.0036	0.1708	0.0048	0.0208	0.0064	0.3652	0.0156	0.0352	0.0104
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.0312	0.0100	0.3072	0.0428	0.0176	0.0060	0.4612	0.0364	0.0368	0.0152
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.0072	0.0024	0.1176	0.0368	0.0096	0.0052	0.2064	0.0532	0.0140	0.0064
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.0520	0.0092	0.3080	0.0320	0.0392	0.0148	0.4556	0.0440	0.0632	0.0220
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.0428	0.0096	0.3500	0.0724	0.0288	0.0084	0.4592	0.1192	0.0496	0.0148
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.0431	0.0167	0.1512	0.0721	0.0271	0.0226	0.2538	0.1257	0.0472	0.0268
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.0623	0.0226	0.1792	0.0320	0.0392	0.0252	0.3724	0.0509	0.0717	0.0329
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.0771	0.0243	0.3441	0.0858	0.0345	0.0236	0.5628	0.0916	0.0548	0.0360
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.0602	0.0168	0.1468	0.0568	0.0446	0.0273	0.2400	0.0797	0.0590	0.0427
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.1311	0.0400	0.3286	0.0571	0.0671	0.0368	0.4563	0.0810	0.1099	0.0612
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.0902	0.0292	0.3811	0.1270	0.0415	0.0247	0.5666	0.1690	0.0733	0.0387
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.0435	0.0182	0.1532	0.0724	0.0272	0.0240	0.2559	0.1282	0.0482	0.0276
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.0641	0.0232	0.1796	0.0332	0.0413	0.0270	0.3801	0.0515	0.0721	0.0348
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.0846	0.0290	0.3603	0.0903	0.0375	0.0239	0.5660	0.0938	0.0556	0.0452
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.0607	0.0178	0.1506	0.0594	0.0524	0.0275	0.2451	0.0811	0.0607	0.0439
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.1323	0.0404	0.3331	0.0616	0.0730	0.0386	0.4578	0.0816	0.1105	0.0631
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.0907	0.0306	0.3964	0.1276	0.0464	0.0259	0.5700	0.1705	0.0741	0.0389
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.0715	0.0263	0.1694	0.0746	0.0432	0.0373	0.3361	0.1744	0.0532	0.0325
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.0709	0.0289	0.1842	0.0425	0.0689	0.0306	0.4286	0.0663	0.0756	0.0377
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.1000	0.0595	0.4383	0.1218	0.0570	0.0275	0.6055	0.1137	0.0630	0.0712
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.0727	0.0227	0.1678	0.0719	0.0989	0.0405	0.2906	0.1249	0.0726	0.0609
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.1353	0.0405	0.3486	0.0940	0.1011	0.0460	0.4850	0.0930	0.1260	0.0748
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.0952	0.0347	0.5020	0.1385	0.0545	0.0305	0.5861	0.1792	0.0771	0.0547

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 32: Effects on Maximum Outcomes of Pooled Children of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Attended College	Attended College	Attended College	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	67	64	62	69	66	62	67	64	60
	(02) Control	0.6875	0.6875	0.6774	0.7273	0.7188	0.7000	0.7097	0.7000	0.6786
	(03) Treatment	0.8571	0.9063	0.8710	0.8056	0.8235	0.8438	0.8056	0.8235	0.8438
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1696	0.2188	0.1935	0.0783	0.1048	0.1437	0.0959	0.1235	0.1652
	(05) COLS	0.1091	0.1556	0.1954	0.1155	0.1839	0.2264	0.1198	0.1863	0.2255
	(06) AIPW	0.0185	0.0928	0.1186	0.0965	0.1239	0.0920	0.1224	0.1561	0.1366
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.0481	0.0132	0.0333	0.2179	0.1543	0.0874	0.1786	0.1237	0.0673
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.1670	0.0806	0.0423	0.1642	0.0595	0.0360	0.1555	0.0580	0.0372
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.4219	0.1418	0.1015	0.1350	0.0601	0.1231	0.0717	0.0242	0.0438
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.0433	0.0098	0.0242	0.2197	0.1524	0.0850	0.1787	0.1201	0.0637
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.1626	0.0758	0.0389	0.1682	0.0559	0.0331	0.1598	0.0547	0.0344
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.4545	0.2788	0.2636	0.2697	0.2352	0.3563	0.2347	0.1926	0.3931
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.0404	0.0108	0.0240	0.2148	0.1488	0.0872	0.1744	0.1196	0.0704
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.1512	0.0660	0.0348	0.1620	0.0524	0.0372	0.1544	0.0520	0.0380
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.2920	0.1484	0.1652	0.2692	0.2084	0.2576	0.1856	0.1256	0.1848
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0132	0.0032	0.0096	0.1552	0.0892	0.0316	0.1052	0.0604	0.0192
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.1108	0.0364	0.0104	0.1108	0.0200	0.0112	0.1036	0.0184	0.0112
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.4092	0.2792	0.1980	0.1328	0.0624	0.1492	0.0888	0.0356	0.0672
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.0536	0.0160	0.0456	0.2184	0.1572	0.1016	0.1844	0.1240	0.0800
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.1788	0.0788	0.0532	0.1188	0.0360	0.0144	0.1224	0.0368	0.0196
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.4960	0.2264	0.1908	0.1712	0.1128	0.2124	0.1172	0.0632	0.1128
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.0620	0.0152	0.0456	0.2192	0.1572	0.1116	0.1844	0.1284	0.0820
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.1948	0.0976	0.0556	0.1612	0.0612	0.0460	0.1552	0.0596	0.0464
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.4916	0.2128	0.1776	0.1712	0.0976	0.2168	0.1148	0.0536	0.1132
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.1341	0.0711	0.1106	0.2512	0.1891	0.1126	0.2163	0.1500	0.0964
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.2382	0.1326	0.1127	0.1438	0.0666	0.0324	0.1419	0.0693	0.0316
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.5806	0.3145	0.3161	0.2157	0.1552	0.2261	0.1557	0.1046	0.1317
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.1501	0.0610	0.1170	0.2523	0.1859	0.1167	0.2130	0.1544	0.0943
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.2496	0.1538	0.1108	0.1932	0.1027	0.0703	0.1873	0.0952	0.0692
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.5790	0.2915	0.2992	0.2106	0.1370	0.2232	0.1610	0.0995	0.1338
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.1344	0.0745	0.1107	0.2520	0.1935	0.1141	0.2228	0.1546	0.0978
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.2443	0.1336	0.1183	0.1494	0.0691	0.0337	0.1445	0.0698	0.0358
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.5833	0.3241	0.3199	0.2182	0.1580	0.2316	0.1567	0.1053	0.1365
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.1536	0.0629	0.1200	0.2536	0.1899	0.1192	0.2169	0.1609	0.0955
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.2502	0.1602	0.1115	0.1979	0.1054	0.0721	0.1887	0.0956	0.0738
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.5811	0.2982	0.3012	0.2122	0.1387	0.2238	0.1622	0.1001	0.1441
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.1515	0.0893	0.1344	0.2585	0.2176	0.1197	0.2689	0.1938	0.1026
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.2651	0.1424	0.1346	0.1774	0.0792	0.0419	0.1855	0.0906	0.0709
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.5983	0.3570	0.4017	0.2336	0.1857	0.2755	0.1612	0.1068	0.1635
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.1770	0.1096	0.1410	0.2884	0.2176	0.1238	0.2269	0.2012	0.1000
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.3294	0.2130	0.1540	0.2251	0.1367	0.0871	0.2649	0.1030	0.1170
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.6062	0.3095	0.3131	0.2540	0.1692	0.2455	0.1652	0.1069	0.1441

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 32: Effects on Maximum Outcomes of Pooled Children of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	67	64	60	64	60	58	78	75	72
	(02) Control	0.6452	0.6333	0.6071	0.3333	0.3448	0.3333	0.9737	0.9737	0.9730
	(03) Treatment	0.8056	0.8235	0.8438	0.7059	0.7419	0.7419	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1604	0.1902	0.2366	0.3725	0.3971	0.4086	0.0263	0.0263	0.0270
	(05) COLS	0.2099	0.2876	0.3379	0.3890	0.4229	0.5142	0.0376	0.0392	0.0408
	(06) AIPW	0.3130	0.3443	0.3716	0.3631	0.4192	0.4478	0.0285	0.0285	0.0290
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.0697	0.0436	0.0198	0.0007	0.0004	0.0004	0.1528	0.1530	0.1529
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.0509	0.0123	0.0074	0.0014	0.0008	0.0000	0.1464	0.1470	0.1472
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0009	0.0002	0.0001	0.0002	0.0000	0.0000	0.1322	0.1322	0.1329
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.0682	0.0402	0.0162	0.0005	0.0003	0.0002	0.1489	0.1489	0.1493
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.0513	0.0098	0.0055	0.0015	0.0007	0.0000	0.1540	0.1539	0.1553
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.1230	0.1512	0.2046	0.0699	0.0573	0.3873	0.1954	0.1954	0.1935
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.0640	0.0416	0.0168	0.0008	0.0012	0.0004	0.3712	0.3712	0.3712
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.0400	0.0088	0.0056	0.0040	0.0024	0.0012	0.3712	0.3712	0.3712
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.1176	0.1244	0.1344	0.0440	0.0336	0.0400	0.3712	0.3712	0.3712
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0264	0.0116	0.0040	0.0016	0.0024	0.0008	0.3712	0.3712	0.3712
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.0308	0.0024	0.0048	0.0040	0.0044	0.0020	0.3724	0.3728	0.3732
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.0072	0.0056	0.0100	0.0104	0.0028	0.0044	0.4348	0.4348	0.4328
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.0676	0.0444	0.0228	0.0016	0.0008	0.0016	0.0844	0.1560	0.1864
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.0260	0.0044	0.0012	0.0020	0.0008	0.0004	0.0068	0.0064	0.0072
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.0056	0.0032	0.0048	0.0144	0.0072	0.0060	0.0316	0.0316	0.0320
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.0860	0.0536	0.0304	0.0016	0.0008	0.0016	0.0544	0.0984	0.1160
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.0536	0.0132	0.0156	0.0028	0.0020	0.0004	0.0388	0.0572	0.0624
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.0104	0.0048	0.0064	0.0116	0.0028	0.0032	0.2136	0.1916	0.2160
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.0804	0.0586	0.0293	0.0140	0.0113	0.0075	0.1559	0.2173	0.2567
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.0421	0.0162	0.0113	0.0116	0.0099	0.0025	0.0309	0.0267	0.0246
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.0199	0.0168	0.0183	0.0331	0.0249	0.0199	0.0633	0.0666	0.0666
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.0995	0.0733	0.0336	0.0140	0.0119	0.0088	0.0995	0.1548	0.1891
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.0734	0.0353	0.0242	0.0158	0.0128	0.0053	0.0786	0.0958	0.0974
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.0244	0.0168	0.0225	0.0303	0.0213	0.0155	0.2355	0.2131	0.2371
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.0813	0.0631	0.0308	0.0161	0.0120	0.0085	0.1612	0.2182	0.2568
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.0433	0.0165	0.0129	0.0116	0.0110	0.0025	0.0374	0.0288	0.0267
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.0206	0.0174	0.0186	0.0346	0.0250	0.0204	0.0653	0.0680	0.0695
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.1010	0.0763	0.0343	0.0161	0.0125	0.0103	0.1007	0.1560	0.1904
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.0835	0.0407	0.0248	0.0186	0.0131	0.0053	0.0837	0.1034	0.1011
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.0251	0.0176	0.0238	0.0326	0.0220	0.0158	0.2460	0.2266	0.2395
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.0884	0.0688	0.0600	0.0237	0.0159	0.0106	0.2053	0.2251	0.2961
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.0582	0.0212	0.0165	0.0240	0.0160	0.0026	0.0616	0.0495	0.0440
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.0309	0.0259	0.0235	0.0753	0.0307	0.0271	0.0824	0.0752	0.0946
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.1271	0.0797	0.0363	0.0237	0.0140	0.0239	0.1127	0.1656	0.2106
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.1112	0.0920	0.0351	0.0300	0.0187	0.0054	0.0954	0.1438	0.1232
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.0325	0.0220	0.0267	0.0334	0.0273	0.0252	0.2726	0.2790	0.2470

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 32: Effects on Maximum Outcomes of Pooled Children of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	58	53	57	54	72	70	64	63	76	73
	(02) Control	0.4483	0.5000	0.3103	0.3333	0.8649	0.8889	0.6875	0.7333	1.0000	1.0000
	(03) Treatment	0.4483	0.4815	0.2857	0.2963	0.9429	0.9118	0.9063	0.8182	1.0000	1.0000
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.0000	-0.0185	-0.0246	-0.0370	0.0780	0.0229	0.2188	0.0848	0.0000	0.0000
	(05) COLS	0.0316	0.0678	0.0593	0.0992	0.0444	-0.0271	0.1644	0.0385	0.0000	0.0000
	(06) AIPW	0.0473	0.0384	0.0238	0.0064	0.0671	-0.0051	0.1879	0.0727	0.0000	0.0000
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.5000	0.4466	0.4222	0.3886	0.1193	0.3684	0.0107	0.2029	0.5000	0.5000
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.4167	0.3356	0.3266	0.2483	0.2679	0.3160	0.0639	0.3615	0.5000	0.5000
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.3420	0.3700	0.4111	0.4783	0.0907	0.4498	0.0070	0.1797	0.5000	0.5000
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.5000	0.4419	0.4120	0.3741	0.1201	0.3705	0.0099	0.1993	0.5000	0.5000
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.4084	0.3217	0.3108	0.2255	0.2778	0.3377	0.0694	0.3656	0.5000	0.5000
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.4434	0.4640	0.4688	0.4984	0.1858	0.4626	0.1303	0.4249	0.5000	0.5000
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.4944	0.4348	0.4168	0.3780	0.1128	0.3688	0.0072	0.2076	1.0000	1.0000
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.4004	0.3048	0.2996	0.2224	0.2676	0.3436	0.0660	0.3736	1.0000	1.0000
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.3664	0.3780	0.4232	0.4404	0.1700	0.4516	0.0588	0.3124	1.0000	1.0000
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.4888	0.4264	0.3768	0.3384	0.0404	0.3444	0.0020	0.1248	1.0000	1.0000
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.3920	0.2840	0.2864	0.1768	0.2080	0.2900	0.0220	0.3140	1.0000	1.0000
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.4448	0.4788	0.4296	0.4712	0.0936	0.4612	0.0144	0.1992	1.0000	1.0000
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.4980	0.4712	0.4356	0.4000	0.1048	0.3788	0.0112	0.2200	1.0000	1.0000
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.4068	0.3436	0.3256	0.2372	0.2424	0.3448	0.0544	0.3808	1.0000	1.0000
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.3836	0.4240	0.4264	0.4712	0.1600	0.4436	0.0356	0.2656	1.0000	1.0000
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.4980	0.4712	0.4100	0.3776	0.1048	0.3728	0.0136	0.2180	1.0000	1.0000
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.4100	0.3532	0.3264	0.2572	0.2516	0.3168	0.0744	0.3800	1.0000	1.0000
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.3800	0.4152	0.4248	0.4720	0.1516	0.4372	0.0340	0.2524	1.0000	1.0000
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.5815	0.5550	0.5676	0.5643	0.2415	0.5593	0.0538	0.3099	1.0000	1.0000
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.5233	0.4406	0.4391	0.3313	0.3498	0.4661	0.1025	0.4247	1.0000	1.0000
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.5124	0.5758	0.5416	0.6117	0.2186	0.5928	0.0674	0.3105	1.0000	1.0000
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.5815	0.5550	0.5481	0.5388	0.2421	0.5547	0.0651	0.3093	1.0000	1.0000
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.5269	0.4525	0.4391	0.3597	0.3757	0.4429	0.1359	0.4281	1.0000	1.0000
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.5089	0.5687	0.5416	0.6113	0.2144	0.5882	0.0647	0.2938	1.0000	1.0000
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.5963	0.5584	0.5730	0.5648	0.2425	0.5612	0.0543	0.3153	1.0000	1.0000
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.5300	0.4432	0.4405	0.3349	0.3593	0.4706	0.1028	0.4352	1.0000	1.0000
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.5132	0.5786	0.5430	0.6146	0.2193	0.5938	0.0679	0.3234	1.0000	1.0000
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.5963	0.5584	0.5545	0.5437	0.2428	0.5565	0.0656	0.3118	1.0000	1.0000
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.5329	0.4527	0.4405	0.3651	0.3928	0.4552	0.1436	0.4350	1.0000	1.0000
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.5141	0.5715	0.5455	0.6141	0.2218	0.5915	0.0649	0.2945	1.0000	1.0000
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.8345	0.6012	0.6074	0.5819	0.2579	0.5903	0.0648	0.3450	1.0000	1.0000
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.5515	0.4602	0.4421	0.3523	0.4187	0.4984	0.1034	0.4890	1.0000	1.0000
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.6008	0.6376	0.5861	0.6439	0.2232	0.6820	0.0708	0.3881	1.0000	1.0000
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.8345	0.6012	0.5882	0.5847	0.2488	0.5817	0.0706	0.3367	1.0000	1.0000
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.5781	0.5366	0.4821	0.3689	0.4774	0.4813	0.1793	0.5150	1.0000	1.0000
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.5628	0.6028	0.5737	0.6401	0.2663	0.6973	0.0703	0.3360	1.0000	1.0000

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 32: Effects on Maximum Outcomes of Pooled Children of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Summary	(01) Obs.	72	70	64	63	73	62	76	71	67	65
	(02) Control	0.8649	0.8889	0.6875	0.7333	0.9714	0.5484	0.5000	0.3243	0.1176	0.0882
	(03) Treatment	0.9429	0.9118	0.9063	0.8182	0.9474	0.5806	0.6316	0.5294	0.3636	0.2581
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0780	0.0229	0.2188	0.0848	-0.0241	0.0323	0.1316	0.2051	0.2460	0.1698
	(05) COLS	0.0444	-0.0271	0.1644	0.0385	-0.0418	0.1287	0.0428	0.1901	0.2214	0.1750
	(06) AIPW	0.0671	-0.0051	0.1879	0.0727	-0.0334	0.0633	-0.0406	0.1754	0.1679	0.1445
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.1193	0.3684	0.0107	0.2029	0.3013	0.3967	0.1150	0.0407	0.0108	0.0403
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.2679	0.3160	0.0639	0.3615	0.1546	0.1919	0.3526	0.0696	0.0220	0.0280
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0907	0.4498	0.0070	0.1797	0.1924	0.2832	0.3451	0.0589	0.0371	0.0365
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.1201	0.3705	0.0099	0.1993	0.2953	0.3997	0.1082	0.0259	0.0057	0.0260
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.2778	0.3377	0.0694	0.3656	0.1535	0.1911	0.3512	0.0470	0.0141	0.0175
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.1858	0.4626	0.1303	0.4249	0.2117	0.4987	0.3788	0.1138	0.1340	0.2036
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.1128	0.3688	0.0072	0.2076	0.3396	0.4052	0.1108	0.0216	0.0072	0.0260
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.2676	0.3436	0.0660	0.3736	0.1740	0.1876	0.3656	0.0500	0.0136	0.0172
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.1700	0.4516	0.0588	0.3124	0.1936	0.2876	0.4776	0.1284	0.0648	0.0592
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0404	0.3444	0.0020	0.1248	0.2640	0.3740	0.0596	0.0112	0.0008	0.0024
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.2080	0.2900	0.0220	0.3140	0.0176	0.1404	0.2908	0.0264	0.0072	0.0028
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.0936	0.4612	0.0144	0.1992	0.1072	0.3716	0.2340	0.0444	0.0504	0.0336
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.1048	0.3788	0.0112	0.2200	0.4692	0.3948	0.1332	0.0452	0.0196	0.0480
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.2424	0.3448	0.0544	0.3808	0.2092	0.1692	0.3716	0.0724	0.0312	0.0460
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.1600	0.4436	0.0356	0.2656	0.2516	0.3396	0.3524	0.1080	0.0964	0.0876
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.1048	0.3728	0.0136	0.2180	0.4508	0.3800	0.1244	0.0428	0.0164	0.0460
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.2516	0.3168	0.0744	0.3800	0.1500	0.1996	0.3756	0.0788	0.0312	0.0364
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.1516	0.4372	0.0340	0.2524	0.2280	0.3332	0.3472	0.1088	0.0824	0.0816
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.2415	0.5593	0.0538	0.3099	0.4893	0.3939	0.2758	0.0936	0.0458	0.0722
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.3498	0.4661	0.1025	0.4247	0.2670	0.2004	0.4235	0.1067	0.0538	0.0651
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.2186	0.5928	0.0674	0.3105	0.3266	0.3950	0.4437	0.1496	0.1042	0.1148
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.2421	0.5547	0.0651	0.3093	0.4682	0.3767	0.2699	0.0833	0.0380	0.0643
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.3757	0.4429	0.1359	0.4281	0.1893	0.2348	0.4274	0.1157	0.0480	0.0503
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.2144	0.5882	0.0647	0.2938	0.3032	0.3980	0.4387	0.1530	0.0997	0.1068
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.2425	0.5612	0.0543	0.3153	0.4900	0.3976	0.2819	0.0949	0.0465	0.0741
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.3593	0.4706	0.1028	0.4352	0.2744	0.2025	0.4314	0.1086	0.0548	0.0693
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.2193	0.5938	0.0679	0.3234	0.3445	0.4062	0.4670	0.1500	0.1059	0.1181
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.2428	0.5565	0.0656	0.3118	0.4710	0.3813	0.2765	0.0846	0.0393	0.0648
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.3928	0.4552	0.1436	0.4350	0.1994	0.2353	0.4302	0.1174	0.0512	0.0520
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.2218	0.5915	0.0649	0.2945	0.3088	0.4049	0.4591	0.1541	0.1023	0.1091
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.2579	0.5903	0.0648	0.3450	0.4936	0.4277	0.2913	0.0973	0.0482	0.0781
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.4187	0.4984	0.1034	0.4890	0.3180	0.2139	0.4548	0.1148	0.0577	0.0761
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.2232	0.6820	0.0708	0.3881	0.4054	0.4404	0.6638	0.1588	0.1574	0.1521
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.2488	0.5817	0.0706	0.3367	0.4880	0.3985	0.3151	0.0905	0.0449	0.0901
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.4774	0.4813	0.1793	0.5150	0.2160	0.2448	0.4581	0.1312	0.0783	0.0587
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.2663	0.6973	0.0703	0.3360	0.3305	0.4190	0.6110	0.1592	0.1121	0.1198

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 33: Effects on Maximum Outcomes of Male Children of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -sponded	Never Su -sponded	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Summary	(01) Obs.	48	46	51	50	47	45	54	53	46	44
	(02) Control	0.5217	0.4545	0.8148	0.8148	0.4348	0.4091	0.9286	0.9286	0.4545	0.4286
	(03) Treatment	0.8000	0.7917	0.8750	0.8696	0.7083	0.6957	0.9231	0.9200	0.7500	0.7391
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.2783	0.3371	0.0602	0.0548	0.2736	0.2866	-0.0055	-0.0086	0.2955	0.3106
	(05) COLS	0.2638	0.2982	0.0845	0.0788	0.2301	0.2439	0.0054	0.0016	0.2446	0.2564
	(06) AIPW	0.1461	0.2071	0.1242	0.1218	0.1569	0.1593	0.0485	0.0470	0.1299	0.1328
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.0172	0.0063	0.2815	0.3027	0.0306	0.0278	0.4701	0.4544	0.0148	0.0128
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.0485	0.0305	0.2265	0.2449	0.0815	0.0734	0.4710	0.4914	0.0626	0.0575
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0990	0.0377	0.0919	0.0971	0.1075	0.1044	0.2195	0.2282	0.1192	0.1242
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.0147	0.0053	0.2679	0.2903	0.0210	0.0180	0.4698	0.4540	0.0142	0.0119
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.0460	0.0301	0.2164	0.2347	0.0702	0.0609	0.4713	0.4915	0.0625	0.0576
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.3998	0.3847	0.3282	0.3316	0.4728	0.4724	0.4177	0.4233	0.4779	0.4775
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.0188	0.0064	0.2740	0.2960	0.0228	0.0188	0.4720	0.4544	0.0128	0.0100
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.0428	0.0292	0.2296	0.2440	0.0760	0.0656	0.4864	0.5004	0.0628	0.0572
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.2144	0.3128	0.1388	0.1404	0.1940	0.2280	0.2948	0.2908	0.2556	0.3704
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0072	0.0056	0.2212	0.2508	0.0172	0.0160	0.4584	0.4440	0.0088	0.0088
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.0448	0.0284	0.1460	0.1692	0.0500	0.0472	0.4684	0.4948	0.0484	0.0512
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.2080	0.0912	0.1056	0.1144	0.2392	0.2228	0.2408	0.2536	0.2332	0.1980
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.0264	0.0116	0.3220	0.3416	0.0380	0.0372	0.4924	0.4636	0.0264	0.0236
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.0372	0.0296	0.2508	0.2716	0.0832	0.0796	0.4944	0.4772	0.0556	0.0580
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.2144	0.1136	0.1804	0.1840	0.2112	0.2092	0.3000	0.3008	0.2456	0.2340
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.0244	0.0116	0.3180	0.3368	0.0388	0.0348	0.4780	0.4504	0.0244	0.0224
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.0572	0.0364	0.2504	0.2688	0.0924	0.0880	0.4932	0.4768	0.0716	0.0696
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.2000	0.1184	0.1744	0.1804	0.2108	0.2064	0.3036	0.3076	0.2264	0.2276
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.0591	0.0313	0.3868	0.4029	0.0694	0.0663	0.6517	0.6187	0.0471	0.0425
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.0773	0.0529	0.3264	0.3523	0.1055	0.1038	0.5568	0.5764	0.0779	0.0795
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.2990	0.1645	0.2486	0.2612	0.2672	0.2663	0.3458	0.3467	0.3035	0.2904
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.0582	0.0303	0.3847	0.4015	0.0680	0.0618	0.6363	0.6001	0.0471	0.0425
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.0982	0.0674	0.3379	0.3562	0.1220	0.1112	0.5568	0.5757	0.1015	0.0928
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.2785	0.1728	0.2452	0.2452	0.2557	0.2605	0.3467	0.3510	0.2736	0.2845
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.0600	0.0327	0.3916	0.4032	0.0805	0.0676	0.6521	0.6268	0.0518	0.0482
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.0801	0.0544	0.3328	0.3548	0.1124	0.1050	0.5573	0.5831	0.0794	0.0841
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.3075	0.1686	0.2547	0.2648	0.2842	0.2739	0.3526	0.3483	0.3143	0.3014
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.0626	0.0303	0.3892	0.4016	0.0787	0.0672	0.6365	0.6064	0.0518	0.0447
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.1011	0.0689	0.3420	0.3588	0.1254	0.1138	0.5618	0.5823	0.1104	0.0987
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.2868	0.1759	0.2488	0.2459	0.2664	0.2637	0.3483	0.3514	0.2896	0.2956
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.0693	0.0466	0.4214	0.4499	0.0883	0.0914	0.6606	0.6566	0.0858	0.0771
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.1073	0.0660	0.3453	0.3577	0.1538	0.1706	0.6268	0.6000	0.0863	0.0924
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.3747	0.1769	0.3045	0.2889	0.3682	0.3056	0.3658	0.3861	0.3157	0.3253
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.0816	0.0309	0.3942	0.4426	0.1288	0.1006	0.6674	0.7307	0.0860	0.0613
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.1098	0.0794	0.3619	0.3673	0.1786	0.1291	0.5937	0.6000	0.1344	0.1892
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.3266	0.1947	0.2909	0.2504	0.2889	0.3072	0.4027	0.4025	0.3625	0.3356

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 33: Effects on Maximum Outcomes of Male Children of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Attended College	Attended College	Attended College	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	45	44	44	48	47	47	46	45	45
	(02) Control	0.3182	0.3182	0.2857	0.6087	0.5652	0.5652	0.5909	0.5455	0.5455
	(03) Treatment	0.6957	0.6818	0.6087	0.7600	0.7917	0.7917	0.7083	0.7391	0.7391
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.3775	0.3636	0.3230	0.1513	0.2264	0.2264	0.1174	0.1937	0.1937
	(05) COLS	0.3417	0.3344	0.3058	0.1412	0.2342	0.2181	0.0845	0.1778	0.1633
	(06) AIPW	0.3637	0.3601	0.3157	0.3626	0.3031	0.3353	0.3419	0.2827	0.3115
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.0035	0.0052	0.0120	0.1325	0.0480	0.0480	0.2060	0.0892	0.0892
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.0136	0.0168	0.0307	0.1870	0.0677	0.0772	0.3052	0.1391	0.1494
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0019	0.0022	0.0067	0.0004	0.0018	0.0008	0.0011	0.0049	0.0020
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.0033	0.0050	0.0107	0.1287	0.0427	0.0409	0.2030	0.0824	0.0805
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.0171	0.0207	0.0339	0.1842	0.0609	0.0665	0.3039	0.1321	0.1390
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.2289	0.2699	0.2739	0.2547	0.2805	0.2978	0.4503	0.4588	0.4550
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.0036	0.0052	0.0112	0.1268	0.0412	0.0396	0.1936	0.0816	0.0740
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.0160	0.0200	0.0296	0.1620	0.0516	0.0520	0.2724	0.1164	0.1168
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.0232	0.0260	0.0516	0.1444	0.0880	0.1156	0.1744	0.1076	0.1324
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0056	0.0080	0.0120	0.0756	0.0268	0.0216	0.1528	0.0504	0.0492
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.0224	0.0260	0.0352	0.1624	0.0500	0.0480	0.2904	0.1060	0.1064
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.1040	0.1056	0.1656	0.0132	0.0344	0.0168	0.0160	0.0476	0.0208
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.0120	0.0152	0.0188	0.1468	0.0580	0.0648	0.2140	0.1040	0.1036
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.0192	0.0236	0.0364	0.1736	0.0596	0.0844	0.3056	0.1524	0.1768
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.0392	0.0400	0.0692	0.0264	0.0420	0.0284	0.0416	0.0724	0.0588
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.0104	0.0144	0.0184	0.1468	0.0584	0.0668	0.2136	0.1176	0.1216
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.0240	0.0284	0.0424	0.1888	0.0760	0.0952	0.3184	0.1612	0.1812
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.0336	0.0360	0.0644	0.0216	0.0300	0.0276	0.0340	0.0572	0.0508
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.0472	0.0620	0.0570	0.1662	0.0745	0.0841	0.2347	0.1155	0.1135
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.0515	0.0697	0.0812	0.1848	0.0755	0.0981	0.3151	0.1598	0.1618
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.0828	0.0899	0.1372	0.0443	0.0588	0.0461	0.0562	0.0939	0.0602
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.0430	0.0570	0.0570	0.1662	0.0743	0.0781	0.2345	0.1257	0.1285
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.0627	0.0722	0.0867	0.2004	0.0836	0.1021	0.3252	0.1618	0.1753
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.0813	0.0792	0.1288	0.0392	0.0532	0.0410	0.0502	0.0757	0.0602
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.0528	0.0709	0.0628	0.1682	0.0794	0.0861	0.2457	0.1208	0.1194
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.0571	0.0735	0.0909	0.1910	0.0803	0.0996	0.3157	0.1612	0.1654
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.0839	0.0918	0.1441	0.0457	0.0602	0.0478	0.0575	0.0954	0.0604
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.0517	0.0669	0.0628	0.1682	0.0747	0.0792	0.2455	0.1322	0.1315
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.0691	0.0727	0.0869	0.2009	0.0875	0.1032	0.3269	0.1631	0.1785
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.0828	0.0893	0.1337	0.0401	0.0542	0.0435	0.0522	0.0785	0.0657
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.0604	0.1050	0.0666	0.1867	0.1410	0.0948	0.3206	0.1516	0.1514
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.0912	0.0753	0.1358	0.2072	0.1122	0.1013	0.4370	0.1916	0.1813
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.1021	0.1587	0.1700	0.0727	0.0730	0.0743	0.0645	0.1412	0.0938
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.1005	0.0762	0.0695	0.1867	0.0887	0.0962	0.3087	0.1440	0.1371
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.0817	0.0787	0.0904	0.2174	0.1049	0.1594	0.3413	0.1863	0.2940
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.1250	0.1543	0.1439	0.0454	0.0586	0.0502	0.0692	0.0887	0.0748

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 33: Effects on Maximum Outcomes of Male Children of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	46	45	45	45	44	45	56	55	53
	(02) Control	0.5000	0.4545	0.4545	0.0455	0.0455	0.0455	0.8966	0.8966	0.8929
	(03) Treatment	0.6667	0.6957	0.6957	0.5217	0.5455	0.5217	0.9630	0.9615	0.9600
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1667	0.2411	0.2411	0.4763	0.5000	0.4763	0.0664	0.0650	0.0671
	(05) COLS	0.1597	0.2433	0.2277	0.5109	0.5270	0.4922	0.0795	0.0784	0.0821
	(06) AIPW	0.3175	0.3257	0.3682	0.5310	0.5544	0.5227	0.1073	0.1077	0.1035
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.1298	0.0516	0.0516	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.1610	0.1692	0.1698
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.1740	0.0712	0.0827	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001	0.1522	0.1571	0.1563
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0040	0.0023	0.0013	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0815	0.0812	0.0831
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.1219	0.0438	0.0413	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.1594	0.1675	0.1687
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.1641	0.0608	0.0683	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001	0.1483	0.1530	0.1533
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.4543	0.4527	0.4466	0.3509	0.3485	0.3503	0.3981	0.3983	0.4023
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.1236	0.0440	0.0408	0.0004	0.0004	0.0004	0.1720	0.1824	0.1816
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.1592	0.0532	0.0620	0.0004	0.0004	0.0004	0.1660	0.1696	0.1668
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.2388	0.1472	0.1452	0.0084	0.0088	0.0060	0.1340	0.1260	0.1420
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0744	0.0292	0.0296	0.0012	0.0012	0.0012	0.0768	0.0900	0.0876
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.1348	0.0544	0.0564	0.0024	0.0016	0.0032	0.0632	0.0672	0.0672
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.0528	0.0340	0.0208	0.0048	0.0040	0.0032	0.1156	0.1188	0.1316
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.1396	0.0648	0.0732	0.0008	0.0008	0.0008	0.1964	0.2168	0.2120
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.1664	0.0780	0.0996	0.0008	0.0012	0.0008	0.1572	0.1632	0.1652
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.0704	0.0592	0.0416	0.0048	0.0032	0.0048	0.1512	0.1496	0.1480
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.1524	0.0704	0.0812	0.0008	0.0008	0.0008	0.1716	0.1900	0.1908
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.1840	0.0864	0.1068	0.0008	0.0008	0.0008	0.1908	0.1944	0.1948
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.0564	0.0428	0.0388	0.0020	0.0016	0.0012	0.1580	0.1564	0.1636
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.1784	0.0875	0.0801	0.0130	0.0076	0.0100	0.2652	0.2945	0.2944
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.1837	0.0900	0.1089	0.0080	0.0058	0.0100	0.1998	0.2158	0.2097
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.0940	0.0795	0.0655	0.0216	0.0149	0.0159	0.2038	0.1996	0.2021
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.1850	0.0922	0.0827	0.0058	0.0058	0.0058	0.2449	0.2673	0.2715
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.1932	0.0981	0.1148	0.0074	0.0058	0.0084	0.2292	0.2371	0.2306
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.0890	0.0583	0.0499	0.0142	0.0130	0.0136	0.2216	0.2240	0.2200
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.1836	0.0879	0.0821	0.0134	0.0080	0.0100	0.2659	0.2949	0.2951
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.1847	0.0942	0.1096	0.0081	0.0064	0.0100	0.2044	0.2167	0.2154
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.0970	0.0811	0.0714	0.0226	0.0150	0.0161	0.2049	0.2007	0.2071
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.1878	0.0983	0.0862	0.0064	0.0064	0.0064	0.2464	0.2674	0.2751
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.1970	0.1038	0.1156	0.0075	0.0064	0.0085	0.2298	0.2413	0.2363
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.0902	0.0623	0.0547	0.0142	0.0135	0.0137	0.2238	0.2260	0.2223
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.2320	0.1125	0.1098	0.0162	0.0126	0.0126	0.2984	0.3419	0.3327
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.2158	0.1233	0.1365	0.0083	0.0126	0.0126	0.2237	0.2448	0.2404
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.1397	0.1048	0.0898	0.0286	0.0175	0.0180	0.2111	0.2311	0.2542
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.2631	0.1273	0.1045	0.0126	0.0126	0.0126	0.2609	0.3208	0.3163
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.2292	0.1337	0.1223	0.0126	0.0126	0.0126	0.2430	0.2863	0.2739
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.0987	0.0819	0.0817	0.0210	0.0191	0.0147	0.2325	0.2345	0.2469

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 33: Effects on Maximum Outcomes of Male Children of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	41	41	42	42	46	47	43	44	53	52
	(02) Control	0.0476	0.0476	0.0455	0.0455	0.5000	0.5000	0.3182	0.3182	0.9286	0.9259
	(03) Treatment	0.2500	0.2500	0.2000	0.2000	0.7273	0.6522	0.6190	0.5455	1.0000	0.9600
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.2024	0.2024	0.1545	0.1545	0.2273	0.1522	0.3009	0.2273	0.0714	0.0341
	(05) COLS	0.2359	0.2275	0.2035	0.1979	0.1150	0.0447	0.1695	0.0969	0.0891	0.0540
	(06) AIPW	0.3528	0.3234	0.2913	0.2689	0.1519	0.0866	0.2019	0.1464	0.0756	0.0671
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.0350	0.0350	0.0676	0.0676	0.0629	0.1550	0.0254	0.0688	0.0677	0.2964
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.0307	0.0365	0.0500	0.0559	0.2511	0.3930	0.1573	0.2768	0.0698	0.2389
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001	0.0919	0.2210	0.0464	0.1142	0.0489	0.1111
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.0206	0.0204	0.0518	0.0522	0.0449	0.1301	0.0150	0.0487	0.0673	0.2916
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.0244	0.0300	0.0428	0.0486	0.2412	0.3892	0.1420	0.2651	0.0766	0.2416
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.2781	0.1192	0.4205	0.4210	0.4820	0.4897	0.4650	0.4742	0.1775	0.2898
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.0156	0.0152	0.0480	0.0456	0.0520	0.1340	0.0140	0.0548	0.1340	0.3324
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.0244	0.0252	0.0424	0.0492	0.2232	0.3768	0.1360	0.2596	0.1340	0.2648
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.0244	0.0172	0.0232	0.0240	0.1560	0.2760	0.1860	0.2756	0.1428	0.2056
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0032	0.0028	0.0108	0.0096	0.0276	0.0816	0.0140	0.0296	0.1344	0.2996
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.0052	0.0048	0.0168	0.0204	0.2000	0.3712	0.0992	0.2192	0.1348	0.2032
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.0016	0.0040	0.0092	0.0108	0.2720	0.3820	0.1628	0.2096	0.2108	0.1808
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.0336	0.0384	0.0640	0.0716	0.0796	0.1900	0.0352	0.0872	0.1244	0.3304
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.0224	0.0288	0.0260	0.0348	0.2608	0.4356	0.1692	0.3100	0.0212	0.1996
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.0084	0.0176	0.0132	0.0200	0.2144	0.3500	0.1448	0.2276	0.0732	0.1768
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.0300	0.0324	0.0608	0.0668	0.0768	0.1852	0.0396	0.0848	0.0696	0.2816
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.0204	0.0292	0.0328	0.0432	0.2852	0.4428	0.1800	0.3152	0.0520	0.2240
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.0020	0.0040	0.0048	0.0088	0.1940	0.3316	0.1488	0.2364	0.1012	0.1788
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.0735	0.0854	0.1167	0.1152	0.1266	0.2156	0.0825	0.1456	0.1565	0.3404
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.0439	0.0528	0.0513	0.0534	0.2654	0.3921	0.2191	0.3364	0.0600	0.2380
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.0273	0.0344	0.0359	0.0431	0.2128	0.3288	0.1868	0.2558	0.1278	0.1998
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.0655	0.0718	0.1073	0.1120	0.1259	0.2111	0.0806	0.1450	0.0987	0.2913
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.0470	0.0628	0.0734	0.0817	0.2809	0.4079	0.2439	0.3474	0.1045	0.2604
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.0115	0.0147	0.0182	0.0249	0.1968	0.3162	0.1918	0.2733	0.1279	0.2013
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.0746	0.0875	0.1202	0.1190	0.1324	0.2204	0.0871	0.1457	0.1618	0.3433
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.0446	0.0568	0.0550	0.0554	0.2657	0.4022	0.2195	0.3453	0.0625	0.2446
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.0280	0.0353	0.0360	0.0445	0.2164	0.3294	0.1911	0.2605	0.1312	0.2024
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.0672	0.0719	0.1073	0.1135	0.1325	0.2145	0.0843	0.1463	0.1036	0.3006
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.0518	0.0660	0.0809	0.0923	0.2809	0.4109	0.2468	0.3502	0.1120	0.2654
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.0118	0.0147	0.0192	0.0261	0.2000	0.3210	0.1927	0.2737	0.1397	0.2035
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.0755	0.1296	0.1458	0.1403	0.1589	0.2565	0.1075	0.2036	0.1847	0.3737
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.0575	0.0639	0.0717	0.0757	0.2685	0.4335	0.2803	0.5073	0.0843	0.2985
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.0392	0.0416	0.0732	0.0522	0.2508	0.3765	0.2160	0.3129	0.1686	0.2935
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.0861	0.0727	0.1215	0.1495	0.1581	0.2515	0.1271	0.1655	0.1234	0.3298
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.0727	0.0660	0.0809	0.1247	0.3268	0.4109	0.2601	0.4140	0.1692	0.3010
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.0270	0.0195	0.0247	0.0363	0.2249	0.3307	0.2111	0.3583	0.2149	0.2853

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 33: Effects on Maximum Outcomes of Male Children of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Summary	(01) Obs.	46	47	43	44	52	42	56	55	52	51
	(02) Control	0.5000	0.5000	0.3182	0.3182	0.8846	0.4783	0.4138	0.2759	0.0357	0.0370
	(03) Treatment	0.7273	0.6522	0.6190	0.5455	0.8846	0.6316	0.4815	0.4615	0.2500	0.2500
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.2273	0.1522	0.3009	0.2273	0.0000	0.1533	0.0677	0.1857	0.2143	0.2130
	(05) COLS	0.1150	0.0447	0.1695	0.0969	-0.0513	0.2418	-0.0616	0.0834	0.1910	0.1961
	(06) AIPW	0.1519	0.0866	0.2019	0.1464	-0.0917	0.1378	-0.0636	0.1214	0.2025	0.2114
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.0629	0.1550	0.0254	0.0688	0.5000	0.1603	0.3024	0.0916	0.0136	0.0145
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.2511	0.3930	0.1573	0.2768	0.2913	0.0874	0.3258	0.2949	0.0298	0.0332
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0919	0.2210	0.0464	0.1142	0.1219	0.1247	0.2951	0.1688	0.0042	0.0042
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.0449	0.1301	0.0150	0.0487	0.5000	0.1603	0.2944	0.0531	0.0096	0.0084
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.2412	0.3892	0.1420	0.2651	0.2769	0.0847	0.3236	0.2650	0.0246	0.0239
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.4820	0.4897	0.4650	0.4742	0.3027	0.4466	0.4086	0.3502	0.1036	0.0771
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.0520	0.1340	0.0140	0.0548	0.5012	0.1676	0.2988	0.0556	0.0072	0.0060
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.2232	0.3768	0.1360	0.2596	0.3076	0.0848	0.3224	0.2828	0.0260	0.0272
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.1560	0.2760	0.1860	0.2756	0.3048	0.2648	0.3496	0.2672	0.0532	0.0584
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0276	0.0816	0.0140	0.0296	0.5012	0.1068	0.2296	0.0260	0.0012	0.0012
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.2000	0.3712	0.0992	0.2192	0.2148	0.0644	0.2800	0.2136	0.0032	0.0040
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.2720	0.3820	0.1628	0.2096	0.0952	0.2596	0.3004	0.1504	0.0148	0.0132
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.0796	0.1900	0.0352	0.0872	0.5140	0.1600	0.3104	0.0916	0.0228	0.0240
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.2608	0.4356	0.1692	0.3100	0.2792	0.0792	0.3200	0.2532	0.0312	0.0352
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.2144	0.3500	0.1448	0.2276	0.2076	0.2308	0.3324	0.1872	0.0296	0.0280
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.0768	0.1852	0.0396	0.0848	0.5140	0.1472	0.2968	0.0868	0.0180	0.0204
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.2852	0.4428	0.1800	0.3152	0.2816	0.0916	0.3244	0.2728	0.0364	0.0452
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.1940	0.3316	0.1488	0.2364	0.1844	0.2152	0.3304	0.1928	0.0304	0.0280
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.1266	0.2156	0.0825	0.1456	0.6602	0.1956	0.5184	0.2232	0.0352	0.0501
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.2654	0.3921	0.2191	0.3364	0.4441	0.1115	0.3964	0.3443	0.0473	0.0523
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.2128	0.3288	0.1868	0.2558	0.3683	0.2530	0.3751	0.2949	0.0551	0.0614
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.1259	0.2111	0.0806	0.1450	0.6602	0.1755	0.5133	0.2176	0.0341	0.0485
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.2809	0.4079	0.2439	0.3474	0.4554	0.1202	0.3988	0.3492	0.0554	0.0663
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.1968	0.3162	0.1918	0.2733	0.3401	0.2364	0.3721	0.3036	0.0604	0.0607
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.1324	0.2204	0.0871	0.1457	0.6613	0.2005	0.5255	0.2253	0.0364	0.0523
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.2657	0.4022	0.2195	0.3453	0.4471	0.1145	0.4066	0.3513	0.0520	0.0564
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.2164	0.3294	0.1911	0.2605	0.3691	0.2538	0.3771	0.2984	0.0594	0.0621
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.1325	0.2145	0.0843	0.1463	0.6613	0.1790	0.5198	0.2221	0.0348	0.0500
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.2809	0.4109	0.2468	0.3502	0.4592	0.1252	0.4073	0.3548	0.0568	0.0687
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.2000	0.3210	0.1927	0.2737	0.3413	0.2395	0.3749	0.3111	0.0616	0.0622
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.1589	0.2565	0.1075	0.2036	0.6652	0.2410	0.5558	0.2364	0.0412	0.0621
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.2685	0.4335	0.2803	0.5073	0.5230	0.1367	0.4495	0.3716	0.0752	0.0664
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.2508	0.3765	0.2160	0.3129	0.3710	0.2676	0.4233	0.3798	0.0784	0.0736
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.1581	0.2515	0.1271	0.1655	0.6652	0.2379	0.5912	0.2388	0.0382	0.0514
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.3268	0.4109	0.2601	0.4140	0.4727	0.1365	0.4780	0.3681	0.0835	0.0780
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.2249	0.3307	0.2111	0.3583	0.3474	0.2563	0.4920	0.3345	0.0685	0.0831

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 34: Effects on Maximum Outcomes of Female Children of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -sponded	Never Su -sponded	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Summary	(01) Obs.	56	53	59	56	53	52	62	59	55	53
	(02) Control	0.7143	0.7037	0.8214	0.8214	0.6154	0.5926	0.9000	0.9000	0.6667	0.6667
	(03) Treatment	0.9286	0.9615	0.9355	0.9643	0.9259	0.9600	0.9375	0.9655	0.9286	0.9615
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.2143	0.2578	0.1141	0.1429	0.3105	0.3674	0.0375	0.0655	0.2619	0.2949
	(05) COLS	0.2241	0.2839	0.1216	0.1790	0.3166	0.3983	0.0270	0.0772	0.2717	0.3300
	(06) AIPW	0.2287	0.2812	0.1985	0.2405	0.4618	0.4981	0.0405	0.0829	0.3295	0.3708
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.0116	0.0028	0.0865	0.0374	0.0017	0.0002	0.2885	0.1499	0.0043	0.0011
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.0153	0.0019	0.1202	0.0292	0.0033	0.0001	0.3698	0.1269	0.0068	0.0008
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0051	0.0005	0.0076	0.0007	0.0000	0.0000	0.2580	0.0603	0.0007	0.0001
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.0117	0.0019	0.0886	0.0382	0.0015	0.0001	0.2913	0.1484	0.0042	0.0007
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.0199	0.0024	0.1211	0.0312	0.0039	0.0001	0.3745	0.1478	0.0091	0.0010
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.0788	0.1488	0.2032	0.1556	0.1720	0.0437	0.3941	0.2867	0.1293	0.0996
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.0156	0.0012	0.0800	0.0324	0.0024	0.0004	0.3020	0.1556	0.0056	0.0008
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.0196	0.0028	0.1072	0.0280	0.0048	0.0004	0.3696	0.1388	0.0092	0.0024
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.0340	0.0176	0.0680	0.0312	0.0072	0.0028	0.3020	0.1480	0.0156	0.0092
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0004	0.0004	0.0184	0.0040	0.0004	0.0004	0.2372	0.0616	0.0004	0.0004
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.0024	0.0008	0.0676	0.0060	0.0008	0.0004	0.3720	0.0516	0.0012	0.0004
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.0196	0.0040	0.0992	0.0344	0.0004	0.0004	0.3772	0.1704	0.0072	0.0020
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.0116	0.0044	0.0940	0.0384	0.0004	0.0008	0.2592	0.1352	0.0016	0.0012
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.0124	0.0024	0.0788	0.0148	0.0012	0.0004	0.3392	0.1020	0.0024	0.0008
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.0248	0.0088	0.0396	0.0192	0.0024	0.0020	0.2760	0.0860	0.0052	0.0044
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.0152	0.0060	0.0972	0.0372	0.0024	0.0008	0.2564	0.1320	0.0044	0.0020
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.0196	0.0060	0.1356	0.0384	0.0048	0.0008	0.3704	0.1296	0.0080	0.0020
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.0380	0.0132	0.0580	0.0188	0.0048	0.0028	0.3104	0.1060	0.0128	0.0068
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.0298	0.0184	0.1208	0.0701	0.0115	0.0079	0.3314	0.2079	0.0161	0.0103
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.0260	0.0149	0.1097	0.0353	0.0134	0.0079	0.3858	0.1668	0.0181	0.0103
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.0555	0.0385	0.0861	0.0573	0.0216	0.0123	0.3376	0.1659	0.0287	0.0180
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.0477	0.0214	0.1222	0.0646	0.0160	0.0068	0.3311	0.2049	0.0250	0.0136
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.0466	0.0192	0.1687	0.0674	0.0271	0.0079	0.4155	0.2060	0.0302	0.0144
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.0823	0.0475	0.0964	0.0525	0.0303	0.0133	0.3664	0.1828	0.0561	0.0287
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.0320	0.0196	0.1334	0.0725	0.0117	0.0079	0.3377	0.2108	0.0174	0.0114
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.0266	0.0162	0.1098	0.0360	0.0140	0.0079	0.3946	0.1750	0.0198	0.0114
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.0574	0.0397	0.0876	0.0601	0.0219	0.0132	0.3482	0.1687	0.0304	0.0206
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.0489	0.0223	0.1329	0.0669	0.0172	0.0071	0.3377	0.2089	0.0264	0.0139
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.0476	0.0202	0.1692	0.0702	0.0285	0.0079	0.4199	0.2136	0.0321	0.0147
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.0832	0.0479	0.1055	0.0544	0.0311	0.0148	0.3855	0.1898	0.0589	0.0296
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.0527	0.0299	0.1666	0.1003	0.0133	0.0085	0.3518	0.2258	0.0277	0.0157
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.0406	0.0233	0.1634	0.0398	0.0171	0.0089	0.4357	0.2951	0.0388	0.0114
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.0777	0.0459	0.1100	0.0664	0.0237	0.0225	0.3773	0.1772	0.0407	0.0539
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.0717	0.0302	0.1442	0.0807	0.0205	0.0085	0.3510	0.2327	0.0276	0.0239
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.0627	0.0331	0.1792	0.1076	0.0367	0.0099	0.4269	0.2419	0.0486	0.0176
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.1035	0.0693	0.1645	0.0820	0.0346	0.0276	0.4866	0.2914	0.0961	0.0430

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 34: Effects on Maximum Outcomes of Female Children of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Attended College	Attended College	Attended College	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	54	52	48	55	53	48	53	51	46
	(02) Control	0.6923	0.6923	0.6923	0.5714	0.5714	0.5385	0.5385	0.5385	0.5000
	(03) Treatment	0.7143	0.7308	0.8182	0.7037	0.7200	0.7273	0.7037	0.7200	0.7273
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0220	0.0385	0.1259	0.1323	0.1486	0.1888	0.1652	0.1815	0.2273
	(05) COLS	0.0425	0.0553	0.1944	0.2231	0.2957	0.3962	0.2258	0.2949	0.3944
	(06) AIPW	-0.1125	-0.0843	0.0533	0.2720	0.3161	0.3890	0.3247	0.3688	0.4689
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.4297	0.3813	0.1538	0.1451	0.1241	0.0817	0.0988	0.0842	0.0507
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.3827	0.3548	0.0847	0.0523	0.0130	0.0023	0.0488	0.0134	0.0024
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.1608	0.2320	0.3071	0.0072	0.0020	0.0001	0.0032	0.0009	0.0000
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.4261	0.3739	0.1352	0.1514	0.1268	0.0845	0.1049	0.0869	0.0532
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.3766	0.3450	0.0730	0.0687	0.0193	0.0044	0.0658	0.0201	0.0047
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.3663	0.3997	0.4403	0.2292	0.1962	0.0731	0.2040	0.1753	0.0720
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.4272	0.3760	0.1296	0.1612	0.1312	0.0928	0.1080	0.0908	0.0608
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.3488	0.3308	0.0736	0.0688	0.0236	0.0052	0.0660	0.0252	0.0060
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.4604	0.4424	0.2636	0.1080	0.0900	0.0456	0.0932	0.0864	0.0372
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.3964	0.3320	0.0844	0.0872	0.0688	0.0464	0.0512	0.0496	0.0316
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.3756	0.3284	0.0424	0.0436	0.0112	0.0076	0.0404	0.0116	0.0080
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.1304	0.1752	0.4524	0.0220	0.0084	0.0044	0.0116	0.0016	0.0016
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.4648	0.4172	0.1960	0.1456	0.1296	0.0852	0.1044	0.0868	0.0612
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.3988	0.3596	0.0820	0.0320	0.0088	0.0012	0.0356	0.0132	0.0020
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.2684	0.3280	0.3792	0.0388	0.0200	0.0148	0.0240	0.0132	0.0116
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.4612	0.4104	0.1764	0.1376	0.1200	0.0792	0.0996	0.0832	0.0540
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.4088	0.3768	0.0956	0.0500	0.0148	0.0044	0.0520	0.0160	0.0052
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.2608	0.3208	0.3788	0.0468	0.0252	0.0140	0.0364	0.0196	0.0148
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.4639	0.4316	0.2099	0.1805	0.1614	0.1199	0.1459	0.1236	0.0841
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.4166	0.3933	0.1266	0.0715	0.0376	0.0120	0.0762	0.0416	0.0152
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.4345	0.4650	0.4609	0.0692	0.0457	0.0443	0.0468	0.0406	0.0357
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.4563	0.4266	0.1894	0.1670	0.1566	0.1101	0.1341	0.1236	0.0800
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.4227	0.4118	0.1355	0.0996	0.0437	0.0211	0.0913	0.0464	0.0198
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.4235	0.4669	0.4572	0.0825	0.0557	0.0456	0.0648	0.0474	0.0381
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.4650	0.4325	0.2178	0.1871	0.1646	0.1233	0.1482	0.1321	0.0844
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.4201	0.3986	0.1312	0.0786	0.0393	0.0129	0.0807	0.0429	0.0162
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.4349	0.4684	0.4657	0.0703	0.0495	0.0458	0.0478	0.0449	0.0378
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.4647	0.4270	0.1962	0.1742	0.1601	0.1110	0.1349	0.1286	0.0843
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.4262	0.4165	0.1377	0.1040	0.0450	0.0233	0.0929	0.0474	0.0202
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.4256	0.4675	0.4620	0.0864	0.0570	0.0463	0.0677	0.0509	0.0394
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.5130	0.4700	0.2471	0.2417	0.1788	0.1413	0.1547	0.1356	0.1271
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.4819	0.4230	0.1410	0.1263	0.0513	0.0174	0.1016	0.0473	0.0222
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.4560	0.4772	0.5471	0.1014	0.0758	0.0616	0.0567	0.0640	0.0511
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.5248	0.4513	0.1984	0.2057	0.2324	0.1243	0.1827	0.1297	0.0982
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.6285	0.4750	0.1613	0.1290	0.0554	0.0275	0.1122	0.0508	0.0240
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.4956	0.4701	0.5471	0.1287	0.0744	0.0569	0.0892	0.0808	0.0499

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 34: Effects on Maximum Outcomes of Female Children of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	53	51	46	51	49	44	62	59	56
	(02) Control	0.4615	0.4615	0.4167	0.3600	0.3600	0.3478	0.9000	0.9000	0.9000
	(03) Treatment	0.7037	0.7200	0.7273	0.5385	0.5417	0.6190	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.2422	0.2585	0.3106	0.1785	0.1817	0.2712	0.1000	0.1000	0.1000
	(05) COLS	0.3349	0.4127	0.5250	0.2312	0.2528	0.4600	0.1175	0.1216	0.1241
	(06) AIPW	0.4153	0.4594	0.5662	0.1253	0.1402	0.3174	0.0962	0.0962	0.0962
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.0304	0.0257	0.0127	0.0977	0.1020	0.0334	0.0327	0.0329	0.0330
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.0053	0.0005	0.0000	0.0585	0.0523	0.0005	0.0295	0.0302	0.0294
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0002	0.0000	0.0000	0.1348	0.1059	0.0006	0.0233	0.0233	0.0233
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.0328	0.0265	0.0131	0.0909	0.0918	0.0286	0.0316	0.0316	0.0316
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.0108	0.0013	0.0001	0.0638	0.0478	0.0007	0.0322	0.0329	0.0331
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.1291	0.1071	0.0148	0.3723	0.3586	0.4451	0.1766	0.1766	0.1766
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.0340	0.0300	0.0176	0.0948	0.0988	0.0392	0.0504	0.0504	0.0504
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.0116	0.0028	0.0012	0.0512	0.0436	0.0044	0.0504	0.0504	0.0504
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.0404	0.0384	0.0148	0.1692	0.1920	0.0384	0.0652	0.0652	0.0652
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0176	0.0168	0.0116	0.0564	0.0552	0.0184	0.0504	0.0504	0.0504
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.0116	0.0044	0.0028	0.0528	0.0424	0.0016	0.0504	0.0508	0.0508
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.0012	0.0008	0.0008	0.2832	0.2032	0.0184	0.0716	0.0716	0.0716
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.0396	0.0300	0.0192	0.1100	0.1180	0.0552	0.0204	0.0396	0.0632
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.0068	0.0020	0.0004	0.0568	0.0488	0.0012	0.0088	0.0100	0.0140
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.0068	0.0032	0.0076	0.2748	0.2356	0.0788	0.0176	0.0208	0.0252
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.0384	0.0284	0.0172	0.1076	0.1120	0.0460	0.0124	0.0228	0.0312
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.0108	0.0020	0.0008	0.0644	0.0616	0.0008	0.0124	0.0180	0.0156
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.0148	0.0044	0.0036	0.2488	0.2144	0.0480	0.0364	0.0344	0.0440
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.0565	0.0531	0.0351	0.1272	0.1290	0.0666	0.0525	0.0877	0.1029
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.0234	0.0136	0.0055	0.0970	0.0903	0.0123	0.0360	0.0418	0.0554
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.0251	0.0179	0.0284	0.2958	0.2788	0.1117	0.0578	0.0678	0.0840
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.0537	0.0468	0.0351	0.1268	0.1210	0.0616	0.0328	0.0626	0.0748
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.0308	0.0106	0.0055	0.1168	0.1075	0.0133	0.0402	0.0439	0.0442
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.0312	0.0196	0.0177	0.2752	0.2658	0.0793	0.0815	0.0782	0.0837
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.0606	0.0543	0.0356	0.1294	0.1324	0.0690	0.0591	0.0906	0.1048
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.0255	0.0137	0.0057	0.1041	0.0917	0.0126	0.0373	0.0421	0.0561
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.0270	0.0207	0.0305	0.3004	0.2863	0.1176	0.0585	0.0692	0.0871
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.0555	0.0490	0.0356	0.1293	0.1215	0.0651	0.0340	0.0631	0.0766
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.0339	0.0111	0.0057	0.1194	0.1151	0.0137	0.0409	0.0451	0.0484
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.0334	0.0204	0.0181	0.2760	0.2732	0.0827	0.0838	0.0784	0.0866
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.0739	0.0786	0.0447	0.1367	0.1519	0.0818	0.0622	0.0930	0.1119
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.0314	0.0231	0.0064	0.1790	0.0993	0.0259	0.0922	0.0632	0.0725
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.0315	0.0304	0.0371	0.3351	0.3053	0.1370	0.0764	0.0753	0.0927
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.0647	0.0721	0.0418	0.1412	0.1538	0.1157	0.0417	0.0688	0.0799
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.0483	0.0170	0.0064	0.1500	0.1570	0.0215	0.0585	0.0663	0.0987
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.0529	0.0271	0.0214	0.3213	0.2834	0.1345	0.1337	0.0900	0.1022

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 34: Effects on Maximum Outcomes of Female Children of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	47	42	47	43	59	55	52	49	61	57
	(02) Control	0.5000	0.5455	0.3200	0.3478	0.8710	0.8667	0.7037	0.6923	0.9375	0.9355
	(03) Treatment	0.3478	0.4000	0.1818	0.2000	0.9286	0.9200	0.9200	0.8261	1.0000	1.0000
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.1522	-0.1455	-0.1382	-0.1478	0.0576	0.0533	0.2163	0.1338	0.0625	0.0645
	(05) COLS	-0.0647	0.0500	-0.0247	0.0698	0.0997	0.1090	0.2512	0.2093	0.0885	0.0942
	(06) AIPW	-0.1907	-0.1061	-0.1373	-0.1048	0.0957	0.1380	0.2595	0.2017	0.0994	0.1380
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.1510	0.1770	0.1447	0.1459	0.2189	0.2494	0.0153	0.1257	0.0706	0.0705
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.3534	0.3861	0.4271	0.3080	0.1142	0.1059	0.0098	0.0464	0.0595	0.0559
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0621	0.1897	0.0838	0.1493	0.0677	0.0188	0.0017	0.0187	0.0195	0.0032
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.1363	0.1657	0.1259	0.1279	0.2289	0.2596	0.0153	0.1326	0.0679	0.0681
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.3446	0.3793	0.4235	0.2971	0.1340	0.1272	0.0136	0.0540	0.0518	0.0478
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.3345	0.4817	0.2953	0.4818	0.1771	0.1277	0.1701	0.2737	0.0753	0.0520
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.1376	0.1696	0.1232	0.1284	0.2320	0.2604	0.0184	0.1380	0.1264	0.1264
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.3596	0.3800	0.4472	0.3156	0.1408	0.1384	0.0144	0.0632	0.1264	0.1264
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.3772	0.4768	0.2216	0.3196	0.1756	0.1420	0.0352	0.1428	0.1324	0.1276
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0736	0.0996	0.0784	0.0812	0.1612	0.2032	0.0020	0.0720	0.1264	0.1264
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.2984	0.3448	0.3972	0.2472	0.0496	0.0464	0.0024	0.0188	0.1276	0.1276
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.1020	0.2204	0.0968	0.1900	0.0948	0.0388	0.0084	0.0592	0.1484	0.1304
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.1680	0.1888	0.1784	0.1656	0.2516	0.2860	0.0216	0.1252	0.1252	0.1656
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.3444	0.3672	0.4428	0.2804	0.0996	0.1024	0.0140	0.0508	0.0248	0.0304
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.2256	0.3892	0.2068	0.2996	0.1224	0.0936	0.0216	0.1056	0.0728	0.0836
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.1536	0.1656	0.1560	0.1560	0.2368	0.2652	0.0208	0.1180	0.0856	0.1020
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.3544	0.3732	0.4492	0.2988	0.1400	0.1312	0.0184	0.0532	0.0244	0.0316
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.2204	0.3944	0.2012	0.3236	0.1412	0.1112	0.0268	0.1108	0.0496	0.0716
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.2932	0.3502	0.3362	0.3557	0.2744	0.3156	0.0500	0.1621	0.1679	0.1899
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.4412	0.4578	0.5421	0.3773	0.1539	0.1521	0.0333	0.0843	0.0537	0.0681
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.3147	0.5335	0.3359	0.4750	0.1885	0.1504	0.0509	0.1539	0.1250	0.1354
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.2764	0.3099	0.3046	0.3379	0.2654	0.2940	0.0483	0.1535	0.1172	0.1361
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.4552	0.4662	0.5455	0.3936	0.1846	0.1780	0.0393	0.0831	0.0519	0.0855
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.3142	0.5392	0.3249	0.4954	0.2169	0.1576	0.0707	0.1648	0.1025	0.1135
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.2946	0.3538	0.3439	0.3572	0.2804	0.3250	0.0508	0.1654	0.1752	0.1972
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.4510	0.4667	0.5443	0.3799	0.1580	0.1557	0.0355	0.0873	0.0538	0.0711
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.3169	0.5375	0.3402	0.4879	0.1935	0.1545	0.0514	0.1576	0.1266	0.1362
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.2849	0.3167	0.3078	0.3400	0.2730	0.3007	0.0488	0.1596	0.1203	0.1434
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.4652	0.4778	0.5468	0.3954	0.1879	0.1834	0.0463	0.0881	0.0551	0.0866
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.3269	0.5497	0.3332	0.5072	0.2215	0.1616	0.0717	0.1749	0.1048	0.1164
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.3757	0.4250	0.3988	0.4129	0.3180	0.4005	0.0735	0.1848	0.2029	0.2175
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.4860	0.5263	0.5851	0.4026	0.1888	0.1808	0.0484	0.0949	0.0604	0.0886
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.3596	0.5392	0.3521	0.5561	0.2176	0.1651	0.0750	0.1665	0.1411	0.1404
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.3583	0.3497	0.3537	0.3742	0.3463	0.3763	0.0653	0.2240	0.1466	0.1559
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.5376	0.5956	0.5790	0.4451	0.2179	0.2179	0.1055	0.1452	0.0751	0.1173
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.4375	0.6145	0.4318	0.6046	0.2430	0.1701	0.0786	0.2398	0.1160	0.1385

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 34: Effects on Maximum Outcomes of Female Children of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Summary	(01) Obs.	59	55	52	49	58	52	61	56	54	51
	(02) Control	0.8710	0.8667	0.7037	0.6923	0.8929	0.5600	0.4516	0.3333	0.1481	0.1111
	(03) Treatment	0.9286	0.9200	0.9200	0.8261	0.8333	0.5556	0.5667	0.5769	0.3333	0.2500
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0576	0.0533	0.2163	0.1338	-0.0595	-0.0044	0.1151	0.2436	0.1852	0.1389
	(05) COLS	0.0997	0.1090	0.2512	0.2093	-0.0195	0.0729	0.1076	0.2596	0.1906	0.1533
	(06) AIPW	0.0957	0.1380	0.2595	0.2017	0.0226	0.0025	0.0106	0.2481	0.1026	0.0996
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.2189	0.2494	0.0153	0.1257	0.2292	0.4873	0.1725	0.0330	0.0662	0.1111
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.1142	0.1059	0.0098	0.0464	0.4009	0.3241	0.2035	0.0303	0.0689	0.0739
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0677	0.0188	0.0017	0.0187	0.3731	0.4919	0.4626	0.0182	0.1792	0.1465
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.2289	0.2596	0.0153	0.1326	0.2506	0.4872	0.1758	0.0240	0.0427	0.0863
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.1340	0.1272	0.0136	0.0540	0.4138	0.3173	0.2089	0.0195	0.0477	0.0586
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.1771	0.1277	0.1701	0.2737	0.4400	0.5000	0.4787	0.1460	0.3614	0.3730
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.2320	0.2604	0.0184	0.1380	0.2456	0.4904	0.1852	0.0224	0.0380	0.0824
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.1408	0.1384	0.0144	0.0632	0.3960	0.3268	0.2016	0.0188	0.0436	0.0504
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.1756	0.1420	0.0352	0.1428	0.4888	0.4788	0.4192	0.1184	0.2208	0.1836
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.1612	0.2032	0.0020	0.0720	0.1816	0.4880	0.1132	0.0124	0.0156	0.0320
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.0496	0.0464	0.0024	0.0188	0.4068	0.2792	0.1484	0.0140	0.0264	0.0164
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.0948	0.0388	0.0084	0.0592	0.3512	0.4912	0.4816	0.0424	0.2556	0.2116
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.2516	0.2860	0.0216	0.1252	0.2596	0.4688	0.1988	0.0384	0.0888	0.1272
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.0996	0.1024	0.0140	0.0508	0.3952	0.3540	0.2188	0.0368	0.0920	0.1080
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.1224	0.0936	0.0216	0.1056	0.4364	0.4812	0.4980	0.0848	0.2628	0.2736
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.2368	0.2652	0.0208	0.1180	0.2316	0.4640	0.2024	0.0372	0.0780	0.1284
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.1400	0.1312	0.0184	0.0532	0.4004	0.3608	0.2212	0.0384	0.0860	0.0896
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.1412	0.1112	0.0268	0.1108	0.4348	0.4816	0.4964	0.0808	0.2612	0.2744
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.2744	0.3156	0.0500	0.1621	0.4097	0.7344	0.2760	0.0655	0.1238	0.1353
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.1539	0.1521	0.0333	0.0843	0.5101	0.3956	0.2707	0.0662	0.1191	0.1210
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.1885	0.1504	0.0509	0.1539	0.4852	0.5524	0.5458	0.1102	0.3111	0.2517
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.2654	0.2940	0.0483	0.1535	0.3724	0.7312	0.2777	0.0681	0.1120	0.1396
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.1846	0.1780	0.0393	0.0831	0.5101	0.4107	0.2736	0.0645	0.1133	0.1132
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.2169	0.1576	0.0707	0.1648	0.4797	0.5524	0.5440	0.1009	0.3073	0.2517
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.2804	0.3250	0.0508	0.1654	0.4117	0.7386	0.2809	0.0717	0.1247	0.1450
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.1580	0.1557	0.0355	0.0873	0.5113	0.4066	0.2761	0.0668	0.1207	0.1272
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.1935	0.1545	0.0514	0.1576	0.4884	0.5524	0.5586	0.1116	0.3154	0.2582
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.2730	0.3007	0.0488	0.1596	0.3728	0.7335	0.2872	0.0730	0.1146	0.1533
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.1879	0.1834	0.0463	0.0881	0.5113	0.4230	0.2801	0.0649	0.1162	0.1177
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.2215	0.1616	0.0717	0.1749	0.4863	0.5524	0.5568	0.1025	0.3118	0.2582
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.3180	0.4005	0.0735	0.1848	0.4273	0.7622	0.2895	0.1045	0.1461	0.1789
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.1888	0.1808	0.0484	0.0949	0.5177	0.4735	0.3558	0.0713	0.1324	0.1666
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.2176	0.1651	0.0750	0.1665	0.5491	0.6171	0.6352	0.1183	0.3322	0.2895
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.3463	0.3763	0.0653	0.2240	0.4108	0.7597	0.3255	0.0791	0.1406	0.2263
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.2179	0.2179	0.1055	0.1452	0.5406	0.4775	0.3737	0.0776	0.1425	0.1494
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.2430	0.1701	0.0786	0.2398	0.5491	0.6171	0.6402	0.1188	0.3211	0.3053

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 35: Effects on Maximum Outcomes of Pooled Children of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -sponded	Never Su -sponded	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Summary	(01) Obs.	32	30	39	37	32	31	39	37	31	30
	(02) Control	0.8571	0.7692	0.9474	0.9474	0.7143	0.7143	1.0000	1.0000	0.7692	0.7692
	(03) Treatment	0.9444	0.9412	1.0000	1.0000	0.9444	0.9412	1.0000	1.0000	0.9444	0.9412
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0873	0.1719	0.0526	0.0526	0.2302	0.2269	0.0000	0.0000	0.1752	0.1719
	(05) COLS	0.1240	0.1454	0.0682	0.0672	0.2284	0.2227	0.0000	0.0000	0.1511	0.1454
	(06) AIPW	0.1248	0.1791	0.0529	0.0529	0.2724	0.2678	0.0000	0.0000	0.1840	0.1791
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.2193	0.1053	0.1602	0.1605	0.0501	0.0544	0.5000	0.5000	0.0985	0.1053
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.1947	0.1638	0.1687	0.1699	0.0759	0.0844	0.5000	0.5000	0.1497	0.1638
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0718	0.0344	0.1577	0.1577	0.0093	0.0114	0.5000	0.5000	0.0281	0.0344
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.2113	0.1001	0.1541	0.1541	0.0450	0.0490	0.5000	0.5000	0.0935	0.1001
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.1890	0.1603	0.1642	0.1649	0.0688	0.0776	0.5000	0.5000	0.1456	0.1603
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.2995	0.2437	0.2258	0.2258	0.1320	0.1373	0.5000	0.5000	0.2370	0.2437
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.2388	0.0980	0.3348	0.3348	0.0416	0.0448	1.0000	1.0000	0.0904	0.0980
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.2072	0.1588	0.3348	0.3348	0.0604	0.0696	1.0000	1.0000	0.1468	0.1588
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.2244	0.1356	0.3404	0.3404	0.0480	0.0540	1.0000	1.0000	0.1224	0.1356
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.1700	0.0456	0.3356	0.3356	0.0152	0.0180	1.0000	1.0000	0.0400	0.0456
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.1468	0.0924	0.3424	0.3424	0.0300	0.0384	1.0000	1.0000	0.0748	0.0924
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.1080	0.0436	0.3892	0.3892	0.0424	0.0492	1.0000	1.0000	0.0392	0.0436
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.1816	0.0996	0.1536	0.2304	0.0508	0.0584	1.0000	1.0000	0.0908	0.0996
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.1480	0.1528	0.0500	0.1032	0.0620	0.0708	1.0000	1.0000	0.1324	0.1528
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.0736	0.0720	0.1540	0.2172	0.0200	0.0244	1.0000	1.0000	0.0600	0.0720
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.1804	0.0984	0.2300	0.2884	0.0520	0.0572	1.0000	1.0000	0.0912	0.0984
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.1844	0.1744	0.1868	0.2312	0.0844	0.0896	1.0000	1.0000	0.1564	0.1744
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.1348	0.0988	0.2556	0.2552	0.0452	0.0516	1.0000	1.0000	0.0896	0.0988
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.2433	0.1551	0.2199	0.3103	0.0844	0.0956	1.0000	1.0000	0.1506	0.1551
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.2111	0.2113	0.1221	0.1809	0.1093	0.1161	1.0000	1.0000	0.1917	0.2113
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.1483	0.1061	0.2687	0.3322	0.0496	0.0566	1.0000	1.0000	0.0986	0.1061
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.2403	0.1472	0.3206	0.3758	0.0843	0.0930	1.0000	1.0000	0.1450	0.1472
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.2569	0.2319	0.2816	0.3285	0.1338	0.1497	1.0000	1.0000	0.2084	0.2319
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.1886	0.1418	0.4125	0.4135	0.0852	0.0896	1.0000	1.0000	0.1312	0.1418
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.2485	0.1768	0.2210	0.3107	0.0921	0.1013	1.0000	1.0000	0.1702	0.1768
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.2119	0.2205	0.1254	0.1876	0.1131	0.1164	1.0000	1.0000	0.1983	0.2205
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.1506	0.1109	0.2716	0.3425	0.0519	0.0603	1.0000	1.0000	0.1000	0.1109
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.2452	0.1633	0.3212	0.3830	0.0970	0.0963	1.0000	1.0000	0.1619	0.1633
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.2622	0.2355	0.2883	0.3352	0.1351	0.1518	1.0000	1.0000	0.2107	0.2355
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.2015	0.1440	0.4312	0.4285	0.0867	0.0901	1.0000	1.0000	0.1324	0.1440
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.3283	0.2475	0.2845	0.3600	0.1768	0.1513	1.0000	1.0000	0.1702	0.2475
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.2355	0.2421	0.1334	0.2606	0.1491	0.1211	1.0000	1.0000	0.2499	0.2421
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.1595	0.1705	0.2982	0.3677	0.0611	0.0980	1.0000	1.0000	0.1235	0.1705
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.3103	0.3207	0.3594	0.4972	0.1836	0.1211	1.0000	1.0000	0.1967	0.3207
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.2972	0.3266	0.3205	0.3924	0.1646	0.1973	1.0000	1.0000	0.2621	0.3266
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.2861	0.1639	0.4802	0.4701	0.0989	0.1005	1.0000	1.0000	0.1665	0.1639

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 35: Effects on Maximum Outcomes of Pooled Children of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Attended College	Attended College	Attended College	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	33	31	28	33	31	27	32	30	26
	(02) Control	0.6875	0.6875	0.6667	0.8667	0.8571	0.8462	0.8571	0.8462	0.8333
	(03) Treatment	0.8235	0.8667	0.8462	0.8333	0.8235	0.9286	0.8333	0.8235	0.9286
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1360	0.1792	0.1795	-0.0333	-0.0336	0.0824	-0.0238	-0.0226	0.0952
	(05) COLS	0.0557	0.0863	0.1587	-0.0807	-0.0759	0.0065	-0.0731	-0.0677	0.0107
	(06) AIPW	-0.0717	-0.0268	0.0358	-0.0509	-0.0668	-0.0849	0.0096	-0.0054	-0.0103
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.1923	0.1219	0.1425	0.3985	0.4036	0.2595	0.4296	0.4372	0.2401
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.3713	0.3045	0.2011	0.2957	0.3189	0.4859	0.3165	0.3403	0.4772
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.2851	0.4120	0.3936	0.2696	0.2264	0.1751	0.4575	0.4774	0.4582
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.1803	0.1093	0.1261	0.3939	0.3987	0.2509	0.4258	0.4333	0.2285
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.3679	0.2991	0.1946	0.2916	0.3154	0.4847	0.3122	0.3365	0.4751
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.3850	0.4567	0.4527	0.4074	0.3989	0.4170	0.4847	0.4922	0.4952
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.1720	0.1044	0.1212	0.4112	0.4176	0.2668	0.4496	0.4520	0.2476
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.3292	0.2736	0.1688	0.3020	0.3188	0.5204	0.3176	0.3356	0.5012
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.4596	0.3980	0.3408	0.3196	0.2860	0.2980	0.4764	0.4280	0.4512
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.1464	0.0716	0.0908	0.3660	0.3724	0.2360	0.3956	0.4108	0.1924
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.3928	0.2844	0.1276	0.2724	0.3072	0.4872	0.2996	0.3304	0.4860
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.1684	0.2848	0.4756	0.3884	0.3432	0.2280	0.4224	0.4580	0.4984
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.2364	0.1640	0.1760	0.4340	0.4264	0.3144	0.4572	0.4820	0.2852
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.3980	0.3172	0.2116	0.2972	0.3264	0.4612	0.3264	0.3512	0.4728
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.3080	0.4112	0.4388	0.3368	0.2924	0.2292	0.4724	0.4840	0.4104
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.2292	0.1600	0.1552	0.4224	0.4152	0.3068	0.4536	0.4780	0.2804
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.4012	0.3220	0.2140	0.3184	0.3400	0.4588	0.3408	0.3620	0.4680
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.2952	0.4052	0.4308	0.3148	0.2732	0.2308	0.4716	0.4836	0.4116
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.3859	0.3017	0.3363	0.5372	0.5265	0.3371	0.5492	0.5768	0.3179
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.5074	0.4301	0.3541	0.3824	0.4025	0.5263	0.4001	0.4268	0.5180
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.3954	0.5349	0.6396	0.4352	0.3962	0.3652	0.5494	0.5817	0.5800
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.3772	0.2939	0.3191	0.5249	0.5140	0.3322	0.5467	0.5758	0.3100
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.5183	0.4301	0.3698	0.4031	0.4150	0.5268	0.4128	0.4374	0.5240
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.3889	0.5308	0.6381	0.4047	0.3708	0.3692	0.5434	0.5814	0.5811
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.3925	0.3023	0.3374	0.5465	0.5304	0.3380	0.5566	0.5881	0.3271
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.5263	0.4337	0.3587	0.3850	0.4077	0.5292	0.4025	0.4328	0.5199
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.3976	0.5413	0.6411	0.4396	0.4115	0.3760	0.5515	0.5976	0.5886
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.3848	0.2979	0.3243	0.5339	0.5183	0.3336	0.5523	0.5873	0.3179
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.5308	0.4335	0.3770	0.4120	0.4183	0.5295	0.4169	0.4424	0.5240
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.3891	0.5392	0.6415	0.4170	0.3750	0.3736	0.5482	0.5972	0.5889
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.4149	0.3321	0.3564	0.5798	0.5611	0.3835	0.5728	0.6475	0.3570
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.5858	0.4535	0.3694	0.3945	0.4692	0.5370	0.4384	0.4823	0.5438
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.4063	0.5772	0.7186	0.4824	0.4327	0.4533	0.5815	0.6949	0.6542
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.4394	0.3111	0.3875	0.5944	0.5993	0.4171	0.5980	0.6663	0.3388
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.6959	0.4417	0.3927	0.4371	0.4688	0.5504	0.4586	0.4986	0.5647
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.4150	0.5768	0.7339	0.5512	0.4367	0.3989	0.6054	0.6931	0.6283

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 35: Effects on Maximum Outcomes of Pooled Children of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	32	30	26	31	28	25	40	38	35
	(02) Control	0.7143	0.6923	0.6667	0.3571	0.3846	0.3333	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(03) Treatment	0.8333	0.8235	0.9286	0.6471	0.6667	0.7692	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1190	0.1312	0.2619	0.2899	0.2821	0.4359	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	(05) COLS	0.1327	0.1558	0.3139	0.2638	0.2397	0.5657	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	(06) AIPW	0.3352	0.3162	0.3912	0.2945	0.3074	0.4122	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.2253	0.2173	0.0555	0.0481	0.0622	0.0077	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.2542	0.2341	0.1185	0.1097	0.1492	0.0031	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0033	0.0083	0.0029	0.0105	0.0115	0.0002	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.2144	0.2031	0.0430	0.0415	0.0555	0.0073	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.2454	0.2221	0.0907	0.1070	0.1479	0.0035	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.2245	0.2857	0.3036	0.2321	0.2430	0.2250	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.2040	0.1988	0.0436	0.0416	0.0588	0.0096	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.2432	0.2224	0.0944	0.0904	0.1352	0.0108	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.2268	0.2536	0.2200	0.1108	0.1052	0.0740	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.1692	0.1576	0.0236	0.0356	0.0460	0.0272	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.2028	0.1804	0.0876	0.1204	0.1448	0.0524	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.0416	0.0652	0.0648	0.1356	0.1408	0.0592	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.2220	0.2280	0.0860	0.0808	0.0960	0.0240	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.2148	0.1976	0.0556	0.0936	0.1332	0.0040	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.0216	0.0336	0.0164	0.0916	0.0872	0.0376	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.2212	0.2268	0.0836	0.0692	0.0780	0.0192	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.2508	0.2364	0.1488	0.1212	0.1648	0.0108	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.0368	0.0524	0.0468	0.0760	0.0760	0.0228	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.2957	0.2953	0.1108	0.1464	0.1641	0.0571	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.2772	0.2590	0.0821	0.1664	0.2106	0.0206	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.0458	0.0646	0.0398	0.1648	0.1364	0.0856	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.2950	0.2926	0.1042	0.1207	0.1499	0.0499	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.3244	0.3049	0.1644	0.2032	0.2433	0.0340	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.0638	0.0895	0.0734	0.1306	0.1257	0.0549	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.3001	0.2975	0.1110	0.1471	0.1692	0.0633	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.2817	0.2615	0.0844	0.1737	0.2123	0.0207	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.0479	0.0688	0.0422	0.1702	0.1457	0.0947	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.2992	0.2938	0.1043	0.1225	0.1538	0.0512	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.3337	0.3092	0.1668	0.2172	0.2495	0.0386	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.0676	0.0975	0.0742	0.1322	0.1261	0.0586	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.3211	0.3415	0.1164	0.1877	0.2157	0.1055	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.3328	0.2869	0.0888	0.2514	0.2162	0.0229	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.0554	0.2077	0.0518	0.1806	0.1604	0.1036	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.3175	0.3123	0.1177	0.1431	0.1815	0.0645	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.3858	0.3514	0.1827	0.3329	0.3181	0.0441	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.1084	0.1083	0.0881	0.1865	0.1380	0.0861	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 35: Effects on Maximum Outcomes of Pooled Children of the Male Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	28	25	27	25	36	33	29	27	38	35
	(02) Control	0.5000	0.5833	0.3077	0.3333	0.9444	1.0000	0.7692	0.8333	1.0000	1.0000
	(03) Treatment	0.4286	0.4615	0.2857	0.3077	1.0000	1.0000	0.9375	0.8667	1.0000	1.0000
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.0714	-0.1218	-0.0220	-0.0256	0.0556	0.0000	0.1683	0.0333	0.0000	0.0000
	(05) COLS	-0.0165	0.0677	0.0629	0.2124	0.0858	0.0000	0.1452	-0.0039	0.0000	0.0000
	(06) AIPW	0.0378	-0.0170	-0.0152	-0.0456	0.0937	0.0000	0.1775	0.0644	0.0000	0.0000
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.3574	0.2770	0.4483	0.4430	0.1596	0.5000	0.1133	0.4100	0.5000	0.5000
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.4702	0.3947	0.3686	0.1646	0.1577	0.5000	0.1664	0.4893	0.5000	0.5000
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.4042	0.4551	0.4557	0.3844	0.0381	0.5000	0.0358	0.2585	0.5000	0.5000
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.3546	0.2730	0.4503	0.4452	0.1561	0.5000	0.1079	0.4065	0.5000	0.5000
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.4689	0.3862	0.3704	0.1593	0.1563	0.5000	0.1631	0.4891	0.5000	0.5000
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.4726	0.4901	0.4879	0.4674	0.1600	0.5000	0.2497	0.4602	0.5000	0.5000
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.3752	0.2852	0.4668	0.4548	0.3536	1.0000	0.1112	0.4224	1.0000	1.0000
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.4836	0.3840	0.3340	0.1432	0.3544	1.0000	0.1592	0.4764	1.0000	1.0000
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.3680	0.4284	0.4544	0.4580	0.3564	1.0000	0.1428	0.4148	1.0000	1.0000
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.3028	0.2156	0.4260	0.4276	0.3548	1.0000	0.0500	0.4032	1.0000	1.0000
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.4452	0.3468	0.3820	0.1512	0.3616	1.0000	0.0948	0.4952	1.0000	1.0000
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.4812	0.3856	0.3952	0.3172	0.3892	1.0000	0.0508	0.2788	1.0000	1.0000
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.4048	0.2780	0.4892	0.4872	0.1592	1.0000	0.1084	0.4248	1.0000	1.0000
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.4748	0.3792	0.3784	0.1452	0.0212	1.0000	0.1600	0.5000	1.0000	1.0000
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.4368	0.4836	0.4932	0.4392	0.0192	1.0000	0.0888	0.3252	1.0000	1.0000
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.3860	0.2560	0.4772	0.4732	0.1652	1.0000	0.1072	0.4212	1.0000	1.0000
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.4752	0.3908	0.3756	0.1664	0.0424	1.0000	0.1764	0.5000	1.0000	1.0000
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.4332	0.4820	0.4916	0.4416	0.0212	1.0000	0.1072	0.3152	1.0000	1.0000
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.4821	0.3352	0.6548	0.6666	0.2397	1.0000	0.1634	0.4903	1.0000	1.0000
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.5318	0.5866	0.5371	0.2877	0.0783	1.0000	0.2264	0.5985	1.0000	1.0000
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.5933	0.5184	0.5745	0.4560	0.0603	1.0000	0.1291	0.4010	1.0000	1.0000
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.4569	0.3131	0.6382	0.6415	0.2645	1.0000	0.1612	0.4865	1.0000	1.0000
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.5312	0.6021	0.5350	0.3087	0.1100	1.0000	0.2319	0.5985	1.0000	1.0000
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.5894	0.5156	0.5733	0.4592	0.0565	1.0000	0.1549	0.3896	1.0000	1.0000
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.4874	0.3435	0.6551	0.6732	0.2444	1.0000	0.1833	0.5002	1.0000	1.0000
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.5399	0.5946	0.5430	0.2972	0.0869	1.0000	0.2356	0.6040	1.0000	1.0000
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.5985	0.5187	0.5763	0.4607	0.0606	1.0000	0.1331	0.4091	1.0000	1.0000
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.4587	0.3218	0.6415	0.6471	0.2682	1.0000	0.1764	0.4907	1.0000	1.0000
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.5388	0.6122	0.5408	0.3124	0.1107	1.0000	0.2350	0.6040	1.0000	1.0000
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.5944	0.5159	0.5763	0.4636	0.0623	1.0000	0.1561	0.3961	1.0000	1.0000
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.5493	0.4015	0.6613	0.7030	0.2615	1.0000	0.2134	0.5361	1.0000	1.0000
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.6058	0.6693	0.6098	0.3083	0.1923	1.0000	0.2723	0.6410	1.0000	1.0000
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.6157	0.5314	0.5867	0.4816	0.0735	1.0000	0.1628	0.4283	1.0000	1.0000
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.4647	0.3491	0.6637	0.6641	0.2865	1.0000	0.2044	0.5014	1.0000	1.0000
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.5457	0.6570	0.5630	0.3815	0.1339	1.0000	0.2568	0.6410	1.0000	1.0000
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.6106	0.5320	0.5910	0.4814	0.0752	1.0000	0.1847	0.4197	1.0000	1.0000

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 35: Effects on Maximum Outcomes of Pooled Children of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Summary	(01) Obs.	36	33	29	27	35	30	38	37	36	36
	(02) Control	0.9444	1.0000	0.7692	0.8333	1.0000	0.6667	0.5789	0.3684	0.1053	0.0526
	(03) Treatment	1.0000	1.0000	0.9375	0.8667	0.9474	0.6000	0.7368	0.6111	0.3529	0.2353
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0556	0.0000	0.1683	0.0333	-0.0526	-0.0667	0.1579	0.2427	0.2477	0.1827
	(05) COLS	0.0858	0.0000	0.1452	-0.0039	-0.0643	-0.0116	0.0973	0.2396	0.2268	0.1750
	(06) AIPW	0.0937	0.0000	0.1775	0.0644	-0.0486	0.0285	-0.0469	0.2204	0.1487	0.1411
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.1596	0.5000	0.1133	0.4100	0.1602	0.3609	0.1481	0.0809	0.0386	0.0616
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.1577	0.5000	0.1664	0.4893	0.1548	0.4776	0.2797	0.1013	0.0445	0.0367
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0381	0.5000	0.0358	0.2585	0.1942	0.4268	0.3692	0.0803	0.0882	0.0376
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.1561	0.5000	0.1079	0.4065	0.1468	0.3536	0.1430	0.0571	0.0352	0.0612
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.1563	0.5000	0.1631	0.4891	0.1408	0.4771	0.2805	0.0812	0.0453	0.0403
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.1600	0.5000	0.2497	0.4602	0.2024	0.4997	0.4033	0.1342	0.1731	0.1199
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.3536	1.0000	0.1112	0.4224	0.3576	0.3580	0.1400	0.0620	0.0328	0.0552
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.3544	1.0000	0.1592	0.4764	0.3584	0.4632	0.2620	0.0996	0.0376	0.0360
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.3564	1.0000	0.1428	0.4148	0.3684	0.4372	0.4816	0.1528	0.1200	0.0788
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.3548	1.0000	0.0500	0.4032	0.0012	0.3124	0.0876	0.0432	0.0152	0.0132
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.3616	1.0000	0.0948	0.4952	0.0156	0.4800	0.2412	0.0520	0.0236	0.0112
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.3892	1.0000	0.0508	0.2788	0.0672	0.4524	0.2440	0.0656	0.1476	0.0440
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.1592	1.0000	0.1084	0.4248	0.4512	0.3656	0.1996	0.1252	0.0512	0.0908
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.0212	1.0000	0.1600	0.5000	0.2144	0.4692	0.3032	0.1268	0.0656	0.0888
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.0192	1.0000	0.0888	0.3252	0.2116	0.4488	0.3488	0.1596	0.1760	0.1416
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.1652	1.0000	0.1072	0.4212	0.3960	0.3616	0.1932	0.1172	0.0428	0.0724
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.0424	1.0000	0.1764	0.5000	0.1652	0.4716	0.3092	0.1340	0.0508	0.0520
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.0212	1.0000	0.1072	0.3152	0.2968	0.4496	0.3432	0.1564	0.1344	0.0948
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.2397	1.0000	0.1634	0.4903	0.5117	0.6069	0.2899	0.1870	0.0971	0.1137
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.0783	1.0000	0.2264	0.5985	0.2784	0.6137	0.3713	0.1670	0.1103	0.1187
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.0603	1.0000	0.1291	0.4010	0.2845	0.4893	0.5094	0.2071	0.2107	0.1471
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.2645	1.0000	0.1612	0.4865	0.4388	0.6032	0.2864	0.1755	0.0816	0.0951
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.1100	1.0000	0.2319	0.5985	0.2262	0.6129	0.3731	0.1725	0.0824	0.0737
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.0565	1.0000	0.1549	0.3896	0.3941	0.4868	0.5077	0.2027	0.1770	0.1036
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.2444	1.0000	0.1833	0.5002	0.5163	0.6098	0.2936	0.1883	0.0981	0.1144
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.0869	1.0000	0.2356	0.6040	0.2795	0.6142	0.3780	0.1724	0.1191	0.1253
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.0606	1.0000	0.1331	0.4091	0.2845	0.4944	0.5228	0.2130	0.2142	0.1502
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.2682	1.0000	0.1764	0.4907	0.4439	0.6057	0.2915	0.1782	0.0817	0.0973
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.1107	1.0000	0.2350	0.6040	0.2329	0.6135	0.3790	0.1802	0.0880	0.0798
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.0623	1.0000	0.1561	0.3961	0.4010	0.4915	0.5208	0.2076	0.1813	0.1119
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.2615	1.0000	0.2134	0.5361	0.5721	0.6814	0.3102	0.2150	0.1025	0.1420
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.1923	1.0000	0.2723	0.6410	0.3009	0.6356	0.4128	0.1933	0.1949	0.1633
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.0735	1.0000	0.1628	0.4283	0.3475	0.5252	0.6187	0.2163	0.2538	0.2094
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.2865	1.0000	0.2044	0.5014	0.4971	0.6120	0.3799	0.1846	0.0979	0.1294
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.1339	1.0000	0.2568	0.6410	0.2679	0.6532	0.4051	0.2337	0.1086	0.1126
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.0752	1.0000	0.1847	0.4197	0.4756	0.5182	0.5245	0.2619	0.2073	0.1305

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 36: Effects on Maximum Outcomes of Male Children of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -sponded	Never Su -sponded	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Summary	(01) Obs.	24	23	27	27	24	23	28	28	23	22
	(02) Control	0.7000	0.5556	0.8667	0.8667	0.5455	0.5000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6000	0.5556
	(03) Treatment	0.7857	0.7857	0.9167	0.9167	0.6923	0.6923	1.0000	1.0000	0.7692	0.7692
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0857	0.2302	0.0500	0.0500	0.1469	0.1923	0.0000	0.0000	0.1692	0.2137
	(05) COLS	0.0006	0.1078	0.0838	0.0838	-0.0140	0.0283	0.0000	0.0000	0.0199	0.0593
	(06) AIPW	-0.1484	-0.0359	0.0731	0.0727	-0.0605	-0.0453	0.0000	0.0000	-0.1083	-0.0922
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.3161	0.1164	0.3450	0.3450	0.2296	0.1719	0.5000	0.5000	0.1889	0.1408
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.4990	0.3108	0.2377	0.2377	0.4752	0.4497	0.5000	0.5000	0.4650	0.3973
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.1209	0.3965	0.2302	0.2310	0.3477	0.3849	0.5000	0.5000	0.1886	0.2486
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.3212	0.1317	0.3334	0.3334	0.2320	0.1749	0.5000	0.5000	0.2005	0.1547
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.4991	0.3301	0.2404	0.2404	0.4776	0.4548	0.5000	0.5000	0.4692	0.4114
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.4295	0.4867	0.3274	0.3282	0.4657	0.4748	0.5000	0.5000	0.4572	0.4662
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.3316	0.1280	0.3732	0.3732	0.2324	0.1760	1.0000	1.0000	0.1928	0.1540
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.4044	0.2600	0.2428	0.2428	0.4708	0.3904	1.0000	1.0000	0.3948	0.3296
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.3604	0.4296	0.2528	0.2496	0.4872	0.4784	1.0000	1.0000	0.4092	0.3776
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.2712	0.0932	0.3528	0.3528	0.1820	0.1420	1.0000	1.0000	0.1512	0.1140
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.4044	0.3620	0.1668	0.1668	0.4132	0.4980	1.0000	1.0000	0.4640	0.4768
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.1924	0.4800	0.2296	0.2300	0.3028	0.3464	1.0000	1.0000	0.2572	0.3896
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.3388	0.1388	0.3840	0.3840	0.2372	0.1848	1.0000	1.0000	0.2144	0.1656
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.4616	0.2708	0.2824	0.2824	0.5000	0.4252	1.0000	1.0000	0.4160	0.3568
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.2624	0.4276	0.3048	0.3084	0.3936	0.4312	1.0000	1.0000	0.2964	0.3336
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.3008	0.1324	0.3772	0.3772	0.2184	0.1744	1.0000	1.0000	0.1956	0.1540
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.4616	0.2788	0.2328	0.2328	0.5004	0.4276	1.0000	1.0000	0.4196	0.3620
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.2512	0.4332	0.2848	0.2840	0.3960	0.4328	1.0000	1.0000	0.2820	0.3384
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.4535	0.2057	0.4520	0.4520	0.3236	0.2778	1.0000	1.0000	0.2967	0.2438
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.5778	0.3760	0.3789	0.3789	0.5573	0.5352	1.0000	1.0000	0.5534	0.4735
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.3405	0.4832	0.4026	0.4041	0.4574	0.4945	1.0000	1.0000	0.3513	0.3816
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.4215	0.1916	0.4472	0.4472	0.2941	0.2538	1.0000	1.0000	0.2702	0.2236
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.5778	0.3837	0.3124	0.3124	0.5601	0.5316	1.0000	1.0000	0.5613	0.4843
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.3216	0.4879	0.3734	0.3644	0.4632	0.5020	1.0000	1.0000	0.3333	0.3826
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.4546	0.2103	0.4551	0.4551	0.3277	0.2805	1.0000	1.0000	0.3077	0.2512
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.5965	0.3825	0.3821	0.3821	0.5624	0.5414	1.0000	1.0000	0.5570	0.4781
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.3430	0.4964	0.4058	0.4070	0.4616	0.4961	1.0000	1.0000	0.3522	0.3876
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.4262	0.1983	0.4513	0.4513	0.2959	0.2553	1.0000	1.0000	0.2787	0.2260
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.5965	0.3899	0.3151	0.3151	0.5672	0.5410	1.0000	1.0000	0.5677	0.4866
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.3266	0.5008	0.3826	0.3676	0.4648	0.5035	1.0000	1.0000	0.3359	0.3905
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.5151	0.2347	0.4951	0.4951	0.3569	0.3256	1.0000	1.0000	0.3736	0.2724
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.6583	0.4073	0.3846	0.3846	0.5905	0.5574	1.0000	1.0000	0.5912	0.6071
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.4940	0.5802	0.4103	0.4163	0.4944	0.5453	1.0000	1.0000	0.3726	0.4499
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.4410	0.2890	0.4905	0.4905	0.3384	0.2789	1.0000	1.0000	0.3852	0.2504
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.6583	0.4033	0.3298	0.3298	0.5672	0.6000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6530	0.5706
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.3304	0.5320	0.4108	0.3896	0.4822	0.5541	1.0000	1.0000	0.3868	0.4517

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 36: Effects on Maximum Outcomes of Male Children of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Attended College	Attended College	Attended College	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	24	24	22	24	24	23	23	23	22
	(02) Control	0.3333	0.3333	0.2727	0.6364	0.5455	0.5455	0.6364	0.5455	0.5455
	(03) Treatment	0.5833	0.5833	0.5455	0.7692	0.7692	0.8333	0.7500	0.7500	0.8182
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.2500	0.2500	0.2727	0.1329	0.2238	0.2879	0.1136	0.2045	0.2727
	(05) COLS	0.1998	0.1998	0.2870	0.1709	0.2634	0.2828	0.1824	0.2792	0.2838
	(06) AIPW	0.1161	0.1138	0.1226	0.5010	0.3576	0.4461	0.4892	0.3521	0.4296
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.1070	0.1070	0.0908	0.2480	0.1348	0.0729	0.2846	0.1616	0.0888
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.2246	0.2246	0.1544	0.1891	0.0781	0.0557	0.1958	0.0825	0.0643
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.2353	0.2408	0.2386	0.0001	0.0025	0.0005	0.0001	0.0027	0.0007
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.1065	0.1065	0.0927	0.2427	0.1206	0.0566	0.2815	0.1495	0.0734
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.2384	0.2384	0.1695	0.1914	0.0869	0.0591	0.2116	0.1009	0.0850
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.4125	0.4141	0.4377	0.1578	0.1902	0.2801	0.1845	0.2243	0.2874
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.1024	0.1024	0.0944	0.2268	0.1168	0.0532	0.2688	0.1472	0.0700
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.2004	0.2004	0.1300	0.1572	0.0740	0.0528	0.1576	0.0732	0.0632
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.1944	0.1944	0.2164	0.2156	0.1152	0.1329	0.2188	0.1208	0.1393
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0976	0.0976	0.0912	0.2088	0.0980	0.0508	0.2524	0.1240	0.0664
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.2156	0.2156	0.1884	0.1312	0.0516	0.0228	0.1620	0.0724	0.0360
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.4928	0.4964	0.4960	0.0080	0.0488	0.0116	0.0108	0.0576	0.0160
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.1580	0.1580	0.1180	0.2664	0.1580	0.0928	0.3204	0.1940	0.1256
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.2168	0.2168	0.1344	0.1704	0.0876	0.0860	0.1680	0.0908	0.1004
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.3280	0.3324	0.3216	0.0256	0.0776	0.0432	0.0320	0.0936	0.0560
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.1224	0.1224	0.1072	0.2664	0.1604	0.1064	0.3192	0.1920	0.1328
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.2392	0.2392	0.1580	0.1964	0.0928	0.0836	0.1996	0.0960	0.0948
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.3124	0.3160	0.3124	0.0348	0.0652	0.0480	0.0412	0.0708	0.0568
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.2463	0.2463	0.2120	0.3360	0.2166	0.1302	0.3827	0.2498	0.1565
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.3117	0.3117	0.2292	0.2012	0.1136	0.0992	0.2012	0.1159	0.1156
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.4707	0.4666	0.4757	0.0409	0.0922	0.0529	0.0490	0.1034	0.0708
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.2110	0.2110	0.1866	0.3331	0.2161	0.1271	0.3827	0.2494	0.1591
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.3548	0.3548	0.2756	0.2333	0.1253	0.0894	0.2408	0.1247	0.1029
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.4593	0.4584	0.4626	0.0450	0.0825	0.0504	0.0519	0.0883	0.0637
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.2487	0.2487	0.2162	0.3512	0.2178	0.1328	0.3867	0.2541	0.1572
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.3164	0.3164	0.2350	0.2059	0.1168	0.0994	0.2047	0.1214	0.1169
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.4791	0.4716	0.4785	0.0424	0.0990	0.0534	0.0494	0.1096	0.0781
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.2113	0.2113	0.1878	0.3480	0.2176	0.1371	0.3867	0.2545	0.1698
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.3622	0.3622	0.2784	0.2388	0.1294	0.0920	0.2461	0.1280	0.1089
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.4664	0.4652	0.4639	0.0476	0.0861	0.0535	0.0540	0.0925	0.0676
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.2960	0.2960	0.2829	0.3621	0.2289	0.1840	0.4089	0.3007	0.2208
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.3938	0.3938	0.2880	0.2455	0.1410	0.1370	0.2500	0.1800	0.1349
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.6180	0.4877	0.5214	0.0618	0.1320	0.0633	0.0674	0.1263	0.1051
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.2692	0.2692	0.2150	0.3935	0.2292	0.1692	0.4089	0.2871	0.2277
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.3748	0.3748	0.2862	0.2630	0.1610	0.1189	0.2984	0.1411	0.1400
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.4917	0.5203	0.4856	0.0627	0.0982	0.0596	0.0790	0.0929	0.0884

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 36: Effects on Maximum Outcomes of Male Children of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	23	23	22	23	23	22	30	30	28
	(02) Control	0.5455	0.4545	0.4545	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.9375	0.9375	0.9333
	(03) Treatment	0.6667	0.6667	0.7273	0.4167	0.4167	0.4545	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1212	0.2121	0.2727	0.4167	0.4167	0.4545	0.0625	0.0625	0.0667
	(05) COLS	0.2114	0.3092	0.3214	0.5431	0.5223	0.5613	0.0767	0.0767	0.0832
	(06) AIPW	0.3710	0.3519	0.4519	0.4870	0.4890	0.4976	0.0986	0.0986	0.0940
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.2850	0.1644	0.1034	0.0042	0.0042	0.0036	0.1447	0.1447	0.1438
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.1688	0.0696	0.0647	0.0015	0.0012	0.0011	0.1566	0.1566	0.1569
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0030	0.0042	0.0020	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.1472	0.1472	0.1548
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.2809	0.1522	0.0863	0.0019	0.0019	0.0014	0.1421	0.1421	0.1440
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.1885	0.0901	0.0927	0.0071	0.0048	0.0052	0.1451	0.1451	0.1472
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.3351	0.2832	0.2393	0.0302	0.0297	0.0570	0.1484	0.1484	0.1863
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.2776	0.1604	0.0992	0.0040	0.0040	0.0040	0.3616	0.3616	0.3616
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.1332	0.0616	0.0552	0.0120	0.0060	0.0068	0.3660	0.3660	0.3668
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.2944	0.1544	0.1497	0.0136	0.0124	0.0132	0.3716	0.3716	0.3884
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.2544	0.1304	0.0748	0.0088	0.0088	0.0096	0.3648	0.3648	0.3644
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.1508	0.0776	0.0556	0.0172	0.0172	0.0300	0.3760	0.3760	0.3792
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.0804	0.0672	0.0300	0.0472	0.0476	0.0452	0.4192	0.4192	0.4404
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.3140	0.1952	0.1276	0.0172	0.0144	0.0112	0.2608	0.2608	0.2588
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.1736	0.0876	0.1032	0.0056	0.0068	0.0056	0.1844	0.1844	0.1892
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.1132	0.1060	0.0648	0.0472	0.0308	0.0316	0.1556	0.1540	0.1464
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.3140	0.1828	0.1276	0.0092	0.0088	0.0084	0.2448	0.2448	0.2452
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.1764	0.0812	0.0888	0.0060	0.0048	0.0048	0.2384	0.2384	0.2424
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.0872	0.0744	0.0576	0.0220	0.0136	0.0164	0.2384	0.2432	0.2316
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.3741	0.2318	0.1579	0.0499	0.0452	0.0371	0.3266	0.3266	0.3334
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.2076	0.1163	0.1196	0.0220	0.0262	0.0290	0.2532	0.2532	0.2397
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.1321	0.1226	0.0800	0.0912	0.0699	0.0657	0.2147	0.2114	0.2111
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.3741	0.2276	0.1583	0.0399	0.0382	0.0362	0.3120	0.3120	0.3162
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.2209	0.1174	0.1026	0.0305	0.0236	0.0250	0.3006	0.3006	0.2900
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.1095	0.0947	0.0741	0.0588	0.0476	0.0454	0.3250	0.3207	0.2895
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.3742	0.2321	0.1630	0.0580	0.0474	0.0384	0.3305	0.3305	0.3404
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.2120	0.1185	0.1268	0.0250	0.0262	0.0297	0.2578	0.2578	0.2445
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.1333	0.1242	0.0818	0.0935	0.0745	0.0663	0.2168	0.2124	0.2139
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.3742	0.2292	0.1628	0.0410	0.0437	0.0373	0.3189	0.3189	0.3209
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.2237	0.1186	0.1033	0.0317	0.0245	0.0262	0.3013	0.3013	0.2990
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.1147	0.0949	0.0761	0.0637	0.0479	0.0456	0.3264	0.3227	0.2971
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.3939	0.2511	0.1804	0.1360	0.0735	0.0519	0.4166	0.4166	0.3688
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.2444	0.1265	0.1418	0.0319	0.0294	0.0439	0.2824	0.2824	0.3056
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.1435	0.1468	0.0849	0.0978	0.1182	0.0819	0.2474	0.2156	0.2400
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.3947	0.2677	0.1772	0.0958	0.0699	0.0558	0.3622	0.3622	0.3555
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.2390	0.1326	0.1928	0.0367	0.0765	0.0367	0.3016	0.3016	0.3876
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.1199	0.1110	0.0945	0.0883	0.0543	0.0661	0.3793	0.3664	0.3441

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 36: Effects on Maximum Outcomes of Male Children of the Male Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	23	22	23	22	26	25	23	22	29	27
	(02) Control	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.5833	0.5833	0.4000	0.4000	0.9333	0.9286
	(03) Treatment	0.1667	0.1818	0.1667	0.1818	0.8571	0.8462	0.6923	0.6667	1.0000	1.0000
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1667	0.1818	0.1667	0.1818	0.2738	0.2628	0.2923	0.2667	0.0667	0.0714
	(05) COLS	0.2859	0.3153	0.2859	0.3153	0.2456	0.2046	0.1570	0.1046	0.0679	0.0777
	(06) AIPW	0.2635	0.2567	0.2635	0.2567	0.1773	0.1787	0.1024	0.1191	0.0462	0.0611
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.0731	0.0724	0.0731	0.0724	0.0511	0.0634	0.0729	0.1003	0.1420	0.1408
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.0355	0.0352	0.0355	0.0352	0.1490	0.1957	0.2229	0.3035	0.1486	0.1462
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0013	0.0028	0.0013	0.0028	0.0934	0.0950	0.2510	0.2319	0.1722	0.1215
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.0629	0.0618	0.0629	0.0618	0.0444	0.0491	0.0688	0.0887	0.1473	0.1479
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.0425	0.0439	0.0425	0.0439	0.1424	0.1881	0.2380	0.3177	0.1779	0.1759
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.1943	0.2041	0.1943	0.2041	0.3523	0.3878	0.4153	0.4128	0.2957	0.3045
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.1264	0.1264	0.1264	0.1264	0.0488	0.0524	0.0780	0.0984	0.3624	0.3624
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.1264	0.1264	0.1264	0.1264	0.1236	0.1580	0.2064	0.2801	0.3632	0.3624
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.1308	0.1320	0.1308	0.1320	0.1596	0.1892	0.2944	0.3381	0.3816	0.3868
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.1296	0.1312	0.1296	0.1312	0.0272	0.0320	0.0620	0.0756	0.3660	0.3676
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.1420	0.1492	0.1420	0.1492	0.1448	0.1744	0.1972	0.2881	0.3772	0.3812
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.1468	0.1548	0.1468	0.1548	0.2732	0.2648	0.3984	0.3077	0.4348	0.4356
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.1356	0.1236	0.1356	0.1236	0.0796	0.1100	0.0908	0.1424	0.2072	0.2072
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.0168	0.0148	0.0168	0.0148	0.1144	0.1760	0.2004	0.2948	0.2180	0.1708
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.0584	0.0608	0.0568	0.0608	0.2072	0.2092	0.2996	0.2872	0.4004	0.1700
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.1280	0.1216	0.1280	0.1216	0.0700	0.1012	0.0792	0.1204	0.1780	0.1752
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.0064	0.0040	0.0064	0.0040	0.1632	0.2096	0.1968	0.2860	0.3276	0.2408
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.0236	0.0228	0.0232	0.0228	0.1840	0.1892	0.3072	0.3040	0.4884	0.2692
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.2083	0.1951	0.2083	0.1951	0.0950	0.1143	0.1512	0.2089	0.2694	0.2700
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.0438	0.0393	0.0438	0.0393	0.1165	0.1583	0.2879	0.4032	0.3089	0.2590
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.0997	0.1064	0.0997	0.1064	0.1895	0.1709	0.3891	0.3466	0.4341	0.2642
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.1920	0.1834	0.1920	0.1834	0.0872	0.1101	0.1298	0.1610	0.2409	0.2289
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.0349	0.0297	0.0349	0.0297	0.1513	0.1926	0.2775	0.3948	0.3869	0.3266
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.0556	0.0586	0.0526	0.0586	0.1674	0.1596	0.3959	0.3761	0.4761	0.2893
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.2105	0.2029	0.2105	0.2029	0.0987	0.1156	0.1557	0.2090	0.2821	0.2803
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.0466	0.0396	0.0466	0.0396	0.1225	0.1633	0.2995	0.4080	0.3205	0.2627
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.1017	0.1081	0.1017	0.1081	0.1920	0.1775	0.3931	0.3497	0.4397	0.2774
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.1958	0.1916	0.1958	0.1916	0.0925	0.1107	0.1364	0.1739	0.2421	0.2368
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.0383	0.0306	0.0383	0.0306	0.1600	0.1958	0.2910	0.3952	0.4037	0.3319
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.0600	0.0601	0.0557	0.0601	0.1736	0.1660	0.4013	0.3781	0.4801	0.2952
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.2574	0.2443	0.2574	0.2443	0.1207	0.1279	0.2172	0.2439	0.3421	0.3296
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.0668	0.0400	0.0668	0.0400	0.1301	0.1835	0.4569	0.4226	0.3488	0.2819
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.1172	0.1311	0.1158	0.1142	0.2146	0.2167	0.4433	0.4413	0.5068	0.3306
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.2180	0.2405	0.2180	0.2405	0.1251	0.1379	0.1631	0.2334	0.2525	0.2558
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.0550	0.0358	0.0550	0.0358	0.1881	0.2082	0.3558	0.3964	0.4507	0.4016
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.0985	0.1096	0.0669	0.0670	0.2189	0.2093	0.4449	0.4000	0.5462	0.4001

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 36: Effects on Maximum Outcomes of Male Children of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Summary	(01) Obs.	26	25	23	22	26	20	29	28	28	28
	(02) Control	0.5833	0.5833	0.4000	0.4000	0.9167	0.5455	0.5333	0.3333	0.0000	0.0000
	(03) Treatment	0.8571	0.8462	0.6923	0.6667	0.7857	0.6667	0.4286	0.4615	0.1538	0.2308
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.2738	0.2628	0.2923	0.2667	-0.1310	0.1212	-0.1048	0.1282	0.1538	0.2308
	(05) COLS	0.2456	0.2046	0.1570	0.1046	-0.1893	0.0370	-0.2279	0.0261	0.1073	0.1851
	(06) AIPW	0.1773	0.1787	0.1024	0.1191	-0.2533	-0.0033	-0.2443	0.0174	0.1064	0.1738
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.0511	0.0634	0.0729	0.1003	0.1660	0.2978	0.2843	0.2657	0.0695	0.0287
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.1490	0.1957	0.2229	0.3035	0.1240	0.4442	0.1190	0.4501	0.1021	0.0555
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0934	0.0950	0.2510	0.2319	0.0163	0.4925	0.0688	0.4597	0.0406	0.0075
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.0444	0.0491	0.0688	0.0887	0.1537	0.2928	0.2848	0.2331	0.0633	0.0246
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.1424	0.1881	0.2380	0.3177	0.1186	0.4541	0.1272	0.4486	0.1229	0.0612
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.3523	0.3878	0.4153	0.4128	0.1718	0.4992	0.1667	0.4750	0.2006	0.1138
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.0488	0.0524	0.0780	0.0984	0.1676	0.2844	0.3048	0.2360	0.1104	0.0360
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.1236	0.1580	0.2064	0.2801	0.1636	0.4160	0.1264	0.4920	0.1352	0.0672
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.1596	0.1892	0.2944	0.3381	0.1752	0.4716	0.1560	0.4748	0.1328	0.0828
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0272	0.0320	0.0620	0.0756	0.0856	0.2732	0.2180	0.1924	0.1132	0.0372
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.1448	0.1744	0.1972	0.2881	0.0304	0.4628	0.0976	0.3820	0.1188	0.0452
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.2732	0.2648	0.3984	0.3077	0.0160	0.4648	0.0844	0.4560	0.1436	0.0484
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.0796	0.1100	0.0908	0.1424	0.1840	0.3316	0.2828	0.3120	0.1036	0.0516
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.1144	0.1760	0.2004	0.2948	0.0972	0.4496	0.1312	0.4572	0.1800	0.0988
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.2072	0.2092	0.2996	0.2872	0.0840	0.4964	0.1304	0.4752	0.1324	0.0752
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.0700	0.1012	0.0792	0.1204	0.1468	0.2964	0.2684	0.3012	0.0592	0.0296
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.1632	0.2096	0.1968	0.2860	0.1120	0.4484	0.1212	0.4556	0.1652	0.0924
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.1840	0.1892	0.3072	0.3040	0.0808	0.4968	0.1280	0.4752	0.0988	0.0420
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.0950	0.1143	0.1512	0.2089	0.3011	0.2957	0.3187	0.4344	0.1443	0.0773
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.1165	0.1583	0.2879	0.4032	0.2250	0.4488	0.1907	0.5116	0.2228	0.1308
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.1895	0.1709	0.3891	0.3466	0.2012	0.6804	0.1683	0.5364	0.1561	0.0830
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.0872	0.1101	0.1298	0.1610	0.2688	0.2607	0.2974	0.4173	0.0958	0.0542
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.1513	0.1926	0.2775	0.3948	0.2621	0.4461	0.1754	0.5097	0.2190	0.1338
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.1674	0.1596	0.3959	0.3761	0.1808	0.6804	0.1649	0.5359	0.1275	0.0740
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.0987	0.1156	0.1557	0.2090	0.3058	0.3002	0.3221	0.4390	0.1479	0.0786
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.1225	0.1633	0.2995	0.4080	0.2258	0.4533	0.1960	0.5159	0.2262	0.1358
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.1920	0.1775	0.3931	0.3497	0.2038	0.6830	0.1685	0.5428	0.1622	0.0849
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.0925	0.1107	0.1364	0.1739	0.2729	0.2620	0.2976	0.4208	0.0992	0.0542
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.1600	0.1958	0.2910	0.3952	0.2744	0.4461	0.1764	0.5143	0.2238	0.1395
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.1736	0.1660	0.4013	0.3781	0.1871	0.6830	0.1655	0.5419	0.1327	0.0756
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.1207	0.1279	0.2172	0.2439	0.3383	0.3332	0.3410	0.5362	0.1672	0.0922
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.1301	0.1835	0.4569	0.4226	0.2350	0.4873	0.2215	0.5448	0.3415	0.1453
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.2146	0.2167	0.4433	0.4413	0.2381	0.7415	0.2020	0.6160	0.2370	0.1244
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.1251	0.1379	0.1631	0.2334	0.2896	0.2978	0.3323	0.4373	0.1130	0.0764
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.1881	0.2082	0.3558	0.3964	0.2828	0.4932	0.1862	0.5516	0.2551	0.1487
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.2189	0.2093	0.4449	0.4000	0.2415	0.7415	0.1753	0.5971	0.1448	0.1105

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 37: Effects on Maximum Outcomes of Female Children of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -sponded	Never Su -sponded	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Summary	(01) Obs.	26	24	29	27	25	25	30	28	25	24
	(02) Control	0.8462	0.8333	0.8462	0.8462	0.6667	0.6154	0.9286	0.9286	0.7500	0.7500
	(03) Treatment	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1538	0.1667	0.1538	0.1538	0.3333	0.3846	0.0714	0.0714	0.2500	0.2500
	(05) COLS	0.1927	0.1953	0.2191	0.2212	0.3978	0.4396	0.0905	0.0912	0.2907	0.2914
	(06) AIPW	0.2245	0.2424	0.3498	0.3498	0.6345	0.6275	0.1191	0.1191	0.3956	0.3956
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.0574	0.0559	0.0720	0.0726	0.0072	0.0025	0.1597	0.1603	0.0211	0.0213
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.0620	0.0635	0.0695	0.0707	0.0064	0.0021	0.1708	0.1724	0.0251	0.0255
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0135	0.0112	0.0001	0.0001	0.0000	0.0000	0.0363	0.0363	0.0012	0.0012
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.0651	0.0625	0.0642	0.0642	0.0089	0.0028	0.1468	0.1468	0.0256	0.0256
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.0672	0.0674	0.0525	0.0540	0.0064	0.0020	0.1581	0.1602	0.0285	0.0290
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.1686	0.2918	0.1819	0.1819	0.2185	0.0929	0.3049	0.3049	0.2041	0.2041
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.1356	0.1356	0.1156	0.1156	0.0152	0.0056	0.3332	0.3332	0.0464	0.0464
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.1384	0.1388	0.1156	0.1156	0.0156	0.0056	0.3332	0.3332	0.0472	0.0476
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.1616	0.1776	0.1160	0.1160	0.0200	0.0076	0.3344	0.3344	0.0648	0.0648
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.1392	0.1392	0.1180	0.1180	0.0204	0.0096	0.3356	0.3356	0.0500	0.0500
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.1436	0.1444	0.1204	0.1208	0.0244	0.0128	0.3424	0.3424	0.0568	0.0564
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.1720	0.1720	0.1416	0.1416	0.0160	0.0060	0.4468	0.4468	0.0584	0.0584
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.0660	0.0676	0.0368	0.0648	0.0100	0.0052	0.1088	0.1784	0.0216	0.0248
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.0420	0.0688	0.0072	0.0156	0.0036	0.0028	0.0452	0.0852	0.0208	0.0260
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.0580	0.0540	0.0188	0.0216	0.0036	0.0024	0.0312	0.0372	0.0168	0.0172
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.0856	0.0860	0.0572	0.0788	0.0140	0.0096	0.1316	0.1796	0.0280	0.0336
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.0420	0.0548	0.0084	0.0144	0.0096	0.0024	0.0824	0.1076	0.0240	0.0292
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.0744	0.0692	0.0180	0.0176	0.0092	0.0052	0.0368	0.0340	0.0360	0.0372
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.1186	0.1246	0.0896	0.1176	0.0313	0.0204	0.2021	0.2922	0.0455	0.0542
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.0867	0.1155	0.0326	0.0504	0.0273	0.0247	0.1319	0.1993	0.0505	0.0629
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.0990	0.0974	0.0575	0.0642	0.0279	0.0182	0.0887	0.1013	0.0463	0.0485
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.1449	0.1441	0.1199	0.1394	0.0372	0.0291	0.2394	0.3045	0.0584	0.0687
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.0840	0.0968	0.0411	0.0545	0.0302	0.0217	0.1951	0.2223	0.0589	0.0598
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.1434	0.1312	0.0520	0.0551	0.0318	0.0268	0.0914	0.0842	0.0765	0.0750
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.1236	0.1260	0.0935	0.1178	0.0315	0.0206	0.2080	0.2970	0.0492	0.0554
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.0873	0.1197	0.0350	0.0542	0.0281	0.0268	0.1353	0.2033	0.0533	0.0667
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.1013	0.1015	0.0579	0.0661	0.0282	0.0205	0.0919	0.1025	0.0473	0.0510
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.1456	0.1483	0.1261	0.1413	0.0396	0.0324	0.2470	0.3070	0.0603	0.0698
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.0844	0.0980	0.0421	0.0570	0.0323	0.0225	0.2102	0.2309	0.0629	0.0640
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.1482	0.1349	0.0531	0.0570	0.0336	0.0275	0.0979	0.0855	0.0797	0.0782
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.1784	0.1796	0.0992	0.1309	0.0354	0.0419	0.2103	0.3241	0.0628	0.0689
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.1157	0.1426	0.0553	0.0822	0.0349	0.0450	0.1592	0.2213	0.0649	0.0726
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.1279	0.1242	0.0978	0.0756	0.0290	0.0242	0.1023	0.1025	0.0590	0.1025
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.1533	0.1654	0.1382	0.1602	0.0511	0.0500	0.3309	0.3703	0.0762	0.1049
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.0924	0.1094	0.0427	0.0825	0.0370	0.0348	0.5148	0.3038	0.0746	0.0922
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.1630	0.1528	0.0845	0.0667	0.0470	0.0358	0.1538	0.0970	0.0999	0.1076

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 37: Effects on Maximum Outcomes of Female Children of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Attended College	Attended College	Attended College	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	26	24	21	27	26	21	26	25	20
	(02) Control	0.7500	0.7500	0.7500	0.6154	0.6154	0.5833	0.5833	0.5833	0.5455
	(03) Treatment	0.6429	0.6667	0.7778	0.7857	0.7692	0.8889	0.7857	0.7692	0.8889
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.1071	-0.0833	0.0278	0.1703	0.1538	0.3056	0.2024	0.1859	0.3434
	(05) COLS	-0.0764	-0.0687	0.0875	0.2826	0.2571	0.4972	0.2826	0.2561	0.4969
	(06) AIPW	-0.2688	-0.2594	-0.0591	0.4112	0.3915	0.5603	0.4963	0.4766	0.6896
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.2892	0.3385	0.4455	0.1510	0.1843	0.0330	0.1145	0.1431	0.0214
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.3699	0.3905	0.3665	0.0524	0.0788	0.0074	0.0569	0.0859	0.0082
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0518	0.0651	0.3523	0.0020	0.0043	0.0000	0.0009	0.0020	0.0000
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.2648	0.3158	0.4377	0.1646	0.1966	0.0481	0.1287	0.1562	0.0340
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.3586	0.3814	0.3725	0.0832	0.1151	0.0293	0.0879	0.1219	0.0350
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.3053	0.3157	0.4594	0.2493	0.2604	0.0884	0.2231	0.2327	0.0891
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.2752	0.3236	0.4220	0.1588	0.1932	0.0536	0.1272	0.1568	0.0408
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.4320	0.4300	0.3676	0.0880	0.1224	0.0364	0.0916	0.1284	0.0380
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.4488	0.4480	0.4076	0.1140	0.1308	0.0520	0.0996	0.1116	0.0432
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.2124	0.2668	0.4476	0.1184	0.1516	0.0388	0.0868	0.1140	0.0320
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.2604	0.3040	0.3152	0.0520	0.0736	0.0576	0.0556	0.0792	0.0592
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.0828	0.1020	0.2772	0.0148	0.0180	0.0100	0.0060	0.0100	0.0028
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.2880	0.3428	0.4808	0.1732	0.2096	0.0736	0.1480	0.1876	0.0560
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.3624	0.3760	0.3588	0.0572	0.0764	0.0080	0.0656	0.0872	0.0116
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.1836	0.1940	0.4352	0.0316	0.0404	0.0156	0.0128	0.0176	0.0120
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.2808	0.3364	0.4748	0.1492	0.1884	0.0576	0.1276	0.1580	0.0492
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.3680	0.3816	0.3708	0.0556	0.0756	0.0228	0.0604	0.0820	0.0256
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.1796	0.1968	0.4376	0.0488	0.0644	0.0188	0.0384	0.0504	0.0220
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.4282	0.4720	0.5082	0.2164	0.2542	0.0954	0.2064	0.2414	0.0797
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.4933	0.4931	0.4570	0.1188	0.1421	0.0290	0.1255	0.1536	0.0372
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.2696	0.2972	0.5115	0.0692	0.0869	0.0488	0.0423	0.0457	0.0436
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.4083	0.4664	0.5035	0.1957	0.2261	0.0785	0.1757	0.1985	0.0708
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.4967	0.5017	0.4570	0.1143	0.1347	0.0467	0.1180	0.1508	0.0549
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.2762	0.3022	0.5159	0.0934	0.1102	0.0612	0.0768	0.0877	0.0598
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.4304	0.4793	0.5093	0.2177	0.2595	0.0990	0.2116	0.2432	0.0807
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.4986	0.4972	0.4600	0.1221	0.1453	0.0297	0.1369	0.1556	0.0394
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.2701	0.2993	0.5157	0.0708	0.0891	0.0537	0.0442	0.0465	0.0457
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.4196	0.4722	0.5070	0.2004	0.2318	0.0797	0.1842	0.1991	0.0756
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.5013	0.5088	0.4600	0.1166	0.1412	0.0497	0.1238	0.1558	0.0551
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.2787	0.3051	0.5200	0.0940	0.1145	0.0680	0.0804	0.0909	0.0621
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.4553	0.5156	0.5454	0.2362	0.2858	0.1570	0.2498	0.2767	0.1083
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.5240	0.5546	0.5818	0.1482	0.1658	0.0349	0.2233	0.1747	0.0484
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.2770	0.3652	0.5436	0.0884	0.1019	0.0892	0.0453	0.0476	0.0571
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.4570	0.5053	0.5823	0.2570	0.2721	0.0889	0.2171	0.2535	0.0991
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.6098	0.5405	0.4739	0.1590	0.1967	0.0810	0.2122	0.1766	0.0805
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.3149	0.3313	0.5297	0.1097	0.1403	0.0956	0.0986	0.1091	0.0729

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 37: Effects on Maximum Outcomes of Female Children of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	26	25	20	26	24	20	31	29	26
	(02) Control	0.5000	0.5000	0.4545	0.4167	0.4167	0.3636	0.9333	0.9333	0.9333
	(03) Treatment	0.7857	0.7692	0.8889	0.5000	0.5000	0.6667	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.2857	0.2692	0.4343	0.0833	0.0833	0.3030	0.0667	0.0667	0.0667
	(05) COLS	0.3890	0.3632	0.6299	0.1318	0.1118	0.5006	0.0794	0.0775	0.0721
	(06) AIPW	0.5980	0.5782	0.8007	0.0677	0.0497	0.4016	0.0649	0.0649	0.0649
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.0459	0.0625	0.0052	0.3443	0.3516	0.0930	0.1598	0.1604	0.1615
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.0115	0.0216	0.0006	0.2913	0.3208	0.0144	0.1706	0.1731	0.1795
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0000	0.0001	0.0000	0.3287	0.3753	0.0012	0.1144	0.1144	0.1144
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.0560	0.0727	0.0097	0.3277	0.3327	0.0721	0.1493	0.1493	0.1493
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.0250	0.0412	0.0070	0.2779	0.3115	0.0147	0.1595	0.1629	0.1784
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.1625	0.1712	0.0218	0.4564	0.4683	0.1886	0.3336	0.3336	0.3336
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.0532	0.0724	0.0164	0.3308	0.3380	0.0772	0.3592	0.3592	0.3592
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.0308	0.0440	0.0152	0.2244	0.2996	0.0288	0.3596	0.3600	0.3632
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.0488	0.0508	0.0188	0.3056	0.3600	0.0520	0.3872	0.3872	0.3872
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0420	0.0532	0.0220	0.2956	0.3068	0.0800	0.3612	0.3608	0.3608
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.0292	0.0384	0.0664	0.2768	0.2868	0.0384	0.3696	0.3692	0.3728
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.0004	0.0016	0.0016	0.4516	0.4608	0.0348	0.4184	0.4184	0.4184
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.0572	0.0780	0.0264	0.3692	0.3908	0.1768	0.1500	0.2360	0.3776
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.0244	0.0316	0.0028	0.3112	0.3488	0.0272	0.1036	0.1688	0.2952
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.0068	0.0072	0.0100	0.4152	0.4252	0.1280	0.0836	0.1184	0.1912
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.0516	0.0656	0.0220	0.3444	0.3588	0.1516	0.1636	0.2252	0.3116
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.0188	0.0292	0.0076	0.3224	0.3552	0.0472	0.2552	0.2996	0.3848
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.0136	0.0184	0.0144	0.4020	0.4164	0.1048	0.1276	0.1572	0.1980
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.0937	0.1233	0.0554	0.4064	0.4288	0.1976	0.2241	0.3294	0.4448
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.0557	0.0727	0.0176	0.3780	0.4005	0.0487	0.2141	0.2834	0.4082
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.0270	0.0303	0.0354	0.4830	0.5088	0.1775	0.1754	0.2195	0.2779
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.0853	0.1010	0.0368	0.3794	0.3963	0.1732	0.2417	0.3109	0.3938
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.0491	0.0686	0.0292	0.4111	0.3966	0.0800	0.3919	0.4244	0.4847
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.0423	0.0530	0.0415	0.4664	0.4951	0.1372	0.2191	0.2408	0.2702
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.0938	0.1251	0.0591	0.4066	0.4324	0.2060	0.2305	0.3388	0.4520
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.0561	0.0735	0.0178	0.3791	0.4033	0.0487	0.2200	0.2835	0.4086
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.0297	0.0336	0.0377	0.4929	0.5152	0.1816	0.1897	0.2354	0.2803
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.0917	0.1055	0.0378	0.3826	0.4015	0.1768	0.2430	0.3253	0.4023
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.0503	0.0690	0.0295	0.4157	0.4045	0.0841	0.3936	0.4257	0.4851
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.0442	0.0536	0.0420	0.4722	0.5023	0.1382	0.2206	0.2427	0.2751
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.1112	0.1326	0.0833	0.4339	0.5186	0.2089	0.2607	0.3918	0.4918
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.0738	0.1186	0.0295	0.4352	0.4249	0.0690	0.2388	0.3229	0.4308
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.0331	0.0389	0.0394	0.5191	0.5268	0.1944	0.1949	0.2827	0.3064
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.1440	0.1405	0.0561	0.3972	0.4657	0.2049	0.3145	0.4137	0.4497
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.0653	0.0963	0.0423	0.4566	0.5354	0.1027	0.4190	0.4437	0.5534
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.0508	0.0862	0.0447	0.5542	0.5261	0.1482	0.2651	0.2812	0.2987

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 37: Effects on Maximum Outcomes of Female Children of the Male Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	22	19	23	20	29	25	24	22	30	26
	(02) Control	0.6364	0.7000	0.3333	0.3636	0.9333	0.9286	0.8333	0.7500	0.9375	0.9333
	(03) Treatment	0.3636	0.4444	0.1818	0.2222	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9000	1.0000	1.0000
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.2727	-0.2556	-0.1515	-0.1414	0.0667	0.0714	0.1667	0.1500	0.0625	0.0667
	(05) COLS	-0.2078	-0.0007	-0.0772	0.1205	0.0926	0.1189	0.1953	0.1509	0.0928	0.1193
	(06) AIPW	-0.2967	-0.1477	-0.1520	-0.0487	0.1130	0.1845	0.2424	0.2476	0.1122	0.1767
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.0985	0.1257	0.1944	0.2356	0.1435	0.1434	0.0559	0.1728	0.1447	0.1447
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.2176	0.4990	0.3371	0.2867	0.1401	0.1241	0.0635	0.1823	0.1390	0.1222
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0476	0.2007	0.1102	0.3547	0.0562	0.0070	0.0112	0.0228	0.0542	0.0072
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.0996	0.1312	0.2004	0.2424	0.1487	0.1487	0.0625	0.1667	0.1489	0.1490
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.2179	0.4994	0.3465	0.2910	0.1305	0.1112	0.0674	0.1872	0.1289	0.1089
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.3436	0.4103	0.3436	0.4567	0.1656	0.1176	0.2918	0.2949	0.1411	0.0936
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.1128	0.1412	0.2060	0.2388	0.3616	0.3616	0.1356	0.1788	0.3616	0.3616
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.2392	0.4712	0.3976	0.2884	0.3648	0.3720	0.1388	0.1836	0.3648	0.3692
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.3908	0.4964	0.2676	0.4624	0.3736	0.3624	0.1776	0.1852	0.3724	0.3632
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0764	0.0972	0.1480	0.2020	0.3648	0.3644	0.1392	0.1196	0.3644	0.3652
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.1520	0.4744	0.2692	0.2628	0.3808	0.3820	0.1444	0.1436	0.3812	0.3820
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.1020	0.2252	0.1280	0.3604	0.4336	0.3696	0.1720	0.0904	0.4284	0.3700
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.1464	0.1488	0.2216	0.2524	0.2024	0.3012	0.0676	0.1924	0.2492	0.3520
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.2244	0.4852	0.3540	0.2608	0.1280	0.1212	0.0688	0.1744	0.1088	0.1040
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.2176	0.4468	0.1884	0.4568	0.1248	0.1424	0.0528	0.1520	0.1308	0.1676
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.1344	0.1276	0.2160	0.2488	0.1924	0.2780	0.0860	0.1756	0.2300	0.3212
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.2436	0.4852	0.3568	0.2884	0.0980	0.1008	0.0548	0.1784	0.0912	0.0900
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.2256	0.4608	0.1908	0.4684	0.1104	0.1436	0.0756	0.1524	0.0952	0.1348
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.2746	0.2690	0.4594	0.5131	0.2968	0.3891	0.1246	0.2744	0.3250	0.4146
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.3101	0.5811	0.4500	0.3616	0.1927	0.1723	0.1155	0.2667	0.1777	0.1521
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.3113	0.5359	0.3741	0.5893	0.1937	0.1974	0.0972	0.2270	0.2083	0.2254
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.2528	0.2392	0.4453	0.5051	0.2859	0.3717	0.1441	0.2528	0.3113	0.4010
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.3363	0.5811	0.4558	0.3912	0.1700	0.1626	0.0968	0.2671	0.1680	0.1510
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.3344	0.5557	0.3710	0.5975	0.1963	0.2212	0.1401	0.2298	0.1767	0.2163
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.2751	0.2717	0.4615	0.5237	0.2997	0.3914	0.1260	0.2749	0.3320	0.4179
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.3172	0.5818	0.4501	0.3721	0.1932	0.1817	0.1197	0.2751	0.1827	0.1599
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.3124	0.5433	0.3744	0.5900	0.1947	0.1984	0.0999	0.2289	0.2111	0.2277
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.2545	0.2393	0.4463	0.5199	0.2889	0.3725	0.1483	0.2532	0.3181	0.4032
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.3370	0.5818	0.4588	0.3914	0.1729	0.1636	0.0980	0.2720	0.1704	0.1517
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.3350	0.5572	0.3717	0.5985	0.1992	0.2237	0.1442	0.2341	0.1819	0.2165
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.3143	0.2774	0.4748	0.5510	0.3290	0.4068	0.1796	0.2924	0.3443	0.4399
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.3998	0.6342	0.4504	0.4724	0.2212	0.2034	0.1426	0.3163	0.1870	0.1981
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.3216	0.5746	0.3758	0.5998	0.2158	0.2543	0.1205	0.2612	0.2278	0.2767
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.2615	0.2498	0.4498	0.5516	0.3093	0.4471	0.1654	0.2853	0.3491	0.4687
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.3583	0.6342	0.4796	0.3989	0.1952	0.2008	0.1094	0.2908	0.1813	0.1642
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.4171	0.6396	0.3758	0.6829	0.2890	0.2774	0.2015	0.2702	0.1973	0.2482

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 37: Effects on Maximum Outcomes of Female Children of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Summary	(01) Obs.	29	25	24	22	28	25	30	29	29	28
	(02) Control	0.9333	0.9286	0.8333	0.7500	0.9231	0.6667	0.4667	0.3333	0.1333	0.0667
	(03) Treatment	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9000	0.8000	0.6154	0.6667	0.6429	0.2857	0.1538
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0667	0.0714	0.1667	0.1500	-0.1231	-0.0513	0.2000	0.3095	0.1524	0.0872
	(05) COLS	0.0926	0.1189	0.1953	0.1509	-0.0681	-0.0651	0.2368	0.3582	0.1751	0.1165
	(06) AIPW	0.1130	0.1845	0.2424	0.2476	0.0295	-0.0050	0.0626	0.3424	0.0284	0.0666
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.1435	0.1434	0.0559	0.1728	0.1581	0.4032	0.1364	0.0584	0.1689	0.2410
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.1401	0.1241	0.0635	0.1823	0.3087	0.3881	0.1108	0.0406	0.1584	0.1474
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0562	0.0070	0.0112	0.0228	0.3912	0.4882	0.3411	0.0184	0.4190	0.2599
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.1487	0.1487	0.0625	0.1667	0.1666	0.3982	0.1362	0.0392	0.1481	0.2372
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.1305	0.1112	0.0674	0.1872	0.3094	0.3882	0.1241	0.0282	0.1498	0.1518
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.1656	0.1176	0.2918	0.2949	0.4482	0.5000	0.4177	0.1511	0.4548	0.3760
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.3616	0.3616	0.1356	0.1788	0.1748	0.3968	0.1384	0.0436	0.1424	0.2436
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.3648	0.3720	0.1388	0.1836	0.2684	0.3296	0.1068	0.0392	0.1280	0.1492
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.3736	0.3624	0.1776	0.1852	0.4864	0.4664	0.3496	0.1312	0.3772	0.2888
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.3648	0.3644	0.1392	0.1196	0.0828	0.3896	0.1036	0.0424	0.0852	0.1968
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.3808	0.3820	0.1444	0.1436	0.3068	0.4296	0.1112	0.0336	0.1304	0.1048
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.4336	0.3696	0.1720	0.0904	0.3808	0.4868	0.4280	0.0536	0.4928	0.3884
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.2024	0.3012	0.0676	0.1924	0.2096	0.4092	0.1780	0.0988	0.2084	0.2988
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.1280	0.1212	0.0688	0.1744	0.3400	0.3712	0.1388	0.0668	0.1880	0.2212
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.1248	0.1424	0.0528	0.1520	0.4376	0.4912	0.4284	0.1044	0.4908	0.4004
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.1924	0.2780	0.0860	0.1756	0.1940	0.4092	0.1664	0.0944	0.1920	0.2636
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.0980	0.1008	0.0548	0.1784	0.3368	0.3720	0.1408	0.0668	0.1804	0.1780
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.1104	0.1436	0.0756	0.1524	0.4336	0.4920	0.4200	0.0964	0.4892	0.3912
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.2968	0.3891	0.1246	0.2744	0.2723	0.5966	0.2128	0.1281	0.2459	0.2883
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.1927	0.1723	0.1155	0.2667	0.3987	0.5217	0.1757	0.1039	0.2245	0.2450
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.1937	0.1974	0.0972	0.2270	0.5073	0.6115	0.4939	0.1305	0.5183	0.4125
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.2859	0.3717	0.1441	0.2528	0.2554	0.5966	0.2021	0.1197	0.2297	0.2513
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.1700	0.1626	0.0968	0.2671	0.3990	0.5241	0.1787	0.0987	0.2167	0.2217
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.1963	0.2212	0.1401	0.2298	0.5086	0.6115	0.4813	0.1121	0.5148	0.4057
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.2997	0.3914	0.1260	0.2749	0.2775	0.5990	0.2150	0.1298	0.2481	0.2931
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.1932	0.1817	0.1197	0.2751	0.4010	0.5236	0.1824	0.1070	0.2262	0.2600
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.1947	0.1984	0.0999	0.2289	0.5076	0.6164	0.5054	0.1374	0.5227	0.4143
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.2889	0.3725	0.1483	0.2532	0.2578	0.5990	0.2039	0.1248	0.2337	0.2529
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.1729	0.1636	0.0980	0.2720	0.4000	0.5258	0.1791	0.1011	0.2169	0.2319
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.1992	0.2237	0.1442	0.2341	0.5110	0.6164	0.4927	0.1150	0.5197	0.4122
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.3290	0.4068	0.1796	0.2924	0.3589	0.6132	0.2301	0.1605	0.2780	0.4196
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.2212	0.2034	0.1426	0.3163	0.4192	0.5574	0.2259	0.1159	0.2809	0.3244
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.2158	0.2543	0.1205	0.2612	0.5426	0.6405	0.5369	0.1811	0.5428	0.4648
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.3093	0.4471	0.1654	0.2853	0.3215	0.6132	0.2749	0.1428	0.2691	0.4196
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.1952	0.2008	0.1094	0.2908	0.4362	0.5641	0.1980	0.1155	0.2408	0.2768
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.2890	0.2774	0.2015	0.2702	0.5253	0.6724	0.5398	0.1755	0.5466	0.4440

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 38: Effects on Maximum Outcomes of Pooled Children of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -sponded	Never Su -sponded	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Summary	(01) Obs.	38	37	37	36	36	35	39	38	38	37
	(02) Control	0.6842	0.6842	0.8889	0.8889	0.6667	0.6667	0.8947	0.8947	0.6842	0.6842
	(03) Treatment	0.9474	1.0000	0.9474	1.0000	0.8889	0.9412	0.9500	1.0000	0.8947	0.9444
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.2632	0.3158	0.0585	0.1111	0.2222	0.2745	0.0553	0.1053	0.2105	0.2602
	(05) COLS	0.1972	0.2901	0.0235	0.1385	0.1533	0.2413	0.0311	0.1435	0.1575	0.2458
	(06) AIPW	0.1758	0.2922	0.0078	0.1209	0.1453	0.2461	0.0050	0.1184	0.1407	0.2420
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.0128	0.0015	0.2534	0.0627	0.0438	0.0136	0.2552	0.0636	0.0459	0.0143
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.0882	0.0090	0.4293	0.0528	0.1524	0.0333	0.4064	0.0506	0.1374	0.0258
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0866	0.0021	0.4729	0.0577	0.1364	0.0150	0.4825	0.0554	0.1380	0.0135
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.0124	0.0011	0.2573	0.0679	0.0456	0.0110	0.2581	0.0676	0.0467	0.0113
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.0944	0.0150	0.4313	0.0786	0.1616	0.0455	0.4082	0.0733	0.1487	0.0371
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.1477	0.0154	0.4776	0.0945	0.1986	0.0463	0.4856	0.0948	0.2026	0.0449
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.0076	0.0016	0.3108	0.1400	0.0452	0.0072	0.3116	0.1400	0.0444	0.0088
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.1004	0.0096	0.4664	0.1424	0.1752	0.0464	0.4540	0.1408	0.1580	0.0348
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.1252	0.0056	0.4788	0.1476	0.1868	0.0308	0.4836	0.1452	0.1816	0.0240
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0024	0.0016	0.2368	0.1404	0.0180	0.0036	0.2368	0.1408	0.0144	0.0032
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.0516	0.0044	0.4704	0.1444	0.1052	0.0140	0.4536	0.1464	0.0960	0.0100
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.1192	0.0108	0.4708	0.1692	0.1656	0.0228	0.4656	0.1704	0.1768	0.0244
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.0108	0.0020	0.2624	0.0824	0.0468	0.0196	0.2592	0.0824	0.0484	0.0184
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.0684	0.0076	0.4668	0.0168	0.1704	0.0436	0.4248	0.0080	0.1500	0.0340
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.1140	0.0148	0.4628	0.0516	0.2080	0.0596	0.4612	0.0364	0.1968	0.0488
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.0104	0.0016	0.2584	0.0868	0.0528	0.0196	0.2476	0.0712	0.0524	0.0184
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.1116	0.0172	0.4948	0.0736	0.2012	0.0564	0.4776	0.0440	0.1816	0.0424
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.1404	0.0112	0.4560	0.1688	0.2240	0.0492	0.4592	0.1172	0.2096	0.0404
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.0698	0.0235	0.2945	0.1243	0.1529	0.0837	0.2909	0.1215	0.1584	0.0881
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.1077	0.0366	0.4809	0.0673	0.1825	0.0892	0.4269	0.0625	0.1894	0.0841
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.1858	0.0520	0.5417	0.1143	0.2552	0.1238	0.5628	0.0916	0.2580	0.1222
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.0714	0.0220	0.2911	0.1202	0.1768	0.0870	0.2706	0.0981	0.1787	0.0915
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.1732	0.0836	0.5037	0.1300	0.2170	0.1112	0.4830	0.0922	0.2236	0.1093
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.2218	0.0613	0.5445	0.2155	0.2672	0.1190	0.5666	0.1683	0.2642	0.1174
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.0734	0.0241	0.2972	0.1327	0.1529	0.0845	0.2921	0.1324	0.1600	0.0893
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.1119	0.0367	0.4897	0.0676	0.1881	0.0935	0.4305	0.0639	0.1904	0.0849
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.1875	0.0544	0.5486	0.1185	0.2649	0.1269	0.5660	0.0938	0.2630	0.1237
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.0717	0.0225	0.2942	0.1234	0.1769	0.0870	0.2773	0.1031	0.1793	0.0925
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.1773	0.0848	0.5122	0.1302	0.2257	0.1115	0.4870	0.0950	0.2282	0.1104
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.2264	0.0617	0.5479	0.2220	0.2673	0.1217	0.5700	0.1693	0.2716	0.1176
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.0833	0.0250	0.3176	0.1548	0.1530	0.0883	0.3298	0.1844	0.1715	0.0985
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.1211	0.0739	0.5842	0.0723	0.2101	0.1230	0.4765	0.0698	0.1981	0.0944
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.2009	0.0615	0.6473	0.1453	0.2808	0.1396	0.6055	0.1137	0.2630	0.1624
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.0748	0.0258	0.3005	0.1365	0.1839	0.0871	0.3169	0.1310	0.1804	0.0955
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.1955	0.0871	0.5292	0.1538	0.2573	0.1155	0.5414	0.0968	0.2423	0.1110
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.2375	0.0618	0.5921	0.2873	0.2780	0.1454	0.5861	0.1792	0.3193	0.1200

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 38: Effects on Maximum Outcomes of Pooled Children of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Attended College	Attended College	Attended College	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	34	33	34	36	35	35	35	34	34
	(02) Control	0.6875	0.6875	0.6875	0.6111	0.6111	0.5882	0.5882	0.5882	0.5625
	(03) Treatment	0.8889	0.9412	0.8889	0.7778	0.8235	0.7778	0.7778	0.8235	0.7778
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.2014	0.2537	0.2014	0.1667	0.2124	0.1895	0.1895	0.2353	0.2153
	(05) COLS	0.1519	0.2499	0.2097	0.2719	0.4086	0.3616	0.2747	0.4079	0.3619
	(06) AIPW	0.1459	0.2616	0.2354	0.3045	0.3932	0.3417	0.2816	0.3840	0.3441
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.0701	0.0254	0.0734	0.1356	0.0808	0.1174	0.1122	0.0662	0.0953
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.1662	0.0326	0.0711	0.0806	0.0105	0.0238	0.0773	0.0104	0.0236
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.1498	0.0133	0.0296	0.0529	0.0061	0.0153	0.0510	0.0052	0.0131
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.0684	0.0221	0.0639	0.1355	0.0783	0.1135	0.1113	0.0633	0.0912
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.1785	0.0494	0.0902	0.0901	0.0132	0.0269	0.0874	0.0135	0.0270
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.2213	0.0562	0.0829	0.0894	0.0187	0.0396	0.0851	0.0172	0.0342
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.0716	0.0240	0.0624	0.1400	0.0876	0.1180	0.1160	0.0668	0.0908
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.1784	0.0484	0.0948	0.0768	0.0076	0.0208	0.0728	0.0088	0.0212
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.2192	0.0476	0.0868	0.0696	0.0180	0.0404	0.0692	0.0208	0.0380
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0296	0.0080	0.0292	0.0852	0.0464	0.0744	0.0688	0.0408	0.0584
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.1216	0.0144	0.0336	0.0828	0.0228	0.0292	0.0812	0.0232	0.0312
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.1600	0.0200	0.0272	0.0568	0.0156	0.0292	0.0676	0.0164	0.0296
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.0872	0.0404	0.1020	0.1600	0.0992	0.1452	0.1444	0.0860	0.1192
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.1816	0.0568	0.1032	0.0456	0.0040	0.0148	0.0532	0.0064	0.0188
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.2084	0.0636	0.0892	0.0556	0.0152	0.0248	0.0696	0.0180	0.0288
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.0936	0.0380	0.0984	0.1584	0.1048	0.1408	0.1424	0.0944	0.1236
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.2048	0.0564	0.1032	0.0960	0.0188	0.0364	0.0984	0.0192	0.0344
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.2292	0.0560	0.0836	0.0856	0.0204	0.0392	0.0940	0.0212	0.0396
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.1650	0.0902	0.1731	0.1759	0.1112	0.1579	0.1602	0.1034	0.1298
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.2082	0.0864	0.1595	0.0774	0.0251	0.0479	0.0714	0.0278	0.0486
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.2500	0.0998	0.1401	0.0870	0.0424	0.0500	0.0935	0.0412	0.0446
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.1696	0.0815	0.1796	0.1759	0.1212	0.1579	0.1569	0.1110	0.1309
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.2263	0.0930	0.1530	0.1256	0.0434	0.0722	0.1242	0.0442	0.0657
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.2626	0.0921	0.1441	0.1120	0.0450	0.0777	0.1241	0.0489	0.0672
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.1654	0.0923	0.1738	0.1784	0.1142	0.1600	0.1621	0.1102	0.1309
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.2155	0.0877	0.1625	0.0805	0.0255	0.0530	0.0749	0.0285	0.0538
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.2610	0.1007	0.1440	0.0922	0.0432	0.0526	0.0954	0.0415	0.0470
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.1713	0.0831	0.1823	0.1784	0.1266	0.1608	0.1583	0.1188	0.1312
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.2336	0.0948	0.1589	0.1276	0.0451	0.0744	0.1290	0.0453	0.0659
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.2642	0.0951	0.1453	0.1152	0.0456	0.0796	0.1278	0.0497	0.0704
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.1672	0.0995	0.1774	0.2277	0.1255	0.1749	0.1697	0.1228	0.1386
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.2254	0.1068	0.1688	0.1035	0.0257	0.0568	0.0983	0.0300	0.0708
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.3237	0.1078	0.1554	0.1458	0.0714	0.0609	0.1070	0.0598	0.1509
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.2107	0.0871	0.1928	0.2089	0.1458	0.2025	0.1639	0.1364	0.2014
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.2853	0.1011	0.1750	0.1518	0.0623	0.1159	0.1465	0.0676	0.0975
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.2917	0.1040	0.2025	0.1359	0.0494	0.0976	0.1539	0.0786	0.0820

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 38: Effects on Maximum Outcomes of Pooled Children of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	35	34	34	33	32	33	38	37	37
	(02) Control	0.5882	0.5882	0.5625	0.3125	0.3125	0.3333	0.9444	0.9444	0.9444
	(03) Treatment	0.7778	0.8235	0.7778	0.7647	0.8125	0.7222	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1895	0.2353	0.2153	0.4522	0.5000	0.3889	0.0556	0.0556	0.0556
	(05) COLS	0.2747	0.4079	0.3619	0.4616	0.5589	0.4618	0.0782	0.0862	0.0862
	(06) AIPW	0.2816	0.3840	0.3441	0.4600	0.5772	0.4980	0.0688	0.0688	0.0700
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.1122	0.0662	0.0953	0.0029	0.0012	0.0131	0.1454	0.1455	0.1455
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.0773	0.0104	0.0236	0.0048	0.0004	0.0057	0.1448	0.1436	0.1436
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0510	0.0052	0.0131	0.0028	0.0001	0.0014	0.1293	0.1293	0.1302
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.1113	0.0633	0.0912	0.0019	0.0005	0.0071	0.1486	0.1486	0.1486
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.0874	0.0135	0.0270	0.0054	0.0006	0.0060	0.1718	0.1690	0.1690
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.0851	0.0172	0.0342	0.0080	0.0005	0.4463	0.1954	0.1954	0.1935
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.1160	0.0668	0.0908	0.0028	0.0012	0.0088	0.3712	0.3712	0.3712
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.0728	0.0088	0.0212	0.0072	0.0012	0.0096	0.3712	0.3712	0.3712
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.0692	0.0208	0.0380	0.0156	0.0056	0.0144	0.3712	0.3712	0.3712
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0688	0.0408	0.0584	0.0120	0.0096	0.0168	0.3728	0.3728	0.3728
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.0812	0.0232	0.0312	0.0244	0.0160	0.0212	0.3876	0.3888	0.3888
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.0676	0.0164	0.0296	0.0184	0.0064	0.0100	0.4400	0.4400	0.4376
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.1444	0.0860	0.1192	0.0048	0.0036	0.0192	0.1092	0.1336	0.1336
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.0532	0.0064	0.0188	0.0072	0.0016	0.0096	0.0116	0.0052	0.0052
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.0696	0.0180	0.0288	0.0140	0.0024	0.0108	0.0316	0.0316	0.0320
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.1424	0.0944	0.1236	0.0048	0.0040	0.0216	0.0868	0.1156	0.1156
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.0984	0.0192	0.0344	0.0120	0.0036	0.0164	0.0856	0.0716	0.0716
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.0940	0.0212	0.0396	0.0152	0.0044	0.0168	0.2144	0.1920	0.2180
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.1602	0.1034	0.1298	0.0312	0.0203	0.0406	0.1560	0.1767	0.1767
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.0714	0.0278	0.0486	0.0331	0.0161	0.0312	0.0632	0.0442	0.0442
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.0935	0.0412	0.0446	0.0356	0.0221	0.0323	0.0633	0.0666	0.0666
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.1569	0.1110	0.1309	0.0344	0.0295	0.0498	0.1255	0.1563	0.1563
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.1242	0.0442	0.0657	0.0404	0.0224	0.0369	0.1353	0.1189	0.1189
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.1241	0.0489	0.0672	0.0462	0.0241	0.0397	0.2367	0.2144	0.2358
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.1621	0.1102	0.1309	0.0324	0.0220	0.0414	0.1615	0.1787	0.1787
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.0749	0.0285	0.0538	0.0357	0.0162	0.0339	0.0640	0.0445	0.0445
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.0954	0.0415	0.0470	0.0364	0.0235	0.0331	0.0653	0.0680	0.0695
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.1583	0.1188	0.1312	0.0359	0.0314	0.0502	0.1307	0.1599	0.1599
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.1290	0.0453	0.0659	0.0428	0.0229	0.0373	0.1407	0.1212	0.1212
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.1278	0.0497	0.0704	0.0463	0.0250	0.0411	0.2477	0.2277	0.2373
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.1697	0.1228	0.1386	0.0357	0.0258	0.0522	0.1925	0.1913	0.1913
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.0983	0.0300	0.0708	0.0416	0.0166	0.0400	0.0648	0.0697	0.0697
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.1070	0.0598	0.1509	0.0427	0.0322	0.0389	0.0824	0.0752	0.0946
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.1639	0.1364	0.2014	0.0422	0.0321	0.0532	0.1914	0.1673	0.1673
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.1465	0.0676	0.0975	0.0525	0.0240	0.0457	0.1731	0.1270	0.1270
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.1539	0.0786	0.0820	0.0467	0.0337	0.0547	0.2503	0.3012	0.2416

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 38: Effects on Maximum Outcomes of Pooled Children of the Female Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	30	28	30	29	36	37	35	36	38	38
	(02) Control	0.4000	0.4286	0.3125	0.3333	0.7895	0.7895	0.6316	0.6667	1.0000	1.0000
	(03) Treatment	0.4667	0.5000	0.2857	0.2857	0.8824	0.8333	0.8750	0.7778	1.0000	1.0000
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0667	0.0714	-0.0268	-0.0476	0.0929	0.0439	0.2434	0.1111	0.0000	0.0000
	(05) COLS	0.0361	0.0601	0.0134	0.0009	-0.0484	-0.0883	0.1381	0.0333	0.0000	0.0000
	(06) AIPW	0.0608	0.1167	0.0789	0.0798	0.0296	-0.0123	0.2027	0.0845	0.0000	0.0000
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.3628	0.3588	0.4430	0.4020	0.2124	0.3598	0.0345	0.2179	0.5000	0.5000
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.4335	0.3934	0.4736	0.4982	0.3288	0.2200	0.1734	0.4178	0.5000	0.5000
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.3713	0.2746	0.3150	0.3222	0.3761	0.4502	0.0432	0.2566	0.5000	0.5000
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.3337	0.3336	0.4282	0.3787	0.2197	0.3649	0.0354	0.2180	0.5000	0.5000
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.4306	0.3908	0.4708	0.4980	0.3579	0.2616	0.2105	0.4268	0.5000	0.5000
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.3945	0.3703	0.3492	0.4914	0.4070	0.4626	0.0983	0.3121	0.5000	0.5000
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.3360	0.3416	0.4248	0.3732	0.2332	0.3720	0.0372	0.2236	1.0000	1.0000
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.4324	0.3936	0.4780	0.4996	0.3768	0.2708	0.2200	0.4352	1.0000	1.0000
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.4340	0.3464	0.4348	0.4368	0.4000	0.4516	0.0780	0.3116	1.0000	1.0000
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.2980	0.2900	0.4180	0.3508	0.1536	0.3336	0.0160	0.1540	1.0000	1.0000
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.4080	0.3672	0.4608	0.4952	0.3240	0.2012	0.1372	0.3876	1.0000	1.0000
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.3228	0.2400	0.2248	0.2364	0.3904	0.4608	0.0588	0.2608	1.0000	1.0000
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.3696	0.3728	0.4704	0.4172	0.2284	0.3832	0.0492	0.2500	1.0000	1.0000
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.4296	0.3948	0.4724	0.4920	0.3404	0.2500	0.1972	0.4504	1.0000	1.0000
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.3884	0.3204	0.3476	0.3548	0.4456	0.4436	0.1172	0.3532	1.0000	1.0000
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.3632	0.3656	0.4524	0.3908	0.2264	0.3824	0.0468	0.2484	1.0000	1.0000
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.4312	0.3972	0.4728	0.4920	0.3232	0.2228	0.2132	0.4540	1.0000	1.0000
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.3888	0.3264	0.3440	0.3560	0.4328	0.4372	0.1016	0.3360	1.0000	1.0000
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.5096	0.4606	0.6174	0.5869	0.4051	0.5552	0.1675	0.3610	1.0000	1.0000
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.5644	0.4914	0.6056	0.5891	0.4398	0.3739	0.2894	0.4758	1.0000	1.0000
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.5090	0.4129	0.4616	0.4400	0.5032	0.5928	0.2043	0.3718	1.0000	1.0000
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.5027	0.4560	0.6081	0.5601	0.4151	0.5509	0.1750	0.3610	1.0000	1.0000
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.5638	0.4919	0.6118	0.5891	0.4310	0.3530	0.3051	0.4776	1.0000	1.0000
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.5175	0.4193	0.4626	0.4446	0.4840	0.5882	0.1990	0.3584	1.0000	1.0000
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.5109	0.4648	0.6305	0.5883	0.4058	0.5571	0.1679	0.3663	1.0000	1.0000
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.5693	0.4956	0.6104	0.5932	0.4471	0.3884	0.2927	0.4844	1.0000	1.0000
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.5168	0.4158	0.4623	0.4459	0.5095	0.5938	0.2043	0.3748	1.0000	1.0000
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.5033	0.4618	0.6175	0.5672	0.4233	0.5548	0.1780	0.3663	1.0000	1.0000
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.5689	0.4960	0.6189	0.5932	0.4400	0.3692	0.3107	0.4852	1.0000	1.0000
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.5246	0.4194	0.4675	0.4514	0.4902	0.5915	0.2011	0.3674	1.0000	1.0000
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.5278	0.4953	0.7285	0.6244	0.4072	0.5866	0.2679	0.4119	1.0000	1.0000
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.5884	0.5137	0.6302	0.6292	0.5815	0.4312	0.3282	0.5480	1.0000	1.0000
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.5664	0.4610	0.4731	0.4977	0.5514	0.6820	0.2067	0.4059	1.0000	1.0000
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.5084	0.4969	0.6598	0.6353	0.4548	0.5962	0.2202	0.4123	1.0000	1.0000
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.5911	0.5151	0.6264	0.6292	0.7304	0.4325	0.3368	0.5443	1.0000	1.0000
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.5450	0.4321	0.4828	0.4797	0.6071	0.6973	0.2134	0.4235	1.0000	1.0000

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 38: Effects on Maximum Outcomes of Pooled Children of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Summary	(01) Obs.	36	37	35	36	38	32	38	34	31	29
	(02) Control	0.7895	0.7895	0.6316	0.6667	0.9474	0.4375	0.4211	0.2778	0.1333	0.1333
	(03) Treatment	0.8824	0.8333	0.8750	0.7778	0.9474	0.5625	0.5263	0.4375	0.3750	0.2857
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0929	0.0439	0.2434	0.1111	0.0000	0.1250	0.1053	0.1597	0.2417	0.1524
	(05) COLS	-0.0484	-0.0883	0.1381	0.0333	-0.0168	0.2107	-0.0177	0.1188	0.2216	0.1716
	(06) AIPW	0.0296	-0.0123	0.2027	0.0845	-0.0118	0.1123	-0.0317	0.1119	0.1950	0.1494
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.2124	0.3598	0.0345	0.2179	0.5000	0.2367	0.2519	0.1632	0.0636	0.1669
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.3288	0.2200	0.1734	0.4178	0.3091	0.1559	0.4577	0.2587	0.1160	0.1596
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.3761	0.4502	0.0432	0.2566	0.3971	0.2337	0.4159	0.2476	0.1129	0.1687
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.2197	0.3649	0.0354	0.2180	0.5000	0.2433	0.2408	0.1350	0.0429	0.1329
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.3579	0.2616	0.2105	0.4268	0.3625	0.1640	0.4575	0.2422	0.0995	0.1408
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.4070	0.4626	0.0983	0.3121	0.4183	0.2960	0.4255	0.3039	0.2503	0.3457
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.2332	0.3720	0.0372	0.2236	0.5540	0.2508	0.2548	0.1348	0.0440	0.1264
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.3768	0.2708	0.2200	0.4352	0.4280	0.1456	0.4332	0.2388	0.0920	0.1324
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.4000	0.4516	0.0780	0.3116	0.4600	0.2156	0.4072	0.2896	0.1276	0.1932
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.1536	0.3336	0.0160	0.1540	0.5540	0.1896	0.1728	0.0808	0.0244	0.0868
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.3240	0.2012	0.1372	0.3876	0.2512	0.1480	0.4588	0.1876	0.0776	0.0984
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.3904	0.4608	0.0588	0.2608	0.3708	0.3180	0.4076	0.2240	0.0932	0.1268
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.2284	0.3832	0.0492	0.2500	0.4500	0.2772	0.2156	0.1412	0.0860	0.1976
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.3404	0.2500	0.1972	0.4504	0.4160	0.1548	0.4840	0.2188	0.1280	0.1840
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.4456	0.4436	0.1172	0.3532	0.4312	0.2892	0.4576	0.2404	0.1580	0.2200
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.2264	0.3824	0.0468	0.2484	0.4500	0.2384	0.2148	0.1392	0.0776	0.1972
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.3232	0.2228	0.2132	0.4540	0.3112	0.1704	0.4848	0.2300	0.1344	0.1776
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.4328	0.4372	0.1016	0.3360	0.3924	0.2656	0.4588	0.2620	0.1712	0.2444
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.4051	0.5552	0.1675	0.3610	0.7135	0.3879	0.4760	0.2139	0.1524	0.2329
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.4398	0.3739	0.2894	0.4758	0.4920	0.2256	0.5665	0.2785	0.1567	0.2137
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.5032	0.5928	0.2043	0.3718	0.5260	0.3879	0.5185	0.3151	0.2035	0.2587
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.4151	0.5509	0.1750	0.3610	0.7135	0.3400	0.4698	0.2139	0.1397	0.2329
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.4310	0.3530	0.3051	0.4776	0.3646	0.2428	0.5696	0.2976	0.1657	0.2145
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.4840	0.5882	0.1990	0.3584	0.4811	0.3684	0.5215	0.3384	0.2124	0.2889
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.4058	0.5571	0.1679	0.3663	0.7146	0.3924	0.4869	0.2149	0.1529	0.2367
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.4471	0.3884	0.2927	0.4844	0.4945	0.2268	0.5742	0.2787	0.1579	0.2212
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.5095	0.5938	0.2043	0.3748	0.5282	0.3920	0.5237	0.3187	0.2082	0.2606
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.4233	0.5548	0.1780	0.3663	0.7146	0.3487	0.4765	0.2149	0.1398	0.2367
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.4400	0.3692	0.3107	0.4852	0.3806	0.2466	0.5783	0.2985	0.1669	0.2201
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.4902	0.5915	0.2011	0.3674	0.4886	0.3758	0.5297	0.3419	0.2145	0.2943
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.4072	0.5866	0.2679	0.4119	0.7160	0.4584	0.5318	0.2688	0.1807	0.3049
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.5815	0.4312	0.3282	0.5480	0.5070	0.2492	0.6253	0.3160	0.1596	0.2486
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.5514	0.6820	0.2067	0.4059	0.5370	0.4509	0.5368	0.4109	0.2429	0.2835
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.4548	0.5962	0.2202	0.4123	0.7160	0.4214	0.4918	0.2791	0.1571	0.3049
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.7304	0.4325	0.3368	0.5443	0.4859	0.2745	0.6361	0.3128	0.1902	0.2412
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.6071	0.6973	0.2134	0.4235	0.5210	0.4484	0.5925	0.3681	0.2316	0.3478

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 39: Effects on Maximum Outcomes of Male Children of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -sponded	Never Su -sponded	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Summary	(01) Obs.	24	23	24	23	23	22	26	25	23	22
	(02) Control	0.3846	0.3846	0.7500	0.7500	0.3333	0.3333	0.8462	0.8462	0.3333	0.3333
	(03) Treatment	0.8182	0.8000	0.8333	0.8182	0.7273	0.7000	0.8462	0.8333	0.7273	0.7000
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.4336	0.4154	0.0833	0.0682	0.3939	0.3667	0.0000	-0.0128	0.3939	0.3667
	(05) COLS	0.5306	0.5206	0.1351	0.1402	0.4712	0.4527	0.1012	0.1046	0.4712	0.4527
	(06) AIPW	0.5619	0.5501	0.1963	0.1912	0.4638	0.4482	0.1169	0.1132	0.4662	0.4506
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.0099	0.0159	0.3143	0.3514	0.0245	0.0393	0.5000	0.4666	0.0245	0.0393
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.0026	0.0033	0.2114	0.2093	0.0083	0.0124	0.2550	0.2528	0.0083	0.0124
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0013	0.0017	0.1309	0.1396	0.0099	0.0128	0.2186	0.2274	0.0095	0.0123
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.0093	0.0151	0.3108	0.3486	0.0207	0.0335	0.5000	0.4664	0.0207	0.0335
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.0061	0.0087	0.2343	0.2322	0.0153	0.0228	0.2652	0.2624	0.0153	0.0228
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.2201	0.2292	0.3788	0.3822	0.4661	0.4672	0.4177	0.4233	0.4659	0.4671
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.0144	0.0224	0.3196	0.3520	0.0272	0.0408	0.4984	0.4736	0.0272	0.0408
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.0124	0.0156	0.2304	0.2244	0.0200	0.0300	0.2668	0.2632	0.0200	0.0300
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.0332	0.0388	0.2012	0.2032	0.0584	0.0676	0.2948	0.2908	0.0580	0.0676
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0212	0.0264	0.2848	0.3304	0.0384	0.0508	0.4984	0.4648	0.0384	0.0508
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.0160	0.0184	0.1464	0.1484	0.0244	0.0268	0.2136	0.2160	0.0244	0.0268
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.0184	0.0232	0.1792	0.1868	0.0360	0.0408	0.2456	0.2568	0.0344	0.0392
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.0320	0.0384	0.3924	0.4288	0.0520	0.0792	0.4776	0.4796	0.0520	0.0792
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.0180	0.0268	0.2784	0.2804	0.0348	0.0504	0.2836	0.2872	0.0348	0.0504
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.0196	0.0244	0.2328	0.2348	0.0548	0.0684	0.3000	0.3008	0.0552	0.0672
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.0320	0.0384	0.3924	0.4236	0.0520	0.0788	0.4776	0.4796	0.0520	0.0788
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.0184	0.0220	0.2680	0.2652	0.0292	0.0388	0.2992	0.2984	0.0292	0.0388
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.0280	0.0328	0.2412	0.2472	0.0616	0.0720	0.3028	0.3060	0.0584	0.0700
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.0608	0.0764	0.4569	0.4987	0.0627	0.1061	0.5421	0.6924	0.0627	0.1061
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.0315	0.0472	0.3277	0.3364	0.0534	0.0783	0.3292	0.3335	0.0534	0.0783
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.0375	0.0461	0.3127	0.3111	0.0655	0.0855	0.3458	0.3467	0.0665	0.0857
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.0608	0.0764	0.4569	0.4947	0.0606	0.1061	0.5421	0.6924	0.0606	0.1061
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.0339	0.0412	0.3223	0.3189	0.0487	0.0570	0.3520	0.3460	0.0487	0.0570
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.0497	0.0587	0.3012	0.3171	0.0726	0.0914	0.3467	0.3510	0.0716	0.0914
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.0611	0.0781	0.4611	0.5004	0.0644	0.1114	0.5596	0.6948	0.0644	0.1114
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.0334	0.0488	0.3340	0.3424	0.0603	0.0843	0.3304	0.3358	0.0603	0.0843
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.0380	0.0464	0.3152	0.3147	0.0663	0.0915	0.3526	0.3483	0.0730	0.0945
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.0611	0.0781	0.4611	0.4948	0.0644	0.1114	0.5596	0.6948	0.0644	0.1114
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.0364	0.0448	0.3314	0.3257	0.0550	0.0641	0.3569	0.3518	0.0550	0.0641
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.0510	0.0591	0.3020	0.3215	0.0768	0.0939	0.3483	0.3514	0.0735	0.0964
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.0616	0.0799	0.4619	0.5118	0.0790	0.1307	0.6050	0.7042	0.0790	0.1307
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.0426	0.0592	0.3544	0.3701	0.0731	0.0878	0.3949	0.3414	0.0731	0.0878
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.0463	0.0589	0.3253	0.3355	0.0782	0.2010	0.3658	0.3861	0.0957	0.1085
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.0616	0.0799	0.4619	0.5493	0.0790	0.1272	0.6050	0.7042	0.0790	0.1272
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.0687	0.0650	0.3915	0.3393	0.0651	0.1014	0.3725	0.3924	0.0651	0.1014
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.0628	0.0687	0.3707	0.3327	0.0964	0.1179	0.3833	0.3906	0.1011	0.1015

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 39: Effects on Maximum Outcomes of Male Children of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Attended College	Attended College	Attended College	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	21	20	22	24	23	24	23	22	23
	(02) Control	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000	0.5833	0.5833	0.5833	0.5455	0.5455	0.5455
	(03) Treatment	0.8182	0.8000	0.6667	0.7500	0.8182	0.7500	0.6667	0.7273	0.6667
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.5182	0.5000	0.3667	0.1667	0.2348	0.1667	0.1212	0.1818	0.1212
	(05) COLS	0.5798	0.6011	0.4456	0.2670	0.3385	0.2774	0.1992	0.2687	0.2175
	(06) AIPW	0.7134	0.7078	0.5884	0.1673	0.2262	0.1790	0.1339	0.1848	0.1448
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.0040	0.0068	0.0393	0.1998	0.1110	0.1998	0.2838	0.1947	0.2838
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.0000	0.0000	0.0062	0.1001	0.0402	0.0799	0.1752	0.0895	0.1388
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001	0.1765	0.1021	0.1502	0.2398	0.1678	0.2093
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.0031	0.0053	0.0316	0.2001	0.1103	0.1988	0.2839	0.1927	0.2825
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.0004	0.0003	0.0142	0.1231	0.0592	0.0991	0.1950	0.1115	0.1601
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.2229	0.2811	0.1767	0.4407	0.4198	0.4338	0.4919	0.4888	0.4912
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.0040	0.0080	0.0332	0.2096	0.1164	0.2076	0.2900	0.2028	0.2920
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.0036	0.0032	0.0228	0.0980	0.0412	0.0792	0.1736	0.0920	0.1428
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.0112	0.0176	0.0204	0.2164	0.1348	0.1940	0.2792	0.1952	0.2560
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0332	0.0368	0.0488	0.1668	0.0836	0.1580	0.2640	0.1720	0.2564
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.0084	0.0072	0.0152	0.1272	0.0612	0.0840	0.1760	0.0840	0.1196
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.0092	0.0108	0.0096	0.2476	0.2016	0.2464	0.2788	0.2292	0.2776
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.0216	0.0292	0.0828	0.2316	0.1380	0.2444	0.3196	0.2364	0.3284
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.0100	0.0108	0.0436	0.1112	0.0676	0.1096	0.2156	0.1508	0.2020
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.0044	0.0060	0.0212	0.2408	0.1868	0.2352	0.3280	0.2760	0.3164
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.0192	0.0252	0.0824	0.2300	0.1468	0.2432	0.3196	0.2352	0.3284
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.0036	0.0036	0.0216	0.1056	0.0588	0.0976	0.1912	0.1180	0.1672
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.0104	0.0108	0.0172	0.2324	0.1800	0.2244	0.3160	0.2616	0.3016
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.0463	0.0576	0.1265	0.2533	0.1583	0.2571	0.3203	0.2315	0.3312
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.0200	0.0225	0.0609	0.1557	0.1028	0.1479	0.2498	0.1748	0.2126
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.0146	0.0234	0.0416	0.3067	0.2344	0.2823	0.3590	0.2861	0.3194
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.0409	0.0501	0.1265	0.2533	0.1583	0.2571	0.3203	0.2286	0.3312
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.0126	0.0126	0.0404	0.1489	0.0875	0.1325	0.2263	0.1512	0.1848
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.0290	0.0306	0.0334	0.3007	0.2253	0.2817	0.3378	0.2770	0.3107
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.0488	0.0620	0.1280	0.2574	0.1616	0.2591	0.3236	0.2342	0.3317
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.0206	0.0255	0.0636	0.1586	0.1078	0.1555	0.2569	0.1765	0.2152
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.0157	0.0247	0.0442	0.3209	0.2442	0.2919	0.3660	0.2892	0.3243
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.0423	0.0539	0.1280	0.2574	0.1587	0.2598	0.3236	0.2313	0.3317
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.0132	0.0132	0.0406	0.1497	0.0904	0.1350	0.2318	0.1527	0.1906
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.0314	0.0343	0.0350	0.3199	0.2369	0.2858	0.3454	0.2790	0.3122
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.0708	0.0881	0.1820	0.2874	0.1802	0.2782	0.3684	0.2503	0.3663
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.0432	0.0339	0.0740	0.2009	0.1343	0.1902	0.2726	0.2002	0.2558
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.0253	0.0317	0.0805	0.3744	0.2921	0.4186	0.3956	0.3236	0.3496
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.0424	0.0721	0.1820	0.2874	0.1736	0.2782	0.3684	0.2545	0.3663
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.0209	0.0209	0.0462	0.1705	0.1097	0.2321	0.2593	0.1555	0.2188
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.0405	0.0460	0.0450	0.4035	0.2621	0.3418	0.3775	0.3473	0.3761

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 39: Effects on Maximum Outcomes of Male Children of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	23	22	23	22	21	23	26	25	25
	(02) Control	0.4545	0.4545	0.4545	0.0909	0.0909	0.0909	0.8462	0.8462	0.8462
	(03) Treatment	0.6667	0.7273	0.6667	0.6364	0.7000	0.5833	0.9231	0.9167	0.9167
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.2121	0.2727	0.2121	0.5455	0.6091	0.4924	0.0769	0.0705	0.0705
	(05) COLS	0.2596	0.3330	0.2749	0.5715	0.6612	0.5342	0.1006	0.1042	0.1042
	(06) AIPW	0.2421	0.2886	0.2501	0.5930	0.6468	0.5582	0.1195	0.1204	0.1169
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.1586	0.0984	0.1586	0.0010	0.0003	0.0024	0.2762	0.2986	0.2986
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.1277	0.0602	0.0996	0.0009	0.0000	0.0009	0.2466	0.2420	0.2420
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.1347	0.0806	0.1066	0.0005	0.0002	0.0003	0.1828	0.1820	0.1781
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.1570	0.0972	0.1568	0.0008	0.0002	0.0014	0.2760	0.2982	0.2982
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.1426	0.0762	0.1152	0.0017	0.0000	0.0015	0.2652	0.2606	0.2606
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.4853	0.4825	0.4848	0.4292	0.4248	0.4318	0.4520	0.4519	0.4533
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.1628	0.1060	0.1660	0.0008	0.0008	0.0012	0.3044	0.3264	0.3264
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.1272	0.0656	0.1032	0.0044	0.0016	0.0052	0.2768	0.2692	0.2692
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.1884	0.1264	0.1696	0.0188	0.0168	0.0148	0.2660	0.2552	0.2572
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.1428	0.0944	0.1364	0.0216	0.0312	0.0136	0.2660	0.3056	0.3056
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.1208	0.0664	0.0776	0.0252	0.0216	0.0124	0.2120	0.2048	0.2048
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.2076	0.1744	0.2040	0.0228	0.0276	0.0116	0.2984	0.2992	0.2952
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.1996	0.1312	0.2040	0.0076	0.0056	0.0140	0.3204	0.3568	0.3568
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.1656	0.1092	0.1540	0.0096	0.0040	0.0128	0.2776	0.2760	0.2760
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.2340	0.1912	0.2304	0.0168	0.0148	0.0164	0.2912	0.2880	0.2908
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.1912	0.1312	0.1920	0.0076	0.0052	0.0100	0.3204	0.3568	0.3568
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.1544	0.0900	0.1300	0.0088	0.0024	0.0072	0.2944	0.2908	0.2908
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.2416	0.1924	0.2304	0.0180	0.0176	0.0152	0.2956	0.2888	0.2920
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.2442	0.1630	0.2376	0.0267	0.0215	0.0335	0.4406	0.4760	0.4760
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.2109	0.1375	0.1761	0.0323	0.0219	0.0274	0.3472	0.3484	0.3484
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.2688	0.2204	0.2582	0.0427	0.0347	0.0410	0.3791	0.3723	0.3751
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.2382	0.1630	0.2299	0.0261	0.0252	0.0257	0.4406	0.4760	0.4760
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.1944	0.1176	0.1583	0.0245	0.0111	0.0182	0.3625	0.3605	0.3605
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.2743	0.2131	0.2570	0.0418	0.0386	0.0413	0.3782	0.3827	0.3823
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.2461	0.1653	0.2453	0.0284	0.0216	0.0354	0.4563	0.4803	0.4803
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.2207	0.1468	0.1766	0.0333	0.0225	0.0287	0.3497	0.3499	0.3499
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.2735	0.2252	0.2587	0.0440	0.0371	0.0425	0.3877	0.3759	0.3816
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.2422	0.1653	0.2379	0.0268	0.0259	0.0260	0.4563	0.4803	0.4803
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.2049	0.1231	0.1592	0.0254	0.0128	0.0187	0.3657	0.3680	0.3680
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.2810	0.2161	0.2652	0.0446	0.0389	0.0457	0.3833	0.3870	0.3868
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.2923	0.1766	0.2827	0.0444	0.0218	0.0412	0.4563	0.5705	0.5705
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.2479	0.2201	0.1985	0.0385	0.0252	0.0310	0.3772	0.3646	0.3646
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.3492	0.2465	0.2886	0.0640	0.0540	0.0576	0.4253	0.4570	0.4071
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.2464	0.1766	0.2503	0.0411	0.0274	0.0386	0.4563	0.5705	0.5705
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.2627	0.1389	0.1606	0.0287	0.0249	0.0200	0.3871	0.4062	0.4062
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.3067	0.2252	0.2868	0.0614	0.0410	0.0795	0.4235	0.4237	0.4294

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 39: Effects on Maximum Outcomes of Male Children of the Female Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	18	19	19	20	20	22	20	22	24	25
	(02) Control	0.1000	0.1000	0.0909	0.0909	0.4167	0.4167	0.2500	0.2500	0.9231	0.9231
	(03) Treatment	0.3750	0.3333	0.2500	0.2222	0.5000	0.4000	0.5000	0.4000	1.0000	0.9167
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.2750	0.2333	0.1591	0.1313	0.0833	-0.0167	0.2500	0.1500	0.0769	-0.0064
	(05) COLS	0.4816	0.3848	0.3506	0.2746	0.0208	-0.1236	0.3254	0.1860	0.1199	0.0406
	(06) AIPW	0.4789	0.4177	0.3306	0.2862	0.1160	-0.0434	0.3423	0.1849	0.1171	0.0757
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.0926	0.1146	0.1962	0.2230	0.3638	0.4699	0.1367	0.2362	0.1595	0.4775
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.0031	0.0264	0.0175	0.0584	0.4667	0.3096	0.0911	0.2272	0.1696	0.3929
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0000	0.0002	0.0014	0.0052	0.2665	0.4041	0.0273	0.1410	0.0863	0.2473
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.0706	0.0866	0.1773	0.2009	0.3631	0.4694	0.1304	0.2279	0.1472	0.4759
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.0134	0.0448	0.0317	0.0709	0.4713	0.3271	0.1219	0.2425	0.1847	0.3981
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.3643	0.1955	0.4620	0.4645	0.4943	0.4978	0.4752	0.4864	0.2298	0.3761
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.0688	0.0820	0.1940	0.2148	0.3856	0.4676	0.1320	0.2384	0.3712	0.5376
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.0396	0.0628	0.0808	0.1232	0.4300	0.3360	0.1076	0.2224	0.3712	0.4852
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.0768	0.0692	0.1244	0.1344	0.2880	0.4496	0.1276	0.2496	0.3712	0.4024
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0508	0.0568	0.1408	0.1736	0.3452	0.4684	0.1176	0.1844	0.3740	0.4348
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.0268	0.0480	0.0548	0.0748	0.4980	0.2592	0.1016	0.2028	0.4128	0.4912
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.0140	0.0180	0.0596	0.0768	0.3528	0.4044	0.0992	0.2044	0.4952	0.3752
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.0984	0.1396	0.1936	0.2480	0.4384	0.4596	0.1748	0.3268	0.3208	0.5176
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.0116	0.0292	0.0236	0.0620	0.4720	0.2536	0.1352	0.2700	0.0628	0.3400
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.0160	0.0308	0.0368	0.0628	0.3904	0.3868	0.1312	0.2848	0.0736	0.3120
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.0960	0.1320	0.1924	0.2468	0.4384	0.4596	0.1748	0.3132	0.3208	0.5176
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.0092	0.0396	0.0224	0.0796	0.4716	0.2616	0.1336	0.2860	0.0940	0.3416
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.0092	0.0208	0.0332	0.0560	0.3840	0.3836	0.1136	0.2680	0.0652	0.3108
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.1690	0.1945	0.2835	0.3203	0.5453	0.5390	0.2599	0.3848	0.3742	0.7494
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.0267	0.0531	0.0486	0.0831	0.5815	0.4766	0.1568	0.3076	0.1288	0.4102
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.0399	0.0582	0.0821	0.1081	0.4360	0.6233	0.1765	0.3246	0.1245	0.3585
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.1638	0.1844	0.2835	0.3203	0.5453	0.5390	0.2599	0.3700	0.3742	0.7494
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.0252	0.0665	0.0503	0.1110	0.5807	0.4829	0.1616	0.3091	0.1542	0.4048
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.0306	0.0521	0.0684	0.0924	0.4322	0.6256	0.1500	0.2991	0.0953	0.3499
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.1690	0.1990	0.2878	0.3305	0.5515	0.5436	0.2619	0.3897	0.3762	0.7546
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.0303	0.0578	0.0548	0.0838	0.5824	0.4886	0.1607	0.3085	0.1321	0.4201
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.0414	0.0635	0.0829	0.1132	0.4372	0.6249	0.1851	0.3355	0.1330	0.3670
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.1642	0.1892	0.2878	0.3305	0.5515	0.5436	0.2619	0.3717	0.3762	0.7546
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.0252	0.0691	0.0553	0.1136	0.5812	0.4841	0.1658	0.3105	0.1584	0.4114
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.0346	0.0534	0.0701	0.0960	0.4341	0.6308	0.1596	0.3084	0.0981	0.3593
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.1719	0.2180	0.2973	0.4306	0.6237	0.6039	0.3033	0.4790	0.3817	0.7803
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.0428	0.0747	0.0777	0.1219	0.5888	0.5084	0.2430	0.3505	0.1500	0.5141
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.0666	0.0852	0.0861	0.1524	0.4831	0.6374	0.2397	0.3907	0.1864	0.3794
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.1642	0.2138	0.2985	0.4307	0.6237	0.6039	0.3033	0.3893	0.3817	0.7803
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.0310	0.0812	0.1206	0.1410	0.5990	0.4885	0.1893	0.3394	0.1635	0.4584
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.0500	0.0570	0.0829	0.1308	0.4656	0.6662	0.1737	0.3973	0.1326	0.4203

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 39: Effects on Maximum Outcomes of Male Children of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Summary	(01) Obs.	20	22	20	22	26	22	27	27	24	23
	(02) Control	0.4167	0.4167	0.2500	0.2500	0.8571	0.4167	0.2857	0.2143	0.0769	0.0833
	(03) Treatment	0.5000	0.4000	0.5000	0.4000	1.0000	0.6000	0.5385	0.4615	0.3636	0.2727
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0833	-0.0167	0.2500	0.1500	0.1429	0.1833	0.2527	0.2473	0.2867	0.1894
	(05) COLS	0.0208	-0.1236	0.3254	0.1860	0.1150	0.3906	0.1312	0.1703	0.2984	0.2150
	(06) AIPW	0.1160	-0.0434	0.3423	0.1849	0.1364	0.3371	0.1915	0.2683	0.3381	0.2645
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.3638	0.4699	0.1367	0.2362	0.0711	0.2030	0.0926	0.0888	0.0459	0.1233
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.4667	0.3096	0.0911	0.2272	0.0991	0.0543	0.2634	0.2325	0.0699	0.1432
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.2665	0.4041	0.0273	0.1410	0.0430	0.0155	0.1122	0.0684	0.0181	0.0536
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.3631	0.4694	0.1304	0.2279	0.0653	0.2009	0.0757	0.0557	0.0355	0.0974
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.4713	0.3271	0.1219	0.2425	0.1108	0.0675	0.2647	0.2165	0.0706	0.1439
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.4943	0.4978	0.4752	0.4864	0.2304	0.3518	0.3672	0.3411	0.1630	0.1879
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.3856	0.4676	0.1320	0.2384	0.1304	0.2128	0.0732	0.0548	0.0356	0.0988
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.4300	0.3360	0.1076	0.2224	0.1728	0.0584	0.2780	0.2060	0.0868	0.1572
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.2880	0.4496	0.1276	0.2496	0.1644	0.1504	0.2012	0.1516	0.1100	0.1628
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.3452	0.4684	0.1176	0.1844	0.1324	0.1724	0.0592	0.0384	0.0212	0.0564
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.4980	0.2592	0.1016	0.2028	0.1500	0.0904	0.1972	0.1824	0.0504	0.1012
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.3528	0.4044	0.0992	0.2044	0.1672	0.0900	0.1028	0.0792	0.0444	0.0708
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.4384	0.4596	0.1748	0.3268	0.1228	0.2436	0.0932	0.0864	0.0632	0.1496
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.4720	0.2536	0.1352	0.2700	0.1520	0.0396	0.2292	0.1628	0.0740	0.1396
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.3904	0.3868	0.1312	0.2848	0.1016	0.0728	0.1564	0.0708	0.0612	0.0980
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.4384	0.4596	0.1748	0.3132	0.1228	0.2428	0.0932	0.0864	0.0592	0.1488
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.4716	0.2616	0.1336	0.2860	0.1524	0.0576	0.2460	0.1896	0.0856	0.1576
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.3840	0.3836	0.1136	0.2680	0.0452	0.0520	0.1608	0.0908	0.0804	0.1224
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.5453	0.5390	0.2599	0.3848	0.2893	0.3667	0.2253	0.2061	0.0961	0.1974
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.5815	0.4766	0.1568	0.3076	0.3518	0.1041	0.2938	0.2582	0.0993	0.1923
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.4360	0.6233	0.1765	0.3246	0.2141	0.1461	0.2359	0.1736	0.1018	0.1663
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.5453	0.5390	0.2599	0.3700	0.2893	0.3667	0.2253	0.2061	0.0937	0.1974
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.5807	0.4829	0.1616	0.3091	0.3769	0.1394	0.3137	0.2932	0.1159	0.2245
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.4322	0.6256	0.1500	0.2991	0.1407	0.1062	0.2288	0.1932	0.1167	0.2062
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.5515	0.5436	0.2619	0.3897	0.2895	0.3754	0.2269	0.2115	0.1006	0.1983
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.5824	0.4886	0.1607	0.3085	0.3573	0.1061	0.2967	0.2614	0.0996	0.1958
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.4372	0.6249	0.1851	0.3355	0.2154	0.1476	0.2383	0.1752	0.1021	0.1675
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.5515	0.5436	0.2619	0.3717	0.2895	0.3754	0.2269	0.2115	0.0984	0.1983
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.5812	0.4841	0.1658	0.3105	0.3798	0.1443	0.3163	0.2950	0.1197	0.2258
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.4341	0.6308	0.1596	0.3084	0.1434	0.1075	0.2342	0.1936	0.1250	0.2124
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.6237	0.6039	0.3033	0.4790	0.2900	0.4384	0.2344	0.2360	0.1146	0.2151
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.5888	0.5084	0.2430	0.3505	0.4506	0.1162	0.3132	0.3277	0.1100	0.2483
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.4831	0.6374	0.2397	0.3907	0.2376	0.1603	0.2564	0.2027	0.1341	0.1703
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.6237	0.6039	0.3033	0.3893	0.2900	0.4384	0.2344	0.2360	0.1404	0.1993
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.5990	0.4885	0.1893	0.3394	0.3988	0.1630	0.3423	0.3448	0.2277	0.2912
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.4656	0.6662	0.1737	0.3973	0.1455	0.1329	0.2947	0.2052	0.1420	0.2283

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 40: Effects on Maximum Outcomes of Female Children of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -sponded	Never Su -sponded	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Summary	(01) Obs.	30	29	30	29	28	27	32	31	30	29
	(02) Control	0.6000	0.6000	0.8000	0.8000	0.5714	0.5714	0.8750	0.8750	0.6000	0.6000
	(03) Treatment	0.8667	0.9286	0.8667	0.9286	0.8571	0.9231	0.8750	0.9333	0.8667	0.9286
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.2667	0.3286	0.0667	0.1286	0.2857	0.3516	0.0000	0.0583	0.2667	0.3286
	(05) COLS	0.2545	0.3566	0.0190	0.1268	0.2520	0.3471	-0.0412	0.0611	0.2545	0.3566
	(06) AIPW	0.2345	0.3359	-0.0151	0.0860	0.2179	0.3155	-0.0705	0.0318	0.2362	0.3359
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.0379	0.0115	0.3072	0.1504	0.0392	0.0119	0.5000	0.2837	0.0379	0.0115
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.0724	0.0134	0.4533	0.1938	0.0999	0.0293	0.3790	0.2813	0.0724	0.0134
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0724	0.0094	0.4577	0.2426	0.1047	0.0224	0.2699	0.3577	0.0717	0.0094
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.0382	0.0079	0.3152	0.1570	0.0374	0.0080	0.5000	0.2853	0.0382	0.0079
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.0887	0.0210	0.4565	0.2119	0.1048	0.0347	0.3907	0.3164	0.0887	0.0210
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.1328	0.0365	0.4682	0.3029	0.1959	0.0880	0.3293	0.4051	0.1310	0.0365
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.0432	0.0064	0.3288	0.1712	0.0440	0.0068	0.4968	0.3308	0.0432	0.0064
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.0780	0.0192	0.4332	0.2016	0.0920	0.0312	0.4176	0.3208	0.0780	0.0192
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.1020	0.0228	0.4908	0.2656	0.1284	0.0332	0.3580	0.3844	0.1000	0.0228
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0168	0.0036	0.2780	0.0908	0.0228	0.0076	0.4968	0.2960	0.0168	0.0036
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.0680	0.0184	0.4836	0.1892	0.0972	0.0392	0.3548	0.3304	0.0680	0.0184
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.1212	0.0344	0.4376	0.3308	0.1700	0.0596	0.2880	0.4852	0.1244	0.0344
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.0412	0.0224	0.3660	0.1912	0.0512	0.0244	0.5248	0.3184	0.0412	0.0224
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.0660	0.0176	0.4940	0.1864	0.0932	0.0356	0.3360	0.2732	0.0660	0.0176
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.1140	0.0380	0.4168	0.3024	0.1608	0.0708	0.2612	0.3704	0.1136	0.0380
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.0520	0.0228	0.3628	0.1804	0.0508	0.0260	0.5248	0.3184	0.0520	0.0228
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.0860	0.0292	0.4992	0.2368	0.1188	0.0496	0.3544	0.3064	0.0860	0.0292
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.1360	0.0488	0.4184	0.3228	0.1840	0.0864	0.2804	0.3784	0.1332	0.0488
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.0892	0.0459	0.3848	0.2400	0.0989	0.0472	0.5581	0.3772	0.0892	0.0459
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.1203	0.0502	0.4927	0.2598	0.1400	0.0675	0.5388	0.3624	0.1203	0.0502
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.1897	0.0802	0.6808	0.3561	0.2435	0.1527	0.4550	0.4739	0.1881	0.0802
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.0977	0.0459	0.3793	0.2272	0.0989	0.0472	0.5581	0.3772	0.0977	0.0459
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.1487	0.0547	0.4977	0.3061	0.1819	0.1025	0.5628	0.3954	0.1487	0.0547
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.2162	0.1076	0.6806	0.3742	0.2696	0.1825	0.4646	0.4836	0.2204	0.1076
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.0926	0.0475	0.3889	0.2421	0.1038	0.0491	0.5637	0.3948	0.0926	0.0475
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.1228	0.0549	0.4977	0.2661	0.1400	0.0678	0.5394	0.3660	0.1228	0.0549
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.1918	0.0820	0.6888	0.3671	0.2471	0.1589	0.4575	0.4817	0.1920	0.0820
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.0999	0.0496	0.3823	0.2280	0.1038	0.0489	0.5637	0.3948	0.0999	0.0496
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.1549	0.0561	0.5012	0.3140	0.1918	0.1096	0.5655	0.4090	0.1549	0.0561
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.2167	0.1087	0.6858	0.3806	0.2753	0.1896	0.4746	0.4870	0.2252	0.1087
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.1037	0.0535	0.4188	0.2587	0.1353	0.0894	0.5978	0.6637	0.1037	0.0535
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.1306	0.0892	0.5967	0.2767	0.1400	0.0811	0.5580	0.5283	0.1306	0.0892
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.2083	0.1209	0.7414	0.4343	0.2560	0.1638	0.6037	0.5351	0.2106	0.1209
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.1372	0.0704	0.4079	0.2465	0.1353	0.0658	0.5978	0.6637	0.1372	0.0704
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.1955	0.0611	0.6130	0.3662	0.2379	0.1634	0.5671	0.6848	0.1955	0.0611
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.2190	0.1166	0.7036	0.4775	0.2930	0.2110	0.5655	0.5793	0.2422	0.1166

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 40: Effects on Maximum Outcomes of Female Children of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Attended College	Attended College	Attended College	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	28	28	27	28	27	27	27	26	26
	(02) Control	0.6429	0.6429	0.6429	0.5333	0.5333	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.4615
	(03) Treatment	0.7857	0.7857	0.8462	0.6154	0.6667	0.6154	0.6154	0.6667	0.6154
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1429	0.1429	0.2033	0.0821	0.1333	0.1154	0.1154	0.1667	0.1538
	(05) COLS	0.1458	0.1892	0.2602	0.1976	0.3866	0.3291	0.2003	0.3850	0.3272
	(06) AIPW	0.1081	0.1628	0.2118	0.0754	0.2096	0.1471	0.0824	0.2167	0.1573
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.1956	0.2031	0.1101	0.3341	0.2527	0.2862	0.2790	0.2087	0.2322
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.2376	0.1670	0.0941	0.2002	0.0433	0.0702	0.1937	0.0454	0.0728
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.2613	0.1468	0.0819	0.3352	0.1029	0.1898	0.3190	0.0933	0.1710
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.1947	0.1998	0.1038	0.3281	0.2377	0.2711	0.2721	0.1939	0.2166
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.2459	0.1779	0.0986	0.2035	0.0336	0.0573	0.2004	0.0358	0.0596
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.3412	0.2384	0.1740	0.3686	0.1747	0.2947	0.3595	0.1722	0.2846
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.2020	0.2092	0.0996	0.3524	0.2468	0.2768	0.2928	0.2072	0.2192
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.2216	0.1692	0.0772	0.1752	0.0280	0.0516	0.1664	0.0288	0.0524
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.2676	0.1688	0.1096	0.3088	0.1736	0.2440	0.3000	0.1696	0.2348
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.1428	0.1456	0.0676	0.2852	0.1896	0.2276	0.2252	0.1568	0.1824
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.2424	0.1472	0.0956	0.2160	0.0724	0.0800	0.2176	0.0736	0.0824
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.3000	0.1656	0.1300	0.4008	0.1544	0.2204	0.3932	0.1484	0.2184
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.2328	0.2376	0.1560	0.3496	0.2632	0.2872	0.2932	0.2180	0.2376
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.2384	0.1596	0.0916	0.1428	0.0272	0.0540	0.1588	0.0360	0.0664
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.3192	0.1828	0.1380	0.3364	0.1320	0.2024	0.3524	0.1400	0.2180
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.2308	0.2320	0.1492	0.3252	0.2632	0.2872	0.2860	0.2180	0.2376
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.2632	0.1788	0.1212	0.1800	0.0448	0.0696	0.1820	0.0476	0.0736
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.3296	0.1912	0.1464	0.3344	0.1232	0.2012	0.3460	0.1328	0.2124
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.2472	0.2480	0.1746	0.3753	0.2900	0.3306	0.3216	0.2477	0.2833
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.2699	0.2221	0.1295	0.1933	0.0734	0.1101	0.2030	0.0788	0.1151
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.3179	0.2310	0.1582	0.4113	0.1976	0.2745	0.4004	0.1903	0.2680
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.2472	0.2297	0.1625	0.3428	0.2900	0.3306	0.3082	0.2477	0.2833
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.2886	0.2386	0.1589	0.2338	0.0938	0.1213	0.2400	0.1004	0.1242
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.3252	0.2470	0.1637	0.4041	0.1977	0.2800	0.3968	0.1829	0.2591
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.2608	0.2483	0.1751	0.3847	0.2904	0.3331	0.3239	0.2515	0.2840
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.2714	0.2243	0.1309	0.1976	0.0747	0.1105	0.2030	0.0799	0.1204
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.3195	0.2418	0.1698	0.4229	0.1998	0.2821	0.4098	0.1958	0.2748
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.2608	0.2340	0.1634	0.3434	0.2904	0.3331	0.3131	0.2515	0.2840
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.2949	0.2412	0.1719	0.2341	0.0981	0.1219	0.2442	0.1045	0.1250
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.3322	0.2604	0.1683	0.4185	0.2031	0.2808	0.4061	0.1858	0.2598
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.3779	0.2737	0.2044	0.4755	0.2955	0.3734	0.3294	0.2645	0.2896
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.3017	0.3071	0.1860	0.2572	0.0834	0.1117	0.2285	0.0823	0.1611
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.3365	0.2494	0.1793	0.4471	0.2200	0.4176	0.4590	0.2186	0.3398
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.4565	0.2769	0.1836	0.3470	0.2955	0.3734	0.3702	0.2645	0.3018
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.3556	0.2804	0.2214	0.2423	0.1579	0.1382	0.3093	0.1447	0.1395
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.3817	0.2678	0.1828	0.4869	0.2582	0.2976	0.4526	0.2281	0.2981

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 40: Effects on Maximum Outcomes of Female Children of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	27	26	26	25	25	24	31	30	30
	(02) Control	0.4286	0.4286	0.3846	0.3077	0.3077	0.3333	0.8667	0.8667	0.8667
	(03) Treatment	0.6154	0.6667	0.6154	0.5833	0.5833	0.5833	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1868	0.2381	0.2308	0.2756	0.2756	0.2500	0.1333	0.1333	0.1333
	(05) COLS	0.3082	0.5177	0.4524	0.3241	0.4054	0.4172	0.1553	0.1695	0.1695
	(06) AIPW	0.1574	0.2917	0.2351	0.2065	0.2679	0.1986	0.1405	0.1405	0.1405
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.1729	0.1246	0.1366	0.0905	0.0995	0.1297	0.0598	0.0600	0.0600
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.0840	0.0048	0.0136	0.0676	0.0302	0.0276	0.0529	0.0510	0.0510
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.1823	0.0336	0.0715	0.1370	0.0638	0.1175	0.0536	0.0536	0.0536
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.1648	0.1106	0.1199	0.0837	0.0832	0.1126	0.0616	0.0616	0.0616
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.0983	0.0040	0.0113	0.0828	0.0310	0.0271	0.0710	0.0714	0.0714
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.2395	0.0934	0.1927	0.2513	0.1667	0.4856	0.1242	0.1242	0.1242
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.1728	0.1184	0.1196	0.0868	0.0892	0.1172	0.1300	0.1300	0.1300
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.0776	0.0048	0.0136	0.0692	0.0340	0.0300	0.1300	0.1300	0.1300
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.1764	0.0936	0.1304	0.1436	0.1216	0.1724	0.1312	0.1312	0.1312
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.1236	0.0932	0.1008	0.0744	0.0772	0.1040	0.1308	0.1308	0.1308
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.1304	0.0308	0.0352	0.1016	0.0456	0.0468	0.1428	0.1424	0.1424
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.2576	0.0792	0.1248	0.2548	0.1276	0.2084	0.1820	0.1820	0.1820
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.2028	0.1388	0.1784	0.1040	0.1068	0.1444	0.0596	0.0752	0.0752
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.0676	0.0104	0.0212	0.0820	0.0452	0.0380	0.0332	0.0248	0.0248
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.2444	0.0804	0.1472	0.2084	0.1616	0.2072	0.0432	0.0380	0.0432
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.1972	0.1380	0.1776	0.1028	0.1064	0.1372	0.0568	0.0796	0.0796
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.0896	0.0144	0.0228	0.0800	0.0432	0.0364	0.0320	0.0308	0.0308
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.2372	0.0744	0.1300	0.2016	0.1472	0.1916	0.1372	0.1224	0.1400
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.2134	0.1543	0.2035	0.1756	0.1690	0.1746	0.1166	0.1295	0.1295
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.0986	0.0342	0.0530	0.1491	0.0933	0.0878	0.0908	0.0784	0.0784
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.2731	0.1223	0.1768	0.2853	0.2478	0.2390	0.1064	0.0941	0.1084
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.2146	0.1510	0.2020	0.1678	0.1690	0.1729	0.1028	0.1198	0.1198
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.1285	0.0383	0.0545	0.1381	0.0956	0.0805	0.0913	0.0824	0.0824
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.2624	0.1163	0.1595	0.2882	0.2363	0.2269	0.2002	0.1798	0.2030
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.2201	0.1582	0.2082	0.1835	0.1715	0.1753	0.1223	0.1368	0.1368
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.0986	0.0343	0.0535	0.1538	0.0962	0.0925	0.0984	0.0833	0.0833
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.2744	0.1236	0.1822	0.2901	0.2545	0.2459	0.1108	0.0966	0.1104
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.2234	0.1540	0.2065	0.1727	0.1715	0.1735	0.1057	0.1247	0.1247
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.1310	0.0387	0.0562	0.1411	0.0970	0.0808	0.0995	0.0866	0.0866
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.2643	0.1181	0.1609	0.2947	0.2383	0.2329	0.2029	0.1898	0.2048
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.2452	0.1866	0.2480	0.2099	0.2353	0.1765	0.1536	0.1633	0.1633
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.1541	0.0357	0.0721	0.1706	0.1018	0.1112	0.1492	0.1064	0.1064
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.2909	0.1429	0.2127	0.3201	0.3037	0.2900	0.1387	0.1333	0.1258
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.2509	0.1674	0.2419	0.1975	0.2124	0.1845	0.1140	0.1698	0.1698
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.1327	0.0575	0.0712	0.1553	0.1169	0.0945	0.1109	0.1259	0.1259
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.2992	0.1459	0.1932	0.3001	0.2933	0.3116	0.2061	0.2572	0.2529

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 40: Effects on Maximum Outcomes of Female Children of the Female Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	25	23	24	23	30	30	28	27	31	31
	(02) Control	0.3846	0.4167	0.3077	0.3333	0.8125	0.8125	0.6000	0.6429	0.9375	0.9375
	(03) Treatment	0.3333	0.3636	0.1818	0.1818	0.8571	0.8571	0.8462	0.7692	1.0000	1.0000
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.0513	-0.0530	-0.1259	-0.1515	0.0446	0.0446	0.2462	0.1264	0.0625	0.0625
	(05) COLS	0.0339	0.0765	0.0130	0.0180	0.1272	0.1272	0.3092	0.2108	0.0889	0.0889
	(06) AIPW	-0.0411	-0.0474	-0.1165	-0.1841	0.0712	0.0725	0.2836	0.1369	0.0814	0.0834
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.4044	0.4067	0.2616	0.2297	0.3672	0.3672	0.0623	0.2298	0.1613	0.1613
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.4397	0.3723	0.4732	0.4632	0.2164	0.2164	0.0479	0.1482	0.1353	0.1353
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.4086	0.3908	0.2348	0.1140	0.2775	0.2764	0.0311	0.1793	0.0985	0.1086
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.3882	0.3952	0.2285	0.1992	0.3728	0.3728	0.0627	0.2375	0.1514	0.1514
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.4385	0.3730	0.4717	0.4613	0.2400	0.2400	0.0660	0.1767	0.1291	0.1291
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.4439	0.4966	0.3484	0.4866	0.3505	0.3483	0.0904	0.3891	0.1586	0.1565
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.3688	0.3820	0.2180	0.1880	0.3852	0.3852	0.0736	0.2544	0.3456	0.3456
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.4484	0.3664	0.4964	0.4808	0.2460	0.2460	0.0720	0.1928	0.3456	0.3456
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.4244	0.4176	0.2772	0.2052	0.3304	0.3264	0.0828	0.2436	0.3464	0.3464
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.3688	0.3752	0.2060	0.1672	0.3652	0.3652	0.0304	0.1892	0.3480	0.3480
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.4104	0.3252	0.4416	0.4324	0.1836	0.1836	0.0548	0.1324	0.3712	0.3712
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.4244	0.4048	0.2540	0.1428	0.3024	0.3008	0.0608	0.2400	0.4144	0.4164
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.4320	0.4356	0.3176	0.2736	0.4120	0.4120	0.0808	0.2488	0.2676	0.2676
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.4260	0.3696	0.4652	0.4672	0.2036	0.2036	0.0508	0.1420	0.0808	0.0808
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.4604	0.4448	0.3700	0.2928	0.3144	0.3140	0.0964	0.2204	0.1440	0.1496
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.4100	0.4064	0.3028	0.2632	0.4032	0.4032	0.0800	0.2444	0.3268	0.3268
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.4208	0.3636	0.4640	0.4676	0.2448	0.2448	0.0680	0.1584	0.0864	0.0864
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.4612	0.4408	0.3712	0.2904	0.3260	0.3240	0.0956	0.2212	0.2096	0.1872
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.5907	0.5883	0.4692	0.4264	0.4525	0.4525	0.1527	0.2798	0.3146	0.3146
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.5675	0.4216	0.6159	0.5360	0.2607	0.2607	0.1036	0.2060	0.1206	0.1206
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.6301	0.6092	0.5120	0.4536	0.3731	0.3657	0.1927	0.2819	0.1723	0.1774
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.5849	0.5756	0.4489	0.4139	0.4374	0.4374	0.1522	0.2691	0.3516	0.3516
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.5638	0.4120	0.6159	0.5355	0.2982	0.2982	0.1244	0.2089	0.1275	0.1275
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.6336	0.6115	0.5167	0.4493	0.3809	0.3797	0.1998	0.2807	0.2000	0.1840
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.5935	0.5897	0.4742	0.4394	0.4528	0.4528	0.1556	0.2920	0.3261	0.3261
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.5761	0.4289	0.6268	0.5410	0.2630	0.2630	0.1046	0.2071	0.1235	0.1235
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.6310	0.6199	0.5262	0.4576	0.3785	0.3674	0.1948	0.2924	0.1735	0.1806
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.5905	0.5827	0.4584	0.4282	0.4379	0.4379	0.1554	0.2781	0.3591	0.3591
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.5739	0.4205	0.6293	0.5403	0.3040	0.3040	0.1265	0.2095	0.1312	0.1312
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.6343	0.6163	0.5340	0.4530	0.3860	0.3877	0.2032	0.3001	0.2043	0.1879
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.5973	0.5936	0.4823	0.4506	0.4842	0.4842	0.1597	0.3194	0.3926	0.3926
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.6131	0.4643	0.6412	0.5710	0.3180	0.3180	0.1446	0.2181	0.1467	0.1467
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.6538	0.6963	0.5935	0.4679	0.3946	0.4195	0.2044	0.3380	0.2160	0.2080
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.6045	0.6244	0.5035	0.4693	0.4719	0.4719	0.1605	0.2930	0.3858	0.3858
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.6385	0.4612	0.6818	0.5686	0.3419	0.3419	0.1320	0.2431	0.1628	0.1628
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.6538	0.6453	0.5475	0.5182	0.3934	0.3880	0.2277	0.4175	0.2280	0.2591

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 40: Effects on Maximum Outcomes of Female Children of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Summary	(01) Obs.	30	30	28	27	30	27	31	27	25	23
	(02) Control	0.8125	0.8125	0.6000	0.6429	0.8667	0.4615	0.4375	0.3333	0.1667	0.1667
	(03) Treatment	0.8571	0.8571	0.8462	0.7692	0.8667	0.5000	0.4667	0.5000	0.3846	0.3636
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0446	0.0446	0.2462	0.1264	0.0000	0.0385	0.0292	0.1667	0.2179	0.1970
	(05) COLS	0.1272	0.1272	0.3092	0.2108	0.0216	0.1148	−0.0099	0.1660	0.2075	0.1839
	(06) AIPW	0.0712	0.0725	0.2836	0.1369	0.0128	0.0131	−0.0629	0.1150	0.2074	0.1462
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.3672	0.3672	0.0623	0.2298	0.5000	0.4175	0.4355	0.2030	0.1197	0.1567
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.2164	0.2164	0.0479	0.1482	0.4272	0.3010	0.4793	0.2011	0.1475	0.1708
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.2775	0.2764	0.0311	0.1793	0.4485	0.4680	0.3598	0.2610	0.1225	0.1996
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.3728	0.3728	0.0627	0.2375	0.5000	0.4220	0.4326	0.1722	0.0919	0.1250
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.2400	0.2400	0.0660	0.1767	0.4367	0.3092	0.4799	0.1893	0.1435	0.1690
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.3505	0.3483	0.0904	0.3891	0.4669	0.4772	0.3868	0.3643	0.3646	0.4145
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.3852	0.3852	0.0736	0.2544	0.5012	0.4232	0.4400	0.1708	0.0832	0.1216
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.2460	0.2460	0.0720	0.1928	0.4300	0.2860	0.4752	0.1716	0.1308	0.1328
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.3304	0.3264	0.0828	0.2436	0.4740	0.4156	0.3652	0.2936	0.1440	0.2268
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.3652	0.3652	0.0304	0.1892	0.5012	0.4032	0.4104	0.1284	0.0652	0.0904
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.1836	0.1836	0.0548	0.1324	0.4480	0.2952	0.4720	0.1576	0.1124	0.1264
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.3024	0.3008	0.0608	0.2400	0.4788	0.4680	0.3320	0.2824	0.0860	0.2184
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.4120	0.4120	0.0808	0.2488	0.5092	0.4440	0.4164	0.1820	0.1460	0.1816
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.2036	0.2036	0.0508	0.1420	0.4712	0.3164	0.4968	0.1788	0.1836	0.2108
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.3144	0.3140	0.0964	0.2204	0.4932	0.4908	0.4072	0.2912	0.1776	0.2952
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.4032	0.4032	0.0800	0.2444	0.5092	0.4260	0.4164	0.1820	0.1460	0.1816
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.2448	0.2448	0.0680	0.1584	0.4740	0.3340	0.4988	0.1716	0.1624	0.1908
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.3260	0.3240	0.0956	0.2212	0.4900	0.4920	0.4100	0.3000	0.1848	0.3064
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.4525	0.4525	0.1527	0.2798	0.5677	0.4885	0.6103	0.2445	0.1902	0.2140
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.2607	0.2607	0.1036	0.2060	0.5054	0.3916	0.5931	0.2444	0.2239	0.2569
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.3731	0.3657	0.1927	0.2819	0.5257	0.5788	0.4839	0.3585	0.2419	0.3359
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.4374	0.4374	0.1522	0.2691	0.5677	0.4766	0.6103	0.2445	0.1902	0.2140
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.2982	0.2982	0.1244	0.2089	0.5069	0.4067	0.5931	0.2259	0.2070	0.2382
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.3809	0.3797	0.1998	0.2807	0.5284	0.5769	0.5032	0.3698	0.2575	0.3363
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.4528	0.4528	0.1556	0.2920	0.5704	0.4944	0.6132	0.2504	0.1993	0.2229
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.2630	0.2630	0.1046	0.2071	0.5138	0.4038	0.5981	0.2472	0.2298	0.2573
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.3785	0.3674	0.1948	0.2924	0.5408	0.5814	0.4856	0.3691	0.2516	0.3446
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.4379	0.4379	0.1554	0.2781	0.5704	0.4786	0.6132	0.2504	0.1993	0.2229
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.3040	0.3040	0.1265	0.2095	0.5143	0.4128	0.5981	0.2268	0.2137	0.2476
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.3860	0.3877	0.2032	0.3001	0.5435	0.5790	0.5076	0.3745	0.2701	0.3381
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.4842	0.4842	0.1597	0.3194	0.7517	0.5346	0.6290	0.3270	0.2597	0.2483
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.3180	0.3180	0.1446	0.2181	0.5437	0.4459	0.6157	0.3556	0.2540	0.2796
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.3946	0.4195	0.2044	0.3380	0.5627	0.5835	0.5265	0.4008	0.2855	0.3518
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.4719	0.4719	0.1605	0.2930	0.7517	0.4859	0.6290	0.3270	0.2597	0.2483
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.3419	0.3419	0.1320	0.2431	0.5263	0.4376	0.6174	0.2513	0.2380	0.3089
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.3934	0.3880	0.2277	0.4175	0.5774	0.5815	0.5682	0.3959	0.4618	0.3411

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

6 Multiple Hypothesis Tests for Effects on Maximum Intergenerational Outcomes

Table 41: Stepdown Tests for Maximum Outcomes of Pooled Children of Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -spended	Never Su -spended	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Summary	(01) Obs.	70	67	76	73	68	66	78	75	69	67
	(02) Control	0.7576	0.7188	0.9189	0.9189	0.6875	0.6875	0.9474	0.9474	0.7188	0.7188
	(03) Treatment	0.9459	0.9714	0.9744	1.0000	0.9167	0.9412	0.9750	1.0000	0.9189	0.9429
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1884	0.2527	0.0554	0.0811	0.2292	0.2537	0.0276	0.0526	0.2002	0.2241
	(05) COLS	0.1657	0.2333	0.0527	0.1025	0.1981	0.2437	0.0202	0.0691	0.1633	0.2098
	(06) AIPW	0.1459	0.2260	0.0342	0.0811	0.2197	0.2588	0.0021	0.0491	0.1660	0.2052
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.0122	0.0030	0.1394	0.0693	0.0072	0.0057	0.2626	0.1431	0.0137	0.0116
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.0560	0.0161	0.2314	0.0641	0.0336	0.0176	0.3742	0.1191	0.0593	0.0334
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.0239	0.0018	0.2719	0.0673	0.0059	0.0018	0.4823	0.1167	0.0163	0.0052
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.0099	0.0019	0.1340	0.0656	0.0062	0.0039	0.2613	0.1397	0.0127	0.0087
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.0565	0.0161	0.2278	0.0679	0.0331	0.0174	0.3740	0.1338	0.0614	0.0349
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.1733	0.1630	0.3127	0.1422	0.0963	0.0963	0.4856	0.1895	0.2079	0.2079
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.0072	0.0008	0.1400	0.0920	0.0052	0.0048	0.3072	0.2800	0.0088	0.0072
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.0572	0.0128	0.2368	0.0920	0.0284	0.0144	0.4332	0.2800	0.0552	0.0296
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.0828	0.0600	0.2852	0.1040	0.0336	0.0336	0.4836	0.2904	0.0824	0.0824
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.0008	0.0008	0.0848	0.0848	0.0008	0.0008	0.2800	0.2800	0.0016	0.0008
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.0204	0.0008	0.2048	0.0920	0.0096	0.0032	0.4208	0.2800	0.0204	0.0032
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.0308	0.0088	0.3196	0.1224	0.0204	0.0144	0.4656	0.3256	0.0232	0.0112
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.0060	0.0048	0.1240	0.0968	0.0080	0.0080	0.2208	0.1776	0.0104	0.0104
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.0180	0.0072	0.1708	0.0096	0.0208	0.0128	0.3652	0.0312	0.0352	0.0208
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.0312	0.0200	0.3072	0.0856	0.0176	0.0120	0.4612	0.0728	0.0368	0.0304
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.0072	0.0048	0.1176	0.0736	0.0104	0.0104	0.2064	0.1064	0.0140	0.0128
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.0520	0.0184	0.3080	0.0640	0.0392	0.0296	0.4556	0.0880	0.0632	0.0440
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.0428	0.0192	0.3500	0.1448	0.0288	0.0168	0.4592	0.2384	0.0496	0.0296
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.0431	0.0333	0.1512	0.1441	0.0451	0.0451	0.2538	0.2513	0.0536	0.0536
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.0623	0.0453	0.1792	0.0639	0.0505	0.0505	0.3724	0.1018	0.0717	0.0658
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.0771	0.0486	0.3441	0.1716	0.0472	0.0472	0.5628	0.1832	0.0721	0.0721
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.0602	0.0335	0.1468	0.1137	0.0545	0.0545	0.2400	0.1595	0.0853	0.0853
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.1311	0.0799	0.3286	0.1141	0.0735	0.0735	0.4563	0.1621	0.1224	0.1224
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.0902	0.0583	0.3811	0.2539	0.0495	0.0495	0.5666	0.3381	0.0773	0.0773
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.0435	0.0363	0.1532	0.1447	0.0481	0.0481	0.2564	0.2564	0.0552	0.0552
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.0641	0.0464	0.1796	0.0663	0.0539	0.0539	0.3801	0.1030	0.0721	0.0696
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.0846	0.0581	0.3603	0.1805	0.0477	0.0477	0.5660	0.1875	0.0904	0.0904
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.0607	0.0355	0.1506	0.1188	0.0551	0.0551	0.2451	0.1623	0.0878	0.0878
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.1323	0.0808	0.3331	0.1232	0.0772	0.0772	0.4578	0.1633	0.1262	0.1262
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.0907	0.0612	0.3964	0.2553	0.0518	0.0518	0.5700	0.3409	0.0778	0.0778
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.0715	0.0526	0.1694	0.1492	0.0746	0.0746	0.3488	0.3488	0.0650	0.0650
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.0709	0.0578	0.1842	0.0850	0.0689	0.0611	0.4286	0.1325	0.0756	0.0754
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.1190	0.1190	0.4383	0.2436	0.0570	0.0551	0.6055	0.2273	0.1260	0.1260
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.0727	0.0454	0.1678	0.1437	0.0989	0.0810	0.2906	0.2499	0.1218	0.1218
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.1353	0.0809	0.3486	0.1880	0.1011	0.0920	0.4850	0.1860	0.1496	0.1496
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.0952	0.0694	0.5020	0.2771	0.0611	0.0611	0.5861	0.3585	0.1094	0.1094
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.0072	0.0028	0.1176	0.0948	0.0096	0.0072	0.2063	0.1727	0.0140	0.0084
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.0520	0.0104	0.3079	0.0860	0.0392	0.0172	0.4554	0.1591	0.0632	0.0248
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.0428	0.0096	0.3499	0.1068	0.0288	0.0104	0.5414	0.1911	0.0496	0.0184

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 41: Stepdown Tests for Maximum Outcomes of Pooled Children of Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Attended College 18	Attended College 21	Attended College 23	Employed Full-Time 18	Employed Full-Time 21	Employed Full-Time 23	Employed + Any HS 18	Employed + Any HS 21	Employed + Any HS 23
Summary	(01) Obs.	67	64	62	69	66	62	67	64	60
	(02) Control	0.6875	0.6875	0.6774	0.7273	0.7188	0.7000	0.7097	0.7000	0.6786
	(03) Treatment	0.8571	0.9063	0.8710	0.8056	0.8235	0.8438	0.8056	0.8235	0.8438
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1696	0.2188	0.1935	0.0783	0.1048	0.1437	0.0959	0.1235	0.1652
	(05) COLS	0.1091	0.1556	0.1954	0.1155	0.1839	0.2264	0.1198	0.1863	0.2255
	(06) AIPW	0.0185	0.0928	0.1186	0.0965	0.1239	0.0920	0.1224	0.1561	0.1366
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.0666	0.0395	0.0666	0.3086	0.3086	0.2622	0.2473	0.2473	0.2019
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.1670	0.1613	0.1268	0.1642	0.1191	0.1081	0.1555	0.1160	0.1115
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.4219	0.3046	0.3046	0.2462	0.1804	0.2462	0.0876	0.0725	0.0876
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.0484	0.0294	0.0484	0.3048	0.3048	0.2551	0.2401	0.2401	0.1910
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.1626	0.1517	0.1166	0.1682	0.1118	0.0994	0.1598	0.1094	0.1033
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.7909	0.7909	0.7909	0.7056	0.7056	0.7056	0.5779	0.5779	0.5779
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.0480	0.0324	0.0480	0.2976	0.2976	0.2616	0.2392	0.2392	0.2112
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.1512	0.1320	0.1044	0.1620	0.1116	0.1116	0.1544	0.1140	0.1140
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.4452	0.4452	0.4452	0.6252	0.6252	0.6252	0.3768	0.3768	0.3768
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.0192	0.0096	0.0192	0.1784	0.1784	0.0948	0.1208	0.1208	0.0576
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.1108	0.0728	0.0312	0.1108	0.0400	0.0336	0.1036	0.0368	0.0336
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.5940	0.5940	0.5940	0.2656	0.1872	0.2656	0.1344	0.1068	0.1344
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.0912	0.0480	0.0912	0.3144	0.3144	0.3048	0.2480	0.2480	0.2400
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.1788	0.1596	0.1596	0.1188	0.0720	0.0432	0.1224	0.0736	0.0588
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.5724	0.5724	0.5724	0.3424	0.3384	0.3424	0.2256	0.1896	0.2256
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.0912	0.0456	0.0912	0.3348	0.3348	0.3348	0.2568	0.2568	0.2460
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.1952	0.1952	0.1668	0.1612	0.1380	0.1552	0.1392	0.1392	0.1392
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.5328	0.5328	0.5328	0.3424	0.2928	0.3424	0.2264	0.1608	0.2264
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.2213	0.2133	0.2213	0.3782	0.3782	0.3378	0.3000	0.3000	0.2893
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.3381	0.3381	0.3381	0.1438	0.1332	0.0973	0.1419	0.1386	0.0949
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.9434	0.9434	0.9434	0.4656	0.4656	0.4656	0.3138	0.3138	0.3138
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.2339	0.1829	0.2339	0.3717	0.3717	0.3500	0.3088	0.3088	0.2829
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.3324	0.3324	0.3324	0.2109	0.2109	0.2109	0.2075	0.2075	0.2075
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.8744	0.8744	0.8744	0.4211	0.4109	0.4211	0.2986	0.2986	0.2986
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.2234	0.2234	0.2234	0.3870	0.3870	0.3423	0.3091	0.3091	0.2935
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.3548	0.3548	0.3548	0.1494	0.1382	0.1011	0.1445	0.1395	0.1073
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.9596	0.9596	0.9596	0.4741	0.4741	0.4741	0.3158	0.3158	0.3158
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.2400	0.1888	0.2400	0.3798	0.3798	0.3577	0.3218	0.3218	0.2865
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.3346	0.3346	0.3346	0.2162	0.2162	0.2162	0.2213	0.2213	0.2213
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.8946	0.8946	0.8946	0.4244	0.4162	0.4244	0.3004	0.3004	0.3004
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.2687	0.2678	0.2687	0.4352	0.4352	0.3590	0.3876	0.3876	0.3078
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.4037	0.4037	0.4037	0.1774	0.1585	0.1258	0.2126	0.2126	0.2126
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.5570	0.5570	0.5570	0.3225	0.3205	0.3225
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.3288	0.3288	0.3288	0.4352	0.4352	0.3715	0.4024	0.4024	0.3001
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.4621	0.4621	0.4621	0.2733	0.2733	0.2614	0.3091	0.3091	0.3091
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.9285	0.9285	0.9285	0.5075	0.5075	0.5075	0.3208	0.3208	0.3208
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.0620	0.0308	0.0620	0.2191	0.1847	0.1587	0.1843	0.1547	0.1220
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.1947	0.1228	0.0836	0.1611	0.0752	0.0696	0.1551	0.0732	0.0720
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.4914	0.2651	0.2423	0.2699	0.1807	0.2699	0.1471	0.1096	0.1471

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 41: Stepdown Tests for Maximum Outcomes of Pooled Children of Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	67	64	60	64	60	58	78	75	72
	(02) Control	0.6452	0.6333	0.6071	0.3333	0.3448	0.3333	0.9737	0.9737	0.9730
	(03) Treatment	0.8056	0.8235	0.8438	0.7059	0.7419	0.7419	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1604	0.1902	0.2366	0.3725	0.3971	0.4086	0.0263	0.0263	0.0270
	(05) COLS	0.2099	0.2876	0.3379	0.3890	0.4229	0.5142	0.0376	0.0392	0.0408
	(06) AIPW	0.3130	0.3443	0.3716	0.3631	0.4192	0.4478	0.0285	0.0285	0.0290
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.0873	0.0873	0.0593	0.0012	0.0012	0.0012	0.4585	0.4585	0.4585
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.0509	0.0246	0.0223	0.0016	0.0016	0.0001	0.4391	0.4391	0.4391
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.0009	0.0004	0.0003	0.0002	0.0000	0.0000	0.3966	0.3966	0.3966
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.0804	0.0804	0.0486	0.0006	0.0006	0.0006	0.4468	0.4468	0.4468
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.0513	0.0195	0.0164	0.0015	0.0015	0.0001	0.4616	0.4616	0.4616
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.3690	0.3690	0.3690	0.1719	0.1719	0.3873	0.5805	0.5805	0.5805
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.0832	0.0832	0.0504	0.0016	0.0016	0.0012	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.0400	0.0176	0.0168	0.0048	0.0048	0.0036	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.3528	0.3528	0.3528	0.1008	0.1008	0.1008	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.0264	0.0232	0.0120	0.0032	0.0032	0.0024	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.0308	0.0072	0.0096	0.0080	0.0080	0.0060	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.0168	0.0168	0.0168	0.0104	0.0084	0.0088	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.0888	0.0888	0.0684	0.0032	0.0024	0.0032	0.2532	0.3120	0.3120
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.0260	0.0088	0.0036	0.0020	0.0016	0.0012	0.0192	0.0192	0.0192
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.0096	0.0096	0.0096	0.0180	0.0180	0.0180	0.0948	0.0948	0.0948
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.1072	0.1072	0.0912	0.0032	0.0024	0.0032	0.1632	0.1968	0.1968
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.0536	0.0396	0.0396	0.0040	0.0040	0.0012	0.1164	0.1164	0.1164
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.0144	0.0144	0.0144	0.0116	0.0084	0.0084	0.5748	0.5748	0.5748
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.1172	0.1172	0.0878	0.0227	0.0227	0.0226	0.4678	0.4678	0.4678
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.0421	0.0339	0.0339	0.0198	0.0198	0.0075	0.0737	0.0737	0.0737
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.0505	0.0505	0.0505	0.0597	0.0597	0.0597	0.1898	0.1898	0.1898
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.1466	0.1466	0.1009	0.0263	0.0263	0.0263	0.2984	0.3095	0.3095
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.0734	0.0726	0.0726	0.0255	0.0255	0.0158	0.2357	0.2357	0.2357
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.0503	0.0503	0.0503	0.0466	0.0466	0.0466	0.6394	0.6394	0.6394
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.1262	0.1262	0.0925	0.0255	0.0255	0.0255	0.4835	0.4835	0.4835
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.0433	0.0386	0.0386	0.0219	0.0219	0.0075	0.0801	0.0801	0.0801
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.0522	0.0522	0.0522	0.0613	0.0613	0.0613	0.1958	0.1958	0.1958
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.1527	0.1527	0.1030	0.0310	0.0310	0.0310	0.3020	0.3119	0.3119
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.0835	0.0815	0.0745	0.0262	0.0262	0.0159	0.2510	0.2510	0.2510
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.0528	0.0528	0.0528	0.0475	0.0475	0.0475	0.6797	0.6797	0.6797
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.1800	0.1800	0.1800	0.0318	0.0318	0.0318	0.6160	0.6160	0.6160
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.0582	0.0494	0.0494	0.0320	0.0320	0.0079	0.1320	0.1320	0.1320
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.0706	0.0706	0.0706	0.0812	0.0812	0.0812	0.2255	0.2255	0.2255
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.1595	0.1595	0.1088	0.0473	0.0421	0.0473	0.3380	0.3380	0.3380
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.1839	0.1839	0.1052	0.0374	0.0374	0.0162	0.2861	0.2861	0.2861
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.0660	0.0660	0.0660	0.0756	0.0756	0.0756	0.7411	0.7411	0.7411
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.0860	0.0620	0.0460	0.0016	0.0016	0.0016	0.1096	0.1180	0.1180
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.0536	0.0216	0.0216	0.0028	0.0024	0.0008	0.0532	0.0660	0.0660
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.0104	0.0104	0.0104	0.0116	0.0044	0.0032	0.2247	0.2247	0.2247

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 41: Stepdown Tests for Maximum Outcomes of Pooled Children of Pooled Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su./Arrested	Never Su./Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	58	53	57	54	72	70	64	63	76	73
	(02) Control	0.4483	0.5000	0.3103	0.3333	0.8649	0.8889	0.6875	0.7333	1.0000	1.0000
	(03) Treatment	0.4483	0.4815	0.2857	0.2963	0.9429	0.9118	0.9063	0.8182	1.0000	1.0000
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.0000	-0.0185	-0.0246	-0.0370	0.0780	0.0229	0.2188	0.0848	0.0000	0.0000
	(05) COLS	0.0316	0.0678	0.0593	0.0992	0.0444	-0.0271	0.1644	0.0385	0.0000	0.0000
	(06) AIPW	0.0473	0.0384	0.0238	0.0064	0.0671	-0.0051	0.1879	0.0727	0.0000	0.0000
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.8932	0.8932	0.7772	0.7772	0.2386	0.3684	0.0214	0.2029	1.0000	1.0000
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.6713	0.6713	0.4965	0.4965	0.5357	0.5357	0.1279	0.3615	1.0000	1.0000
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.6840	0.6840	0.8221	0.8221	0.1813	0.4498	0.0141	0.1797	1.0000	1.0000
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.8838	0.8838	0.7482	0.7482	0.2403	0.3705	0.0197	0.1993	1.0000	1.0000
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.6434	0.6434	0.4511	0.4511	0.5557	0.5557	0.1387	0.3656	1.0000	1.0000
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.8868	0.8868	0.9376	0.9376	0.3716	0.4626	0.2606	0.4249	1.0000	1.0000
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.8696	0.8696	0.7560	0.7560	0.2256	0.3688	0.0144	0.2076	1.0000	1.0000
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.6096	0.6096	0.4448	0.4448	0.5352	0.5352	0.1320	0.3736	1.0000	1.0000
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.7328	0.7328	0.8464	0.8464	0.3400	0.4516	0.1176	0.3124	1.0000	1.0000
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.8528	0.8528	0.6768	0.6768	0.0808	0.3444	0.0040	0.1248	1.0000	1.0000
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.5680	0.5680	0.3536	0.3536	0.4160	0.4160	0.0440	0.3140	1.0000	1.0000
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.8896	0.8896	0.8592	0.8592	0.1872	0.4612	0.0288	0.1992	1.0000	1.0000
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.9424	0.9424	0.8000	0.8000	0.2096	0.3788	0.0224	0.2200	1.0000	1.0000
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.6872	0.6872	0.4744	0.4744	0.4848	0.4848	0.1088	0.3808	1.0000	1.0000
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.7672	0.7672	0.8528	0.8528	0.3200	0.4436	0.0712	0.2656	1.0000	1.0000
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.9424	0.9424	0.7552	0.7552	0.2096	0.3728	0.0272	0.2180	1.0000	1.0000
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.7064	0.7064	0.5144	0.5144	0.5032	0.5032	0.1488	0.3800	1.0000	1.0000
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.7600	0.7600	0.8496	0.8496	0.3032	0.4372	0.0680	0.2524	1.0000	1.0000
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4830	0.5593	0.1076	0.3099	1.0000	1.0000
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.8813	0.8813	0.6626	0.6626	0.6997	0.6997	0.2051	0.4247	1.0000	1.0000
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4372	0.5928	0.1347	0.3105	1.0000	1.0000
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4841	0.5547	0.1302	0.3093	1.0000	1.0000
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.9050	0.9050	0.7195	0.7195	0.7515	0.7515	0.2717	0.4281	1.0000	1.0000
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4289	0.5882	0.1295	0.2938	1.0000	1.0000
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4851	0.5612	0.1087	0.3153	1.0000	1.0000
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.8865	0.8865	0.6698	0.6698	0.7185	0.7185	0.2055	0.4352	1.0000	1.0000
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4387	0.5938	0.1357	0.3234	1.0000	1.0000
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4856	0.5565	0.1312	0.3118	1.0000	1.0000
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.9053	0.9053	0.7301	0.7301	0.7857	0.7857	0.2872	0.4350	1.0000	1.0000
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4436	0.5915	0.1299	0.2945	1.0000	1.0000
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.5158	0.5903	0.1297	0.3450	1.0000	1.0000
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.9204	0.9204	0.7046	0.7046	0.8373	0.8373	0.2067	0.4890	1.0000	1.0000
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4464	0.6820	0.1416	0.3881	1.0000	1.0000
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4976	0.5817	0.1413	0.3367	1.0000	1.0000
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	0.7378	0.7378	0.9548	0.9548	0.3587	0.5150	1.0000	1.0000
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.5326	0.6973	0.1405	0.3360	1.0000	1.0000
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.5186	0.5186	0.4246	0.4246	0.1495	0.3727	0.0244	0.2179	1.0000	1.0000
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.4098	0.4022	0.3263	0.2919	0.5198	0.5198	0.1052	0.3798	1.0000	1.0000
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.4410	0.4410	0.4794	0.4794	0.2971	0.4370	0.0620	0.2523	1.0000	1.0000

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 41: Stepdown Tests for Maximum Outcomes of Pooled Children of Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Summary	(01) Obs.	72	70	64	63	73	62	76	71	67	65
	(02) Control	0.8649	0.8889	0.6875	0.7333	0.9714	0.5484	0.5000	0.3243	0.1176	0.0882
	(03) Treatment	0.9429	0.9118	0.9063	0.8182	0.9474	0.5806	0.6316	0.5294	0.3636	0.2581
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0780	0.0229	0.2188	0.0848	-0.0241	0.0323	0.1316	0.2051	0.2460	0.1698
	(05) COLS	0.0444	-0.0271	0.1644	0.0385	-0.0418	0.1287	0.0428	0.1901	0.2214	0.1750
	(06) AIPW	0.0671	-0.0051	0.1879	0.0727	-0.0334	0.0633	-0.0406	0.1754	0.1679	0.1445
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.2386	0.3684	0.0214	0.2029	0.3013	0.3967	0.1150	0.0407	0.0108	0.0403
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.5357	0.5357	0.1279	0.3615	0.1546	0.1919	0.3526	0.0696	0.0220	0.0280
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.1813	0.4498	0.0141	0.1797	0.1924	0.2832	0.3451	0.0589	0.0371	0.0365
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.2403	0.3705	0.0197	0.1993	0.2953	0.3997	0.1082	0.0259	0.0057	0.0260
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.5557	0.5557	0.1387	0.3656	0.1535	0.1911	0.3512	0.0470	0.0141	0.0175
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.3716	0.4626	0.2606	0.4249	0.2117	0.4987	0.3788	0.1138	0.1340	0.2036
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.2256	0.3688	0.0144	0.2076	0.3396	0.4052	0.1108	0.0216	0.0072	0.0260
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.5352	0.5352	0.1320	0.3736	0.1740	0.1876	0.3656	0.0500	0.0136	0.0172
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.3400	0.4516	0.1176	0.3124	0.1936	0.2876	0.4776	0.1284	0.0648	0.0592
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.0808	0.3444	0.0040	0.1248	0.2640	0.3740	0.0596	0.0112	0.0008	0.0024
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.4160	0.4160	0.0440	0.3140	0.0176	0.1404	0.2908	0.0264	0.0072	0.0028
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.1872	0.4612	0.0288	0.1992	0.1072	0.3716	0.2340	0.0444	0.0504	0.0336
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.2096	0.3788	0.0224	0.2200	0.4692	0.3948	0.1332	0.0452	0.0196	0.0480
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.4848	0.4848	0.1088	0.3808	0.2092	0.1692	0.3716	0.0724	0.0312	0.0460
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.3200	0.4436	0.0712	0.2656	0.2516	0.3396	0.3524	0.1080	0.0964	0.0876
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.2096	0.3728	0.0272	0.2180	0.4508	0.3800	0.1244	0.0428	0.0164	0.0460
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.5032	0.5032	0.1488	0.3800	0.1500	0.1996	0.3756	0.0788	0.0312	0.0364
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.3032	0.4372	0.0680	0.2524	0.2280	0.3332	0.3472	0.1088	0.0824	0.0816
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.4830	0.5593	0.1076	0.3099	0.4893	0.3939	0.2758	0.0936	0.0458	0.0722
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.6997	0.6997	0.2051	0.4247	0.2670	0.2004	0.4235	0.1067	0.0538	0.0651
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.4372	0.5928	0.1347	0.3105	0.3266	0.3950	0.4437	0.1496	0.1042	0.1148
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.4841	0.5547	0.1302	0.3093	0.4682	0.3767	0.2699	0.0833	0.0380	0.0643
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.7515	0.7515	0.2717	0.4281	0.1893	0.2348	0.4274	0.1157	0.0480	0.0503
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.4289	0.5882	0.1295	0.2938	0.3032	0.3980	0.4387	0.1530	0.0997	0.1068
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.4851	0.5612	0.1087	0.3153	0.4900	0.3976	0.2819	0.0949	0.0465	0.0741
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.7185	0.7185	0.2055	0.4352	0.2744	0.2025	0.4314	0.1086	0.0548	0.0693
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.4387	0.5938	0.1357	0.3234	0.3445	0.4062	0.4670	0.1500	0.1059	0.1181
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.4856	0.5565	0.1312	0.3118	0.4710	0.3813	0.2765	0.0846	0.0393	0.0648
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.7857	0.7857	0.2872	0.4350	0.1994	0.2353	0.4302	0.1174	0.0512	0.0520
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.4436	0.5915	0.1299	0.2945	0.3088	0.4049	0.4591	0.1541	0.1023	0.1091
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.5158	0.5903	0.1297	0.3450	0.4936	0.4277	0.2913	0.0973	0.0482	0.0781
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.8373	0.8373	0.2067	0.4890	0.3180	0.2139	0.4548	0.1148	0.0577	0.0761
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.4464	0.6820	0.1416	0.3881	0.4054	0.4404	0.6638	0.1588	0.1574	0.1521
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.4976	0.5817	0.1413	0.3367	0.4880	0.3985	0.3151	0.0905	0.0449	0.0901
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.9548	0.9548	0.3587	0.5150	0.2160	0.2448	0.4581	0.1312	0.0783	0.0587
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.5326	0.6973	0.1405	0.3360	0.3305	0.4190	0.6110	0.1592	0.1121	0.1198
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.1495	0.3727	0.0244	0.2179	0.4506	0.3798	0.1244	0.0428	0.0164	0.0460
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.5198	0.5198	0.1052	0.3798	0.1499	0.1995	0.3754	0.0788	0.0312	0.0364
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.2971	0.4370	0.0620	0.2523	0.2279	0.3331	0.3471	0.1088	0.0824	0.0816

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 42: Stepdown Tests for Maximum Outcomes of Male Children of Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -spended	Never Su -spended	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Summary	(01) Obs.	48	46	51	50	47	45	54	53	46	44
	(02) Control	0.5217	0.4545	0.8148	0.8148	0.4348	0.4091	0.9286	0.9286	0.4545	0.4286
	(03) Treatment	0.8000	0.7917	0.8750	0.8696	0.7083	0.6957	0.9231	0.9200	0.7500	0.7391
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.2783	0.3371	0.0602	0.0548	0.2736	0.2866	-0.0055	-0.0086	0.2955	0.3106
	(05) COLS	0.2638	0.2982	0.0845	0.0788	0.2301	0.2439	0.0054	0.0016	0.2446	0.2564
	(06) AIPW	0.1461	0.2071	0.1242	0.1218	0.1569	0.1593	0.0485	0.0470	0.1299	0.1328
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.0172	0.0126	0.5630	0.5630	0.0556	0.0556	0.9088	0.9088	0.0257	0.0257
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.0610	0.0610	0.4531	0.4531	0.1469	0.1469	0.9421	0.9421	0.1149	0.1149
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.0990	0.0753	0.1838	0.1838	0.2089	0.2089	0.4390	0.4390	0.2383	0.2383
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.0147	0.0107	0.5358	0.5358	0.0360	0.0360	0.9081	0.9081	0.0238	0.0238
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.0603	0.0603	0.4328	0.4328	0.1219	0.1219	0.9426	0.9426	0.1151	0.1151
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.7694	0.7694	0.6563	0.6563	0.9449	0.9449	0.8354	0.8354	0.9551	0.9551
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.0188	0.0128	0.5480	0.5480	0.0376	0.0376	0.9088	0.9088	0.0200	0.0200
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.0584	0.0584	0.4592	0.4592	0.1312	0.1312	0.9728	0.9728	0.1144	0.1144
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.4288	0.4288	0.2776	0.2776	0.3880	0.3880	0.5816	0.5816	0.5112	0.5112
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.0112	0.0112	0.4424	0.4424	0.0320	0.0320	0.8880	0.8880	0.0176	0.0176
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.0568	0.0568	0.2920	0.2920	0.0944	0.0944	0.9368	0.9368	0.0968	0.0968
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.2080	0.1824	0.2112	0.2112	0.4456	0.4456	0.4816	0.4816	0.3960	0.3960
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.0264	0.0232	0.6440	0.6440	0.0744	0.0744	0.9272	0.9272	0.0472	0.0472
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.0592	0.0592	0.5016	0.5016	0.1592	0.1592	0.9544	0.9544	0.1112	0.1112
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.2272	0.2272	0.3608	0.3608	0.4184	0.4184	0.6000	0.6000	0.4680	0.4680
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.0244	0.0232	0.6360	0.6360	0.0696	0.0696	0.9008	0.9008	0.0448	0.0448
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.0728	0.0728	0.5008	0.5008	0.1760	0.1760	0.9536	0.9536	0.1392	0.1392
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.2368	0.2368	0.3488	0.3488	0.4128	0.4128	0.6072	0.6072	0.4528	0.4528
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.0626	0.0626	0.7736	0.7736	0.1327	0.1327	1.0000	1.0000	0.0849	0.0849
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.1058	0.1058	0.6529	0.6529	0.2076	0.2076	1.0000	1.0000	0.1557	0.1557
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.3290	0.3290	0.4973	0.4973	0.5326	0.5326	0.6917	0.6917	0.5808	0.5808
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.0605	0.0605	0.7693	0.7693	0.1236	0.1236	1.0000	1.0000	0.0849	0.0849
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.1348	0.1348	0.6758	0.6758	0.2223	0.2223	1.0000	1.0000	0.1856	0.1856
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.3456	0.3456	0.4904	0.4904	0.5115	0.5115	0.6935	0.6935	0.5472	0.5472
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.0653	0.0653	0.7832	0.7832	0.1353	0.1353	1.0000	1.0000	0.0965	0.0965
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.1087	0.1087	0.6656	0.6656	0.2100	0.2100	1.0000	1.0000	0.1588	0.1588
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.3373	0.3373	0.5094	0.5094	0.5478	0.5478	0.6966	0.6966	0.6028	0.6028
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.0626	0.0605	0.7784	0.7784	0.1345	0.1345	1.0000	1.0000	0.0893	0.0893
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.1378	0.1378	0.6840	0.6840	0.2275	0.2275	1.0000	1.0000	0.1974	0.1974
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.3518	0.3518	0.4918	0.4918	0.5274	0.5274	0.6966	0.6966	0.5793	0.5793
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.0933	0.0933	0.8428	0.8428	0.1766	0.1766	1.0000	1.0000	0.1542	0.1542
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.1321	0.1321	0.6906	0.6906	0.3076	0.3076	1.0000	1.0000	0.1725	0.1725
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.3747	0.3539	0.5778	0.5778	0.6111	0.6111	0.7316	0.7316	0.6314	0.6314
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.0816	0.0617	0.7883	0.7883	0.2012	0.2012	1.0000	1.0000	0.1226	0.1226
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.1587	0.1587	0.7238	0.7238	0.2582	0.2582	1.0000	1.0000	0.2687	0.2687
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.3894	0.3894	0.5007	0.5007	0.5778	0.5778	0.8050	0.8050	0.6712	0.6712
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.0244	0.0164	0.3211	0.3367	0.0404	0.0404	0.4778	0.4554	0.0260	0.0260
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.0572	0.0472	0.2607	0.2687	0.0968	0.0968	0.5206	0.5238	0.0776	0.0776
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.1999	0.1479	0.1799	0.1803	0.2319	0.2319	0.3095	0.3095	0.2483	0.2483

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 42: Stepdown Tests for Maximum Outcomes of Male Children of Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Attended College	Attended College	Attended College	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	45	44	44	48	47	47	46	45	45
	(02) Control	0.3182	0.3182	0.2857	0.6087	0.5652	0.5652	0.5909	0.5455	0.5455
	(03) Treatment	0.6957	0.6818	0.6087	0.7600	0.7917	0.7917	0.7083	0.7391	0.7391
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.3775	0.3636	0.3230	0.1513	0.2264	0.2264	0.1174	0.1937	0.1937
	(05) COLS	0.3417	0.3344	0.3058	0.1412	0.2342	0.2181	0.0845	0.1778	0.1633
	(06) AIPW	0.3637	0.3601	0.3157	0.3626	0.3031	0.3353	0.3419	0.2827	0.3115
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.0105	0.0105	0.0120	0.1439	0.1439	0.1439	0.2677	0.2677	0.2677
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.0408	0.0408	0.0408	0.2031	0.2031	0.2031	0.4174	0.4174	0.4174
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.0057	0.0057	0.0067	0.0011	0.0018	0.0015	0.0033	0.0049	0.0040
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.0100	0.0101	0.0107	0.1287	0.1227	0.1227	0.2414	0.2414	0.2414
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.0512	0.0512	0.0512	0.1842	0.1826	0.1826	0.3964	0.3964	0.3964
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.6866	0.6866	0.6866	0.7640	0.7640	0.7640	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.0108	0.0108	0.0112	0.1268	0.1188	0.1188	0.2220	0.2220	0.2220
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.0480	0.0480	0.0480	0.1620	0.1548	0.1548	0.3492	0.3492	0.3492
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.0696	0.0696	0.0696	0.2640	0.2640	0.2640	0.3228	0.3228	0.3228
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.0168	0.0168	0.0168	0.0756	0.0648	0.0648	0.1528	0.1476	0.1476
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.0672	0.0672	0.0672	0.1624	0.1440	0.1440	0.3180	0.3180	0.3180
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.3120	0.3120	0.3120	0.0396	0.0396	0.0396	0.0480	0.0480	0.0480
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.0360	0.0360	0.0360	0.1740	0.1740	0.1740	0.3108	0.3108	0.3108
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.0576	0.0576	0.0576	0.1788	0.1788	0.1788	0.4572	0.4572	0.4572
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.1176	0.1176	0.1176	0.0792	0.0792	0.0792	0.1248	0.1248	0.1248
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.0312	0.0312	0.0312	0.1752	0.1752	0.1752	0.3528	0.3528	0.3528
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.0720	0.0720	0.0720	0.2280	0.2280	0.2280	0.4836	0.4836	0.4836
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.1008	0.1008	0.1008	0.0648	0.0648	0.0648	0.1020	0.1020	0.1020
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.1417	0.1417	0.1417	0.2236	0.2236	0.2236	0.3404	0.3404	0.3404
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.1545	0.1545	0.1545	0.2266	0.2266	0.2266	0.4795	0.4795	0.4795
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.2484	0.2484	0.2484	0.1328	0.1328	0.1328	0.1686	0.1686	0.1686
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.1290	0.1290	0.1290	0.2229	0.2229	0.2229	0.3770	0.3770	0.3770
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.1882	0.1882	0.1882	0.2509	0.2509	0.2509	0.4854	0.4854	0.4854
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.2375	0.2375	0.2375	0.1175	0.1175	0.1175	0.1507	0.1507	0.1507
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.1585	0.1585	0.1585	0.2383	0.2383	0.2383	0.3582	0.3582	0.3582
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.1712	0.1712	0.1712	0.2409	0.2409	0.2409	0.4836	0.4836	0.4836
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.2516	0.2516	0.2516	0.1372	0.1372	0.1372	0.1724	0.1724	0.1724
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.1551	0.1551	0.1551	0.2240	0.2240	0.2240	0.3945	0.3945	0.3945
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.2073	0.2073	0.2073	0.2624	0.2624	0.2624	0.4893	0.4893	0.4893
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.2485	0.2485	0.2485	0.1202	0.1202	0.1202	0.1565	0.1565	0.1565
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.1811	0.1811	0.1811	0.2843	0.2843	0.2843	0.4542	0.4542	0.4542
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.2259	0.2259	0.2259	0.3040	0.3040	0.3040	0.5440	0.5440	0.5440
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.3064	0.3174	0.3174	0.2180	0.2180	0.2180	0.1935	0.1935	0.1935
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.2085	0.2085	0.2085	0.2662	0.2662	0.2662	0.4113	0.4113	0.4113
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.2360	0.2360	0.2360	0.3188	0.3146	0.3188	0.5880	0.5588	0.5880
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.3750	0.3750	0.3750	0.1363	0.1363	0.1363	0.2075	0.2075	0.2075
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.0124	0.0160	0.0184	0.1467	0.0956	0.0956	0.2135	0.1607	0.1607
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.0316	0.0364	0.0424	0.1887	0.1287	0.1335	0.3183	0.2251	0.2295
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.0480	0.0500	0.0644	0.0364	0.0364	0.0364	0.0644	0.0644	0.0644

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 42: Stepdown Tests for Maximum Outcomes of Male Children of Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	46	45	45	45	44	45	56	55	53
	(02) Control	0.5000	0.4545	0.4545	0.0455	0.0455	0.0455	0.8966	0.8966	0.8929
	(03) Treatment	0.6667	0.6957	0.6957	0.5217	0.5455	0.5217	0.9630	0.9615	0.9600
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1667	0.2411	0.2411	0.4763	0.5000	0.4763	0.0664	0.0650	0.0671
	(05) COLS	0.1597	0.2433	0.2277	0.5109	0.5270	0.4922	0.0795	0.0784	0.0821
	(06) AIPW	0.3175	0.3257	0.3682	0.5310	0.5544	0.5227	0.1073	0.1077	0.1035
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.1549	0.1549	0.1549	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.4831	0.4831	0.4831
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.2137	0.2137	0.2137	0.0001	0.0000	0.0001	0.4567	0.4567	0.4567
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.0047	0.0047	0.0039	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.2437	0.2437	0.2437
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.1238	0.1238	0.1238	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.4781	0.4781	0.4781
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.1825	0.1825	0.1825	0.0001	0.0000	0.0001	0.4449	0.4449	0.4449
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.1236	0.1224	0.1224	0.0012	0.0012	0.0012	0.5160	0.5160	0.5160
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.1596	0.1596	0.1596	0.0012	0.0012	0.0012	0.4980	0.4980	0.4980
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.4356	0.4356	0.4356	0.0180	0.0180	0.0180	0.3780	0.3780	0.3780
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.0876	0.0876	0.0876	0.0036	0.0036	0.0036	0.2304	0.2304	0.2304
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.1632	0.1632	0.1632	0.0048	0.0048	0.0048	0.1896	0.1896	0.1896
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.0680	0.0680	0.0624	0.0096	0.0096	0.0096	0.3468	0.3468	0.3468
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.1944	0.1944	0.1944	0.0024	0.0024	0.0024	0.5892	0.5892	0.5892
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.2340	0.2340	0.2340	0.0024	0.0024	0.0024	0.4716	0.4716	0.4716
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.1248	0.1248	0.1248	0.0096	0.0096	0.0096	0.4440	0.4440	0.4440
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.2112	0.2112	0.2112	0.0024	0.0024	0.0024	0.5148	0.5148	0.5148
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.2592	0.2592	0.2592	0.0024	0.0024	0.0024	0.5724	0.5724	0.5724
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.1164	0.1164	0.1164	0.0036	0.0036	0.0036	0.4692	0.4692	0.4692
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.2402	0.2402	0.2402	0.0227	0.0227	0.0227	0.7955	0.7955	0.7955
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.2699	0.2699	0.2699	0.0175	0.0175	0.0175	0.5993	0.5993	0.5993
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.1964	0.1964	0.1964	0.0448	0.0448	0.0448	0.5987	0.5987	0.5987
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.2482	0.2482	0.2482	0.0175	0.0175	0.0175	0.7348	0.7348	0.7348
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.2942	0.2942	0.2942	0.0175	0.0175	0.0175	0.6876	0.6876	0.6876
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.1497	0.1497	0.1497	0.0390	0.0390	0.0390	0.6601	0.6601	0.6601
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.2464	0.2464	0.2464	0.0239	0.0239	0.0239	0.7977	0.7977	0.7977
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.2827	0.2827	0.2827	0.0191	0.0191	0.0191	0.6131	0.6131	0.6131
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.2143	0.2143	0.2143	0.0449	0.0449	0.0449	0.6020	0.6020	0.6020
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.2585	0.2585	0.2585	0.0191	0.0191	0.0191	0.7391	0.7391	0.7391
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.3113	0.3113	0.3113	0.0191	0.0191	0.0191	0.6894	0.6894	0.6894
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.1642	0.1642	0.1642	0.0404	0.0404	0.0404	0.6669	0.6669	0.6669
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.3294	0.3294	0.3294	0.0377	0.0377	0.0377	0.8952	0.8952	0.8952
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.3700	0.3700	0.3700	0.0249	0.0252	0.0252	0.6710	0.6710	0.6710
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.2694	0.2694	0.2694	0.0525	0.0525	0.0525	0.6332	0.6332	0.6332
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.3134	0.3134	0.3134	0.0377	0.0377	0.0377	0.7826	0.7826	0.7826
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.3668	0.3668	0.3668	0.0377	0.0377	0.0377	0.7289	0.7289	0.7289
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.2451	0.2451	0.2451	0.0442	0.0442	0.0442	0.6976	0.6976	0.6976
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.1523	0.1052	0.1052	0.0008	0.0008	0.0008	0.1879	0.1959	0.1959
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.1839	0.1267	0.1391	0.0008	0.0008	0.0008	0.1979	0.1991	0.1991
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.0608	0.0608	0.0608	0.0024	0.0024	0.0024	0.1679	0.1679	0.1679

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 42: Stepdown Tests for Maximum Outcomes of Male Children of Pooled Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	41	41	42	42	46	47	43	44	53	52
	(02) Control	0.0476	0.0476	0.0455	0.0455	0.5000	0.5000	0.3182	0.3182	0.9286	0.9259
	(03) Treatment	0.2500	0.2500	0.2000	0.2000	0.7273	0.6522	0.6190	0.5455	1.0000	0.9600
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.2024	0.2024	0.1545	0.1545	0.2273	0.1522	0.3009	0.2273	0.0714	0.0341
	(05) COLS	0.2359	0.2275	0.2035	0.1979	0.1150	0.0447	0.1695	0.0969	0.0891	0.0540
	(06) AIPW	0.3528	0.3234	0.2913	0.2689	0.1519	0.0866	0.2019	0.1464	0.0756	0.0671
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.0701	0.0701	0.1352	0.1352	0.1259	0.1550	0.0508	0.0688	0.1354	0.2964
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.0615	0.0615	0.1000	0.1000	0.5022	0.5022	0.3146	0.3146	0.1397	0.2389
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0001	0.1838	0.2210	0.0928	0.1142	0.0978	0.1111
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.0408	0.0408	0.1037	0.1037	0.0897	0.1301	0.0300	0.0487	0.1347	0.2916
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.0488	0.0488	0.0856	0.0856	0.4824	0.4824	0.2839	0.2839	0.1531	0.2416
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.2781	0.2384	0.8409	0.8409	0.9641	0.9641	0.9300	0.9300	0.3550	0.3550
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.0304	0.0304	0.0912	0.0912	0.1040	0.1340	0.0280	0.0548	0.2680	0.3324
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.0488	0.0488	0.0848	0.0848	0.4464	0.4464	0.2720	0.2720	0.2680	0.2680
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.0344	0.0344	0.0464	0.0464	0.3120	0.3120	0.3720	0.3720	0.2856	0.2856
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.0056	0.0056	0.0192	0.0192	0.0552	0.0816	0.0280	0.0296	0.2688	0.2996
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.0096	0.0096	0.0336	0.0336	0.4000	0.4000	0.1984	0.2192	0.2696	0.2696
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.0032	0.0040	0.0184	0.0184	0.5440	0.5440	0.3256	0.3256	0.3616	0.3616
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.0672	0.0672	0.1280	0.1280	0.1592	0.1900	0.0704	0.0872	0.2488	0.3304
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.0448	0.0448	0.0520	0.0520	0.5216	0.5216	0.3384	0.3384	0.0424	0.1996
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.0168	0.0176	0.0264	0.0264	0.4288	0.4288	0.2896	0.2896	0.1464	0.1768
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.0600	0.0600	0.1216	0.1216	0.1536	0.1852	0.0792	0.0848	0.1392	0.2816
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.0408	0.0408	0.0656	0.0656	0.5704	0.5704	0.3600	0.3600	0.1040	0.2240
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.0040	0.0040	0.0096	0.0096	0.3880	0.3880	0.2976	0.2976	0.2024	0.2024
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.1470	0.1470	0.2303	0.2303	0.2532	0.2532	0.1650	0.1650	0.3130	0.3404
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.0878	0.0878	0.1026	0.1026	0.5307	0.5307	0.4382	0.4382	0.1201	0.2380
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.0546	0.0546	0.0719	0.0719	0.4256	0.4256	0.3737	0.3737	0.2555	0.2555
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.1309	0.1309	0.2146	0.2146	0.2518	0.2518	0.1612	0.1612	0.1973	0.2913
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.0940	0.0940	0.1468	0.1468	0.5618	0.5618	0.4878	0.4878	0.2089	0.2604
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.0230	0.0230	0.0365	0.0365	0.3935	0.3935	0.3836	0.3836	0.2558	0.2558
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.1492	0.1492	0.2380	0.2380	0.2648	0.2648	0.1741	0.1741	0.3235	0.3433
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.0891	0.0891	0.1100	0.1100	0.5314	0.5314	0.4390	0.4390	0.1250	0.2446
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.0559	0.0559	0.0720	0.0720	0.4327	0.4327	0.3822	0.3822	0.2624	0.2624
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.1344	0.1344	0.2147	0.2147	0.2651	0.2651	0.1686	0.1686	0.2071	0.3006
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.1035	0.1035	0.1617	0.1617	0.5618	0.5618	0.4936	0.4936	0.2241	0.2654
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.0236	0.0236	0.0383	0.0383	0.4000	0.4000	0.3854	0.3854	0.2795	0.2795
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.1509	0.1509	0.2805	0.2805	0.3178	0.3178	0.2151	0.2151	0.3695	0.3737
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.1151	0.1151	0.1433	0.1433	0.5370	0.5370	0.5607	0.5607	0.1686	0.2985
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.0784	0.0784	0.1044	0.1044	0.5017	0.5017	0.4320	0.4320	0.3373	0.3373
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.1454	0.1454	0.2429	0.2429	0.3162	0.3162	0.2542	0.2542	0.2468	0.3298
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.1321	0.1321	0.1617	0.1617	0.6537	0.6537	0.5203	0.5203	0.3384	0.3384
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.0391	0.0391	0.0493	0.0493	0.4498	0.4498	0.4222	0.4222	0.4298	0.4298
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.0348	0.0348	0.0716	0.0716	0.1004	0.1851	0.0500	0.0848	0.1891	0.2815
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.0288	0.0292	0.0408	0.0432	0.3531	0.4426	0.2275	0.3151	0.1755	0.2239
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.0024	0.0040	0.0056	0.0088	0.2427	0.3315	0.1863	0.2363	0.2003	0.2003

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 42: Stepdown Tests for Maximum Outcomes of Male Children of Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Summary	(01) Obs.	46	47	43	44	52	42	56	55	52	51
	(02) Control	0.5000	0.5000	0.3182	0.3182	0.8846	0.4783	0.4138	0.2759	0.0357	0.0370
	(03) Treatment	0.7273	0.6522	0.6190	0.5455	0.8846	0.6316	0.4815	0.4615	0.2500	0.2500
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.2273	0.1522	0.3009	0.2273	0.0000	0.1533	0.0677	0.1857	0.2143	0.2130
	(05) COLS	0.1150	0.0447	0.1695	0.0969	-0.0513	0.2418	-0.0616	0.0834	0.1910	0.1961
	(06) AIPW	0.1519	0.0866	0.2019	0.1464	-0.0917	0.1378	-0.0636	0.1214	0.2025	0.2114
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.1259	0.1550	0.0508	0.0688	0.5000	0.1603	0.3024	0.0916	0.0136	0.0145
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.5022	0.5022	0.3146	0.3146	0.2913	0.0874	0.3258	0.2949	0.0298	0.0332
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.1838	0.2210	0.0928	0.1142	0.1219	0.1247	0.2951	0.1688	0.0042	0.0042
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.0897	0.1301	0.0300	0.0487	0.5000	0.1603	0.2944	0.0531	0.0096	0.0084
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.4824	0.4824	0.2839	0.2839	0.2769	0.0847	0.3236	0.2650	0.0246	0.0239
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.9641	0.9641	0.9300	0.9300	0.3027	0.4466	0.4086	0.3502	0.1036	0.0771
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.1040	0.1340	0.0280	0.0548	0.5012	0.1676	0.2988	0.0556	0.0072	0.0060
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.4464	0.4464	0.2720	0.2720	0.3076	0.0848	0.3224	0.2828	0.0260	0.0272
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.3120	0.3120	0.3720	0.3720	0.3048	0.2648	0.3496	0.2672	0.0532	0.0584
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.0552	0.0816	0.0280	0.0296	0.5012	0.1068	0.2296	0.0260	0.0012	0.0012
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.4000	0.4000	0.1984	0.2192	0.2148	0.0644	0.2800	0.2136	0.0032	0.0040
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.5440	0.5440	0.3256	0.3256	0.0952	0.2596	0.3004	0.1504	0.0148	0.0132
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.1592	0.1900	0.0704	0.0872	0.5140	0.1600	0.3104	0.0916	0.0228	0.0240
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.5216	0.5216	0.3384	0.3384	0.2792	0.0792	0.3200	0.2532	0.0312	0.0352
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.4288	0.4288	0.2896	0.2896	0.2076	0.2308	0.3324	0.1872	0.0296	0.0280
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.1536	0.1852	0.0792	0.0848	0.5140	0.1472	0.2968	0.0868	0.0180	0.0204
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.5704	0.5704	0.3600	0.3600	0.2816	0.0916	0.3244	0.2728	0.0364	0.0452
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.3880	0.3880	0.2976	0.2976	0.1844	0.2152	0.3304	0.1928	0.0304	0.0280
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.2532	0.2532	0.1650	0.1650	0.6602	0.1956	0.5184	0.2232	0.0352	0.0501
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.5307	0.5307	0.4382	0.4382	0.4441	0.1115	0.3964	0.3443	0.0473	0.0523
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.4256	0.4256	0.3737	0.3737	0.3683	0.2530	0.3751	0.2949	0.0551	0.0614
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.2518	0.2518	0.1612	0.1612	0.6602	0.1755	0.5133	0.2176	0.0341	0.0485
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.5618	0.5618	0.4878	0.4878	0.4554	0.1202	0.3988	0.3492	0.0554	0.0663
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.3935	0.3935	0.3836	0.3836	0.3401	0.2364	0.3721	0.3036	0.0604	0.0607
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.2648	0.2648	0.1741	0.1741	0.6613	0.2005	0.5255	0.2253	0.0364	0.0523
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.5314	0.5314	0.4390	0.4390	0.4471	0.1145	0.4066	0.3513	0.0520	0.0564
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.4327	0.4327	0.3822	0.3822	0.3691	0.2538	0.3771	0.2984	0.0594	0.0621
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.2651	0.2651	0.1686	0.1686	0.6613	0.1790	0.5198	0.2221	0.0348	0.0500
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.5618	0.5618	0.4936	0.4936	0.4592	0.1252	0.4073	0.3548	0.0568	0.0687
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.4000	0.4000	0.3854	0.3854	0.3413	0.2395	0.3749	0.3111	0.0616	0.0622
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.3178	0.3178	0.2151	0.2151	0.6652	0.2410	0.5558	0.2364	0.0412	0.0621
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.5370	0.5370	0.5607	0.5607	0.5230	0.1367	0.4495	0.3716	0.0752	0.0664
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.5017	0.5017	0.4320	0.4320	0.3710	0.2676	0.4233	0.3798	0.0784	0.0736
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.3162	0.3162	0.2542	0.2542	0.6652	0.2379	0.5912	0.2388	0.0382	0.0514
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.6537	0.6537	0.5203	0.5203	0.4727	0.1365	0.4780	0.3681	0.0835	0.0780
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.4498	0.4498	0.4222	0.4222	0.3474	0.2563	0.4920	0.3345	0.0685	0.0831
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.1004	0.1851	0.0500	0.0848	0.5330	0.1471	0.2967	0.0868	0.0180	0.0204
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.3531	0.4426	0.2275	0.3151	0.2815	0.0916	0.3243	0.2727	0.0364	0.0452
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.2427	0.3315	0.1863	0.2363	0.1843	0.2151	0.3303	0.1927	0.0304	0.0280

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 43: Stepdown Tests for Maximum Outcomes of Female Children of Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -spended	Never Su -spended	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Summary	(01) Obs.	56	53	59	56	53	52	62	59	55	53
	(02) Control	0.7143	0.7037	0.8214	0.8214	0.6154	0.5926	0.9000	0.9000	0.6667	0.6667
	(03) Treatment	0.9286	0.9615	0.9355	0.9643	0.9259	0.9600	0.9375	0.9655	0.9286	0.9615
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.2143	0.2578	0.1141	0.1429	0.3105	0.3674	0.0375	0.0655	0.2619	0.2949
	(05) COLS	0.2241	0.2839	0.1216	0.1790	0.3166	0.3983	0.0270	0.0772	0.2717	0.3300
	(06) AIPW	0.2287	0.2812	0.1985	0.2405	0.4618	0.4981	0.0405	0.0829	0.3295	0.3708
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.0116	0.0055	0.0865	0.0747	0.0017	0.0003	0.2997	0.2997	0.0043	0.0021
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.0153	0.0038	0.1202	0.0584	0.0033	0.0003	0.3698	0.2537	0.0068	0.0015
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.0051	0.0010	0.0076	0.0014	0.0000	0.0000	0.2580	0.1205	0.0007	0.0001
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.0117	0.0038	0.0886	0.0765	0.0015	0.0002	0.2968	0.2968	0.0042	0.0014
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.0199	0.0049	0.1211	0.0624	0.0039	0.0002	0.3745	0.2956	0.0091	0.0021
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.1575	0.1575	0.3113	0.3113	0.1720	0.0874	0.5734	0.5734	0.1993	0.1993
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.0156	0.0024	0.0800	0.0648	0.0024	0.0008	0.3112	0.3112	0.0056	0.0016
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.0196	0.0056	0.1072	0.0560	0.0048	0.0008	0.3696	0.2776	0.0092	0.0048
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.0352	0.0352	0.0680	0.0624	0.0072	0.0056	0.3020	0.2960	0.0184	0.0184
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.0008	0.0008	0.0184	0.0080	0.0008	0.0008	0.2372	0.1232	0.0008	0.0008
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.0024	0.0016	0.0676	0.0120	0.0008	0.0008	0.3720	0.1032	0.0012	0.0008
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.0196	0.0080	0.0992	0.0688	0.0008	0.0008	0.3772	0.3408	0.0072	0.0040
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.0116	0.0088	0.0940	0.0768	0.0008	0.0008	0.2704	0.2704	0.0024	0.0024
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.0124	0.0048	0.0788	0.0296	0.0012	0.0008	0.3392	0.2040	0.0024	0.0016
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.0248	0.0176	0.0396	0.0384	0.0040	0.0040	0.2760	0.1720	0.0088	0.0088
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.0152	0.0120	0.0972	0.0744	0.0024	0.0016	0.2640	0.2640	0.0044	0.0040
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.0196	0.0120	0.1356	0.0768	0.0048	0.0016	0.3704	0.2592	0.0080	0.0040
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.0380	0.0264	0.0580	0.0376	0.0056	0.0056	0.3104	0.2120	0.0136	0.0136
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.0368	0.0368	0.1401	0.1401	0.0159	0.0159	0.4157	0.4157	0.0206	0.0206
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.0298	0.0298	0.1097	0.0705	0.0159	0.0159	0.3858	0.3335	0.0206	0.0206
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.0769	0.0769	0.1146	0.1146	0.0246	0.0246	0.3376	0.3318	0.0360	0.0360
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.0477	0.0428	0.1292	0.1292	0.0160	0.0135	0.4099	0.4099	0.0271	0.0271
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.0466	0.0384	0.1687	0.1347	0.0271	0.0159	0.4155	0.4120	0.0302	0.0288
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.0950	0.0950	0.1051	0.1051	0.0303	0.0267	0.3664	0.3656	0.0574	0.0574
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.0392	0.0392	0.1451	0.1451	0.0159	0.0159	0.4216	0.4216	0.0228	0.0228
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.0323	0.0323	0.1098	0.0719	0.0159	0.0159	0.3946	0.3501	0.0228	0.0228
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.0794	0.0794	0.1202	0.1202	0.0265	0.0265	0.3482	0.3373	0.0413	0.0413
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.0489	0.0447	0.1338	0.1338	0.0172	0.0141	0.4178	0.4178	0.0278	0.0278
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.0476	0.0404	0.1692	0.1404	0.0285	0.0159	0.4272	0.4272	0.0321	0.0293
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.0958	0.0958	0.1087	0.1087	0.0311	0.0297	0.3855	0.3795	0.0592	0.0592
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.0598	0.0598	0.2007	0.2007	0.0170	0.0170	0.4515	0.4515	0.0315	0.0315
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.0466	0.0466	0.1634	0.0796	0.0178	0.0178	0.5902	0.5902	0.0388	0.0228
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.0919	0.0919	0.1328	0.1328	0.0450	0.0450	0.3773	0.3545	0.0814	0.0814
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.0717	0.0603	0.1615	0.1615	0.0205	0.0170	0.4653	0.4653	0.0478	0.0478
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.0661	0.0661	0.2151	0.2151	0.0367	0.0199	0.4837	0.4837	0.0486	0.0353
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.1387	0.1387	0.1645	0.1639	0.0551	0.0551	0.5829	0.5829	0.0961	0.0860
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.0152	0.0080	0.0972	0.0640	0.0024	0.0008	0.2563	0.2111	0.0044	0.0024
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.0196	0.0064	0.1355	0.0544	0.0048	0.0008	0.3703	0.1871	0.0080	0.0020
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.0380	0.0160	0.0580	0.0264	0.0048	0.0032	0.3103	0.1499	0.0128	0.0080

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 43: Stepdown Tests for Maximum Outcomes of Female Children of Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Attended College 18	Attended College 21	Attended College 23	Employed Full-Time 18	Employed Full-Time 21	Employed Full-Time 23	Employed + Any HS 18	Employed + Any HS 21	Employed + Any HS 23
Summary	(01) Obs.	54	52	48	55	53	48	53	51	46
	(02) Control	0.6923	0.6923	0.6923	0.5714	0.5714	0.5385	0.5385	0.5385	0.5000
	(03) Treatment	0.7143	0.7308	0.8182	0.7037	0.7200	0.7273	0.7037	0.7200	0.7273
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0220	0.0385	0.1259	0.1323	0.1486	0.1888	0.1652	0.1815	0.2273
	(05) COLS	0.0425	0.0553	0.1944	0.2231	0.2957	0.3962	0.2258	0.2949	0.3944
	(06) AIPW	-0.1125	-0.0843	0.0533	0.2720	0.3161	0.3890	0.3247	0.3688	0.4689
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.7625	0.7625	0.4614	0.2481	0.2481	0.2450	0.1683	0.1683	0.1522
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.7097	0.7097	0.2540	0.0523	0.0260	0.0068	0.0488	0.0268	0.0073
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.4825	0.4825	0.4825	0.0072	0.0040	0.0003	0.0032	0.0018	0.0001
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.7478	0.7478	0.4056	0.2535	0.2535	0.2535	0.1738	0.1738	0.1597
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.6900	0.6900	0.2190	0.0687	0.0385	0.0131	0.0658	0.0401	0.0140
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3925	0.3925	0.2194	0.3507	0.3507	0.2159
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.7520	0.7520	0.3888	0.2784	0.2784	0.2784	0.1824	0.1824	0.1824
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.6616	0.6616	0.2208	0.0688	0.0472	0.0156	0.0660	0.0504	0.0180
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.8848	0.8848	0.7908	0.1800	0.1800	0.1368	0.1728	0.1728	0.1116
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.6640	0.6640	0.2532	0.1392	0.1392	0.1392	0.0992	0.0992	0.0948
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.6568	0.6568	0.1272	0.0436	0.0228	0.0228	0.0404	0.0240	0.0240
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.3912	0.3912	0.4524	0.0220	0.0168	0.0132	0.0116	0.0048	0.0048
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.8344	0.8344	0.5880	0.2592	0.2592	0.2556	0.1836	0.1836	0.1836
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.7192	0.7192	0.2460	0.0320	0.0176	0.0036	0.0356	0.0264	0.0060
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.8052	0.8052	0.8052	0.0444	0.0444	0.0444	0.0348	0.0348	0.0348
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.8208	0.8208	0.5292	0.2400	0.2400	0.2376	0.1664	0.1664	0.1620
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.7536	0.7536	0.2868	0.0500	0.0296	0.0132	0.0520	0.0320	0.0156
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.7824	0.7824	0.7824	0.0504	0.0504	0.0420	0.0444	0.0444	0.0444
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.8632	0.8632	0.6297	0.3596	0.3596	0.3596	0.2524	0.2524	0.2524
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.7866	0.7866	0.3798	0.0753	0.0753	0.0360	0.0833	0.0833	0.0455
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.1329	0.1329	0.1329	0.1072	0.1072	0.1072
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.8532	0.8532	0.5681	0.3304	0.3304	0.3304	0.2472	0.2472	0.2400
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.8236	0.8236	0.4066	0.0996	0.0874	0.0634	0.0929	0.0929	0.0594
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.1368	0.1368	0.1368	0.1142	0.1142	0.1142
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.8649	0.8649	0.6535	0.3698	0.3698	0.3698	0.2643	0.2643	0.2532
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.7973	0.7973	0.3935	0.0786	0.0786	0.0386	0.0858	0.0858	0.0485
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.1374	0.1374	0.1374	0.1134	0.1134	0.1134
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.8540	0.8540	0.5886	0.3330	0.3330	0.3330	0.2571	0.2571	0.2528
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.8330	0.8330	0.4131	0.1040	0.0900	0.0699	0.0947	0.0947	0.0606
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.1388	0.1388	0.1388	0.1182	0.1182	0.1182
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.9401	0.9401	0.7414	0.4240	0.4240	0.4240	0.3813	0.3813	0.3813
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.8461	0.8461	0.4230	0.1263	0.1026	0.0523	0.1016	0.0946	0.0667
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.1849	0.1849	0.1849	0.1532	0.1532	0.1532
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.9026	0.9026	0.5951	0.4114	0.4114	0.3730	0.2946	0.2946	0.2946
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.9501	0.9501	0.4838	0.1290	0.1108	0.0826	0.1122	0.1015	0.0720
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.1708	0.1708	0.1708	0.1615	0.1615	0.1497
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.4738	0.4738	0.2543	0.1387	0.1387	0.1164	0.1012	0.1012	0.0748
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.4446	0.4446	0.1503	0.0500	0.0204	0.0080	0.0520	0.0212	0.0088
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.5702	0.6381	0.6381	0.0468	0.0328	0.0192	0.0364	0.0260	0.0184

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 43: Stepdown Tests for Maximum Outcomes of Female Children of Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	53	51	46	51	49	44	62	59	56
	(02) Control	0.4615	0.4615	0.4167	0.3600	0.3600	0.3478	0.9000	0.9000	0.9000
	(03) Treatment	0.7037	0.7200	0.7273	0.5385	0.5417	0.6190	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.2422	0.2585	0.3106	0.1785	0.1817	0.2712	0.1000	0.1000	0.1000
	(05) COLS	0.3349	0.4127	0.5250	0.2312	0.2528	0.4600	0.1175	0.1216	0.1241
	(06) AIPW	0.4153	0.4594	0.5662	0.1253	0.1402	0.3174	0.0962	0.0962	0.0962
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.0514	0.0514	0.0382	0.1953	0.1953	0.1002	0.0982	0.0982	0.0982
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.0053	0.0010	0.0001	0.1046	0.1046	0.0015	0.0883	0.0883	0.0883
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.0002	0.0001	0.0000	0.2118	0.2118	0.0018	0.0700	0.0700	0.0700
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.0529	0.0529	0.0392	0.1818	0.1818	0.0857	0.0949	0.0949	0.0949
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.0108	0.0025	0.0003	0.0957	0.0957	0.0021	0.0965	0.0965	0.0965
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.2143	0.2143	0.0443	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.5298	0.5298	0.5298
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.0600	0.0600	0.0528	0.1896	0.1896	0.1176	0.1512	0.1512	0.1512
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.0116	0.0056	0.0036	0.0872	0.0872	0.0132	0.1512	0.1512	0.1512
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.0768	0.0768	0.0444	0.3384	0.3384	0.1152	0.1956	0.1956	0.1956
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.0348	0.0348	0.0348	0.1104	0.1104	0.0552	0.1512	0.1512	0.1512
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.0116	0.0088	0.0084	0.0848	0.0848	0.0048	0.1512	0.1512	0.1512
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.0024	0.0024	0.0024	0.4064	0.4064	0.0552	0.2148	0.2148	0.2148
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.0600	0.0600	0.0576	0.2200	0.2200	0.1656	0.0612	0.0792	0.0792
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.0068	0.0040	0.0012	0.0976	0.0976	0.0036	0.0264	0.0264	0.0264
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.0136	0.0096	0.0136	0.4712	0.4712	0.2364	0.0528	0.0528	0.0528
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.0568	0.0568	0.0516	0.2152	0.2152	0.1380	0.0372	0.0456	0.0456
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.0108	0.0040	0.0024	0.1232	0.1232	0.0024	0.0372	0.0372	0.0372
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.0148	0.0108	0.0108	0.4288	0.4288	0.1440	0.1032	0.1032	0.1032
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.1062	0.1062	0.1053	0.2544	0.2544	0.1999	0.1574	0.1755	0.1755
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.0272	0.0272	0.0166	0.1806	0.1806	0.0369	0.1079	0.1079	0.1079
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.0537	0.0537	0.0537	0.5575	0.5575	0.3352	0.1734	0.1734	0.1734
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.1053	0.1053	0.1053	0.2419	0.2419	0.1848	0.0983	0.1252	0.1252
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.0308	0.0212	0.0166	0.2151	0.2151	0.0399	0.1206	0.1206	0.1206
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.0532	0.0532	0.0532	0.5316	0.5316	0.2378	0.2346	0.2346	0.2346
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.1085	0.1085	0.1069	0.2588	0.2588	0.2070	0.1773	0.1812	0.1812
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.0275	0.0275	0.0171	0.1834	0.1834	0.0379	0.1119	0.1119	0.1119
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.0620	0.0620	0.0620	0.5725	0.5725	0.3527	0.1756	0.1756	0.1756
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.1069	0.1069	0.1069	0.2431	0.2431	0.1953	0.1021	0.1261	0.1261
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.0339	0.0221	0.0171	0.2303	0.2303	0.0412	0.1226	0.1226	0.1226
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.0544	0.0544	0.0544	0.5465	0.5465	0.2481	0.2353	0.2353	0.2353
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.1479	0.1479	0.1342	0.2733	0.2733	0.2454	0.1867	0.1867	0.1867
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.0462	0.0462	0.0192	0.1987	0.1987	0.0778	0.1895	0.1895	0.1895
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.0913	0.0913	0.0913	0.6106	0.6106	0.4111	0.2258	0.2258	0.2258
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.1294	0.1294	0.1254	0.3472	0.3472	0.3472	0.1250	0.1377	0.1377
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.0483	0.0339	0.0192	0.3001	0.3001	0.0644	0.1755	0.1755	0.1755
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.0642	0.0642	0.0642	0.5669	0.5669	0.4036	0.2700	0.2700	0.2700
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.0384	0.0360	0.0236	0.1251	0.1251	0.0620	0.0264	0.0264	0.0312
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.0108	0.0020	0.0016	0.0772	0.0772	0.0024	0.0164	0.0180	0.0164
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.0148	0.0060	0.0044	0.2591	0.2591	0.0584	0.0536	0.0536	0.0536

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 43: Stepdown Tests for Maximum Outcomes of Female Children of Pooled Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su./Arrested	Never Su./Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	47	42	47	43	59	55	52	49	61	57
	(02) Control	0.5000	0.5455	0.3200	0.3478	0.8710	0.8667	0.7037	0.6923	0.9375	0.9355
	(03) Treatment	0.3478	0.4000	0.1818	0.2000	0.9286	0.9200	0.9200	0.8261	1.0000	1.0000
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.1522	-0.1455	-0.1382	-0.1478	0.0576	0.0533	0.2163	0.1338	0.0625	0.0645
	(05) COLS	-0.0647	0.0500	-0.0247	0.0698	0.0997	0.1090	0.2512	0.2093	0.0885	0.0942
	(06) AIPW	-0.1907	-0.1061	-0.1373	-0.1048	0.0957	0.1380	0.2595	0.2017	0.0994	0.1380
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.3020	0.3020	0.2894	0.2894	0.4378	0.4378	0.0307	0.1257	0.1410	0.1410
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.7068	0.7068	0.6160	0.6160	0.2117	0.2117	0.0196	0.0464	0.1117	0.1117
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.1243	0.1897	0.1676	0.1676	0.0677	0.0376	0.0033	0.0187	0.0195	0.0064
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.2727	0.2727	0.2518	0.2518	0.4579	0.4579	0.0307	0.1326	0.1358	0.1358
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.6891	0.6891	0.5941	0.5941	0.2545	0.2545	0.0273	0.0540	0.0956	0.0956
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.6691	0.6691	0.5906	0.5906	0.2555	0.2555	0.3403	0.3403	0.1040	0.1040
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.2752	0.2752	0.2464	0.2464	0.4640	0.4640	0.0368	0.1380	0.2528	0.2528
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.7192	0.7192	0.6312	0.6312	0.2768	0.2768	0.0288	0.0632	0.2528	0.2528
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.7544	0.7544	0.4432	0.4432	0.2840	0.2840	0.0704	0.1428	0.2552	0.2552
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.1472	0.1472	0.1568	0.1568	0.3224	0.3224	0.0040	0.0720	0.2528	0.2528
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.5968	0.5968	0.4944	0.4944	0.0928	0.0928	0.0048	0.0188	0.2552	0.2552
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.2040	0.2204	0.1936	0.1936	0.0948	0.0776	0.0168	0.0592	0.2608	0.2608
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.3360	0.3360	0.3312	0.3312	0.5032	0.5032	0.0432	0.1252	0.2504	0.2504
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.6888	0.6888	0.5608	0.5608	0.1992	0.1992	0.0280	0.0508	0.0496	0.0496
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.4512	0.4512	0.4136	0.4136	0.1872	0.1872	0.0432	0.1056	0.1456	0.1456
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.3072	0.3072	0.3120	0.3120	0.4736	0.4736	0.0416	0.1180	0.1712	0.1712
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.7088	0.7088	0.5976	0.5976	0.2624	0.2624	0.0368	0.0532	0.0488	0.0488
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.4408	0.4408	0.4024	0.4024	0.2224	0.2224	0.0536	0.1108	0.0992	0.0992
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.5864	0.5864	0.6725	0.6725	0.5488	0.5488	0.1000	0.1621	0.3359	0.3359
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.8825	0.8825	0.7547	0.7547	0.3042	0.3042	0.0665	0.0843	0.1075	0.1075
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.6293	0.6293	0.6718	0.6718	0.3007	0.3007	0.1017	0.1539	0.2499	0.2499
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.5527	0.5527	0.6092	0.6092	0.5308	0.5308	0.0965	0.1535	0.2344	0.2344
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.9103	0.9103	0.7873	0.7873	0.3559	0.3559	0.0787	0.0831	0.1038	0.1038
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.6285	0.6285	0.6499	0.6499	0.3152	0.3152	0.1414	0.1648	0.2050	0.2050
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.5892	0.5892	0.6878	0.6878	0.5607	0.5607	0.1017	0.1654	0.3504	0.3504
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.9020	0.9020	0.7597	0.7597	0.3113	0.3113	0.0711	0.0873	0.1077	0.1077
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.6337	0.6337	0.6804	0.6804	0.3090	0.3090	0.1028	0.1576	0.2532	0.2532
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.5699	0.5699	0.6156	0.6156	0.5459	0.5459	0.0977	0.1596	0.2405	0.2405
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.9305	0.9305	0.7907	0.7907	0.3667	0.3667	0.0926	0.0926	0.1101	0.1101
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.6539	0.6539	0.6664	0.6664	0.3231	0.3231	0.1434	0.1749	0.2095	0.2095
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.7514	0.7514	0.7975	0.7975	0.6359	0.6359	0.1469	0.1848	0.4059	0.4059
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.9720	0.9720	0.8052	0.8052	0.3616	0.3616	0.0968	0.0968	0.1209	0.1209
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.7192	0.7192	0.7041	0.7041	0.3301	0.3301	0.1500	0.1665	0.2807	0.2807
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.6994	0.6994	0.7073	0.7073	0.6926	0.6926	0.1307	0.2240	0.2931	0.2931
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	0.8902	0.8902	0.4357	0.4357	0.2109	0.2109	0.1501	0.1501
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.8750	0.8750	0.8636	0.8636	0.3401	0.3401	0.1572	0.2398	0.2320	0.2320
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.1799	0.1799	0.1715	0.1715	0.2447	0.2651	0.0312	0.1180	0.1020	0.1020
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.6917	0.6917	0.6210	0.6210	0.1415	0.1415	0.0276	0.0532	0.0328	0.0328
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.3335	0.3942	0.2919	0.3235	0.1411	0.1152	0.0648	0.1108	0.0724	0.0724

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 43: Stepdown Tests for Maximum Outcomes of Female Children of Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Summary	(01) Obs.	59	55	52	49	58	52	61	56	54	51
	(02) Control	0.8710	0.8667	0.7037	0.6923	0.8929	0.5600	0.4516	0.3333	0.1481	0.1111
	(03) Treatment	0.9286	0.9200	0.9200	0.8261	0.8333	0.5556	0.5667	0.5769	0.3333	0.2500
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0576	0.0533	0.2163	0.1338	-0.0595	-0.0044	0.1151	0.2436	0.1852	0.1389
	(05) COLS	0.0997	0.1090	0.2512	0.2093	-0.0195	0.0729	0.1076	0.2596	0.1906	0.1533
	(06) AIPW	0.0957	0.1380	0.2595	0.2017	0.0226	0.0025	0.0106	0.2481	0.1026	0.0996
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.4378	0.4378	0.0307	0.1257	0.2292	0.4873	0.1725	0.0330	0.0662	0.1111
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.2117	0.2117	0.0196	0.0464	0.4009	0.3241	0.2035	0.0303	0.0689	0.0739
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.0677	0.0376	0.0033	0.0187	0.3731	0.4919	0.4626	0.0182	0.1792	0.1465
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.4579	0.4579	0.0307	0.1326	0.2506	0.4872	0.1758	0.0240	0.0427	0.0863
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.2545	0.2545	0.0273	0.0540	0.4138	0.3173	0.2089	0.0195	0.0477	0.0586
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.2555	0.2555	0.3403	0.3403	0.4400	0.5000	0.4787	0.1460	0.3614	0.3730
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.4640	0.4640	0.0368	0.1380	0.2456	0.4904	0.1852	0.0224	0.0380	0.0824
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.2768	0.2768	0.0288	0.0632	0.3960	0.3268	0.2016	0.0188	0.0436	0.0504
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.2840	0.2840	0.0704	0.1428	0.4888	0.4788	0.4192	0.1184	0.2208	0.1836
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.3224	0.3224	0.0040	0.0720	0.1816	0.4880	0.1132	0.0124	0.0156	0.0320
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.0928	0.0928	0.0048	0.0188	0.4068	0.2792	0.1484	0.0140	0.0264	0.0164
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.0948	0.0776	0.0168	0.0592	0.3512	0.4912	0.4816	0.0424	0.2556	0.2116
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.5032	0.5032	0.0432	0.1252	0.2596	0.4688	0.1988	0.0384	0.0888	0.1272
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.1992	0.1992	0.0280	0.0508	0.3952	0.3540	0.2188	0.0368	0.0920	0.1080
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.1872	0.1872	0.0432	0.1056	0.4364	0.4812	0.4980	0.0848	0.2628	0.2736
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.4736	0.4736	0.0416	0.1180	0.2316	0.4640	0.2024	0.0372	0.0780	0.1284
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.2624	0.2624	0.0368	0.0532	0.4004	0.3608	0.2212	0.0384	0.0860	0.0896
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.2224	0.2224	0.0536	0.1108	0.4348	0.4816	0.4964	0.0808	0.2612	0.2744
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.5488	0.5488	0.1000	0.1621	0.4097	0.7344	0.2760	0.0655	0.1238	0.1353
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.3042	0.3042	0.0665	0.0843	0.5101	0.3956	0.2707	0.0662	0.1191	0.1210
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.3007	0.3007	0.1017	0.1539	0.4852	0.5524	0.5458	0.1102	0.3111	0.2517
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.5308	0.5308	0.0965	0.1535	0.3724	0.7312	0.2777	0.0681	0.1120	0.1396
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.3559	0.3559	0.0787	0.0831	0.5101	0.4107	0.2736	0.0645	0.1133	0.1132
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.3152	0.3152	0.1414	0.1648	0.4797	0.5524	0.5440	0.1009	0.3073	0.2517
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.5607	0.5607	0.1017	0.1654	0.4117	0.7386	0.2809	0.0717	0.1247	0.1450
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.3113	0.3113	0.0711	0.0873	0.5113	0.4066	0.2761	0.0668	0.1207	0.1272
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.3090	0.3090	0.1028	0.1576	0.4884	0.5524	0.5586	0.1116	0.3154	0.2582
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.5459	0.5459	0.0977	0.1596	0.3728	0.7335	0.2872	0.0730	0.1146	0.1533
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.3667	0.3667	0.0926	0.0926	0.5113	0.4230	0.2801	0.0649	0.1162	0.1177
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.3231	0.3231	0.1434	0.1749	0.4863	0.5524	0.5568	0.1025	0.3118	0.2582
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.6359	0.6359	0.1469	0.1848	0.4273	0.7622	0.2895	0.1045	0.1461	0.1789
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.3616	0.3616	0.0968	0.0968	0.5177	0.4735	0.3558	0.0713	0.1324	0.1666
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.3301	0.3301	0.1500	0.1665	0.5491	0.6171	0.6352	0.1183	0.3322	0.2895
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.6926	0.6926	0.1307	0.2240	0.4108	0.7597	0.3255	0.0791	0.1406	0.2263
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.4357	0.4357	0.2109	0.2109	0.5406	0.4775	0.3737	0.0776	0.1425	0.1494
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.3401	0.3401	0.1572	0.2398	0.5491	0.6171	0.6402	0.1188	0.3211	0.3053
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.2447	0.2651	0.0312	0.1180	0.2315	0.4638	0.2023	0.0372	0.0780	0.1283
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.1415	0.1415	0.0276	0.0532	0.4002	0.3607	0.2211	0.0384	0.0860	0.0896
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.1411	0.1152	0.0648	0.1108	0.4346	0.5190	0.4962	0.0808	0.2611	0.2743

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 44: Stepdown Tests for Maximum Outcomes of Pooled Children of Male Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -spended	Never Su -spended	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Summary	(01) Obs.	32	30	39	37	32	31	39	37	31	30
	(02) Control	0.8571	0.7692	0.9474	0.9474	0.7143	0.7143	1.0000	1.0000	0.7692	0.7692
	(03) Treatment	0.9444	0.9412	1.0000	1.0000	0.9444	0.9412	1.0000	1.0000	0.9444	0.9412
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0873	0.1719	0.0526	0.0526	0.2302	0.2269	0.0000	0.0000	0.1752	0.1719
	(05) COLS	0.1240	0.1454	0.0682	0.0672	0.2284	0.2227	0.0000	0.0000	0.1511	0.1454
	(06) AIPW	0.1248	0.1791	0.0529	0.0529	0.2724	0.2678	0.0000	0.0000	0.1840	0.1791
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.2193	0.2106	0.3203	0.3203	0.1003	0.1003	1.0000	1.0000	0.1971	0.1971
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.3276	0.3276	0.3373	0.3373	0.1517	0.1517	1.0000	1.0000	0.2993	0.2993
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.0718	0.0687	0.3154	0.3154	0.0186	0.0186	1.0000	1.0000	0.0562	0.0562
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.2113	0.2001	0.3081	0.3081	0.0900	0.0900	1.0000	1.0000	0.1869	0.1869
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.3206	0.3206	0.3284	0.3284	0.1375	0.1375	1.0000	1.0000	0.2912	0.2912
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.4874	0.4874	0.4516	0.4516	0.2641	0.2641	1.0000	1.0000	0.4740	0.4740
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.2388	0.1960	0.6696	0.6696	0.0832	0.0832	1.0000	1.0000	0.1808	0.1808
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.3176	0.3176	0.6696	0.6696	0.1208	0.1208	1.0000	1.0000	0.2936	0.2936
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.2712	0.2712	0.6808	0.6808	0.0960	0.0960	1.0000	1.0000	0.2448	0.2448
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.1700	0.0912	0.6712	0.6712	0.0304	0.0304	1.0000	1.0000	0.0800	0.0800
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.1848	0.1848	0.6848	0.6848	0.0600	0.0600	1.0000	1.0000	0.1496	0.1496
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.1080	0.0872	0.7784	0.7784	0.0848	0.0848	1.0000	1.0000	0.0784	0.0784
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.1992	0.1992	0.3072	0.3072	0.1016	0.1016	1.0000	1.0000	0.1816	0.1816
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.2960	0.2960	0.1000	0.1032	0.1240	0.1240	1.0000	1.0000	0.2648	0.2648
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.1440	0.1440	0.3080	0.3080	0.0400	0.0400	1.0000	1.0000	0.1200	0.1200
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.1968	0.1968	0.4600	0.4600	0.1040	0.1040	1.0000	1.0000	0.1824	0.1824
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.3488	0.3488	0.3736	0.3736	0.1688	0.1688	1.0000	1.0000	0.3128	0.3128
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.1976	0.1976	0.5104	0.5104	0.0904	0.0904	1.0000	1.0000	0.1792	0.1792
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.3103	0.3103	0.4398	0.4398	0.1689	0.1689	1.0000	1.0000	0.3012	0.3012
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.4223	0.4223	0.2442	0.2442	0.2186	0.2186	1.0000	1.0000	0.3833	0.3833
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.2122	0.2122	0.5373	0.5373	0.0992	0.0992	1.0000	1.0000	0.1971	0.1971
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.2943	0.2943	0.6413	0.6413	0.1685	0.1685	1.0000	1.0000	0.2900	0.2900
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.4638	0.4638	0.5632	0.5632	0.2676	0.2676	1.0000	1.0000	0.4168	0.4168
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.2835	0.2835	0.8250	0.8250	0.1704	0.1704	1.0000	1.0000	0.2625	0.2625
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.3535	0.3535	0.4420	0.4420	0.1842	0.1842	1.0000	1.0000	0.3404	0.3404
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.4238	0.4238	0.2507	0.2507	0.2261	0.2261	1.0000	1.0000	0.3966	0.3966
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.2217	0.2217	0.5431	0.5431	0.1038	0.1038	1.0000	1.0000	0.1999	0.1999
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.3266	0.3266	0.6423	0.6423	0.1926	0.1926	1.0000	1.0000	0.3238	0.3238
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.4709	0.4709	0.5766	0.5766	0.2702	0.2702	1.0000	1.0000	0.4214	0.4214
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.2880	0.2880	0.8569	0.8569	0.1735	0.1735	1.0000	1.0000	0.2648	0.2648
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.4949	0.4949	0.5690	0.5690	0.3025	0.3025	1.0000	1.0000	0.3404	0.3404
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.4710	0.4710	0.2669	0.2669	0.2422	0.2422	1.0000	1.0000	0.4843	0.4843
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.3190	0.3190	0.5963	0.5963	0.1221	0.1221	1.0000	1.0000	0.2470	0.2470
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.6206	0.6206	0.7188	0.7188	0.2421	0.2421	1.0000	1.0000	0.3934	0.3934
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.5943	0.5943	0.6410	0.6410	0.3292	0.3292	1.0000	1.0000	0.5241	0.5241
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.3279	0.3279	0.9402	0.9402	0.1979	0.1979	1.0000	1.0000	0.3279	0.3279
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.1803	0.1583	0.2427	0.2883	0.0520	0.0572	1.0000	1.0000	0.0912	0.0984
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.2251	0.2251	0.1931	0.2311	0.0884	0.0896	1.0000	1.0000	0.1651	0.1743
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.1347	0.1255	0.2787	0.2787	0.0464	0.0516	1.0000	1.0000	0.0916	0.0988

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 44: Stepdown Tests for Maximum Outcomes of Pooled Children of Male Participants

	Statistic	Attended College	Attended College	Attended College	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	33	31	28	33	31	27	32	30	26
	(02) Control	0.6875	0.6875	0.6667	0.8667	0.8571	0.8462	0.8571	0.8462	0.8333
	(03) Treatment	0.8235	0.8667	0.8462	0.8333	0.8235	0.9286	0.8333	0.8235	0.9286
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1360	0.1792	0.1795	-0.0333	-0.0336	0.0824	-0.0238	-0.0226	0.0952
	(05) COLS	0.0557	0.0863	0.1587	-0.0807	-0.0759	0.0065	-0.0731	-0.0677	0.0107
	(06) AIPW	-0.0717	-0.0268	0.0358	-0.0509	-0.0668	-0.0849	0.0096	-0.0054	-0.0103
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.3657	0.3657	0.3657	0.7970	0.7970	0.7786	0.8592	0.8592	0.7204
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.6091	0.6091	0.6033	0.8872	0.8872	0.8872	0.9496	0.9496	0.9496
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.8552	0.8552	0.8552	0.5253	0.5253	0.5253	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.3278	0.3278	0.3278	0.7878	0.7878	0.7528	0.8516	0.8516	0.6854
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.5982	0.5982	0.5837	0.8748	0.8748	0.8748	0.9365	0.9365	0.9365
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.3132	0.3132	0.3132	0.8224	0.8224	0.8004	0.8992	0.8992	0.7428
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.5472	0.5472	0.5064	0.9060	0.9060	0.9060	0.9528	0.9528	0.9528
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8580	0.8580	0.8580	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.2148	0.2148	0.2148	0.7320	0.7320	0.7080	0.7912	0.7912	0.5772
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.5688	0.5688	0.3828	0.8172	0.8172	0.8172	0.8988	0.8988	0.8988
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.5052	0.5696	0.5696	0.6864	0.6864	0.6840	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.4920	0.4920	0.4920	0.9432	0.9432	0.9432	0.9144	0.9144	0.8556
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.6348	0.6348	0.6348	0.8916	0.8916	0.8916	0.9792	0.9792	0.9792
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.9240	0.9240	0.9240	0.6876	0.6876	0.6876	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.4656	0.4656	0.4656	0.9204	0.9204	0.9204	0.9072	0.9072	0.8412
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.6440	0.6440	0.6420	0.9552	0.9552	0.9552	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.8856	0.8856	0.8856	0.6924	0.6924	0.6924	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.9051	0.9051	0.9051	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9538
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.8818	0.8818	0.8818	1.0000	1.0000	0.9967	1.0000	1.0000	0.9301
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.9069	0.9069	0.9069	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9814
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.8937	0.8937	0.8937	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9537
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.9962	0.9962	0.9962	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.9333	0.9333	0.9333	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.2291	0.2067	0.2067	0.5714	0.5714	0.5714	0.5262	0.5262	0.5262
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.4010	0.3862	0.2851	0.6473	0.6761	0.6761	0.6833	0.7105	0.7105
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.6993	0.7945	0.7945	0.3475	0.3475	0.3475	0.9500	0.9500	0.9500

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 44: Stepdown Tests for Maximum Outcomes of Pooled Children of Male Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	32	30	26	31	28	25	40	38	35
	(02) Control	0.7143	0.6923	0.6667	0.3571	0.3846	0.3333	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(03) Treatment	0.8333	0.8235	0.9286	0.6471	0.6667	0.7692	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1190	0.1312	0.2619	0.2899	0.2821	0.4359	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	(05) COLS	0.1327	0.1558	0.3139	0.2638	0.2397	0.5657	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	(06) AIPW	0.3352	0.3162	0.3912	0.2945	0.3074	0.4122	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.4347	0.4347	0.1666	0.0962	0.0962	0.0232	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.4682	0.4682	0.3556	0.2193	0.2193	0.0093	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.0088	0.0088	0.0088	0.0209	0.0209	0.0007	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.4063	0.4063	0.1289	0.0830	0.0830	0.0218	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.4442	0.4442	0.2722	0.2140	0.2140	0.0106	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.6735	0.6735	0.6735	0.6749	0.6749	0.6749	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.3976	0.3976	0.1308	0.0832	0.0832	0.0288	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.4448	0.4448	0.2832	0.1808	0.1808	0.0324	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.6600	0.6600	0.6600	0.2220	0.2220	0.2220	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.3152	0.3152	0.0708	0.0816	0.0816	0.0816	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.3608	0.3608	0.2628	0.2408	0.2408	0.1572	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.1248	0.1296	0.1296	0.2712	0.2712	0.1776	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.4440	0.4440	0.2580	0.1616	0.1616	0.0720	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.3952	0.3952	0.1668	0.1872	0.1872	0.0120	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.0492	0.0492	0.0492	0.1744	0.1744	0.1128	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.4424	0.4424	0.2508	0.1384	0.1384	0.0576	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.4728	0.4728	0.4464	0.2424	0.2424	0.0324	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.1104	0.1104	0.1104	0.1520	0.1520	0.0684	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.5907	0.5907	0.3323	0.2928	0.2928	0.1714	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.5181	0.5181	0.2462	0.3327	0.3327	0.0617	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.1195	0.1195	0.1195	0.2729	0.2729	0.2567	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.5852	0.5852	0.3125	0.2415	0.2415	0.1497	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.6098	0.6098	0.4931	0.4064	0.4064	0.1020	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.1914	0.1914	0.1914	0.2515	0.2515	0.1648	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.5949	0.5949	0.3329	0.2942	0.2942	0.1898	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.5230	0.5230	0.2531	0.3474	0.3474	0.0620	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.1267	0.1267	0.1267	0.2914	0.2914	0.2840	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.5876	0.5876	0.3129	0.2449	0.2449	0.1536	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.6184	0.6184	0.5005	0.4344	0.4344	0.1158	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.2028	0.2028	0.2028	0.2522	0.2522	0.1757	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.6422	0.6422	0.3491	0.3754	0.3754	0.3165	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.5738	0.5738	0.2665	0.4324	0.4324	0.0687	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.1554	0.2077	0.1554	0.3208	0.3208	0.3107	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.6246	0.6246	0.3530	0.2862	0.2862	0.1936	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.7028	0.7028	0.5481	0.6363	0.6363	0.1322	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.2642	0.2642	0.2642	0.2761	0.2761	0.2584	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.2339	0.2339	0.1251	0.0776	0.0780	0.0352	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.2543	0.2543	0.2155	0.1443	0.1647	0.0208	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.0708	0.0708	0.0708	0.0880	0.0880	0.0376	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 44: Stepdown Tests for Maximum Outcomes of Pooled Children of Male Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su./Arrested	Never Su./Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	28	25	27	25	36	33	29	27	38	35
	(02) Control	0.5000	0.5833	0.3077	0.3333	0.9444	1.0000	0.7692	0.8333	1.0000	1.0000
	(03) Treatment	0.4286	0.4615	0.2857	0.3077	1.0000	1.0000	0.9375	0.8667	1.0000	1.0000
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.0714	-0.1218	-0.0220	-0.0256	0.0556	0.0000	0.1683	0.0333	0.0000	0.0000
	(05) COLS	-0.0165	0.0677	0.0629	0.2124	0.0858	0.0000	0.1452	-0.0039	0.0000	0.0000
	(06) AIPW	0.0378	-0.0170	-0.0152	-0.0456	0.0937	0.0000	0.1775	0.0644	0.0000	0.0000
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.5541	0.5541	0.8860	0.8860	0.3193	0.5000	0.2265	0.4100	1.0000	1.0000
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.7894	0.7894	0.3686	0.3292	0.3154	0.5000	0.3327	0.4893	1.0000	1.0000
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.8084	0.8084	0.7688	0.7688	0.0763	0.5000	0.0716	0.2585	1.0000	1.0000
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.5459	0.5459	0.8905	0.8905	0.3121	0.5000	0.2157	0.4065	1.0000	1.0000
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.7723	0.7723	0.3704	0.3186	0.3125	0.5000	0.3263	0.4891	1.0000	1.0000
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.9452	0.9452	0.9349	0.9349	0.3200	0.5000	0.4994	0.4994	1.0000	1.0000
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.5704	0.5704	0.9096	0.9096	0.7072	1.0000	0.2224	0.4224	1.0000	1.0000
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.7680	0.7680	0.3340	0.2864	0.7088	1.0000	0.3184	0.4764	1.0000	1.0000
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.7360	0.7360	0.9088	0.9088	0.7128	1.0000	0.2856	0.4148	1.0000	1.0000
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.4312	0.4312	0.8520	0.8520	0.7096	1.0000	0.1000	0.4032	1.0000	1.0000
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.6936	0.6936	0.3820	0.3024	0.7232	1.0000	0.1896	0.4952	1.0000	1.0000
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.7712	0.7712	0.6344	0.6344	0.7784	1.0000	0.1016	0.2788	1.0000	1.0000
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.5560	0.5560	0.9744	0.9744	0.3184	1.0000	0.2168	0.4248	1.0000	1.0000
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.7584	0.7584	0.3784	0.2904	0.0424	1.0000	0.3200	0.5000	1.0000	1.0000
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.8736	0.8736	0.8784	0.8784	0.0384	1.0000	0.1776	0.3252	1.0000	1.0000
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.5120	0.5120	0.9464	0.9464	0.3304	1.0000	0.2144	0.4212	1.0000	1.0000
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.7816	0.7816	0.3756	0.3328	0.0848	1.0000	0.3528	0.5000	1.0000	1.0000
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.8664	0.8664	0.8832	0.8832	0.0424	1.0000	0.2144	0.3152	1.0000	1.0000
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.6704	0.6704	1.0000	1.0000	0.4795	1.0000	0.3267	0.4903	1.0000	1.0000
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	0.5754	0.5754	0.1565	1.0000	0.4528	0.5985	1.0000	1.0000
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	0.9121	0.9121	0.1205	1.0000	0.2581	0.4010	1.0000	1.0000
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.6263	0.6263	1.0000	1.0000	0.5289	1.0000	0.3224	0.4865	1.0000	1.0000
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	0.6173	0.6173	0.2201	1.0000	0.4638	0.5985	1.0000	1.0000
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	0.9184	0.9184	0.1130	1.0000	0.3097	0.3896	1.0000	1.0000
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.6870	0.6870	1.0000	1.0000	0.4888	1.0000	0.3666	0.5002	1.0000	1.0000
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	0.5944	0.5944	0.1739	1.0000	0.4711	0.6040	1.0000	1.0000
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	0.9215	0.9215	0.1212	1.0000	0.2663	0.4091	1.0000	1.0000
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.6436	0.6436	1.0000	1.0000	0.5365	1.0000	0.3527	0.4907	1.0000	1.0000
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	0.6248	0.6248	0.2213	1.0000	0.4701	0.6040	1.0000	1.0000
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	0.9272	0.9272	0.1246	1.0000	0.3123	0.3961	1.0000	1.0000
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.8031	0.8031	1.0000	1.0000	0.5230	1.0000	0.4268	0.5361	1.0000	1.0000
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	0.6167	0.6167	0.3845	1.0000	0.5445	0.6410	1.0000	1.0000
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	0.9632	0.9632	0.1470	1.0000	0.3255	0.4283	1.0000	1.0000
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.6982	0.6982	1.0000	1.0000	0.5731	1.0000	0.4089	0.5014	1.0000	1.0000
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	0.7629	0.7629	0.2677	1.0000	0.5137	0.6410	1.0000	1.0000
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	0.9628	0.9628	0.1505	1.0000	0.3694	0.4197	1.0000	1.0000
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.3858	0.3515	0.5194	0.5194	0.1651	1.0000	0.1575	0.4210	1.0000	1.0000
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.7769	0.7769	0.3754	0.2075	0.0424	1.0000	0.3683	0.5006	1.0000	1.0000
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.8625	0.8625	0.4978	0.4978	0.0212	1.0000	0.1739	0.3151	1.0000	1.0000

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 44: Stepdown Tests for Maximum Outcomes of Pooled Children of Male Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)/Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Summary	(01) Obs.	36	33	29	27	35	30	38	37	36	36
	(02) Control	0.9444	1.0000	0.7692	0.8333	1.0000	0.6667	0.5789	0.3684	0.1053	0.0526
	(03) Treatment	1.0000	1.0000	0.9375	0.8667	0.9474	0.6000	0.7368	0.6111	0.3529	0.2353
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0556	0.0000	0.1683	0.0333	-0.0526	-0.0667	0.1579	0.2427	0.2477	0.1827
	(05) COLS	0.0858	0.0000	0.1452	-0.0039	-0.0643	-0.0116	0.0973	0.2396	0.2268	0.1750
	(06) AIPW	0.0937	0.0000	0.1775	0.0644	-0.0486	0.0285	-0.0469	0.2204	0.1487	0.1411
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.3193	0.5000	0.2265	0.4100	0.1602	0.3609	0.1481	0.0809	0.0386	0.0616
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.3154	0.5000	0.3327	0.4893	0.1548	0.4776	0.2797	0.1013	0.0445	0.0367
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.0763	0.5000	0.0716	0.2585	0.1942	0.4268	0.3692	0.0803	0.0882	0.0376
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.3121	0.5000	0.2157	0.4065	0.1468	0.3536	0.1430	0.0571	0.0352	0.0612
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.3125	0.5000	0.3263	0.4891	0.1408	0.4771	0.2805	0.0812	0.0453	0.0403
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.3200	0.5000	0.4994	0.4994	0.2024	0.4997	0.4033	0.1342	0.1731	0.1199
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.7072	1.0000	0.2224	0.4224	0.3576	0.3580	0.1400	0.0620	0.0328	0.0552
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.7088	1.0000	0.3184	0.4764	0.3584	0.4632	0.2620	0.0996	0.0376	0.0360
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.7128	1.0000	0.2856	0.4148	0.3684	0.4372	0.4816	0.1528	0.1200	0.0788
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.7096	1.0000	0.1000	0.4032	0.0012	0.3124	0.0876	0.0432	0.0152	0.0132
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.7232	1.0000	0.1896	0.4952	0.0156	0.4800	0.2412	0.0520	0.0236	0.0112
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.7784	1.0000	0.1016	0.2788	0.0672	0.4524	0.2440	0.0656	0.1476	0.0440
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.3184	1.0000	0.2168	0.4248	0.4512	0.3656	0.1996	0.1252	0.0512	0.0908
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.0424	1.0000	0.3200	0.5000	0.2144	0.4692	0.3032	0.1268	0.0656	0.0888
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.0384	1.0000	0.1776	0.3252	0.2116	0.4488	0.3488	0.1596	0.1760	0.1416
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.3304	1.0000	0.2144	0.4212	0.3960	0.3616	0.1932	0.1172	0.0428	0.0724
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.0848	1.0000	0.3528	0.5000	0.1652	0.4716	0.3092	0.1340	0.0508	0.0520
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.0424	1.0000	0.2144	0.3152	0.2968	0.4496	0.3432	0.1564	0.1344	0.0948
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.4795	1.0000	0.3267	0.4903	0.5117	0.6069	0.2899	0.1870	0.0971	0.1137
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.1565	1.0000	0.4528	0.5985	0.2784	0.6137	0.3713	0.1670	0.1103	0.1187
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.1205	1.0000	0.2581	0.4010	0.2845	0.4893	0.5094	0.2071	0.2107	0.1471
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.5289	1.0000	0.3224	0.4865	0.4388	0.6032	0.2864	0.1755	0.0816	0.0951
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.2201	1.0000	0.4638	0.5985	0.2262	0.6129	0.3731	0.1725	0.0824	0.0737
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.1130	1.0000	0.3097	0.3896	0.3941	0.4868	0.5077	0.2027	0.1770	0.1036
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.4888	1.0000	0.3666	0.5002	0.5163	0.6098	0.2936	0.1883	0.0981	0.1144
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.1739	1.0000	0.4711	0.6040	0.2795	0.6142	0.3780	0.1724	0.1191	0.1253
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.1212	1.0000	0.2663	0.4091	0.2845	0.4944	0.5228	0.2130	0.2142	0.1502
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.5365	1.0000	0.3527	0.4907	0.4439	0.6057	0.2915	0.1782	0.0817	0.0973
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.2213	1.0000	0.4701	0.6040	0.2329	0.6135	0.3790	0.1802	0.0880	0.0798
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.1246	1.0000	0.3123	0.3961	0.4010	0.4915	0.5208	0.2076	0.1813	0.1119
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.5230	1.0000	0.4268	0.5361	0.5721	0.6814	0.3102	0.2150	0.1025	0.1420
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.3845	1.0000	0.5445	0.6410	0.3009	0.6356	0.4128	0.1933	0.1949	0.1633
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.1470	1.0000	0.3255	0.4283	0.3475	0.5252	0.6187	0.2163	0.2538	0.2094
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.5731	1.0000	0.4089	0.5014	0.4971	0.6120	0.3799	0.1846	0.0979	0.1294
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.2677	1.0000	0.5137	0.6410	0.2679	0.6532	0.4051	0.2337	0.1086	0.1126
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.1505	1.0000	0.3694	0.4197	0.4756	0.5182	0.5245	0.2619	0.2073	0.1305
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.1651	1.0000	0.1575	0.4210	0.3958	0.3615	0.1931	0.1172	0.0428	0.0724
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.0424	1.0000	0.3683	0.5006	0.1651	0.4714	0.3091	0.1339	0.0508	0.0520
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.0212	1.0000	0.1739	0.3151	0.2967	0.4494	0.3431	0.1563	0.1343	0.0948

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 45: Stepdown Tests for Maximum Outcomes of Male Children of Male Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -spended	Never Su -spended	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Summary	(01) Obs.	24	23	27	27	24	23	28	28	23	22
	(02) Control	0.7000	0.5556	0.8667	0.8667	0.5455	0.5000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6000	0.5556
	(03) Treatment	0.7857	0.7857	0.9167	0.9167	0.6923	0.6923	1.0000	1.0000	0.7692	0.7692
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0857	0.2302	0.0500	0.0500	0.1469	0.1923	0.0000	0.0000	0.1692	0.2137
	(05) COLS	0.0006	0.1078	0.0838	0.0838	-0.0140	0.0283	0.0000	0.0000	0.0199	0.0593
	(06) AIPW	-0.1484	-0.0359	0.0731	0.0727	-0.0605	-0.0453	0.0000	0.0000	-0.1083	-0.0922
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.3161	0.2328	0.6900	0.6900	0.3438	0.3438	1.0000	1.0000	0.2815	0.2815
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.6215	0.6215	0.4754	0.4754	0.8995	0.8995	1.0000	1.0000	0.7947	0.7947
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.2419	0.3965	0.4604	0.4604	0.6954	0.6954	1.0000	1.0000	0.3773	0.3773
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.3212	0.2634	0.6667	0.6667	0.3498	0.3498	1.0000	1.0000	0.3095	0.3095
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.6602	0.6602	0.4808	0.4808	0.9096	0.9096	1.0000	1.0000	0.8229	0.8229
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.8589	0.8589	0.6548	0.6548	0.9315	0.9315	1.0000	1.0000	0.9145	0.9145
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.3316	0.2560	0.7464	0.7464	0.3520	0.3520	1.0000	1.0000	0.3080	0.3080
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.5200	0.5200	0.4856	0.4856	0.7808	0.7808	1.0000	1.0000	0.6592	0.6592
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.7208	0.7208	0.4992	0.4992	0.9568	0.9568	1.0000	1.0000	0.7552	0.7552
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.2712	0.1864	0.7056	0.7056	0.2840	0.2840	1.0000	1.0000	0.2280	0.2280
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.7240	0.7240	0.3336	0.3336	0.8264	0.8264	1.0000	1.0000	0.9280	0.9280
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.3848	0.4800	0.4592	0.4592	0.6056	0.6056	1.0000	1.0000	0.5144	0.5144
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.3388	0.2776	0.7680	0.7680	0.3696	0.3696	1.0000	1.0000	0.3312	0.3312
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.5416	0.5416	0.5648	0.5648	0.8504	0.8504	1.0000	1.0000	0.7136	0.7136
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.5248	0.5248	0.6096	0.6096	0.7872	0.7872	1.0000	1.0000	0.5928	0.5928
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.3008	0.2648	0.7544	0.7544	0.3488	0.3488	1.0000	1.0000	0.3080	0.3080
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.5576	0.5576	0.4656	0.4656	0.8552	0.8552	1.0000	1.0000	0.7240	0.7240
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.5024	0.5024	0.5680	0.5680	0.7920	0.7920	1.0000	1.0000	0.5640	0.5640
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.4535	0.4115	0.9040	0.9040	0.5556	0.5556	1.0000	1.0000	0.4875	0.4875
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.7519	0.7519	0.7579	0.7579	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9470	0.9470
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.6810	0.6810	0.8053	0.8053	0.9149	0.9149	1.0000	1.0000	0.7027	0.7027
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.4215	0.3833	0.8945	0.8945	0.5077	0.5077	1.0000	1.0000	0.4471	0.4471
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.7674	0.7674	0.6247	0.6247	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9687	0.9687
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.6432	0.6432	0.7288	0.7288	0.9263	0.9263	1.0000	1.0000	0.6666	0.6666
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.4546	0.4205	0.9101	0.9101	0.5610	0.5610	1.0000	1.0000	0.5024	0.5024
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.7651	0.7651	0.7642	0.7642	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9563	0.9563
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.6861	0.6861	0.8117	0.8117	0.9232	0.9232	1.0000	1.0000	0.7044	0.7044
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.4262	0.3967	0.9026	0.9026	0.5106	0.5106	1.0000	1.0000	0.4521	0.4521
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.7799	0.7799	0.6303	0.6303	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9732	0.9732
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.6531	0.6531	0.7352	0.7352	0.9296	0.9296	1.0000	1.0000	0.6718	0.6718
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.5151	0.4693	0.9901	0.9901	0.6512	0.6512	1.0000	1.0000	0.5449	0.5449
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.8145	0.8145	0.7691	0.7691	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.9880	0.9880	0.8206	0.8206	0.9889	0.9889	1.0000	1.0000	0.7452	0.7452
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.5780	0.5780	0.9810	0.9810	0.5578	0.5578	1.0000	1.0000	0.5008	0.5008
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.8066	0.8066	0.6597	0.6597	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.6608	0.6608	0.7791	0.7791	0.9644	0.9644	1.0000	1.0000	0.7735	0.7735
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.3007	0.1739	0.3770	0.3770	0.2183	0.1931	1.0000	1.0000	0.1955	0.1643
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.4614	0.3443	0.2327	0.2327	0.8948	0.8948	1.0000	1.0000	0.4194	0.3986
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.3151	0.4330	0.2883	0.2883	0.4394	0.4394	1.0000	1.0000	0.3171	0.3383

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 45: Stepdown Tests for Maximum Outcomes of Male Children of Male Participants

	Statistic	Attended College	Attended College	Attended College	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	24	24	22	24	24	23	23	23	22
	(02) Control	0.3333	0.3333	0.2727	0.6364	0.5455	0.5455	0.6364	0.5455	0.5455
	(03) Treatment	0.5833	0.5833	0.5455	0.7692	0.7692	0.8333	0.7500	0.7500	0.8182
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.2500	0.2500	0.2727	0.1329	0.2238	0.2879	0.1136	0.2045	0.2727
	(05) COLS	0.1998	0.1998	0.2870	0.1709	0.2634	0.2828	0.1824	0.2792	0.2838
	(06) AIPW	0.1161	0.1138	0.1226	0.5010	0.3576	0.4461	0.4892	0.3521	0.4296
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.2723	0.2723	0.2723	0.2696	0.2696	0.2186	0.3232	0.3232	0.2664
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.4632	0.4632	0.4632	0.1891	0.1670	0.1670	0.1958	0.1928	0.1928
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.7060	0.7060	0.7060	0.0002	0.0025	0.0010	0.0003	0.0027	0.0015
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.2780	0.2780	0.2780	0.2427	0.2413	0.1697	0.2990	0.2990	0.2202
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.5084	0.5084	0.5084	0.1914	0.1774	0.1774	0.2549	0.2549	0.2549
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4735	0.4735	0.4735	0.5536	0.5536	0.5536
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.2832	0.2832	0.2832	0.2336	0.2336	0.1597	0.2944	0.2944	0.2101
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.4008	0.4008	0.3900	0.1585	0.1585	0.1585	0.1897	0.1897	0.1897
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.5832	0.5832	0.5832	0.3456	0.3456	0.3456	0.3624	0.3624	0.3624
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.2736	0.2736	0.2736	0.2088	0.1960	0.1525	0.2524	0.2480	0.1993
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.5652	0.5652	0.5652	0.1312	0.1032	0.0684	0.1620	0.1448	0.1080
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.0240	0.0488	0.0240	0.0324	0.0576	0.0324
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.3540	0.3540	0.3540	0.3160	0.3160	0.2784	0.3880	0.3880	0.3768
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.4336	0.4336	0.4032	0.2580	0.2580	0.2580	0.2724	0.2724	0.2724
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.9648	0.9648	0.9648	0.0768	0.0864	0.0864	0.0960	0.1120	0.1120
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.3216	0.3216	0.3216	0.3208	0.3208	0.3192	0.3984	0.3984	0.3984
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.4784	0.4784	0.4740	0.2508	0.2508	0.2508	0.2844	0.2844	0.2844
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.9372	0.9372	0.9372	0.1044	0.1044	0.1044	0.1236	0.1236	0.1236
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.6359	0.6359	0.6359	0.4331	0.4331	0.3907	0.4997	0.4997	0.4694
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.6876	0.6876	0.6876	0.2976	0.2976	0.2976	0.3469	0.3469	0.3469
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.1227	0.1227	0.1227	0.1470	0.1470	0.1470
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.5597	0.5597	0.5597	0.4322	0.4322	0.3813	0.4988	0.4988	0.4772
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.8267	0.8267	0.8267	0.2683	0.2683	0.2683	0.3088	0.3088	0.3088
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.1351	0.1351	0.1351	0.1558	0.1558	0.1558
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.6487	0.6487	0.6487	0.4357	0.4357	0.3983	0.5081	0.5081	0.4716
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.7050	0.7050	0.7050	0.2982	0.2982	0.2982	0.3508	0.3508	0.3508
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.1273	0.1273	0.1273	0.1483	0.1562	0.1562
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.5635	0.5635	0.5635	0.4351	0.4351	0.4114	0.5094	0.5094	0.5094
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.8352	0.8352	0.8352	0.2760	0.2760	0.2760	0.3268	0.3268	0.3268
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.1428	0.1428	0.1428	0.1621	0.1621	0.1621
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.8487	0.8487	0.8487	0.5521	0.5521	0.5521	0.6625	0.6625	0.6625
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.8640	0.8640	0.8640	0.4109	0.4109	0.4109	0.4046	0.4046	0.4046
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.1854	0.1854	0.1854	0.2022	0.2101	0.2101
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.6451	0.6451	0.6451	0.5076	0.5076	0.5076	0.6832	0.6832	0.6832
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.8585	0.8585	0.8585	0.3567	0.3567	0.3567	0.4200	0.4200	0.4200
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.1788	0.1788	0.1788	0.2369	0.2369	0.2369
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.1275	0.1275	0.1275	0.2663	0.2007	0.1603	0.3191	0.2199	0.1823
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.2391	0.2391	0.2003	0.1963	0.1463	0.1463	0.1995	0.1635	0.1635
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.3527	0.3527	0.3527	0.0588	0.0664	0.0664	0.0712	0.0756	0.0756

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 45: Stepdown Tests for Maximum Outcomes of Male Children of Male Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	23	23	22	23	23	22	30	30	28
	(02) Control	0.5455	0.4545	0.4545	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.9375	0.9375	0.9333
	(03) Treatment	0.6667	0.6667	0.7273	0.4167	0.4167	0.4545	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1212	0.2121	0.2727	0.4167	0.4167	0.4545	0.0625	0.0625	0.0667
	(05) COLS	0.2114	0.3092	0.3214	0.5431	0.5223	0.5613	0.0767	0.0767	0.0832
	(06) AIPW	0.3710	0.3519	0.4519	0.4870	0.4890	0.4976	0.0986	0.0986	0.0940
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.3288	0.3288	0.3101	0.0109	0.0109	0.0109	0.4315	0.4315	0.4315
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.1941	0.1941	0.1941	0.0034	0.0034	0.0034	0.4699	0.4699	0.4699
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.0061	0.0061	0.0060	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.4416	0.4416	0.4416
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.3043	0.3043	0.2589	0.0043	0.0043	0.0043	0.4264	0.4264	0.4264
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.2703	0.2703	0.2703	0.0143	0.0143	0.0143	0.4353	0.4353	0.4353
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.7180	0.7180	0.7180	0.0890	0.0890	0.0890	0.4453	0.4453	0.4453
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.3208	0.3208	0.2977	0.0120	0.0120	0.0120	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.1657	0.1657	0.1657	0.0180	0.0180	0.0180	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.4490	0.4490	0.4490	0.0372	0.0372	0.0372	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.2608	0.2608	0.2245	0.0264	0.0264	0.0264	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.1669	0.1669	0.1669	0.0516	0.0516	0.0516	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.1344	0.1344	0.0900	0.1356	0.1356	0.1356	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.3904	0.3904	0.3828	0.0336	0.0336	0.0336	0.7764	0.7764	0.7764
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.2628	0.2628	0.2628	0.0168	0.0168	0.0168	0.5532	0.5532	0.5532
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.2120	0.2120	0.1944	0.0924	0.0924	0.0924	0.4392	0.4392	0.4392
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.3828	0.3828	0.3828	0.0252	0.0252	0.0252	0.7344	0.7344	0.7344
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.2436	0.2436	0.2436	0.0144	0.0144	0.0144	0.7152	0.7152	0.7152
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.1728	0.1728	0.1728	0.0408	0.0408	0.0408	0.6948	0.6948	0.6948
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.4737	0.4737	0.4737	0.1114	0.1114	0.1114	0.9798	0.9798	0.9798
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.3488	0.3488	0.3488	0.0659	0.0659	0.0659	0.7190	0.7190	0.7190
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.2451	0.2451	0.2400	0.1970	0.1970	0.1970	0.6333	0.6333	0.6333
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.4749	0.4749	0.4749	0.1086	0.1086	0.1086	0.9361	0.9361	0.9361
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.3079	0.3079	0.3079	0.0708	0.0708	0.0708	0.8701	0.8701	0.8701
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.2224	0.2224	0.2224	0.1361	0.1361	0.1361	0.8686	0.8686	0.8686
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.4889	0.4889	0.4889	0.1151	0.1151	0.1151	0.9914	0.9914	0.9914
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.3555	0.3555	0.3555	0.0750	0.0750	0.0750	0.7336	0.7336	0.7336
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.2483	0.2483	0.2453	0.1988	0.1988	0.1988	0.6372	0.6372	0.6372
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.4883	0.4883	0.4883	0.1119	0.1119	0.1119	0.9567	0.9567	0.9567
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.3099	0.3099	0.3099	0.0734	0.0734	0.0734	0.8970	0.8970	0.8970
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.2284	0.2284	0.2284	0.1367	0.1367	0.1367	0.8914	0.8914	0.8914
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.5412	0.5412	0.5412	0.1558	0.1558	0.1558	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.3796	0.3796	0.3796	0.0883	0.0883	0.0883	0.8471	0.8471	0.8471
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.2871	0.2871	0.2546	0.2458	0.2458	0.2458	0.6468	0.6468	0.6468
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.5354	0.5354	0.5317	0.1673	0.1673	0.1673	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.3979	0.3979	0.3979	0.1100	0.1100	0.1100	0.9048	0.9048	0.9048
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.2836	0.2836	0.2836	0.1628	0.1628	0.1628	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.3139	0.2187	0.1835	0.0092	0.0092	0.0084	0.2495	0.2495	0.2495
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.1763	0.1407	0.1407	0.0068	0.0068	0.0068	0.2559	0.2559	0.2559
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.1112	0.1112	0.1112	0.0272	0.0272	0.0272	0.2547	0.2547	0.2547

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 45: Stepdown Tests for Maximum Outcomes of Male Children of Male Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	23	22	23	22	26	25	23	22	29	27
	(02) Control	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.5833	0.5833	0.4000	0.4000	0.9333	0.9286
	(03) Treatment	0.1667	0.1818	0.1667	0.1818	0.8571	0.8462	0.6923	0.6667	1.0000	1.0000
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1667	0.1818	0.1667	0.1818	0.2738	0.2628	0.2923	0.2667	0.0667	0.0714
	(05) COLS	0.2859	0.3153	0.2859	0.3153	0.2456	0.2046	0.1570	0.1046	0.0679	0.0777
	(06) AIPW	0.2635	0.2567	0.2635	0.2567	0.1773	0.1787	0.1024	0.1191	0.0462	0.0611
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.1448	0.1448	0.1448	0.1448	0.1023	0.1023	0.1458	0.1458	0.2815	0.2815
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.0704	0.0704	0.0704	0.0704	0.2981	0.2981	0.4457	0.4457	0.2923	0.2923
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.0026	0.0028	0.0026	0.0028	0.1867	0.1867	0.4638	0.4638	0.2429	0.2429
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.1235	0.1235	0.1235	0.1235	0.0887	0.0887	0.1376	0.1376	0.2945	0.2945
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.0850	0.0850	0.0850	0.0850	0.2847	0.2847	0.4759	0.4759	0.3518	0.3518
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.3886	0.3886	0.3886	0.3886	0.7046	0.7046	0.8257	0.8257	0.5915	0.5915
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.2528	0.2528	0.2528	0.2528	0.0976	0.0976	0.1560	0.1560	0.7248	0.7248
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.2528	0.2528	0.2528	0.2528	0.2472	0.2472	0.4128	0.4128	0.7248	0.7248
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.2616	0.2616	0.2616	0.2616	0.3192	0.3192	0.5888	0.5888	0.7632	0.7632
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.2592	0.2592	0.2592	0.2592	0.0544	0.0544	0.1240	0.1240	0.7320	0.7320
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.2840	0.2840	0.2840	0.2840	0.2896	0.2896	0.3944	0.3944	0.7544	0.7544
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.2936	0.2936	0.2936	0.2936	0.5296	0.5296	0.6154	0.6154	0.8696	0.8696
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.2472	0.2472	0.2472	0.2472	0.1592	0.1592	0.1816	0.1816	0.4144	0.4144
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.0296	0.0296	0.0296	0.0296	0.2288	0.2288	0.4008	0.4008	0.3416	0.3416
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.1168	0.1168	0.1136	0.1136	0.4144	0.4144	0.5744	0.5744	0.4004	0.3400
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.2432	0.2432	0.2432	0.2432	0.1400	0.1400	0.1584	0.1584	0.3504	0.3504
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.0080	0.0080	0.0080	0.0080	0.3264	0.3264	0.3936	0.3936	0.4816	0.4816
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.0456	0.0456	0.0456	0.0456	0.3680	0.3680	0.6080	0.6080	0.5384	0.5384
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.3901	0.3901	0.3901	0.3901	0.1899	0.1899	0.3024	0.3024	0.5388	0.5388
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.0785	0.0785	0.0785	0.0785	0.2330	0.2330	0.5757	0.5757	0.5180	0.5180
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.1994	0.1994	0.1994	0.1994	0.3419	0.3419	0.6932	0.6932	0.5284	0.5284
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.3669	0.3669	0.3669	0.3669	0.1745	0.1745	0.2596	0.2596	0.4578	0.4578
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.0594	0.0594	0.0594	0.0594	0.3027	0.3027	0.5549	0.5549	0.6533	0.6533
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.1112	0.1112	0.1051	0.1051	0.3192	0.3192	0.7521	0.7521	0.5785	0.5785
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.4059	0.4059	0.4059	0.4059	0.1973	0.1973	0.3114	0.3114	0.5606	0.5606
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.0793	0.0793	0.0793	0.0793	0.2449	0.2449	0.5990	0.5990	0.5254	0.5254
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.2033	0.2033	0.2033	0.2033	0.3550	0.3550	0.6994	0.6994	0.5549	0.5549
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.3832	0.3832	0.3832	0.3832	0.1851	0.1851	0.2728	0.2728	0.4736	0.4736
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.0612	0.0612	0.0612	0.0612	0.3200	0.3200	0.5819	0.5819	0.6639	0.6639
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.1200	0.1200	0.1114	0.1114	0.3319	0.3319	0.7561	0.7561	0.5903	0.5903
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.4886	0.4886	0.4886	0.4886	0.2413	0.2413	0.4345	0.4345	0.6593	0.6593
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.0800	0.0800	0.0800	0.0800	0.2603	0.2603	0.8452	0.8452	0.5638	0.5638
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.2345	0.2345	0.2283	0.2283	0.4293	0.4293	0.8825	0.8825	0.6613	0.6613
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.4360	0.4360	0.4360	0.4360	0.2502	0.2502	0.3263	0.3263	0.5049	0.5049
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.0716	0.0716	0.0716	0.0716	0.3761	0.3761	0.7115	0.7115	0.8033	0.8033
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.1969	0.1969	0.1339	0.1339	0.4186	0.4186	0.8000	0.8000	0.8002	0.8002
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.1279	0.1232	0.1279	0.1232	0.1016	0.1016	0.1092	0.1204	0.1779	0.1751
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.0068	0.0068	0.0068	0.0068	0.2199	0.2199	0.2579	0.2859	0.3275	0.2707
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.0272	0.0272	0.0256	0.0256	0.2315	0.2315	0.3499	0.3499	0.4882	0.2891

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 45: Stepdown Tests for Maximum Outcomes of Male Children of Male Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Summary	(01) Obs.	26	25	23	22	26	20	29	28	28	28
	(02) Control	0.5833	0.5833	0.4000	0.4000	0.9167	0.5455	0.5333	0.3333	0.0000	0.0000
	(03) Treatment	0.8571	0.8462	0.6923	0.6667	0.7857	0.6667	0.4286	0.4615	0.1538	0.2308
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.2738	0.2628	0.2923	0.2667	-0.1310	0.1212	-0.1048	0.1282	0.1538	0.2308
	(05) COLS	0.2456	0.2046	0.1570	0.1046	-0.1893	0.0370	-0.2279	0.0261	0.1073	0.1851
	(06) AIPW	0.1773	0.1787	0.1024	0.1191	-0.2533	-0.0033	-0.2443	0.0174	0.1064	0.1738
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.1023	0.1023	0.1458	0.1458	0.1660	0.2978	0.2843	0.2657	0.0695	0.0287
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.2981	0.2981	0.4457	0.4457	0.1240	0.4442	0.1190	0.4501	0.1021	0.0555
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.1867	0.1867	0.4638	0.4638	0.0163	0.4925	0.0688	0.4597	0.0406	0.0075
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.0887	0.0887	0.1376	0.1376	0.1537	0.2928	0.2848	0.2331	0.0633	0.0246
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.2847	0.2847	0.4759	0.4759	0.1186	0.4541	0.1272	0.4486	0.1229	0.0612
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.7046	0.7046	0.8257	0.8257	0.1718	0.4992	0.1667	0.4750	0.2006	0.1138
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.0976	0.0976	0.1560	0.1560	0.1676	0.2844	0.3048	0.2360	0.1104	0.0360
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.2472	0.2472	0.4128	0.4128	0.1636	0.4160	0.1264	0.4920	0.1352	0.0672
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.3192	0.3192	0.5888	0.5888	0.1752	0.4716	0.1560	0.4748	0.1328	0.0828
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.0544	0.0544	0.1240	0.1240	0.0856	0.2732	0.2180	0.1924	0.1132	0.0372
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.2896	0.2896	0.3944	0.3944	0.0304	0.4628	0.0976	0.3820	0.1188	0.0452
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.5296	0.5296	0.6154	0.6154	0.0160	0.4648	0.0844	0.4560	0.1436	0.0484
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.1592	0.1592	0.1816	0.1816	0.1840	0.3316	0.2828	0.3120	0.1036	0.0516
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.2288	0.2288	0.4008	0.4008	0.0972	0.4496	0.1312	0.4572	0.1800	0.0988
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.4144	0.4144	0.5744	0.5744	0.0840	0.4964	0.1304	0.4752	0.1324	0.0752
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.1400	0.1400	0.1584	0.1584	0.1468	0.2964	0.2684	0.3012	0.0592	0.0296
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.3264	0.3264	0.3936	0.3936	0.1120	0.4484	0.1212	0.4556	0.1652	0.0924
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.3680	0.3680	0.6080	0.6080	0.0808	0.4968	0.1280	0.4752	0.0988	0.0420
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.1899	0.1899	0.3024	0.3024	0.3011	0.2957	0.3187	0.4344	0.1443	0.0773
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.2330	0.2330	0.5757	0.5757	0.2250	0.4488	0.1907	0.5116	0.2228	0.1308
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.3419	0.3419	0.6932	0.6932	0.2012	0.6804	0.1683	0.5364	0.1561	0.0830
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.1745	0.1745	0.2596	0.2596	0.2688	0.2607	0.2974	0.4173	0.0958	0.0542
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.3027	0.3027	0.5549	0.5549	0.2621	0.4461	0.1754	0.5097	0.2190	0.1338
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.3192	0.3192	0.7521	0.7521	0.1808	0.6804	0.1649	0.5359	0.1275	0.0740
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.1973	0.1973	0.3114	0.3114	0.3058	0.3002	0.3221	0.4390	0.1479	0.0786
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.2449	0.2449	0.5990	0.5990	0.2258	0.4533	0.1960	0.5159	0.2262	0.1358
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.3550	0.3550	0.6994	0.6994	0.2038	0.6830	0.1685	0.5428	0.1622	0.0849
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.1851	0.1851	0.2728	0.2728	0.2729	0.2620	0.2976	0.4208	0.0992	0.0542
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.3200	0.3200	0.5819	0.5819	0.2744	0.4461	0.1764	0.5143	0.2238	0.1395
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.3319	0.3319	0.7561	0.7561	0.1871	0.6830	0.1655	0.5419	0.1327	0.0756
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.2413	0.2413	0.4345	0.4345	0.3383	0.3332	0.3410	0.5362	0.1672	0.0922
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.2603	0.2603	0.8452	0.8452	0.2350	0.4873	0.2215	0.5448	0.3415	0.1453
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.4293	0.4293	0.8825	0.8825	0.2381	0.7415	0.2020	0.6160	0.2370	0.1244
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.2502	0.2502	0.3263	0.3263	0.2896	0.2978	0.3323	0.4373	0.1130	0.0764
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.3761	0.3761	0.7115	0.7115	0.2828	0.4932	0.1862	0.5516	0.2551	0.1487
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.4186	0.4186	0.8000	0.8000	0.2415	0.7415	0.1753	0.5971	0.1448	0.1105
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.1016	0.1016	0.1092	0.1204	0.1467	0.2963	0.2683	0.3011	0.0592	0.0296
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.2199	0.2199	0.2579	0.2859	0.1120	0.4482	0.1212	0.4554	0.1651	0.0924
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.2315	0.2315	0.3499	0.3499	0.0808	0.5038	0.1279	0.4750	0.0988	0.0420

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-R S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 46: Stepdown Tests for Maximum Outcomes of Female Children of Male Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -spended	Never Su -spended	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Summary	(01) Obs.	26	24	29	27	25	25	30	28	25	24
	(02) Control	0.8462	0.8333	0.8462	0.8462	0.6667	0.6154	0.9286	0.9286	0.7500	0.7500
	(03) Treatment	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1538	0.1667	0.1538	0.1538	0.3333	0.3846	0.0714	0.0714	0.2500	0.2500
	(05) COLS	0.1927	0.1953	0.2191	0.2212	0.3978	0.4396	0.0905	0.0912	0.2907	0.2914
	(06) AIPW	0.2245	0.2424	0.3498	0.3498	0.6345	0.6275	0.1191	0.1191	0.3956	0.3956
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.1118	0.1118	0.1440	0.1440	0.0072	0.0049	0.3193	0.3193	0.0423	0.0423
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.1239	0.1239	0.1391	0.1391	0.0064	0.0043	0.3416	0.3416	0.0501	0.0501
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.0223	0.0223	0.0002	0.0002	0.0000	0.0000	0.0725	0.0725	0.0023	0.0023
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.1249	0.1249	0.1283	0.1283	0.0089	0.0055	0.2935	0.2935	0.0512	0.0512
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.1343	0.1343	0.1051	0.1051	0.0064	0.0040	0.3162	0.3162	0.0569	0.0569
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.3372	0.3372	0.3637	0.3637	0.2185	0.1858	0.6097	0.6097	0.4082	0.4082
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.2712	0.2712	0.2312	0.2312	0.0152	0.0112	0.6664	0.6664	0.0928	0.0928
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.2768	0.2768	0.2312	0.2312	0.0156	0.0112	0.6664	0.6664	0.0944	0.0944
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.3232	0.3232	0.2320	0.2320	0.0200	0.0152	0.6688	0.6688	0.1296	0.1296
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.2784	0.2784	0.2360	0.2360	0.0204	0.0192	0.6712	0.6712	0.1000	0.1000
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.2872	0.2872	0.2408	0.2408	0.0256	0.0256	0.6848	0.6848	0.1128	0.1128
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.3440	0.3440	0.2832	0.2832	0.0160	0.0120	0.8936	0.8936	0.1168	0.1168
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.1320	0.1320	0.0736	0.0736	0.0104	0.0104	0.2176	0.2176	0.0432	0.0432
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.0840	0.0840	0.0144	0.0156	0.0056	0.0056	0.0904	0.0904	0.0416	0.0416
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.1080	0.1080	0.0376	0.0376	0.0048	0.0048	0.0624	0.0624	0.0336	0.0336
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.1712	0.1712	0.1144	0.1144	0.0192	0.0192	0.2632	0.2632	0.0560	0.0560
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.0840	0.0840	0.0168	0.0168	0.0096	0.0048	0.1648	0.1648	0.0480	0.0480
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.1384	0.1384	0.0352	0.0352	0.0104	0.0104	0.0680	0.0680	0.0720	0.0720
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.2373	0.2373	0.1792	0.1792	0.0409	0.0409	0.4042	0.4042	0.0911	0.0911
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.1734	0.1734	0.0652	0.0652	0.0494	0.0494	0.2638	0.2638	0.1060	0.1060
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.1948	0.1948	0.1150	0.1150	0.0364	0.0364	0.1774	0.1774	0.0925	0.0925
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.2882	0.2882	0.2398	0.2398	0.0582	0.0582	0.4789	0.4789	0.1168	0.1168
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.1681	0.1681	0.0823	0.0823	0.0433	0.0433	0.3902	0.3902	0.1179	0.1179
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.2625	0.2625	0.1039	0.1039	0.0536	0.0536	0.1685	0.1685	0.1500	0.1500
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.2471	0.2471	0.1870	0.1870	0.0411	0.0411	0.4161	0.4161	0.0984	0.0984
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.1745	0.1745	0.0700	0.0700	0.0536	0.0536	0.2707	0.2707	0.1067	0.1067
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.2027	0.2027	0.1159	0.1159	0.0411	0.0411	0.1838	0.1838	0.0946	0.0946
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.2911	0.2911	0.2521	0.2521	0.0648	0.0648	0.4939	0.4939	0.1206	0.1206
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.1689	0.1689	0.0842	0.0842	0.0449	0.0449	0.4204	0.4204	0.1257	0.1257
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.2697	0.2697	0.1062	0.1062	0.0551	0.0551	0.1709	0.1709	0.1564	0.1564
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.3569	0.3569	0.1985	0.1985	0.0707	0.0707	0.4207	0.4207	0.1256	0.1256
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.2315	0.2315	0.1107	0.1107	0.0698	0.0698	0.3183	0.3183	0.1299	0.1299
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.2485	0.2485	0.1513	0.1513	0.0483	0.0483	0.2047	0.2047	0.1180	0.1180
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.3067	0.3067	0.2765	0.2765	0.0999	0.0999	0.6619	0.6619	0.1525	0.1525
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.1847	0.1847	0.0854	0.0854	0.0697	0.0697	0.6076	0.6076	0.1492	0.1492
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.3057	0.3057	0.1334	0.1334	0.0717	0.0717	0.1940	0.1940	0.1999	0.1999
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.0860	0.0860	0.0612	0.0788	0.0140	0.0096	0.1355	0.1795	0.0320	0.0336
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.0488	0.0548	0.0124	0.0144	0.0096	0.0028	0.0860	0.1076	0.0280	0.0292
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.0744	0.0736	0.0204	0.0204	0.0092	0.0080	0.0368	0.0368	0.0376	0.0376

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 46: Stepdown Tests for Maximum Outcomes of Female Children of Male Participants

	Statistic	Attended College	Attended College	Attended College	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	26	24	21	27	26	21	26	25	20
	(02) Control	0.7500	0.7500	0.7500	0.6154	0.6154	0.5833	0.5833	0.5833	0.5455
	(03) Treatment	0.6429	0.6667	0.7778	0.7857	0.7692	0.8889	0.7857	0.7692	0.8889
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.1071	-0.0833	0.0278	0.1703	0.1538	0.3056	0.2024	0.1859	0.3434
	(05) COLS	-0.0764	-0.0687	0.0875	0.2826	0.2571	0.4972	0.2826	0.2561	0.4969
	(06) AIPW	-0.2688	-0.2594	-0.0591	0.4112	0.3915	0.5603	0.4963	0.4766	0.6896
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.8676	0.8676	0.8676	0.3020	0.3020	0.0990	0.2291	0.2291	0.0642
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.1047	0.1047	0.0221	0.1138	0.1138	0.0245
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.1555	0.1555	0.3523	0.0039	0.0043	0.0000	0.0018	0.0020	0.0000
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.7945	0.7945	0.7945	0.3293	0.3293	0.1442	0.2573	0.2573	0.1020
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.1664	0.1664	0.0880	0.1757	0.1757	0.1049
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.9159	0.9159	0.9159	0.4987	0.4987	0.2651	0.4461	0.4461	0.2673
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.8256	0.8256	0.8256	0.3176	0.3176	0.1608	0.2544	0.2544	0.1224
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.1760	0.1760	0.1092	0.1832	0.1832	0.1140
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2280	0.2280	0.1560	0.1992	0.1992	0.1296
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.6372	0.6372	0.6372	0.2368	0.2368	0.1164	0.1736	0.1736	0.0960
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.7812	0.7812	0.7812	0.1560	0.1560	0.1560	0.1668	0.1668	0.1668
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.2484	0.2484	0.2772	0.0300	0.0300	0.0300	0.0120	0.0120	0.0084
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.8640	0.8640	0.8640	0.3464	0.3464	0.2208	0.2960	0.2960	0.1680
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.1144	0.1144	0.0240	0.1312	0.1312	0.0348
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.5508	0.5508	0.5508	0.0632	0.0632	0.0468	0.0360	0.0360	0.0360
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.8424	0.8424	0.8424	0.2984	0.2984	0.1728	0.2552	0.2552	0.1476
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.1112	0.1112	0.0684	0.1208	0.1208	0.0768
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.5388	0.5388	0.5388	0.0976	0.0976	0.0564	0.0768	0.0768	0.0660
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4329	0.4329	0.2861	0.4128	0.4128	0.2391
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2376	0.2376	0.0870	0.2509	0.2509	0.1115
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.8089	0.8089	0.8089	0.1465	0.1465	0.1465	0.1268	0.1268	0.1268
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3914	0.3914	0.2356	0.3513	0.3513	0.2123
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2287	0.2287	0.1402	0.2360	0.2360	0.1648
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.8285	0.8285	0.8285	0.1868	0.1868	0.1835	0.1795	0.1795	0.1795
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4353	0.4353	0.2969	0.4233	0.4233	0.2422
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2442	0.2442	0.0891	0.2738	0.2738	0.1183
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.8104	0.8104	0.8104	0.1611	0.1611	0.1611	0.1325	0.1325	0.1325
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4008	0.4008	0.2390	0.3685	0.3685	0.2268
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2333	0.2333	0.1491	0.2476	0.2476	0.1653
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.8362	0.8362	0.8362	0.2039	0.2039	0.2039	0.1863	0.1863	0.1863
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4725	0.4725	0.4709	0.4995	0.4995	0.3249
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2964	0.2964	0.1047	0.3494	0.3494	0.1453
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.8311	0.8311	0.8311	0.2651	0.2651	0.2651	0.1359	0.1359	0.1359
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.5141	0.5141	0.2668	0.4343	0.4343	0.2973
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3180	0.3180	0.2429	0.3532	0.3532	0.2415
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.9447	0.9447	0.9447	0.2869	0.2869	0.2869	0.2187	0.2187	0.2187
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.6449	0.6609	0.6609	0.1651	0.1883	0.0760	0.1371	0.1579	0.0624
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.7533	0.7533	0.7533	0.0648	0.0756	0.0336	0.0712	0.0820	0.0360
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.2835	0.2899	0.4374	0.0568	0.0644	0.0240	0.0432	0.0504	0.0276

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 46: Stepdown Tests for Maximum Outcomes of Female Children of Male Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	26	25	20	26	24	20	31	29	26
	(02) Control	0.5000	0.5000	0.4545	0.4167	0.4167	0.3636	0.9333	0.9333	0.9333
	(03) Treatment	0.7857	0.7692	0.8889	0.5000	0.5000	0.6667	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.2857	0.2692	0.4343	0.0833	0.0833	0.3030	0.0667	0.0667	0.0667
	(05) COLS	0.3890	0.3632	0.6299	0.1318	0.1118	0.5006	0.0794	0.0775	0.0721
	(06) AIPW	0.5980	0.5782	0.8007	0.0677	0.0497	0.4016	0.0649	0.0649	0.0649
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.0919	0.0919	0.0156	0.6886	0.6886	0.2791	0.4794	0.4794	0.4794
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.0229	0.0229	0.0017	0.5826	0.5826	0.0431	0.5119	0.5119	0.5119
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.0001	0.0001	0.0000	0.6575	0.6575	0.0037	0.3431	0.3431	0.3431
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.1119	0.1119	0.0291	0.6555	0.6555	0.2164	0.4478	0.4478	0.4478
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.0500	0.0500	0.0211	0.5559	0.5559	0.0440	0.4784	0.4784	0.4784
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.3250	0.3250	0.0654	0.9128	0.9128	0.5659	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.1064	0.1064	0.0492	0.6616	0.6616	0.2316	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.0616	0.0616	0.0456	0.4488	0.4488	0.0864	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.0976	0.0976	0.0564	0.6112	0.6112	0.1560	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.0840	0.0840	0.0660	0.5912	0.5912	0.2400	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.0876	0.0876	0.0876	0.5536	0.5536	0.1152	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.0012	0.0032	0.0032	0.9032	0.9032	0.1044	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.1144	0.1144	0.0792	0.7384	0.7384	0.5304	0.4500	0.4720	0.4720
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.0488	0.0488	0.0084	0.6224	0.6224	0.0816	0.3108	0.3376	0.3376
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.0204	0.0204	0.0204	0.8304	0.8304	0.3840	0.2508	0.2508	0.2508
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.1032	0.1032	0.0660	0.6888	0.6888	0.4548	0.4908	0.4908	0.4908
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.0376	0.0376	0.0228	0.6448	0.6448	0.1416	0.7656	0.7656	0.7656
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.0408	0.0408	0.0408	0.8040	0.8040	0.3144	0.3828	0.3828	0.3828
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.1875	0.1875	0.1661	0.8128	0.8128	0.5928	0.6723	0.6723	0.6723
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.1114	0.1114	0.0528	0.7559	0.7559	0.1460	0.6423	0.6423	0.6423
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.0809	0.0809	0.0809	0.9659	0.9659	0.5324	0.5262	0.5262	0.5262
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.1705	0.1705	0.1104	0.7588	0.7588	0.5197	0.7251	0.7251	0.7251
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.0982	0.0982	0.0877	0.7933	0.7933	0.2401	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.1244	0.1244	0.1244	0.9328	0.9328	0.4115	0.6573	0.6573	0.6573
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.1876	0.1876	0.1773	0.8133	0.8133	0.6180	0.6915	0.6915	0.6915
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.1123	0.1123	0.0534	0.7582	0.7582	0.1461	0.6600	0.6600	0.6600
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.0890	0.0890	0.0890	0.9858	0.9858	0.5449	0.5692	0.5692	0.5692
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.1835	0.1835	0.1133	0.7653	0.7653	0.5304	0.7291	0.7291	0.7291
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.1006	0.1006	0.0885	0.8091	0.8091	0.2524	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.1260	0.1260	0.1260	0.9444	0.9444	0.4147	0.6617	0.6617	0.6617
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.2500	0.2500	0.2500	0.8678	0.8678	0.6266	0.7821	0.7836	0.7836
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.1475	0.1475	0.0885	0.8497	0.8497	0.2069	0.7165	0.7165	0.7165
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.0994	0.0994	0.0994	1.0000	1.0000	0.5833	0.5847	0.5847	0.5847
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.2810	0.2810	0.1683	0.7945	0.7945	0.6147	0.9434	0.9434	0.9434
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.1306	0.1306	0.1269	0.9132	0.9132	0.3081	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.1340	0.1340	0.1340	1.0000	1.0000	0.4447	0.7953	0.7953	0.7953
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.0604	0.0656	0.0284	0.3886	0.3886	0.1843	0.1703	0.2255	0.3115
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.0216	0.0292	0.0092	0.3715	0.3715	0.0736	0.2727	0.3203	0.3846
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.0160	0.0184	0.0160	0.4334	0.4334	0.1212	0.2271	0.2271	0.2271

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 46: Stepdown Tests for Maximum Outcomes of Female Children of Male Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su./Arrested	Never Su./Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	22	19	23	20	29	25	24	22	30	26
	(02) Control	0.6364	0.7000	0.3333	0.3636	0.9333	0.9286	0.8333	0.7500	0.9375	0.9333
	(03) Treatment	0.3636	0.4444	0.1818	0.2222	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9000	1.0000	1.0000
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.2727	-0.2556	-0.1515	-0.1414	0.0667	0.0714	0.1667	0.1500	0.0625	0.0667
	(05) COLS	-0.2078	-0.0007	-0.0772	0.1205	0.0926	0.1189	0.1953	0.1509	0.0928	0.1193
	(06) AIPW	-0.2967	-0.1477	-0.1520	-0.0487	0.1130	0.1845	0.2424	0.2476	0.1122	0.1767
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.1970	0.1970	0.3889	0.3889	0.2868	0.2868	0.1118	0.1728	0.2893	0.2893
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.4352	0.4990	0.5734	0.5734	0.2483	0.2483	0.1270	0.1823	0.2445	0.2445
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.0952	0.2007	0.2203	0.3547	0.0562	0.0140	0.0223	0.0228	0.0542	0.0144
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.1992	0.1992	0.4007	0.4007	0.2973	0.2973	0.1249	0.1667	0.2977	0.2977
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.4358	0.4994	0.5819	0.5819	0.2223	0.2223	0.1348	0.1872	0.2179	0.2179
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.6871	0.6871	0.6872	0.6872	0.2352	0.2352	0.5837	0.5837	0.1871	0.1871
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.2256	0.2256	0.4120	0.4120	0.7232	0.7232	0.2712	0.2712	0.7232	0.7232
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.4784	0.4784	0.5768	0.5768	0.7296	0.7296	0.2776	0.2776	0.7296	0.7296
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.7816	0.7816	0.5352	0.5352	0.7248	0.7248	0.3552	0.3552	0.7264	0.7264
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.1528	0.1528	0.2960	0.2960	0.7288	0.7288	0.2392	0.2392	0.7288	0.7288
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.3040	0.4744	0.5256	0.5256	0.7616	0.7616	0.2872	0.2872	0.7624	0.7624
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.2040	0.2252	0.2560	0.3604	0.7392	0.7392	0.1808	0.1808	0.7400	0.7400
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.2928	0.2928	0.4432	0.4432	0.4048	0.4048	0.1352	0.1924	0.4984	0.4984
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.4488	0.4852	0.5216	0.5216	0.2424	0.2424	0.1376	0.1744	0.2080	0.2080
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.4352	0.4468	0.3768	0.4568	0.2496	0.2496	0.1056	0.1520	0.2616	0.2616
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.2552	0.2552	0.4320	0.4320	0.3848	0.3848	0.1720	0.1756	0.4600	0.4600
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.4872	0.4872	0.5768	0.5768	0.1960	0.1960	0.1096	0.1784	0.1800	0.1800
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.4512	0.4608	0.3816	0.4684	0.2208	0.2208	0.1512	0.1524	0.1904	0.1904
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.5379	0.5379	0.9189	0.9189	0.5936	0.5936	0.2492	0.2744	0.6500	0.6500
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.6203	0.6203	0.7231	0.7231	0.3446	0.3446	0.2310	0.2667	0.3043	0.3043
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.6226	0.6226	0.7482	0.7482	0.3873	0.3873	0.1943	0.2270	0.4166	0.4166
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.4784	0.4784	0.8905	0.8905	0.5718	0.5718	0.2882	0.2882	0.6226	0.6226
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.6726	0.6726	0.7824	0.7824	0.3251	0.3251	0.1937	0.2671	0.3020	0.3020
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.6688	0.6688	0.7420	0.7420	0.3926	0.3926	0.2801	0.2801	0.3535	0.3535
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.5435	0.5435	0.9231	0.9231	0.5995	0.5995	0.2520	0.2749	0.6641	0.6641
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.6344	0.6344	0.7443	0.7443	0.3633	0.3633	0.2393	0.2751	0.3197	0.3197
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.6247	0.6247	0.7489	0.7489	0.3893	0.3893	0.1997	0.2289	0.4222	0.4222
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.4785	0.4785	0.8926	0.8926	0.5777	0.5777	0.2965	0.2965	0.6363	0.6363
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.6740	0.6740	0.7829	0.7829	0.3273	0.3273	0.1960	0.2720	0.3035	0.3035
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.6700	0.6700	0.7434	0.7434	0.3984	0.3984	0.2884	0.2884	0.3638	0.3638
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.5549	0.5549	0.9496	0.9496	0.6581	0.6581	0.3592	0.3592	0.6885	0.6885
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.7996	0.7996	0.9008	0.9008	0.4067	0.4067	0.2852	0.3163	0.3740	0.3740
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.6433	0.6433	0.7517	0.7517	0.4316	0.4316	0.2410	0.2612	0.4556	0.4556
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.4997	0.4997	0.8995	0.8995	0.6187	0.6187	0.3309	0.3309	0.6982	0.6982
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.7166	0.7166	0.7979	0.7979	0.3904	0.3904	0.2187	0.2908	0.3284	0.3284
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.8343	0.8343	0.7516	0.7516	0.5548	0.5548	0.4030	0.4030	0.3947	0.3947
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.1643	0.1643	0.2463	0.2487	0.2803	0.2803	0.1359	0.1755	0.3227	0.3227
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.3239	0.5158	0.6026	0.6026	0.1024	0.1024	0.1148	0.1783	0.0912	0.0912
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.3858	0.4606	0.3347	0.4682	0.1459	0.1459	0.1855	0.1855	0.1363	0.1363

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 46: Stepdown Tests for Maximum Outcomes of Female Children of Male Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Summary	(01) Obs.	29	25	24	22	28	25	30	29	29	28
	(02) Control	0.9333	0.9286	0.8333	0.7500	0.9231	0.6667	0.4667	0.3333	0.1333	0.0667
	(03) Treatment	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9000	0.8000	0.6154	0.6667	0.6429	0.2857	0.1538
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0667	0.0714	0.1667	0.1500	-0.1231	-0.0513	0.2000	0.3095	0.1524	0.0872
	(05) COLS	0.0926	0.1189	0.1953	0.1509	-0.0681	-0.0651	0.2368	0.3582	0.1751	0.1165
	(06) AIPW	0.1130	0.1845	0.2424	0.2476	0.0295	-0.0050	0.0626	0.3424	0.0284	0.0666
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.2868	0.2868	0.1118	0.1728	0.1581	0.4032	0.1364	0.0584	0.1689	0.2410
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.2483	0.2483	0.1270	0.1823	0.3087	0.3881	0.1108	0.0406	0.1584	0.1474
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.0562	0.0140	0.0223	0.0228	0.3912	0.4882	0.3411	0.0184	0.4190	0.2599
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.2973	0.2973	0.1249	0.1667	0.1666	0.3982	0.1362	0.0392	0.1481	0.2372
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.2223	0.2223	0.1348	0.1872	0.3094	0.3882	0.1241	0.0282	0.1498	0.1518
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.2352	0.2352	0.5837	0.5837	0.4482	0.5000	0.4177	0.1511	0.4548	0.3760
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.7232	0.7232	0.2712	0.2712	0.1748	0.3968	0.1384	0.0436	0.1424	0.2436
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.7296	0.7296	0.2776	0.2776	0.2684	0.3296	0.1068	0.0392	0.1280	0.1492
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.7248	0.7248	0.3552	0.3552	0.4864	0.4664	0.3496	0.1312	0.3772	0.2888
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.7288	0.7288	0.2392	0.2392	0.0828	0.3896	0.1036	0.0424	0.0852	0.1968
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.7616	0.7616	0.2872	0.2872	0.3068	0.4296	0.1112	0.0336	0.1304	0.1048
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.7392	0.7392	0.1808	0.1808	0.3808	0.4868	0.4280	0.0536	0.4928	0.3884
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.4048	0.4048	0.1352	0.1924	0.2096	0.4092	0.1780	0.0988	0.2084	0.2988
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.2424	0.2424	0.1376	0.1744	0.3400	0.3712	0.1388	0.0668	0.1880	0.2212
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.2496	0.2496	0.1056	0.1520	0.4376	0.4912	0.4284	0.1044	0.4908	0.4004
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.3848	0.3848	0.1720	0.1756	0.1940	0.4092	0.1664	0.0944	0.1920	0.2636
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.1960	0.1960	0.1096	0.1784	0.3368	0.3720	0.1408	0.0668	0.1804	0.1780
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.2208	0.2208	0.1512	0.1524	0.4336	0.4920	0.4200	0.0964	0.4892	0.3912
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.5936	0.5936	0.2492	0.2744	0.2723	0.5966	0.2128	0.1281	0.2459	0.2883
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.3446	0.3446	0.2310	0.2667	0.3987	0.5217	0.1757	0.1039	0.2245	0.2450
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.3873	0.3873	0.1943	0.2270	0.5073	0.6115	0.4939	0.1305	0.5183	0.4125
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.5718	0.5718	0.2882	0.2882	0.2554	0.5966	0.2021	0.1197	0.2297	0.2513
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.3251	0.3251	0.1937	0.2671	0.3990	0.5241	0.1787	0.0987	0.2167	0.2217
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.3926	0.3926	0.2801	0.2801	0.5086	0.6115	0.4813	0.1121	0.5148	0.4057
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.5995	0.5995	0.2520	0.2749	0.2775	0.5990	0.2150	0.1298	0.2481	0.2931
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.3633	0.3633	0.2393	0.2751	0.4010	0.5236	0.1824	0.1070	0.2262	0.2600
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.3893	0.3893	0.1997	0.2289	0.5076	0.6164	0.5054	0.1374	0.5227	0.4143
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.5777	0.5777	0.2965	0.2965	0.2578	0.5990	0.2039	0.1248	0.2337	0.2529
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.3273	0.3273	0.1960	0.2720	0.4000	0.5258	0.1791	0.1011	0.2169	0.2319
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.3984	0.3984	0.2884	0.2884	0.5110	0.6164	0.4927	0.1150	0.5197	0.4122
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.6581	0.6581	0.3592	0.3592	0.3589	0.6132	0.2301	0.1605	0.2780	0.4196
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.4067	0.4067	0.2852	0.3163	0.4192	0.5574	0.2259	0.1159	0.2809	0.3244
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.4316	0.4316	0.2410	0.2612	0.5426	0.6405	0.5369	0.1811	0.5428	0.4648
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.6187	0.6187	0.3309	0.3309	0.3215	0.6132	0.2749	0.1428	0.2691	0.4196
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.3904	0.3904	0.2187	0.2908	0.4362	0.5641	0.1980	0.1155	0.2408	0.2768
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.5548	0.5548	0.4030	0.4030	0.5253	0.6724	0.5398	0.1755	0.5466	0.4440
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.2803	0.2803	0.1359	0.1755	0.1939	0.4090	0.1663	0.0944	0.1919	0.2635
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.1024	0.1024	0.1148	0.1783	0.3367	0.3719	0.1407	0.0668	0.1803	0.1779
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.1459	0.1459	0.1855	0.1855	0.4334	0.4918	0.4198	0.0964	0.4890	0.3910

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 47: Stepdown Tests for Maximum Outcomes of Pooled Children of Female Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -spended	Never Su -spended	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Summary	(01) Obs.	38	37	37	36	36	35	39	38	38	37
	(02) Control	0.6842	0.6842	0.8889	0.8889	0.6667	0.6667	0.8947	0.8947	0.6842	0.6842
	(03) Treatment	0.9474	1.0000	0.9474	1.0000	0.8889	0.9412	0.9500	1.0000	0.8947	0.9444
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.2632	0.3158	0.0585	0.1111	0.2222	0.2745	0.0553	0.1053	0.2105	0.2602
	(05) COLS	0.1972	0.2901	0.0235	0.1385	0.1533	0.2413	0.0311	0.1435	0.1575	0.2458
	(06) AIPW	0.1758	0.2922	0.0078	0.1209	0.1453	0.2461	0.0050	0.1184	0.1407	0.2420
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.0128	0.0031	0.2534	0.1255	0.0438	0.0272	0.2552	0.1271	0.0459	0.0287
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.0882	0.0180	0.4293	0.1056	0.1524	0.0667	0.4064	0.1011	0.1374	0.0516
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.0866	0.0042	0.4729	0.1154	0.1364	0.0300	0.4825	0.1108	0.1380	0.0270
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.0124	0.0022	0.2573	0.1358	0.0456	0.0220	0.2581	0.1353	0.0467	0.0226
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.0944	0.0301	0.4313	0.1573	0.1616	0.0909	0.4082	0.1466	0.1487	0.0742
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.1477	0.0307	0.4776	0.1890	0.1986	0.0926	0.4856	0.1895	0.2026	0.0898
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.0076	0.0032	0.3108	0.2800	0.0452	0.0144	0.3116	0.2800	0.0444	0.0176
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.1004	0.0192	0.4664	0.2848	0.1752	0.0928	0.4540	0.2816	0.1580	0.0696
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.1252	0.0112	0.4788	0.2952	0.1868	0.0616	0.4836	0.2904	0.1816	0.0480
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.0032	0.0032	0.2808	0.2808	0.0180	0.0072	0.2816	0.2816	0.0144	0.0064
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.0516	0.0088	0.4704	0.2888	0.1052	0.0280	0.4536	0.2928	0.0960	0.0200
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.1192	0.0216	0.4708	0.3384	0.1656	0.0456	0.4656	0.3408	0.1768	0.0488
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.0108	0.0040	0.2624	0.1648	0.0468	0.0392	0.2592	0.1648	0.0484	0.0368
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.0684	0.0152	0.4668	0.0336	0.1704	0.0872	0.4248	0.0160	0.1500	0.0680
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.1140	0.0296	0.4628	0.1032	0.2080	0.1192	0.4612	0.0728	0.1968	0.0976
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.0104	0.0032	0.2584	0.1736	0.0528	0.0392	0.2476	0.1424	0.0524	0.0368
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.1116	0.0344	0.4948	0.1472	0.2012	0.1128	0.4776	0.0880	0.1816	0.0848
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.1404	0.0224	0.4560	0.3376	0.2240	0.0984	0.4592	0.2344	0.2096	0.0808
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.0698	0.0471	0.2945	0.2487	0.1674	0.1674	0.2909	0.2431	0.1761	0.1761
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.1077	0.0732	0.4809	0.1346	0.1825	0.1784	0.4269	0.1250	0.1894	0.1682
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.1858	0.1041	0.5417	0.2286	0.2552	0.2476	0.5628	0.1832	0.2580	0.2445
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.0714	0.0440	0.2911	0.2403	0.1768	0.1740	0.2706	0.1961	0.1829	0.1829
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.1732	0.1671	0.5037	0.2601	0.2224	0.2224	0.4830	0.1844	0.2236	0.2185
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.2218	0.1227	0.5445	0.4309	0.2672	0.2379	0.5666	0.3365	0.2642	0.2347
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.0734	0.0482	0.2972	0.2654	0.1689	0.1689	0.2921	0.2648	0.1787	0.1787
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.1119	0.0733	0.4897	0.1352	0.1881	0.1870	0.4305	0.1279	0.1904	0.1698
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.1875	0.1088	0.5486	0.2371	0.2649	0.2539	0.5660	0.1875	0.2630	0.2473
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.0717	0.0451	0.2942	0.2467	0.1769	0.1740	0.2773	0.2062	0.1849	0.1849
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.1773	0.1695	0.5122	0.2604	0.2257	0.2230	0.4870	0.1900	0.2282	0.2208
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.2264	0.1234	0.5479	0.4439	0.2673	0.2433	0.5700	0.3386	0.2716	0.2352
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.0833	0.0499	0.3176	0.3095	0.1766	0.1766	0.3688	0.3688	0.1970	0.1970
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.1479	0.1479	0.5842	0.1445	0.2461	0.2461	0.4765	0.1396	0.1981	0.1889
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.2009	0.1229	0.6473	0.2905	0.2808	0.2791	0.6055	0.2273	0.3248	0.3248
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.0748	0.0517	0.3005	0.2731	0.1839	0.1742	0.3169	0.2620	0.1910	0.1910
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.1955	0.1743	0.5292	0.3076	0.2573	0.2311	0.5414	0.1936	0.2423	0.2221
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.2375	0.1237	0.5921	0.5746	0.2907	0.2907	0.5861	0.3585	0.3193	0.2399
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.0104	0.0044	0.2583	0.1919	0.0528	0.0272	0.2475	0.1827	0.0524	0.0296
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.1116	0.0224	0.4946	0.1603	0.2011	0.0732	0.4774	0.1439	0.1815	0.0540
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.1403	0.0132	0.5446	0.2191	0.2239	0.0596	0.5414	0.1907	0.2095	0.0468

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 47: Stepdown Tests for Maximum Outcomes of Pooled Children of Female Participants

	Statistic	Attended College	Attended College	Attended College	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	34	33	34	36	35	35	35	34	34
	(02) Control	0.6875	0.6875	0.6875	0.6111	0.6111	0.5882	0.5882	0.5882	0.5625
	(03) Treatment	0.8889	0.9412	0.8889	0.7778	0.8235	0.7778	0.7778	0.8235	0.7778
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.2014	0.2537	0.2014	0.1667	0.2124	0.1895	0.1895	0.2353	0.2153
	(05) COLS	0.1519	0.2499	0.2097	0.2719	0.4086	0.3616	0.2747	0.4079	0.3619
	(06) AIPW	0.1459	0.2616	0.2354	0.3045	0.3932	0.3417	0.2816	0.3840	0.3441
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.1401	0.0762	0.1401	0.2425	0.2425	0.2425	0.1985	0.1985	0.1985
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.1662	0.0979	0.1423	0.0806	0.0315	0.0476	0.0773	0.0313	0.0472
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.1498	0.0398	0.0592	0.0529	0.0182	0.0305	0.0510	0.0156	0.0261
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.1278	0.0664	0.1278	0.2348	0.2348	0.2348	0.1900	0.1900	0.1900
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.1804	0.1482	0.1804	0.0901	0.0397	0.0537	0.0874	0.0405	0.0539
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.2213	0.1687	0.1687	0.0894	0.0561	0.0792	0.0851	0.0517	0.0684
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.1248	0.0720	0.1248	0.2628	0.2628	0.2628	0.2004	0.2004	0.2004
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.1896	0.1452	0.1896	0.0768	0.0228	0.0416	0.0728	0.0264	0.0424
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.2192	0.1428	0.1736	0.0808	0.0540	0.0808	0.0760	0.0624	0.0760
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.0584	0.0240	0.0584	0.1488	0.1392	0.1488	0.1224	0.1224	0.1224
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.1216	0.0432	0.0672	0.0828	0.0684	0.0684	0.0812	0.0696	0.0696
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.1600	0.0600	0.0600	0.0584	0.0468	0.0584	0.0676	0.0492	0.0592
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.1744	0.1212	0.1744	0.2976	0.2976	0.2976	0.2580	0.2580	0.2580
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.2064	0.1704	0.2064	0.0456	0.0120	0.0296	0.0532	0.0192	0.0376
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.2084	0.1908	0.1908	0.0556	0.0456	0.0496	0.0696	0.0540	0.0576
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.1872	0.1140	0.1872	0.3144	0.3144	0.3144	0.2832	0.2832	0.2832
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.2064	0.1692	0.2064	0.0960	0.0564	0.0728	0.0984	0.0576	0.0688
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.2292	0.1680	0.1680	0.0856	0.0612	0.0784	0.0940	0.0636	0.0792
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.3300	0.2706	0.3300	0.3336	0.3336	0.3336	0.3103	0.3103	0.3103
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.3190	0.2592	0.3190	0.0959	0.0753	0.0959	0.0973	0.0835	0.0973
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.2993	0.2993	0.2993	0.1272	0.1272	0.1272	0.1237	0.1237	0.1237
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.3392	0.2444	0.3392	0.3637	0.3637	0.3637	0.3331	0.3331	0.3331
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.3060	0.2789	0.3060	0.1444	0.1303	0.1444	0.1325	0.1325	0.1325
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.2882	0.2762	0.2882	0.1554	0.1351	0.1554	0.1467	0.1467	0.1467
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.3309	0.2770	0.3309	0.3427	0.3427	0.3427	0.3307	0.3307	0.3307
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.3250	0.2632	0.3250	0.1061	0.0764	0.1061	0.1076	0.0854	0.1076
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.3022	0.3022	0.3022	0.1295	0.1295	0.1295	0.1245	0.1245	0.1245
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.3426	0.2494	0.3426	0.3797	0.3797	0.3797	0.3565	0.3565	0.3565
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.3179	0.2844	0.3179	0.1487	0.1353	0.1487	0.1358	0.1358	0.1358
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.2906	0.2853	0.2906	0.1592	0.1368	0.1592	0.1491	0.1491	0.1491
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.3345	0.2986	0.3345	0.3765	0.3765	0.3765	0.3683	0.3683	0.3683
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.3376	0.3205	0.3376	0.1137	0.0771	0.1137	0.1416	0.0901	0.1416
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.3237	0.3234	0.3234	0.1827	0.1827	0.1827	0.2140	0.1794	0.2140
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.3857	0.2613	0.3857	0.4375	0.4375	0.4375	0.4091	0.4091	0.4091
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.3499	0.3033	0.3499	0.2318	0.1868	0.2318	0.2029	0.2029	0.2029
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.4050	0.3119	0.4050	0.1951	0.1481	0.1951	0.2358	0.2358	0.2358
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.1291	0.0656	0.1291	0.1739	0.1359	0.1739	0.1539	0.1208	0.1539
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.2047	0.0908	0.1463	0.0960	0.0288	0.0484	0.0984	0.0280	0.0488
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.2291	0.0816	0.1132	0.0856	0.0316	0.0504	0.0940	0.0316	0.0536

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 47: Stepdown Tests for Maximum Outcomes of Pooled Children of Female Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	35	34	34	33	32	33	38	37	37
	(02) Control	0.5882	0.5882	0.5625	0.3125	0.3125	0.3333	0.9444	0.9444	0.9444
	(03) Treatment	0.7778	0.8235	0.7778	0.7647	0.8125	0.7222	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1895	0.2353	0.2153	0.4522	0.5000	0.3889	0.0556	0.0556	0.0556
	(05) COLS	0.2747	0.4079	0.3619	0.4616	0.5589	0.4618	0.0782	0.0862	0.0862
	(06) AIPW	0.2816	0.3840	0.3441	0.4600	0.5772	0.4980	0.0688	0.0688	0.0700
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.1985	0.1985	0.1985	0.0059	0.0037	0.0131	0.4363	0.4363	0.4363
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.0773	0.0313	0.0472	0.0097	0.0013	0.0097	0.4307	0.4307	0.4307
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.0510	0.0156	0.0261	0.0028	0.0002	0.0027	0.3880	0.3880	0.3880
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.1900	0.1900	0.1900	0.0038	0.0015	0.0071	0.4459	0.4459	0.4459
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.0874	0.0405	0.0539	0.0108	0.0018	0.0108	0.5071	0.5071	0.5071
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.0851	0.0517	0.0684	0.0160	0.0014	0.4463	0.5805	0.5805	0.5805
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.2004	0.2004	0.2004	0.0056	0.0036	0.0088	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.0728	0.0264	0.0424	0.0144	0.0036	0.0144	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.0760	0.0624	0.0760	0.0288	0.0168	0.0288	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.1224	0.1224	0.1224	0.0288	0.0288	0.0288	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.0812	0.0696	0.0696	0.0480	0.0480	0.0480	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.0676	0.0492	0.0592	0.0200	0.0192	0.0200	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.2580	0.2580	0.2580	0.0108	0.0108	0.0192	0.3276	0.3276	0.3276
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.0532	0.0192	0.0376	0.0144	0.0048	0.0144	0.0156	0.0156	0.0156
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.0696	0.0540	0.0576	0.0216	0.0072	0.0216	0.0948	0.0948	0.0948
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.2832	0.2832	0.2832	0.0120	0.0120	0.0216	0.2604	0.2604	0.2604
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.0984	0.0576	0.0688	0.0240	0.0108	0.0240	0.2148	0.2148	0.2148
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.0940	0.0636	0.0792	0.0304	0.0132	0.0304	0.5760	0.5760	0.5760
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.3103	0.3103	0.3103	0.0624	0.0608	0.0624	0.4680	0.4680	0.4680
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.0973	0.0835	0.0973	0.0625	0.0483	0.0625	0.1325	0.1325	0.1325
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.1237	0.1237	0.1237	0.0664	0.0664	0.0664	0.1898	0.1898	0.1898
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.3331	0.3331	0.3331	0.0885	0.0885	0.0885	0.3764	0.3764	0.3764
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.1325	0.1325	0.1325	0.0739	0.0671	0.0739	0.3567	0.3567	0.3567
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.1467	0.1467	0.1467	0.0794	0.0722	0.0794	0.6432	0.6432	0.6432
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.3307	0.3307	0.3307	0.0661	0.0661	0.0661	0.4846	0.4846	0.4846
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.1076	0.0854	0.1076	0.0679	0.0487	0.0679	0.1336	0.1336	0.1336
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.1245	0.1245	0.1245	0.0705	0.0705	0.0705	0.1958	0.1958	0.1958
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.3565	0.3565	0.3565	0.0942	0.0942	0.0942	0.3920	0.3920	0.3920
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.1358	0.1358	0.1358	0.0745	0.0687	0.0745	0.3637	0.3637	0.3637
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.1491	0.1491	0.1491	0.0823	0.0751	0.0823	0.6831	0.6831	0.6831
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.3683	0.3683	0.3683	0.0774	0.0774	0.0774	0.5740	0.5740	0.5740
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.1416	0.0901	0.1416	0.0801	0.0499	0.0801	0.1945	0.1945	0.1945
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.2140	0.1794	0.2140	0.0965	0.0965	0.0965	0.2255	0.2255	0.2255
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.4091	0.4091	0.4091	0.0964	0.0964	0.0964	0.5018	0.5018	0.5018
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.2029	0.2029	0.2029	0.0914	0.0719	0.0914	0.3810	0.3810	0.3810
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.2358	0.2358	0.2358	0.1010	0.1010	0.1010	0.7249	0.7249	0.7249
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.1539	0.1208	0.1539	0.0096	0.0048	0.0216	0.1024	0.1156	0.1156
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.0984	0.0280	0.0488	0.0196	0.0048	0.0196	0.0856	0.0716	0.0716
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.0940	0.0316	0.0536	0.0196	0.0064	0.0196	0.2263	0.2263	0.2263

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 47: Stepdown Tests for Maximum Outcomes of Pooled Children of Female Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su./Arrested	Never Su./Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	30	28	30	29	36	37	35	36	38	38
	(02) Control	0.4000	0.4286	0.3125	0.3333	0.7895	0.7895	0.6316	0.6667	1.0000	1.0000
	(03) Treatment	0.4667	0.5000	0.2857	0.2857	0.8824	0.8333	0.8750	0.7778	1.0000	1.0000
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0667	0.0714	-0.0268	-0.0476	0.0929	0.0439	0.2434	0.1111	0.0000	0.0000
	(05) COLS	0.0361	0.0601	0.0134	0.0009	-0.0484	-0.0883	0.1381	0.0333	0.0000	0.0000
	(06) AIPW	0.0608	0.1167	0.0789	0.0798	0.0296	-0.0123	0.2027	0.0845	0.0000	0.0000
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.7177	0.7177	0.8040	0.8040	0.4248	0.4248	0.0690	0.2179	1.0000	1.0000
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.7868	0.7868	0.9472	0.9472	0.4400	0.4400	0.3468	0.4178	1.0000	1.0000
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.5493	0.5493	0.6299	0.6299	0.7523	0.7523	0.0863	0.2566	1.0000	1.0000
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.6671	0.6671	0.7575	0.7575	0.4395	0.4395	0.0708	0.2180	1.0000	1.0000
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.7816	0.7816	0.9417	0.9417	0.5232	0.5232	0.4209	0.4268	1.0000	1.0000
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.7407	0.7407	0.6983	0.6983	0.8139	0.8139	0.1967	0.3121	1.0000	1.0000
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.6720	0.6720	0.7464	0.7464	0.4664	0.4664	0.0744	0.2236	1.0000	1.0000
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.7872	0.7872	0.9560	0.9560	0.5416	0.5416	0.4400	0.4400	1.0000	1.0000
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.6928	0.6928	0.8696	0.8696	0.8000	0.8000	0.1560	0.3116	1.0000	1.0000
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.5800	0.5800	0.7016	0.7016	0.3072	0.3336	0.0320	0.1540	1.0000	1.0000
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.7344	0.7344	0.9216	0.9216	0.4024	0.4024	0.2744	0.3876	1.0000	1.0000
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.4800	0.4800	0.4496	0.4496	0.7808	0.7808	0.1176	0.2608	1.0000	1.0000
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.7392	0.7392	0.8344	0.8344	0.4568	0.4568	0.0984	0.2500	1.0000	1.0000
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.7896	0.7896	0.9448	0.9448	0.5000	0.5000	0.3944	0.4504	1.0000	1.0000
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.6408	0.6408	0.6952	0.6952	0.8872	0.8872	0.2344	0.3532	1.0000	1.0000
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.7264	0.7264	0.7816	0.7816	0.4528	0.4528	0.0936	0.2484	1.0000	1.0000
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.7944	0.7944	0.9456	0.9456	0.4456	0.4456	0.4264	0.4540	1.0000	1.0000
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.6528	0.6528	0.6880	0.6880	0.8656	0.8656	0.2032	0.3360	1.0000	1.0000
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.9212	0.9212	1.0000	1.0000	0.8103	0.8103	0.3351	0.3610	1.0000	1.0000
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.9827	0.9827	1.0000	1.0000	0.7477	0.7477	0.5788	0.5788	1.0000	1.0000
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.8258	0.8258	0.8800	0.8800	1.0000	1.0000	0.4086	0.4086	1.0000	1.0000
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.9119	0.9119	1.0000	1.0000	0.8302	0.8302	0.3500	0.3610	1.0000	1.0000
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.9838	0.9838	1.0000	1.0000	0.7061	0.7061	0.6101	0.6101	1.0000	1.0000
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.8387	0.8387	0.8892	0.8892	0.9681	0.9681	0.3981	0.3981	1.0000	1.0000
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.9296	0.9296	1.0000	1.0000	0.8116	0.8116	0.3359	0.3663	1.0000	1.0000
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.9911	0.9911	1.0000	1.0000	0.7768	0.7768	0.5854	0.5854	1.0000	1.0000
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.8316	0.8316	0.8918	0.8918	1.0000	1.0000	0.4086	0.4086	1.0000	1.0000
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.9236	0.9236	1.0000	1.0000	0.8465	0.8465	0.3559	0.3663	1.0000	1.0000
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.9919	0.9919	1.0000	1.0000	0.7384	0.7384	0.6214	0.6214	1.0000	1.0000
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.8388	0.8388	0.9029	0.9029	0.9805	0.9805	0.4021	0.4021	1.0000	1.0000
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.9906	0.9906	1.0000	1.0000	0.8145	0.8145	0.5359	0.5359	1.0000	1.0000
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8624	0.8624	0.6563	0.6563	1.0000	1.0000
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.9220	0.9220	0.9462	0.9462	1.0000	1.0000	0.4133	0.4133	1.0000	1.0000
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.9939	0.9939	1.0000	1.0000	0.9096	0.9096	0.4404	0.4404	1.0000	1.0000
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8649	0.8649	0.6736	0.6736	1.0000	1.0000
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.8643	0.8643	0.9594	0.9594	1.0000	1.0000	0.4268	0.4268	1.0000	1.0000
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.3970	0.3970	0.4522	0.4314	0.2731	0.3822	0.0712	0.2483	1.0000	1.0000
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.4474	0.4474	0.5202	0.5202	0.3231	0.2887	0.2755	0.4538	1.0000	1.0000
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.3886	0.3663	0.3890	0.3890	0.8161	0.8161	0.1439	0.3359	1.0000	1.0000

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 47: Stepdown Tests for Maximum Outcomes of Pooled Children of Female Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Summary	(01) Obs.	36	37	35	36	38	32	38	34	31	29
	(02) Control	0.7895	0.7895	0.6316	0.6667	0.9474	0.4375	0.4211	0.2778	0.1333	0.1333
	(03) Treatment	0.8824	0.8333	0.8750	0.7778	0.9474	0.5625	0.5263	0.4375	0.3750	0.2857
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0929	0.0439	0.2434	0.1111	0.0000	0.1250	0.1053	0.1597	0.2417	0.1524
	(05) COLS	-0.0484	-0.0883	0.1381	0.0333	-0.0168	0.2107	-0.0177	0.1188	0.2216	0.1716
	(06) AIPW	0.0296	-0.0123	0.2027	0.0845	-0.0118	0.1123	-0.0317	0.1119	0.1950	0.1494
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.4248	0.4248	0.0690	0.2179	0.5000	0.2367	0.2519	0.1632	0.0636	0.1669
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.4400	0.4400	0.3468	0.4178	0.3091	0.1559	0.4577	0.2587	0.1160	0.1596
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.7523	0.7523	0.0863	0.2566	0.3971	0.2337	0.4159	0.2476	0.1129	0.1687
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.4395	0.4395	0.0708	0.2180	0.5000	0.2433	0.2408	0.1350	0.0429	0.1329
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.5232	0.5232	0.4209	0.4268	0.3625	0.1640	0.4575	0.2422	0.0995	0.1408
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.8139	0.8139	0.1967	0.3121	0.4183	0.2960	0.4255	0.3039	0.2503	0.3457
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.4664	0.4664	0.0744	0.2236	0.5540	0.2508	0.2548	0.1348	0.0440	0.1264
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.5416	0.5416	0.4400	0.4400	0.4280	0.1456	0.4332	0.2388	0.0920	0.1324
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.8000	0.8000	0.1560	0.3116	0.4600	0.2156	0.4072	0.2896	0.1276	0.1932
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.3072	0.3336	0.0320	0.1540	0.5540	0.1896	0.1728	0.0808	0.0244	0.0868
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.4024	0.4024	0.2744	0.3876	0.2512	0.1480	0.4588	0.1876	0.0776	0.0984
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.7808	0.7808	0.1176	0.2608	0.3708	0.3180	0.4076	0.2240	0.0932	0.1268
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.4568	0.4568	0.0984	0.2500	0.4500	0.2772	0.2156	0.1412	0.0860	0.1976
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.5000	0.5000	0.3944	0.4504	0.4160	0.1548	0.4840	0.2188	0.1280	0.1840
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.8872	0.8872	0.2344	0.3532	0.4312	0.2892	0.4576	0.2404	0.1580	0.2200
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.4528	0.4528	0.0936	0.2484	0.4500	0.2384	0.2148	0.1392	0.0776	0.1972
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.4456	0.4456	0.4264	0.4540	0.3112	0.1704	0.4848	0.2300	0.1344	0.1776
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.8656	0.8656	0.2032	0.3360	0.3924	0.2656	0.4588	0.2620	0.1712	0.2444
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.8103	0.8103	0.3351	0.3610	0.7135	0.3879	0.4760	0.2139	0.1524	0.2329
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.7477	0.7477	0.5788	0.5788	0.4920	0.2256	0.5665	0.2785	0.1567	0.2137
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	0.4086	0.4086	0.5260	0.3879	0.5185	0.3151	0.2035	0.2587
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.8302	0.8302	0.3500	0.3610	0.7135	0.3400	0.4698	0.2139	0.1397	0.2329
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.7061	0.7061	0.6101	0.6101	0.3646	0.2428	0.5696	0.2976	0.1657	0.2145
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.9681	0.9681	0.3981	0.3981	0.4811	0.3684	0.5215	0.3384	0.2124	0.2889
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.8116	0.8116	0.3359	0.3663	0.7146	0.3924	0.4869	0.2149	0.1529	0.2367
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.7768	0.7768	0.5854	0.5854	0.4945	0.2268	0.5742	0.2787	0.1579	0.2212
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	0.4086	0.4086	0.5282	0.3920	0.5237	0.3187	0.2082	0.2606
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.8465	0.8465	0.3559	0.3663	0.7146	0.3487	0.4765	0.2149	0.1398	0.2367
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.7384	0.7384	0.6214	0.6214	0.3806	0.2466	0.5783	0.2985	0.1669	0.2201
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.9805	0.9805	0.4021	0.4021	0.4886	0.3758	0.5297	0.3419	0.2145	0.2943
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.8145	0.8145	0.5359	0.5359	0.7160	0.4584	0.5318	0.2688	0.1807	0.3049
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.8624	0.8624	0.6563	0.6563	0.5070	0.2492	0.6253	0.3160	0.1596	0.2486
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	0.4133	0.4133	0.5370	0.4509	0.5368	0.4109	0.2429	0.2835
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.9096	0.9096	0.4404	0.4404	0.7160	0.4214	0.4918	0.2791	0.1571	0.3049
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.8649	0.8649	0.6736	0.6736	0.4859	0.2745	0.6361	0.3128	0.1902	0.2412
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	0.4268	0.4268	0.5210	0.4484	0.5925	0.3681	0.2316	0.3478
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.2731	0.3822	0.0712	0.2483	0.4498	0.2383	0.2147	0.1391	0.0776	0.1971
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.3231	0.2887	0.2755	0.4538	0.3111	0.1703	0.4846	0.2299	0.1343	0.1775
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.8161	0.8161	0.1439	0.3359	0.3922	0.2655	0.4586	0.2619	0.1711	0.2443

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 48: Stepdown Tests for Maximum Outcomes of Male Children of Female Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -spended	Never Su -spended	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Summary	(01) Obs.	24	23	24	23	23	22	26	25	23	22
	(02) Control	0.3846	0.3846	0.7500	0.7500	0.3333	0.3333	0.8462	0.8462	0.3333	0.3333
	(03) Treatment	0.8182	0.8000	0.8333	0.8182	0.7273	0.7000	0.8462	0.8333	0.7273	0.7000
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.4336	0.4154	0.0833	0.0682	0.3939	0.3667	0.0000	-0.0128	0.3939	0.3667
	(05) COLS	0.5306	0.5206	0.1351	0.1402	0.4712	0.4527	0.1012	0.1046	0.4712	0.4527
	(06) AIPW	0.5619	0.5501	0.1963	0.1912	0.4638	0.4482	0.1169	0.1132	0.4662	0.4506
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.0198	0.0198	0.6285	0.6285	0.0490	0.0490	0.9333	0.9333	0.0490	0.0490
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.0052	0.0052	0.4185	0.4185	0.0167	0.0167	0.5057	0.5057	0.0167	0.0167
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.0026	0.0026	0.2618	0.2618	0.0198	0.0198	0.4372	0.4372	0.0190	0.0190
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.0186	0.0186	0.6215	0.6215	0.0414	0.0414	0.9329	0.9329	0.0414	0.0414
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.0123	0.0123	0.4643	0.4643	0.0306	0.0306	0.5248	0.5248	0.0306	0.0306
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.4402	0.4402	0.7577	0.7577	0.9322	0.9322	0.8354	0.8354	0.9318	0.9318
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.0288	0.0288	0.6392	0.6392	0.0544	0.0544	0.9472	0.9472	0.0544	0.0544
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.0248	0.0248	0.4488	0.4488	0.0400	0.0400	0.5264	0.5264	0.0400	0.0400
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.0664	0.0664	0.4024	0.4024	0.1168	0.1168	0.5816	0.5816	0.1160	0.1160
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.0424	0.0424	0.5696	0.5696	0.0768	0.0768	0.9296	0.9296	0.0768	0.0768
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.0320	0.0320	0.2928	0.2928	0.0488	0.0488	0.4272	0.4272	0.0488	0.0488
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.0368	0.0368	0.3584	0.3584	0.0720	0.0720	0.4912	0.4912	0.0688	0.0688
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.0640	0.0640	0.7848	0.7848	0.1040	0.1040	0.9552	0.9552	0.1040	0.1040
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.0360	0.0360	0.5568	0.5568	0.0696	0.0696	0.5672	0.5672	0.0696	0.0696
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.0392	0.0392	0.4656	0.4656	0.1096	0.1096	0.6000	0.6000	0.1104	0.1104
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.0640	0.0640	0.7848	0.7848	0.1040	0.1040	0.9552	0.9552	0.1040	0.1040
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.0368	0.0368	0.5304	0.5304	0.0584	0.0584	0.5968	0.5968	0.0584	0.0584
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.0560	0.0560	0.4824	0.4824	0.1232	0.1232	0.6056	0.6056	0.1168	0.1168
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.1217	0.1217	0.9138	0.9138	0.1255	0.1255	1.0000	1.0000	0.1255	0.1255
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.0631	0.0631	0.6554	0.6554	0.1068	0.1068	0.6583	0.6583	0.1068	0.1068
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.0751	0.0751	0.6223	0.6223	0.1310	0.1310	0.6917	0.6917	0.1330	0.1330
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.1217	0.1217	0.9138	0.9138	0.1211	0.1211	1.0000	1.0000	0.1211	0.1211
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.0679	0.0679	0.6379	0.6379	0.0973	0.0973	0.6920	0.6920	0.0973	0.0973
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.0994	0.0994	0.6023	0.6023	0.1452	0.1452	0.6935	0.6935	0.1433	0.1433
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.1222	0.1222	0.9221	0.9221	0.1288	0.1288	1.0000	1.0000	0.1288	0.1288
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.0668	0.0668	0.6681	0.6681	0.1206	0.1206	0.6608	0.6608	0.1206	0.1206
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.0760	0.0760	0.6294	0.6294	0.1326	0.1326	0.6966	0.6966	0.1460	0.1460
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.1222	0.1222	0.9221	0.9221	0.1288	0.1288	1.0000	1.0000	0.1288	0.1288
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.0729	0.0729	0.6513	0.6513	0.1099	0.1099	0.7037	0.7037	0.1099	0.1099
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.1020	0.1020	0.6039	0.6039	0.1537	0.1537	0.6966	0.6966	0.1470	0.1470
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.1231	0.1231	0.9237	0.9237	0.1579	0.1579	1.0000	1.0000	0.1579	0.1579
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.0852	0.0852	0.7089	0.7089	0.1461	0.1461	0.6828	0.6828	0.1461	0.1461
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.0925	0.0925	0.6505	0.6505	0.1564	0.2010	0.7316	0.7316	0.1914	0.1914
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.1231	0.1231	0.9237	0.9237	0.1579	0.1579	1.0000	1.0000	0.1579	0.1579
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.1300	0.1300	0.6786	0.6786	0.1303	0.1303	0.7450	0.7450	0.1303	0.1303
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.1255	0.1255	0.6654	0.6654	0.1928	0.1928	0.7666	0.7666	0.2022	0.2022
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.0336	0.0384	0.3922	0.4234	0.0548	0.0788	0.9700	0.9700	0.0548	0.0788
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.0204	0.0220	0.2679	0.2671	0.0352	0.0388	0.2991	0.2987	0.0352	0.0388
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.0324	0.0328	0.2459	0.2471	0.0728	0.0728	0.3079	0.3079	0.0700	0.0700

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 48: Stepdown Tests for Maximum Outcomes of Male Children of Female Participants

	Statistic	Attended College 18	Attended College 21	Attended College 23	Employed Full-Time 18	Employed Full-Time 21	Employed Full-Time 23	Employed + Any HS 18	Employed + Any HS 21	Employed + Any HS 23
Summary	(01) Obs.	21	20	22	24	23	24	23	22	23
	(02) Control	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000	0.5833	0.5833	0.5833	0.5455	0.5455	0.5455
	(03) Treatment	0.8182	0.8000	0.6667	0.7500	0.8182	0.7500	0.6667	0.7273	0.6667
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.5182	0.5000	0.3667	0.1667	0.2348	0.1667	0.1212	0.1818	0.1212
	(05) COLS	0.5798	0.6011	0.4456	0.2670	0.3385	0.2774	0.1992	0.2687	0.2175
	(06) AIPW	0.7134	0.7078	0.5884	0.1673	0.2262	0.1790	0.1339	0.1848	0.1448
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.0120	0.0137	0.0393	0.3996	0.3331	0.3996	0.5841	0.5841	0.5841
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.0001	0.0000	0.0062	0.1598	0.1206	0.1598	0.2775	0.2684	0.2775
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.3064	0.3064	0.3064	0.5033	0.5033	0.5033
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.0092	0.0106	0.0316	0.3977	0.3308	0.3977	0.5781	0.5781	0.5781
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.0009	0.0009	0.0142	0.1982	0.1776	0.1982	0.3346	0.3346	0.3346
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.5302	0.5302	0.5302	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.0120	0.0160	0.0332	0.4152	0.3492	0.4152	0.6084	0.6084	0.6084
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.0096	0.0096	0.0228	0.1584	0.1236	0.1584	0.2856	0.2760	0.2856
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.0336	0.0352	0.0352	0.4044	0.4044	0.4044	0.5856	0.5856	0.5856
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.0996	0.0996	0.0996	0.3160	0.2508	0.3160	0.5160	0.5160	0.5160
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.0216	0.0216	0.0216	0.1836	0.1836	0.1836	0.2520	0.2520	0.2520
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.0276	0.0276	0.0276	0.6048	0.6048	0.6048	0.6876	0.6876	0.6876
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.0648	0.0648	0.0828	0.4632	0.4140	0.4632	0.7092	0.7092	0.7092
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.0300	0.0300	0.0436	0.2192	0.2028	0.2192	0.4524	0.4524	0.4524
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.0132	0.0132	0.0212	0.5604	0.5604	0.5604	0.8280	0.8280	0.8280
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.0576	0.0576	0.0824	0.4600	0.4404	0.4600	0.7056	0.7056	0.7056
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.0108	0.0108	0.0216	0.1952	0.1764	0.1952	0.3540	0.3540	0.3540
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.0312	0.0312	0.0312	0.5400	0.5400	0.5400	0.7848	0.7848	0.7848
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.1390	0.1390	0.1390	0.5066	0.4748	0.5066	0.6944	0.6944	0.6944
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.0600	0.0600	0.0609	0.3085	0.3085	0.3085	0.5245	0.5245	0.5245
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.0438	0.0469	0.0469	0.7033	0.7033	0.7033	0.8584	0.8584	0.8584
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.1227	0.1227	0.1265	0.5066	0.4748	0.5066	0.6858	0.6858	0.6858
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.0379	0.0379	0.0404	0.2651	0.2625	0.2651	0.4535	0.4535	0.4535
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.0869	0.0869	0.0869	0.6758	0.6758	0.6758	0.8311	0.8311	0.8311
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.1464	0.1464	0.1464	0.5147	0.4849	0.5147	0.7025	0.7025	0.7025
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.0619	0.0619	0.0636	0.3235	0.3235	0.3235	0.5296	0.5296	0.5296
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.0470	0.0494	0.0494	0.7325	0.7325	0.7325	0.8675	0.8675	0.8675
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.1268	0.1268	0.1280	0.5147	0.4761	0.5147	0.6939	0.6939	0.6939
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.0397	0.0397	0.0406	0.2713	0.2713	0.2713	0.4581	0.4581	0.4581
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.0942	0.0942	0.0942	0.7106	0.7106	0.7106	0.8370	0.8370	0.8370
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.2123	0.2123	0.2123	0.5564	0.5407	0.5564	0.7508	0.7508	0.7508
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.1017	0.1017	0.1017	0.4028	0.4028	0.4028	0.6007	0.6007	0.6007
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.0760	0.0760	0.0805	0.8762	0.8762	0.8762	0.9709	0.9709	0.9709
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.1273	0.1442	0.1820	0.5564	0.5208	0.5564	0.7634	0.7634	0.7634
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.0628	0.0628	0.0628	0.3410	0.3290	0.3410	0.4664	0.4664	0.4664
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.1214	0.1214	0.1214	0.7863	0.7863	0.7863	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.0244	0.0268	0.0824	0.2839	0.1531	0.2839	0.3699	0.2715	0.3699
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.0052	0.0040	0.0216	0.1228	0.0816	0.1228	0.2007	0.1531	0.2007
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.0136	0.0144	0.0172	0.2619	0.2155	0.2619	0.3335	0.3087	0.3335

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 48: Stepdown Tests for Maximum Outcomes of Male Children of Female Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	23	22	23	22	21	23	26	25	25
	(02) Control	0.4545	0.4545	0.4545	0.0909	0.0909	0.0909	0.8462	0.8462	0.8462
	(03) Treatment	0.6667	0.7273	0.6667	0.6364	0.7000	0.5833	0.9231	0.9167	0.9167
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.2121	0.2727	0.2121	0.5455	0.6091	0.4924	0.0769	0.0705	0.0705
	(05) COLS	0.2596	0.3330	0.2749	0.5715	0.6612	0.5342	0.1006	0.1042	0.1042
	(06) AIPW	0.2421	0.2886	0.2501	0.5930	0.6468	0.5582	0.1195	0.1204	0.1169
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.3172	0.2951	0.3172	0.0021	0.0009	0.0024	0.8287	0.8287	0.8287
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.1991	0.1807	0.1991	0.0017	0.0000	0.0017	0.7260	0.7260	0.7260
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.2418	0.2418	0.2418	0.0006	0.0005	0.0006	0.5342	0.5342	0.5342
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.3136	0.2915	0.3136	0.0016	0.0006	0.0016	0.8280	0.8280	0.8280
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.2303	0.2285	0.2303	0.0031	0.0001	0.0031	0.7818	0.7818	0.7818
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.3256	0.3180	0.3256	0.0024	0.0024	0.0024	0.9132	0.9132	0.9132
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.2064	0.1968	0.2064	0.0088	0.0048	0.0088	0.8076	0.8076	0.8076
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.3792	0.3792	0.3792	0.0444	0.0444	0.0444	0.7656	0.7656	0.7656
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.2832	0.2832	0.2832	0.0432	0.0432	0.0408	0.7980	0.7980	0.7980
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.1992	0.1992	0.1992	0.0432	0.0432	0.0372	0.6144	0.6144	0.6144
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.5232	0.5232	0.5232	0.0456	0.0456	0.0348	0.8856	0.8856	0.8856
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.3992	0.3936	0.3992	0.0168	0.0168	0.0168	0.9612	0.9612	0.9612
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.3276	0.3276	0.3276	0.0192	0.0120	0.0192	0.8280	0.8280	0.8280
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.5736	0.5736	0.5736	0.0444	0.0444	0.0444	0.8640	0.8640	0.8640
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.3936	0.3936	0.3936	0.0156	0.0156	0.0156	0.9612	0.9612	0.9612
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.2700	0.2700	0.2700	0.0144	0.0072	0.0144	0.8724	0.8724	0.8724
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.5772	0.5772	0.5772	0.0456	0.0456	0.0456	0.8664	0.8664	0.8664
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.4890	0.4890	0.4890	0.0644	0.0644	0.0644	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.4125	0.4125	0.4125	0.0656	0.0656	0.0656	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.6611	0.6611	0.6611	0.1041	0.1041	0.1041	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.4890	0.4890	0.4890	0.0755	0.0755	0.0755	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.3527	0.3527	0.3527	0.0364	0.0333	0.0364	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.6392	0.6392	0.6392	0.1159	0.1159	0.1159	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.4958	0.4958	0.4958	0.0648	0.0648	0.0648	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.4405	0.4405	0.4405	0.0674	0.0674	0.0674	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.6756	0.6756	0.6756	0.1112	0.1112	0.1112	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.4958	0.4958	0.4958	0.0778	0.0778	0.0778	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.3694	0.3694	0.3694	0.0384	0.0384	0.0384	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.6483	0.6483	0.6483	0.1167	0.1167	0.1167	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.5655	0.5297	0.5655	0.0825	0.0653	0.0825	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.5956	0.5956	0.5956	0.0757	0.0757	0.0757	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.7396	0.7396	0.7396	0.1621	0.1621	0.1621	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.5297	0.5297	0.5297	0.0821	0.0821	0.0821	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.4166	0.4166	0.4166	0.0600	0.0600	0.0600	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.6756	0.6756	0.6756	0.1231	0.1231	0.1231	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.2267	0.1627	0.2267	0.0084	0.0052	0.0100	0.3203	0.3567	0.3567
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.1595	0.1156	0.1595	0.0112	0.0032	0.0112	0.2943	0.2923	0.2923
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.2531	0.2303	0.2531	0.0224	0.0216	0.0224	0.3003	0.3003	0.3003

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 48: Stepdown Tests for Maximum Outcomes of Male Children of Female Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su./Arrested	Never Su./Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	18	19	19	20	20	22	20	22	24	25
	(02) Control	0.1000	0.1000	0.0909	0.0909	0.4167	0.4167	0.2500	0.2500	0.9231	0.9231
	(03) Treatment	0.3750	0.3333	0.2500	0.2222	0.5000	0.4000	0.5000	0.4000	1.0000	0.9167
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.2750	0.2333	0.1591	0.1313	0.0833	-0.0167	0.2500	0.1500	0.0769	-0.0064
	(05) COLS	0.4816	0.3848	0.3506	0.2746	0.0208	-0.1236	0.3254	0.1860	0.1199	0.0406
	(06) AIPW	0.4789	0.4177	0.3306	0.2862	0.1160	-0.0434	0.3423	0.1849	0.1171	0.0757
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.1852	0.1852	0.3923	0.3923	0.7276	0.7276	0.2733	0.2733	0.3190	0.4775
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.0062	0.0264	0.0349	0.0584	0.6192	0.6192	0.1822	0.2272	0.3392	0.3929
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.0000	0.0002	0.0029	0.0052	0.5331	0.5331	0.0546	0.1410	0.1725	0.2473
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.1412	0.1412	0.3546	0.3546	0.7261	0.7261	0.2608	0.2608	0.2944	0.4759
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.0268	0.0448	0.0635	0.0709	0.6542	0.6542	0.2438	0.2438	0.3695	0.3981
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.3911	0.3911	0.9240	0.9240	0.9886	0.9886	0.9504	0.9504	0.4596	0.4596
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.1376	0.1376	0.3880	0.3880	0.7712	0.7712	0.2640	0.2640	0.7424	0.7424
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.0792	0.0792	0.1616	0.1616	0.6720	0.6720	0.2152	0.2224	0.7424	0.7424
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.1384	0.1384	0.2488	0.2488	0.5760	0.5760	0.2552	0.2552	0.7424	0.7424
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.1016	0.1016	0.2816	0.2816	0.6904	0.6904	0.2352	0.2352	0.7480	0.7480
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.0536	0.0536	0.1096	0.1096	0.5184	0.5184	0.2032	0.2032	0.8256	0.8256
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.0280	0.0280	0.1192	0.1192	0.7056	0.7056	0.1984	0.2044	0.7504	0.7504
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.1968	0.1968	0.3872	0.3872	0.8768	0.8768	0.3496	0.3496	0.6416	0.6416
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.0232	0.0292	0.0472	0.0620	0.5072	0.5072	0.2704	0.2704	0.1256	0.3400
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.0320	0.0320	0.0736	0.0736	0.7736	0.7736	0.2624	0.2848	0.1472	0.3120
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.1920	0.1920	0.3848	0.3848	0.8768	0.8768	0.3496	0.3496	0.6416	0.6416
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.0184	0.0396	0.0448	0.0796	0.5232	0.5232	0.2672	0.2860	0.1880	0.3416
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.0184	0.0208	0.0664	0.0664	0.7672	0.7672	0.2272	0.2680	0.1304	0.3108
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.3381	0.3381	0.5669	0.5669	1.0000	1.0000	0.5198	0.5198	0.7484	0.7494
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.0534	0.0534	0.0972	0.0972	0.9532	0.9532	0.3136	0.3136	0.2576	0.4102
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.0798	0.0798	0.1642	0.1642	0.8719	0.8719	0.3530	0.3530	0.2489	0.3585
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.3275	0.3275	0.5669	0.5669	1.0000	1.0000	0.5198	0.5198	0.7484	0.7494
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.0504	0.0665	0.1005	0.1110	0.9658	0.9658	0.3231	0.3231	0.3084	0.4048
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.0613	0.0613	0.1368	0.1368	0.8644	0.8644	0.3001	0.3001	0.1906	0.3499
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.3381	0.3381	0.5756	0.5756	1.0000	1.0000	0.5238	0.5238	0.7523	0.7546
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.0605	0.0605	0.1096	0.1096	0.9772	0.9772	0.3214	0.3214	0.2643	0.4201
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.0829	0.0829	0.1658	0.1658	0.8744	0.8744	0.3702	0.3702	0.2660	0.3670
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.3283	0.3283	0.5756	0.5756	1.0000	1.0000	0.5238	0.5238	0.7523	0.7546
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.0505	0.0691	0.1106	0.1136	0.9683	0.9683	0.3316	0.3316	0.3168	0.4114
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.0691	0.0691	0.1402	0.1402	0.8682	0.8682	0.3191	0.3191	0.1963	0.3593
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.3437	0.3437	0.5946	0.5946	1.0000	1.0000	0.6066	0.6066	0.7633	0.7803
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.0855	0.0855	0.1555	0.1555	1.0000	1.0000	0.4860	0.4860	0.3000	0.5141
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.1331	0.1331	0.1723	0.1723	0.9662	0.9662	0.4793	0.4793	0.3727	0.3794
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.3283	0.3283	0.5969	0.5969	1.0000	1.0000	0.6066	0.6066	0.7633	0.7803
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.0620	0.0812	0.2412	0.2412	0.9770	0.9770	0.3787	0.3787	0.3270	0.4584
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.1000	0.1000	0.1657	0.1657	0.9312	0.9312	0.3474	0.3973	0.2652	0.4203
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.1036	0.1319	0.2059	0.2467	0.7793	0.7793	0.1839	0.3131	0.5082	0.5174
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.0148	0.0396	0.0308	0.0796	0.6489	0.6489	0.1595	0.2859	0.3283	0.3415
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.0144	0.0208	0.0420	0.0560	0.6561	0.6561	0.1383	0.2679	0.2611	0.3107

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 48: Stepdown Tests for Maximum Outcomes of Male Children of Female Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Summary	(01) Obs.	20	22	20	22	26	22	27	27	24	23
	(02) Control	0.4167	0.4167	0.2500	0.2500	0.8571	0.4167	0.2857	0.2143	0.0769	0.0833
	(03) Treatment	0.5000	0.4000	0.5000	0.4000	1.0000	0.6000	0.5385	0.4615	0.3636	0.2727
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0833	−0.0167	0.2500	0.1500	0.1429	0.1833	0.2527	0.2473	0.2867	0.1894
	(05) COLS	0.0208	−0.1236	0.3254	0.1860	0.1150	0.3906	0.1312	0.1703	0.2984	0.2150
	(06) AIPW	0.1160	−0.0434	0.3423	0.1849	0.1364	0.3371	0.1915	0.2683	0.3381	0.2645
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.7276	0.7276	0.2733	0.2733	0.0711	0.2030	0.0926	0.0888	0.0459	0.1233
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.6192	0.6192	0.1822	0.2272	0.0991	0.0543	0.2634	0.2325	0.0699	0.1432
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.5331	0.5331	0.0546	0.1410	0.0430	0.0155	0.1122	0.0684	0.0181	0.0536
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.7261	0.7261	0.2608	0.2608	0.0653	0.2009	0.0757	0.0557	0.0355	0.0974
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.6542	0.6542	0.2438	0.2438	0.1108	0.0675	0.2647	0.2165	0.0706	0.1439
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.9886	0.9886	0.9504	0.9504	0.2304	0.3518	0.3672	0.3411	0.1630	0.1879
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.7712	0.7712	0.2640	0.2640	0.1304	0.2128	0.0732	0.0548	0.0356	0.0988
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.6720	0.6720	0.2152	0.2224	0.1728	0.0584	0.2780	0.2060	0.0868	0.1572
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.5760	0.5760	0.2552	0.2552	0.1644	0.1504	0.2012	0.1516	0.1100	0.1628
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.6904	0.6904	0.2352	0.2352	0.1324	0.1724	0.0592	0.0384	0.0212	0.0564
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.5184	0.5184	0.2032	0.2032	0.1500	0.0904	0.1972	0.1824	0.0504	0.1012
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.7056	0.7056	0.1984	0.2044	0.1672	0.0900	0.1028	0.0792	0.0444	0.0708
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.8768	0.8768	0.3496	0.3496	0.1228	0.2436	0.0932	0.0864	0.0632	0.1496
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.5072	0.5072	0.2704	0.2704	0.1520	0.0396	0.2292	0.1628	0.0740	0.1396
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.7736	0.7736	0.2624	0.2848	0.1016	0.0728	0.1564	0.0708	0.0612	0.0980
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.8768	0.8768	0.3496	0.3496	0.1228	0.2428	0.0932	0.0864	0.0592	0.1488
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.5232	0.5232	0.2672	0.2860	0.1524	0.0576	0.2460	0.1896	0.0856	0.1576
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.7672	0.7672	0.2272	0.2680	0.0452	0.0520	0.1608	0.0908	0.0804	0.1224
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	0.5198	0.5198	0.2893	0.3667	0.2253	0.2061	0.0961	0.1974
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.9532	0.9532	0.3136	0.3136	0.3518	0.1041	0.2938	0.2582	0.0993	0.1923
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.8719	0.8719	0.3530	0.3530	0.2141	0.1461	0.2359	0.1736	0.1018	0.1663
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	0.5198	0.5198	0.2893	0.3667	0.2253	0.2061	0.0937	0.1974
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.9658	0.9658	0.3231	0.3231	0.3769	0.1394	0.3137	0.2932	0.1159	0.2245
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.8644	0.8644	0.3001	0.3001	0.1407	0.1062	0.2288	0.1932	0.1167	0.2062
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	0.5238	0.5238	0.2895	0.3754	0.2269	0.2115	0.1006	0.1983
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.9772	0.9772	0.3214	0.3214	0.3573	0.1061	0.2967	0.2614	0.0996	0.1958
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.8744	0.8744	0.3702	0.3702	0.2154	0.1476	0.2383	0.1752	0.1021	0.1675
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	0.5238	0.5238	0.2895	0.3754	0.2269	0.2115	0.0984	0.1983
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.9683	0.9683	0.3316	0.3316	0.3798	0.1443	0.3163	0.2950	0.1197	0.2258
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.8682	0.8682	0.3191	0.3191	0.1434	0.1075	0.2342	0.1936	0.1250	0.2124
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	0.6066	0.6066	0.2900	0.4384	0.2344	0.2360	0.1146	0.2151
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	0.4860	0.4860	0.4506	0.1162	0.3132	0.3277	0.1100	0.2483
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.9662	0.9662	0.4793	0.4793	0.2376	0.1603	0.2564	0.2027	0.1341	0.1703
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	0.6066	0.6066	0.2900	0.4384	0.2344	0.2360	0.1404	0.1993
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.9770	0.9770	0.3787	0.3787	0.3988	0.1630	0.3423	0.3448	0.2277	0.2912
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.9312	0.9312	0.3474	0.3973	0.1455	0.1329	0.2947	0.2052	0.1420	0.2283
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.7793	0.7793	0.1839	0.3131	0.1228	0.2427	0.0932	0.0864	0.0592	0.1487
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.6489	0.6489	0.1595	0.2859	0.1523	0.0576	0.2459	0.1895	0.0856	0.1575
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.6561	0.6561	0.1383	0.2679	0.0452	0.0520	0.1607	0.0908	0.0804	0.1224

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 49: Stepdown Tests for Maximum Outcomes of Female Children of Female Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -spended	Never Su -spended	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Summary	(01) Obs.	30	29	30	29	28	27	32	31	30	29
	(02) Control	0.6000	0.6000	0.8000	0.8000	0.5714	0.5714	0.8750	0.8750	0.6000	0.6000
	(03) Treatment	0.8667	0.9286	0.8667	0.9286	0.8571	0.9231	0.8750	0.9333	0.8667	0.9286
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.2667	0.3286	0.0667	0.1286	0.2857	0.3516	0.0000	0.0583	0.2667	0.3286
	(05) COLS	0.2545	0.3566	0.0190	0.1268	0.2520	0.3471	-0.0412	0.0611	0.2545	0.3566
	(06) AIPW	0.2345	0.3359	-0.0151	0.0860	0.2179	0.3155	-0.0705	0.0318	0.2362	0.3359
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.0379	0.0229	0.3072	0.3008	0.0392	0.0238	0.5674	0.5674	0.0379	0.0229
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.0724	0.0268	0.4533	0.3876	0.0999	0.0586	0.5627	0.5627	0.0724	0.0268
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.0724	0.0188	0.4852	0.4852	0.1047	0.0448	0.5398	0.5398	0.0717	0.0188
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.0382	0.0157	0.3152	0.3140	0.0374	0.0160	0.5705	0.5705	0.0382	0.0157
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.0887	0.0419	0.4565	0.4238	0.1048	0.0694	0.6329	0.6329	0.0887	0.0419
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.1328	0.0730	0.6058	0.6058	0.1959	0.1761	0.6586	0.6586	0.1310	0.0730
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.0432	0.0128	0.3424	0.3424	0.0440	0.0136	0.6616	0.6616	0.0432	0.0128
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.0780	0.0384	0.4332	0.4032	0.0920	0.0624	0.6416	0.6416	0.0780	0.0384
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.1020	0.0456	0.5312	0.5312	0.1284	0.0664	0.7160	0.7160	0.1000	0.0456
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.0168	0.0072	0.2780	0.1816	0.0228	0.0152	0.5920	0.5920	0.0168	0.0072
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.0680	0.0368	0.4836	0.3784	0.0972	0.0784	0.6608	0.6608	0.0680	0.0368
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.1212	0.0688	0.6616	0.6616	0.1700	0.1192	0.5760	0.5760	0.1244	0.0688
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.0448	0.0448	0.3824	0.3824	0.0512	0.0488	0.6368	0.6368	0.0448	0.0448
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.0660	0.0352	0.4940	0.3728	0.0932	0.0712	0.5464	0.5464	0.0660	0.0352
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.1140	0.0760	0.6048	0.6048	0.1608	0.1416	0.5224	0.5224	0.1136	0.0760
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.0520	0.0456	0.3628	0.3608	0.0520	0.0520	0.6368	0.6368	0.0520	0.0456
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.0860	0.0584	0.4992	0.4736	0.1188	0.0992	0.6128	0.6128	0.0860	0.0584
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.1360	0.0976	0.6456	0.6456	0.1840	0.1728	0.5608	0.5608	0.1332	0.0976
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.0917	0.0917	0.4800	0.4800	0.0989	0.0944	0.7544	0.7544	0.0917	0.0917
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.1203	0.1004	0.5196	0.5196	0.1400	0.1350	0.7248	0.7248	0.1203	0.1004
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.1897	0.1603	0.7121	0.7121	0.3053	0.3053	0.9099	0.9099	0.1881	0.1603
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.0977	0.0917	0.4544	0.4544	0.0989	0.0944	0.7544	0.7544	0.0977	0.0917
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.1487	0.1094	0.6122	0.6122	0.2050	0.2050	0.7907	0.7907	0.1487	0.1094
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.2162	0.2153	0.7484	0.7484	0.3649	0.3649	0.9292	0.9292	0.2204	0.2153
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.0950	0.0950	0.4843	0.4843	0.1038	0.0981	0.7896	0.7896	0.0950	0.0950
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.1228	0.1099	0.5322	0.5322	0.1400	0.1355	0.7319	0.7319	0.1228	0.1099
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.1918	0.1639	0.7342	0.7342	0.3178	0.3178	0.9151	0.9151	0.1920	0.1639
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.0999	0.0991	0.4560	0.4560	0.1038	0.0978	0.7896	0.7896	0.0999	0.0991
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.1549	0.1123	0.6280	0.6280	0.2192	0.2192	0.8180	0.8180	0.1549	0.1123
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.2174	0.2174	0.7611	0.7611	0.3792	0.3792	0.9493	0.9493	0.2252	0.2174
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.1071	0.1071	0.5175	0.5175	0.1789	0.1789	1.0000	1.0000	0.1071	0.1071
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.1784	0.1784	0.5967	0.5534	0.1623	0.1623	1.0000	1.0000	0.1784	0.1784
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.2418	0.2418	0.8686	0.8686	0.3276	0.3276	1.0000	1.0000	0.2418	0.2418
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.1408	0.1408	0.4930	0.4930	0.1353	0.1315	1.0000	1.0000	0.1408	0.1408
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.1955	0.1223	0.7324	0.7324	0.3267	0.3267	1.0000	1.0000	0.1955	0.1223
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.2331	0.2331	0.9549	0.9549	0.4220	0.4220	1.0000	1.0000	0.2422	0.2331
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.0520	0.0300	0.3627	0.2411	0.0508	0.0324	0.5470	0.4170	0.0520	0.0300
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.0860	0.0392	0.5014	0.3167	0.1188	0.0656	0.5706	0.5706	0.0860	0.0392
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.1359	0.0628	0.5766	0.5766	0.1839	0.1084	0.5798	0.5798	0.1331	0.0620

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 49: Stepdown Tests for Maximum Outcomes of Female Children of Female Participants

	Statistic	Attended College	Attended College	Attended College	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	28	28	27	28	27	27	27	26	26
	(02) Control	0.6429	0.6429	0.6429	0.5333	0.5333	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.4615
	(03) Treatment	0.7857	0.7857	0.8462	0.6154	0.6667	0.6154	0.6154	0.6667	0.6154
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1429	0.1429	0.2033	0.0821	0.1333	0.1154	0.1154	0.1667	0.1538
	(05) COLS	0.1458	0.1892	0.2602	0.1976	0.3866	0.3291	0.2003	0.3850	0.3272
	(06) AIPW	0.1081	0.1628	0.2118	0.0754	0.2096	0.1471	0.0824	0.2167	0.1573
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.3912	0.3912	0.3302	0.7580	0.7580	0.7580	0.6261	0.6261	0.6261
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.3340	0.3340	0.2822	0.2002	0.1300	0.1404	0.1937	0.1361	0.1455
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.2936	0.2936	0.2456	0.3796	0.3087	0.3796	0.3420	0.2799	0.3420
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.3895	0.3895	0.3114	0.7132	0.7132	0.7132	0.5818	0.5818	0.5818
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.3558	0.3558	0.2959	0.2035	0.1009	0.1146	0.2004	0.1073	0.1192
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.5221	0.5221	0.5221	0.5894	0.5240	0.5894	0.5693	0.5167	0.5693
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.4040	0.4040	0.2988	0.7404	0.7404	0.7404	0.6216	0.6216	0.6216
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.3384	0.3384	0.2316	0.1752	0.0840	0.1032	0.1664	0.0864	0.1048
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.3376	0.3376	0.3288	0.5208	0.5208	0.5208	0.5088	0.5088	0.5088
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.2856	0.2856	0.2028	0.5688	0.5688	0.5688	0.4704	0.4704	0.4704
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.2944	0.2944	0.2868	0.2172	0.2172	0.2172	0.2208	0.2208	0.2208
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.3900	0.3900	0.3900	0.4632	0.4632	0.4632	0.4452	0.4452	0.4452
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.4680	0.4680	0.4680	0.7896	0.7896	0.7896	0.6540	0.6540	0.6540
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.3192	0.3192	0.2748	0.1428	0.0816	0.1080	0.1588	0.1080	0.1328
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.4140	0.4140	0.4140	0.4048	0.3960	0.4048	0.4360	0.4200	0.4360
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.4616	0.4616	0.4476	0.7896	0.7896	0.7896	0.6540	0.6540	0.6540
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.3636	0.3636	0.3636	0.1800	0.1344	0.1392	0.1820	0.1428	0.1472
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.4392	0.4392	0.4392	0.4024	0.3696	0.4024	0.4248	0.3984	0.4248
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.5237	0.5237	0.5237	0.8699	0.8699	0.8699	0.7432	0.7432	0.7432
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.4442	0.4442	0.3884	0.2202	0.2202	0.2202	0.2363	0.2363	0.2363
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.4745	0.4745	0.4745	0.5928	0.5928	0.5928	0.5710	0.5710	0.5710
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.4875	0.4875	0.4875	0.8699	0.8699	0.8699	0.7432	0.7432	0.7432
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.4772	0.4772	0.4768	0.2813	0.2813	0.2813	0.3011	0.3011	0.3011
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.4940	0.4940	0.4912	0.5930	0.5930	0.5930	0.5488	0.5488	0.5488
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.5254	0.5254	0.5254	0.8713	0.8713	0.8713	0.7544	0.7544	0.7544
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.4485	0.4485	0.3927	0.2242	0.2242	0.2242	0.2408	0.2398	0.2408
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.5093	0.5093	0.5093	0.5993	0.5993	0.5993	0.5875	0.5875	0.5875
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.4901	0.4901	0.4901	0.8713	0.8713	0.8713	0.7544	0.7544	0.7544
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.5158	0.5158	0.5158	0.2943	0.2943	0.2943	0.3135	0.3135	0.3135
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.5208	0.5208	0.5048	0.6094	0.6094	0.6094	0.5575	0.5575	0.5575
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.6132	0.6132	0.6132	0.8866	0.8866	0.8866	0.7934	0.7934	0.7934
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.6035	0.6035	0.5580	0.2572	0.2501	0.2501	0.3223	0.2469	0.3223
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.5379	0.5379	0.5379	0.8351	0.6601	0.8351	0.6796	0.6557	0.6796
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.5537	0.5537	0.5508	0.8866	0.8866	0.8866	0.7934	0.7934	0.7934
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.6641	0.6641	0.6641	0.4147	0.4147	0.4147	0.4184	0.4184	0.4184
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.5484	0.5484	0.5484	0.7746	0.7746	0.7746	0.6844	0.6844	0.6844
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.2659	0.2659	0.1887	0.3307	0.3063	0.3307	0.2859	0.2663	0.2787
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.2631	0.2367	0.1707	0.1799	0.0692	0.0952	0.1819	0.0732	0.0968
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.3295	0.2803	0.2191	0.3343	0.1727	0.2591	0.3459	0.1939	0.2727

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 49: Stepdown Tests for Maximum Outcomes of Female Children of Female Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	27	26	26	25	25	24	31	30	30
	(02) Control	0.4286	0.4286	0.3846	0.3077	0.3077	0.3333	0.8667	0.8667	0.8667
	(03) Treatment	0.6154	0.6667	0.6154	0.5833	0.5833	0.5833	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1868	0.2381	0.2308	0.2756	0.2756	0.2500	0.1333	0.1333	0.1333
	(05) COLS	0.3082	0.5177	0.4524	0.3241	0.4054	0.4172	0.1553	0.1695	0.1695
	(06) AIPW	0.1574	0.2917	0.2351	0.2065	0.2679	0.1986	0.1405	0.1405	0.1405
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.3738	0.3738	0.3738	0.2716	0.2716	0.2716	0.1795	0.1795	0.1795
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.0840	0.0143	0.0271	0.0829	0.0829	0.0829	0.1531	0.1531	0.1531
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.1823	0.1007	0.1429	0.2349	0.1913	0.2349	0.1608	0.1608	0.1608
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.3319	0.3319	0.3319	0.2496	0.2496	0.2496	0.1848	0.1848	0.1848
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.0983	0.0119	0.0225	0.0828	0.0813	0.0813	0.2129	0.2129	0.2129
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.3854	0.2803	0.3854	0.5026	0.5000	0.5026	0.3725	0.3725	0.3725
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.3552	0.3552	0.3552	0.2604	0.2604	0.2604	0.3900	0.3900	0.3900
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.0776	0.0144	0.0272	0.0900	0.0900	0.0900	0.3900	0.3900	0.3900
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.2808	0.2808	0.2808	0.3648	0.3648	0.3648	0.3936	0.3936	0.3936
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.2796	0.2796	0.2796	0.2232	0.2232	0.2232	0.3924	0.3924	0.3924
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.1304	0.0924	0.0924	0.1368	0.1368	0.1368	0.4272	0.4272	0.4272
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.2576	0.2376	0.2496	0.4168	0.3828	0.4168	0.5460	0.5460	0.5460
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.4164	0.4164	0.4164	0.3120	0.3120	0.3120	0.1788	0.1788	0.1788
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.0676	0.0312	0.0424	0.1140	0.1140	0.1140	0.0744	0.0744	0.0744
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.2944	0.2412	0.2944	0.4848	0.4848	0.4848	0.1140	0.1140	0.1140
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.4140	0.4140	0.4140	0.3084	0.3084	0.3084	0.1704	0.1704	0.1704
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.0896	0.0432	0.0456	0.1092	0.1092	0.1092	0.0924	0.0924	0.0924
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.2600	0.2232	0.2600	0.4416	0.4416	0.4416	0.3672	0.3672	0.3672
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.4628	0.4628	0.4628	0.5070	0.5070	0.5070	0.3497	0.3497	0.3497
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.1060	0.1027	0.1060	0.2635	0.2635	0.2635	0.2353	0.2353	0.2353
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.3668	0.3668	0.3668	0.7171	0.7171	0.7171	0.2824	0.2824	0.2824
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.4529	0.4529	0.4529	0.5033	0.5033	0.5033	0.3084	0.3084	0.3084
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.1285	0.1149	0.1149	0.2416	0.2416	0.2416	0.2471	0.2471	0.2471
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.3489	0.3489	0.3489	0.6806	0.6806	0.6806	0.5393	0.5393	0.5393
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.4747	0.4747	0.4747	0.5145	0.5145	0.5145	0.3668	0.3668	0.3668
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.1070	0.1029	0.1070	0.2774	0.2774	0.2774	0.2500	0.2500	0.2500
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.3708	0.3708	0.3708	0.7376	0.7376	0.7376	0.2899	0.2899	0.2899
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.4619	0.4619	0.4619	0.5145	0.5145	0.5145	0.3170	0.3170	0.3170
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.1310	0.1161	0.1161	0.2424	0.2424	0.2424	0.2598	0.2598	0.2598
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.3544	0.3544	0.3544	0.6986	0.6986	0.6986	0.5693	0.5693	0.5693
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.5597	0.5597	0.5597	0.5294	0.5294	0.5294	0.4607	0.4607	0.4607
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.1541	0.1072	0.1441	0.3055	0.3055	0.3055	0.3193	0.3193	0.3193
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.4288	0.4288	0.4288	0.8701	0.8701	0.8701	0.3773	0.3773	0.3773
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.5021	0.5021	0.5021	0.5534	0.5534	0.5534	0.3419	0.3419	0.3419
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.1725	0.1725	0.1725	0.2834	0.2834	0.2834	0.3328	0.3328	0.3328
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.4376	0.4376	0.4376	0.8799	0.8799	0.8799	0.6184	0.6184	0.6184
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.1971	0.1739	0.1883	0.1251	0.1303	0.1371	0.0712	0.0796	0.0796
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.0896	0.0204	0.0324	0.0800	0.0628	0.0628	0.0320	0.0312	0.0312
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.2371	0.1168	0.1687	0.2299	0.1959	0.2299	0.1503	0.1503	0.1503

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 49: Stepdown Tests for Maximum Outcomes of Female Children of Female Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	25	23	24	23	30	30	28	27	31	31
	(02) Control	0.3846	0.4167	0.3077	0.3333	0.8125	0.8125	0.6000	0.6429	0.9375	0.9375
	(03) Treatment	0.3333	0.3636	0.1818	0.1818	0.8571	0.8571	0.8462	0.7692	1.0000	1.0000
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.0513	-0.0530	-0.1259	-0.1515	0.0446	0.0446	0.2462	0.1264	0.0625	0.0625
	(05) COLS	0.0339	0.0765	0.0130	0.0180	0.1272	0.1272	0.3092	0.2108	0.0889	0.0889
	(06) AIPW	-0.0411	-0.0474	-0.1165	-0.1841	0.0712	0.0725	0.2836	0.1369	0.0814	0.0834
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.8087	0.8087	0.4594	0.4594	0.7344	0.7344	0.1247	0.2298	0.3227	0.3227
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.7447	0.7447	0.9265	0.9265	0.4329	0.4329	0.0958	0.1482	0.2705	0.2705
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.7815	0.7815	0.2348	0.2281	0.5527	0.5527	0.0622	0.1793	0.1970	0.1970
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.7764	0.7764	0.3984	0.3984	0.7456	0.7456	0.1255	0.2375	0.3029	0.3029
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.7460	0.7460	0.9226	0.9226	0.4800	0.4800	0.1319	0.1767	0.2581	0.2581
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.8878	0.8878	0.6968	0.6968	0.6966	0.6966	0.1808	0.3891	0.3130	0.3130
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.7376	0.7376	0.3760	0.3760	0.7704	0.7704	0.1472	0.2544	0.6912	0.6912
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.7328	0.7328	0.9616	0.9616	0.4920	0.4920	0.1440	0.1928	0.6912	0.6912
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.8352	0.8352	0.4104	0.4104	0.6528	0.6528	0.1656	0.2436	0.6928	0.6928
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.7376	0.7376	0.3344	0.3344	0.7304	0.7304	0.0608	0.1892	0.6960	0.6960
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.6504	0.6504	0.8648	0.8648	0.3672	0.3672	0.1096	0.1324	0.7424	0.7424
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.8096	0.8096	0.2856	0.2856	0.6016	0.6016	0.1216	0.2400	0.8288	0.8288
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.8640	0.8640	0.5472	0.5472	0.8240	0.8240	0.1616	0.2488	0.5352	0.5352
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.7392	0.7392	0.9304	0.9304	0.4072	0.4072	0.1016	0.1420	0.1616	0.1616
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.8896	0.8896	0.5856	0.5856	0.6280	0.6280	0.1928	0.2204	0.2880	0.2880
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.8128	0.8128	0.5264	0.5264	0.8064	0.8064	0.1600	0.2444	0.6536	0.6536
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.7272	0.7272	0.9280	0.9280	0.4896	0.4896	0.1360	0.1584	0.1728	0.1728
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.8816	0.8816	0.5808	0.5808	0.6480	0.6480	0.1912	0.2212	0.3744	0.3744
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	0.8528	0.8528	0.9049	0.9049	0.3054	0.3054	0.6291	0.6291
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.8432	0.8432	1.0000	1.0000	0.5214	0.5214	0.2073	0.2073	0.2412	0.2412
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	0.9072	0.9072	0.7313	0.7313	0.3854	0.3854	0.3447	0.3447
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	0.8277	0.8277	0.8748	0.8748	0.3044	0.3044	0.7033	0.7033
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.8239	0.8239	1.0000	1.0000	0.5964	0.5964	0.2488	0.2488	0.2551	0.2551
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	0.8985	0.8985	0.7593	0.7593	0.3996	0.3996	0.3679	0.3679
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	0.8788	0.8788	0.9057	0.9057	0.3112	0.3112	0.6521	0.6521
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.8578	0.8578	1.0000	1.0000	0.5259	0.5259	0.2092	0.2092	0.2469	0.2469
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	0.9152	0.9152	0.7349	0.7349	0.3896	0.3896	0.3469	0.3469
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	0.8565	0.8565	0.8757	0.8757	0.3109	0.3109	0.7182	0.7182
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.8410	0.8410	1.0000	1.0000	0.6079	0.6079	0.2529	0.2529	0.2624	0.2624
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	0.9061	0.9061	0.7720	0.7720	0.4063	0.4063	0.3757	0.3757
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	0.9013	0.9013	0.9683	0.9683	0.3193	0.3194	0.7852	0.7852
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.9285	0.9285	1.0000	1.0000	0.6361	0.6361	0.2892	0.2892	0.2934	0.2934
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	0.9357	0.9357	0.7893	0.7893	0.4089	0.4089	0.4160	0.4160
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	0.9386	0.9386	0.9439	0.9439	0.3210	0.3210	0.7716	0.7716
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.9224	0.9224	1.0000	1.0000	0.6837	0.6837	0.2639	0.2639	0.3255	0.3255
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7760	0.7760	0.4555	0.4555	0.4560	0.4560
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.4286	0.4286	0.3027	0.2811	0.4030	0.4030	0.1040	0.2443	0.3267	0.3267
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.4402	0.4402	0.5398	0.5398	0.2447	0.2447	0.0956	0.1583	0.0864	0.0864
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.5002	0.5002	0.3711	0.3179	0.3299	0.3299	0.1291	0.2211	0.2111	0.2111

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 49: Stepdown Tests for Maximum Outcomes of Female Children of Female Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Summary	(01) Obs.	30	30	28	27	30	27	31	27	25	23
	(02) Control	0.8125	0.8125	0.6000	0.6429	0.8667	0.4615	0.4375	0.3333	0.1667	0.1667
	(03) Treatment	0.8571	0.8571	0.8462	0.7692	0.8667	0.5000	0.4667	0.5000	0.3846	0.3636
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0446	0.0446	0.2462	0.1264	0.0000	0.0385	0.0292	0.1667	0.2179	0.1970
	(05) COLS	0.1272	0.1272	0.3092	0.2108	0.0216	0.1148	-0.0099	0.1660	0.2075	0.1839
	(06) AIPW	0.0712	0.0725	0.2836	0.1369	0.0128	0.0131	-0.0629	0.1150	0.2074	0.1462
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.7344	0.7344	0.1247	0.2298	0.5000	0.4175	0.4355	0.2030	0.1197	0.1567
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.4329	0.4329	0.0958	0.1482	0.4272	0.3010	0.4793	0.2011	0.1475	0.1708
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.5527	0.5527	0.0622	0.1793	0.4485	0.4680	0.3598	0.2610	0.1225	0.1996
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.7456	0.7456	0.1255	0.2375	0.5000	0.4220	0.4326	0.1722	0.0919	0.1250
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.4800	0.4800	0.1319	0.1767	0.4367	0.3092	0.4799	0.1893	0.1435	0.1690
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.6966	0.6966	0.1808	0.3891	0.4669	0.4772	0.3868	0.3643	0.3646	0.4145
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.7704	0.7704	0.1472	0.2544	0.5012	0.4232	0.4400	0.1708	0.0832	0.1216
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.4920	0.4920	0.1440	0.1928	0.4300	0.2860	0.4752	0.1716	0.1308	0.1328
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.6528	0.6528	0.1656	0.2436	0.4740	0.4156	0.3652	0.2936	0.1440	0.2268
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.7304	0.7304	0.0608	0.1892	0.5012	0.4032	0.4104	0.1284	0.0652	0.0904
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.3672	0.3672	0.1096	0.1324	0.4480	0.2952	0.4720	0.1576	0.1124	0.1264
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.6016	0.6016	0.1216	0.2400	0.4788	0.4680	0.3320	0.2824	0.0860	0.2184
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.8240	0.8240	0.1616	0.2488	0.5092	0.4440	0.4164	0.1820	0.1460	0.1816
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.4072	0.4072	0.1016	0.1420	0.4712	0.3164	0.4968	0.1788	0.1836	0.2108
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.6280	0.6280	0.1928	0.2204	0.4932	0.4908	0.4072	0.2912	0.1776	0.2952
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.8064	0.8064	0.1600	0.2444	0.5092	0.4260	0.4164	0.1820	0.1460	0.1816
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.4896	0.4896	0.1360	0.1584	0.4740	0.3340	0.4988	0.1716	0.1624	0.1908
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.6480	0.6480	0.1912	0.2212	0.4900	0.4920	0.4100	0.3000	0.1848	0.3064
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.9049	0.9049	0.3054	0.3054	0.5677	0.4885	0.6103	0.2445	0.1902	0.2140
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.5214	0.5214	0.2073	0.2073	0.5054	0.3916	0.5931	0.2444	0.2239	0.2569
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.7313	0.7313	0.3854	0.3854	0.5257	0.5788	0.4839	0.3585	0.2419	0.3359
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.8748	0.8748	0.3044	0.3044	0.5677	0.4766	0.6103	0.2445	0.1902	0.2140
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.5964	0.5964	0.2488	0.2488	0.5069	0.4067	0.5931	0.2259	0.2070	0.2382
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.7593	0.7593	0.3996	0.3996	0.5284	0.5769	0.5032	0.3698	0.2575	0.3363
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.9057	0.9057	0.3112	0.3112	0.5704	0.4944	0.6132	0.2504	0.1993	0.2229
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.5259	0.5259	0.2092	0.2092	0.5138	0.4038	0.5981	0.2472	0.2298	0.2573
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.7349	0.7349	0.3896	0.3896	0.5408	0.5814	0.4856	0.3691	0.2516	0.3446
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.8757	0.8757	0.3109	0.3109	0.5704	0.4786	0.6132	0.2504	0.1993	0.2229
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.6079	0.6079	0.2529	0.2529	0.5143	0.4128	0.5981	0.2268	0.2137	0.2476
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.7720	0.7720	0.4063	0.4063	0.5435	0.5790	0.5076	0.3745	0.2701	0.3381
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.9683	0.9683	0.3193	0.3194	0.7517	0.5346	0.6290	0.3270	0.2597	0.2483
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.6361	0.6361	0.2892	0.2892	0.5437	0.4459	0.6157	0.3556	0.2540	0.2796
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.7893	0.7893	0.4089	0.4089	0.5627	0.5835	0.5265	0.4008	0.2855	0.3518
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.9439	0.9439	0.3210	0.3210	0.7517	0.4859	0.6290	0.3270	0.2597	0.2483
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.6837	0.6837	0.2639	0.2639	0.5263	0.4376	0.6174	0.2513	0.2380	0.3089
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.7760	0.7760	0.4555	0.4555	0.5774	0.5815	0.5682	0.3959	0.4618	0.3411
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.4030	0.4030	0.1040	0.2443	0.5534	0.4258	0.4162	0.1819	0.1459	0.1815
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.2447	0.2447	0.0956	0.1583	0.4738	0.3339	0.5018	0.1715	0.1623	0.1907
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.3299	0.3299	0.1291	0.2211	0.5106	0.5086	0.4098	0.2999	0.1847	0.3063

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (maximum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

7 Single Hypothesis Tests for Effects on Minimum Intergenerational Outcomes

Table 50: Effects on Minimum Outcomes of Pooled Children of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -spended	Never Su -spended	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Summary	(01) Obs.	70	66	67	64	73	69	63	60	71	67
	(02) Control	0.2571	0.2571	0.5758	0.5938	0.2162	0.2162	0.6667	0.6875	0.2222	0.2222
	(03) Treatment	0.4286	0.4194	0.5882	0.6250	0.3889	0.4063	0.7000	0.7500	0.4000	0.4194
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1714	0.1622	0.0125	0.0313	0.1727	0.1900	0.0333	0.0625	0.1778	0.1971
	(05) COLS	0.1235	0.1336	0.0259	0.0970	0.1535	0.1803	0.0241	0.1032	0.1532	0.1796
	(06) AIPW	0.1346	0.1231	0.0857	0.1767	0.1533	0.1784	0.0727	0.1940	0.1368	0.1692
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.0507	0.0659	0.4590	0.3999	0.0409	0.0330	0.3869	0.2920	0.0375	0.0288
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.1260	0.1185	0.4204	0.2322	0.0619	0.0436	0.4207	0.1915	0.0641	0.0461
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.1088	0.1109	0.1871	0.0410	0.0693	0.0256	0.2127	0.0177	0.0986	0.0340
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.0550	0.0723	0.4586	0.3965	0.0460	0.0381	0.3886	0.2925	0.0451	0.0360
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.1377	0.1339	0.4215	0.2321	0.0745	0.0559	0.4240	0.1999	0.0797	0.0609
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.2950	0.2488	0.2912	0.1292	0.1874	0.1008	0.3352	0.0828	0.2689	0.1249
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.0564	0.0676	0.4628	0.3992	0.0416	0.0336	0.3844	0.2976	0.0432	0.0332
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.1336	0.1272	0.4208	0.2436	0.0684	0.0468	0.4068	0.2060	0.0780	0.0552
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.1528	0.1692	0.1936	0.0988	0.0824	0.0704	0.2248	0.0732	0.1080	0.0828
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0200	0.0304	0.4448	0.3740	0.0136	0.0112	0.3620	0.2400	0.0128	0.0100
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.0780	0.0752	0.3968	0.1620	0.0304	0.0244	0.4080	0.1292	0.0340	0.0276
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.1064	0.1508	0.2484	0.0524	0.0800	0.0540	0.3008	0.0248	0.1296	0.0668
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.0688	0.0748	0.4876	0.4248	0.0464	0.0408	0.4364	0.3248	0.0448	0.0368
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.1428	0.1292	0.4536	0.2404	0.0852	0.0544	0.4616	0.2112	0.0856	0.0552
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.1692	0.2060	0.3076	0.1576	0.1204	0.0848	0.3268	0.0892	0.1516	0.0968
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.0696	0.0760	0.4792	0.4216	0.0464	0.0400	0.4168	0.3044	0.0452	0.0348
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.1420	0.1288	0.4552	0.2588	0.0756	0.0544	0.4632	0.2208	0.0748	0.0552
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.1708	0.1944	0.2764	0.1352	0.1276	0.0664	0.2972	0.0756	0.1548	0.0804
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.1096	0.1398	0.5182	0.4730	0.0811	0.0760	0.4601	0.3606	0.0788	0.0858
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.1792	0.1797	0.4781	0.2866	0.1130	0.0751	0.4773	0.2472	0.1171	0.0820
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.2131	0.2574	0.3837	0.2147	0.1619	0.1197	0.3733	0.1377	0.2056	0.1401
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.1119	0.1430	0.5056	0.4730	0.0839	0.0760	0.4412	0.3349	0.0794	0.0777
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.1807	0.1857	0.4841	0.3042	0.1066	0.0756	0.4778	0.2597	0.1076	0.0804
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.2144	0.2323	0.3451	0.1923	0.1758	0.0989	0.3540	0.1179	0.2010	0.1151
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.1122	0.1406	0.5199	0.4806	0.0815	0.0817	0.4627	0.3635	0.0817	0.0942
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.1922	0.1802	0.4801	0.2874	0.1203	0.0852	0.4810	0.2475	0.1216	0.0862
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.2154	0.2613	0.3893	0.2177	0.1701	0.1212	0.3865	0.1438	0.2125	0.1443
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.1128	0.1452	0.5064	0.4806	0.0841	0.0817	0.4449	0.3405	0.0822	0.0837
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.1901	0.1915	0.4872	0.3057	0.1087	0.0827	0.4793	0.2605	0.1100	0.0820
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.2151	0.2331	0.3505	0.1924	0.1770	0.1077	0.3603	0.1205	0.2027	0.1197
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.1226	0.1565	0.5405	0.5154	0.1040	0.1053	0.5073	0.3719	0.0912	0.1195
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.2762	0.1827	0.5102	0.3448	0.1401	0.1292	0.5132	0.2594	0.1594	0.1258
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.2275	0.2950	0.3893	0.2268	0.1996	0.1404	0.4602	0.1839	0.2452	0.1760
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.1216	0.1613	0.5131	0.6004	0.1040	0.1067	0.4674	0.4690	0.1140	0.1023
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.2071	0.2149	0.4959	0.3439	0.1245	0.1202	0.4928	0.2789	0.1340	0.1031
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.2241	0.2588	0.3572	0.2331	0.1897	0.1120	0.3825	0.1526	0.2418	0.1269

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 50: Effects on Minimum Outcomes of Pooled Children of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Attended College	Attended College	Attended College	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	76	72	65	76	71	67	77	73	69
	(02) Control	0.2632	0.2703	0.2424	0.2162	0.2222	0.2353	0.1842	0.1842	0.1944
	(03) Treatment	0.2105	0.2000	0.1875	0.1795	0.2000	0.3030	0.1795	0.2000	0.3030
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.0526	-0.0703	-0.0549	-0.0367	-0.0222	0.0677	-0.0047	0.0158	0.1086
	(05) COLS	-0.0535	-0.0703	-0.0492	-0.0251	-0.0100	0.0442	0.0188	0.0402	0.1019
	(06) AIPW	-0.0884	-0.0727	-0.0517	-0.0118	0.0318	0.1956	0.0308	0.0744	0.2164
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.2956	0.2415	0.2951	0.3469	0.4107	0.2703	0.4792	0.4337	0.1549
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.3009	0.2536	0.3201	0.3885	0.4566	0.3199	0.4106	0.3209	0.1261
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.1453	0.1903	0.2614	0.4413	0.3551	0.0374	0.3476	0.1835	0.0125
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.2948	0.2396	0.2920	0.3396	0.4080	0.2599	0.4780	0.4308	0.1407
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.3013	0.2551	0.3213	0.3905	0.4584	0.3294	0.4126	0.3276	0.1423
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.2210	0.2618	0.3384	0.4578	0.4051	0.0705	0.3793	0.2657	0.0282
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.2960	0.2460	0.3008	0.3352	0.4060	0.2548	0.4896	0.4204	0.1364
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.3064	0.2644	0.3336	0.4000	0.4700	0.3152	0.3900	0.3192	0.1408
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.2796	0.2812	0.3708	0.4564	0.3084	0.0488	0.2840	0.1828	0.0248
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.2380	0.1696	0.2296	0.2936	0.3832	0.2056	0.4568	0.4208	0.0880
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.2460	0.1876	0.2568	0.3356	0.4276	0.2856	0.3992	0.2872	0.0852
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.1144	0.1916	0.2500	0.3548	0.4352	0.0204	0.4116	0.2256	0.0052
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.2844	0.2332	0.2868	0.3632	0.4180	0.2800	0.4932	0.4492	0.1644
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.2584	0.2128	0.2916	0.4000	0.4676	0.3552	0.4256	0.3396	0.1824
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.1616	0.2208	0.2888	0.4796	0.3724	0.0560	0.3712	0.2392	0.0384
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.2700	0.2160	0.2692	0.3532	0.3976	0.2776	0.4868	0.4332	0.1564
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.2616	0.2204	0.2912	0.3920	0.4624	0.3448	0.4156	0.3196	0.1544
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.1480	0.2012	0.2688	0.4776	0.3672	0.0924	0.3664	0.2288	0.0540
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.3929	0.3261	0.3858	0.5887	0.6448	0.3352	0.7353	0.4892	0.2160
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.3603	0.2945	0.3824	0.5844	0.6324	0.3998	0.4960	0.4191	0.2324
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.2592	0.2879	0.3635	0.6782	0.4587	0.0820	0.4573	0.3162	0.0550
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.3789	0.3162	0.3786	0.5818	0.6343	0.3352	0.7280	0.4760	0.2064
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.3686	0.2975	0.3831	0.5784	0.6311	0.3930	0.4849	0.3963	0.1995
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.2517	0.2724	0.3394	0.6761	0.4591	0.1170	0.4448	0.3041	0.0698
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.4118	0.3331	0.3863	0.5912	0.6478	0.3376	0.7376	0.4902	0.2232
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.3691	0.2957	0.3847	0.5851	0.6368	0.4030	0.4962	0.4217	0.2418
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.2635	0.2924	0.3706	0.6849	0.4653	0.0842	0.4656	0.3192	0.0594
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.3958	0.3174	0.3825	0.5828	0.6403	0.3376	0.7385	0.4782	0.2096
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.3800	0.3042	0.3850	0.5801	0.6386	0.3996	0.4852	0.3971	0.2079
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.2567	0.2749	0.3450	0.6859	0.4597	0.1170	0.4548	0.3055	0.0706
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.5357	0.3650	0.4124	0.6076	0.6666	0.4050	0.7476	0.5179	0.2414
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.3983	0.3749	0.3909	0.6114	0.6494	0.4116	0.5707	0.4274	0.2932
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.3385	0.3708	0.4066	0.7036	0.4832	0.0957	0.5438	0.3257	0.0985
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.5254	0.3731	0.3979	0.6049	0.6996	0.3557	0.8966	0.5097	0.2373
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.4345	0.3494	0.3867	0.5836	0.7066	0.4347	0.5314	0.4860	0.2240
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.2897	0.3121	0.3792	0.7528	0.4629	0.1254	0.5155	0.3174	0.0835

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 50: Effects on Minimum Outcomes of Pooled Children of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	77	74	69	79	77	71	62	58	56
	(02) Control	0.1579	0.1579	0.1667	0.0500	0.0500	0.0526	0.7188	0.7097	0.6897
	(03) Treatment	0.1795	0.1944	0.2727	0.0256	0.0270	0.0606	0.8000	0.7778	0.7778
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0216	0.0365	0.1061	-0.0244	-0.0230	0.0080	0.0812	0.0681	0.0881
	(05) COLS	0.0313	0.0464	0.0950	0.0070	0.0048	0.0337	0.0889	0.0810	0.0692
	(06) AIPW	0.0498	0.0736	0.1996	-0.0093	-0.0094	0.0248	0.1593	0.1367	0.1383
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.3953	0.3327	0.1343	0.2850	0.2997	0.4434	0.2187	0.2694	0.2193
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.3460	0.2854	0.1323	0.4138	0.4235	0.2030	0.2217	0.2625	0.3174
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.2552	0.1709	0.0165	0.3805	0.3580	0.2801	0.0484	0.0777	0.0909
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.3970	0.3361	0.1353	0.2749	0.2902	0.4414	0.2207	0.2727	0.2209
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.3516	0.2952	0.1547	0.4137	0.4283	0.2083	0.2217	0.2649	0.3158
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.3057	0.2252	0.0445	0.4013	0.3972	0.3416	0.1627	0.2126	0.2968
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.3892	0.3316	0.1292	0.3080	0.3244	0.4300	0.2296	0.2768	0.2256
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.3420	0.2956	0.1576	0.4440	0.4448	0.2000	0.2404	0.2848	0.3400
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.2132	0.1644	0.0364	0.4460	0.4296	0.2924	0.1528	0.1896	0.1976
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.3724	0.2844	0.0692	0.2192	0.2400	0.4612	0.1584	0.2112	0.1660
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.3084	0.2328	0.0844	0.4172	0.4520	0.0904	0.1560	0.1936	0.2508
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.2988	0.1916	0.0108	0.3428	0.3336	0.2980	0.0496	0.0848	0.1352
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.4144	0.3404	0.1316	0.2648	0.3064	0.4968	0.2340	0.2956	0.2224
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.3648	0.3048	0.1540	0.4772	0.4812	0.3100	0.2164	0.2468	0.2868
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.2944	0.2204	0.0484	0.4244	0.4164	0.4024	0.1376	0.1700	0.1760
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.4100	0.3316	0.1288	0.2312	0.2724	0.4940	0.2156	0.2696	0.2048
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.3536	0.2880	0.1376	0.4732	0.4672	0.2624	0.2328	0.2696	0.3176
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.2828	0.2096	0.0624	0.4056	0.3864	0.3684	0.1216	0.1584	0.1708
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.4933	0.4242	0.1856	0.4967	0.5582	0.4793	0.2959	0.3473	0.2914
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.4469	0.3788	0.2145	0.4958	0.5142	0.3302	0.2674	0.3131	0.3329
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.4051	0.3168	0.0709	0.7474	0.6486	0.4501	0.2099	0.2296	0.2237
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.4820	0.4161	0.1808	0.4677	0.5269	0.4783	0.2870	0.3262	0.2796
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.4424	0.3635	0.1947	0.4854	0.5052	0.2856	0.2896	0.3292	0.3638
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.3961	0.3059	0.0835	0.7229	0.6004	0.4174	0.1920	0.2197	0.2238
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.4972	0.4322	0.1860	0.4990	0.5588	0.4865	0.2980	0.3485	0.3063
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.4567	0.3956	0.2171	0.5002	0.5189	0.3351	0.2741	0.3152	0.3385
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.4106	0.3208	0.0733	0.7476	0.6582	0.4553	0.2130	0.2379	0.2324
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.4920	0.4233	0.1817	0.4684	0.5286	0.4844	0.2896	0.3300	0.2825
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.4521	0.3747	0.1967	0.4881	0.5083	0.2875	0.2913	0.3321	0.3681
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.4013	0.3088	0.0841	0.7272	0.6022	0.4253	0.1928	0.2238	0.2266
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.5144	0.5354	0.1893	0.5082	0.5796	0.5277	0.3387	0.3677	0.4724
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.5205	0.5822	0.2486	0.5073	0.5642	0.3591	0.2978	0.3697	0.3620
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.6291	0.3503	0.0855	0.7482	0.7116	0.6134	0.2197	0.2793	0.2783
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.5346	0.5010	0.1893	0.5302	0.5321	0.5251	0.2978	0.3751	0.3404
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.4758	0.4053	0.2089	0.4971	0.5668	0.3254	0.3180	0.3664	0.3833
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.4398	0.3578	0.1177	0.7899	0.6069	0.4500	0.1977	0.2762	0.2945

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 50: Effects on Minimum Outcomes of Pooled Children of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	77	73	77	73	67	62	68	63	59	53
	(02) Control	0.0750	0.0526	0.0250	0.0263	0.4000	0.3548	0.2222	0.2059	0.7742	0.7778
	(03) Treatment	0.0270	0.0286	0.0000	0.0000	0.3750	0.3871	0.3438	0.3103	0.7500	0.7308
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.0480	-0.0241	-0.0250	-0.0263	-0.0250	0.0323	0.1215	0.1045	-0.0242	-0.0470
	(05) COLS	-0.0302	-0.0260	-0.0037	-0.0043	-0.0491	-0.0604	0.0873	0.0393	0.0173	-0.0694
	(06) AIPW	-0.0513	-0.0376	-0.0175	-0.0185	-0.0150	0.0220	0.0917	0.0925	0.0779	-0.0299
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.1669	0.3009	0.1598	0.1599	0.4143	0.3927	0.1302	0.1693	0.4113	0.3410
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.2145	0.2451	0.3246	0.3172	0.3419	0.3030	0.2146	0.3584	0.4452	0.3279
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0532	0.0968	0.1565	0.1593	0.4394	0.4112	0.1778	0.1816	0.2055	0.3923
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.1650	0.2942	0.1475	0.1471	0.4144	0.3929	0.1189	0.1564	0.4141	0.3452
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.2234	0.2505	0.3517	0.3449	0.3449	0.3095	0.2161	0.3590	0.4481	0.3336
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.1274	0.1997	0.2301	0.2790	0.4579	0.4443	0.2555	0.3124	0.3299	0.4922
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.1768	0.3348	0.3628	0.3628	0.3996	0.3940	0.1172	0.1560	0.4276	0.3572
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.2612	0.3112	0.5728	0.5644	0.3396	0.3036	0.2184	0.3828	0.4348	0.3396
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.1588	0.2720	0.4112	0.4512	0.4864	0.3604	0.1876	0.2244	0.4000	0.3764
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0564	0.2456	0.0004	0.0008	0.3880	0.3608	0.0628	0.0912	0.3800	0.2904
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.0896	0.1264	0.1496	0.1388	0.3136	0.2600	0.1472	0.3052	0.4372	0.2924
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.0232	0.0552	0.0528	0.0932	0.3688	0.4972	0.1996	0.2160	0.1924	0.4756
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.1672	0.2900	0.2180	0.2180	0.3896	0.4448	0.1440	0.1832	0.4288	0.3576
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.2948	0.2684	0.4744	0.4720	0.2976	0.2656	0.2344	0.3876	0.4468	0.2756
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.1352	0.1896	0.3896	0.4060	0.4196	0.4928	0.2688	0.2708	0.2608	0.4064
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.1412	0.2548	0.1188	0.1180	0.3836	0.4396	0.1432	0.1936	0.4172	0.3524
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.2304	0.2076	0.4744	0.4724	0.2968	0.2616	0.2332	0.3852	0.4540	0.3316
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.0848	0.1520	0.2312	0.2656	0.4144	0.4848	0.2564	0.2652	0.2736	0.4160
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.3473	0.4736	0.3630	0.3938	0.6314	0.4668	0.1955	0.2572	0.6170	0.5238
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.4705	0.3885	0.9968	0.9941	0.5727	0.4825	0.2841	0.4277	0.4887	0.3878
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.3211	0.4228	0.8092	0.8451	0.6824	0.4290	0.3148	0.3316	0.2885	0.5742
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.3239	0.4406	0.3219	0.3282	0.6314	0.4566	0.1955	0.2661	0.6081	0.5128
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.3782	0.3658	0.9977	0.9973	0.5753	0.4796	0.2836	0.4292	0.5066	0.4495
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.2662	0.3789	0.6398	0.6872	0.6816	0.4232	0.3072	0.3285	0.3046	0.5776
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.3501	0.4800	0.3643	0.3943	0.6324	0.4723	0.2052	0.2640	0.6240	0.5297
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.4724	0.3886	0.9973	0.9952	0.5738	0.4873	0.2868	0.4310	0.4988	0.3879
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.3224	0.4245	0.8095	0.8459	0.6828	0.4307	0.3185	0.3418	0.2918	0.5778
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.3273	0.4418	0.3283	0.3285	0.6324	0.4607	0.2052	0.2713	0.6129	0.5151
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.3857	0.3679	0.9981	0.9978	0.5798	0.4846	0.2842	0.4364	0.5107	0.4511
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.2670	0.3792	0.6425	0.6908	0.6817	0.4249	0.3079	0.3325	0.3065	0.5803
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.4393	0.4941	0.3665	0.4172	0.6826	0.5547	0.2505	0.3566	0.6492	0.5909
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.5276	0.4532	0.9994	0.9974	0.5778	0.5267	0.3219	0.4648	0.5348	0.4151
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.3517	0.4310	0.8110	0.8934	0.6864	0.4509	0.3471	0.4018	0.3266	0.6355
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.3301	0.4722	0.3864	0.3526	0.6687	0.4788	0.2505	0.3248	0.6409	0.5578
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.4372	0.4081	1.0013	0.9991	0.5983	0.5223	0.2902	0.4620	0.5912	0.5004
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.2685	0.3796	0.6468	0.7008	0.7019	0.4628	0.3370	0.3409	0.3499	0.6495

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 50: Effects on Minimum Outcomes of Pooled Children of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Summary	(01) Obs.	67	62	68	63	69	62	80	74	77	71
	(02) Control	0.4000	0.3548	0.2222	0.2059	0.6000	0.3333	0.1750	0.2368	0.0256	0.0526
	(03) Treatment	0.3438	0.3548	0.3125	0.2759	0.4412	0.2813	0.2500	0.3333	0.1316	0.1515
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.0562	0.0000	0.0903	0.0700	-0.1588	-0.0521	0.0750	0.0965	0.1059	0.0989
	(05) COLS	-0.0783	-0.0927	0.0590	0.0079	-0.1703	-0.0467	0.0124	0.0513	0.0882	0.1062
	(06) AIPW	-0.0315	0.0050	0.0754	0.0753	-0.1471	0.0389	-0.0256	0.0420	0.0796	0.0972
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.3106	0.5000	0.1970	0.2551	0.1060	0.3353	0.2014	0.1826	0.0427	0.0931
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.2548	0.2092	0.2918	0.4698	0.0784	0.3552	0.4496	0.3345	0.1067	0.0871
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.3738	0.4796	0.2214	0.2273	0.0677	0.3429	0.3773	0.3385	0.0846	0.0746
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.3076	0.5000	0.1829	0.2406	0.0854	0.3233	0.1888	0.1573	0.0368	0.0794
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.2570	0.2143	0.2937	0.4700	0.0676	0.3447	0.4485	0.3141	0.1010	0.0711
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.4107	0.4872	0.2911	0.3442	0.1325	0.4994	0.4023	0.3609	0.1238	0.1296
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.3048	0.5012	0.1796	0.2316	0.0860	0.3340	0.1808	0.1556	0.0264	0.0752
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.2536	0.2116	0.2988	0.4860	0.0628	0.3312	0.4644	0.3288	0.0928	0.0700
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.4620	0.4148	0.2276	0.2672	0.1292	0.4084	0.4980	0.3428	0.0960	0.1256
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.2448	0.4992	0.1092	0.1632	0.0440	0.2736	0.1056	0.0956	0.0012	0.0112
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.2016	0.1440	0.2232	0.4436	0.0320	0.3136	0.4168	0.2500	0.0368	0.0156
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.3100	0.4468	0.2440	0.2560	0.0572	0.3292	0.2720	0.3340	0.0816	0.0740
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.2876	0.4612	0.2168	0.2752	0.0956	0.3752	0.2480	0.2040	0.0656	0.1048
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.2128	0.1812	0.3180	0.4900	0.0736	0.3844	0.4920	0.3408	0.1044	0.0804
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.3856	0.4628	0.3024	0.3020	0.1004	0.3480	0.3180	0.3784	0.1344	0.1120
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.2784	0.4612	0.2160	0.2752	0.0896	0.3712	0.2444	0.1924	0.0624	0.1044
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.2140	0.1776	0.3124	0.4892	0.0664	0.3836	0.4880	0.3524	0.1208	0.0872
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.3724	0.4640	0.2936	0.2996	0.0856	0.3344	0.3172	0.3776	0.1240	0.1232
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.5307	0.5381	0.2685	0.3678	0.1836	0.5346	0.3465	0.2900	0.1314	0.1495
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.4499	0.3647	0.3652	0.5524	0.1585	0.4936	0.5358	0.3834	0.1377	0.1174
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.6355	0.4855	0.3533	0.3633	0.2404	0.4258	0.6039	0.4495	0.1728	0.1629
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.5192	0.5381	0.2674	0.3652	0.1763	0.5340	0.3372	0.2845	0.1242	0.1452
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.4531	0.3669	0.3606	0.5514	0.1566	0.4930	0.5398	0.3985	0.1681	0.1298
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.6285	0.4842	0.3478	0.3613	0.1970	0.4073	0.6000	0.4477	0.1760	0.1745
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.5312	0.5397	0.2711	0.3727	0.1864	0.5426	0.3535	0.2910	0.1349	0.1544
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.4516	0.3706	0.3718	0.5590	0.1605	0.4996	0.5381	0.3842	0.1442	0.1177
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.6384	0.4868	0.3538	0.3676	0.2458	0.4259	0.6051	0.4564	0.1773	0.1642
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.5205	0.5397	0.2700	0.3724	0.1771	0.5488	0.3430	0.2850	0.1275	0.1499
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.4536	0.3772	0.3635	0.5580	0.1593	0.4956	0.5420	0.3992	0.1761	0.1311
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.6311	0.4860	0.3497	0.3624	0.2040	0.4083	0.6025	0.4549	0.1805	0.1765
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.5315	0.5431	0.3291	0.4527	0.1975	0.6162	0.3657	0.3694	0.1407	0.1593
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.5109	0.4025	0.3795	0.6435	0.2101	0.5290	0.5863	0.4283	0.1674	0.1192
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.6577	0.4965	0.3776	0.3873	0.2459	0.4571	0.6180	0.4680	0.2011	0.1771
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.5490	0.5431	0.3359	0.4328	0.1988	0.6072	0.3610	0.2871	0.1535	0.1624
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.4572	0.4158	0.3642	0.6429	0.2112	0.5354	0.5903	0.4235	0.2273	0.1427
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.6391	0.5126	0.4088	0.3867	0.2307	0.4387	0.6203	0.4938	0.2066	0.2037

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 51: Effects on Minimum Outcomes of Male Children of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Never Su-sponded	Never Su-sponded	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Summary	(01) Obs.	50	49	50	48	52	51	48	46	51	50
	(02) Control	0.2083	0.2083	0.5200	0.5417	0.1923	0.1923	0.6400	0.6667	0.2000	0.2000
	(03) Treatment	0.3846	0.3600	0.5600	0.5417	0.3846	0.3600	0.6957	0.6818	0.3846	0.3600
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1763	0.1517	0.0400	0.0000	0.1923	0.1677	0.0557	0.0152	0.1846	0.1600
	(05) COLS	0.1076	0.0865	0.0438	0.0283	0.1263	0.1082	0.0337	0.0105	0.1156	0.0965
	(06) AIPW	0.0666	0.0533	0.1618	0.0910	0.1120	0.0987	0.1711	0.0938	0.1058	0.0925
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.0803	0.1142	0.3963	0.5000	0.0579	0.0856	0.3471	0.4582	0.0681	0.0988
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.1955	0.2463	0.3866	0.4274	0.1449	0.1835	0.4018	0.4695	0.1715	0.2155
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.2579	0.3011	0.0796	0.2102	0.1263	0.1565	0.0561	0.1853	0.1493	0.1817
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.0793	0.1122	0.3860	0.5000	0.0555	0.0820	0.3422	0.4566	0.0664	0.0960
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.2016	0.2512	0.3817	0.4233	0.1478	0.1855	0.4017	0.4694	0.1760	0.2190
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.4844	0.4875	0.2839	0.3572	0.4732	0.4764	0.3004	0.3931	0.4748	0.4780
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.0748	0.1084	0.3828	0.5008	0.0536	0.0800	0.3388	0.4620	0.0652	0.0960
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.1984	0.2460	0.4120	0.4576	0.1404	0.1828	0.4088	0.4716	0.1748	0.2152
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.3192	0.3472	0.2136	0.3328	0.1808	0.2076	0.2020	0.3180	0.2104	0.2404
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0408	0.0624	0.3588	0.5008	0.0232	0.0380	0.2988	0.4424	0.0320	0.0492
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.1384	0.1876	0.3112	0.3648	0.0888	0.1216	0.3600	0.4544	0.1128	0.1520
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.3296	0.3596	0.0920	0.2088	0.1916	0.2288	0.0900	0.2168	0.2096	0.2456
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.0968	0.1352	0.4332	0.4972	0.0756	0.1016	0.4096	0.4888	0.0848	0.1184
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.2184	0.2676	0.4104	0.4436	0.1724	0.2044	0.4328	0.4968	0.1948	0.2332
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.3580	0.3820	0.2064	0.3188	0.2324	0.2576	0.1672	0.2948	0.2496	0.2752
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.0964	0.1320	0.4308	0.4972	0.0736	0.1020	0.3924	0.4764	0.0848	0.1164
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.2132	0.2568	0.4096	0.4436	0.1572	0.1916	0.4332	0.4976	0.1828	0.2240
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.3452	0.3684	0.1744	0.2920	0.2112	0.2336	0.1576	0.2904	0.2316	0.2560
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.1713	0.2226	0.4685	0.5744	0.1257	0.1737	0.4179	0.5032	0.1501	0.1918
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.2790	0.3318	0.4372	0.4930	0.2228	0.2699	0.4368	0.5233	0.2497	0.3000
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.4299	0.4547	0.2136	0.3717	0.3153	0.3308	0.1587	0.3171	0.3273	0.3549
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.1709	0.2174	0.4648	0.5744	0.1251	0.1727	0.4051	0.4921	0.1496	0.1889
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.2690	0.3301	0.4340	0.4954	0.2170	0.2571	0.4360	0.5288	0.2466	0.2907
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.4114	0.4510	0.1863	0.3426	0.2945	0.3222	0.1418	0.3157	0.3039	0.3346
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.1757	0.2279	0.4866	0.5830	0.1271	0.1757	0.4276	0.5121	0.1536	0.1937
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.2833	0.3328	0.4423	0.4950	0.2249	0.2703	0.4409	0.5256	0.2504	0.3042
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.4422	0.4578	0.2176	0.3756	0.3353	0.3453	0.1677	0.3176	0.3347	0.3589
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.1754	0.2201	0.4857	0.5830	0.1268	0.1734	0.4134	0.4983	0.1530	0.1931
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.2752	0.3354	0.4359	0.4972	0.2205	0.2574	0.4379	0.5299	0.2468	0.2916
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.4188	0.4603	0.1915	0.3458	0.3122	0.3409	0.1491	0.3196	0.3172	0.3420
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.1935	0.2535	0.6669	0.6032	0.1317	0.2138	0.4858	0.5606	0.1590	0.2337
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.3487	0.3372	0.4642	0.5537	0.3165	0.2843	0.4513	0.5792	0.3082	0.3609
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.5240	0.5009	0.2281	0.4702	0.3994	0.3835	0.1941	0.3237	0.3740	0.3910
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.1926	0.2549	0.6167	0.6032	0.1336	0.1938	0.4626	0.5546	0.1590	0.2172
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.3427	0.3574	0.4512	0.5332	0.2306	0.2842	0.4556	0.5686	0.2992	0.3127
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.4505	0.4958	0.2398	0.3682	0.3430	0.4650	0.2129	0.3304	0.3442	0.4587

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 51: Effects on Minimum Outcomes of Male Children of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Attended College	Attended College	Attended College	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	56	54	51	52	51	47	53	52	48
	(02) Control	0.1667	0.1724	0.1786	0.3704	0.3704	0.4000	0.3214	0.3214	0.3462
	(03) Treatment	0.2308	0.2000	0.2174	0.4400	0.4583	0.5000	0.4000	0.4167	0.4545
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0641	0.0276	0.0388	0.0696	0.0880	0.1000	0.0786	0.0952	0.1084
	(05) COLS	0.0210	-0.0089	0.0217	-0.0081	0.0118	-0.0009	0.0199	0.0361	0.0282
	(06) AIPW	0.0255	-0.0167	0.0365	0.0446	0.0672	0.0533	0.0782	0.0968	0.0831
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.2762	0.3986	0.3661	0.3093	0.2676	0.2517	0.2816	0.2451	0.2290
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.4227	0.4678	0.4286	0.4787	0.4695	0.4978	0.4433	0.3993	0.4212
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.3835	0.4234	0.3467	0.3497	0.2816	0.3259	0.2433	0.1965	0.2294
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.2725	0.3956	0.3617	0.3026	0.2594	0.2418	0.2732	0.2355	0.2180
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.4248	0.4685	0.4299	0.4779	0.4680	0.4977	0.4410	0.3943	0.4171
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.4273	0.4535	0.4308	0.4531	0.4333	0.4537	0.3934	0.3722	0.4052
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.2736	0.3948	0.3600	0.3064	0.2580	0.2464	0.2672	0.2312	0.2184
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.4404	0.4588	0.4240	0.4880	0.4620	0.4844	0.4268	0.3896	0.4260
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.3772	0.4896	0.3404	0.3724	0.3156	0.3636	0.2952	0.2592	0.3112
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.2044	0.3672	0.3268	0.2492	0.1980	0.1928	0.2296	0.1768	0.1704
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.3896	0.4740	0.4204	0.4644	0.4616	0.4916	0.4272	0.3612	0.3900
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.4420	0.3892	0.4276	0.3792	0.3116	0.3724	0.2672	0.2160	0.2712
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.2988	0.4164	0.3832	0.3120	0.2744	0.2788	0.3044	0.2668	0.2732
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.4296	0.4616	0.4328	0.4880	0.4612	0.4796	0.4588	0.4160	0.4600
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.4196	0.4376	0.4024	0.3764	0.3380	0.3984	0.3056	0.2720	0.3296
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.2756	0.3888	0.3544	0.3072	0.2696	0.2744	0.3004	0.2616	0.2696
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.4344	0.4624	0.4332	0.4892	0.4612	0.4796	0.4580	0.4164	0.4588
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.4204	0.4364	0.3884	0.3688	0.3272	0.3832	0.2952	0.2608	0.3184
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.4577	0.5727	0.5683	0.4094	0.3492	0.3430	0.3613	0.3249	0.3019
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.5374	0.5198	0.5837	0.6295	0.5219	0.6716	0.4966	0.4544	0.4838
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.5561	0.4788	0.5609	0.4440	0.4110	0.4433	0.3588	0.3146	0.3535
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.4186	0.5521	0.5281	0.4005	0.3492	0.3392	0.3539	0.3159	0.3019
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.5406	0.5217	0.5779	0.6295	0.5258	0.6716	0.4950	0.4544	0.4825
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.5522	0.4822	0.5495	0.4350	0.4037	0.4327	0.3495	0.3057	0.3385
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.4582	0.5779	0.5695	0.4185	0.3513	0.3489	0.3656	0.3278	0.3054
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.5429	0.5290	0.5851	0.6331	0.5264	0.6781	0.5005	0.4593	0.4863
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.5627	0.4802	0.5681	0.4459	0.4208	0.4581	0.3706	0.3174	0.3547
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.4238	0.5643	0.5287	0.4050	0.3550	0.3445	0.3631	0.3179	0.3054
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.5449	0.5337	0.5854	0.6324	0.5286	0.6781	0.5016	0.4593	0.4847
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.5593	0.4830	0.5558	0.4390	0.4134	0.4451	0.3593	0.3072	0.3447
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.4590	0.6744	0.7996	0.4847	0.3780	0.3724	0.3970	0.3366	0.3411
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.5705	0.5637	0.5979	0.6416	0.5673	0.6951	0.5298	0.4900	0.5275
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.5814	0.5683	0.6433	0.4894	0.4869	0.4910	0.4361	0.3831	0.4938
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.4584	0.6486	0.5636	0.4300	0.3725	0.3683	0.3692	0.4109	0.3727
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.5980	0.6043	0.6097	0.6485	0.5771	0.6951	0.5209	0.4902	0.5412
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.6198	0.4951	0.6100	0.5175	0.5778	0.5266	0.4043	0.3561	0.3876

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 51: Effects on Minimum Outcomes of Male Children of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	53	52	48	56	55	51	47	45	44
	(02) Control	0.2500	0.2500	0.2692	0.0333	0.0333	0.0357	0.7200	0.7083	0.7391
	(03) Treatment	0.3600	0.3750	0.4091	0.1154	0.1200	0.1739	0.8636	0.8571	0.8571
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1100	0.1250	0.1399	0.0821	0.0867	0.1382	0.1436	0.1488	0.1180
	(05) COLS	0.0573	0.0717	0.0661	0.0580	0.0650	0.1097	0.1577	0.1512	0.1452
	(06) AIPW	0.1160	0.1342	0.1458	0.0626	0.0709	0.1280	0.2385	0.1969	0.2429
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.2010	0.1744	0.1621	0.1294	0.1236	0.0616	0.1056	0.1060	0.1588
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.3367	0.3018	0.3210	0.2392	0.2159	0.1269	0.1081	0.1294	0.1418
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.1458	0.1134	0.1026	0.1567	0.1278	0.0448	0.0065	0.0228	0.0048
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.1840	0.1578	0.1461	0.1217	0.1158	0.0545	0.1070	0.1065	0.1603
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.3296	0.2919	0.3131	0.2382	0.2142	0.1249	0.1142	0.1349	0.1500
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.3464	0.3282	0.3375	0.2706	0.2480	0.1507	0.4633	0.4701	0.4620
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.1776	0.1544	0.1424	0.1136	0.1088	0.0476	0.1096	0.1104	0.1592
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.3372	0.3028	0.3192	0.2396	0.2180	0.1228	0.1244	0.1452	0.1608
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.2008	0.1772	0.1904	0.1880	0.1752	0.0744	0.0604	0.0984	0.0932
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.1316	0.1044	0.1008	0.0376	0.0348	0.0084	0.0524	0.0536	0.0944
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.2712	0.2356	0.2472	0.2148	0.1744	0.0600	0.0588	0.0780	0.0856
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.1808	0.1508	0.1540	0.2096	0.1948	0.0912	0.0288	0.0900	0.0320
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.2236	0.1976	0.1892	0.1384	0.1264	0.0760	0.1372	0.1380	0.1924
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.3564	0.3224	0.3560	0.2136	0.1968	0.1300	0.1084	0.1268	0.1384
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.2292	0.1916	0.1976	0.1756	0.1612	0.1172	0.0760	0.1200	0.0744
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.2196	0.1948	0.1960	0.1360	0.1228	0.0732	0.1320	0.1328	0.1808
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.3548	0.3196	0.3500	0.2364	0.2236	0.1452	0.1288	0.1528	0.1680
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.2152	0.1828	0.1880	0.2008	0.1840	0.1060	0.0684	0.1064	0.0640
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.2938	0.2628	0.2637	0.2650	0.2454	0.1595	0.1617	0.1572	0.2319
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.4014	0.3714	0.4124	0.3024	0.2653	0.1642	0.1407	0.1636	0.1821
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.2981	0.2503	0.2318	0.2443	0.2193	0.1460	0.0880	0.1369	0.0932
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.2932	0.2578	0.2804	0.2588	0.2392	0.1502	0.1554	0.1530	0.2262
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.4024	0.3650	0.4149	0.3292	0.3111	0.1892	0.1570	0.1802	0.2047
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.2884	0.2402	0.2096	0.2679	0.2398	0.1359	0.0771	0.1267	0.0855
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.2985	0.2646	0.2695	0.2659	0.2464	0.1689	0.1625	0.1608	0.2348
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.4028	0.3736	0.4245	0.3038	0.2661	0.1686	0.1511	0.1747	0.1838
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.3149	0.2506	0.2402	0.2468	0.2302	0.1462	0.0943	0.1410	0.0957
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.2981	0.2626	0.2848	0.2639	0.2458	0.1582	0.1555	0.1586	0.2311
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.4041	0.3705	0.4264	0.3313	0.3144	0.1971	0.1639	0.1852	0.2057
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.3076	0.2436	0.2125	0.2724	0.2416	0.1369	0.0793	0.1320	0.0874
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.3101	0.2924	0.2853	0.2961	0.2893	0.1750	0.1962	0.1710	0.3027
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.4120	0.4402	0.4924	0.3189	0.2695	0.1876	0.2197	0.2394	0.1949
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.3673	0.2578	0.3344	0.2595	0.2626	0.1684	0.1414	0.2138	0.1096
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.3150	0.3014	0.2980	0.3267	0.2743	0.1908	0.2045	0.1982	0.2323
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.4422	0.4294	0.4613	0.4140	0.4000	0.2557	0.1937	0.2398	0.2199
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.3640	0.2484	0.2489	0.3145	0.2688	0.1565	0.1253	0.1587	0.0933

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 51: Effects on Minimum Outcomes of Male Children of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	56	53	56	53	53	49	52	47	45	43
	(02) Control	0.0333	0.0357	0.0333	0.0357	0.2593	0.2800	0.1538	0.1667	0.7826	0.8182
	(03) Treatment	0.0385	0.0400	0.0385	0.0400	0.3846	0.3750	0.3462	0.3043	0.7727	0.7619
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0051	0.0043	0.0051	0.0043	0.1254	0.0950	0.1923	0.1377	-0.0099	-0.0563
	(05) COLS	-0.0225	-0.0267	-0.0225	-0.0267	0.0564	0.0216	0.1021	0.0514	-0.0576	-0.1171
	(06) AIPW	-0.0054	0.0022	-0.0054	0.0022	0.0662	0.0949	0.1277	0.1166	-0.1796	-0.1930
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.4600	0.4683	0.4600	0.4683	0.1612	0.2370	0.0493	0.1281	0.4678	0.3226
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.3523	0.3350	0.3523	0.3350	0.3262	0.4335	0.1959	0.3389	0.3310	0.1893
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.4428	0.4788	0.4428	0.4788	0.2465	0.1710	0.0881	0.1157	0.0326	0.0185
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.4565	0.4655	0.4565	0.4655	0.1576	0.2341	0.0449	0.1229	0.4685	0.3275
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.3428	0.3247	0.3428	0.3247	0.3312	0.4363	0.1967	0.3394	0.3399	0.2047
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.4855	0.4942	0.4855	0.4942	0.3759	0.3918	0.2778	0.3473	0.4741	0.4721
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.5168	0.5304	0.5168	0.5304	0.1572	0.2276	0.0396	0.1276	0.4676	0.3236
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.4424	0.4352	0.4424	0.4352	0.3332	0.4436	0.2112	0.3532	0.3572	0.2060
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.5320	0.4800	0.5320	0.4800	0.2648	0.2380	0.1604	0.2264	0.2452	0.2524
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.4756	0.4688	0.4756	0.4688	0.0964	0.1764	0.0160	0.0616	0.4652	0.2760
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.3168	0.2980	0.3168	0.2980	0.2764	0.4052	0.1312	0.2848	0.2840	0.1384
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.3536	0.3732	0.3536	0.3732	0.2996	0.2256	0.1052	0.1496	0.0696	0.0800
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.4904	0.5280	0.4904	0.5280	0.1896	0.2932	0.0764	0.1516	0.4864	0.3544
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.3088	0.3012	0.3088	0.3012	0.3504	0.4744	0.2092	0.3556	0.3184	0.1880
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.4468	0.4964	0.4468	0.4964	0.3464	0.3096	0.2024	0.2396	0.0760	0.0728
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.4784	0.5144	0.4784	0.5144	0.1868	0.2680	0.0668	0.1468	0.4800	0.3480
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.3120	0.3056	0.3120	0.3056	0.3508	0.4720	0.2124	0.3584	0.3308	0.2032
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.4488	0.4976	0.4488	0.4976	0.3248	0.2748	0.1780	0.2088	0.0816	0.0776
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.6311	0.6781	0.6311	0.6781	0.2125	0.3266	0.1338	0.2389	0.6173	0.4665
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.3624	0.3530	0.3624	0.3530	0.3133	0.3981	0.2658	0.4350	0.4171	0.2466
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.5452	0.5560	0.5452	0.5560	0.2777	0.2410	0.2419	0.2942	0.1440	0.1404
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.6149	0.6514	0.6149	0.6514	0.2072	0.2981	0.1255	0.2346	0.6147	0.4568
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.3745	0.3563	0.3745	0.3563	0.3111	0.3997	0.2816	0.4359	0.4350	0.2613
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.5482	0.5560	0.5482	0.5560	0.2623	0.2084	0.2247	0.2724	0.1614	0.1386
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.6358	0.6895	0.6358	0.6895	0.2305	0.3302	0.1353	0.2407	0.6180	0.4705
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.3643	0.3647	0.3643	0.3647	0.3240	0.3989	0.2660	0.4448	0.4327	0.2507
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.5525	0.5605	0.5525	0.5605	0.2798	0.2462	0.2428	0.2954	0.1487	0.1415
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.6237	0.6578	0.6237	0.6578	0.2240	0.3025	0.1264	0.2378	0.6150	0.4591
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.3768	0.3652	0.3768	0.3652	0.3212	0.4014	0.2821	0.4450	0.4543	0.2649
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.5565	0.5583	0.5565	0.5583	0.2677	0.2121	0.2289	0.2735	0.1645	0.1438
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.7126	0.8054	0.7126	0.8054	0.2804	0.3398	0.1372	0.2983	0.6285	0.5444
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.4166	0.3842	0.4166	0.3842	0.3782	0.4685	0.3240	0.4620	0.4737	0.2579
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.6011	0.6379	0.6011	0.6379	0.3017	0.3680	0.2702	0.3325	0.1723	0.1723
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.6498	0.6744	0.6498	0.6744	0.3046	0.4172	0.1332	0.2648	0.6567	0.4729
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.4553	0.4099	0.4553	0.4099	0.3444	0.4877	0.3394	0.5022	0.6118	0.3000
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.5840	0.6378	0.5840	0.6378	0.3333	0.2474	0.2927	0.2856	0.1983	0.2121

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 51: Effects on Minimum Outcomes of Male Children of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Summary	(01) Obs.	53	49	52	47	47	44	57	56	56	54
	(02) Control	0.2593	0.2800	0.1538	0.1667	0.7083	0.2857	0.3000	0.2333	0.0333	0.0333
	(03) Treatment	0.3846	0.3750	0.3462	0.3043	0.6087	0.3913	0.2963	0.3846	0.1923	0.2083
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1254	0.0950	0.1923	0.1377	-0.0996	0.1056	-0.0037	0.1513	0.1590	0.1750
	(05) COLS	0.0564	0.0216	0.1021	0.0514	-0.1424	0.1394	-0.1183	0.0609	0.1145	0.1594
	(06) AIPW	0.0662	0.0949	0.1277	0.1166	-0.0362	0.1861	-0.1767	0.1186	0.0898	0.1978
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.1612	0.2370	0.0493	0.1281	0.2305	0.2304	0.4885	0.1187	0.0337	0.0271
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.3262	0.4335	0.1959	0.3389	0.1379	0.1769	0.1754	0.3417	0.1028	0.0647
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.2465	0.1710	0.0881	0.1157	0.3607	0.0537	0.0588	0.1462	0.1044	0.0059
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.1576	0.2341	0.0449	0.1229	0.2258	0.2285	0.4874	0.0936	0.0268	0.0205
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.3312	0.4363	0.1967	0.3394	0.1356	0.1740	0.1635	0.3266	0.1001	0.0558
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.3759	0.3918	0.2778	0.3473	0.4576	0.3938	0.2510	0.3512	0.2294	0.0644
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.1572	0.2276	0.0396	0.1276	0.2300	0.2312	0.4868	0.0920	0.0204	0.0172
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.3332	0.4436	0.2112	0.3532	0.1296	0.1784	0.1452	0.3380	0.0964	0.0616
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.2648	0.2380	0.1604	0.2264	0.4268	0.1352	0.1444	0.2548	0.1192	0.0724
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0964	0.1764	0.0160	0.0616	0.1480	0.1720	0.4840	0.0484	0.0020	0.0012
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.2764	0.4052	0.1312	0.2848	0.0744	0.1240	0.1224	0.2600	0.0340	0.0104
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.2996	0.2256	0.1052	0.1496	0.3760	0.1400	0.0404	0.1364	0.1460	0.0136
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.1896	0.2932	0.0764	0.1516	0.2436	0.2348	0.4832	0.1264	0.0460	0.0300
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.3504	0.4744	0.2092	0.3556	0.1548	0.1800	0.1688	0.3184	0.1104	0.0516
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.3464	0.3096	0.2024	0.2396	0.4076	0.1228	0.0952	0.1764	0.1644	0.0240
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.1868	0.2680	0.0668	0.1468	0.2192	0.2244	0.4704	0.1128	0.0448	0.0260
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.3508	0.4720	0.2124	0.3584	0.1480	0.1660	0.1724	0.3360	0.1200	0.0892
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.3248	0.2748	0.1780	0.2088	0.3920	0.1052	0.0932	0.1800	0.1736	0.0312
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.2125	0.3266	0.1338	0.2389	0.3458	0.2920	0.4892	0.2734	0.0807	0.0633
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.3133	0.3981	0.2658	0.4350	0.2661	0.2103	0.2405	0.3740	0.1321	0.0823
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.2777	0.2410	0.2419	0.2942	0.6160	0.1215	0.1642	0.2678	0.2139	0.0617
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.2072	0.2981	0.1255	0.2346	0.3011	0.2712	0.4744	0.2543	0.0790	0.0592
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.3111	0.3997	0.2816	0.4359	0.2591	0.1942	0.2418	0.3966	0.1555	0.1066
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.2623	0.2084	0.2247	0.2724	0.6001	0.1074	0.1571	0.2697	0.2254	0.0679
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.2305	0.3302	0.1353	0.2407	0.3511	0.2962	0.4920	0.2782	0.0836	0.0634
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.3240	0.3989	0.2660	0.4448	0.2806	0.2160	0.2408	0.3785	0.1350	0.0861
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.2798	0.2462	0.2428	0.2954	0.6298	0.1236	0.1666	0.2714	0.2164	0.0650
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.2240	0.3025	0.1264	0.2378	0.3036	0.2727	0.4770	0.2591	0.0831	0.0594
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.3212	0.4014	0.2821	0.4450	0.2769	0.2005	0.2443	0.4060	0.1579	0.1072
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.2677	0.2121	0.2289	0.2735	0.6101	0.1088	0.1581	0.2779	0.2292	0.0697
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.2804	0.3398	0.1372	0.2983	0.3642	0.3151	0.5103	0.2891	0.1041	0.0735
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.3782	0.4685	0.3240	0.4620	0.3286	0.2312	0.2540	0.4166	0.1659	0.0926
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.3017	0.3680	0.2702	0.3325	0.6741	0.1524	0.1711	0.3103	0.2786	0.0732
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.3046	0.4172	0.1332	0.2648	0.3569	0.3709	0.4952	0.2706	0.1068	0.0600
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.3444	0.4877	0.3394	0.5022	0.3909	0.2414	0.2704	0.5387	0.1847	0.1176
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.3333	0.2474	0.2927	0.2856	0.6677	0.1217	0.1955	0.2849	0.3153	0.0706

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 52: Effects on Minimum Outcomes of Female Children of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -spended	Never Su -spended	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Summary	(01) Obs.	53	50	49	48	56	53	47	46	53	50
	(02) Control	0.5000	0.5000	0.6923	0.6923	0.4483	0.4483	0.8000	0.8000	0.4643	0.4643
	(03) Treatment	0.6000	0.6364	0.7826	0.8636	0.5185	0.5833	0.8636	0.9524	0.5600	0.6364
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1000	0.1364	0.0903	0.1713	0.0702	0.1351	0.0636	0.1524	0.0957	0.1721
	(05) COLS	0.0786	0.1480	0.1007	0.2222	0.0836	0.1723	0.0009	0.1139	0.0985	0.1976
	(06) AIPW	0.1586	0.2284	0.1855	0.3304	0.1509	0.2656	0.1079	0.2763	0.1515	0.2841
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.2350	0.1672	0.2562	0.0985	0.3038	0.1686	0.2870	0.0568	0.2468	0.1125
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.2952	0.1650	0.2578	0.0567	0.2824	0.1232	0.4971	0.1250	0.2558	0.0979
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0843	0.0221	0.0476	0.0016	0.0874	0.0090	0.1088	0.0004	0.0930	0.0063
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.2226	0.1524	0.2336	0.0696	0.2917	0.1504	0.2800	0.0501	0.2358	0.0996
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.2918	0.1639	0.2436	0.0481	0.2808	0.1237	0.4970	0.1188	0.2548	0.0980
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.3482	0.1974	0.4855	0.4741	0.3444	0.1210	0.4915	0.4784	0.3535	0.1357
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.2332	0.1560	0.2280	0.0656	0.2944	0.1456	0.2848	0.0472	0.2384	0.1016
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.3036	0.1760	0.2208	0.0532	0.2748	0.1312	0.4548	0.1012	0.2500	0.1100
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.2072	0.1376	0.0852	0.0480	0.1588	0.0832	0.1928	0.0452	0.1636	0.0736
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.1612	0.0916	0.1820	0.0448	0.2360	0.0940	0.2356	0.0080	0.1788	0.0540
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.2304	0.1136	0.2260	0.0256	0.2292	0.0848	0.4612	0.0320	0.2108	0.0644
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.1356	0.0752	0.1412	0.0124	0.1600	0.0388	0.3280	0.0232	0.1932	0.0424
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.2328	0.1708	0.2636	0.1092	0.2932	0.1564	0.3140	0.0764	0.2376	0.1032
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.2896	0.1572	0.2560	0.0664	0.2696	0.1032	0.4928	0.1556	0.2432	0.0792
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.1860	0.1204	0.1780	0.0568	0.1768	0.0672	0.2060	0.0304	0.1840	0.0608
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.2280	0.1616	0.2684	0.1088	0.2892	0.1596	0.2984	0.0676	0.2332	0.0988
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.2960	0.1676	0.2732	0.0804	0.2724	0.1168	0.4928	0.1428	0.2432	0.0884
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.1608	0.0984	0.1640	0.0584	0.1508	0.0564	0.2132	0.0316	0.1548	0.0500
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.3456	0.2733	0.3573	0.1672	0.3889	0.2438	0.4180	0.1499	0.3584	0.1905
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.3766	0.2570	0.3299	0.1117	0.3552	0.1907	0.5716	0.2389	0.3484	0.1694
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.2643	0.2060	0.2545	0.1184	0.2578	0.1143	0.2985	0.0736	0.2844	0.1127
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.3425	0.2621	0.3608	0.1638	0.3874	0.2465	0.3924	0.1325	0.3555	0.1868
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.3840	0.2651	0.3412	0.1245	0.3664	0.2108	0.5716	0.2131	0.3480	0.1796
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.2309	0.1683	0.2390	0.1173	0.2263	0.0948	0.3038	0.0703	0.2442	0.0985
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.3463	0.2750	0.3649	0.1696	0.3944	0.2510	0.4214	0.1583	0.3607	0.1956
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.3831	0.2635	0.3324	0.1130	0.3628	0.1910	0.5775	0.2507	0.3569	0.1746
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.2649	0.2227	0.2554	0.1203	0.2614	0.1153	0.3005	0.0755	0.2891	0.1144
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.3461	0.2647	0.3685	0.1646	0.3925	0.2492	0.3964	0.1374	0.3559	0.1949
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.3857	0.2680	0.3439	0.1284	0.3733	0.2159	0.5775	0.2157	0.3573	0.1849
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.2441	0.1729	0.2395	0.1181	0.2364	0.0992	0.3066	0.0724	0.2448	0.1026
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.4074	0.2828	0.4083	0.1842	0.4100	0.3339	0.5015	0.1783	0.3774	0.2337
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.4046	0.3711	0.3502	0.1130	0.4330	0.2004	0.6023	0.2734	0.3935	0.1860
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.3009	0.3096	0.3469	0.1347	0.3351	0.1596	0.3159	0.0801	0.3023	0.2182
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.4004	0.2854	0.4116	0.1993	0.4132	0.2728	0.4064	0.1422	0.3659	0.2160
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.3945	0.3252	0.3560	0.1699	0.4257	0.2294	0.6023	0.2195	0.3903	0.2019
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.3074	0.2334	0.2409	0.1544	0.3151	0.1425	0.3207	0.0976	0.2663	0.1521

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 52: Effects on Minimum Outcomes of Female Children of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Attended College	Attended College	Attended College	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	55	53	47	60	55	51	60	56	52
	(02) Control	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.2667	0.2759	0.2963	0.2667	0.2667	0.2857
	(03) Treatment	0.3704	0.4000	0.4348	0.2333	0.2692	0.3333	0.2333	0.2692	0.3333
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.1296	-0.1000	-0.0652	-0.0333	-0.0066	0.0370	-0.0333	0.0026	0.0476
	(05) COLS	-0.1630	-0.1400	-0.1323	-0.0427	-0.0204	0.0089	-0.0427	-0.0136	0.0192
	(06) AIPW	-0.1391	-0.0828	-0.0163	0.0548	0.1995	0.2672	0.0548	0.1577	0.2258
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.1948	0.2615	0.3508	0.3924	0.4800	0.3983	0.3924	0.4922	0.3688
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.1462	0.1982	0.2281	0.3478	0.4268	0.4679	0.3478	0.4509	0.4306
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.1320	0.2513	0.4484	0.3254	0.0740	0.0297	0.3254	0.1016	0.0395
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.1599	0.2279	0.3240	0.3825	0.4784	0.3898	0.3825	0.4915	0.3571
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.1279	0.1789	0.2063	0.3492	0.4308	0.4707	0.3492	0.4531	0.4356
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.3645	0.3774	0.4987	0.3728	0.1767	0.1812	0.3728	0.2225	0.1941
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.1568	0.2284	0.3232	0.3756	0.4636	0.4000	0.3756	0.4984	0.3676
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.1340	0.1912	0.2076	0.3528	0.4256	0.4644	0.3528	0.4444	0.4368
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.3028	0.3628	0.4352	0.3204	0.1560	0.0920	0.3204	0.1904	0.1212
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.1132	0.1736	0.2716	0.3584	0.4800	0.3552	0.3584	0.4728	0.3124
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.0876	0.1300	0.1632	0.3028	0.4052	0.4720	0.3028	0.4348	0.4144
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.1184	0.2408	0.3832	0.3524	0.0580	0.0200	0.3524	0.0980	0.0312
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.2172	0.2692	0.3632	0.4484	0.4952	0.3920	0.4484	0.4676	0.3568
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.1584	0.1996	0.2296	0.3996	0.4728	0.4516	0.3996	0.4948	0.4244
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.2552	0.3464	0.4680	0.3252	0.1008	0.0520	0.3252	0.1408	0.0852
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.1996	0.2552	0.3428	0.4316	0.4784	0.3876	0.4316	0.4636	0.3544
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.1564	0.1984	0.2364	0.3896	0.4680	0.4480	0.3896	0.4912	0.4188
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.2320	0.3252	0.4652	0.3368	0.1552	0.1248	0.3368	0.1744	0.1348
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.2999	0.3690	0.4557	0.5413	0.6192	0.4578	0.5413	0.5564	0.4342
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.2538	0.3069	0.3373	0.4842	0.5361	0.5127	0.4842	0.5541	0.4970
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.3613	0.4352	0.5948	0.4174	0.1541	0.0839	0.4174	0.2124	0.1298
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.2892	0.3487	0.4237	0.5255	0.6161	0.4564	0.5255	0.5526	0.4348
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.2567	0.3198	0.3424	0.4745	0.5334	0.5076	0.4745	0.5528	0.4946
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.3348	0.4197	0.5933	0.4246	0.2130	0.1627	0.4246	0.2481	0.1825
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.3037	0.3752	0.4658	0.5445	0.6238	0.4578	0.5445	0.5612	0.4351
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.2654	0.3147	0.3385	0.4922	0.5439	0.5201	0.4922	0.5613	0.5058
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.3670	0.4367	0.5955	0.4200	0.1575	0.0879	0.4200	0.2176	0.1382
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.2932	0.3516	0.4362	0.5287	0.6222	0.4570	0.5287	0.5605	0.4374
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.2696	0.3285	0.3441	0.4832	0.5414	0.5110	0.4832	0.5602	0.5028
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.3426	0.4273	0.5967	0.4256	0.2185	0.1645	0.4256	0.2579	0.1888
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.3301	0.4683	0.5163	0.5607	0.6500	0.5197	0.5607	0.6014	0.4561
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.2980	0.3388	0.3388	0.5176	0.5752	0.5496	0.5176	0.6130	0.5796
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.3895	0.4621	0.6185	0.4200	0.1786	0.0879	0.4200	0.2551	0.1608
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.3302	0.3599	0.5360	0.5361	0.6796	0.5343	0.5361	0.5948	0.4423
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.3584	0.3964	0.3725	0.5118	0.5778	0.5238	0.5118	0.6637	0.5797
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.3700	0.4694	0.6119	0.4422	0.2614	0.1700	0.4422	0.2880	0.2053

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 52: Effects on Minimum Outcomes of Female Children of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	60	56	52	62	59	54	47	46	42
	(02) Control	0.2000	0.2000	0.2143	0.1563	0.1563	0.1667	0.7917	0.8000	0.7826
	(03) Treatment	0.2333	0.2692	0.3333	0.1667	0.1852	0.2500	0.8261	0.8095	0.7895
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0333	0.0692	0.1190	0.0104	0.0289	0.0833	0.0344	0.0095	0.0069
	(05) COLS	0.0399	0.0744	0.1131	0.0259	0.0389	0.0813	0.0069	-0.0129	-0.0481
	(06) AIPW	0.1259	0.2288	0.3113	0.0332	0.0512	0.1503	-0.0099	0.0094	-0.0401
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.3891	0.2932	0.1953	0.4625	0.4025	0.2647	0.3872	0.4692	0.4797
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.3527	0.2461	0.1537	0.3981	0.3525	0.2276	0.4775	0.4588	0.3716
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.1418	0.0281	0.0073	0.3611	0.2876	0.0508	0.4603	0.4627	0.3609
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.3755	0.2738	0.1699	0.4540	0.3833	0.2232	0.3789	0.4672	0.4781
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.3521	0.2547	0.1709	0.3869	0.3421	0.2145	0.4766	0.4577	0.3645
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.2061	0.1171	0.0925	0.3964	0.3468	0.2341	0.4915	0.4920	0.4862
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.3696	0.2632	0.1616	0.4512	0.3780	0.2156	0.3952	0.4772	0.4872
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.3420	0.2528	0.1584	0.3720	0.3352	0.2144	0.4904	0.4484	0.3592
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.1512	0.0904	0.0372	0.3484	0.3024	0.1320	0.4104	0.4792	0.3720
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.3504	0.2160	0.1204	0.4432	0.3632	0.1680	0.3520	0.4604	0.4772
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.3316	0.1988	0.1068	0.3708	0.3144	0.1636	0.4540	0.4604	0.3380
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.1504	0.0276	0.0060	0.3672	0.3108	0.0860	0.4804	0.4244	0.4128
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.3740	0.2740	0.1896	0.4628	0.4092	0.2736	0.3792	0.4540	0.4836
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.3396	0.2476	0.1804	0.3980	0.3596	0.2708	0.4616	0.4684	0.3892
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.1804	0.0620	0.0252	0.3956	0.3604	0.1928	0.4892	0.4736	0.4376
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.3700	0.2724	0.1912	0.4584	0.4108	0.2868	0.3620	0.4528	0.4816
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.3292	0.2308	0.1588	0.3916	0.3500	0.2496	0.4604	0.4688	0.3900
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.2000	0.0960	0.0628	0.3868	0.3476	0.1764	0.4888	0.4740	0.4384
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.4412	0.3484	0.2304	0.5217	0.4668	0.3212	0.5206	0.6197	0.6467
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.4183	0.3206	0.2159	0.4684	0.4347	0.3193	0.6395	0.5490	0.4601
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.2398	0.1103	0.0531	0.4685	0.4278	0.2551	0.5645	0.6652	0.5207
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.4407	0.3430	0.2325	0.5164	0.4662	0.3439	0.5140	0.6190	0.6467
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.4060	0.3099	0.1968	0.4666	0.4199	0.3051	0.6389	0.5470	0.4624
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.2622	0.1472	0.1014	0.4571	0.4221	0.2354	0.5628	0.6658	0.5192
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.4414	0.3511	0.2322	0.5220	0.4682	0.3272	0.5271	0.6256	0.6545
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.4197	0.3317	0.2198	0.4688	0.4363	0.3225	0.6487	0.5673	0.4643
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.2435	0.1144	0.0555	0.4702	0.4334	0.2554	0.5649	0.6674	0.5230
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.4410	0.3490	0.2335	0.5183	0.4670	0.3448	0.5308	0.6317	0.6545
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.4084	0.3250	0.2026	0.4679	0.4204	0.3101	0.6472	0.5665	0.4628
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.2629	0.1482	0.1040	0.4577	0.4300	0.2409	0.5664	0.6663	0.5252
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.5176	0.3989	0.2567	0.5418	0.4743	0.3621	0.6044	0.7402	0.6545
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.4564	0.4069	0.3301	0.4778	0.5204	0.3482	0.7558	0.6022	0.4939
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.3157	0.1295	0.0633	0.4906	0.4896	0.2557	0.6078	0.6895	0.5561
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.4763	0.4502	0.2702	0.5719	0.4761	0.3468	0.5795	0.6971	0.6545
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.4365	0.4486	0.2143	0.4725	0.4660	0.3634	0.6889	0.6043	0.5079
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.3249	0.1565	0.1237	0.4746	0.4710	0.2882	0.6078	0.7292	0.5749

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 52: Effects on Minimum Outcomes of Female Children of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	58	54	60	55	49	44	53	48	45	39
	(02) Control	0.2258	0.2069	0.0938	0.1000	0.6667	0.6250	0.4483	0.4286	0.9167	0.9048
	(03) Treatment	0.0741	0.1200	0.0357	0.0400	0.5909	0.5500	0.4583	0.3500	0.9048	0.8889
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.1517	-0.0869	-0.0580	-0.0600	-0.0758	-0.0750	0.0101	-0.0786	-0.0119	-0.0159
	(05) COLS	-0.1669	-0.1190	-0.0516	-0.0528	-0.1119	-0.1701	0.0034	-0.1283	0.0302	0.0141
	(06) AIPW	-0.1525	-0.1485	-0.0490	-0.0627	-0.1286	-0.2024	0.0469	-0.0612	0.1182	0.0404
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.0471	0.1923	0.1744	0.1851	0.3051	0.3203	0.4709	0.2895	0.4455	0.4372
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.0344	0.1284	0.2135	0.2161	0.2274	0.1412	0.4907	0.1988	0.3981	0.4618
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0233	0.0352	0.2102	0.1549	0.1411	0.0566	0.3460	0.3300	0.0712	0.3318
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.0443	0.1824	0.1663	0.1766	0.2914	0.3035	0.4694	0.2797	0.4430	0.4340
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.0397	0.1300	0.2166	0.2220	0.2185	0.1229	0.4904	0.1912	0.3978	0.4606
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.1775	0.2730	0.3225	0.3433	0.3888	0.3841	0.4536	0.4648	0.3437	0.4127
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.0460	0.1856	0.1776	0.1848	0.2872	0.3052	0.4732	0.2844	0.4636	0.4616
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.0356	0.1240	0.2176	0.2172	0.1984	0.1096	0.4912	0.1776	0.4088	0.4732
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.1112	0.2348	0.2568	0.2740	0.2220	0.1564	0.4424	0.3072	0.2652	0.4360
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0084	0.1116	0.0756	0.0916	0.2408	0.2524	0.4576	0.2220	0.4184	0.3972
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.0060	0.0644	0.1292	0.1368	0.1924	0.0948	0.4708	0.1636	0.3952	0.4608
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.0484	0.0888	0.2292	0.2204	0.2584	0.1832	0.3372	0.4944	0.1052	0.3660
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.0688	0.2236	0.2244	0.2460	0.3120	0.3336	0.4760	0.3204	0.4736	0.4764
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.0496	0.1524	0.2592	0.2660	0.1948	0.1328	0.4888	0.2072	0.3692	0.4472
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.1048	0.1636	0.2896	0.2560	0.2200	0.1672	0.3980	0.3972	0.1140	0.4052
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.0624	0.2012	0.2156	0.2360	0.3116	0.3332	0.4620	0.3144	0.4720	0.4748
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.0424	0.1484	0.2628	0.2584	0.2104	0.1420	0.4888	0.2100	0.3964	0.4612
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.0828	0.1428	0.2992	0.2552	0.2152	0.1760	0.3892	0.4036	0.1712	0.4292
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.1206	0.2851	0.3308	0.3672	0.3959	0.3825	0.5962	0.3234	0.5996	0.5527
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.1100	0.2487	0.3878	0.4053	0.3298	0.2087	0.6108	0.2597	0.4425	0.5262
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.1954	0.3303	0.4846	0.5290	0.3531	0.2894	0.4959	0.4852	0.1583	0.4683
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.1117	0.2616	0.3151	0.3486	0.3959	0.3825	0.5871	0.3153	0.5958	0.5527
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.1045	0.2428	0.4182	0.4042	0.3436	0.2161	0.6135	0.2624	0.4610	0.5336
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.1788	0.2947	0.5146	0.5340	0.3526	0.2955	0.4830	0.4932	0.2161	0.4864
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.1215	0.2871	0.3369	0.3678	0.3977	0.3943	0.6073	0.3250	0.6079	0.5557
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.1102	0.2488	0.3976	0.4094	0.3366	0.2104	0.6148	0.2709	0.4485	0.5335
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.1980	0.3357	0.4876	0.5322	0.3543	0.2920	0.4999	0.4910	0.1590	0.4855
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.1136	0.2662	0.3185	0.3507	0.3977	0.3943	0.5977	0.3187	0.6030	0.5557
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.1051	0.2448	0.4226	0.4066	0.3577	0.2209	0.6203	0.2664	0.4684	0.5349
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.1790	0.2960	0.5170	0.5357	0.3567	0.3013	0.4880	0.5004	0.2271	0.5011
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.1542	0.3004	0.3554	0.3680	0.4113	0.4019	0.6442	0.4026	0.6852	0.6216
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.1827	0.3000	0.4398	0.4172	0.3473	0.2450	0.6770	0.3195	0.4859	0.5780
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.2268	0.3487	0.4952	0.5391	0.4096	0.3103	0.5156	0.5241	0.1683	0.5119
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.1216	0.3372	0.3351	0.3595	0.4787	0.4020	0.6144	0.3450	0.6402	0.6027
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.1064	0.2503	0.4596	0.4525	0.4330	0.2505	0.6770	0.2974	0.5061	0.5763
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.1792	0.3212	0.5315	0.5432	0.3870	0.3482	0.5594	0.5926	0.2582	0.5538

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 52: Effects on Minimum Outcomes of Female Children of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Summary	(01) Obs.	49	44	53	48	55	50	64	57	61	55
	(02) Control	0.6667	0.6250	0.4483	0.4286	0.6429	0.3600	0.2188	0.2667	0.0323	0.0690
	(03) Treatment	0.5455	0.5000	0.4167	0.3000	0.4815	0.3200	0.3438	0.3704	0.1667	0.1154
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.1212	-0.1250	-0.0316	-0.1286	-0.1614	-0.0400	0.1250	0.1037	0.1344	0.0464
	(05) COLS	-0.1608	-0.2208	-0.0360	-0.1730	-0.1814	-0.0732	0.0890	0.0975	0.1458	0.0635
	(06) AIPW	-0.1544	-0.2247	0.0296	-0.0802	-0.1346	0.0229	0.1272	0.1277	0.1247	0.0542
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.2095	0.2198	0.4086	0.1759	0.1160	0.3841	0.1261	0.2057	0.0403	0.2841
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.1413	0.0819	0.4017	0.1207	0.0937	0.2971	0.2339	0.2324	0.0563	0.2145
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0995	0.0406	0.4005	0.2811	0.1144	0.4216	0.1098	0.1356	0.0462	0.2041
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.1844	0.1881	0.4014	0.1562	0.1088	0.3782	0.1155	0.1854	0.0338	0.2699
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.1272	0.0610	0.3967	0.1081	0.0906	0.2894	0.2277	0.2067	0.0481	0.1958
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.3668	0.3718	0.4705	0.4538	0.3327	0.4997	0.2082	0.3218	0.0911	0.4072
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.1748	0.1872	0.3972	0.1536	0.1116	0.3860	0.1168	0.1888	0.0336	0.2756
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.1052	0.0524	0.3656	0.0924	0.0860	0.2712	0.2392	0.2052	0.0508	0.2072
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.1628	0.1216	0.4788	0.2740	0.2052	0.4908	0.1700	0.2396	0.0756	0.2596
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.1252	0.1320	0.3564	0.1040	0.0680	0.3420	0.0572	0.1312	0.0020	0.2084
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.1024	0.0508	0.3872	0.0840	0.0600	0.2652	0.1564	0.1564	0.0116	0.1320
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.2208	0.1696	0.3864	0.4808	0.1668	0.3980	0.1344	0.1556	0.0468	0.2024
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.2124	0.2328	0.4364	0.2184	0.1204	0.3876	0.1452	0.2208	0.0488	0.3272
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.1176	0.0856	0.4080	0.1308	0.0956	0.3016	0.2504	0.2560	0.0432	0.2356
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.1820	0.1456	0.4292	0.3692	0.2108	0.4280	0.1932	0.2372	0.0712	0.2692
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.2116	0.2320	0.4236	0.2064	0.1128	0.3832	0.1404	0.2072	0.0440	0.3248
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.1308	0.0948	0.4104	0.1348	0.0924	0.2936	0.2608	0.2532	0.0632	0.2244
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.1816	0.1564	0.4216	0.3800	0.1904	0.4252	0.1808	0.2352	0.0820	0.2624
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.2937	0.2683	0.4725	0.2201	0.1816	0.5368	0.2097	0.2797	0.0890	0.3180
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.2157	0.1194	0.4616	0.1731	0.1558	0.3963	0.2910	0.2881	0.0788	0.2955
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.2997	0.2529	0.5221	0.4504	0.2761	0.5389	0.2547	0.2835	0.1347	0.3552
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.2937	0.2660	0.4587	0.2111	0.1647	0.5331	0.1995	0.2674	0.0842	0.3155
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.2331	0.1363	0.4601	0.1758	0.1526	0.3879	0.3069	0.2901	0.1079	0.2900
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.2962	0.2662	0.5217	0.4532	0.2470	0.5414	0.2406	0.2874	0.1486	0.3410
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.2988	0.2692	0.4778	0.2237	0.1834	0.5513	0.2169	0.2858	0.0926	0.3210
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.2173	0.1204	0.4675	0.1736	0.1600	0.3964	0.2985	0.2956	0.0794	0.2962
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.3013	0.2607	0.5245	0.4550	0.2769	0.5435	0.2579	0.2861	0.1435	0.3581
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.2947	0.2680	0.4611	0.2170	0.1668	0.5473	0.2062	0.2743	0.0859	0.3205
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.2354	0.1380	0.4650	0.1763	0.1579	0.3921	0.3093	0.2921	0.1175	0.2929
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.2965	0.2678	0.5281	0.4543	0.2479	0.5459	0.2460	0.2904	0.1519	0.3457
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.3104	0.3202	0.5397	0.2631	0.1890	0.5595	0.2425	0.3249	0.1105	0.3464
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.2186	0.1421	0.5147	0.1912	0.1800	0.4036	0.3373	0.3359	0.1051	0.3173
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.4604	0.3346	0.5571	0.4774	0.3134	0.5693	0.2962	0.3104	0.1873	0.3769
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.3183	0.3209	0.5148	0.2598	0.1871	0.5668	0.2834	0.3217	0.0947	0.4574
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.2499	0.1529	0.4932	0.1822	0.1899	0.4428	0.3580	0.3231	0.1284	0.3093
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.2969	0.2885	0.6315	0.4668	0.2725	0.5649	0.2784	0.3049	0.1661	0.3819

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 53: Effects on Minimum Outcomes of Pooled Children of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -sponded	Never Su -sponded	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Summary	(01) Obs.	34	31	35	32	36	33	33	30	35	32
	(02) Control	0.3529	0.3529	0.5882	0.6250	0.2632	0.2632	0.7059	0.7500	0.2778	0.2778
	(03) Treatment	0.4706	0.4286	0.7222	0.7500	0.4118	0.4286	0.8750	0.9286	0.4118	0.4286
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1176	0.0756	0.1340	0.1250	0.1486	0.1654	0.1691	0.1786	0.1340	0.1508
	(05) COLS	0.1363	0.1058	0.2211	0.2455	0.1794	0.1979	0.1925	0.2369	0.1680	0.1877
	(06) AIPW	0.1813	0.1563	0.3757	0.3718	0.1957	0.2328	0.3645	0.3945	0.1752	0.2252
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.2351	0.3305	0.2146	0.2348	0.1670	0.1582	0.1221	0.0931	0.1953	0.1836
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.2086	0.2761	0.1145	0.1012	0.1304	0.1192	0.1185	0.0702	0.1496	0.1358
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.1255	0.1332	0.0024	0.0041	0.1089	0.0414	0.0013	0.0005	0.1425	0.0494
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.2409	0.3347	0.2058	0.2209	0.1714	0.1631	0.1128	0.0832	0.2017	0.1903
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.2214	0.2910	0.1100	0.0924	0.1384	0.1317	0.1130	0.0663	0.1610	0.1507
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.3260	0.2884	0.0423	0.0495	0.2382	0.1425	0.0280	0.0158	0.3134	0.1614
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.2344	0.3292	0.2068	0.2348	0.1664	0.1632	0.1096	0.0920	0.2008	0.1876
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.2292	0.3052	0.1164	0.1104	0.1256	0.1204	0.1136	0.0780	0.1476	0.1396
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.1816	0.2372	0.0356	0.0352	0.1256	0.1148	0.0324	0.0276	0.1416	0.1260
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.1792	0.2812	0.1616	0.1644	0.1136	0.1156	0.0632	0.0316	0.1420	0.1360
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.1504	0.2208	0.0668	0.0544	0.1036	0.0996	0.0536	0.0296	0.1216	0.1108
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.1096	0.1396	0.0096	0.0128	0.1268	0.0572	0.0056	0.0104	0.1816	0.0672
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.2520	0.3564	0.2196	0.2384	0.1868	0.1484	0.1316	0.0912	0.2036	0.1716
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.2292	0.2976	0.1268	0.1052	0.1416	0.1228	0.1156	0.0600	0.1668	0.1428
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.1856	0.2384	0.0708	0.0712	0.1516	0.1032	0.0356	0.0160	0.1828	0.1136
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.2480	0.3520	0.2412	0.2308	0.1820	0.1656	0.1304	0.0832	0.2200	0.1992
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.2204	0.2852	0.1324	0.1160	0.1368	0.1240	0.1280	0.0688	0.1568	0.1380
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.1876	0.2104	0.0492	0.0600	0.1628	0.0872	0.0300	0.0140	0.1884	0.0984
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.3475	0.4322	0.2597	0.2733	0.2802	0.2336	0.2046	0.1762	0.2863	0.2589
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.2976	0.3835	0.1678	0.1719	0.2051	0.1995	0.1827	0.1147	0.2395	0.2271
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.2681	0.3128	0.1091	0.1201	0.2295	0.1737	0.0641	0.0501	0.2642	0.1938
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.3447	0.4292	0.2808	0.2715	0.2768	0.2538	0.2046	0.1704	0.3082	0.2943
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.2971	0.3699	0.1771	0.1700	0.2019	0.2087	0.1887	0.1353	0.2327	0.2286
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.2608	0.2890	0.0810	0.0994	0.2368	0.1553	0.0632	0.0474	0.2904	0.1692
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.3493	0.4398	0.2676	0.2804	0.2811	0.2363	0.2082	0.1826	0.2865	0.2619
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.3026	0.3986	0.1706	0.1750	0.2147	0.2037	0.1847	0.1207	0.2482	0.2314
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.2845	0.3137	0.1096	0.1236	0.2375	0.1749	0.0650	0.0523	0.2709	0.1981
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.3454	0.4345	0.2847	0.2780	0.2789	0.2550	0.2082	0.1728	0.3085	0.2964
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.3013	0.3852	0.1942	0.1704	0.2107	0.2101	0.1949	0.1403	0.2377	0.2291
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.2688	0.2979	0.0826	0.1002	0.2450	0.1577	0.0657	0.0502	0.3053	0.1807
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.3581	0.4468	0.3365	0.3357	0.2886	0.2569	0.2130	0.2526	0.2923	0.2744
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.3347	0.4703	0.2102	0.1973	0.2532	0.2375	0.1847	0.2248	0.2787	0.2821
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.3864	0.3224	0.1266	0.1470	0.2648	0.1838	0.0722	0.0650	0.2926	0.2338
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.3568	0.4437	0.2966	0.2916	0.2885	0.2693	0.2193	0.1932	0.3160	0.3119
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.3213	0.4459	0.2312	0.2159	0.2507	0.2702	0.2065	0.1570	0.2710	0.2309
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.2932	0.3053	0.1169	0.1414	0.2920	0.2038	0.0770	0.0592	0.4231	0.2601

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 53: Effects on Minimum Outcomes of Pooled Children of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Attended College	Attended College	Attended College	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	40	37	33	38	33	31	39	35	33
	(02) Control	0.2500	0.2632	0.1765	0.1667	0.1765	0.2000	0.1579	0.1579	0.1765
	(03) Treatment	0.2000	0.1667	0.1250	0.2500	0.2500	0.5000	0.2500	0.2500	0.5000
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.0500	-0.0965	-0.0515	0.0833	0.0735	0.3000	0.0921	0.0921	0.3235
	(05) COLS	-0.0021	-0.0608	-0.0049	0.0786	0.0831	0.2564	0.0846	0.0912	0.2718
	(06) AIPW	-0.0461	-0.0901	-0.0457	0.0865	0.1290	0.4344	0.1013	0.1414	0.4093
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.3552	0.2414	0.3419	0.2501	0.2915	0.0241	0.2241	0.2385	0.0138
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.4937	0.3285	0.4847	0.2644	0.2782	0.0342	0.2440	0.2487	0.0203
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.3330	0.1945	0.3158	0.2112	0.1426	0.0046	0.1731	0.1107	0.0022
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.3531	0.2372	0.3417	0.2508	0.2953	0.0299	0.2243	0.2396	0.0165
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.4937	0.3307	0.4856	0.2773	0.2873	0.0486	0.2557	0.2580	0.0320
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.3806	0.2749	0.3857	0.2984	0.2647	0.0176	0.2462	0.2206	0.0089
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.3560	0.2368	0.3608	0.2572	0.3040	0.0320	0.2240	0.2424	0.0208
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.4988	0.3284	0.4804	0.2712	0.2908	0.0456	0.2544	0.2692	0.0280
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.4048	0.2948	0.4240	0.1876	0.1348	0.0132	0.1476	0.1156	0.0092
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.3132	0.1712	0.3004	0.1880	0.2400	0.0180	0.1532	0.1628	0.0112
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.4900	0.2884	0.4500	0.2188	0.2372	0.0432	0.1984	0.1944	0.0228
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.3328	0.2144	0.3036	0.2628	0.1964	0.0044	0.1956	0.1456	0.0036
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.3492	0.2308	0.3656	0.2572	0.3008	0.0396	0.2312	0.2420	0.0212
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.4640	0.2924	0.4740	0.2792	0.2764	0.0660	0.2544	0.2400	0.0436
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.3516	0.2308	0.3628	0.2668	0.2188	0.0108	0.2328	0.1688	0.0108
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.3492	0.2388	0.3656	0.2552	0.3004	0.0392	0.2264	0.2376	0.0200
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.4640	0.2916	0.4740	0.2612	0.2656	0.0480	0.2348	0.2360	0.0348
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.3372	0.2104	0.3428	0.2504	0.2120	0.0420	0.2168	0.1632	0.0276
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.5368	0.4072	0.5368	0.3862	0.3936	0.0722	0.3581	0.3502	0.0491
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.5998	0.4501	0.5795	0.3858	0.3739	0.0994	0.3720	0.3539	0.0868
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.4743	0.3613	0.4761	0.3644	0.3051	0.0246	0.3234	0.2677	0.0192
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.5368	0.4245	0.5368	0.3854	0.3900	0.0717	0.3505	0.3455	0.0481
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.5998	0.4315	0.5800	0.3687	0.3718	0.0869	0.3553	0.3458	0.0696
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.4666	0.3491	0.4617	0.3541	0.3010	0.0623	0.3091	0.2565	0.0476
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.5472	0.4131	0.5413	0.3878	0.4012	0.0736	0.3668	0.3527	0.0510
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.6077	0.4602	0.5827	0.3876	0.3830	0.0995	0.3760	0.3549	0.0872
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.4751	0.3668	0.4803	0.3763	0.3060	0.0275	0.3265	0.2722	0.0210
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.5472	0.4335	0.5413	0.3869	0.3978	0.0731	0.3597	0.3456	0.0498
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.6077	0.4333	0.5830	0.3720	0.3749	0.0893	0.3566	0.3480	0.0697
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.4710	0.3535	0.4681	0.3648	0.3046	0.0651	0.3135	0.2644	0.0509
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.6254	0.4480	0.5566	0.4327	0.4419	0.0815	0.3963	0.3703	0.0601
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.6077	0.4665	0.5934	0.4466	0.4174	0.1058	0.3766	0.4589	0.0877
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.5023	0.3741	0.5082	0.4240	0.3288	0.0384	0.3423	0.3232	0.0354
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.6254	0.4864	0.5566	0.4024	0.4451	0.0815	0.3748	0.3608	0.0592
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.6077	0.4664	0.5958	0.3724	0.4131	0.1123	0.3567	0.3614	0.0749
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.4864	0.3719	0.4681	0.4039	0.3454	0.0808	0.3455	0.3096	0.0855

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 53: Effects on Minimum Outcomes of Pooled Children of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	39	36	33	41	39	35	32	29	26
	(02) Control	0.1579	0.1579	0.1765	0.0476	0.0476	0.0526	0.8125	0.8000	0.7692
	(03) Treatment	0.2500	0.2353	0.4375	0.0500	0.0000	0.0625	0.8750	0.8571	0.8462
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0921	0.0774	0.2610	0.0024	-0.0476	0.0099	0.0625	0.0571	0.0769
	(05) COLS	0.0846	0.0735	0.2245	0.0361	-0.0139	0.0388	0.1266	0.1392	0.1459
	(06) AIPW	0.1013	0.1078	0.3479	0.0039	-0.0300	0.0230	0.2331	0.2385	0.2100
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.2241	0.2689	0.0370	0.4863	0.1605	0.4522	0.3141	0.3431	0.3115
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.2440	0.2804	0.0519	0.2566	0.2648	0.2841	0.1894	0.1830	0.2484
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.1731	0.1638	0.0078	0.4674	0.1561	0.3588	0.0262	0.0281	0.0727
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.2243	0.2679	0.0409	0.4857	0.1488	0.4519	0.3103	0.3395	0.3089
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.2557	0.2900	0.0716	0.2619	0.2921	0.2968	0.1932	0.1943	0.2473
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.2462	0.2267	0.0289	0.4725	0.2301	0.4009	0.1552	0.1652	0.3066
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.2240	0.2740	0.0420	0.5404	0.3628	0.5164	0.3232	0.3576	0.3180
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.2544	0.3028	0.0648	0.3088	0.5264	0.3404	0.2060	0.2036	0.2596
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.1476	0.1620	0.0204	0.4812	0.4112	0.4136	0.1544	0.1604	0.1924
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.1532	0.1980	0.0200	0.4384	0.0020	0.4632	0.2856	0.3276	0.2856
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.1984	0.2280	0.0456	0.2532	0.0736	0.3240	0.1220	0.1172	0.1972
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.1956	0.1796	0.0108	0.4032	0.0560	0.4728	0.0288	0.0340	0.1280
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.2312	0.2692	0.0512	0.4912	0.2820	0.5356	0.3260	0.3580	0.3148
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.2544	0.2804	0.0880	0.2824	0.4488	0.3584	0.1784	0.1824	0.2044
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.2328	0.2148	0.0284	0.4996	0.3896	0.4524	0.1112	0.1068	0.1440
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.2264	0.2624	0.0428	0.4844	0.2948	0.5088	0.2892	0.3300	0.2856
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.2348	0.2624	0.0668	0.2584	0.4500	0.3124	0.1968	0.1912	0.2568
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.2168	0.2016	0.0468	0.4908	0.2304	0.4280	0.1164	0.1140	0.1600
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.3581	0.3755	0.0868	0.6664	0.6130	0.5897	0.3889	0.4107	0.3907
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.3720	0.4023	0.1354	0.3947	0.9259	0.4073	0.2490	0.2407	0.2631
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.3234	0.3237	0.0531	0.6126	0.8092	0.5048	0.1793	0.1590	0.1877
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.3505	0.3722	0.0861	0.6202	0.6860	0.5324	0.3635	0.3868	0.3591
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.3553	0.3689	0.1141	0.3550	0.9433	0.3581	0.2655	0.2441	0.3091
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.3091	0.3082	0.0941	0.6007	0.6351	0.4772	0.1810	0.1644	0.2166
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.3668	0.3779	0.0901	0.6767	0.6230	0.5933	0.3921	0.4171	0.3926
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.3760	0.4084	0.1373	0.3985	0.9259	0.4109	0.2504	0.2444	0.2687
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.3265	0.3308	0.0580	0.6135	0.8095	0.5128	0.1800	0.1607	0.1899
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.3597	0.3739	0.0912	0.6252	0.6895	0.5332	0.3686	0.3933	0.3603
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.3566	0.3716	0.1163	0.3586	0.9463	0.3587	0.2666	0.2447	0.3143
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.3135	0.3123	0.1023	0.6010	0.6408	0.4818	0.1863	0.1738	0.2203
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.3963	0.3885	0.1117	0.7792	0.7356	0.6883	0.4059	0.4377	0.4355
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.3766	0.4466	0.1590	0.4169	0.9292	0.4326	0.2674	0.2465	0.2993
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.3423	0.3361	0.0939	0.6300	0.8110	0.6123	0.1831	0.1749	0.2316
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.3748	0.4116	0.1668	0.6363	0.8384	0.5641	0.4012	0.4202	0.3686
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.3567	0.4259	0.1356	0.3908	0.9548	0.3748	0.3120	0.2844	0.3724
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.3455	0.3255	0.1505	0.6285	0.6939	0.5096	0.2297	0.2220	0.2579

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 53: Effects on Minimum Outcomes of Pooled Children of the Male Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	39	35	39	35	33	30	33	29	29	26
	(02) Control	0.0952	0.0526	0.0476	0.0526	0.4444	0.4000	0.2778	0.2500	0.8000	0.7692
	(03) Treatment	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.4667	0.5333	0.4000	0.3846	0.8571	0.8462
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.0952	-0.0526	-0.0476	-0.0526	0.0222	0.1333	0.1222	0.1346	0.0571	0.0769
	(05) COLS	-0.0314	-0.0184	-0.0139	-0.0184	0.0756	0.0982	0.1194	0.0838	0.0556	-0.0173
	(06) AIPW	-0.0556	-0.0316	-0.0300	-0.0316	0.1425	0.2041	0.1663	0.1801	0.1931	0.0870
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.0760	0.1610	0.1605	0.1610	0.4460	0.2131	0.2256	0.2149	0.3355	0.2999
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.1764	0.2469	0.2648	0.2469	0.3283	0.2831	0.2332	0.3082	0.3425	0.4637
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0552	0.1590	0.1561	0.1590	0.1345	0.0601	0.1070	0.1101	0.0383	0.2576
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.0707	0.1477	0.1488	0.1477	0.4478	0.2241	0.2239	0.2067	0.3376	0.3076
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.1962	0.2753	0.2921	0.2753	0.3366	0.2982	0.2461	0.3208	0.3678	0.4687
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.1458	0.2790	0.2301	0.2790	0.2421	0.1936	0.2154	0.2793	0.2279	0.3899
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.1272	0.3628	0.3628	0.3628	0.4596	0.2216	0.2240	0.1960	0.3428	0.3156
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.2848	0.5044	0.5264	0.5044	0.3556	0.2828	0.2596	0.3332	0.3740	0.4692
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.1684	0.4512	0.4112	0.4512	0.1884	0.1252	0.1816	0.2012	0.3096	0.4452
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0004	0.0020	0.0020	0.0020	0.4296	0.1696	0.1588	0.1472	0.3192	0.2872
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.0196	0.0544	0.0736	0.0544	0.2644	0.2368	0.1664	0.2400	0.3320	0.4548
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.0168	0.0944	0.0560	0.0944	0.1284	0.0872	0.1016	0.1136	0.0564	0.2624
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.1364	0.2704	0.2820	0.2704	0.4648	0.2276	0.2716	0.2476	0.3444	0.3140
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.2652	0.4352	0.4488	0.4352	0.3368	0.3176	0.2564	0.3272	0.3072	0.4824
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.2272	0.4060	0.3896	0.4060	0.2276	0.1484	0.2008	0.1988	0.1040	0.2980
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.1416	0.2884	0.2948	0.2884	0.4580	0.2236	0.2716	0.2364	0.3088	0.2760
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.2240	0.4364	0.4500	0.4364	0.3272	0.3020	0.2484	0.3108	0.3204	0.4932
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.0972	0.2640	0.2304	0.2640	0.1912	0.1268	0.1812	0.1956	0.1216	0.3208
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.4066	0.6416	0.6130	0.6416	0.4893	0.2372	0.3381	0.3735	0.4484	0.4239
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.6339	0.8797	0.9259	0.8797	0.3404	0.2500	0.3152	0.4180	0.3753	0.6046
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.5740	0.8451	0.8092	0.8451	0.2629	0.1218	0.2660	0.2729	0.1470	0.3426
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.4650	0.7066	0.6860	0.7066	0.4866	0.2372	0.3381	0.3663	0.3963	0.3647
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.6268	0.8890	0.9433	0.8890	0.3354	0.2351	0.3059	0.3991	0.3847	0.6099
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.3411	0.6849	0.6351	0.6849	0.2229	0.0976	0.2385	0.2746	0.1789	0.3698
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.4105	0.6432	0.6230	0.6432	0.4938	0.2372	0.3396	0.3817	0.4596	0.4256
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.6347	0.8838	0.9259	0.8838	0.3412	0.2575	0.3242	0.4262	0.3825	0.6087
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.5754	0.8459	0.8095	0.8459	0.2645	0.1255	0.2708	0.2740	0.1507	0.3463
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.4665	0.7100	0.6895	0.7100	0.4975	0.2372	0.3396	0.3706	0.3973	0.3741
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.6274	0.8954	0.9463	0.8954	0.3368	0.2404	0.3087	0.4070	0.3890	0.6117
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.3479	0.6856	0.6408	0.6856	0.2313	0.1052	0.2408	0.2747	0.1838	0.3742
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.4348	0.6432	0.7356	0.6432	0.5057	0.2692	0.3444	0.3950	0.5148	0.4924
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.6541	0.9111	0.9292	0.9111	0.4285	0.2686	0.3528	0.4840	0.4582	0.6231
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.5890	0.8934	0.8110	0.8934	0.2984	0.1591	0.3221	0.2859	0.1840	0.3661
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.4709	0.7472	0.8384	0.7472	0.5721	0.2390	0.3444	0.3706	0.4184	0.4346
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.6282	0.9454	0.9548	0.9454	0.3513	0.2667	0.3408	0.4247	0.4094	0.6553
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.3551	0.6877	0.6939	0.6877	0.2823	0.1351	0.2729	0.2749	0.2035	0.3873

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 53: Effects on Minimum Outcomes of Pooled Children of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Summary	(01) Obs.	33	30	33	29	36	30	41	40	40	38
	(02) Control	0.4444	0.4000	0.2778	0.2500	0.6316	0.4286	0.1905	0.2857	0.0000	0.0476
	(03) Treatment	0.4667	0.5333	0.4000	0.3846	0.4706	0.3125	0.3500	0.4211	0.2105	0.1176
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0222	0.1333	0.1222	0.1346	-0.1610	-0.1161	0.1595	0.1353	0.2105	0.0700
	(05) COLS	0.0756	0.0982	0.1194	0.0838	-0.1765	-0.0180	0.1203	0.0881	0.1953	0.0841
	(06) AIPW	0.1425	0.2041	0.1663	0.1801	-0.1686	0.1709	0.0614	0.0681	0.1660	0.0730
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.4460	0.2131	0.2256	0.2149	0.1748	0.2627	0.1285	0.2033	0.0153	0.2272
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.3283	0.2831	0.2332	0.3082	0.0918	0.4616	0.2076	0.3068	0.0166	0.1264
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.1345	0.0601	0.1070	0.1101	0.0644	0.1068	0.2966	0.3119	0.0126	0.1293
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.4478	0.2241	0.2239	0.2067	0.1625	0.2541	0.1059	0.1629	0.0128	0.2280
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.3366	0.2982	0.2461	0.3208	0.0842	0.4623	0.1904	0.2831	0.0163	0.1307
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.2421	0.1936	0.2154	0.2793	0.1404	0.4983	0.3379	0.3381	0.0310	0.2329
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.4596	0.2216	0.2240	0.1960	0.1840	0.2648	0.1092	0.1608	0.0152	0.2416
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.3556	0.2828	0.2596	0.3332	0.0968	0.4384	0.1920	0.2992	0.0152	0.1536
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.1884	0.1252	0.1816	0.2012	0.1836	0.2176	0.2688	0.2916	0.0184	0.2360
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.4296	0.1696	0.1588	0.1472	0.0932	0.1956	0.0584	0.1244	0.0152	0.1640
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.2644	0.2368	0.1664	0.2400	0.0284	0.4864	0.1320	0.2200	0.0152	0.0664
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.1284	0.0872	0.1016	0.1136	0.0360	0.1164	0.3488	0.3172	0.0208	0.1636
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.4648	0.2276	0.2716	0.2476	0.1592	0.2900	0.1788	0.2484	0.0204	0.2612
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.3368	0.3176	0.2564	0.3272	0.1136	0.4772	0.2688	0.3384	0.0344	0.2020
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.2276	0.1484	0.2008	0.1988	0.1164	0.1632	0.4092	0.3844	0.0460	0.2488
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.4580	0.2236	0.2716	0.2364	0.1452	0.2900	0.1764	0.2428	0.0188	0.2284
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.3272	0.3020	0.2484	0.3108	0.0768	0.4764	0.2672	0.3440	0.0200	0.1444
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.1912	0.1268	0.1812	0.1956	0.0824	0.1528	0.3968	0.3728	0.0176	0.2092
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.4893	0.2372	0.3381	0.3735	0.3134	0.5425	0.2469	0.3416	0.0567	0.3003
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.3404	0.2500	0.3152	0.4180	0.2889	0.6490	0.3193	0.4206	0.0611	0.2400
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.2629	0.1218	0.2660	0.2729	0.3045	0.1884	0.4314	0.4406	0.0679	0.2903
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.4866	0.2372	0.3381	0.3663	0.2872	0.5408	0.2512	0.3379	0.0477	0.2498
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.3354	0.2351	0.3059	0.3991	0.2395	0.6490	0.3000	0.4230	0.0461	0.1649
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.2229	0.0976	0.2385	0.2746	0.2516	0.1827	0.4228	0.4369	0.0539	0.2429
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.4938	0.2372	0.3396	0.3817	0.3201	0.5501	0.2506	0.3546	0.0581	0.3027
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.3412	0.2575	0.3242	0.4262	0.2892	0.6549	0.3236	0.4236	0.0634	0.2418
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.2645	0.1255	0.2708	0.2740	0.3072	0.1938	0.4358	0.4518	0.0680	0.2918
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.4975	0.2372	0.3396	0.3706	0.2910	0.5479	0.2522	0.3501	0.0485	0.2515
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.3368	0.2404	0.3087	0.4070	0.2411	0.6528	0.3085	0.4266	0.0480	0.1675
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.2313	0.1052	0.2408	0.2747	0.2517	0.1879	0.4262	0.4424	0.0590	0.2466
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.5057	0.2692	0.3444	0.3950	0.3485	0.5939	0.2731	0.3701	0.0705	0.3712
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.4285	0.2686	0.3528	0.4840	0.3234	0.6860	0.3263	0.4236	0.0860	0.2582
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.2984	0.1591	0.3221	0.2859	0.3140	0.2339	0.4730	0.5093	0.0779	0.3184
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.5721	0.2390	0.3444	0.3706	0.3146	0.6309	0.3926	0.3723	0.0674	0.2734
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.3513	0.2667	0.3408	0.4247	0.2429	0.6741	0.3480	0.4272	0.0528	0.2022
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.2823	0.1351	0.2729	0.2749	0.2522	0.2257	0.4413	0.5512	0.0746	0.2688

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 54: Effects on Minimum Outcomes of Male Children of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -sponded	Never Su -sponded	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Summary	(01) Obs.	24	24	27	26	26	26	26	25	25	25
	(02) Control	0.3636	0.3636	0.6154	0.6667	0.3077	0.3077	0.7692	0.8333	0.3333	0.3333
	(03) Treatment	0.4615	0.4615	0.7143	0.7143	0.4615	0.4615	0.9231	0.9231	0.4615	0.4615
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0979	0.0979	0.0989	0.0476	0.1538	0.1538	0.1538	0.0897	0.1282	0.1282
	(05) COLS	0.0153	0.0153	0.1079	0.0777	0.0509	0.0509	0.1434	0.0913	0.0312	0.0312
	(06) AIPW	0.0167	0.0183	0.2682	0.1968	0.0955	0.0970	0.3004	0.2169	0.0845	0.0860
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.3043	0.3043	0.3067	0.4042	0.1973	0.1973	0.1473	0.2580	0.2450	0.2450
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.4692	0.4692	0.3151	0.3609	0.3875	0.3875	0.2412	0.3139	0.4336	0.4336
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.4536	0.4497	0.0403	0.0930	0.2373	0.2356	0.0096	0.0318	0.2753	0.2731
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.3178	0.3178	0.2938	0.3959	0.2103	0.2103	0.1323	0.2423	0.2588	0.2588
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.4731	0.4731	0.3179	0.3602	0.4005	0.4005	0.2419	0.3148	0.4416	0.4416
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.4977	0.4975	0.2625	0.2765	0.4866	0.4864	0.1943	0.1314	0.4882	0.4880
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.3276	0.3276	0.2868	0.4108	0.2160	0.2160	0.1408	0.2644	0.2668	0.2668
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.4664	0.4664	0.3636	0.3980	0.3768	0.3768	0.2728	0.3576	0.4300	0.4300
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.4588	0.4592	0.1612	0.2204	0.2872	0.2892	0.1488	0.2128	0.3324	0.3336
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.2760	0.2760	0.2496	0.3640	0.1660	0.1660	0.0684	0.2148	0.2104	0.2104
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.4664	0.4664	0.2212	0.2792	0.3644	0.3644	0.2072	0.3280	0.4244	0.4244
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.4772	0.4748	0.0552	0.0960	0.2676	0.2648	0.0348	0.0976	0.2964	0.2908
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.3048	0.3048	0.3316	0.4008	0.2048	0.2048	0.1512	0.2256	0.2500	0.2500
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.4380	0.4380	0.3112	0.3452	0.3616	0.3616	0.1848	0.2500	0.3988	0.3988
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.4516	0.4496	0.1480	0.2064	0.2924	0.2936	0.0592	0.1076	0.3160	0.3160
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.2880	0.2880	0.3288	0.3988	0.1932	0.1932	0.1468	0.2212	0.2352	0.2352
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.4340	0.4340	0.3140	0.3448	0.3468	0.3468	0.2356	0.2880	0.3888	0.3888
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.4480	0.4448	0.1156	0.1816	0.2724	0.2756	0.0528	0.1184	0.2984	0.3020
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.4184	0.4184	0.3812	0.4504	0.2867	0.2867	0.2137	0.3057	0.3449	0.3449
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.5510	0.5510	0.3434	0.4227	0.4696	0.4696	0.2186	0.3230	0.5160	0.5160
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.5478	0.5474	0.1859	0.2666	0.4182	0.4104	0.0771	0.1437	0.4333	0.4284
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.4033	0.4033	0.3768	0.4504	0.2779	0.2779	0.2112	0.2986	0.3323	0.3323
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.5500	0.5500	0.3517	0.4267	0.4569	0.4569	0.2892	0.3618	0.5050	0.5050
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.5441	0.5441	0.1509	0.2353	0.3880	0.3886	0.0707	0.1671	0.4195	0.4125
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.4223	0.4223	0.3872	0.4562	0.2880	0.2880	0.2177	0.3065	0.3472	0.3472
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.5536	0.5536	0.3453	0.4348	0.4707	0.4707	0.2235	0.3275	0.5238	0.5238
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.5519	0.5516	0.1911	0.2676	0.4318	0.4240	0.0772	0.1481	0.4444	0.4383
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.4078	0.4078	0.3818	0.4562	0.2829	0.2829	0.2173	0.2997	0.3330	0.3330
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.5549	0.5549	0.3560	0.4344	0.4577	0.4577	0.2949	0.3645	0.5076	0.5076
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.5454	0.5476	0.1539	0.2411	0.3969	0.4036	0.0729	0.1710	0.4319	0.4211
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.5623	0.5623	0.3872	0.4800	0.3132	0.3132	0.2829	0.3189	0.4770	0.4770
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.5897	0.5897	0.3706	0.4738	0.5334	0.5334	0.2410	0.3490	0.5445	0.5445
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.5952	0.6097	0.2261	0.2731	0.5205	0.4418	0.1082	0.1895	0.5236	0.4667
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.4565	0.4565	0.4188	0.4785	0.2995	0.2995	0.2603	0.3269	0.4458	0.4458
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.5871	0.5871	0.3873	0.4741	0.4992	0.4992	0.3232	0.3794	0.5506	0.5506
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.5620	0.6949	0.1762	0.2740	0.4389	0.4414	0.1009	0.1979	0.5012	0.4933

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 54: Effects on Minimum Outcomes of Male Children of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Attended College	Attended College	Attended College	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	30	29	28	27	27	25	28	28	26
	(02) Control	0.1250	0.1333	0.1333	0.3846	0.3846	0.4167	0.3571	0.3571	0.3846
	(03) Treatment	0.2143	0.2143	0.2308	0.5000	0.5000	0.6154	0.5000	0.5000	0.6154
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0893	0.0810	0.0974	0.1154	0.1154	0.1987	0.1429	0.1429	0.2308
	(05) COLS	0.0179	0.0084	0.0919	0.0806	0.0806	0.1004	0.0966	0.0966	0.1144
	(06) AIPW	-0.0044	-0.0170	0.0262	0.1292	0.1318	0.2026	0.1507	0.1533	0.2015
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.2569	0.2824	0.2516	0.2775	0.2775	0.1616	0.2268	0.2268	0.1196
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.4514	0.4778	0.2917	0.3366	0.3366	0.3028	0.3021	0.3021	0.2730
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.4834	0.4363	0.4117	0.1798	0.1781	0.0790	0.1428	0.1418	0.0755
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.2572	0.2807	0.2497	0.2700	0.2700	0.1561	0.2182	0.2182	0.1134
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.4526	0.4783	0.2958	0.3453	0.3453	0.3122	0.3114	0.3114	0.2828
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.4909	0.4646	0.4660	0.3979	0.3959	0.3708	0.3666	0.3644	0.3487
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.2624	0.2896	0.2564	0.2684	0.2684	0.1536	0.2176	0.2176	0.1136
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.4704	0.4996	0.2712	0.3784	0.3784	0.3468	0.3428	0.3428	0.3164
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.4912	0.4908	0.3888	0.2712	0.2624	0.1796	0.2336	0.2268	0.1556
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.1964	0.2340	0.2024	0.2352	0.2352	0.1336	0.1776	0.1776	0.1004
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.4400	0.4660	0.2788	0.2648	0.2648	0.2272	0.2260	0.2260	0.1940
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.4696	0.4336	0.4880	0.1688	0.1648	0.0968	0.1372	0.1324	0.0984
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.2824	0.3060	0.2700	0.2800	0.2800	0.2208	0.2216	0.2216	0.1696
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.4344	0.4636	0.2772	0.3124	0.3124	0.3156	0.2780	0.2780	0.2800
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.4932	0.4692	0.4184	0.2632	0.2600	0.1928	0.2152	0.2100	0.1808
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.2408	0.2648	0.2320	0.2744	0.2744	0.2164	0.2216	0.2216	0.1668
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.4392	0.4684	0.2844	0.3048	0.3048	0.3088	0.2684	0.2684	0.2748
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.4932	0.4664	0.4092	0.2360	0.2332	0.1660	0.1932	0.1908	0.1564
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.4253	0.4503	0.3943	0.3755	0.3755	0.2832	0.3198	0.3198	0.2072
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.5670	0.5900	0.3996	0.4334	0.4334	0.3848	0.4026	0.4026	0.3413
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.5311	0.5109	0.5886	0.3486	0.3476	0.2316	0.2836	0.2803	0.2142
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.3731	0.4000	0.3477	0.3687	0.3687	0.2752	0.3198	0.3198	0.2049
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.5731	0.5932	0.4061	0.4181	0.4181	0.3816	0.3853	0.3853	0.3407
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.5284	0.5100	0.5768	0.3219	0.3156	0.2016	0.2790	0.2742	0.1886
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.4326	0.4514	0.4035	0.3788	0.3788	0.2942	0.3489	0.3489	0.2144
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.5672	0.5919	0.4059	0.4337	0.4337	0.3961	0.4083	0.4083	0.3514
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.5492	0.5282	0.5954	0.3580	0.3572	0.2317	0.2837	0.2810	0.2142
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.3739	0.4024	0.3552	0.3737	0.3737	0.2852	0.3489	0.3489	0.2091
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.5767	0.5985	0.4091	0.4198	0.4198	0.3939	0.3957	0.3957	0.3515
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.5437	0.5285	0.5810	0.3250	0.3179	0.2058	0.2875	0.2817	0.1943
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.5261	0.4682	0.4508	0.4625	0.4625	0.3804	0.4563	0.4563	0.2253
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.6016	0.6641	0.4378	0.4605	0.4605	0.4457	0.4937	0.4937	0.3992
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.6443	0.6184	0.6404	0.3959	0.4485	0.2683	0.3198	0.3051	0.2392
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.3850	0.4091	0.4089	0.4257	0.4257	0.3378	0.4566	0.4566	0.2246
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.6221	0.6193	0.4287	0.4277	0.4277	0.5002	0.4503	0.4503	0.4288
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.5808	0.5693	0.7039	0.3281	0.4056	0.2253	0.3170	0.3244	0.2179

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 54: Effects on Minimum Outcomes of Male Children of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	28	28	26	30	30	28	26	25	24
	(02) Control	0.2857	0.2857	0.3077	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.8462	0.8333	0.8333
	(03) Treatment	0.4286	0.4286	0.5385	0.0714	0.0714	0.1538	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1429	0.1429	0.2308	0.0714	0.0714	0.1538	0.1538	0.1667	0.1667
	(05) COLS	0.1247	0.1247	0.1586	0.0669	0.0669	0.1365	0.2332	0.2382	0.2598
	(06) AIPW	0.1664	0.1684	0.2511	0.0562	0.0573	0.1311	0.3130	0.3008	0.3434
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.2237	0.2237	0.1210	0.1598	0.1598	0.0724	0.0575	0.0557	0.0561
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.2494	0.2494	0.2089	0.1691	0.1691	0.0870	0.0338	0.0343	0.0312
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.1207	0.1209	0.0525	0.1047	0.1107	0.0516	0.0000	0.0001	0.0000
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.2100	0.2100	0.1116	0.1523	0.1523	0.0640	0.0596	0.0575	0.0606
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.2601	0.2601	0.2212	0.1772	0.1772	0.0998	0.0436	0.0440	0.0421
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.3576	0.3560	0.3169	0.2851	0.2798	0.1413	0.0115	0.0146	0.0162
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.2092	0.2092	0.1152	0.3520	0.3520	0.1252	0.1368	0.1368	0.1368
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.2820	0.2820	0.2256	0.3532	0.3532	0.1268	0.1404	0.1408	0.1396
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.1940	0.1920	0.1416	0.3652	0.3656	0.1336	0.1372	0.1376	0.1388
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.1700	0.1700	0.0996	0.3560	0.3560	0.1276	0.1380	0.1380	0.1384
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.1724	0.1724	0.1428	0.3672	0.3672	0.1316	0.1400	0.1396	0.1428
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.1304	0.1260	0.0876	0.4356	0.4320	0.1760	0.1368	0.1368	0.1368
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.2216	0.2216	0.1404	0.2036	0.2036	0.0948	0.0688	0.0500	0.0668
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.2360	0.2360	0.2196	0.2464	0.2464	0.1560	0.0192	0.0248	0.0188
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.1888	0.1880	0.1296	0.1884	0.1772	0.1624	0.0108	0.0128	0.0052
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.2300	0.2300	0.1404	0.1716	0.1716	0.0856	0.0768	0.0624	0.0752
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.2188	0.2188	0.2052	0.2632	0.2632	0.1500	0.0260	0.0276	0.0232
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.1700	0.1640	0.1152	0.1192	0.1120	0.0956	0.0116	0.0148	0.0064
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.3160	0.3160	0.2044	0.3055	0.3055	0.1565	0.1303	0.0891	0.1192
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.3408	0.3408	0.2995	0.3413	0.3413	0.2122	0.0371	0.0425	0.0401
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.2808	0.2751	0.1607	0.2628	0.2452	0.1999	0.0260	0.0329	0.0173
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.3232	0.3232	0.2044	0.2611	0.2611	0.1390	0.1394	0.1142	0.1299
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.3194	0.3194	0.2766	0.3568	0.3568	0.2232	0.0532	0.0565	0.0516
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.2490	0.2480	0.1583	0.2709	0.2498	0.1540	0.0313	0.0369	0.0257
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.3241	0.3241	0.2060	0.3056	0.3056	0.1583	0.1323	0.0895	0.1222
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.3432	0.3432	0.3000	0.3461	0.3461	0.2126	0.0397	0.0438	0.0402
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.2867	0.2779	0.1636	0.2675	0.2469	0.2018	0.0278	0.0336	0.0174
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.3330	0.3330	0.2060	0.2621	0.2621	0.1406	0.1398	0.1146	0.1300
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.3209	0.3209	0.2816	0.3580	0.3580	0.2263	0.0549	0.0582	0.0532
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.2533	0.2541	0.1596	0.2757	0.2568	0.1579	0.0318	0.0371	0.0298
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.3835	0.3835	0.2094	0.3646	0.3646	0.1932	0.1391	0.1040	0.1222
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.4047	0.4047	0.3885	0.3525	0.3525	0.2962	0.0525	0.0619	0.0535
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.3585	0.3137	0.1749	0.2898	0.2747	0.2055	0.0343	0.0384	0.0187
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.4409	0.4409	0.2094	0.3087	0.3087	0.2536	0.1407	0.1222	0.1591
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.3715	0.3715	0.3848	0.3868	0.3868	0.2687	0.0711	0.0707	0.0622
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.2929	0.3314	0.1958	0.3154	0.2876	0.1925	0.0421	0.0649	0.0588

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 54: Effects on Minimum Outcomes of Male Children of the Male Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	30	28	30	28	28	26	27	24	24	23
	(02) Control	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.3571	0.3846	0.2308	0.2500	0.8182	0.8182
	(03) Treatment	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.5000	0.5385	0.4286	0.4167	0.9231	0.9167
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.1429	0.1538	0.1978	0.1667	0.1049	0.0985
	(05) COLS	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0500	0.0347	0.0746	0.0309	-0.0756	-0.0972
	(06) AIPW	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0959	0.1709	0.1424	0.1673	-0.1662	-0.1577
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.2112	0.2032	0.1217	0.1785	0.2183	0.2391
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.3927	0.4280	0.3315	0.4316	0.3209	0.3041
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.2316	0.1105	0.1304	0.1118	0.0288	0.0409
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.2200	0.2134	0.1294	0.1901	0.2253	0.2458
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.4022	0.4350	0.3498	0.4402	0.3345	0.3165
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.3744	0.3808	0.3276	0.3627	0.4061	0.4066
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2220	0.2220	0.1320	0.1905	0.2668	0.2840
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3876	0.4160	0.3628	0.4566	0.4164	0.3920
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2828	0.1968	0.2112	0.2149	0.2804	0.3248
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.1524	0.1632	0.0840	0.1409	0.1988	0.2336
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3672	0.4220	0.2800	0.4062	0.2936	0.2836
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2308	0.1404	0.1168	0.1240	0.0988	0.1340
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2228	0.2260	0.1512	0.2204	0.2484	0.2700
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3884	0.4436	0.3172	0.4324	0.3144	0.2808
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3132	0.2332	0.2396	0.2388	0.1492	0.1564
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2188	0.2212	0.1292	0.2056	0.2228	0.2420
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3832	0.4348	0.3060	0.4236	0.3508	0.3364
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2808	0.1944	0.1972	0.1976	0.1380	0.1428
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2457	0.2193	0.2465	0.3199	0.3243	0.3503
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3664	0.3694	0.4139	0.5064	0.3727	0.3368
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2687	0.1700	0.3095	0.3004	0.2345	0.2432
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2389	0.2163	0.2228	0.3006	0.2863	0.3113
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3584	0.3687	0.4015	0.4983	0.4195	0.4094
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2300	0.1344	0.2822	0.2592	0.2194	0.2246
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2492	0.2197	0.2473	0.3211	0.3305	0.3531
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3674	0.3740	0.4179	0.5188	0.3790	0.3425
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2720	0.1736	0.3139	0.3026	0.2441	0.2445
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2405	0.2182	0.2268	0.3053	0.2898	0.3145
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3605	0.3724	0.4051	0.5071	0.4258	0.4287
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2310	0.1358	0.2862	0.2595	0.2215	0.2277
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2723	0.2375	0.2479	0.3558	0.4204	0.4016
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4236	0.4239	0.4458	0.6449	0.4291	0.3880
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2960	0.1862	0.3346	0.3343	0.2958	0.2470
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2855	0.2456	0.2472	0.3766	0.3649	0.3368
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3735	0.4022	0.4331	0.5464	0.4347	0.5053
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2513	0.1872	0.3236	0.2806	0.2691	0.2406

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 54: Effects on Minimum Outcomes of Male Children of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Summary	(01) Obs.	28	26	27	24	27	21	30	29	30	29
	(02) Control	0.3571	0.3846	0.2308	0.2500	0.6429	0.3000	0.3750	0.2500	0.0000	0.0000
	(03) Treatment	0.5000	0.5385	0.4286	0.4167	0.6154	0.4545	0.2143	0.4615	0.1429	0.2308
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1429	0.1538	0.1978	0.1667	-0.0275	0.1545	-0.1607	0.2115	0.1429	0.2308
	(05) COLS	0.0500	0.0347	0.0746	0.0309	-0.0505	0.1571	-0.2779	0.1101	0.1016	0.1843
	(06) AIPW	0.0959	0.1709	0.1424	0.1673	-0.0020	0.2957	-0.2795	0.1169	0.0982	0.1738
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.2112	0.2032	0.1217	0.1785	0.4423	0.2352	0.1787	0.1404	0.0727	0.0285
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.3927	0.4280	0.3315	0.4316	0.3841	0.2305	0.0460	0.2850	0.1095	0.0560
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.2316	0.1105	0.1304	0.1118	0.4937	0.0308	0.0345	0.2223	0.0468	0.0075
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.2200	0.2134	0.1294	0.1901	0.4404	0.2301	0.1592	0.0993	0.0641	0.0246
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.4022	0.4350	0.3498	0.4402	0.3946	0.2629	0.0438	0.2766	0.1270	0.0591
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.3744	0.3808	0.3276	0.3627	0.4975	0.3841	0.0924	0.3187	0.1557	0.1138
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.2220	0.2220	0.1320	0.1905	0.4604	0.2304	0.1760	0.1036	0.1104	0.0360
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.3876	0.4160	0.3628	0.4566	0.3956	0.2620	0.0500	0.3060	0.1396	0.0668
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.2828	0.1968	0.2112	0.2149	0.4432	0.1196	0.0872	0.2724	0.1264	0.0828
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.1524	0.1632	0.0840	0.1409	0.4012	0.2092	0.1108	0.0756	0.1124	0.0372
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.3672	0.4220	0.2800	0.4062	0.3264	0.1744	0.0164	0.1860	0.1176	0.0460
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.2308	0.1404	0.1168	0.1240	0.4360	0.0976	0.0316	0.2340	0.1456	0.0484
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.2228	0.2260	0.1512	0.2204	0.4412	0.2484	0.1880	0.1772	0.1060	0.0436
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.3884	0.4436	0.3172	0.4324	0.3724	0.2556	0.0708	0.2940	0.1844	0.0880
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.3132	0.2332	0.2396	0.2388	0.4844	0.1096	0.0756	0.2824	0.1348	0.0664
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.2188	0.2212	0.1292	0.2056	0.4048	0.2208	0.1656	0.1852	0.0900	0.0240
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.3832	0.4348	0.3060	0.4236	0.3696	0.2200	0.0564	0.2956	0.1824	0.0948
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.2808	0.1944	0.1972	0.1976	0.4836	0.0984	0.0680	0.2768	0.1000	0.0344
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.2457	0.2193	0.2465	0.3199	0.5593	0.2249	0.2397	0.2902	0.1621	0.0724
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.3664	0.3694	0.4139	0.5064	0.5823	0.2573	0.1238	0.3533	0.2299	0.1237
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.2687	0.1700	0.3095	0.3004	0.7292	0.1052	0.1242	0.3462	0.1494	0.0780
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.2389	0.2163	0.2228	0.3006	0.5119	0.1979	0.2034	0.2856	0.1402	0.0498
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.3584	0.3687	0.4015	0.4983	0.5791	0.2325	0.1066	0.3525	0.2413	0.1383
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.2300	0.1344	0.2822	0.2592	0.7292	0.0926	0.1277	0.3385	0.1380	0.0717
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.2492	0.2197	0.2473	0.3211	0.5657	0.2295	0.2424	0.2938	0.1631	0.0731
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.3674	0.3740	0.4179	0.5188	0.5983	0.2615	0.1272	0.3551	0.2305	0.1282
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.2720	0.1736	0.3139	0.3026	0.7358	0.1065	0.1355	0.3478	0.1514	0.0788
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.2405	0.2182	0.2268	0.3053	0.5141	0.2042	0.2038	0.2878	0.1472	0.0524
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.3605	0.3724	0.4051	0.5071	0.5808	0.2356	0.1079	0.3537	0.2438	0.1476
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.2310	0.1358	0.2862	0.2595	0.7358	0.0934	0.1404	0.3407	0.1425	0.0725
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.2723	0.2375	0.2479	0.3558	0.6189	0.2429	0.2640	0.3193	0.1727	0.0843
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.4236	0.4239	0.4458	0.6449	0.6203	0.3199	0.1932	0.3749	0.2904	0.1449
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.2960	0.1862	0.3346	0.3343	0.7652	0.1454	0.2641	0.4060	0.1774	0.1269
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.2855	0.2456	0.2472	0.3766	0.5346	0.2365	0.2614	0.2926	0.1671	0.0586
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.3735	0.4022	0.4331	0.5464	0.6457	0.2495	0.1436	0.3778	0.2590	0.1729
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.2513	0.1872	0.3236	0.2806	0.7610	0.1089	0.1720	0.3981	0.1887	0.0909

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 55: Effects on Minimum Outcomes of Female Children of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Never Su-sponded	Never Su-sponded	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Summary	(01) Obs.	26	23	25	23	28	25	24	22	26	23
	(02) Control	0.5714	0.5714	0.6923	0.6923	0.4667	0.4667	0.8333	0.8333	0.5000	0.5000
	(03) Treatment	0.7500	0.7778	0.8333	0.9000	0.6154	0.7000	0.9167	1.0000	0.6667	0.7778
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1786	0.2063	0.1410	0.2077	0.1487	0.2333	0.0833	0.1667	0.1667	0.2778
	(05) COLS	0.2211	0.2526	0.2192	0.2770	0.2298	0.3051	0.0791	0.1527	0.2409	0.3468
	(06) AIPW	0.3649	0.3491	0.4189	0.4765	0.3413	0.4025	0.3080	0.4102	0.3527	0.4443
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.1710	0.1501	0.2158	0.1128	0.2225	0.1256	0.2787	0.0736	0.2010	0.0844
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.1381	0.1219	0.1306	0.1045	0.1299	0.0767	0.2929	0.1312	0.1253	0.0531
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0090	0.0139	0.0013	0.0008	0.0135	0.0065	0.0017	0.0001	0.0117	0.0025
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.1602	0.1386	0.2005	0.0988	0.2159	0.1208	0.2716	0.0665	0.1972	0.0811
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.1571	0.1545	0.1417	0.1244	0.1407	0.0976	0.2915	0.1685	0.1520	0.0837
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.2955	0.2106	0.4808	0.4782	0.2941	0.1358	0.4859	0.4812	0.3007	0.1451
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.1564	0.1412	0.1904	0.0984	0.2120	0.1292	0.2956	0.1236	0.1980	0.0916
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.1676	0.1336	0.1276	0.1220	0.1324	0.0884	0.2612	0.1800	0.1288	0.0672
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.1560	0.1472	0.0464	0.0652	0.1092	0.0848	0.1448	0.1324	0.1104	0.0712
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.1168	0.1156	0.1588	0.0620	0.1664	0.1028	0.2720	0.1256	0.1512	0.0824
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.0992	0.1236	0.0792	0.0712	0.1156	0.0832	0.3048	0.1396	0.1288	0.0860
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.0328	0.0844	0.0192	0.0200	0.0484	0.0468	0.1156	0.1460	0.0748	0.0524
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.1936	0.1420	0.2408	0.1416	0.2040	0.1164	0.2852	0.1232	0.1864	0.0816
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.1500	0.1340	0.1284	0.0952	0.1312	0.0808	0.2640	0.1516	0.1208	0.0596
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.0800	0.1104	0.0700	0.0612	0.0864	0.0600	0.0424	0.0280	0.0784	0.0524
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.1892	0.1520	0.2232	0.1296	0.2032	0.1164	0.2784	0.1200	0.1864	0.0816
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.1368	0.1232	0.1356	0.1168	0.1224	0.0760	0.2816	0.1968	0.1112	0.0552
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.0684	0.0952	0.0684	0.0612	0.0672	0.0536	0.0500	0.0216	0.0648	0.0424
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.3159	0.2599	0.3412	0.2394	0.3184	0.2206	0.4501	0.2557	0.3223	0.1837
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.2727	0.2432	0.2155	0.1742	0.2332	0.1770	0.3967	0.3012	0.2359	0.1455
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.1481	0.1891	0.1526	0.1305	0.1421	0.1228	0.0987	0.0677	0.1508	0.1133
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.3120	0.2891	0.3224	0.2155	0.3184	0.2206	0.4339	0.2501	0.3223	0.1837
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.2656	0.2336	0.2231	0.2063	0.2253	0.1719	0.4204	0.3389	0.2263	0.1340
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.1318	0.1686	0.1435	0.1317	0.1262	0.1029	0.1137	0.0575	0.1236	0.1013
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.3199	0.2630	0.3468	0.2435	0.3254	0.2228	0.4589	0.2567	0.3371	0.1890
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.2756	0.2458	0.2170	0.1756	0.2364	0.1808	0.4079	0.3233	0.2435	0.1478
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.1491	0.1943	0.1562	0.1390	0.1431	0.1280	0.1004	0.0693	0.1548	0.1154
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.3175	0.2903	0.3247	0.2202	0.3267	0.2228	0.4381	0.2521	0.3371	0.1890
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.2657	0.2410	0.2244	0.2069	0.2256	0.1785	0.4315	0.3609	0.2268	0.1383
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.1354	0.1765	0.1485	0.1323	0.1314	0.1063	0.1150	0.0613	0.1282	0.1021
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.3411	0.2940	0.3959	0.2637	0.3399	0.2733	0.5536	0.2695	0.3378	0.2576
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.2823	0.2463	0.2284	0.1813	0.2539	0.2361	0.4571	0.3776	0.2588	0.1719
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.1574	0.2063	0.1701	0.1848	0.1594	0.1742	0.1212	0.0891	0.1662	0.1378
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.3289	0.2929	0.3842	0.2289	0.3400	0.2733	0.4515	0.2727	0.3378	0.2576
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.2781	0.2555	0.2285	0.2078	0.2461	0.2062	0.4817	0.4932	0.2506	0.1701
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.1594	0.2505	0.1864	0.1324	0.1559	0.1233	0.1226	0.0836	0.1749	0.1144

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 55: Effects on Minimum Outcomes of Female Children of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Attended College	Attended College	Attended College	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	28	26	21	30	25	22	30	26	23
	(02) Control	0.5714	0.5714	0.5455	0.2667	0.2857	0.3333	0.2667	0.2667	0.3077
	(03) Treatment	0.3571	0.3333	0.4000	0.3333	0.3636	0.5000	0.3333	0.3636	0.5000
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.2143	-0.2381	-0.1455	0.0667	0.0779	0.1667	0.0667	0.0970	0.1923
	(05) COLS	-0.2391	-0.2828	-0.3326	0.0304	0.0638	0.1082	0.0304	0.0719	0.1323
	(06) AIPW	-0.1313	-0.1567	-0.0432	0.1765	0.3825	0.4967	0.1765	0.3102	0.4246
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.1512	0.1383	0.2819	0.3513	0.3514	0.2209	0.3513	0.3152	0.1839
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.1539	0.1177	0.1019	0.4276	0.3647	0.2587	0.4276	0.3502	0.2134
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.2205	0.1748	0.3960	0.1560	0.0332	0.0097	0.1560	0.0460	0.0127
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.1196	0.1028	0.2432	0.3419	0.3407	0.2124	0.3419	0.3000	0.1712
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.1538	0.1179	0.0954	0.4369	0.3906	0.3315	0.4369	0.3761	0.2919
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.3597	0.3302	0.4734	0.2464	0.1307	0.1355	0.2464	0.1706	0.1381
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.1188	0.0964	0.2500	0.3448	0.3544	0.2228	0.3448	0.3088	0.1720
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.1808	0.1308	0.0852	0.4364	0.4020	0.3116	0.4364	0.3908	0.2848
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.3568	0.3088	0.4416	0.1608	0.0940	0.0656	0.1608	0.1240	0.0880
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0932	0.0880	0.2056	0.2964	0.2920	0.1724	0.2964	0.2404	0.1272
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.0880	0.0816	0.0856	0.4148	0.3180	0.2316	0.4148	0.2932	0.1764
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.2052	0.1800	0.3516	0.1816	0.0296	0.0156	0.1816	0.0516	0.0172
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.1820	0.1652	0.3164	0.3452	0.3772	0.2488	0.3452	0.3320	0.2092
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.1736	0.1448	0.1216	0.4100	0.3692	0.2956	0.4100	0.3432	0.2560
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.3520	0.3308	0.4648	0.2008	0.0672	0.0264	0.2008	0.0964	0.0484
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.1804	0.1648	0.3144	0.3332	0.3688	0.2480	0.3332	0.3252	0.2080
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.1804	0.1472	0.1332	0.4032	0.3588	0.2648	0.4032	0.3384	0.2212
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.3352	0.3068	0.4600	0.2280	0.1384	0.1028	0.2280	0.1424	0.1080
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.2648	0.2500	0.4170	0.4782	0.4799	0.3093	0.4782	0.4471	0.2710
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.2502	0.2230	0.1847	0.5615	0.4709	0.3385	0.5615	0.4619	0.3247
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.4503	0.4316	0.6058	0.3067	0.1080	0.0602	0.3067	0.1650	0.0895
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.2635	0.2447	0.4170	0.4617	0.4712	0.2995	0.4617	0.4384	0.2710
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.2588	0.2193	0.2017	0.5520	0.4509	0.3147	0.5520	0.4545	0.2862
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.4359	0.4078	0.6015	0.3322	0.1936	0.1338	0.3322	0.2190	0.1488
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.2650	0.2507	0.4228	0.4837	0.4881	0.3105	0.4837	0.4504	0.2719
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.2571	0.2241	0.1863	0.5618	0.4741	0.3388	0.5618	0.4622	0.3363
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.4528	0.4387	0.6074	0.3108	0.1093	0.0643	0.3108	0.1734	0.0938
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.2665	0.2453	0.4228	0.4710	0.4798	0.3010	0.4710	0.4422	0.2720
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.2634	0.2216	0.2017	0.5585	0.4515	0.3153	0.5585	0.4560	0.2935
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.4363	0.4139	0.6031	0.3360	0.1961	0.1369	0.3360	0.2283	0.1499
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.2650	0.4167	0.4611	0.5448	0.5209	0.3629	0.5448	0.4540	0.2777
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.2797	0.2271	0.2374	0.5623	0.4924	0.3593	0.5623	0.4974	0.3811
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.5149	0.5102	0.6113	0.3303	0.1812	0.0765	0.3303	0.2072	0.1107
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.2713	0.2861	0.4615	0.5279	0.5090	0.3165	0.5279	0.4512	0.3144
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.2830	0.2494	0.3227	0.5819	0.4605	0.3881	0.5819	0.5154	0.3349
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.5169	0.4871	0.6058	0.3703	0.2290	0.1509	0.3703	0.2626	0.1584

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 55: Effects on Minimum Outcomes of Female Children of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	30	26	23	31	28	24	23	22	18
	(02) Control	0.2000	0.2000	0.2308	0.1250	0.1250	0.1429	0.9091	0.9167	0.9000
	(03) Treatment	0.3333	0.3636	0.5000	0.2667	0.2500	0.4000	0.8333	0.8000	0.7500
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1333	0.1636	0.2692	0.1417	0.1250	0.2571	-0.0758	-0.1167	-0.1500
	(05) COLS	0.1133	0.1608	0.2295	0.1174	0.0781	0.1778	-0.0810	-0.1128	-0.1952
	(06) AIPW	0.2409	0.3747	0.5143	0.1382	0.1137	0.2826	-0.0726	-0.0321	-0.1420
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.2152	0.2028	0.0984	0.1883	0.2422	0.1067	0.3030	0.2334	0.2243
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.2370	0.1794	0.0682	0.2166	0.2956	0.1262	0.3115	0.2404	0.1997
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0772	0.0177	0.0033	0.1430	0.1788	0.0095	0.2671	0.3985	0.1698
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.1915	0.1756	0.0813	0.1474	0.2003	0.0703	0.2910	0.2203	0.2054
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.2620	0.2213	0.1553	0.2167	0.3040	0.1481	0.3186	0.2671	0.2189
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.1492	0.1086	0.0617	0.2336	0.2768	0.1551	0.4620	0.4834	0.4568
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.1860	0.1744	0.0832	0.1464	0.2060	0.0724	0.3228	0.2548	0.2368
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.2384	0.2144	0.1332	0.1948	0.2892	0.1412	0.3352	0.2740	0.2300
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.0808	0.0728	0.0288	0.1532	0.1956	0.0832	0.2620	0.3676	0.2624
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.1348	0.1200	0.0612	0.0848	0.1376	0.0452	0.2480	0.1364	0.1284
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.2176	0.1468	0.0784	0.1604	0.2640	0.1000	0.2556	0.1688	0.1672
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.0928	0.0220	0.0072	0.1528	0.2288	0.0408	0.3828	0.4908	0.2768
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.2292	0.1984	0.1140	0.2164	0.2736	0.1536	0.3640	0.2636	0.2612
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.2484	0.1944	0.1224	0.2352	0.3268	0.1780	0.3384	0.2700	0.2112
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.1320	0.0484	0.0184	0.2664	0.3052	0.1348	0.3752	0.4172	0.3076
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.2204	0.2220	0.1296	0.2012	0.2748	0.1680	0.3448	0.2584	0.2548
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.2340	0.1888	0.0860	0.2288	0.3188	0.1656	0.3264	0.2448	0.2072
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.1608	0.0960	0.0644	0.2492	0.2876	0.1248	0.3704	0.4172	0.3116
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.3518	0.2984	0.1750	0.3228	0.3718	0.2040	0.4658	0.3715	0.3343
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.3781	0.2919	0.1725	0.3316	0.4164	0.2455	0.4093	0.3409	0.2834
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.2130	0.1054	0.0448	0.3575	0.4132	0.1856	0.4504	0.5102	0.4076
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.3469	0.3396	0.1917	0.3114	0.3818	0.2208	0.4533	0.3606	0.3287
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.3477	0.2856	0.1394	0.3248	0.4124	0.2355	0.4128	0.3262	0.2834
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.2459	0.1612	0.1096	0.3386	0.3951	0.1688	0.4389	0.5084	0.4177
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.3635	0.2998	0.1790	0.3269	0.3837	0.2053	0.4722	0.3751	0.3411
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.3818	0.2998	0.1736	0.3325	0.4211	0.2494	0.4177	0.3493	0.2958
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.2143	0.1063	0.0456	0.3604	0.4177	0.1886	0.4512	0.5154	0.4171
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.3588	0.3487	0.1926	0.3174	0.3941	0.2211	0.4621	0.3610	0.3358
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.3557	0.2913	0.1411	0.3284	0.4232	0.2380	0.4278	0.3344	0.2958
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.2524	0.1652	0.1099	0.3443	0.3980	0.1774	0.4495	0.5186	0.4199
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.4180	0.3061	0.1833	0.3389	0.3869	0.2235	0.4972	0.4476	0.3814
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.4201	0.3588	0.1894	0.3980	0.4313	0.2687	0.4592	0.4308	0.3368
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.2386	0.1146	0.0509	0.3757	0.4226	0.2219	0.5298	0.5975	0.4691
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.3866	0.3577	0.1956	0.3337	0.4018	0.2398	0.4706	0.3808	0.3918
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.4059	0.3139	0.1477	0.4643	0.4339	0.2545	0.4898	0.3593	0.3806
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.2751	0.1943	0.1143	0.3989	0.3986	0.2751	0.6155	0.5964	0.4865

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 55: Effects on Minimum Outcomes of Female Children of the Male Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	28	23	29	24	23	19	24	20	22	18
	(02) Control	0.3333	0.3077	0.1250	0.1429	0.8462	0.8182	0.5714	0.5385	0.9167	0.9000
	(03) Treatment	0.0769	0.1000	0.0769	0.1000	0.7000	0.6250	0.6000	0.4286	0.9000	0.8750
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.2564	-0.2077	-0.0481	-0.0429	-0.1462	-0.1932	0.0286	-0.1099	-0.0167	-0.0250
	(05) COLS	-0.2412	-0.2760	-0.0462	-0.0715	-0.1250	-0.3203	0.0824	-0.0971	0.0605	-0.0331
	(06) AIPW	-0.1896	-0.2077	-0.0284	-0.0516	-0.0874	-0.2607	0.1911	0.0128	0.2231	0.1010
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.0309	0.0862	0.3274	0.3688	0.2167	0.1965	0.4463	0.3268	0.4479	0.4366
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.0379	0.0378	0.3300	0.2788	0.2801	0.0982	0.3562	0.3668	0.3331	0.4354
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0426	0.0366	0.3757	0.2881	0.2864	0.0655	0.1342	0.4760	0.0198	0.2234
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.0405	0.1011	0.3298	0.3720	0.2064	0.1790	0.4450	0.3190	0.4463	0.4350
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.0642	0.0770	0.3450	0.3144	0.3077	0.1392	0.3685	0.3773	0.3627	0.4400
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.2396	0.3072	0.4333	0.4207	0.4535	0.3849	0.3875	0.4956	0.3242	0.3586
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.0484	0.1020	0.3596	0.3972	0.2088	0.1812	0.4532	0.3161	0.5276	0.5212
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.0536	0.0556	0.3604	0.3176	0.2388	0.0748	0.3936	0.3313	0.4324	0.5068
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.1552	0.2596	0.4304	0.4084	0.2800	0.1544	0.3400	0.3858	0.3004	0.4584
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0132	0.0468	0.3020	0.3816	0.1396	0.1272	0.4444	0.2721	0.3936	0.3840
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.0184	0.0216	0.3048	0.2252	0.3052	0.1572	0.3004	0.3834	0.4656	0.3932
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.0864	0.1216	0.4036	0.3200	0.4592	0.2808	0.1316	0.3601	0.1608	0.4184
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.0524	0.1256	0.3640	0.4144	0.2560	0.2172	0.4408	0.3376	0.5208	0.5132
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.0884	0.0884	0.3536	0.3124	0.2756	0.1084	0.3512	0.3920	0.2864	0.4572
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.1552	0.2064	0.4372	0.3744	0.3612	0.2240	0.2404	0.4580	0.0492	0.3520
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.0512	0.1220	0.3640	0.3816	0.2628	0.2396	0.4304	0.3236	0.5128	0.5072
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.0704	0.0700	0.3492	0.2976	0.2952	0.1244	0.3420	0.3964	0.3332	0.4816
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.1340	0.1836	0.4344	0.3668	0.3600	0.2360	0.2236	0.4592	0.0816	0.4104
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.1354	0.2320	0.6298	0.6892	0.2961	0.2510	0.5908	0.3893	0.5850	0.5673
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.1763	0.1639	0.5746	0.5635	0.3202	0.1632	0.4882	0.4606	0.3811	0.5243
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.3109	0.4034	0.6939	0.6866	0.4390	0.3547	0.3574	0.5850	0.0888	0.4150
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.1351	0.2230	0.6298	0.6868	0.3016	0.2686	0.5763	0.3716	0.5796	0.5599
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.1445	0.1357	0.5712	0.5533	0.3425	0.2065	0.4718	0.4547	0.4558	0.5373
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.2831	0.3707	0.6991	0.6840	0.4374	0.3613	0.3373	0.5850	0.1350	0.4765
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.1391	0.2356	0.6365	0.6892	0.2968	0.2577	0.5966	0.3903	0.5883	0.5712
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.1774	0.1693	0.5836	0.5637	0.3212	0.1634	0.4964	0.4683	0.3829	0.5360
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.3113	0.4092	0.6940	0.6925	0.4476	0.3630	0.3582	0.5910	0.1034	0.4282
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.1383	0.2255	0.6365	0.6874	0.3022	0.2725	0.5859	0.3743	0.5843	0.5626
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.1466	0.1365	0.5760	0.5536	0.3499	0.2073	0.4798	0.4625	0.4720	0.5403
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.2844	0.3757	0.7009	0.6887	0.4416	0.3635	0.3389	0.5910	0.1358	0.4768
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.1574	0.2393	0.6566	0.7547	0.3511	0.3051	0.6312	0.4085	0.6036	0.5774
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.1801	0.1966	0.6026	0.5662	0.3518	0.1936	0.5455	0.5574	0.4405	0.5806
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.3650	0.4195	0.6944	0.7291	0.4894	0.4242	0.4080	0.6482	0.1687	0.4751
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.1576	0.2723	0.6566	0.6881	0.3252	0.3076	0.6372	0.4106	0.6203	0.6335
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.1772	0.1463	0.5992	0.5548	0.3843	0.2152	0.5205	0.5104	0.5148	0.5952
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.3084	0.3952	0.7039	0.7120	0.5325	0.3681	0.3631	0.6197	0.1377	0.5024

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 55: Effects on Minimum Outcomes of Female Children of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Summary	(01) Obs.	23	19	24	20	28	25	32	30	31	29
	(02) Control	0.8462	0.8182	0.5714	0.5385	0.7333	0.5000	0.1875	0.3125	0.0000	0.0625
	(03) Treatment	0.7000	0.6250	0.6000	0.4286	0.5385	0.3846	0.5000	0.4286	0.2000	0.0000
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.1462	-0.1932	0.0286	-0.1099	-0.1949	-0.1154	0.3125	0.1161	0.2000	-0.0625
	(05) COLS	-0.1250	-0.3203	0.0824	-0.0971	-0.2037	-0.1273	0.3075	0.1341	0.2126	-0.0227
	(06) AIPW	-0.0874	-0.2607	0.1911	0.0128	-0.1706	0.1281	0.3051	0.1785	0.1543	-0.0207
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.2167	0.1965	0.4463	0.3268	0.1319	0.2897	0.0310	0.2758	0.0329	0.1618
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.2801	0.0982	0.3562	0.3668	0.1309	0.2979	0.0363	0.2589	0.0267	0.2255
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.2864	0.0655	0.1342	0.4760	0.1127	0.2317	0.0135	0.1356	0.0269	0.3035
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.2064	0.1790	0.4450	0.3190	0.1396	0.2825	0.0203	0.2505	0.0255	0.1612
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.3077	0.1392	0.3685	0.3773	0.1375	0.2959	0.0313	0.2423	0.0269	0.2738
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.4535	0.3849	0.3875	0.4956	0.3655	0.4991	0.1000	0.2932	0.0916	0.4025
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.2088	0.1812	0.4532	0.3161	0.1560	0.2732	0.0232	0.2484	0.0412	0.3520
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.2388	0.0748	0.3936	0.3313	0.1296	0.2392	0.0336	0.2460	0.0412	0.4752
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.2800	0.1544	0.3400	0.3858	0.2536	0.3704	0.0772	0.2372	0.0672	0.5116
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.1396	0.1272	0.4444	0.2721	0.0916	0.2364	0.0184	0.2156	0.0412	0.0056
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.3052	0.1572	0.3004	0.3834	0.0976	0.2940	0.0260	0.1972	0.0468	0.0548
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.4592	0.2808	0.1316	0.3601	0.1688	0.2160	0.0328	0.1736	0.0712	0.2004
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.2560	0.2172	0.4408	0.3376	0.1592	0.3236	0.0516	0.3240	0.0448	0.2992
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.2756	0.1084	0.3512	0.3920	0.1588	0.3100	0.0672	0.3144	0.0324	0.4624
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.3612	0.2240	0.2404	0.4580	0.2272	0.2816	0.0764	0.2688	0.0632	0.4492
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.2628	0.2396	0.4304	0.3236	0.1472	0.3236	0.0500	0.3116	0.0348	0.3924
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.2952	0.1244	0.3420	0.3964	0.1460	0.3160	0.0548	0.3032	0.0188	0.4428
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.3600	0.2360	0.2236	0.4592	0.1940	0.2836	0.0536	0.2620	0.0448	0.4116
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.2961	0.2510	0.5908	0.3893	0.1967	0.4788	0.0941	0.4084	0.1113	0.5359
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.3202	0.1632	0.4882	0.4606	0.2352	0.4111	0.0998	0.3728	0.0764	0.6707
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.4390	0.3547	0.3574	0.5850	0.3247	0.3979	0.1237	0.3321	0.1177	0.6115
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.3016	0.2686	0.5763	0.3716	0.1837	0.4788	0.0903	0.3907	0.0928	0.6312
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.3425	0.2065	0.4718	0.4547	0.2208	0.4111	0.0833	0.3730	0.0485	0.6478
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.4374	0.3613	0.3373	0.5850	0.2976	0.3990	0.1041	0.3131	0.1027	0.5682
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.2968	0.2577	0.5966	0.3903	0.1988	0.4793	0.0941	0.4122	0.1140	0.5367
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.3212	0.1634	0.4964	0.4683	0.2358	0.4131	0.1022	0.3729	0.0771	0.6717
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.4476	0.3630	0.3582	0.5910	0.3288	0.3998	0.1238	0.3329	0.1243	0.6171
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.3022	0.2725	0.5859	0.3743	0.1860	0.4793	0.0926	0.3928	0.0980	0.6336
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.3499	0.2073	0.4798	0.4625	0.2218	0.4179	0.0842	0.3746	0.0495	0.6522
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.4416	0.3635	0.3389	0.5910	0.2992	0.4021	0.1073	0.3144	0.1030	0.5740
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.3511	0.3051	0.6312	0.4085	0.2486	0.4879	0.1099	0.4324	0.1206	0.5780
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.3518	0.1936	0.5455	0.5574	0.2512	0.4510	0.1303	0.3731	0.1311	0.7330
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.4894	0.4242	0.4080	0.6482	0.3527	0.4652	0.1464	0.3400	0.1345	0.6710
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.3252	0.3076	0.6372	0.4106	0.1919	0.4879	0.1104	0.4166	0.1202	0.6783
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.3843	0.2152	0.5205	0.5104	0.2403	0.4293	0.0892	0.3784	0.0563	0.6743
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.5325	0.3681	0.3631	0.6197	0.3069	0.4217	0.1198	0.3209	0.1213	0.7440

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 56: Effects on Minimum Outcomes of Pooled Children of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -sponded	Never Su -sponded	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Summary	(01) Obs.	36	35	32	32	37	36	30	30	36	35
	(02) Control	0.1667	0.1667	0.5625	0.5625	0.1667	0.1667	0.6250	0.6250	0.1667	0.1667
	(03) Treatment	0.3889	0.4118	0.4375	0.5000	0.3684	0.3889	0.5000	0.5714	0.3889	0.4118
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.2222	0.2451	-0.1250	-0.0625	0.2018	0.2222	-0.1250	-0.0536	0.2222	0.2451
	(05) COLS	0.1102	0.1353	-0.2373	-0.1197	0.0964	0.1184	-0.2457	-0.0833	0.1102	0.1353
	(06) AIPW	0.0686	0.0762	-0.3238	-0.0988	0.0935	0.1016	-0.3391	-0.0891	0.0825	0.0902
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.0568	0.0440	0.2367	0.3616	0.0752	0.0614	0.2468	0.3841	0.0568	0.0440
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.2273	0.1971	0.0900	0.2790	0.2577	0.2303	0.1054	0.3521	0.2273	0.1971
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.3015	0.2830	0.0186	0.2663	0.2199	0.2006	0.0174	0.2922	0.2532	0.2357
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.0565	0.0452	0.2411	0.3616	0.0704	0.0583	0.2480	0.3826	0.0565	0.0452
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.2410	0.2090	0.0996	0.2755	0.2653	0.2354	0.1144	0.3502	0.2410	0.2090
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.3450	0.3312	0.0632	0.3122	0.2580	0.2444	0.1360	0.3406	0.2927	0.2791
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.0544	0.0456	0.2484	0.3672	0.0740	0.0568	0.2516	0.3900	0.0544	0.0456
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.2392	0.1992	0.0928	0.2712	0.2632	0.2304	0.1208	0.3532	0.2392	0.1992
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.2744	0.2064	0.1036	0.3128	0.2020	0.1520	0.1156	0.3340	0.2384	0.1768
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0260	0.0224	0.1872	0.3212	0.0360	0.0260	0.1964	0.3532	0.0260	0.0224
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.1860	0.1600	0.0776	0.2268	0.2212	0.1968	0.0900	0.3000	0.1860	0.1600
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.3424	0.4092	0.0236	0.2528	0.2556	0.3080	0.0316	0.2904	0.2904	0.3456
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.0864	0.0692	0.2380	0.3228	0.1184	0.0844	0.2124	0.3456	0.0864	0.0692
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.2680	0.2056	0.0504	0.1796	0.2968	0.2344	0.0608	0.2552	0.2680	0.2056
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.3784	0.3452	0.0252	0.2236	0.3168	0.2772	0.0288	0.2576	0.3468	0.3096
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.0864	0.0720	0.2096	0.3064	0.1128	0.0872	0.1880	0.3128	0.0864	0.0720
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.2632	0.2128	0.0476	0.2016	0.2976	0.2540	0.0716	0.2708	0.2632	0.2128
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.3644	0.3384	0.0248	0.2192	0.2960	0.2564	0.0316	0.2584	0.3256	0.2904
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.1640	0.1472	0.4970	0.5393	0.2066	0.1681	0.4749	0.6264	0.1640	0.1472
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.3058	0.2784	0.1997	0.4143	0.3281	0.3008	0.2238	0.4853	0.3058	0.2784
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.4186	0.4417	0.1096	0.4903	0.3575	0.3679	0.1213	0.5073	0.3882	0.4059
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.1585	0.1418	0.4540	0.5200	0.1971	0.1715	0.4552	0.5917	0.1585	0.1418
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.2900	0.2814	0.2117	0.4338	0.3258	0.3107	0.2523	0.5081	0.2900	0.2814
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.4119	0.4341	0.1164	0.4932	0.3412	0.3440	0.1186	0.5089	0.3640	0.3956
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.1649	0.1536	0.5080	0.5395	0.2073	0.1687	0.4762	0.6383	0.1649	0.1536
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.3072	0.2830	0.2035	0.4218	0.3290	0.3030	0.2337	0.4855	0.3072	0.2830
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.4245	0.4489	0.1117	0.4924	0.3576	0.3688	0.1219	0.5086	0.3921	0.4135
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.1603	0.1474	0.4603	0.5218	0.1980	0.1755	0.4563	0.5975	0.1603	0.1474
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.2936	0.2829	0.2137	0.4375	0.3259	0.3166	0.2555	0.5131	0.2936	0.2829
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.4143	0.4404	0.1179	0.4966	0.3438	0.3441	0.1187	0.5109	0.3647	0.4030
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.1798	0.1656	0.5591	0.5616	0.2186	0.1970	0.4842	0.6808	0.1798	0.1656
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.3263	0.3061	0.2488	0.4309	0.3328	0.3118	0.2824	0.4925	0.3263	0.3061
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.4521	0.4489	0.1331	0.5570	0.3700	0.3729	0.1358	0.5137	0.4155	0.4438
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.1653	0.1647	0.4896	0.5304	0.2042	0.1982	0.4598	0.6120	0.1653	0.1647
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.3125	0.3001	0.2241	0.4723	0.3419	0.3454	0.2737	0.5519	0.3125	0.3001
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.4305	0.4483	0.1469	0.5286	0.3509	0.3614	0.1356	0.5611	0.3933	0.4240

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 56: Effects on Minimum Outcomes of Pooled Children of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Attended College	Attended College	Attended College	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	36	35	32	38	38	36	38	38	36
	(02) Control	0.2778	0.2778	0.3125	0.2632	0.2632	0.2632	0.2105	0.2105	0.2105
	(03) Treatment	0.2222	0.2353	0.2500	0.1053	0.1579	0.1176	0.1053	0.1579	0.1176
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.0556	-0.0425	-0.0625	-0.1579	-0.1053	-0.1455	-0.1053	-0.0526	-0.0929
	(05) COLS	-0.1347	-0.1168	-0.1273	-0.1477	-0.0994	-0.1382	-0.0620	-0.0029	-0.0428
	(06) AIPW	-0.1482	-0.0482	-0.0601	-0.1504	-0.1054	-0.1414	-0.0687	-0.0203	-0.0560
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.3519	0.3888	0.3496	0.1270	0.2347	0.1534	0.2160	0.3547	0.2505
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.2161	0.2727	0.2756	0.1247	0.2306	0.1383	0.3045	0.4911	0.3610
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.1411	0.3633	0.3419	0.0898	0.1771	0.0983	0.2619	0.4267	0.2983
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.3465	0.3847	0.3448	0.1058	0.2164	0.1329	0.1911	0.3414	0.2288
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.2193	0.2697	0.2757	0.1179	0.2252	0.1389	0.3047	0.4912	0.3669
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.1917	0.3880	0.3787	0.1385	0.2254	0.1541	0.2936	0.4373	0.3295
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.3404	0.3832	0.3408	0.1052	0.2144	0.1336	0.1884	0.3436	0.2336
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.2088	0.2588	0.2636	0.1276	0.2356	0.1328	0.3248	0.4904	0.3764
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.2384	0.3904	0.3836	0.1212	0.2116	0.1296	0.2800	0.4384	0.3064
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.3116	0.3492	0.3012	0.0472	0.1640	0.0704	0.1232	0.3032	0.1780
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.1596	0.2216	0.2296	0.0448	0.1384	0.0508	0.2488	0.4700	0.3216
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.0956	0.3540	0.3392	0.0824	0.1596	0.0992	0.2352	0.4104	0.2884
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.3596	0.3968	0.3568	0.1448	0.2604	0.1928	0.2236	0.3560	0.2756
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.1524	0.2148	0.2052	0.1500	0.2472	0.1844	0.3208	0.4868	0.3916
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.1460	0.3544	0.3344	0.1516	0.2452	0.1912	0.3036	0.4356	0.3584
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.3272	0.3668	0.3256	0.1428	0.2480	0.1808	0.2176	0.3424	0.2652
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.1720	0.2400	0.2360	0.1444	0.2480	0.1812	0.3144	0.4860	0.3804
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.1448	0.3448	0.3304	0.1432	0.2312	0.1744	0.2896	0.4288	0.3400
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.4784	0.4955	0.4539	0.2976	0.4281	0.3307	0.4818	0.5869	0.5147
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.2648	0.3021	0.2999	0.2338	0.3401	0.2607	0.4725	0.5976	0.4990
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.2490	0.4603	0.4452	0.2326	0.3413	0.2646	0.4829	0.6093	0.5013
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.4395	0.4704	0.4320	0.3060	0.4268	0.3213	0.4804	0.5830	0.5048
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.3016	0.3455	0.3671	0.2418	0.3450	0.2569	0.4738	0.5976	0.4963
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.2341	0.4549	0.4296	0.2566	0.3379	0.2562	0.4829	0.6079	0.4940
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.4791	0.4964	0.4605	0.2992	0.4365	0.3309	0.4930	0.5896	0.5179
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.2687	0.3045	0.3056	0.2361	0.3509	0.2628	0.4868	0.5994	0.5100
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.2490	0.4620	0.4492	0.2328	0.3528	0.2694	0.4894	0.6205	0.5212
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.4408	0.4747	0.4389	0.3062	0.4377	0.3231	0.4943	0.5862	0.5080
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.3096	0.3465	0.3752	0.2459	0.3608	0.2599	0.4868	0.5994	0.5060
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.2388	0.4587	0.4383	0.2596	0.3462	0.2580	0.4953	0.6187	0.4975
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.5253	0.6012	0.4868	0.3103	0.4792	0.4585	0.5472	0.6075	0.6365
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.3156	0.3418	0.3568	0.3706	0.4171	0.3093	0.5225	0.6490	0.5791
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.2578	0.5659	0.4749	0.2348	0.3974	0.2970	0.5109	0.6491	0.6229
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.4679	0.5074	0.4694	0.3068	0.4906	0.3667	0.5245	0.6301	0.6544
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.3541	0.3899	0.4364	0.2673	0.4240	0.2941	0.5320	0.6241	0.5671
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.2705	0.5552	0.4599	0.2673	0.3569	0.2732	0.5875	0.6995	0.5763

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 56: Effects on Minimum Outcomes of Pooled Children of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	38	38	36	38	38	36	30	29	30
	(02) Control	0.1579	0.1579	0.1579	0.0526	0.0526	0.0526	0.6250	0.6250	0.6250
	(03) Treatment	0.1053	0.1579	0.1176	0.0000	0.0526	0.0588	0.7143	0.6923	0.7143
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.0526	-0.0000	-0.0402	-0.0526	0.0000	0.0062	0.0893	0.0673	0.0893
	(05) COLS	-0.0305	0.0215	-0.0183	-0.0285	0.0160	0.0218	0.0338	-0.0318	-0.0090
	(06) AIPW	-0.0228	0.0254	-0.0096	-0.0281	0.0197	0.0274	0.0551	-0.0069	0.0370
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.3121	0.5000	0.3601	0.1464	0.5000	0.4682	0.2941	0.3457	0.2941
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.3887	0.4279	0.4337	0.1839	0.3560	0.3287	0.4276	0.4380	0.4820
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.4082	0.4017	0.4605	0.1814	0.3333	0.2938	0.3684	0.4824	0.4029
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.3196	0.5000	0.3654	0.1313	0.5000	0.4665	0.2978	0.3514	0.2986
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.3936	0.4310	0.4384	0.2175	0.3725	0.3430	0.4284	0.4397	0.4824
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.4231	0.4174	0.4678	0.2339	0.3757	0.3403	0.3926	0.4870	0.4291
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.3200	0.4944	0.3852	0.3272	0.5468	0.5132	0.3124	0.3704	0.3100
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.3936	0.4244	0.4412	0.3736	0.4348	0.4016	0.4532	0.4224	0.4556
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.4192	0.4120	0.4504	0.3528	0.4532	0.4220	0.3988	0.4996	0.4120
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.2696	0.4832	0.3324	0.0012	0.5468	0.4580	0.2436	0.3160	0.2544
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.3636	0.4300	0.4216	0.0156	0.4060	0.3572	0.3948	0.4416	0.4988
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.4068	0.3988	0.4788	0.0780	0.3988	0.3552	0.3588	0.4696	0.4136
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.3020	0.4528	0.3712	0.1568	0.4788	0.5004	0.3620	0.4104	0.3520
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.3836	0.4472	0.4376	0.4336	0.3788	0.3544	0.4596	0.4092	0.4644
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.4012	0.4308	0.4716	0.3896	0.3436	0.3388	0.4280	0.4500	0.4540
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.2948	0.4528	0.3572	0.1344	0.4788	0.4960	0.3292	0.3760	0.3184
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.3752	0.4468	0.4324	0.4508	0.3124	0.2904	0.4616	0.4168	0.4668
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.3980	0.4300	0.4668	0.3136	0.3184	0.3004	0.4156	0.4496	0.4444
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.5416	0.6801	0.5813	0.3240	0.6495	0.6036	0.4558	0.5125	0.4639
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.5416	0.5034	0.5664	0.6192	0.6060	0.5599	0.5226	0.5146	0.5704
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.5602	0.4938	0.5977	0.5629	0.5994	0.5428	0.5108	0.5540	0.5257
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.5375	0.6801	0.5697	0.2859	0.6495	0.5988	0.4258	0.4612	0.4311
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.5389	0.5016	0.5650	0.6467	0.5244	0.4874	0.5187	0.5186	0.5716
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.5611	0.4890	0.5953	0.5096	0.5337	0.4886	0.5054	0.5533	0.5164
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.5488	0.6871	0.5864	0.3244	0.6541	0.6071	0.4704	0.5188	0.4653
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.5456	0.5058	0.5688	0.6253	0.6096	0.5659	0.5247	0.5176	0.5705
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.5610	0.4965	0.6113	0.5691	0.6091	0.5483	0.5163	0.5558	0.5348
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.5421	0.6871	0.5713	0.2864	0.6541	0.6065	0.4377	0.4697	0.4327
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.5429	0.5035	0.5671	0.6569	0.5297	0.4895	0.5310	0.5219	0.5724
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.5614	0.4903	0.6061	0.5307	0.5359	0.4967	0.5123	0.5549	0.5302
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.6179	0.6955	0.6225	0.3455	0.7615	0.6213	0.5522	0.5284	0.5235
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.5793	0.5429	0.6427	0.7576	0.6161	0.5865	0.5460	0.6794	0.5844
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.5662	0.5312	0.6540	0.5810	0.6138	0.5519	0.6734	0.6267	0.6727
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.5559	0.6955	0.5801	0.3176	0.7615	0.6109	0.4480	0.5049	0.5379
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.5657	0.5064	0.5963	0.8797	0.5338	0.5163	0.5591	0.6800	0.5782
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.5639	0.5306	0.6602	0.6350	0.5412	0.5630	0.5310	0.6178	0.5812

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 56: Effects on Minimum Outcomes of Pooled Children of the Female Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	38	38	38	38	34	32	35	34	30	27
	(02) Control	0.0526	0.0526	0.0000	0.0000	0.3529	0.3125	0.1667	0.1667	0.7500	0.7857
	(03) Treatment	0.0526	0.0526	0.0000	0.0000	0.2941	0.2500	0.2941	0.2500	0.6429	0.6154
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0588	-0.0625	0.1275	0.0833	-0.1071	-0.1703
	(05) COLS	-0.0575	-0.0575	0.0000	0.0000	-0.2139	-0.2382	0.0427	-0.0007	0.0100	-0.1063
	(06) AIPW	-0.0453	-0.0460	0.0000	0.0000	-0.2375	-0.2350	-0.0136	-0.0311	-0.0847	-0.1951
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.3583	0.3481	0.1890	0.2793	0.2618	0.1636
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.2392	0.2392	0.5000	0.5000	0.1003	0.0703	0.3911	0.4982	0.4820	0.3309
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.2298	0.2114	0.5000	0.5000	0.0460	0.0416	0.4593	0.3949	0.3016	0.1292
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.3595	0.3488	0.1752	0.2718	0.2660	0.1690
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.2440	0.2440	0.5000	0.5000	0.1090	0.0800	0.3921	0.4983	0.4821	0.3340
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.2803	0.2719	0.5000	0.5000	0.1031	0.1066	0.4655	0.4155	0.3424	0.4789
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.5564	0.5564	1.0000	1.0000	0.3520	0.3496	0.1740	0.2724	0.2756	0.1776
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.3220	0.3220	1.0000	1.0000	0.1052	0.0736	0.3820	0.4884	0.4744	0.3172
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.4352	0.4240	1.0000	1.0000	0.1596	0.1484	0.4272	0.4988	0.3732	0.2188
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.5564	0.5564	1.0000	1.0000	0.3204	0.3028	0.1104	0.2144	0.2040	0.1172
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.1200	0.1200	1.0000	1.0000	0.0788	0.0536	0.3568	0.4912	0.4820	0.3164
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.1604	0.1508	1.0000	1.0000	0.0388	0.0396	0.3396	0.3148	0.2808	0.1564
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.4436	0.4436	1.0000	1.0000	0.3180	0.3208	0.2192	0.3188	0.2584	0.1776
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.2524	0.2524	1.0000	1.0000	0.0632	0.0520	0.4268	0.4708	0.4976	0.2788
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.2876	0.2880	1.0000	1.0000	0.0556	0.0652	0.4256	0.3952	0.2960	0.1596
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.4436	0.4436	1.0000	1.0000	0.2936	0.2928	0.2188	0.3188	0.2348	0.1588
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.2664	0.2664	1.0000	1.0000	0.0660	0.0556	0.4236	0.4708	0.4928	0.3232
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.2776	0.2732	1.0000	1.0000	0.0520	0.0644	0.4236	0.3796	0.3012	0.1788
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.7185	0.7185	1.0000	1.0000	0.4831	0.4225	0.3221	0.4460	0.4886	0.3184
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.3358	0.3358	1.0000	1.0000	0.1797	0.1313	0.5009	0.6035	0.5415	0.3722
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.3664	0.3600	1.0000	1.0000	0.1515	0.1364	0.5621	0.5327	0.4430	0.2515
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.7185	0.7185	1.0000	1.0000	0.4560	0.3975	0.3216	0.4460	0.4589	0.2885
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.3441	0.3441	1.0000	1.0000	0.1871	0.1351	0.4954	0.6035	0.5503	0.4171
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.3563	0.3541	1.0000	1.0000	0.1534	0.1268	0.5618	0.5191	0.4465	0.2703
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.7244	0.7244	1.0000	1.0000	0.4860	0.4277	0.3281	0.4484	0.4923	0.3221
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.3471	0.3471	1.0000	1.0000	0.1839	0.1332	0.5035	0.6151	0.5457	0.3819
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.3684	0.3608	1.0000	1.0000	0.1522	0.1385	0.5680	0.5423	0.4476	0.2556
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.7244	0.7244	1.0000	1.0000	0.4620	0.4052	0.3281	0.4484	0.4603	0.2891
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.3483	0.3483	1.0000	1.0000	0.1952	0.1431	0.4958	0.6151	0.5525	0.4172
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.3568	0.3550	1.0000	1.0000	0.1573	0.1275	0.5679	0.5254	0.4491	0.2727
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.7734	0.7734	1.0000	1.0000	0.4972	0.4344	0.3482	0.4783	0.5119	0.4386
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.3471	0.3471	1.0000	1.0000	0.2002	0.1623	0.5769	0.6484	0.6561	0.4278
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.4132	0.3859	1.0000	1.0000	0.1974	0.1754	0.6821	0.5598	0.4748	0.2846
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.7734	0.7734	1.0000	1.0000	0.4960	0.4192	0.3314	0.4783	0.4626	0.3194
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.4643	0.4643	1.0000	1.0000	0.2493	0.1697	0.5053	0.6484	0.5985	0.4494
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.4222	0.4505	1.0000	1.0000	0.1967	0.1437	0.6307	0.5467	0.4716	0.3754

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 56: Effects on Minimum Outcomes of Pooled Children of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)/Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Summary	(01) Obs.	34	32	35	34	33	32	39	34	37	33
	(02) Control	0.3529	0.3125	0.1667	0.1667	0.5625	0.2500	0.1579	0.1765	0.0556	0.0588
	(03) Treatment	0.2353	0.1875	0.2353	0.1875	0.4118	0.2500	0.1500	0.2353	0.0526	0.1875
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.1176	-0.1250	0.0686	0.0208	-0.1507	0.0000	-0.0079	0.0588	-0.0029	0.1287
	(05) COLS	-0.2718	-0.3003	-0.0149	-0.0616	-0.1533	-0.1146	-0.1442	-0.0025	-0.0369	0.1340
	(06) AIPW	-0.2771	-0.2761	-0.0530	-0.0728	-0.1167	-0.1473	-0.1483	0.0052	-0.0425	0.1313
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.2252	0.2051	0.3090	0.4378	0.2023	0.5000	0.4733	0.3445	0.4849	0.1402
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.0444	0.0243	0.4585	0.3238	0.2079	0.2403	0.1289	0.4948	0.3740	0.2019
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0201	0.0160	0.3384	0.2527	0.2520	0.1187	0.0825	0.4869	0.3169	0.1652
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.2187	0.1952	0.2923	0.4334	0.1814	0.5000	0.4720	0.3251	0.4844	0.1192
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.0466	0.0261	0.4591	0.3314	0.2155	0.2250	0.1397	0.4943	0.3743	0.1883
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.0572	0.0591	0.3541	0.2884	0.2978	0.1743	0.1385	0.4881	0.3479	0.1908
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.2204	0.2016	0.2872	0.4312	0.1792	0.4964	0.4764	0.3280	0.5388	0.1300
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.0416	0.0184	0.4528	0.3076	0.2100	0.2092	0.1344	0.4748	0.4368	0.2064
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.0932	0.0836	0.4436	0.3500	0.2188	0.1748	0.1756	0.4684	0.4572	0.2184
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.1620	0.1388	0.2420	0.4240	0.1400	0.4964	0.4524	0.2752	0.4328	0.0468
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.0340	0.0208	0.4472	0.2896	0.1608	0.1988	0.1008	0.4864	0.3620	0.1508
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.0212	0.0220	0.2128	0.1732	0.2900	0.0852	0.0684	0.4444	0.3220	0.1724
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.1984	0.2092	0.3684	0.4748	0.2212	0.5240	0.5008	0.3356	0.4376	0.1696
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.0268	0.0232	0.4212	0.3056	0.2016	0.2768	0.1020	0.4872	0.2780	0.1764
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.0336	0.0440	0.3268	0.2940	0.2684	0.2116	0.1056	0.4664	0.2804	0.1740
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.1856	0.1900	0.3668	0.4748	0.1964	0.5240	0.4684	0.3356	0.4008	0.1680
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.0360	0.0296	0.4204	0.3004	0.1992	0.2728	0.1372	0.4860	0.3020	0.2380
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.0320	0.0448	0.3240	0.2640	0.2664	0.1704	0.1192	0.4676	0.2876	0.2332
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.3282	0.2996	0.4825	0.6003	0.3530	0.6560	0.5408	0.5138	0.5150	0.2440
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.1062	0.0725	0.5621	0.4305	0.2972	0.3346	0.2010	0.5900	0.3637	0.2280
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.1113	0.0888	0.4582	0.4040	0.3804	0.2750	0.1843	0.5590	0.3589	0.2456
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.3107	0.2751	0.4748	0.6003	0.3283	0.6560	0.5133	0.5138	0.4705	0.2410
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.1093	0.0688	0.5624	0.4359	0.2939	0.3261	0.2253	0.5900	0.3900	0.2850
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.1014	0.0868	0.4540	0.3622	0.3752	0.2410	0.2039	0.5590	0.3712	0.2813
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.3330	0.3125	0.4859	0.6059	0.3548	0.6692	0.5448	0.5152	0.5186	0.2451
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.1102	0.0726	0.5695	0.4339	0.2989	0.3426	0.2047	0.5958	0.3728	0.2385
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.1159	0.0910	0.4637	0.4155	0.3922	0.2753	0.1849	0.5635	0.3592	0.2473
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.3115	0.2840	0.4777	0.6059	0.3313	0.6692	0.5205	0.5152	0.4771	0.2447
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.1094	0.0704	0.5695	0.4368	0.2983	0.3361	0.2302	0.5958	0.4086	0.2938
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.1030	0.0892	0.4587	0.3714	0.3821	0.2473	0.2140	0.5635	0.3716	0.2827
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.4522	0.3528	0.5151	0.6618	0.4292	0.6996	0.6023	0.5160	0.5540	0.2897
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.1351	0.0863	0.5893	0.5522	0.3129	0.4435	0.2222	0.6082	0.4546	0.2947
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.1476	0.1090	0.5008	0.5395	0.4254	0.2836	0.2108	0.5826	0.3959	0.2666
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.3263	0.3066	0.5000	0.6618	0.3570	0.6996	0.5315	0.5160	0.4858	0.3107
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.1129	0.1110	0.5959	0.5050	0.3176	0.3710	0.2762	0.6085	0.5739	0.3694
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.1505	0.0977	0.4742	0.4251	0.4336	0.2822	0.2541	0.5826	0.4217	0.3094

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 57: Effects on Minimum Outcomes of Male Children of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -sponded	Never Su -sponded	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Summary	(01) Obs.	26	25	23	22	26	25	22	21	26	25
	(02) Control	0.0769	0.0769	0.4167	0.4167	0.0769	0.0769	0.5000	0.5000	0.0769	0.0769
	(03) Treatment	0.3077	0.2500	0.3636	0.3000	0.3077	0.2500	0.4000	0.3333	0.3077	0.2500
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.2308	0.1731	-0.0530	-0.1167	0.2308	0.1731	-0.1000	-0.1667	0.2308	0.1731
	(05) COLS	0.1685	0.1245	-0.0234	-0.0637	0.1685	0.1245	0.0003	-0.0417	0.1685	0.1245
	(06) AIPW	0.1370	0.1027	0.0116	-0.0584	0.1354	0.1010	-0.0115	-0.0800	0.1359	0.1016
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.0668	0.1265	0.4015	0.2920	0.0668	0.1265	0.3262	0.2287	0.0668	0.1265
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.1556	0.2258	0.4567	0.3925	0.1556	0.2258	0.4995	0.4350	0.1556	0.2258
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.1527	0.2175	0.4717	0.3613	0.1573	0.2228	0.4744	0.3307	0.1563	0.2217
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.0629	0.1224	0.3980	0.2845	0.0629	0.1224	0.3208	0.2233	0.0629	0.1224
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.1626	0.2343	0.4590	0.3983	0.1626	0.2343	0.4996	0.4387	0.1626	0.2343
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.3025	0.3546	0.4858	0.4380	0.3052	0.3572	0.4926	0.4592	0.3044	0.3564
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.0620	0.1200	0.4024	0.2816	0.0620	0.1200	0.3336	0.2344	0.0620	0.1200
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.1500	0.2236	0.4416	0.3836	0.1500	0.2236	0.4916	0.4508	0.1500	0.2236
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.1580	0.2336	0.4528	0.4324	0.1628	0.2368	0.4996	0.4208	0.1612	0.2360
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0268	0.0688	0.3732	0.2460	0.0268	0.0688	0.2864	0.1836	0.0268	0.0688
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.1080	0.2096	0.4572	0.3592	0.1080	0.2096	0.4916	0.3952	0.1080	0.2096
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.2520	0.3308	0.4992	0.3720	0.2620	0.3376	0.4660	0.3408	0.2592	0.3356
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.1092	0.1864	0.3808	0.2784	0.1092	0.1864	0.3000	0.2152	0.1092	0.1864
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.2040	0.2744	0.3868	0.3280	0.2040	0.2744	0.4344	0.3776	0.2040	0.2744
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.2644	0.3352	0.4432	0.3364	0.2704	0.3428	0.4092	0.3212	0.2692	0.3428
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.1068	0.1828	0.3768	0.2780	0.1068	0.1828	0.3000	0.2152	0.1068	0.1828
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.1912	0.2672	0.3852	0.3320	0.1912	0.2672	0.4344	0.3796	0.1912	0.2672
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.2544	0.3280	0.4428	0.3276	0.2624	0.3412	0.4096	0.3172	0.2604	0.3384
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.1580	0.2440	0.5620	0.4399	0.1580	0.2440	0.5321	0.4037	0.1580	0.2440
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.2168	0.2959	0.6462	0.5620	0.2168	0.2959	0.6096	0.5738	0.2168	0.2959
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.2698	0.3601	0.5940	0.5503	0.2745	0.3622	0.6704	0.5404	0.2739	0.3622
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.1545	0.2403	0.5608	0.4399	0.1545	0.2403	0.5321	0.4037	0.1545	0.2403
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.2171	0.2939	0.6414	0.5583	0.2171	0.2939	0.6096	0.5749	0.2171	0.2939
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.2776	0.3622	0.5900	0.5423	0.2784	0.3744	0.6707	0.5347	0.2784	0.3690
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.1683	0.2487	0.5631	0.4415	0.1683	0.2487	0.5423	0.4064	0.1683	0.2487
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.2256	0.3012	0.6491	0.5722	0.2256	0.3012	0.6119	0.5773	0.2256	0.3012
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.2712	0.3646	0.5995	0.5508	0.2749	0.3649	0.6767	0.5473	0.2761	0.3649
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.1649	0.2459	0.5619	0.4415	0.1649	0.2459	0.5423	0.4064	0.1649	0.2459
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.2210	0.2956	0.6436	0.5682	0.2210	0.2956	0.6119	0.5784	0.2210	0.2956
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.2800	0.3649	0.6004	0.5447	0.2862	0.3764	0.6805	0.5426	0.2793	0.3707
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.2333	0.2978	0.6038	0.4429	0.2333	0.2978	0.5688	0.4208	0.2333	0.2978
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.2731	0.3084	0.6553	0.6147	0.2731	0.3084	0.6401	0.5871	0.2731	0.3084
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.3041	0.3992	0.6343	0.5532	0.3056	0.3893	0.7302	0.5672	0.3402	0.3939
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.2674	0.2669	0.5708	0.4429	0.2674	0.2669	0.5688	0.4208	0.2674	0.2669
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.2495	0.3066	0.6605	0.5896	0.2495	0.3066	0.6401	0.6034	0.2495	0.3066
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.3782	0.4315	0.6256	0.5495	0.3276	0.3933	0.7295	0.5781	0.3013	0.3878

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 57: Effects on Minimum Outcomes of Male Children of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Attended College	Attended College	Attended College	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	26	25	23	25	24	22	25	24	22
	(02) Control	0.2143	0.2143	0.2308	0.3571	0.3571	0.3846	0.2857	0.2857	0.3077
	(03) Treatment	0.2500	0.1818	0.2000	0.3636	0.4000	0.3333	0.2727	0.3000	0.2222
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0357	-0.0325	-0.0308	0.0065	0.0429	-0.0513	-0.0130	0.0143	-0.0855
	(05) COLS	0.0205	-0.0244	0.0007	-0.0450	0.0027	-0.1266	0.0190	0.0616	-0.0414
	(06) AIPW	0.0677	-0.0161	0.0510	-0.0748	-0.0239	-0.1574	-0.0241	0.0171	-0.0840
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.4183	0.4228	0.4322	0.4872	0.4191	0.4067	0.4725	0.4711	0.3329
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.4559	0.4487	0.4987	0.4270	0.4957	0.3183	0.4660	0.3930	0.4331
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.3166	0.4544	0.3619	0.3462	0.4498	0.2042	0.4457	0.4614	0.3164
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.4159	0.4199	0.4295	0.4872	0.4186	0.4065	0.4722	0.4706	0.3306
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.4581	0.4517	0.4988	0.4308	0.4958	0.3311	0.4680	0.3966	0.4377
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.3688	0.4696	0.4186	0.4495	0.4856	0.4104	0.4695	0.4809	0.4197
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.4300	0.4192	0.4320	0.5044	0.4372	0.3920	0.4860	0.4712	0.3332
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.4620	0.4488	0.5008	0.4784	0.4492	0.3504	0.4252	0.3556	0.4524
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.3424	0.4744	0.4152	0.4236	0.4800	0.3280	0.4976	0.4204	0.4016
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.3880	0.4148	0.4260	0.4812	0.3924	0.3948	0.4556	0.4808	0.3036
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.4412	0.4356	0.4980	0.3640	0.4616	0.2508	0.4892	0.3976	0.3852
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.3404	0.4544	0.3916	0.3156	0.3984	0.2224	0.4112	0.4780	0.3504
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.4628	0.4612	0.4600	0.5184	0.4596	0.4420	0.4664	0.5116	0.3404
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.4900	0.4156	0.4616	0.4164	0.4952	0.3084	0.5000	0.4400	0.4032
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.3812	0.4408	0.4328	0.3708	0.4508	0.2788	0.4172	0.4800	0.3444
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.4628	0.4612	0.4600	0.5184	0.4596	0.4420	0.4664	0.5116	0.3380
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.4952	0.4224	0.4612	0.4212	0.4948	0.3212	0.5000	0.4428	0.4044
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.3836	0.4412	0.4300	0.3700	0.4520	0.2760	0.4184	0.4808	0.3404
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.6111	0.5266	0.5288	0.5811	0.5246	0.5647	0.6623	0.5638	0.5349
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.5513	0.5086	0.6177	0.5413	0.5611	0.4267	0.5306	0.4526	0.5712
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.4781	0.5222	0.5187	0.5087	0.6057	0.4055	0.6345	0.5220	0.5689
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.6111	0.5266	0.5288	0.5811	0.5246	0.5647	0.6623	0.5638	0.5290
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.5620	0.5134	0.6177	0.5520	0.5611	0.4450	0.5306	0.4537	0.5761
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.4754	0.5259	0.5171	0.5119	0.6139	0.4068	0.6407	0.5190	0.5690
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.6169	0.5429	0.5481	0.5859	0.5248	0.5665	0.6645	0.5698	0.5379
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.5615	0.5206	0.6303	0.5463	0.5631	0.4441	0.5372	0.4537	0.5776
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.4799	0.5222	0.5213	0.5126	0.6164	0.4164	0.6386	0.5226	0.5772
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.6169	0.5429	0.5481	0.5859	0.5248	0.5665	0.6645	0.5698	0.5329
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.5743	0.5195	0.6303	0.5574	0.5631	0.4597	0.5372	0.4558	0.5824
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.4776	0.5264	0.5215	0.5137	0.6282	0.4098	0.6420	0.5194	0.5877
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.6376	0.6548	0.6231	0.6134	0.5496	0.5691	0.7127	0.5945	0.5461
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.5970	0.6462	0.6901	0.5670	0.6487	0.4927	0.5831	0.4593	0.6047
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.5343	0.5405	0.5700	0.5614	0.6473	0.4635	0.6625	0.5906	0.6348
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.6376	0.6548	0.6231	0.6134	0.5496	0.5691	0.7127	0.5945	0.5599
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.6660	0.5547	0.6901	0.5825	0.6131	0.4734	0.6119	0.4805	0.6123
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.5713	0.5489	0.5536	0.5703	0.6801	0.4692	0.6545	0.6134	0.7048

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 57: Effects on Minimum Outcomes of Male Children of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	25	24	22	26	25	23	21	20	20
	(02) Control	0.2143	0.2143	0.2308	0.0714	0.0714	0.0769	0.5833	0.5833	0.6364
	(03) Treatment	0.2727	0.3000	0.2222	0.1667	0.1818	0.2000	0.6667	0.6250	0.6667
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0584	0.0857	−0.0085	0.0952	0.1104	0.1231	0.0833	0.0417	0.0303
	(05) COLS	0.0457	0.0895	−0.0069	0.0520	0.0802	0.1000	0.1294	0.1003	0.0399
	(06) AIPW	0.0448	0.0860	−0.0028	0.0716	0.0902	0.1237	0.1333	0.0503	0.1010
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.3732	0.3258	0.4821	0.2369	0.2167	0.2111	0.3542	0.4295	0.4465
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.4145	0.3407	0.4883	0.3781	0.3189	0.2985	0.3164	0.3706	0.4487
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.3953	0.3055	0.4933	0.3002	0.2538	0.1925	0.2572	0.4050	0.3017
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.3702	0.3219	0.4817	0.2325	0.2134	0.2066	0.3531	0.4293	0.4456
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.4174	0.3413	0.4888	0.3844	0.3248	0.3068	0.3285	0.3790	0.4526
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.4409	0.4017	0.4972	0.3637	0.3353	0.3063	0.4915	0.4968	0.4934
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.3592	0.3100	0.4932	0.2436	0.2212	0.2136	0.3612	0.4356	0.4644
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.3868	0.3140	0.4960	0.3812	0.3240	0.3024	0.3024	0.3476	0.4428
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.3796	0.3044	0.4888	0.3228	0.2984	0.2560	0.2504	0.3544	0.3304
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.3560	0.2852	0.4752	0.2004	0.1740	0.1668	0.3312	0.4172	0.4344
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.4236	0.3196	0.4796	0.4264	0.3468	0.3168	0.3040	0.3700	0.4428
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.4552	0.3824	0.4764	0.3912	0.3552	0.3052	0.3468	0.4860	0.4040
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.4396	0.4012	0.4904	0.2712	0.2356	0.2400	0.4068	0.4868	0.4900
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.4540	0.3832	0.4492	0.3884	0.3244	0.3028	0.3404	0.3828	0.4588
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.4564	0.3940	0.4596	0.3196	0.2952	0.2516	0.3504	0.4644	0.3852
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.4344	0.4012	0.4904	0.2708	0.2356	0.2392	0.4068	0.4868	0.4900
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.4576	0.3872	0.4500	0.4016	0.3512	0.3344	0.3468	0.3920	0.4664
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.4564	0.3904	0.4588	0.3452	0.3176	0.2680	0.3448	0.4604	0.3760
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.5096	0.4719	0.6624	0.4441	0.3973	0.3879	0.4857	0.5574	0.5812
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.4908	0.4172	0.7028	0.4486	0.3615	0.3326	0.3736	0.4586	0.5190
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.4924	0.4207	0.7130	0.3838	0.3336	0.2895	0.4003	0.5429	0.4514
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.5038	0.4719	0.6624	0.4441	0.3973	0.3879	0.4857	0.5574	0.5812
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.4974	0.4278	0.7028	0.4806	0.4121	0.3738	0.3937	0.4762	0.5389
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.4911	0.4182	0.7137	0.4215	0.3755	0.3019	0.3804	0.5308	0.4468
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.5112	0.4752	0.6652	0.4480	0.4046	0.3912	0.4971	0.5618	0.5833
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.4997	0.4224	0.7055	0.4516	0.3664	0.3352	0.3795	0.4700	0.5229
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.4970	0.4216	0.7140	0.3931	0.3439	0.2988	0.4007	0.5628	0.4535
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.5056	0.4752	0.6652	0.4480	0.4046	0.3912	0.4971	0.5618	0.5833
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.5085	0.4333	0.7055	0.4861	0.4236	0.3806	0.3975	0.4908	0.5411
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.4945	0.4196	0.7141	0.4294	0.3776	0.3084	0.3806	0.5474	0.4482
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.6023	0.4802	0.6945	0.4716	0.4509	0.3985	0.5302	0.6268	0.6060
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.5852	0.4682	0.7133	0.4919	0.4025	0.3956	0.4467	0.5170	0.5738
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.5109	0.4324	0.7189	0.4103	0.4004	0.4358	0.4947	0.7628	0.4748
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.5387	0.4802	0.6945	0.4716	0.4509	0.3985	0.5302	0.6268	0.6060
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.5957	0.4449	0.7278	0.5116	0.5027	0.4630	0.4281	0.6090	0.5676
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.5064	0.4659	0.7161	0.4294	0.4396	0.3224	0.4095	0.6296	0.4699

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 57: Effects on Minimum Outcomes of Male Children of the Female Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	26	25	26	25	25	23	25	23	21	20
	(02) Control	0.0714	0.0769	0.0714	0.0769	0.1538	0.1667	0.0769	0.0833	0.7500	0.8182
	(03) Treatment	0.0833	0.0833	0.0833	0.0833	0.2500	0.1818	0.2500	0.1818	0.5556	0.5556
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0119	0.0064	0.0119	0.0064	0.0962	0.0152	0.1731	0.0985	-0.1944	-0.2626
	(05) COLS	-0.0248	-0.0210	-0.0248	-0.0210	0.0243	-0.0436	0.1245	0.0570	-0.0491	-0.1552
	(06) AIPW	-0.0129	0.0052	-0.0129	0.0052	0.0243	-0.0124	0.1069	0.0451	-0.1986	-0.2430
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.4568	0.4775	0.4568	0.4775	0.2823	0.4636	0.1265	0.2523	0.1864	0.1091
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.4163	0.4325	0.4163	0.4325	0.4437	0.4014	0.2258	0.3658	0.4299	0.2871
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.4431	0.4789	0.4431	0.4789	0.4316	0.4646	0.2139	0.3634	0.1662	0.0992
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.4532	0.4754	0.4532	0.4754	0.2798	0.4626	0.1224	0.2437	0.1847	0.1067
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.4162	0.4344	0.4162	0.4344	0.4478	0.4109	0.2343	0.3740	0.4322	0.2992
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.4855	0.4942	0.4855	0.4942	0.4657	0.4815	0.3491	0.4315	0.4880	0.4853
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.5184	0.5432	0.5184	0.5432	0.2776	0.4716	0.1200	0.2636	0.1876	0.1140
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.5100	0.5200	0.5100	0.5200	0.4444	0.4044	0.2236	0.3824	0.4792	0.3092
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.5320	0.4800	0.5320	0.4800	0.3660	0.4956	0.2288	0.3900	0.3372	0.2856
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.4720	0.4524	0.4720	0.4524	0.2456	0.4612	0.0688	0.2196	0.1368	0.0760
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.3764	0.3868	0.3764	0.3868	0.4440	0.3956	0.2096	0.4044	0.3684	0.2252
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.3536	0.3732	0.3536	0.3732	0.4732	0.4296	0.3220	0.4656	0.1656	0.1308
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.4948	0.5380	0.4948	0.5380	0.3620	0.5360	0.1864	0.3292	0.2100	0.1404
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.3868	0.4000	0.3868	0.4000	0.4756	0.3492	0.2744	0.4232	0.4004	0.2724
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.4468	0.4964	0.4468	0.4964	0.4812	0.4128	0.3260	0.4452	0.1824	0.1652
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.4948	0.5380	0.4948	0.5380	0.3620	0.5360	0.1828	0.3280	0.2100	0.1276
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.3908	0.4040	0.3908	0.4040	0.4784	0.3488	0.2672	0.4236	0.4100	0.2928
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.4488	0.4976	0.4488	0.4976	0.4820	0.4136	0.3256	0.4468	0.1988	0.1692
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.6766	0.7342	0.6766	0.7342	0.4540	0.6567	0.2440	0.4363	0.3828	0.2581
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.4837	0.5047	0.4837	0.5047	0.5317	0.4813	0.2959	0.4556	0.5131	0.3665
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.5452	0.5560	0.5452	0.5560	0.5316	0.5647	0.3561	0.4940	0.2949	0.2416
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.6766	0.7342	0.6766	0.7342	0.4540	0.6567	0.2403	0.4363	0.3828	0.2443
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.4865	0.5040	0.4865	0.5040	0.5291	0.4862	0.2939	0.4585	0.5257	0.3791
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.5482	0.5560	0.5482	0.5560	0.5309	0.5692	0.3617	0.5001	0.3050	0.2504
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.6769	0.7362	0.6769	0.7362	0.4585	0.6642	0.2487	0.4389	0.3893	0.2632
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.4901	0.5053	0.4901	0.5053	0.5415	0.4828	0.3012	0.4618	0.5149	0.3688
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.5525	0.5605	0.5525	0.5605	0.5386	0.5765	0.3590	0.4976	0.3015	0.2458
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.6769	0.7362	0.6769	0.7362	0.4585	0.6642	0.2459	0.4389	0.3893	0.2466
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.4969	0.5086	0.4969	0.5086	0.5392	0.4903	0.2956	0.4688	0.5258	0.3863
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.5565	0.5583	0.5565	0.5583	0.5384	0.5811	0.3673	0.5080	0.3103	0.2566
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.6871	0.7616	0.6871	0.7616	0.4937	0.6844	0.2978	0.4589	0.3988	0.2779
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.5189	0.5347	0.5189	0.5347	0.5854	0.5140	0.3084	0.4849	0.5464	0.3852
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.6011	0.6379	0.6011	0.6379	0.5810	0.6183	0.4162	0.5224	0.3098	0.2795
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.6871	0.7616	0.6871	0.7616	0.4937	0.6844	0.2669	0.4589	0.3988	0.3165
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.6454	0.5395	0.6454	0.5395	0.6260	0.5506	0.3066	0.4896	0.5298	0.4097
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.5840	0.6378	0.5840	0.6378	0.6319	0.6254	0.4166	0.5402	0.3386	0.2828

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 57: Effects on Minimum Outcomes of Male Children of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Summary	(01) Obs.	25	23	25	23	20	23	27	27	26	25
	(02) Control	0.1538	0.1667	0.0769	0.0833	0.8000	0.2727	0.2143	0.2143	0.0714	0.0714
	(03) Treatment	0.2500	0.1818	0.2500	0.1818	0.6000	0.3333	0.3846	0.3077	0.2500	0.1818
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0962	0.0152	0.1731	0.0985	-0.2000	0.0606	0.1703	0.0934	0.1786	0.1104
	(05) COLS	0.0243	-0.0436	0.1245	0.0570	-0.1548	0.0252	0.0321	0.0345	0.1166	0.1390
	(06) AIPW	0.0243	-0.0124	0.1069	0.0451	-0.0844	0.0314	-0.0316	0.1210	0.0779	0.2317
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.2823	0.4636	0.1265	0.2523	0.1714	0.3810	0.1729	0.2969	0.1146	0.2167
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.4437	0.4014	0.2258	0.3658	0.2574	0.4519	0.4278	0.4434	0.2470	0.2459
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.4316	0.4646	0.2139	0.3634	0.3172	0.4280	0.4221	0.2470	0.3036	0.0735
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.2798	0.4626	0.1224	0.2437	0.1553	0.3788	0.1641	0.2821	0.1074	0.2037
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.4478	0.4109	0.2343	0.3740	0.2733	0.4545	0.4321	0.4422	0.2585	0.2473
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.4657	0.4815	0.3491	0.4315	0.4512	0.4859	0.4777	0.4273	0.3818	0.1728
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.2776	0.4716	0.1200	0.2636	0.1608	0.3996	0.1680	0.2912	0.1136	0.2192
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.4444	0.4044	0.2236	0.3824	0.2452	0.4340	0.4640	0.4504	0.2656	0.2892
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.3660	0.4956	0.2288	0.3900	0.3460	0.3964	0.4692	0.3792	0.2816	0.2428
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.2456	0.4612	0.0688	0.2196	0.1188	0.3360	0.1172	0.2280	0.0468	0.1452
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.4440	0.3956	0.2096	0.4044	0.2284	0.4660	0.3736	0.4080	0.2276	0.2400
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.4732	0.4296	0.3220	0.4656	0.3872	0.4776	0.3220	0.2056	0.3792	0.1088
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.3620	0.5360	0.1864	0.3292	0.1984	0.3864	0.1812	0.2916	0.1484	0.2364
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.4756	0.3492	0.2744	0.4232	0.2732	0.4504	0.4456	0.3936	0.2768	0.1864
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.4812	0.4128	0.3260	0.4452	0.3852	0.4304	0.4148	0.2348	0.3572	0.1004
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.3620	0.5360	0.1828	0.3280	0.1976	0.3864	0.1804	0.2908	0.1464	0.2364
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.4784	0.3488	0.2672	0.4236	0.2692	0.4500	0.4448	0.4080	0.2860	0.2748
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.4820	0.4136	0.3256	0.4468	0.3668	0.4272	0.4184	0.2520	0.3764	0.1568
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.4540	0.6567	0.2440	0.4363	0.2817	0.5455	0.3481	0.4742	0.2383	0.3210
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.5317	0.4813	0.2959	0.4556	0.3588	0.5632	0.4892	0.5202	0.3085	0.2794
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.5316	0.5647	0.3561	0.4940	0.5001	0.5512	0.5635	0.4139	0.4095	0.1766
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.4540	0.6567	0.2403	0.4363	0.2817	0.5455	0.3461	0.4742	0.2373	0.3210
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.5291	0.4862	0.2939	0.4585	0.3593	0.5575	0.4914	0.5302	0.3199	0.3626
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.5309	0.5692	0.3617	0.5001	0.4795	0.5477	0.5699	0.4152	0.4191	0.2477
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.4585	0.6642	0.2487	0.4389	0.2856	0.5497	0.3566	0.4802	0.2393	0.3318
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.5415	0.4828	0.3012	0.4618	0.3666	0.5691	0.5084	0.5275	0.3208	0.2911
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.5386	0.5765	0.3590	0.4976	0.5029	0.5529	0.5663	0.4158	0.4120	0.1825
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.4585	0.6642	0.2459	0.4389	0.2874	0.5497	0.3541	0.4802	0.2432	0.3318
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.5392	0.4903	0.2956	0.4688	0.3672	0.5601	0.4991	0.5331	0.3244	0.3658
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.5384	0.5811	0.3673	0.5080	0.4859	0.5503	0.5748	0.4196	0.4192	0.2513
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.4937	0.6844	0.2978	0.4589	0.3646	0.5766	0.3974	0.5131	0.2872	0.4098
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.5854	0.5140	0.3084	0.4849	0.4121	0.6036	0.6266	0.5662	0.3643	0.3544
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.5810	0.6183	0.4162	0.5224	0.5073	0.5738	0.5773	0.4175	0.4872	0.2471
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.4937	0.6844	0.2669	0.4589	0.3793	0.5766	0.3736	0.5133	0.2751	0.4098
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.6260	0.5506	0.3066	0.4896	0.3975	0.6145	0.5974	0.5579	0.3522	0.5010
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.6319	0.6254	0.4166	0.5402	0.4960	0.5659	0.5845	0.4340	0.4418	0.3671

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 58: Effects on Minimum Outcomes of Female Children of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -sponded	Never Su -sponded	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Summary	(01) Obs.	27	27	24	25	28	28	23	24	27	27
	(02) Control	0.4286	0.4286	0.6923	0.6923	0.4286	0.4286	0.7692	0.7692	0.4286	0.4286
	(03) Treatment	0.4615	0.5385	0.7273	0.8333	0.4286	0.5000	0.8000	0.9091	0.4615	0.5385
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0330	0.1099	0.0350	0.1410	0.0000	0.0714	0.0308	0.1399	0.0330	0.1099
	(05) COLS	-0.0852	-0.0121	-0.0452	0.1231	-0.0877	-0.0181	-0.1232	0.0370	-0.0852	-0.0121
	(06) AIPW	-0.1326	0.0581	-0.1439	0.1241	-0.1179	0.0722	-0.1745	0.0873	-0.1326	0.0581
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.4370	0.2985	0.4369	0.2463	0.5000	0.3675	0.4330	0.1824	0.4370	0.2985
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.3445	0.4798	0.4206	0.2914	0.3380	0.4695	0.2474	0.4120	0.3445	0.4798
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.2200	0.3641	0.2193	0.2311	0.2411	0.3284	0.1104	0.2401	0.2200	0.3641
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.4302	0.2766	0.4278	0.2073	0.5000	0.3476	0.4309	0.1737	0.4302	0.2766
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.3491	0.4804	0.4208	0.2799	0.3417	0.4702	0.2593	0.4106	0.3491	0.4804
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.2861	0.3895	0.3181	0.3148	0.3041	0.3603	0.2719	0.3501	0.2861	0.3895
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.4320	0.2776	0.4284	0.2144	0.4936	0.3500	0.4468	0.1852	0.4320	0.2776
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.3484	0.4864	0.4568	0.2580	0.3348	0.4728	0.3080	0.3700	0.3484	0.4864
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.4044	0.3532	0.3860	0.2588	0.4240	0.3264	0.3288	0.2732	0.4044	0.3532
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.4020	0.2388	0.4244	0.2016	0.4892	0.3188	0.4204	0.1264	0.4020	0.2388
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.3156	0.4604	0.3916	0.2896	0.3100	0.4544	0.1796	0.4608	0.3156	0.4604
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.1524	0.3932	0.1712	0.2568	0.1656	0.3628	0.0868	0.2760	0.1524	0.3932
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.4680	0.3392	0.4844	0.2940	0.4916	0.3840	0.4924	0.2380	0.4680	0.3392
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.3248	0.4744	0.3720	0.3036	0.3188	0.4636	0.2312	0.4444	0.3248	0.4744
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.2692	0.4048	0.2444	0.3368	0.2932	0.3800	0.1716	0.3688	0.2692	0.4048
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.4440	0.3252	0.4756	0.3008	0.4916	0.3840	0.4688	0.2356	0.4440	0.3252
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.3312	0.4772	0.3760	0.3384	0.3252	0.4676	0.2352	0.4448	0.3312	0.4772
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.2612	0.4028	0.2548	0.3508	0.2860	0.3736	0.1608	0.3540	0.2612	0.4028
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.5948	0.4823	0.5175	0.3687	0.6440	0.5454	0.5303	0.3045	0.5948	0.4823
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.4853	0.5882	0.5935	0.3534	0.4619	0.5753	0.4054	0.4743	0.4853	0.5882
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.3890	0.5867	0.4554	0.3491	0.4180	0.5733	0.3412	0.3919	0.3890	0.5867
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.5757	0.4668	0.5135	0.3680	0.6440	0.5454	0.5170	0.3045	0.5757	0.4668
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.4838	0.5891	0.5976	0.3796	0.4734	0.5811	0.4178	0.4732	0.4838	0.5891
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.3930	0.5875	0.4690	0.3611	0.4131	0.5742	0.3216	0.3769	0.3930	0.5875
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.5980	0.4828	0.5250	0.3688	0.6477	0.5502	0.5327	0.3053	0.5980	0.4828
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.4968	0.5920	0.5963	0.3619	0.4677	0.5817	0.4076	0.4753	0.4968	0.5920
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.4003	0.5935	0.4561	0.3525	0.4259	0.5819	0.3449	0.3973	0.4003	0.5935
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.5762	0.4694	0.5202	0.3716	0.6477	0.5502	0.5200	0.3086	0.5762	0.4694
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.4889	0.5924	0.5979	0.3825	0.4805	0.5864	0.4268	0.4753	0.4889	0.5924
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.4052	0.5914	0.4696	0.3669	0.4216	0.5832	0.3254	0.3777	0.4052	0.5914
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.6015	0.4848	0.6213	0.3699	0.6735	0.6551	0.5847	0.3670	0.6015	0.4848
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.5026	0.6164	0.6037	0.4098	0.4859	0.6049	0.4637	0.5008	0.5026	0.6164
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.4743	0.5939	0.5259	0.3645	0.4582	0.6177	0.3907	0.4129	0.4743	0.5939
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.6094	0.4884	0.5284	0.4111	0.6735	0.6551	0.6056	0.3503	0.6094	0.4884
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.5307	0.6226	0.6357	0.4583	0.4805	0.6065	0.4703	0.5364	0.5307	0.6226
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.4371	0.6104	0.4859	0.3827	0.4742	0.7078	0.3729	0.3970	0.4371	0.6104

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 58: Effects on Minimum Outcomes of Female Children of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Attended College	Attended College	Attended College	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	27	27	26	30	30	29	30	30	29
	(02) Control	0.4286	0.4286	0.4615	0.2667	0.2667	0.2667	0.2667	0.2667	0.2667
	(03) Treatment	0.3846	0.4615	0.4615	0.1333	0.2000	0.2143	0.1333	0.2000	0.2143
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.0440	0.0330	-0.0000	-0.1333	-0.0667	-0.0524	-0.1333	-0.0667	-0.0524
	(05) COLS	-0.1073	-0.0309	-0.0137	-0.1162	-0.0510	-0.0409	-0.1162	-0.0510	-0.0409
	(06) AIPW	-0.1500	0.0214	0.0217	-0.1170	-0.0589	-0.0568	-0.1170	-0.0577	-0.0548
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.4172	0.4389	0.5000	0.2140	0.3540	0.3872	0.2140	0.3540	0.3872
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.3122	0.4498	0.4780	0.2334	0.3770	0.4014	0.2334	0.3770	0.4014
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.2104	0.4538	0.4559	0.2093	0.3418	0.3515	0.2093	0.3423	0.3531
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.4077	0.4319	0.5000	0.1856	0.3386	0.3749	0.1856	0.3386	0.3749
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.3095	0.4486	0.4771	0.2246	0.3743	0.3990	0.2246	0.3743	0.3990
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.4268	0.4785	0.4993	0.2586	0.3701	0.4294	0.2586	0.3723	0.4318
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.3996	0.4356	0.5016	0.1768	0.3272	0.3596	0.1768	0.3272	0.3596
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.3080	0.4512	0.4792	0.2408	0.3924	0.4180	0.2408	0.3924	0.4180
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.3332	0.4520	0.4624	0.2244	0.3372	0.3480	0.2244	0.3376	0.3516
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.3932	0.4148	0.4856	0.1296	0.3068	0.3536	0.1296	0.3068	0.3536
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.2844	0.4384	0.4724	0.1532	0.3268	0.3512	0.1532	0.3268	0.3512
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.1672	0.4708	0.4584	0.2484	0.3688	0.3760	0.2484	0.3724	0.3792
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.4176	0.4772	0.4720	0.2632	0.4032	0.4404	0.2632	0.4032	0.4404
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.2900	0.4184	0.4512	0.2860	0.4280	0.4512	0.2860	0.4280	0.4512
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.2468	0.4848	0.4884	0.3140	0.4276	0.4292	0.3140	0.4320	0.4328
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.3892	0.4644	0.4720	0.2592	0.3828	0.4128	0.2592	0.3828	0.4128
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.2860	0.4220	0.4528	0.2900	0.4304	0.4476	0.2900	0.4304	0.4476
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.2408	0.4836	0.4876	0.3192	0.4288	0.4268	0.3192	0.4308	0.4288
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.5632	0.6139	0.5999	0.3743	0.5283	0.5587	0.3743	0.5283	0.5587
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.4649	0.5730	0.6046	0.3675	0.4991	0.5279	0.3675	0.4991	0.5279
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.4052	0.6223	0.5795	0.4127	0.5408	0.5528	0.4127	0.5408	0.5540
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.5219	0.6003	0.5999	0.3647	0.5157	0.5449	0.3647	0.5157	0.5449
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.4620	0.5824	0.6050	0.3774	0.4990	0.5218	0.3774	0.4990	0.5218
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.4039	0.6223	0.5834	0.4083	0.5467	0.5588	0.4083	0.5455	0.5565
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.5647	0.6144	0.6101	0.3776	0.5389	0.5658	0.3776	0.5389	0.5658
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.4694	0.5872	0.6109	0.3680	0.5023	0.5318	0.3680	0.5023	0.5318
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.4064	0.6257	0.5796	0.4133	0.5479	0.5595	0.4133	0.5479	0.5608
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.5280	0.6010	0.6101	0.3714	0.5184	0.5544	0.3714	0.5184	0.5544
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.4700	0.5976	0.6108	0.3803	0.5023	0.5258	0.3803	0.5023	0.5258
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.4169	0.6257	0.5840	0.4123	0.5535	0.5655	0.4123	0.5523	0.5634
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.5986	0.6179	0.6321	0.3878	0.6379	0.6188	0.3878	0.6379	0.6188
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.6278	0.6516	0.6404	0.3973	0.5297	0.5749	0.3973	0.5297	0.5749
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.4206	0.6693	0.5796	0.4687	0.5673	0.5704	0.4687	0.5674	0.6011
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.5628	0.6044	0.6321	0.4009	0.6290	0.6097	0.4009	0.6290	0.6097
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.4859	0.6114	0.6379	0.4050	0.5391	0.5948	0.4050	0.5391	0.5948
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.5254	0.6399	0.5884	0.4401	0.5711	0.5698	0.4401	0.5680	0.5705

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 58: Effects on Minimum Outcomes of Female Children of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	30	30	29	31	31	30	24	24	24
	(02) Control	0.2000	0.2000	0.2000	0.1875	0.1875	0.1875	0.6923	0.6923	0.6923
	(03) Treatment	0.1333	0.2000	0.2143	0.0667	0.1333	0.1429	0.8182	0.8182	0.8182
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.0667	0.0000	0.0143	-0.1208	-0.0542	-0.0446	0.1259	0.1259	0.1259
	(05) COLS	-0.0389	0.0390	0.0488	-0.0883	-0.0118	-0.0048	0.0729	0.0221	0.0481
	(06) AIPW	-0.0365	0.0228	0.0247	-0.1150	-0.0371	-0.0365	0.0788	0.0681	0.1038
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.3409	0.5000	0.4679	0.1996	0.3646	0.3904	0.2471	0.2471	0.2471
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.4021	0.4044	0.3824	0.2629	0.4680	0.4873	0.3470	0.4551	0.4029
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.3980	0.4351	0.4318	0.1739	0.3864	0.3907	0.3149	0.3289	0.2538
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.3183	0.5000	0.4638	0.1532	0.3432	0.3731	0.2278	0.2304	0.2295
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.4006	0.4062	0.3844	0.2534	0.4680	0.4872	0.3446	0.4548	0.4011
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.4156	0.4463	0.4688	0.2247	0.4107	0.4535	0.3953	0.4064	0.4804
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.3184	0.4992	0.4620	0.1584	0.3548	0.3888	0.2488	0.2468	0.2424
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.4152	0.3752	0.3572	0.2640	0.4988	0.4856	0.3548	0.4540	0.3924
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.3944	0.4556	0.4492	0.1968	0.3856	0.3912	0.3272	0.3500	0.2808
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.2908	0.4996	0.4684	0.0832	0.3220	0.3560	0.2004	0.1976	0.2008
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.3764	0.4128	0.3852	0.1964	0.4364	0.4556	0.3060	0.4488	0.3840
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.4312	0.4220	0.4232	0.1644	0.4156	0.4196	0.3584	0.3672	0.2996
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.3800	0.4672	0.4800	0.2656	0.4220	0.4452	0.2736	0.2736	0.2740
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.4300	0.3848	0.3728	0.3240	0.4968	0.4936	0.3512	0.4468	0.3944
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.4468	0.4436	0.4428	0.3020	0.4624	0.4680	0.3472	0.3812	0.3212
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.3628	0.4672	0.4456	0.2568	0.4008	0.4288	0.2612	0.2612	0.2564
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.4296	0.3836	0.3668	0.3300	0.4956	0.4940	0.3360	0.4464	0.3896
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.4460	0.4416	0.4412	0.3000	0.4612	0.4580	0.3404	0.3776	0.3192
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.5279	0.5257	0.5285	0.4071	0.5576	0.5864	0.4383	0.4383	0.4393
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.5375	0.5271	0.5021	0.4405	0.6202	0.6257	0.5454	0.6079	0.5673
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.6075	0.5327	0.5280	0.4437	0.6016	0.6062	0.6157	0.6745	0.5954
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.5166	0.5257	0.5089	0.3946	0.5492	0.5645	0.4215	0.4215	0.4177
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.5355	0.5259	0.4988	0.4500	0.6181	0.6262	0.5307	0.6079	0.5599
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.6075	0.5323	0.5280	0.4549	0.6020	0.5964	0.6003	0.6751	0.5890
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.5410	0.5316	0.5397	0.4147	0.5629	0.5923	0.4394	0.4394	0.4423
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.5438	0.5321	0.5068	0.4440	0.6234	0.6317	0.5508	0.6129	0.5745
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.6117	0.5342	0.5309	0.4438	0.6044	0.6092	0.6179	0.6764	0.6028
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.5224	0.5316	0.5191	0.4023	0.5541	0.5654	0.4215	0.4215	0.4204
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.5367	0.5347	0.5050	0.4571	0.6213	0.6317	0.5336	0.6131	0.5660
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.6085	0.5335	0.5309	0.4603	0.6022	0.5966	0.6071	0.6770	0.5939
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.5887	0.5918	0.6465	0.4349	0.6206	0.6461	0.4469	0.4469	0.4684
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.6112	0.5881	0.5427	0.4702	0.6499	0.6471	0.5991	0.6294	0.5879
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.7496	0.5748	0.5640	0.4565	0.6338	0.6492	0.6500	0.6794	0.6184
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.5673	0.5918	0.5648	0.4133	0.6142	0.5762	0.4768	0.4768	0.4501
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.6057	0.6415	0.5266	0.5019	0.6446	0.6478	0.5528	0.6579	0.5660
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.6474	0.5456	0.5424	0.4887	0.6990	0.6088	0.6408	0.6790	0.6588

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 58: Effects on Minimum Outcomes of Female Children of the Female Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	30	31	31	31	26	25	29	28	23	21
	(02) Control	0.1250	0.1250	0.0625	0.0625	0.5000	0.4615	0.3333	0.3333	0.9167	0.9091
	(03) Treatment	0.0714	0.1333	0.0000	0.0000	0.5000	0.5000	0.3571	0.3077	0.9091	0.9000
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.0536	0.0083	-0.0625	-0.0625	-0.0000	0.0385	0.0238	-0.0256	-0.0076	-0.0091
	(05) COLS	-0.1207	-0.0583	-0.0862	-0.0862	-0.1385	-0.0769	-0.1390	-0.1619	0.0503	0.0441
	(06) AIPW	-0.1003	-0.0651	-0.0781	-0.0784	-0.1867	-0.1200	-0.1567	-0.1656	-0.0299	-0.0451
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.3177	0.4738	0.1613	0.1613	0.5000	0.4240	0.4466	0.4426	0.4756	0.4733
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.1637	0.3359	0.1612	0.1612	0.2329	0.3441	0.2214	0.1858	0.3898	0.4097
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.1731	0.2880	0.1509	0.1458	0.1243	0.2225	0.1478	0.1285	0.3952	0.3472
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.3028	0.4715	0.1521	0.1521	0.5000	0.4233	0.4439	0.4409	0.4741	0.4713
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.1599	0.3319	0.1583	0.1583	0.2489	0.3516	0.2289	0.1942	0.3902	0.4104
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.2260	0.3254	0.2008	0.2002	0.2323	0.4551	0.2239	0.3041	0.4234	0.4083
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.3312	0.4888	0.3548	0.3548	0.4844	0.4332	0.4660	0.4340	0.5540	0.5540
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.1532	0.3412	0.3548	0.3548	0.2408	0.3512	0.2124	0.1796	0.4592	0.4740
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.2584	0.3784	0.3552	0.3552	0.2972	0.3952	0.2908	0.2668	0.5216	0.5196
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.2736	0.4712	0.0020	0.0020	0.4928	0.3896	0.4204	0.4308	0.4104	0.4072
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.0620	0.2856	0.0188	0.0188	0.1940	0.2860	0.1764	0.1480	0.4736	0.4860
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.1024	0.2248	0.0784	0.0788	0.1108	0.1832	0.1028	0.0960	0.3536	0.3328
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.3772	0.4976	0.2856	0.2856	0.4120	0.4636	0.4824	0.4684	0.5128	0.5208
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.1784	0.3576	0.0764	0.0764	0.2068	0.3352	0.2008	0.1756	0.3420	0.3656
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.2068	0.3380	0.0740	0.0756	0.1436	0.2428	0.1756	0.1696	0.3760	0.3436
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.3700	0.4652	0.3400	0.3400	0.4120	0.4636	0.4824	0.4684	0.4664	0.4780
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.1860	0.3620	0.0848	0.0848	0.1928	0.3200	0.1984	0.1692	0.3676	0.3844
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.2128	0.3408	0.2216	0.2328	0.1384	0.2312	0.1664	0.1568	0.3856	0.3576
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.4299	0.6420	0.3298	0.3298	0.5807	0.5808	0.6706	0.5408	0.6609	0.6110
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.2306	0.4277	0.1643	0.1643	0.3567	0.4224	0.2910	0.2644	0.3937	0.4224
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.2751	0.4017	0.1474	0.1470	0.3004	0.3286	0.2530	0.2620	0.5586	0.4649
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.4193	0.6157	0.3540	0.3540	0.5807	0.5808	0.6706	0.5408	0.6231	0.5919
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.2306	0.4247	0.1810	0.1810	0.3418	0.4193	0.2872	0.2589	0.4240	0.4493
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.2550	0.4018	0.2580	0.2795	0.3099	0.3219	0.2456	0.2476	0.5695	0.4753
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.4387	0.6512	0.3367	0.3367	0.5854	0.5937	0.6709	0.5458	0.6788	0.6250
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.2346	0.4450	0.1675	0.1675	0.3593	0.4341	0.2971	0.2701	0.3962	0.4238
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.2815	0.4164	0.1494	0.1506	0.3062	0.3350	0.2544	0.2660	0.5597	0.4736
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.4301	0.6240	0.3604	0.3604	0.5854	0.5937	0.6709	0.5458	0.6237	0.6038
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.2504	0.4478	0.1840	0.1840	0.3447	0.4306	0.2874	0.2647	0.4315	0.4543
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.2576	0.4152	0.2618	0.2841	0.3169	0.3288	0.2467	0.2492	0.5723	0.4836
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.4556	0.7039	0.4117	0.4117	0.5903	0.7362	0.6717	0.5667	0.7993	0.6953
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.2907	0.5038	0.2075	0.2075	0.3706	0.4823	0.3928	0.3220	0.4257	0.4716
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.3402	0.5078	0.1922	0.1905	0.3202	0.3867	0.2874	0.2877	0.5606	0.5641
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.5026	0.6791	0.3963	0.3963	0.5903	0.7362	0.6717	0.5667	0.6638	0.7194
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.2955	0.4605	0.2080	0.2080	0.3589	0.5724	0.3453	0.3291	0.4839	0.5058
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.3227	0.5625	0.2800	0.3072	0.3702	0.3641	0.2509	0.2627	0.5832	0.6154

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 58: Effects on Minimum Outcomes of Female Children of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)/Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Summary	(01) Obs.	26	25	29	28	27	25	32	27	30	26
	(02) Control	0.5000	0.4615	0.3333	0.3333	0.5385	0.2308	0.2500	0.2143	0.0667	0.0769
	(03) Treatment	0.4167	0.4167	0.2857	0.2308	0.4286	0.2500	0.1875	0.3077	0.1333	0.2308
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.0833	-0.0449	-0.0476	-0.1026	-0.1099	0.0192	-0.0625	0.0934	0.0667	0.1538
	(05) COLS	-0.2209	-0.1581	-0.2059	-0.2332	-0.1389	-0.0995	-0.1401	0.0607	0.0787	0.1511
	(06) AIPW	-0.2489	-0.1738	-0.1984	-0.2116	-0.0839	-0.1257	-0.1241	0.0558	0.0830	0.1599
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.3357	0.4109	0.3908	0.2720	0.2906	0.4560	0.3378	0.3041	0.2803	0.1506
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.1191	0.2057	0.1192	0.0883	0.2345	0.2799	0.2036	0.3785	0.3020	0.1752
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0598	0.1352	0.0839	0.0640	0.3192	0.1621	0.2034	0.3762	0.2728	0.1390
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.3286	0.4044	0.3779	0.2529	0.2817	0.4536	0.3257	0.2782	0.2645	0.1299
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.1287	0.2071	0.1214	0.0906	0.2511	0.2807	0.2025	0.3673	0.2932	0.1676
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.1552	0.4351	0.1490	0.2474	0.3715	0.2994	0.2342	0.4545	0.2938	0.3844
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.3132	0.4052	0.3736	0.2532	0.2660	0.4504	0.3200	0.2852	0.2860	0.1420
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.1196	0.1944	0.1040	0.0748	0.2328	0.2880	0.1724	0.3888	0.3316	0.1836
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.1796	0.2724	0.1940	0.1636	0.2936	0.2648	0.2280	0.4120	0.3428	0.1932
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.2820	0.3788	0.3380	0.2024	0.2456	0.4428	0.2772	0.2228	0.2528	0.0644
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.1088	0.1548	0.0848	0.0644	0.2060	0.2456	0.1976	0.3192	0.2880	0.1116
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.0768	0.1296	0.0540	0.0484	0.3764	0.1528	0.2228	0.3536	0.3032	0.1456
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.3172	0.4296	0.4220	0.2968	0.3152	0.4916	0.3708	0.2968	0.3360	0.1768
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.1212	0.2236	0.1156	0.1008	0.2388	0.2732	0.1968	0.3456	0.2952	0.1988
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.0968	0.1868	0.1220	0.1216	0.3440	0.2456	0.2412	0.3664	0.2748	0.1980
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.3172	0.4296	0.4220	0.2968	0.2952	0.4768	0.3444	0.2964	0.3320	0.1748
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.1120	0.2036	0.1168	0.0988	0.2196	0.2684	0.2176	0.3464	0.3432	0.1940
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.0892	0.1792	0.1132	0.1064	0.3384	0.2176	0.2668	0.3732	0.3428	0.2140
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.4707	0.4887	0.4942	0.3609	0.4497	0.5916	0.4675	0.4516	0.3868	0.2358
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.2220	0.3056	0.1917	0.1649	0.3424	0.3894	0.2872	0.4773	0.3767	0.2798
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.2234	0.2480	0.2087	0.1892	0.4691	0.3631	0.3248	0.4891	0.3808	0.2793
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.4707	0.4881	0.4942	0.3609	0.4262	0.5520	0.4447	0.4516	0.3783	0.2318
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.2059	0.2773	0.1948	0.1569	0.3306	0.3814	0.3108	0.4716	0.4168	0.2605
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.2148	0.2446	0.1909	0.1750	0.4669	0.3177	0.3491	0.4929	0.4307	0.2963
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.4738	0.5015	0.4944	0.3633	0.4626	0.5986	0.4686	0.4560	0.3920	0.2362
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.2241	0.3156	0.1990	0.1739	0.3443	0.3981	0.2970	0.4833	0.3770	0.2854
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.2302	0.2504	0.2198	0.1939	0.4820	0.3632	0.3374	0.5007	0.3889	0.2796
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.4738	0.5012	0.4944	0.3633	0.4300	0.5552	0.4470	0.4563	0.3817	0.2321
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.2102	0.2822	0.2005	0.1654	0.3416	0.3847	0.3219	0.4764	0.4281	0.2635
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.2192	0.2478	0.2016	0.1822	0.4719	0.3181	0.3543	0.5022	0.4407	0.2985
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.4904	0.5789	0.6640	0.4060	0.5528	0.6442	0.4736	0.4877	0.4274	0.2423
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.2702	0.4247	0.2321	0.2235	0.3546	0.4640	0.3438	0.4970	0.3864	0.3097
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.2372	0.2745	0.2586	0.2068	0.5673	0.3701	0.4830	0.5320	0.4480	0.2820
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.4904	0.5926	0.6640	0.4060	0.5138	0.5752	0.4675	0.4762	0.4055	0.2393
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.2364	0.3073	0.2144	0.2032	0.4214	0.3930	0.3864	0.6250	0.4671	0.3276
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.2192	0.3027	0.2418	0.1822	0.5410	0.3870	0.4036	0.5936	0.4559	0.3507

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

8 Multiple Hypothesis Tests for Effects on Minimum Intergenerational Outcomes

Table 59: Stepdown Tests for Minimum Outcomes of Pooled Children of Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -spended	Never Su -spended	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Summary	(01) Obs.	70	66	67	64	73	69	63	60	71	67
	(02) Control	0.2571	0.2571	0.5758	0.5938	0.2162	0.2162	0.6667	0.6875	0.2222	0.2222
	(03) Treatment	0.4286	0.4194	0.5882	0.6250	0.3889	0.4063	0.7000	0.7500	0.4000	0.4194
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1714	0.1622	0.0125	0.0313	0.1727	0.1900	0.0333	0.0625	0.1778	0.1971
	(05) COLS	0.1235	0.1336	0.0259	0.0970	0.1535	0.1803	0.0241	0.1032	0.1532	0.1796
	(06) AIPW	0.1346	0.1231	0.0857	0.1767	0.1533	0.1784	0.0727	0.1940	0.1368	0.1692
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.1013	0.1013	0.7998	0.7998	0.0661	0.0661	0.5841	0.5841	0.0575	0.0575
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.2370	0.2370	0.4645	0.4645	0.0872	0.0872	0.4207	0.3830	0.0922	0.0922
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.2176	0.2176	0.1871	0.0820	0.0693	0.0511	0.2127	0.0354	0.0986	0.0680
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.1100	0.1100	0.7929	0.7929	0.0761	0.0761	0.5851	0.5851	0.0720	0.0720
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.2678	0.2678	0.4641	0.4641	0.1118	0.1118	0.4240	0.3997	0.1218	0.1218
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.4976	0.4976	0.2912	0.2585	0.2016	0.2016	0.3352	0.1657	0.2689	0.2499
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.1128	0.1128	0.7984	0.7984	0.0672	0.0672	0.5952	0.5952	0.0664	0.0664
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.2544	0.2544	0.4872	0.4872	0.0936	0.0936	0.4120	0.4120	0.1104	0.1104
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.3056	0.3056	0.1976	0.1976	0.1408	0.1408	0.2248	0.1464	0.1656	0.1656
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.0400	0.0400	0.7480	0.7480	0.0224	0.0224	0.4800	0.4800	0.0200	0.0200
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.1504	0.1504	0.3968	0.3240	0.0488	0.0488	0.4080	0.2584	0.0552	0.0552
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.2128	0.2128	0.2484	0.1048	0.1080	0.1080	0.3008	0.0496	0.1336	0.1336
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.1376	0.1376	0.8496	0.8496	0.0816	0.0816	0.6496	0.6496	0.0736	0.0736
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.2584	0.2584	0.4808	0.4808	0.1088	0.1088	0.4616	0.4224	0.1104	0.1104
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.3384	0.3384	0.3152	0.3152	0.1696	0.1696	0.3268	0.1784	0.1936	0.1936
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.1392	0.1392	0.8432	0.8432	0.0800	0.0800	0.6088	0.6088	0.0696	0.0696
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.2576	0.2576	0.5176	0.5176	0.1088	0.1088	0.4632	0.4416	0.1104	0.1104
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.3416	0.3416	0.2764	0.2704	0.1328	0.1328	0.2972	0.1512	0.1608	0.1608
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.2191	0.2191	0.9461	0.9461	0.1520	0.1520	0.7211	0.7211	0.1576	0.1576
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.3583	0.3583	0.5733	0.5733	0.1503	0.1503	0.4944	0.4944	0.1641	0.1641
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.4262	0.4262	0.4293	0.4293	0.2395	0.2395	0.3733	0.2754	0.2803	0.2803
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.2239	0.2239	0.9461	0.9461	0.1520	0.1520	0.6698	0.6698	0.1554	0.1554
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.3613	0.3613	0.6085	0.6085	0.1512	0.1512	0.5194	0.5194	0.1608	0.1608
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.4289	0.4289	0.3845	0.3845	0.1978	0.1978	0.3540	0.2358	0.2303	0.2303
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.2244	0.2244	0.9612	0.9612	0.1630	0.1630	0.7269	0.7269	0.1635	0.1635
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.3603	0.3603	0.5748	0.5748	0.1705	0.1705	0.4951	0.4951	0.1724	0.1724
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.4307	0.4307	0.4355	0.4355	0.2425	0.2425	0.3865	0.2877	0.2886	0.2886
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.2255	0.2255	0.9612	0.9612	0.1633	0.1633	0.6810	0.6810	0.1644	0.1644
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.3802	0.3802	0.6115	0.6115	0.1654	0.1654	0.5210	0.5210	0.1641	0.1641
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.4303	0.4303	0.3847	0.3847	0.2155	0.2155	0.3603	0.2411	0.2394	0.2394
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.2451	0.2451	1.0000	1.0000	0.2081	0.2081	0.7437	0.7437	0.1825	0.1825
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.3653	0.3653	0.6896	0.6896	0.2585	0.2585	0.5188	0.5188	0.2517	0.2517
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.4549	0.4549	0.4536	0.4536	0.2808	0.2808	0.4602	0.3677	0.3521	0.3521
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.2432	0.2432	1.0000	1.0000	0.2081	0.2081	0.9348	0.9348	0.2045	0.2045
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.4143	0.4143	0.6879	0.6879	0.2404	0.2404	0.5578	0.5578	0.2061	0.2061
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.4482	0.4482	0.4662	0.4662	0.2240	0.2240	0.3825	0.3051	0.2539	0.2539
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.0832	0.0832	0.4922	0.4922	0.0544	0.0544	0.4166	0.3774	0.0488	0.0488
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.1631	0.1631	0.4550	0.3267	0.0756	0.0744	0.4630	0.2855	0.0772	0.0772
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.2115	0.2115	0.2763	0.1575	0.1275	0.0800	0.2971	0.1008	0.1547	0.0932

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 59: Stepdown Tests for Minimum Outcomes of Pooled Children of Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Attended College	Attended College	Attended College	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	76	72	65	76	71	67	77	73	69
	(02) Control	0.2632	0.2703	0.2424	0.2162	0.2222	0.2353	0.1842	0.1842	0.1944
	(03) Treatment	0.2105	0.2000	0.1875	0.1795	0.2000	0.3030	0.1795	0.2000	0.3030
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.0526	-0.0703	-0.0549	-0.0367	-0.0222	0.0677	-0.0047	0.0158	0.1086
	(05) COLS	-0.0535	-0.0703	-0.0492	-0.0251	-0.0100	0.0442	0.0188	0.0402	0.1019
	(06) AIPW	-0.0884	-0.0727	-0.0517	-0.0118	0.0318	0.1956	0.0308	0.0744	0.2164
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.7245	0.7245	0.7245	0.8109	0.8109	0.8109	0.8673	0.8673	0.4646
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.7609	0.7609	0.7609	0.9598	0.9598	0.9598	0.6419	0.6419	0.3784
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.4358	0.4358	0.4358	0.7101	0.7101	0.1122	0.3671	0.3671	0.0374
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.7187	0.7187	0.7187	0.7797	0.7797	0.7797	0.8617	0.8617	0.4222
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.7653	0.7653	0.7653	0.9881	0.9881	0.9881	0.6551	0.6551	0.4270
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.6629	0.6629	0.6629	0.8102	0.8102	0.2114	0.5314	0.5314	0.0847
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.7380	0.7380	0.7380	0.7644	0.7644	0.7644	0.8408	0.8408	0.4092
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.7932	0.7932	0.7932	0.9456	0.9456	0.9456	0.6384	0.6384	0.4224
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.8388	0.8388	0.8388	0.6168	0.6168	0.1464	0.3656	0.3656	0.0744
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.5088	0.5088	0.5088	0.6168	0.6168	0.6168	0.8416	0.8416	0.2640
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.5628	0.5628	0.5628	0.8568	0.8568	0.8568	0.5744	0.5744	0.2556
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.3432	0.3832	0.3832	0.7096	0.7096	0.0612	0.4512	0.4512	0.0156
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.6996	0.6996	0.6996	0.8400	0.8400	0.8400	0.8984	0.8984	0.4932
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.6384	0.6384	0.6384	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6792	0.6792	0.5472
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.4848	0.4848	0.4848	0.7448	0.7448	0.1680	0.4784	0.4784	0.1152
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.6480	0.6480	0.6480	0.8328	0.8328	0.8328	0.8664	0.8664	0.4692
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.6612	0.6612	0.6612	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6392	0.6392	0.4632
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.4440	0.4440	0.4440	0.7344	0.7344	0.2772	0.4576	0.4576	0.1620
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.9784	0.9784	0.9784	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9784	0.9784	0.6479
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.8836	0.8836	0.8836	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8383	0.8383	0.6971
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.7776	0.7776	0.7776	0.9174	0.9174	0.2459	0.6325	0.6325	0.1650
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.9486	0.9486	0.9486	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9521	0.9521	0.6192
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.8925	0.8925	0.8925	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7926	0.7926	0.5985
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.7552	0.7552	0.7552	0.9182	0.9182	0.3510	0.6082	0.6082	0.2094
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.9993	0.9993	0.9993	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9805	0.9805	0.6695
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.8872	0.8872	0.8872	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8434	0.8434	0.7254
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.7906	0.7906	0.7906	0.9305	0.9305	0.2526	0.6383	0.6383	0.1783
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.9522	0.9522	0.9522	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9565	0.9565	0.6289
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.9125	0.9125	0.9125	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7942	0.7942	0.6238
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.7702	0.7702	0.7702	0.9195	0.9195	0.3510	0.6111	0.6111	0.2117
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7242
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8797	0.8797	0.8797
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9663	0.9663	0.2872	0.6514	0.6514	0.2954
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7118
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9721	0.9721	0.6719
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.8691	0.8691	0.8691	0.9257	0.9257	0.3761	0.6348	0.6348	0.2506
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.3715	0.3347	0.3715	0.6010	0.6010	0.6010	0.8449	0.8449	0.3679
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.3758	0.3443	0.3758	0.7233	0.7233	0.7233	0.4154	0.3878	0.2171
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.2807	0.2991	0.2991	0.7661	0.7661	0.2203	0.3663	0.2695	0.0776

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 59: Stepdown Tests for Minimum Outcomes of Pooled Children of Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	77	74	69	79	77	71	62	58	56
	(02) Control	0.1579	0.1579	0.1667	0.0500	0.0500	0.0526	0.7188	0.7097	0.6897
	(03) Treatment	0.1795	0.1944	0.2727	0.0256	0.0270	0.0606	0.8000	0.7778	0.7778
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0216	0.0365	0.1061	-0.0244	-0.0230	0.0080	0.0812	0.0681	0.0881
	(05) COLS	0.0313	0.0464	0.0950	0.0070	0.0048	0.0337	0.0889	0.0810	0.0692
	(06) AIPW	0.0498	0.0736	0.1996	-0.0093	-0.0094	0.0248	0.1593	0.1367	0.1383
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.6654	0.6654	0.4030	0.8549	0.8549	0.8549	0.6561	0.6561	0.6561
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.5709	0.5709	0.3968	0.8276	0.8276	0.6090	0.6652	0.6652	0.6652
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.3417	0.3417	0.0495	0.8403	0.8403	0.8403	0.1451	0.1554	0.1554
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.6723	0.6723	0.4058	0.8246	0.8246	0.8246	0.6622	0.6622	0.6622
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.5904	0.5904	0.4642	0.8273	0.8273	0.6250	0.6652	0.6652	0.6652
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.4504	0.4504	0.1334	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4882	0.4882	0.4882
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.6632	0.6632	0.3876	0.9240	0.9240	0.9240	0.6768	0.6768	0.6768
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.5912	0.5912	0.4728	0.8880	0.8880	0.6000	0.7212	0.7212	0.7212
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.3288	0.3288	0.1092	0.8772	0.8772	0.8772	0.4584	0.4584	0.4584
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.5688	0.5688	0.2076	0.6576	0.6576	0.6576	0.4752	0.4752	0.4752
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.4656	0.4656	0.2532	0.8344	0.8344	0.2712	0.4680	0.4680	0.4680
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.3832	0.3832	0.0324	0.8940	0.8940	0.8940	0.1488	0.1696	0.1696
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.6808	0.6808	0.3948	0.7944	0.7944	0.7944	0.6672	0.6672	0.6672
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.6096	0.6096	0.4620	0.9544	0.9544	0.9300	0.6492	0.6492	0.6492
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.4408	0.4408	0.1452	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4128	0.4128	0.4128
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.6632	0.6632	0.3864	0.6936	0.6936	0.6936	0.6144	0.6144	0.6144
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.5760	0.5760	0.4128	0.9344	0.9344	0.7872	0.6984	0.6984	0.6984
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.4192	0.4192	0.1872	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3648	0.3648	0.3648
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.8483	0.8483	0.5569	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8742	0.8742	0.8742
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.7577	0.7577	0.6436	0.9917	0.9917	0.9906	0.8023	0.8023	0.8023
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.6336	0.6336	0.2126	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6296	0.6296	0.6296
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.8322	0.8322	0.5423	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8388	0.8388	0.8388
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.7269	0.7269	0.5841	0.9709	0.9709	0.8567	0.8687	0.8687	0.8687
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.6119	0.6119	0.2505	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.5761	0.5761	0.5761
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.8643	0.8643	0.5581	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8940	0.8940	0.8940
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.7912	0.7912	0.6514	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8222	0.8222	0.8222
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.6416	0.6416	0.2200	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6389	0.6389	0.6389
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.8466	0.8466	0.5450	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8476	0.8476	0.8476
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.7494	0.7494	0.5902	0.9763	0.9763	0.8626	0.8739	0.8739	0.8739
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.6175	0.6175	0.2523	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.5784	0.5784	0.5784
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	0.5680	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	0.7457	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8933	0.8933	0.8933
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.7005	0.7005	0.2565	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6590	0.6590	0.6590
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	0.5680	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8935	0.8935	0.8935
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.8105	0.8105	0.6267	0.9941	0.9941	0.9761	0.9540	0.9540	0.9540
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.7156	0.7156	0.3532	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.5931	0.5931	0.5931
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.4098	0.3974	0.2115	0.6034	0.6034	0.6034	0.2503	0.2695	0.2503
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.3539	0.3539	0.2223	0.6030	0.6030	0.4094	0.2723	0.2995	0.3175
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.2827	0.2575	0.0924	0.7329	0.7329	0.7329	0.1483	0.1779	0.1779

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 59: Stepdown Tests for Minimum Outcomes of Pooled Children of Pooled Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su./Arrested	Never Su./Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	77	73	77	73	67	62	68	63	59	53
	(02) Control	0.0750	0.0526	0.0250	0.0263	0.4000	0.3548	0.2222	0.2059	0.7742	0.7778
	(03) Treatment	0.0270	0.0286	0.0000	0.0000	0.3750	0.3871	0.3438	0.3103	0.7500	0.7308
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.0480	-0.0241	-0.0250	-0.0263	-0.0250	0.0323	0.1215	0.1045	-0.0242	-0.0470
	(05) COLS	-0.0302	-0.0260	-0.0037	-0.0043	-0.0491	-0.0604	0.0873	0.0393	0.0173	-0.0694
	(06) AIPW	-0.0513	-0.0376	-0.0175	-0.0185	-0.0150	0.0220	0.0917	0.0925	0.0779	-0.0299
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.3339	0.3339	0.3196	0.3196	0.7854	0.7854	0.2604	0.2604	0.6821	0.6821
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.4289	0.4289	0.6345	0.6345	0.6059	0.6059	0.4292	0.4292	0.6557	0.6557
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.1065	0.1065	0.3130	0.3130	0.8224	0.8224	0.3555	0.3555	0.4110	0.4110
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.3300	0.3300	0.2942	0.2942	0.7857	0.7857	0.2378	0.2378	0.6905	0.6905
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.4468	0.4468	0.6898	0.6898	0.6190	0.6190	0.4322	0.4322	0.6673	0.6673
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.2549	0.2549	0.4601	0.4601	0.8885	0.8885	0.5111	0.5111	0.6599	0.6599
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.3536	0.3536	0.7256	0.7256	0.7880	0.7880	0.2344	0.2344	0.7144	0.7144
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.5224	0.5224	1.0000	1.0000	0.6072	0.6072	0.4368	0.4368	0.6792	0.6792
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.3176	0.3176	0.8224	0.8224	0.7208	0.7208	0.3752	0.3752	0.7528	0.7528
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.1128	0.2456	0.0008	0.0008	0.7216	0.7216	0.1256	0.1256	0.5808	0.5808
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.1792	0.1792	0.2776	0.2776	0.5200	0.5200	0.2944	0.3052	0.5848	0.5848
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.0464	0.0552	0.1056	0.1056	0.7376	0.7376	0.3992	0.3992	0.3848	0.4756
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.3344	0.3344	0.4360	0.4360	0.7792	0.7792	0.2880	0.2880	0.7152	0.7152
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.5368	0.5368	0.9440	0.9440	0.5312	0.5312	0.4688	0.4688	0.5512	0.5512
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.2704	0.2704	0.7792	0.7792	0.8392	0.8392	0.5376	0.5376	0.5216	0.5216
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.2824	0.2824	0.2360	0.2360	0.7672	0.7672	0.2864	0.2864	0.7048	0.7048
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.4152	0.4152	0.9448	0.9448	0.5232	0.5232	0.4664	0.4664	0.6632	0.6632
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.1696	0.1696	0.4624	0.4624	0.8288	0.8288	0.5128	0.5128	0.5472	0.5472
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.6947	0.6947	0.7260	0.7260	0.9337	0.9337	0.3910	0.3910	1.0000	1.0000
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.7771	0.7771	1.0000	1.0000	0.9650	0.9650	0.5682	0.5682	0.7756	0.7756
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.6421	0.6421	1.0000	1.0000	0.8580	0.8580	0.6297	0.6297	0.5770	0.5770
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.6478	0.6478	0.6438	0.6438	0.9133	0.9133	0.3910	0.3910	1.0000	1.0000
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.7316	0.7316	1.0000	1.0000	0.9592	0.9592	0.5671	0.5671	0.8990	0.8990
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.5323	0.5323	1.0000	1.0000	0.8463	0.8463	0.6144	0.6144	0.6093	0.6093
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.7003	0.7003	0.7286	0.7286	0.9446	0.9446	0.4105	0.4105	1.0000	1.0000
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.7772	0.7772	1.0000	1.0000	0.9746	0.9746	0.5736	0.5736	0.7757	0.7757
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.6448	0.6448	1.0000	1.0000	0.8615	0.8615	0.6370	0.6370	0.5835	0.5835
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.6547	0.6547	0.6566	0.6566	0.9215	0.9215	0.4105	0.4105	1.0000	1.0000
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.7357	0.7357	1.0000	1.0000	0.9692	0.9692	0.5683	0.5683	0.9021	0.9021
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.5340	0.5340	1.0000	1.0000	0.8498	0.8498	0.6157	0.6157	0.6131	0.6131
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.8786	0.8786	0.7331	0.7331	1.0000	1.0000	0.5009	0.5009	1.0000	1.0000
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.9064	0.9064	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6438	0.6438	0.8302	0.8302
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.7034	0.7034	1.0000	1.0000	0.9017	0.9017	0.6942	0.6942	0.6533	0.6533
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.6602	0.6602	0.7052	0.7052	0.9575	0.9575	0.5009	0.5009	1.0000	1.0000
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.8162	0.8162	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.5803	0.5803	1.0000	1.0000
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.5371	0.5371	1.0000	1.0000	0.9257	0.9257	0.6739	0.6739	0.6998	0.6998
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.1919	0.2547	0.1188	0.1188	0.7701	0.7701	0.1887	0.1935	0.4170	0.3974
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.2691	0.2691	0.4742	0.4742	0.3255	0.3255	0.2919	0.3850	0.6705	0.6705
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.1419	0.1519	0.2715	0.2715	0.8313	0.8313	0.3127	0.3127	0.5434	0.5434

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 59: Stepdown Tests for Minimum Outcomes of Pooled Children of Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Summary	(01) Obs.	67	62	68	63	69	62	80	74	77	71
	(02) Control	0.4000	0.3548	0.2222	0.2059	0.6000	0.3333	0.1750	0.2368	0.0256	0.0526
	(03) Treatment	0.3438	0.3548	0.3125	0.2759	0.4412	0.2813	0.2500	0.3333	0.1316	0.1515
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.0562	0.0000	0.0903	0.0700	-0.1588	-0.0521	0.0750	0.0965	0.1059	0.0989
	(05) COLS	-0.0783	-0.0927	0.0590	0.0079	-0.1703	-0.0467	0.0124	0.0513	0.0882	0.1062
	(06) AIPW	-0.0315	0.0050	0.0754	0.0753	-0.1471	0.0389	-0.0256	0.0420	0.0796	0.0972
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.6211	0.6211	0.3939	0.3939	0.1060	0.3353	0.2014	0.1826	0.0427	0.0931
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.4183	0.4183	0.5837	0.5837	0.0784	0.3552	0.4496	0.3345	0.1067	0.0871
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.7476	0.7476	0.4428	0.4428	0.0677	0.3429	0.3773	0.3385	0.0846	0.0746
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.6152	0.6152	0.3657	0.3657	0.0854	0.3233	0.1888	0.1573	0.0368	0.0794
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.4287	0.4287	0.5874	0.5874	0.0676	0.3447	0.4485	0.3141	0.1010	0.0711
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.8214	0.8214	0.5823	0.5823	0.1325	0.4994	0.4023	0.3609	0.1238	0.1296
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.6096	0.6096	0.3592	0.3592	0.0860	0.3340	0.1808	0.1556	0.0264	0.0752
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.4232	0.4232	0.5976	0.5976	0.0628	0.3312	0.4644	0.3288	0.0928	0.0700
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.8296	0.8296	0.4552	0.4552	0.1292	0.4084	0.4980	0.3428	0.0960	0.1256
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.4896	0.4992	0.2184	0.2184	0.0440	0.2736	0.1056	0.0956	0.0012	0.0112
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.2880	0.2880	0.4464	0.4464	0.0320	0.3136	0.4168	0.2500	0.0368	0.0156
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.6200	0.6200	0.4880	0.4880	0.0572	0.3292	0.2720	0.3340	0.0816	0.0740
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.5752	0.5752	0.4336	0.4336	0.0956	0.3752	0.2480	0.2040	0.0656	0.1048
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.3624	0.3624	0.6360	0.6360	0.0736	0.3844	0.4920	0.3408	0.1044	0.0804
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.7712	0.7712	0.6040	0.6040	0.1004	0.3480	0.3180	0.3784	0.1344	0.1120
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.5568	0.5568	0.4320	0.4320	0.0896	0.3712	0.2444	0.1924	0.0624	0.1044
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.3552	0.3552	0.6248	0.6248	0.0664	0.3836	0.4880	0.3524	0.1208	0.0872
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.7448	0.7448	0.5872	0.5872	0.0856	0.3344	0.3172	0.3776	0.1240	0.1232
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	0.5369	0.5369	0.1836	0.5346	0.3465	0.2900	0.1314	0.1495
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.7295	0.7295	0.7305	0.7305	0.1585	0.4936	0.5358	0.3834	0.1377	0.1174
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.9710	0.9710	0.7066	0.7066	0.2404	0.4258	0.6039	0.4495	0.1728	0.1629
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	0.5349	0.5349	0.1763	0.5340	0.3372	0.2845	0.1242	0.1452
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.7339	0.7339	0.7212	0.7212	0.1566	0.4930	0.5398	0.3985	0.1681	0.1298
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.9685	0.9685	0.6957	0.6957	0.1970	0.4073	0.6000	0.4477	0.1760	0.1745
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	0.5422	0.5422	0.1864	0.5426	0.3535	0.2910	0.1349	0.1544
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.7412	0.7412	0.7435	0.7435	0.1605	0.4996	0.5381	0.3842	0.1442	0.1177
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.9735	0.9735	0.7076	0.7076	0.2458	0.4259	0.6051	0.4564	0.1773	0.1642
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	0.5400	0.5400	0.1771	0.5488	0.3430	0.2850	0.1275	0.1499
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.7544	0.7544	0.7271	0.7271	0.1593	0.4956	0.5420	0.3992	0.1761	0.1311
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.9720	0.9720	0.6995	0.6995	0.2040	0.4083	0.6025	0.4549	0.1805	0.1765
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	0.6583	0.6583	0.1975	0.6162	0.3657	0.3694	0.1407	0.1593
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.8049	0.8049	0.7590	0.7590	0.2101	0.5290	0.5863	0.4283	0.1674	0.1192
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.9930	0.9930	0.7552	0.7552	0.2459	0.4571	0.6180	0.4680	0.2011	0.1771
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	0.6718	0.6718	0.1988	0.6072	0.3610	0.2871	0.1535	0.1624
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.8316	0.8316	0.7283	0.7283	0.2112	0.5354	0.5903	0.4235	0.2273	0.1427
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	0.7734	0.7734	0.2307	0.4387	0.6203	0.4938	0.2066	0.2037
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.6086	0.6086	0.2611	0.2751	0.0896	0.3711	0.2443	0.1923	0.0624	0.1044
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.2371	0.2371	0.3750	0.4890	0.0664	0.3834	0.5126	0.3523	0.1208	0.0872
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.7981	0.7981	0.3507	0.3507	0.0856	0.3343	0.3171	0.3774	0.1240	0.1232

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-R S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 60: Stepdown Tests for Minimum Outcomes of Male Children of Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -spended	Never Su -spended	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Summary	(01) Obs.	50	49	50	48	52	51	48	46	51	50
	(02) Control	0.2083	0.2083	0.5200	0.5417	0.1923	0.1923	0.6400	0.6667	0.2000	0.2000
	(03) Treatment	0.3846	0.3600	0.5600	0.5417	0.3846	0.3600	0.6957	0.6818	0.3846	0.3600
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1763	0.1517	0.0400	0.0000	0.1923	0.1677	0.0557	0.0152	0.1846	0.1600
	(05) COLS	0.1076	0.0865	0.0438	0.0283	0.1263	0.1082	0.0337	0.0105	0.1156	0.0965
	(06) AIPW	0.0666	0.0533	0.1618	0.0910	0.1120	0.0987	0.1711	0.0938	0.1058	0.0925
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.1607	0.1607	0.7927	0.7927	0.1157	0.1157	0.6942	0.6942	0.1362	0.1362
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.3909	0.3909	0.7732	0.7732	0.2898	0.2898	0.8035	0.8035	0.3429	0.3429
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.5158	0.5158	0.1592	0.2102	0.2525	0.2525	0.1121	0.1853	0.2985	0.2985
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.1587	0.1587	0.7720	0.7720	0.1109	0.1109	0.6843	0.6843	0.1328	0.1328
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.4031	0.4031	0.7635	0.7635	0.2955	0.2955	0.8034	0.8034	0.3519	0.3519
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.9687	0.9687	0.5678	0.5678	0.9464	0.9464	0.6008	0.6008	0.9496	0.9496
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.1496	0.1496	0.7656	0.7656	0.1072	0.1072	0.6776	0.6776	0.1304	0.1304
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.3968	0.3968	0.8240	0.8240	0.2808	0.2808	0.8176	0.8176	0.3496	0.3496
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.6384	0.6384	0.4272	0.4272	0.3616	0.3616	0.4040	0.4040	0.4208	0.4208
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.0816	0.0816	0.7176	0.7176	0.0464	0.0464	0.5976	0.5976	0.0640	0.0640
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.2768	0.2768	0.6224	0.6224	0.1776	0.1776	0.7200	0.7200	0.2256	0.2256
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.6592	0.6592	0.1840	0.2088	0.3832	0.3832	0.1800	0.2168	0.4192	0.4192
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.1936	0.1936	0.8664	0.8664	0.1512	0.1512	0.8192	0.8192	0.1696	0.1696
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.4368	0.4368	0.8208	0.8208	0.3448	0.3448	0.8656	0.8656	0.3896	0.3896
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.7160	0.7160	0.4128	0.4128	0.4648	0.4648	0.3344	0.3344	0.4992	0.4992
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.1928	0.1928	0.8616	0.8616	0.1472	0.1472	0.7848	0.7848	0.1696	0.1696
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.4264	0.4264	0.8192	0.8192	0.3144	0.3144	0.8664	0.8664	0.3656	0.3656
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.6904	0.6904	0.3488	0.3488	0.4224	0.4224	0.3152	0.3152	0.4632	0.4632
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.3425	0.3425	0.9369	0.9369	0.2514	0.2514	0.8358	0.8358	0.3002	0.3002
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.5579	0.5579	0.8743	0.8743	0.4455	0.4455	0.8736	0.8736	0.4994	0.4994
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.8597	0.8597	0.4271	0.4271	0.6305	0.6305	0.3174	0.3174	0.6546	0.6546
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.3417	0.3417	0.9295	0.9295	0.2502	0.2502	0.8102	0.8102	0.2992	0.2992
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.5379	0.5379	0.8680	0.8680	0.4340	0.4340	0.8721	0.8721	0.4932	0.4932
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.8229	0.8229	0.3727	0.3727	0.5890	0.5890	0.2836	0.3157	0.6078	0.6078
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.3514	0.3514	0.9732	0.9732	0.2542	0.2542	0.8553	0.8553	0.3071	0.3071
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.5665	0.5665	0.8845	0.8845	0.4498	0.4498	0.8818	0.8818	0.5009	0.5009
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.8845	0.8845	0.4351	0.4351	0.6705	0.6705	0.3353	0.3353	0.6695	0.6695
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.3508	0.3508	0.9715	0.9715	0.2536	0.2536	0.8269	0.8269	0.3060	0.3060
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.5505	0.5505	0.8718	0.8718	0.4409	0.4409	0.8757	0.8757	0.4937	0.4937
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.8375	0.8375	0.3830	0.3830	0.6244	0.6244	0.2981	0.3196	0.6343	0.6343
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.3870	0.3870	1.0000	1.0000	0.2634	0.2634	0.9716	0.9716	0.3180	0.3180
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.6743	0.6743	0.9284	0.9284	0.5686	0.5686	0.9025	0.9025	0.6164	0.6164
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	0.4561	0.4702	0.7670	0.7670	0.3883	0.3883	0.7480	0.7480
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.3852	0.3852	1.0000	1.0000	0.2671	0.2671	0.9252	0.9252	0.3179	0.3179
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.6853	0.6853	0.9024	0.9024	0.4612	0.4612	0.9112	0.9112	0.5983	0.5983
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.9010	0.9010	0.4796	0.4796	0.6861	0.6861	0.4258	0.4258	0.6883	0.6883
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.1112	0.1319	0.4670	0.5082	0.0848	0.1020	0.4306	0.4762	0.0960	0.1164
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.2399	0.2567	0.4578	0.4578	0.1831	0.1915	0.4910	0.4974	0.2115	0.2239
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.3619	0.3683	0.2103	0.2919	0.2263	0.2335	0.1843	0.2903	0.2467	0.2559

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 60: Stepdown Tests for Minimum Outcomes of Male Children of Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Attended College	Attended College	Attended College	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	56	54	51	52	51	47	53	52	48
	(02) Control	0.1667	0.1724	0.1786	0.3704	0.3704	0.4000	0.3214	0.3214	0.3462
	(03) Treatment	0.2308	0.2000	0.2174	0.4400	0.4583	0.5000	0.4000	0.4167	0.4545
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0641	0.0276	0.0388	0.0696	0.0880	0.1000	0.0786	0.0952	0.1084
	(05) COLS	0.0210	-0.0089	0.0217	-0.0081	0.0118	-0.0009	0.0199	0.0361	0.0282
	(06) AIPW	0.0255	-0.0167	0.0365	0.0446	0.0672	0.0533	0.0782	0.0968	0.0831
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.8287	0.8287	0.8287	0.7552	0.7552	0.7552	0.6869	0.6869	0.6869
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8447	0.8447	0.8447	0.5895	0.5895	0.5895
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.8175	0.8175	0.8175	0.7254	0.7254	0.7254	0.6539	0.6539	0.6539
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.8208	0.8208	0.8208	0.7392	0.7392	0.7392	0.6552	0.6552	0.6552
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9468	0.9468	0.9468	0.7776	0.7776	0.7776
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.6132	0.6536	0.6536	0.5784	0.5784	0.5784	0.5112	0.5112	0.5112
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9348	0.9348	0.9348	0.6480	0.6480	0.6480
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.8964	0.8964	0.8964	0.8232	0.8232	0.8232	0.8004	0.8004	0.8004
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8160	0.8160	0.8160
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.8268	0.8268	0.8268	0.8088	0.8088	0.8088	0.7848	0.7848	0.7848
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9816	0.9816	0.9816	0.7824	0.7824	0.7824
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9058	0.9058	0.9058
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9438	0.9438	0.9438
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9058	0.9058	0.9058
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9171	0.9171	0.9171
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9163	0.9163	0.9163
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9523	0.9523	0.9523
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9163	0.9163	0.9163
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9216	0.9216	0.9216
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.3898	0.4494	0.4494	0.3211	0.3211	0.3211	0.3151	0.3151	0.3151
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.9188	0.9188	0.9188	0.9672	0.9672	0.9672	0.5326	0.5234	0.5326
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.8445	0.8445	0.8445	0.4350	0.4078	0.4350	0.3735	0.3419	0.3735

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 60: Stepdown Tests for Minimum Outcomes of Male Children of Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	53	52	48	56	55	51	47	45	44
	(02) Control	0.2500	0.2500	0.2692	0.0333	0.0333	0.0357	0.7200	0.7083	0.7391
	(03) Treatment	0.3600	0.3750	0.4091	0.1154	0.1200	0.1739	0.8636	0.8571	0.8571
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1100	0.1250	0.1399	0.0821	0.0867	0.1382	0.1436	0.1488	0.1180
	(05) COLS	0.0573	0.0717	0.0661	0.0580	0.0650	0.1097	0.1577	0.1512	0.1452
	(06) AIPW	0.1160	0.1342	0.1458	0.0626	0.0709	0.1280	0.2385	0.1969	0.2429
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.4862	0.4862	0.4862	0.2471	0.2471	0.1849	0.3169	0.3169	0.3169
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.9054	0.9054	0.9054	0.4317	0.4317	0.3806	0.3242	0.3242	0.3242
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.3077	0.3077	0.3077	0.2556	0.2556	0.1344	0.0143	0.0228	0.0143
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.4382	0.4382	0.4382	0.2315	0.2315	0.1636	0.3194	0.3194	0.3194
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.8756	0.8756	0.8756	0.4283	0.4283	0.3747	0.3426	0.3426	0.3426
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.9846	0.9846	0.9846	0.4961	0.4961	0.4520	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.4272	0.4272	0.4272	0.2176	0.2176	0.1428	0.3288	0.3288	0.3288
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.9084	0.9084	0.9084	0.4360	0.4360	0.3684	0.3732	0.3732	0.3732
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.5316	0.5316	0.5316	0.3504	0.3504	0.2232	0.1812	0.1864	0.1864
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.3024	0.3024	0.3024	0.0696	0.0696	0.0252	0.1572	0.1572	0.1572
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.7068	0.7068	0.7068	0.3488	0.3488	0.1800	0.1764	0.1764	0.1764
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.4524	0.4524	0.4524	0.3896	0.3896	0.2736	0.0864	0.0900	0.0864
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.5676	0.5676	0.5676	0.2528	0.2528	0.2280	0.4116	0.4116	0.4116
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.9672	0.9672	0.9672	0.3936	0.3936	0.3900	0.3252	0.3252	0.3252
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.5748	0.5748	0.5748	0.3516	0.3516	0.3516	0.2232	0.2232	0.2232
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.5844	0.5844	0.5844	0.2456	0.2456	0.2196	0.3960	0.3960	0.3960
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.9588	0.9588	0.9588	0.4472	0.4472	0.4356	0.3864	0.3864	0.3864
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.5484	0.5484	0.5484	0.3680	0.3680	0.3180	0.1920	0.1920	0.1920
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.7884	0.7884	0.7884	0.4908	0.4908	0.4785	0.4716	0.4716	0.4716
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.5305	0.5305	0.4926	0.4220	0.4220	0.4220
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.6955	0.6955	0.6955	0.4386	0.4386	0.4380	0.2641	0.2641	0.2641
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.7735	0.7735	0.7735	0.4785	0.4785	0.4506	0.4591	0.4591	0.4591
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6223	0.6223	0.5675	0.4709	0.4709	0.4709
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.6289	0.6289	0.6289	0.4795	0.4795	0.4078	0.2314	0.2314	0.2314
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.7939	0.7939	0.7939	0.5068	0.5068	0.5068	0.4824	0.4824	0.4824
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.5322	0.5322	0.5058	0.4532	0.4532	0.4532
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.7206	0.7206	0.7206	0.4604	0.4604	0.4386	0.2829	0.2829	0.2829
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.7877	0.7877	0.7877	0.4916	0.4916	0.4747	0.4665	0.4665	0.4665
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6288	0.6288	0.5913	0.4918	0.4918	0.4918
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.6374	0.6374	0.6374	0.4832	0.4832	0.4107	0.2379	0.2379	0.2379
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.8560	0.8560	0.8560	0.5787	0.5787	0.5250	0.5129	0.5129	0.5129
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.5628	0.5628	0.5628	0.5848	0.5848	0.5848
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.7735	0.7735	0.7735	0.5191	0.5191	0.5051	0.3289	0.3289	0.3289
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.8941	0.8941	0.8941	0.5724	0.5724	0.5724	0.5946	0.5946	0.5946
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8001	0.8001	0.7670	0.5811	0.5811	0.5811
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.7453	0.7453	0.7453	0.5375	0.5375	0.4694	0.2799	0.2799	0.2799
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.2319	0.2319	0.2319	0.1359	0.1244	0.0840	0.1627	0.1627	0.1807
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.4190	0.4102	0.4190	0.2363	0.2319	0.1867	0.1603	0.1847	0.1847
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.2367	0.2367	0.2367	0.2007	0.1915	0.1335	0.0780	0.1064	0.0780

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 60: Stepdown Tests for Minimum Outcomes of Male Children of Pooled Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	56	53	56	53	53	49	52	47	45	43
	(02) Control	0.0333	0.0357	0.0333	0.0357	0.2593	0.2800	0.1538	0.1667	0.7826	0.8182
	(03) Treatment	0.0385	0.0400	0.0385	0.0400	0.3846	0.3750	0.3462	0.3043	0.7727	0.7619
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0051	0.0043	0.0051	0.0043	0.1254	0.0950	0.1923	0.1377	−0.0099	−0.0563
	(05) COLS	−0.0225	−0.0267	−0.0225	−0.0267	0.0564	0.0216	0.1021	0.0514	−0.0576	−0.1171
	(06) AIPW	−0.0054	0.0022	−0.0054	0.0022	0.0662	0.0949	0.1277	0.1166	−0.1796	−0.1930
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.9200	0.9200	0.9200	0.9200	0.3224	0.3224	0.0985	0.1281	0.6452	0.6452
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.6700	0.6700	0.6700	0.6700	0.6524	0.6524	0.3917	0.3917	0.3786	0.3786
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.8856	0.8856	0.8856	0.8856	0.3421	0.3421	0.1762	0.1762	0.0370	0.0370
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.9130	0.9130	0.9130	0.9130	0.3152	0.3152	0.0899	0.1229	0.6550	0.6550
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.6494	0.6494	0.6494	0.6494	0.6623	0.6623	0.3935	0.3935	0.4093	0.4093
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.9711	0.9711	0.9711	0.9711	0.7517	0.7517	0.5557	0.5557	0.9441	0.9441
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3144	0.3144	0.0792	0.1276	0.6472	0.6472
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.8704	0.8704	0.8704	0.8704	0.6664	0.6664	0.4224	0.4224	0.4120	0.4120
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.9600	0.9600	0.9600	0.9600	0.4760	0.4760	0.3208	0.3208	0.4904	0.4904
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.9376	0.9376	0.9376	0.9376	0.1928	0.1928	0.0320	0.0616	0.5520	0.5520
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.5960	0.5960	0.5960	0.5960	0.5528	0.5528	0.2624	0.2848	0.2840	0.2768
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.7072	0.7072	0.7072	0.7072	0.4512	0.4512	0.2104	0.2104	0.1392	0.1392
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.9808	0.9808	0.9808	0.9808	0.3792	0.3792	0.1528	0.1528	0.7088	0.7088
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.6024	0.6024	0.6024	0.6024	0.7008	0.7008	0.4184	0.4184	0.3760	0.3760
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.8936	0.8936	0.8936	0.8936	0.6192	0.6192	0.4048	0.4048	0.1456	0.1456
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.9568	0.9568	0.9568	0.9568	0.3736	0.3736	0.1336	0.1468	0.6960	0.6960
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.6112	0.6112	0.6112	0.6112	0.7016	0.7016	0.4248	0.4248	0.4064	0.4064
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.8976	0.8976	0.8976	0.8976	0.5496	0.5496	0.3560	0.3560	0.1552	0.1552
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4250	0.4250	0.2676	0.2676	0.9329	0.9329
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.7059	0.7059	0.7059	0.7059	0.6267	0.6267	0.5316	0.5316	0.4932	0.4932
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4820	0.4820	0.4838	0.4838	0.2808	0.2808
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4145	0.4145	0.2510	0.2510	0.9137	0.9137
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.7127	0.7127	0.7127	0.7127	0.6221	0.6221	0.5632	0.5632	0.5225	0.5225
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4168	0.4168	0.4494	0.4494	0.2772	0.2772
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4609	0.4609	0.2705	0.2705	0.9409	0.9409
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.7286	0.7286	0.7286	0.7286	0.6481	0.6481	0.5319	0.5319	0.5013	0.5013
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4925	0.4925	0.4856	0.4856	0.2830	0.2830
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4480	0.4480	0.2528	0.2528	0.9182	0.9182
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.7304	0.7304	0.7304	0.7304	0.6424	0.6424	0.5642	0.5642	0.5298	0.5298
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4243	0.4243	0.4578	0.4578	0.2876	0.2876
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.5608	0.5608	0.2743	0.2983	1.0000	1.0000
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.7685	0.7685	0.7685	0.7685	0.7563	0.7563	0.6480	0.6480	0.5157	0.5157
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6033	0.6033	0.5404	0.5404	0.3445	0.3445
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6091	0.6091	0.2664	0.2664	0.9458	0.9458
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.8199	0.8199	0.8199	0.8199	0.6889	0.6889	0.6788	0.6788	0.6118	0.6000
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4948	0.4948	0.5712	0.5712	0.3966	0.3966
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.4930	0.5142	0.4930	0.5142	0.2263	0.2679	0.0828	0.1467	0.4798	0.3862
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.3119	0.3119	0.3119	0.3119	0.4354	0.4718	0.2691	0.3583	0.3307	0.2331
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.9204	0.9204	0.9204	0.9204	0.3347	0.3347	0.2223	0.2223	0.0928	0.0928

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 60: Stepdown Tests for Minimum Outcomes of Male Children of Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Summary	(01) Obs.	53	49	52	47	47	44	57	56	56	54
	(02) Control	0.2593	0.2800	0.1538	0.1667	0.7083	0.2857	0.3000	0.2333	0.0333	0.0333
	(03) Treatment	0.3846	0.3750	0.3462	0.3043	0.6087	0.3913	0.2963	0.3846	0.1923	0.2083
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1254	0.0950	0.1923	0.1377	-0.0996	0.1056	-0.0037	0.1513	0.1590	0.1750
	(05) COLS	0.0564	0.0216	0.1021	0.0514	-0.1424	0.1394	-0.1183	0.0609	0.1145	0.1594
	(06) AIPW	0.0662	0.0949	0.1277	0.1166	-0.0362	0.1861	-0.1767	0.1186	0.0898	0.1978
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.3224	0.3224	0.0985	0.1281	0.2305	0.2304	0.4885	0.1187	0.0337	0.0271
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.6524	0.6524	0.3917	0.3917	0.1379	0.1769	0.1754	0.3417	0.1028	0.0647
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.3421	0.3421	0.1762	0.1762	0.3607	0.0537	0.0588	0.1462	0.1044	0.0059
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.3152	0.3152	0.0899	0.1229	0.2258	0.2285	0.4874	0.0936	0.0268	0.0205
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.6623	0.6623	0.3935	0.3935	0.1356	0.1740	0.1635	0.3266	0.1001	0.0558
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.7517	0.7517	0.5557	0.5557	0.4576	0.3938	0.2510	0.3512	0.2294	0.0644
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.3144	0.3144	0.0792	0.1276	0.2300	0.2312	0.4868	0.0920	0.0204	0.0172
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.6664	0.6664	0.4224	0.4224	0.1296	0.1784	0.1452	0.3380	0.0964	0.0616
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.4760	0.4760	0.3208	0.3208	0.4268	0.1352	0.1444	0.2548	0.1192	0.0724
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.1928	0.1928	0.0320	0.0616	0.1480	0.1720	0.4840	0.0484	0.0020	0.0012
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.5528	0.5528	0.2624	0.2848	0.0744	0.1240	0.1224	0.2600	0.0340	0.0104
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.4512	0.4512	0.2104	0.2104	0.3760	0.1400	0.0404	0.1364	0.1460	0.0136
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.3792	0.3792	0.1528	0.1528	0.2436	0.2348	0.4832	0.1264	0.0460	0.0300
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.7008	0.7008	0.4184	0.4184	0.1548	0.1800	0.1688	0.3184	0.1104	0.0516
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.6192	0.6192	0.4048	0.4048	0.4076	0.1228	0.0952	0.1764	0.1644	0.0240
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.3736	0.3736	0.1336	0.1468	0.2192	0.2244	0.4704	0.1128	0.0448	0.0260
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.7016	0.7016	0.4248	0.4248	0.1480	0.1660	0.1724	0.3360	0.1200	0.0892
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.5496	0.5496	0.3560	0.3560	0.3920	0.1052	0.0932	0.1800	0.1736	0.0312
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.4250	0.4250	0.2676	0.2676	0.3458	0.2920	0.4892	0.2734	0.0807	0.0633
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.6267	0.6267	0.5316	0.5316	0.2661	0.2103	0.2405	0.3740	0.1321	0.0823
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.4820	0.4820	0.4838	0.4838	0.6160	0.1215	0.1642	0.2678	0.2139	0.0617
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.4145	0.4145	0.2510	0.2510	0.3011	0.2712	0.4744	0.2543	0.0790	0.0592
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.6221	0.6221	0.5632	0.5632	0.2591	0.1942	0.2418	0.3966	0.1555	0.1066
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.4168	0.4168	0.4494	0.4494	0.6001	0.1074	0.1571	0.2697	0.2254	0.0679
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.4609	0.4609	0.2705	0.2705	0.3511	0.2962	0.4920	0.2782	0.0836	0.0634
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.6481	0.6481	0.5319	0.5319	0.2806	0.2160	0.2408	0.3785	0.1350	0.0861
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.4925	0.4925	0.4856	0.4856	0.6298	0.1236	0.1666	0.2714	0.2164	0.0650
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.4480	0.4480	0.2528	0.2528	0.3036	0.2727	0.4770	0.2591	0.0831	0.0594
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.6424	0.6424	0.5642	0.5642	0.2769	0.2005	0.2443	0.4060	0.1579	0.1072
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.4243	0.4243	0.4578	0.4578	0.6101	0.1088	0.1581	0.2779	0.2292	0.0697
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.5608	0.5608	0.2743	0.2983	0.3642	0.3151	0.5103	0.2891	0.1041	0.0735
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.7563	0.7563	0.6480	0.6480	0.3286	0.2312	0.2540	0.4166	0.1659	0.0926
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.6033	0.6033	0.5404	0.5404	0.6741	0.1524	0.1711	0.3103	0.2786	0.0732
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.6091	0.6091	0.2664	0.2664	0.3569	0.3709	0.4952	0.2706	0.1068	0.0600
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.6889	0.6889	0.6788	0.6788	0.3909	0.2414	0.2704	0.5387	0.1847	0.1176
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.4948	0.4948	0.5712	0.5712	0.6677	0.1217	0.1955	0.2849	0.3153	0.0706
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.2263	0.2679	0.0828	0.1467	0.2191	0.2243	0.4702	0.1128	0.0448	0.0260
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.4354	0.4718	0.2691	0.3583	0.1479	0.1659	0.1723	0.3359	0.1200	0.0892
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.3347	0.3347	0.2223	0.2223	0.3918	0.1052	0.0932	0.1799	0.1735	0.0312

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 61: Stepdown Tests for Minimum Outcomes of Female Children of Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -spended	Never Su -spended	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Summary	(01) Obs.	53	50	49	48	56	53	47	46	53	50
	(02) Control	0.5000	0.5000	0.6923	0.6923	0.4483	0.4483	0.8000	0.8000	0.4643	0.4643
	(03) Treatment	0.6000	0.6364	0.7826	0.8636	0.5185	0.5833	0.8636	0.9524	0.5600	0.6364
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1000	0.1364	0.0903	0.1713	0.0702	0.1351	0.0636	0.1524	0.0957	0.1721
	(05) COLS	0.0786	0.1480	0.1007	0.2222	0.0836	0.1723	0.0009	0.1139	0.0985	0.1976
	(06) AIPW	0.1586	0.2284	0.1855	0.3304	0.1509	0.2656	0.1079	0.2763	0.1515	0.2841
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.3345	0.3345	0.2562	0.1971	0.3372	0.3372	0.2870	0.1136	0.2468	0.2250
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.3300	0.3300	0.2578	0.1134	0.2824	0.2464	0.4971	0.2500	0.2558	0.1959
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.0843	0.0442	0.0476	0.0031	0.0874	0.0179	0.1088	0.0008	0.0930	0.0126
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.3047	0.3047	0.2336	0.1391	0.3008	0.3008	0.2800	0.1003	0.2358	0.1993
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.3279	0.3279	0.2436	0.0962	0.2808	0.2474	0.4970	0.2376	0.2548	0.1959
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.3948	0.3948	0.9482	0.9482	0.3444	0.2420	0.9567	0.9567	0.3535	0.2713
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.3120	0.3120	0.2280	0.1312	0.2944	0.2912	0.2848	0.0944	0.2384	0.2032
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.3520	0.3520	0.2208	0.1064	0.2748	0.2624	0.4548	0.2024	0.2500	0.2200
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.2752	0.2752	0.0960	0.0960	0.1664	0.1664	0.1928	0.0904	0.1636	0.1472
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.1832	0.1832	0.1820	0.0896	0.2360	0.1880	0.2356	0.0160	0.1788	0.1080
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.2304	0.2272	0.2260	0.0512	0.2292	0.1696	0.4612	0.0640	0.2108	0.1288
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.1504	0.1504	0.1412	0.0248	0.1600	0.0776	0.3280	0.0464	0.1932	0.0848
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.3416	0.3416	0.2636	0.2184	0.3128	0.3128	0.3140	0.1528	0.2376	0.2064
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.3144	0.3144	0.2560	0.1328	0.2696	0.2064	0.4928	0.3112	0.2432	0.1584
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.2408	0.2408	0.1780	0.1136	0.1768	0.1344	0.2060	0.0608	0.1840	0.1216
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.3232	0.3232	0.2684	0.2176	0.3192	0.3192	0.2984	0.1352	0.2332	0.1976
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.3352	0.3352	0.2732	0.1608	0.2724	0.2336	0.4928	0.2856	0.2432	0.1768
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.1968	0.1968	0.1640	0.1168	0.1508	0.1128	0.2132	0.0632	0.1548	0.1000
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.5467	0.5467	0.3573	0.3344	0.4876	0.4876	0.4180	0.2998	0.3810	0.3810
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.5140	0.5140	0.3299	0.2235	0.3815	0.3815	0.5716	0.4777	0.3484	0.3389
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.4121	0.4121	0.2545	0.2368	0.2578	0.2285	0.2985	0.1472	0.2844	0.2255
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.5242	0.5242	0.3608	0.3276	0.4930	0.4930	0.3924	0.2650	0.3735	0.3735
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.5302	0.5302	0.3412	0.2491	0.4216	0.4216	0.5716	0.4262	0.3592	0.3592
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.3367	0.3367	0.2390	0.2346	0.2263	0.1895	0.3038	0.1407	0.2442	0.1970
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.5500	0.5500	0.3649	0.3393	0.5021	0.5021	0.4214	0.3166	0.3911	0.3911
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.5270	0.5270	0.3324	0.2260	0.3819	0.3819	0.5775	0.5014	0.3569	0.3492
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.4453	0.4453	0.2554	0.2406	0.2614	0.2306	0.3005	0.1509	0.2891	0.2287
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.5295	0.5295	0.3685	0.3292	0.4984	0.4984	0.3964	0.2748	0.3898	0.3898
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.5360	0.5360	0.3439	0.2567	0.4318	0.4318	0.5775	0.4313	0.3697	0.3697
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.3459	0.3459	0.2395	0.2362	0.2364	0.1984	0.3066	0.1448	0.2448	0.2053
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.5656	0.5656	0.4083	0.3685	0.6677	0.6677	0.5015	0.3566	0.4674	0.4674
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.7422	0.7422	0.3502	0.2260	0.4330	0.4008	0.6023	0.5467	0.3935	0.3720
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.6018	0.6018	0.3469	0.2694	0.3351	0.3191	0.3159	0.1601	0.4363	0.4363
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.5708	0.5708	0.4116	0.3985	0.5456	0.5456	0.4064	0.2845	0.4320	0.4320
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.6505	0.6505	0.3560	0.3398	0.4589	0.4589	0.6023	0.4390	0.4039	0.4039
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.4668	0.4668	0.3087	0.3087	0.3151	0.2850	0.3207	0.1951	0.3042	0.3042
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.2279	0.2031	0.2683	0.1419	0.2891	0.2015	0.2983	0.0968	0.2331	0.1415
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.2959	0.2035	0.2731	0.1044	0.2723	0.1563	0.5078	0.1923	0.2431	0.1212
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.1607	0.1120	0.1639	0.0672	0.1507	0.0664	0.2131	0.0360	0.1547	0.0556

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 61: Stepdown Tests for Minimum Outcomes of Female Children of Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Attended College	Attended College	Attended College	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	55	53	47	60	55	51	60	56	52
	(02) Control	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.2667	0.2759	0.2963	0.2667	0.2667	0.2857
	(03) Treatment	0.3704	0.4000	0.4348	0.2333	0.2692	0.3333	0.2333	0.2692	0.3333
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.1296	-0.1000	-0.0652	-0.0333	-0.0066	0.0370	-0.0333	0.0026	0.0476
	(05) COLS	-0.1630	-0.1400	-0.1323	-0.0427	-0.0204	0.0089	-0.0427	-0.0136	0.0192
	(06) AIPW	-0.1391	-0.0828	-0.0163	0.0548	0.1995	0.2672	0.0548	0.1577	0.2258
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.5843	0.5843	0.5843	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.4385	0.4385	0.4385	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.3961	0.5026	0.5026	0.3254	0.1480	0.0891	0.3254	0.2032	0.1184
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.4798	0.4798	0.4798	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.3837	0.3837	0.3837	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.5302	0.5302	0.5302	0.5824	0.5824	0.5824
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.4704	0.4704	0.4704	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.4020	0.4020	0.4020	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.9084	0.9084	0.9084	0.3204	0.3120	0.2760	0.3808	0.3808	0.3636
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.3396	0.3472	0.3472	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9372	0.9372	0.9372
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.2628	0.2628	0.2628	0.9084	0.9084	0.9084	0.9084	0.9084	0.9084
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.3552	0.4816	0.4816	0.3254	0.1160	0.0600	0.3524	0.1960	0.0936
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.6516	0.6516	0.6516	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.4752	0.4752	0.4752	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.7656	0.7656	0.7656	0.3252	0.2016	0.1560	0.3252	0.2816	0.2556
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.5988	0.5988	0.5988	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.4692	0.4692	0.4692	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.6960	0.6960	0.6960	0.3744	0.3744	0.3744	0.4044	0.4044	0.4044
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.8998	0.8998	0.8998	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.7615	0.7615	0.7615	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4174	0.3083	0.2516	0.4249	0.4249	0.3893
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.8677	0.8677	0.8677	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.7700	0.7700	0.7700	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4882	0.4882	0.4882	0.5474	0.5474	0.5474
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.9112	0.9112	0.9112	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.7961	0.7961	0.7961	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4200	0.3151	0.2636	0.4353	0.4353	0.4145
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.8795	0.8795	0.8795	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.8087	0.8087	0.8087	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4936	0.4936	0.4936	0.5664	0.5664	0.5664
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.9902	0.9902	0.9902	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.8941	0.8941	0.8941	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4200	0.3573	0.2636	0.5102	0.5102	0.4824
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.9907	0.9907	0.9907	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.5227	0.5227	0.5099	0.6159	0.6159	0.6159
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.2675	0.3079	0.3427	0.8397	0.8397	0.8397	0.7965	0.7965	0.7637
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.2187	0.2551	0.2551	0.7685	0.8489	0.8489	0.7685	0.8645	0.8645
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.3431	0.4246	0.4650	0.3367	0.1867	0.1867	0.3367	0.2075	0.1907

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 61: Stepdown Tests for Minimum Outcomes of Female Children of Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	60	56	52	62	59	54	47	46	42
	(02) Control	0.2000	0.2000	0.2143	0.1563	0.1563	0.1667	0.7917	0.8000	0.7826
	(03) Treatment	0.2333	0.2692	0.3333	0.1667	0.1852	0.2500	0.8261	0.8095	0.7895
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0333	0.0692	0.1190	0.0104	0.0289	0.0833	0.0344	0.0095	0.0069
	(05) COLS	0.0399	0.0744	0.1131	0.0259	0.0389	0.0813	0.0069	-0.0129	-0.0481
	(06) AIPW	0.1259	0.2288	0.3113	0.0332	0.0512	0.1503	-0.0099	0.0094	-0.0401
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.5864	0.5864	0.5860	0.8050	0.8050	0.7940	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.4922	0.4922	0.4612	0.7051	0.7051	0.6827	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.1418	0.0563	0.0218	0.5751	0.5751	0.1525	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.5475	0.5475	0.5098	0.7667	0.7667	0.6695	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.5126	0.5126	0.5126	0.6842	0.6842	0.6434	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.2776	0.2776	0.2776	0.7023	0.7023	0.7023	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.5264	0.5264	0.4848	0.7560	0.7560	0.6468	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.5056	0.5056	0.4752	0.6704	0.6704	0.6432	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.1808	0.1808	0.1116	0.6048	0.6048	0.3960	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.4320	0.4320	0.3612	0.7264	0.7264	0.5040	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.3976	0.3976	0.3204	0.6288	0.6288	0.4908	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.1504	0.0552	0.0180	0.6216	0.6216	0.2580	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.5688	0.5688	0.5688	0.8208	0.8208	0.8208	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.5412	0.5412	0.5412	0.8124	0.8124	0.8124	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.1804	0.1240	0.0756	0.7208	0.7208	0.5784	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.5736	0.5736	0.5736	0.8604	0.8604	0.8604	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.4764	0.4764	0.4764	0.7488	0.7488	0.7488	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.2000	0.1920	0.1884	0.6952	0.6952	0.5292	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.6967	0.6967	0.6913	0.9637	0.9637	0.9637	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.6477	0.6477	0.6477	0.9578	0.9578	0.9578	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.2398	0.2206	0.1594	0.8555	0.8555	0.7653	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.6974	0.6974	0.6974	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.6197	0.6197	0.5905	0.9152	0.9152	0.9152	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.3041	0.3041	0.3041	0.8442	0.8442	0.7063	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.7022	0.7022	0.6967	0.9817	0.9817	0.9817	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.6634	0.6634	0.6593	0.9675	0.9675	0.9675	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.2435	0.2287	0.1666	0.8668	0.8668	0.7662	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.7005	0.7005	0.7005	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.6500	0.6500	0.6079	0.9303	0.9303	0.9303	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.3119	0.3119	0.3119	0.8599	0.8599	0.7228	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.7978	0.7978	0.7700	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.9902	0.9902	0.9902	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.3157	0.2590	0.1899	0.9792	0.9792	0.7672	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.9003	0.9003	0.8105	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.8729	0.8729	0.6430	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.3711	0.3711	0.3711	0.9420	0.9420	0.8646	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.3699	0.3175	0.2407	0.4630	0.4630	0.3567	0.4118	0.4886	0.4886
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.3291	0.2859	0.2123	0.4162	0.4162	0.3235	0.9088	0.9088	0.7653
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.1999	0.1156	0.0920	0.4006	0.4006	0.2427	0.9184	0.9184	0.8876

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 61: Stepdown Tests for Minimum Outcomes of Female Children of Pooled Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	58	54	60	55	49	44	53	48	45	39
	(02) Control	0.2258	0.2069	0.0938	0.1000	0.6667	0.6250	0.4483	0.4286	0.9167	0.9048
	(03) Treatment	0.0741	0.1200	0.0357	0.0400	0.5909	0.5500	0.4583	0.3500	0.9048	0.8889
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.1517	-0.0869	-0.0580	-0.0600	-0.0758	-0.0750	0.0101	-0.0786	-0.0119	-0.0159
	(05) COLS	-0.1669	-0.1190	-0.0516	-0.0528	-0.1119	-0.1701	0.0034	-0.1283	0.0302	0.0141
	(06) AIPW	-0.1525	-0.1485	-0.0490	-0.0627	-0.1286	-0.2024	0.0469	-0.0612	0.1182	0.0404
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.0942	0.1923	0.3489	0.3489	0.6103	0.6103	0.5791	0.5791	0.8743	0.8743
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.0687	0.1284	0.4270	0.4270	0.2824	0.2824	0.4907	0.3976	0.7963	0.7963
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.0467	0.0467	0.3098	0.3098	0.1411	0.1131	0.6599	0.6599	0.1425	0.3318
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.0886	0.1824	0.3326	0.3326	0.5828	0.5828	0.5594	0.5594	0.8679	0.8679
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.0793	0.1300	0.4332	0.4332	0.2458	0.2458	0.4904	0.3824	0.7957	0.7957
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.3550	0.3550	0.6450	0.6450	0.7682	0.7682	0.9071	0.9071	0.6875	0.6875
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.0920	0.1856	0.3552	0.3552	0.5744	0.5744	0.5688	0.5688	0.9232	0.9232
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.0712	0.1240	0.4344	0.4344	0.2192	0.2192	0.4912	0.3552	0.8176	0.8176
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.2224	0.2348	0.5136	0.5136	0.3128	0.3128	0.6144	0.6144	0.5304	0.5304
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.0168	0.1116	0.1512	0.1512	0.4816	0.4816	0.4576	0.4440	0.7944	0.7944
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.0120	0.0644	0.2584	0.2584	0.1924	0.1896	0.4708	0.3272	0.7904	0.7904
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.0968	0.0968	0.4408	0.4408	0.3664	0.3664	0.6744	0.6744	0.2104	0.3660
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.1376	0.2236	0.4488	0.4488	0.6240	0.6240	0.6408	0.6408	0.9472	0.9472
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.0992	0.1524	0.5184	0.5184	0.2656	0.2656	0.4888	0.4144	0.7384	0.7384
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.2096	0.2096	0.5120	0.5120	0.3344	0.3344	0.7944	0.7944	0.2280	0.4052
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.1248	0.2012	0.4312	0.4312	0.6232	0.6232	0.6288	0.6288	0.9440	0.9440
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.0848	0.1484	0.5168	0.5168	0.2840	0.2840	0.4888	0.4200	0.7928	0.7928
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.1656	0.1656	0.5104	0.5104	0.3520	0.3520	0.7784	0.7784	0.3424	0.4292
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.2413	0.2851	0.6617	0.6617	0.7650	0.7650	0.6469	0.6469	1.0000	1.0000
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.2199	0.2487	0.7755	0.7755	0.4173	0.4173	0.6108	0.5193	0.8850	0.8850
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.3908	0.3908	0.9691	0.9691	0.5788	0.5788	0.9704	0.9704	0.3165	0.4683
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.2235	0.2616	0.6302	0.6302	0.7650	0.7650	0.6306	0.6306	1.0000	1.0000
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.2089	0.2428	0.8083	0.8083	0.4323	0.4323	0.6135	0.5248	0.9220	0.9220
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.3576	0.3576	1.0000	1.0000	0.5910	0.5910	0.9660	0.9660	0.4322	0.4864
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.2429	0.2871	0.6738	0.6738	0.7886	0.7886	0.6499	0.6499	1.0000	1.0000
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.2203	0.2488	0.7953	0.7953	0.4209	0.4209	0.6148	0.5418	0.8971	0.8971
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.3959	0.3959	0.9753	0.9753	0.5840	0.5840	0.9820	0.9820	0.3179	0.4855
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.2271	0.2662	0.6370	0.6370	0.7886	0.7886	0.6375	0.6375	1.0000	1.0000
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.2101	0.2448	0.8132	0.8132	0.4419	0.4419	0.6203	0.5328	0.9367	0.9367
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.3579	0.3579	1.0000	1.0000	0.6026	0.6026	0.9761	0.9761	0.4542	0.5011
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.3083	0.3083	0.7108	0.7108	0.8037	0.8037	0.8052	0.8052	1.0000	1.0000
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.3653	0.3653	0.8344	0.8344	0.4899	0.4899	0.6770	0.6390	0.9718	0.9718
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.4536	0.4536	0.9903	0.9903	0.6205	0.6205	1.0000	1.0000	0.3366	0.5119
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.2433	0.3372	0.6703	0.6703	0.8040	0.8040	0.6901	0.6901	1.0000	1.0000
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.2128	0.2503	0.9049	0.9049	0.5010	0.5010	0.6770	0.5948	1.0000	1.0000
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.3584	0.3584	1.0000	1.0000	0.6963	0.6963	1.0000	1.0000	0.5163	0.5538
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.0852	0.2011	0.2271	0.2359	0.3595	0.3595	0.6054	0.6054	0.4882	0.4882
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.0616	0.1483	0.2743	0.2743	0.2103	0.1651	0.4886	0.4174	0.4222	0.4610
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.1391	0.1427	0.2991	0.2931	0.2151	0.2087	0.7597	0.7597	0.2691	0.4290

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 61: Stepdown Tests for Minimum Outcomes of Female Children of Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Summary	(01) Obs.	49	44	53	48	55	50	64	57	61	55
	(02) Control	0.6667	0.6250	0.4483	0.4286	0.6429	0.3600	0.2188	0.2667	0.0323	0.0690
	(03) Treatment	0.5455	0.5000	0.4167	0.3000	0.4815	0.3200	0.3438	0.3704	0.1667	0.1154
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.1212	-0.1250	-0.0316	-0.1286	-0.1614	-0.0400	0.1250	0.1037	0.1344	0.0464
	(05) COLS	-0.1608	-0.2208	-0.0360	-0.1730	-0.1814	-0.0732	0.0890	0.0975	0.1458	0.0635
	(06) AIPW	-0.1544	-0.2247	0.0296	-0.0802	-0.1346	0.0229	0.1272	0.1277	0.1247	0.0542
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.4191	0.4191	0.4086	0.3518	0.1160	0.3841	0.1261	0.2057	0.0403	0.2841
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.1637	0.1637	0.4017	0.2413	0.0937	0.2971	0.2339	0.2324	0.0563	0.2145
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.0995	0.0812	0.5622	0.5622	0.1144	0.4216	0.1098	0.1356	0.0462	0.2041
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.3687	0.3687	0.4014	0.3124	0.1088	0.3782	0.1155	0.1854	0.0338	0.2699
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.1272	0.1219	0.3967	0.2163	0.0906	0.2894	0.2277	0.2067	0.0481	0.1958
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.7336	0.7336	0.9077	0.9077	0.3327	0.4997	0.2082	0.3218	0.0911	0.4072
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.3496	0.3496	0.3972	0.3072	0.1116	0.3860	0.1168	0.1888	0.0336	0.2756
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.1052	0.1048	0.3656	0.1848	0.0860	0.2712	0.2392	0.2052	0.0508	0.2072
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.2432	0.2432	0.5480	0.5480	0.2052	0.4908	0.1700	0.2396	0.0756	0.2596
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.2504	0.2504	0.3564	0.2080	0.0680	0.3420	0.0572	0.1312	0.0020	0.2084
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.1024	0.1016	0.3872	0.1680	0.0600	0.2652	0.1564	0.1564	0.0116	0.1320
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.3392	0.3392	0.7728	0.7728	0.1668	0.3980	0.1344	0.1556	0.0468	0.2024
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.4248	0.4248	0.4368	0.4368	0.1204	0.3876	0.1452	0.2208	0.0488	0.3272
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.1712	0.1712	0.4080	0.2616	0.0956	0.3016	0.2504	0.2560	0.0432	0.2356
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.2912	0.2912	0.7384	0.7384	0.2108	0.4280	0.1932	0.2372	0.0712	0.2692
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.4232	0.4232	0.4236	0.4128	0.1128	0.3832	0.1404	0.2072	0.0440	0.3248
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.1896	0.1896	0.4104	0.2696	0.0924	0.2936	0.2608	0.2532	0.0632	0.2244
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.3128	0.3128	0.7600	0.7600	0.1904	0.4252	0.1808	0.2352	0.0820	0.2624
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.5366	0.5366	0.4725	0.4401	0.1816	0.5368	0.2097	0.2797	0.0890	0.3180
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.2388	0.2388	0.4616	0.3463	0.1558	0.3963	0.2910	0.2881	0.0788	0.2955
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.5059	0.5059	0.9008	0.9008	0.2761	0.5389	0.2547	0.2835	0.1347	0.3552
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.5319	0.5319	0.4587	0.4221	0.1647	0.5331	0.1995	0.2674	0.0842	0.3155
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.2726	0.2726	0.4601	0.3515	0.1526	0.3879	0.3069	0.2901	0.1079	0.2900
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.5323	0.5323	0.9064	0.9064	0.2470	0.5414	0.2406	0.2874	0.1486	0.3410
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.5383	0.5383	0.4778	0.4473	0.1834	0.5513	0.2169	0.2858	0.0926	0.3210
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.2408	0.2408	0.4675	0.3473	0.1600	0.3964	0.2985	0.2956	0.0794	0.2962
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.5214	0.5214	0.9101	0.9101	0.2769	0.5435	0.2579	0.2861	0.1435	0.3581
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.5360	0.5360	0.4611	0.4341	0.1668	0.5473	0.2062	0.2743	0.0859	0.3205
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.2760	0.2760	0.4650	0.3525	0.1579	0.3921	0.3093	0.2921	0.1175	0.2929
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.5357	0.5357	0.9087	0.9087	0.2479	0.5459	0.2460	0.2904	0.1519	0.3457
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.6207	0.6207	0.5397	0.5262	0.1890	0.5595	0.2425	0.3249	0.1105	0.3464
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.2842	0.2842	0.5147	0.3824	0.1800	0.4036	0.3373	0.3359	0.1051	0.3173
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.6693	0.6693	0.9549	0.9549	0.3134	0.5693	0.2962	0.3104	0.1873	0.3769
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.6365	0.6365	0.5197	0.5197	0.1871	0.5668	0.2834	0.3217	0.0947	0.4574
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.3059	0.3059	0.4932	0.3643	0.1899	0.4428	0.3580	0.3231	0.1284	0.3093
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.5770	0.5770	0.9336	0.9336	0.2725	0.5649	0.2784	0.3049	0.1661	0.3819
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.2543	0.2543	0.4234	0.2411	0.1128	0.3830	0.1403	0.2071	0.0440	0.3247
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.1307	0.1104	0.4102	0.1583	0.0924	0.2935	0.2607	0.2531	0.0632	0.2243
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.1867	0.1867	0.7093	0.7093	0.1903	0.4250	0.1807	0.2351	0.0820	0.2623

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 62: Stepdown Tests for Minimum Outcomes of Pooled Children of Male Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -spended	Never Su -spended	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Summary	(01) Obs.	34	31	35	32	36	33	33	30	35	32
	(02) Control	0.3529	0.3529	0.5882	0.6250	0.2632	0.2632	0.7059	0.7500	0.2778	0.2778
	(03) Treatment	0.4706	0.4286	0.7222	0.7500	0.4118	0.4286	0.8750	0.9286	0.4118	0.4286
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1176	0.0756	0.1340	0.1250	0.1486	0.1654	0.1691	0.1786	0.1340	0.1508
	(05) COLS	0.1363	0.1058	0.2211	0.2455	0.1794	0.1979	0.1925	0.2369	0.1680	0.1877
	(06) AIPW	0.1813	0.1563	0.3757	0.3718	0.1957	0.2328	0.3645	0.3945	0.1752	0.2252
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.4702	0.4702	0.4293	0.4293	0.3163	0.3163	0.1863	0.1863	0.3672	0.3672
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.4172	0.4172	0.2025	0.2025	0.2383	0.2383	0.1405	0.1405	0.2716	0.2716
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.2509	0.2509	0.0048	0.0048	0.1089	0.0829	0.0013	0.0010	0.1425	0.0988
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.4819	0.4819	0.4116	0.4116	0.3262	0.3262	0.1665	0.1665	0.3806	0.3806
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.4427	0.4427	0.1849	0.1849	0.2634	0.2634	0.1325	0.1325	0.3014	0.3014
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.5769	0.5769	0.0846	0.0846	0.2849	0.2849	0.0316	0.0316	0.3229	0.3229
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.4688	0.4688	0.4136	0.4136	0.3264	0.3264	0.1840	0.1840	0.3752	0.3752
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.4584	0.4584	0.2208	0.2208	0.2408	0.2408	0.1560	0.1560	0.2792	0.2792
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.3632	0.3632	0.0704	0.0704	0.2296	0.2296	0.0552	0.0552	0.2520	0.2520
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.3584	0.3584	0.3232	0.3232	0.2272	0.2272	0.0632	0.0632	0.2720	0.2720
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.3008	0.3008	0.1088	0.1088	0.1992	0.1992	0.0592	0.0592	0.2216	0.2216
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.2192	0.2192	0.0192	0.0192	0.1268	0.1144	0.0112	0.0112	0.1816	0.1344
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.5040	0.5040	0.4392	0.4392	0.2968	0.2968	0.1824	0.1824	0.3432	0.3432
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.4584	0.4584	0.2104	0.2104	0.2456	0.2456	0.1200	0.1200	0.2856	0.2856
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.3712	0.3712	0.1416	0.1416	0.2064	0.2064	0.0356	0.0320	0.2272	0.2272
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.4960	0.4960	0.4616	0.4616	0.3312	0.3312	0.1664	0.1664	0.3984	0.3984
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.4408	0.4408	0.2320	0.2320	0.2480	0.2480	0.1376	0.1376	0.2760	0.2760
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.3752	0.3752	0.0984	0.0984	0.1744	0.1744	0.0300	0.0280	0.1968	0.1968
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.6950	0.6950	0.5194	0.5194	0.4673	0.4673	0.3524	0.3524	0.5178	0.5178
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.5952	0.5952	0.3357	0.3357	0.3990	0.3990	0.2294	0.2294	0.4542	0.4542
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.5362	0.5362	0.2183	0.2183	0.3475	0.3475	0.1002	0.1002	0.3875	0.3875
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.6893	0.6893	0.5429	0.5429	0.5077	0.5077	0.3409	0.3409	0.5885	0.5885
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.5942	0.5942	0.3399	0.3399	0.4038	0.4038	0.2707	0.2707	0.4571	0.4571
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.5217	0.5217	0.1621	0.1621	0.3106	0.3106	0.0948	0.0948	0.3384	0.3384
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.6986	0.6986	0.5352	0.5352	0.4727	0.4727	0.3651	0.3651	0.5238	0.5238
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.6053	0.6053	0.3413	0.3413	0.4075	0.4075	0.2415	0.2415	0.4628	0.4628
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.5689	0.5689	0.2192	0.2192	0.3499	0.3499	0.1047	0.1047	0.3962	0.3962
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.6908	0.6908	0.5560	0.5560	0.5099	0.5099	0.3455	0.3455	0.5928	0.5928
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.6027	0.6027	0.3408	0.3408	0.4201	0.4201	0.2807	0.2807	0.4582	0.4582
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.5377	0.5377	0.1652	0.1652	0.3154	0.3154	0.1004	0.1004	0.3614	0.3614
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.7163	0.7163	0.6713	0.6713	0.5137	0.5137	0.4260	0.4260	0.5487	0.5487
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.6694	0.6694	0.3947	0.3947	0.4751	0.4751	0.3694	0.3694	0.5574	0.5574
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.6448	0.6448	0.2531	0.2531	0.3676	0.3676	0.1301	0.1301	0.4675	0.4675
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.7135	0.7135	0.5833	0.5833	0.5386	0.5386	0.3864	0.3864	0.6238	0.6238
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.6426	0.6426	0.4318	0.4318	0.5014	0.5014	0.3140	0.3140	0.4617	0.4617
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.5864	0.5864	0.2338	0.2338	0.4076	0.4076	0.1184	0.1184	0.5202	0.5202
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.2967	0.3519	0.2755	0.2755	0.1823	0.1823	0.1303	0.1283	0.2199	0.2163
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.2571	0.2851	0.1463	0.1463	0.1483	0.1483	0.1279	0.1060	0.1695	0.1695
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.2243	0.2243	0.0576	0.0600	0.1627	0.1052	0.0300	0.0228	0.1883	0.1144

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 62: Stepdown Tests for Minimum Outcomes of Pooled Children of Male Participants

	Statistic	Attended College	Attended College	Attended College	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	40	37	33	38	33	31	39	35	33
	(02) Control	0.2500	0.2632	0.1765	0.1667	0.1765	0.2000	0.1579	0.1579	0.1765
	(03) Treatment	0.2000	0.1667	0.1250	0.2500	0.2500	0.5000	0.2500	0.2500	0.5000
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.0500	-0.0965	-0.0515	0.0833	0.0735	0.3000	0.0921	0.0921	0.3235
	(05) COLS	-0.0021	-0.0608	-0.0049	0.0786	0.0831	0.2564	0.0846	0.0912	0.2718
	(06) AIPW	-0.0461	-0.0901	-0.0457	0.0865	0.1290	0.4344	0.1013	0.1414	0.4093
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.7241	0.7241	0.7241	0.5002	0.5002	0.0723	0.4482	0.4482	0.0415
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.9854	0.9854	0.9854	0.5287	0.5287	0.1027	0.4880	0.4880	0.0610
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.6317	0.5836	0.6317	0.2852	0.2852	0.0138	0.2214	0.2214	0.0067
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.7116	0.7116	0.7116	0.5016	0.5016	0.0896	0.4487	0.4487	0.0496
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.9921	0.9921	0.9921	0.5546	0.5546	0.1459	0.5114	0.5114	0.0960
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.8246	0.8246	0.8246	0.5294	0.5294	0.0528	0.4412	0.4412	0.0267
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.7120	0.7104	0.7120	0.5144	0.5144	0.0960	0.4480	0.4480	0.0624
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.9852	0.9852	0.9852	0.5424	0.5424	0.1368	0.5088	0.5088	0.0840
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.8844	0.8844	0.8844	0.2696	0.2696	0.0396	0.2312	0.2312	0.0276
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.6008	0.5136	0.6008	0.3760	0.3760	0.0540	0.3064	0.3064	0.0336
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.9000	0.8652	0.9000	0.4376	0.4376	0.1296	0.3888	0.3888	0.0684
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.6432	0.6432	0.6432	0.3928	0.3928	0.0132	0.2912	0.2912	0.0108
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.6984	0.6924	0.6984	0.5144	0.5144	0.1188	0.4624	0.4624	0.0636
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.9280	0.8772	0.9280	0.5528	0.5528	0.1980	0.4800	0.4800	0.1308
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.7032	0.6924	0.7032	0.4376	0.4376	0.0324	0.3376	0.3376	0.0324
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.7164	0.7164	0.7164	0.5104	0.5104	0.1176	0.4528	0.4528	0.0600
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.9280	0.8748	0.9280	0.5224	0.5224	0.1440	0.4696	0.4696	0.1044
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.6744	0.6312	0.6744	0.4240	0.4240	0.1260	0.3264	0.3264	0.0828
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7724	0.7724	0.2167	0.7004	0.7004	0.1473
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7477	0.7477	0.2983	0.7078	0.7078	0.2603
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6102	0.6102	0.0739	0.5353	0.5353	0.0577
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7709	0.7709	0.2152	0.6910	0.6910	0.1442
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7374	0.7374	0.2608	0.6916	0.6916	0.2088
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6019	0.6019	0.1869	0.5130	0.5130	0.1427
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7757	0.7757	0.2209	0.7054	0.7054	0.1529
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7661	0.7661	0.2985	0.7098	0.7098	0.2615
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6121	0.6121	0.0824	0.5445	0.5445	0.0631
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7739	0.7739	0.2193	0.6912	0.6912	0.1495
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7439	0.7439	0.2680	0.6959	0.6959	0.2090
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6093	0.6093	0.1952	0.5288	0.5288	0.1528
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8655	0.8655	0.2446	0.7406	0.7406	0.1803
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8348	0.8348	0.3173	0.7531	0.7531	0.2631
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6576	0.6576	0.1151	0.6464	0.6464	0.1061
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8048	0.8048	0.2446	0.7215	0.7215	0.1777
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7448	0.7448	0.3369	0.7134	0.7134	0.2248
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6907	0.6907	0.2423	0.6192	0.6192	0.2566
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.4938	0.4006	0.4938	0.3051	0.3051	0.0576	0.2595	0.2595	0.0320
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.6473	0.5102	0.6473	0.3139	0.3139	0.0788	0.2851	0.2851	0.0532
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.4866	0.3758	0.4866	0.2503	0.2479	0.0668	0.2167	0.1923	0.0416

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 62: Stepdown Tests for Minimum Outcomes of Pooled Children of Male Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	39	36	33	41	39	35	32	29	26
	(02) Control	0.1579	0.1579	0.1765	0.0476	0.0476	0.0526	0.8125	0.8000	0.7692
	(03) Treatment	0.2500	0.2353	0.4375	0.0500	0.0000	0.0625	0.8750	0.8571	0.8462
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0921	0.0774	0.2610	0.0024	-0.0476	0.0099	0.0625	0.0571	0.0769
	(05) COLS	0.0846	0.0735	0.2245	0.0361	-0.0139	0.0388	0.1266	0.1392	0.1459
	(06) AIPW	0.1013	0.1078	0.3479	0.0039	-0.0300	0.0230	0.2331	0.2385	0.2100
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.4482	0.4482	0.1111	0.9044	0.4816	0.9044	0.9344	0.9344	0.9344
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.4880	0.4880	0.1558	0.7697	0.7697	0.7697	0.5491	0.5491	0.5491
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.3276	0.3276	0.0235	0.7176	0.4683	0.7176	0.0787	0.0787	0.0787
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.4487	0.4487	0.1226	0.9037	0.4464	0.9037	0.9267	0.9267	0.9267
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.5114	0.5114	0.2147	0.7856	0.7856	0.7856	0.5796	0.5796	0.5796
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.4534	0.4534	0.0866	0.8018	0.6902	0.8018	0.4655	0.4655	0.4655
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.4480	0.4480	0.1260	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9540	0.9540	0.9540
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.5088	0.5088	0.1944	0.9264	0.9264	0.9264	0.6108	0.6108	0.6108
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.2952	0.2952	0.0612	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4632	0.4632	0.4632
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.3064	0.3064	0.0600	0.8768	0.0060	0.8768	0.8568	0.8568	0.8568
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.3968	0.3968	0.1368	0.5064	0.2208	0.5064	0.3516	0.3516	0.3516
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.3592	0.3592	0.0324	0.8064	0.1680	0.8064	0.0864	0.0864	0.1280
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.4624	0.4624	0.1536	0.9824	0.8460	0.9824	0.9444	0.9444	0.9444
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.5088	0.5088	0.2640	0.8472	0.8472	0.8472	0.5352	0.5352	0.5352
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.4296	0.4296	0.0852	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3204	0.3204	0.3204
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.4528	0.4528	0.1284	0.9688	0.8844	0.9688	0.8568	0.8568	0.8568
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.4696	0.4696	0.2004	0.7752	0.7752	0.7752	0.5736	0.5736	0.5736
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.4032	0.4032	0.1404	0.8560	0.6912	0.8560	0.3420	0.3420	0.3420
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.7163	0.7163	0.2603	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.7441	0.7441	0.4061	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7222	0.7222	0.7222
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.6469	0.6469	0.1592	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4770	0.4770	0.4770
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.7011	0.7011	0.2582	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.7106	0.7106	0.3423	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7323	0.7323	0.7323
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.6163	0.6163	0.2824	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4933	0.4933	0.4933
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.7335	0.7335	0.2704	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.7520	0.7520	0.4119	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7333	0.7333	0.7333
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.6530	0.6530	0.1739	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4821	0.4821	0.4821
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.7194	0.7194	0.2737	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.7132	0.7132	0.3489	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7342	0.7342	0.7342
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.6245	0.6245	0.3068	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.5215	0.5215	0.5215
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.7769	0.7769	0.3351	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.7531	0.7531	0.4769	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7395	0.7395	0.7395
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.6722	0.6722	0.2818	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.5248	0.5248	0.5248
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.7495	0.7495	0.5004	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.7134	0.7134	0.4067	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8532	0.8532	0.8532
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.6510	0.6510	0.4515	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6661	0.6661	0.6661
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.2707	0.2707	0.0728	0.6853	0.6853	0.6853	0.3315	0.3315	0.3315
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.2819	0.2819	0.1052	0.8593	0.8593	0.8593	0.2263	0.2263	0.2567
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.2411	0.2411	0.0672	0.6393	0.6393	0.6393	0.1315	0.1315	0.1599

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 62: Stepdown Tests for Minimum Outcomes of Pooled Children of Male Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	39	35	39	35	33	30	33	29	29	26
	(02) Control	0.0952	0.0526	0.0476	0.0526	0.4444	0.4000	0.2778	0.2500	0.8000	0.7692
	(03) Treatment	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.4667	0.5333	0.4000	0.3846	0.8571	0.8462
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.0952	-0.0526	-0.0476	-0.0526	0.0222	0.1333	0.1222	0.1346	0.0571	0.0769
	(05) COLS	-0.0314	-0.0184	-0.0139	-0.0184	0.0756	0.0982	0.1194	0.0838	0.0556	-0.0173
	(06) AIPW	-0.0556	-0.0316	-0.0300	-0.0316	0.1425	0.2041	0.1663	0.1801	0.1931	0.0870
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.1521	0.1610	0.3211	0.3211	0.4460	0.4263	0.4298	0.4298	0.5999	0.5999
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.3528	0.3528	0.4938	0.4938	0.5661	0.5661	0.4664	0.4664	0.6850	0.6850
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.1104	0.1590	0.3122	0.3122	0.1345	0.1202	0.2139	0.2139	0.0766	0.2576
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.1415	0.1477	0.2954	0.2954	0.4482	0.4482	0.4134	0.4134	0.6152	0.6152
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.3923	0.3923	0.5506	0.5506	0.5964	0.5964	0.4922	0.4922	0.7357	0.7357
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.2916	0.2916	0.4601	0.4601	0.3873	0.3873	0.4308	0.4308	0.4558	0.4558
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.2544	0.3628	0.7256	0.7256	0.4596	0.4432	0.3920	0.3920	0.6312	0.6312
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.5696	0.5696	1.0000	1.0000	0.5656	0.5656	0.5192	0.5192	0.7480	0.7480
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.3368	0.4512	0.8224	0.8224	0.2504	0.2504	0.3632	0.3632	0.6192	0.6192
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.0008	0.0020	0.0040	0.0040	0.4296	0.3392	0.2944	0.2944	0.5744	0.5744
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.0392	0.0544	0.1088	0.1088	0.4736	0.4736	0.3328	0.3328	0.6640	0.6640
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.0336	0.0944	0.1120	0.1120	0.1744	0.1744	0.2032	0.2032	0.1128	0.2624
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.2728	0.2728	0.5408	0.5408	0.4648	0.4552	0.4952	0.4952	0.6280	0.6280
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.5304	0.5304	0.8704	0.8704	0.6352	0.6352	0.5128	0.5128	0.6144	0.6144
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.4544	0.4544	0.7792	0.7792	0.2968	0.2968	0.3976	0.3976	0.2080	0.2980
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.2832	0.2884	0.5768	0.5768	0.4580	0.4472	0.4728	0.4728	0.5520	0.5520
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.4480	0.4480	0.8728	0.8728	0.6040	0.6040	0.4968	0.4968	0.6408	0.6408
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.1944	0.2640	0.4608	0.4608	0.2536	0.2536	0.3624	0.3624	0.2432	0.3208
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.8132	0.8132	1.0000	1.0000	0.4893	0.4743	0.6763	0.6763	0.8478	0.8478
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4999	0.4999	0.6303	0.6303	0.7505	0.7505
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2629	0.2436	0.5321	0.5321	0.2941	0.3426
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.9300	0.9300	1.0000	1.0000	0.4866	0.4743	0.6763	0.6763	0.7295	0.7295
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4702	0.4702	0.6117	0.6117	0.7693	0.7693
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.6823	0.6849	1.0000	1.0000	0.2229	0.1951	0.4771	0.4771	0.3578	0.3698
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.8210	0.8210	1.0000	1.0000	0.4938	0.4744	0.6791	0.6791	0.8511	0.8511
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.5150	0.5150	0.6485	0.6485	0.7650	0.7650
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2645	0.2511	0.5416	0.5416	0.3014	0.3463
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.9329	0.9329	1.0000	1.0000	0.4975	0.4744	0.6791	0.6791	0.7482	0.7482
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4808	0.4808	0.6173	0.6173	0.7780	0.7780
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.6957	0.6957	1.0000	1.0000	0.2313	0.2105	0.4816	0.4816	0.3676	0.3742
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.8696	0.8696	1.0000	1.0000	0.5383	0.5383	0.6888	0.6888	0.9847	0.9847
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.5372	0.5372	0.7056	0.7056	0.9163	0.9163
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3182	0.3182	0.5719	0.5719	0.3680	0.3680
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.9418	0.9418	1.0000	1.0000	0.5721	0.4781	0.6888	0.6888	0.8368	0.8368
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.5334	0.5334	0.6816	0.6816	0.8189	0.8189
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.7102	0.7102	1.0000	1.0000	0.2823	0.2702	0.5458	0.5458	0.4071	0.4071
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.1415	0.2883	0.2947	0.2947	0.4578	0.3043	0.2911	0.2911	0.3171	0.3171
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.3639	0.4362	0.4502	0.4502	0.3766	0.3766	0.3047	0.3107	0.6945	0.6945
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.1116	0.2639	0.2707	0.2707	0.1911	0.1815	0.2363	0.2363	0.1551	0.3207

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 62: Stepdown Tests for Minimum Outcomes of Pooled Children of Male Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Summary	(01) Obs.	33	30	33	29	36	30	41	40	40	38
	(02) Control	0.4444	0.4000	0.2778	0.2500	0.6316	0.4286	0.1905	0.2857	0.0000	0.0476
	(03) Treatment	0.4667	0.5333	0.4000	0.3846	0.4706	0.3125	0.3500	0.4211	0.2105	0.1176
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0222	0.1333	0.1222	0.1346	−0.1610	−0.1161	0.1595	0.1353	0.2105	0.0700
	(05) COLS	0.0756	0.0982	0.1194	0.0838	−0.1765	−0.0180	0.1203	0.0881	0.1953	0.0841
	(06) AIPW	0.1425	0.2041	0.1663	0.1801	−0.1686	0.1709	0.0614	0.0681	0.1660	0.0730
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.4460	0.4263	0.4298	0.4298	0.1748	0.2627	0.1285	0.2033	0.0153	0.2272
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.5661	0.5661	0.4664	0.4664	0.0918	0.4616	0.2076	0.3068	0.0166	0.1264
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.1345	0.1202	0.2139	0.2139	0.0644	0.1068	0.2966	0.3119	0.0126	0.1293
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.4482	0.4482	0.4134	0.4134	0.1625	0.2541	0.1059	0.1629	0.0128	0.2280
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.5964	0.5964	0.4922	0.4922	0.0842	0.4623	0.1904	0.2831	0.0163	0.1307
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.3873	0.3873	0.4308	0.4308	0.1404	0.4983	0.3379	0.3381	0.0310	0.2329
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.4596	0.4432	0.3920	0.3920	0.1840	0.2648	0.1092	0.1608	0.0152	0.2416
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.5656	0.5656	0.5192	0.5192	0.0968	0.4384	0.1920	0.2992	0.0152	0.1536
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.2504	0.2504	0.3632	0.3632	0.1836	0.2176	0.2688	0.2916	0.0184	0.2360
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.4296	0.3392	0.2944	0.2944	0.0932	0.1956	0.0584	0.1244	0.0152	0.1640
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.4736	0.4736	0.3328	0.3328	0.0284	0.4864	0.1320	0.2200	0.0152	0.0664
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.1744	0.1744	0.2032	0.2032	0.0360	0.1164	0.3488	0.3172	0.0208	0.1636
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.4648	0.4552	0.4952	0.4952	0.1592	0.2900	0.1788	0.2484	0.0204	0.2612
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.6352	0.6352	0.5128	0.5128	0.1136	0.4772	0.2688	0.3384	0.0344	0.2020
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.2968	0.2968	0.3976	0.3976	0.1164	0.1632	0.4092	0.3844	0.0460	0.2488
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.4580	0.4472	0.4728	0.4728	0.1452	0.2900	0.1764	0.2428	0.0188	0.2284
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.6040	0.6040	0.4968	0.4968	0.0768	0.4764	0.2672	0.3440	0.0200	0.1444
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.2536	0.2536	0.3624	0.3624	0.0824	0.1528	0.3968	0.3728	0.0176	0.2092
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.4893	0.4743	0.6763	0.6763	0.3134	0.5425	0.2469	0.3416	0.0567	0.3003
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.4999	0.4999	0.6303	0.6303	0.2889	0.6490	0.3193	0.4206	0.0611	0.2400
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.2629	0.2436	0.5321	0.5321	0.3045	0.1884	0.4314	0.4406	0.0679	0.2903
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.4866	0.4743	0.6763	0.6763	0.2872	0.5408	0.2512	0.3379	0.0477	0.2498
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.4702	0.4702	0.6117	0.6117	0.2395	0.6490	0.3000	0.4230	0.0461	0.1649
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.2229	0.1951	0.4771	0.4771	0.2516	0.1827	0.4228	0.4369	0.0539	0.2429
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.4938	0.4744	0.6791	0.6791	0.3201	0.5501	0.2506	0.3546	0.0581	0.3027
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.5150	0.5150	0.6485	0.6485	0.2892	0.6549	0.3236	0.4236	0.0634	0.2418
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.2645	0.2511	0.5416	0.5416	0.3072	0.1938	0.4358	0.4518	0.0680	0.2918
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.4975	0.4744	0.6791	0.6791	0.2910	0.5479	0.2522	0.3501	0.0485	0.2515
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.4808	0.4808	0.6173	0.6173	0.2411	0.6528	0.3085	0.4266	0.0480	0.1675
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.2313	0.2105	0.4816	0.4816	0.2517	0.1879	0.4262	0.4424	0.0590	0.2466
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.5383	0.5383	0.6888	0.6888	0.3485	0.5939	0.2731	0.3701	0.0705	0.3712
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.5372	0.5372	0.7056	0.7056	0.3234	0.6860	0.3263	0.4236	0.0860	0.2582
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.3182	0.3182	0.5719	0.5719	0.3140	0.2339	0.4730	0.5093	0.0779	0.3184
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.5721	0.4781	0.6888	0.6888	0.3146	0.6309	0.3926	0.3723	0.0674	0.2734
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.5334	0.5334	0.6816	0.6816	0.2429	0.6741	0.3480	0.4272	0.0528	0.2022
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.2823	0.2702	0.5458	0.5458	0.2522	0.2257	0.4413	0.5512	0.0746	0.2688
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.4578	0.3043	0.2911	0.2911	0.1451	0.2899	0.1763	0.2427	0.0188	0.2283
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.3766	0.3766	0.3047	0.3107	0.0768	0.4762	0.2671	0.3439	0.0200	0.1443
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.1911	0.1815	0.2363	0.2363	0.0824	0.1527	0.3966	0.3727	0.0176	0.2091

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 63: Stepdown Tests for Minimum Outcomes of Male Children of Male Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -spended	Never Su -spended	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Summary	(01) Obs.	24	24	27	26	26	26	26	25	25	25
	(02) Control	0.3636	0.3636	0.6154	0.6667	0.3077	0.3077	0.7692	0.8333	0.3333	0.3333
	(03) Treatment	0.4615	0.4615	0.7143	0.7143	0.4615	0.4615	0.9231	0.9231	0.4615	0.4615
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0979	0.0979	0.0989	0.0476	0.1538	0.1538	0.0897	0.1282	0.1282	0.1282
	(05) COLS	0.0153	0.0153	0.1079	0.0777	0.0509	0.0509	0.1434	0.0913	0.0312	0.0312
	(06) AIPW	0.0167	0.0183	0.2682	0.1968	0.0955	0.0970	0.3004	0.2169	0.0845	0.0860
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.6087	0.6087	0.6134	0.6134	0.3946	0.3946	0.2945	0.2945	0.4899	0.4899
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.9384	0.9384	0.6301	0.6301	0.7749	0.7749	0.4823	0.4823	0.8671	0.8671
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.8993	0.8993	0.0807	0.0930	0.4712	0.4712	0.0192	0.0318	0.5463	0.5463
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.6356	0.6356	0.5875	0.5875	0.4207	0.4207	0.2646	0.2646	0.5176	0.5176
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.9462	0.9462	0.6358	0.6358	0.8009	0.8009	0.4838	0.4838	0.8831	0.8831
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.9950	0.9950	0.5249	0.5249	0.9728	0.9728	0.2627	0.2627	0.9760	0.9760
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.6552	0.6552	0.5736	0.5736	0.4320	0.4320	0.2816	0.2816	0.5336	0.5336
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.9328	0.9328	0.7272	0.7272	0.7536	0.7536	0.5456	0.5456	0.8600	0.8600
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.9176	0.9176	0.3224	0.3224	0.5744	0.5744	0.2976	0.2976	0.6648	0.6648
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.5520	0.5520	0.4992	0.4992	0.3320	0.3320	0.1368	0.2148	0.4208	0.4208
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.9328	0.9328	0.4424	0.4424	0.7288	0.7288	0.4144	0.4144	0.8488	0.8488
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.9496	0.9496	0.1104	0.1104	0.5296	0.5296	0.0696	0.0976	0.5816	0.5816
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.6096	0.6096	0.6632	0.6632	0.4096	0.4096	0.3024	0.3024	0.5000	0.5000
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.8760	0.8760	0.6224	0.6224	0.7232	0.7232	0.3696	0.3696	0.7976	0.7976
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.8992	0.8992	0.2960	0.2960	0.5848	0.5848	0.1184	0.1184	0.6320	0.6320
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.5760	0.5760	0.6576	0.6576	0.3864	0.3864	0.2936	0.2936	0.4704	0.4704
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.8680	0.8680	0.6280	0.6280	0.6936	0.6936	0.4712	0.4712	0.7776	0.7776
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.8896	0.8896	0.2312	0.2312	0.5448	0.5448	0.1056	0.1184	0.5968	0.5968
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.8367	0.8367	0.7625	0.7625	0.5735	0.5735	0.4273	0.4273	0.6899	0.6899
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	0.6869	0.6869	0.9392	0.9392	0.4372	0.4372	1.0000	1.0000
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	0.3718	0.3718	0.8207	0.8207	0.1541	0.1541	0.8568	0.8568
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.8065	0.8065	0.7535	0.7535	0.5558	0.5558	0.4224	0.4224	0.6647	0.6647
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	0.7034	0.7034	0.9138	0.9138	0.5784	0.5784	1.0000	1.0000
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	0.3018	0.3018	0.7760	0.7760	0.1414	0.1671	0.8249	0.8249
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.8446	0.8446	0.7743	0.7743	0.5760	0.5760	0.4355	0.4355	0.6945	0.6945
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	0.6906	0.6906	0.9414	0.9414	0.4470	0.4470	1.0000	1.0000
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	0.3821	0.3821	0.8480	0.8480	0.1545	0.1545	0.8766	0.8766
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.8156	0.8156	0.7637	0.7637	0.5659	0.5659	0.4347	0.4347	0.6660	0.6660
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	0.7121	0.7121	0.9154	0.9154	0.5898	0.5898	1.0000	1.0000
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	0.3078	0.3078	0.7938	0.7938	0.1458	0.1710	0.8422	0.8422
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	0.7743	0.7743	0.6264	0.6264	0.5658	0.5658	0.9540	0.9540
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	0.7413	0.7413	1.0000	1.0000	0.4819	0.4819	1.0000	1.0000
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	0.4522	0.4522	0.8837	0.8837	0.2165	0.2165	0.9334	0.9334
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.9131	0.9131	0.8377	0.8377	0.5989	0.5989	0.5205	0.5205	0.8916	0.8916
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	0.7747	0.7747	0.9983	0.9983	0.6464	0.6464	1.0000	1.0000
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	0.3523	0.3523	0.8779	0.8779	0.2018	0.2018	0.9867	0.9867
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.2879	0.2879	0.3758	0.3986	0.1931	0.1931	0.1787	0.2211	0.2351	0.2351
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.4338	0.4338	0.3667	0.3667	0.3467	0.3467	0.2915	0.2915	0.3886	0.3886
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.4498	0.4498	0.1395	0.1815	0.2787	0.2787	0.0740	0.1184	0.3039	0.3039

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 63: Stepdown Tests for Minimum Outcomes of Male Children of Male Participants

	Statistic	Attended College	Attended College	Attended College	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	30	29	28	27	27	25	28	28	26
	(02) Control	0.1250	0.1333	0.1333	0.3846	0.3846	0.4167	0.3571	0.3571	0.3846
	(03) Treatment	0.2143	0.2143	0.2308	0.5000	0.5000	0.6154	0.5000	0.5000	0.6154
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0893	0.0810	0.0974	0.1154	0.1154	0.1987	0.1429	0.1429	0.2308
	(05) COLS	0.0179	0.0084	0.0919	0.0806	0.0806	0.1004	0.0966	0.0966	0.1144
	(06) AIPW	-0.0044	-0.0170	0.0262	0.1292	0.1318	0.2026	0.1507	0.1533	0.2015
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.7547	0.7547	0.7547	0.5549	0.5549	0.4848	0.4535	0.4535	0.3587
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.9028	0.9028	0.8750	0.9085	0.9085	0.9085	0.8190	0.8190	0.8190
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3563	0.3563	0.2369	0.2835	0.2835	0.2266
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.7490	0.7490	0.7490	0.5399	0.5399	0.4684	0.4363	0.4363	0.3401
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.9052	0.9052	0.8873	0.9367	0.9367	0.9367	0.8485	0.8485	0.8485
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.7692	0.7692	0.7692	0.5368	0.5368	0.4608	0.4352	0.4352	0.3408
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.9408	0.9408	0.8136	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9492	0.9492	0.9492
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.5388	0.5388	0.5388	0.4668	0.4668	0.4668
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.5892	0.5892	0.5892	0.4704	0.4704	0.4008	0.3552	0.3552	0.3012
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.8800	0.8800	0.8364	0.6816	0.6816	0.6816	0.5820	0.5820	0.5820
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3296	0.3296	0.2904	0.2952	0.2952	0.2952
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.8100	0.8100	0.8100	0.6624	0.6624	0.6624	0.5088	0.5088	0.5088
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.8688	0.8688	0.8316	0.9372	0.9372	0.9372	0.8340	0.8340	0.8340
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.5784	0.5784	0.5784	0.5424	0.5424	0.5424
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.6960	0.6960	0.6960	0.6492	0.6492	0.6492	0.5004	0.5004	0.5004
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.8784	0.8784	0.8532	0.9144	0.9144	0.9144	0.8052	0.8052	0.8052
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4980	0.4980	0.4980	0.4692	0.4692	0.4692
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8497	0.8497	0.8497	0.6396	0.6396	0.6215
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6953	0.6953	0.6947	0.6426	0.6426	0.6426
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8255	0.8255	0.8255	0.6396	0.6396	0.6146
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6313	0.6313	0.6049	0.5659	0.5659	0.5659
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8827	0.8827	0.8827	0.6977	0.6977	0.6431
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7144	0.7144	0.6950	0.6427	0.6427	0.6427
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8557	0.8557	0.8557	0.6977	0.6977	0.6272
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6358	0.6358	0.6174	0.5830	0.5830	0.5830
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9125	0.9125	0.6758
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8048	0.8048	0.8048	0.7176	0.7176	0.7176
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9133	0.9133	0.6739
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6759	0.6759	0.6759	0.6536	0.6536	0.6536
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.3471	0.3471	0.3471	0.2743	0.2743	0.2423	0.2215	0.2215	0.1923
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.4534	0.4682	0.4218	0.3774	0.3774	0.3774	0.3391	0.3391	0.3391
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.7809	0.7809	0.7809	0.2367	0.2367	0.2155	0.2003	0.2003	0.2003

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 63: Stepdown Tests for Minimum Outcomes of Male Children of Male Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	28	28	26	30	30	28	26	25	24
	(02) Control	0.2857	0.2857	0.3077	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.8462	0.8333	0.8333
	(03) Treatment	0.4286	0.4286	0.5385	0.0714	0.0714	0.1538	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1429	0.1429	0.2308	0.0714	0.0714	0.1538	0.1538	0.1667	0.1667
	(05) COLS	0.1247	0.1247	0.1586	0.0669	0.0669	0.1365	0.2332	0.2382	0.2598
	(06) AIPW	0.1664	0.1684	0.2511	0.0562	0.0573	0.1311	0.3130	0.3008	0.3434
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.4475	0.4475	0.3629	0.3196	0.3196	0.2173	0.1672	0.1672	0.1672
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.6266	0.6266	0.6266	0.3381	0.3381	0.2609	0.0936	0.0936	0.0936
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.2414	0.2414	0.1575	0.2094	0.2094	0.1549	0.0000	0.0001	0.0000
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.4200	0.4200	0.3349	0.3046	0.3046	0.1921	0.1725	0.1725	0.1725
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.6637	0.6637	0.6637	0.3543	0.3543	0.2993	0.1264	0.1264	0.1264
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.9507	0.9507	0.9507	0.5596	0.5596	0.4239	0.0345	0.0345	0.0345
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.4184	0.4184	0.3456	0.7040	0.7040	0.3756	0.4104	0.4104	0.4104
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.6768	0.6768	0.6768	0.7064	0.7064	0.3804	0.4188	0.4188	0.4188
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.4248	0.4248	0.4248	0.7304	0.7304	0.4008	0.4116	0.4116	0.4116
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.3400	0.3400	0.2988	0.7120	0.7120	0.3828	0.4140	0.4140	0.4140
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.4284	0.4284	0.4284	0.7344	0.7344	0.3948	0.4188	0.4188	0.4188
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.2628	0.2628	0.2628	0.8640	0.8640	0.5280	0.4104	0.4104	0.4104
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.4432	0.4432	0.4212	0.4072	0.4072	0.2844	0.1500	0.1500	0.1500
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.6588	0.6588	0.6588	0.4928	0.4928	0.4680	0.0564	0.0564	0.0564
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.3888	0.3888	0.3888	0.4872	0.4872	0.4872	0.0216	0.0216	0.0156
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.4600	0.4600	0.4212	0.3432	0.3432	0.2568	0.1872	0.1872	0.1872
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.6156	0.6156	0.6156	0.5264	0.5264	0.4500	0.0696	0.0696	0.0696
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.3456	0.3456	0.3456	0.2868	0.2868	0.2868	0.0232	0.0232	0.0192
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.6320	0.6320	0.6132	0.6109	0.6109	0.4695	0.2673	0.2673	0.2673
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.8985	0.8985	0.8985	0.6826	0.6826	0.6365	0.1114	0.1114	0.1114
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.5501	0.5501	0.4821	0.5997	0.5997	0.5997	0.0520	0.0520	0.0520
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.6465	0.6465	0.6132	0.5223	0.5223	0.4171	0.3425	0.3425	0.3425
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.8298	0.8298	0.8298	0.7136	0.7136	0.6697	0.1547	0.1547	0.1547
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.4961	0.4961	0.4749	0.4997	0.4997	0.4620	0.0772	0.0772	0.0772
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.6481	0.6481	0.6179	0.6112	0.6112	0.4749	0.2684	0.2684	0.2684
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.8999	0.8999	0.8999	0.6921	0.6921	0.6377	0.1191	0.1191	0.1191
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.5557	0.5557	0.4909	0.6054	0.6054	0.6054	0.0556	0.0556	0.0522
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.6661	0.6661	0.6179	0.5242	0.5242	0.4217	0.3438	0.3438	0.3438
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.8447	0.8447	0.8447	0.7159	0.7159	0.6790	0.1595	0.1595	0.1595
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.5066	0.5066	0.4787	0.5136	0.5136	0.4737	0.0895	0.0895	0.0895
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.7670	0.7670	0.6281	0.7293	0.7293	0.5797	0.3121	0.3121	0.3121
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8886	0.8886	0.8886	0.1574	0.1574	0.1574
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.6273	0.6273	0.5248	0.6165	0.6165	0.6165	0.0685	0.0685	0.0561
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.8819	0.8819	0.6281	0.7609	0.7609	0.7609	0.3665	0.3665	0.3665
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8061	0.8061	0.8061	0.1866	0.1866	0.1866
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.5873	0.5873	0.5873	0.5775	0.5775	0.5775	0.1264	0.1264	0.1264
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.2299	0.2299	0.1671	0.1715	0.1715	0.0856	0.0768	0.0692	0.0752
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.2543	0.2543	0.2543	0.2631	0.2631	0.1499	0.0276	0.0276	0.0272
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.1703	0.1703	0.1475	0.1200	0.1200	0.1100	0.0124	0.0148	0.0076

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 63: Stepdown Tests for Minimum Outcomes of Male Children of Male Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	30	28	30	28	28	26	27	24	24	23
	(02) Control	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.3571	0.3846	0.2308	0.2500	0.8182	0.8182
	(03) Treatment	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.5000	0.5385	0.4286	0.4167	0.9231	0.9167
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.1429	0.1538	0.1978	0.1667	0.1049	0.0985
	(05) COLS	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0500	0.0347	0.0746	0.0309	-0.0756	-0.0972
	(06) AIPW	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0959	0.1709	0.1424	0.1673	-0.1662	-0.1577
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4063	0.4063	0.2435	0.2435	0.4366	0.4366
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7853	0.7853	0.6630	0.6630	0.6082	0.6082
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2316	0.2210	0.2237	0.2237	0.0576	0.0576
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4268	0.4268	0.2588	0.2588	0.4505	0.4505
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8045	0.8045	0.6996	0.6996	0.6330	0.6330
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7487	0.7487	0.6552	0.6552	0.8122	0.8122
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4440	0.4440	0.2640	0.2640	0.5336	0.5336
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7752	0.7752	0.7256	0.7256	0.7840	0.7840
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3936	0.3936	0.4224	0.4224	0.5608	0.5608
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3048	0.3048	0.1680	0.1680	0.3976	0.3976
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7344	0.7344	0.5600	0.5600	0.5672	0.5672
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2808	0.2808	0.2336	0.2336	0.1976	0.1976
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4456	0.4456	0.3024	0.3024	0.4968	0.4968
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7768	0.7768	0.6344	0.6344	0.5616	0.5616
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4664	0.4664	0.4776	0.4776	0.2984	0.2984
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4376	0.4376	0.2584	0.2584	0.4456	0.4456
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7664	0.7664	0.6120	0.6120	0.6728	0.6728
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3888	0.3888	0.3944	0.3944	0.2760	0.2760
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4386	0.4386	0.4930	0.4930	0.6486	0.6486
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7329	0.7329	0.8278	0.8278	0.6736	0.6736
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3399	0.3399	0.6008	0.6008	0.4690	0.4690
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4326	0.4326	0.4456	0.4456	0.5727	0.5727
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7168	0.7168	0.8030	0.8030	0.8188	0.8188
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2687	0.2687	0.5185	0.5185	0.4388	0.4388
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4394	0.4394	0.4947	0.4947	0.6609	0.6609
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7347	0.7347	0.8358	0.8358	0.6850	0.6850
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3471	0.3471	0.6051	0.6051	0.4882	0.4882
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4364	0.4364	0.4535	0.4535	0.5796	0.5796
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7210	0.7210	0.8102	0.8102	0.8516	0.8516
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2716	0.2716	0.5191	0.5191	0.4431	0.4431
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4751	0.4751	0.4957	0.4957	0.8033	0.8033
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8471	0.8471	0.8917	0.8917	0.7760	0.7760
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3725	0.3725	0.6687	0.6687	0.4941	0.4941
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4912	0.4912	0.4943	0.4943	0.6736	0.6736
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7469	0.7469	0.8663	0.8663	0.8694	0.8694
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3745	0.3745	0.5613	0.5613	0.4813	0.4813
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2687	0.2687	0.1679	0.2055	0.2347	0.2419
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4694	0.4694	0.3663	0.4234	0.3699	0.3699
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2807	0.2487	0.2199	0.2199	0.1439	0.1439

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 63: Stepdown Tests for Minimum Outcomes of Male Children of Male Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Summary	(01) Obs.	28	26	27	24	27	21	30	29	30	29
	(02) Control	0.3571	0.3846	0.2308	0.2500	0.6429	0.3000	0.3750	0.2500	0.0000	0.0000
	(03) Treatment	0.5000	0.5385	0.4286	0.4167	0.6154	0.4545	0.2143	0.4615	0.1429	0.2308
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1429	0.1538	0.1978	0.1667	-0.0275	0.1545	-0.1607	0.2115	0.1429	0.2308
	(05) COLS	0.0500	0.0347	0.0746	0.0309	-0.0505	0.1571	-0.2779	0.1101	0.1016	0.1843
	(06) AIPW	0.0959	0.1709	0.1424	0.1673	-0.0020	0.2957	-0.2795	0.1169	0.0982	0.1738
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.4063	0.4063	0.2435	0.2435	0.4423	0.2352	0.1787	0.1404	0.0727	0.0285
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.7853	0.7853	0.6630	0.6630	0.3841	0.2305	0.0460	0.2850	0.1095	0.0560
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.2316	0.2210	0.2237	0.2237	0.4937	0.0308	0.0345	0.2223	0.0468	0.0075
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.4268	0.4268	0.2588	0.2588	0.4404	0.2301	0.1592	0.0993	0.0641	0.0246
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.8045	0.8045	0.6996	0.6996	0.3946	0.2629	0.0438	0.2766	0.1270	0.0591
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.7487	0.7487	0.6552	0.6552	0.4975	0.3841	0.0924	0.3187	0.1557	0.1138
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.4440	0.4440	0.2640	0.2640	0.4604	0.2304	0.1760	0.1036	0.1104	0.0360
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.7752	0.7752	0.7256	0.7256	0.3956	0.2620	0.0500	0.3060	0.1396	0.0668
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.3936	0.3936	0.4224	0.4224	0.4432	0.1196	0.0872	0.2724	0.1264	0.0828
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.3048	0.3048	0.1680	0.1680	0.4012	0.2092	0.1108	0.0756	0.1124	0.0372
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.7344	0.7344	0.5600	0.5600	0.3264	0.1744	0.0164	0.1860	0.1176	0.0460
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.2808	0.2808	0.2336	0.2336	0.4360	0.0976	0.0316	0.2340	0.1456	0.0484
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.4456	0.4456	0.3024	0.3024	0.4412	0.2484	0.1880	0.1772	0.1060	0.0436
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.7768	0.7768	0.6344	0.6344	0.3724	0.2556	0.0708	0.2940	0.1844	0.0880
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.4664	0.4664	0.4776	0.4776	0.4844	0.1096	0.0756	0.2824	0.1348	0.0664
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.4376	0.4376	0.2584	0.2584	0.4048	0.2208	0.1656	0.1852	0.0900	0.0240
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.7664	0.7664	0.6120	0.6120	0.3696	0.2200	0.0564	0.2956	0.1824	0.0948
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.3888	0.3888	0.3944	0.3944	0.4836	0.0984	0.0680	0.2768	0.1000	0.0344
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.4386	0.4386	0.4930	0.4930	0.5593	0.2249	0.2397	0.2902	0.1621	0.0724
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.7329	0.7329	0.8278	0.8278	0.5823	0.2573	0.1238	0.3533	0.2299	0.1237
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.3399	0.3399	0.6008	0.6008	0.7292	0.1052	0.1242	0.3462	0.1494	0.0780
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.4326	0.4326	0.4456	0.4456	0.5119	0.1979	0.2034	0.2856	0.1402	0.0498
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.7168	0.7168	0.8030	0.8030	0.5791	0.2325	0.1066	0.3525	0.2413	0.1383
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.2687	0.2687	0.5185	0.5185	0.7292	0.0926	0.1277	0.3385	0.1380	0.0717
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.4394	0.4394	0.4947	0.4947	0.5657	0.2295	0.2424	0.2938	0.1631	0.0731
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.7347	0.7347	0.8358	0.8358	0.5983	0.2615	0.1272	0.3551	0.2305	0.1282
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.3471	0.3471	0.6051	0.6051	0.7358	0.1065	0.1355	0.3478	0.1514	0.0788
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.4364	0.4364	0.4535	0.4535	0.5141	0.2042	0.2038	0.2878	0.1472	0.0524
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.7210	0.7210	0.8102	0.8102	0.5808	0.2356	0.1079	0.3537	0.2438	0.1476
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.2716	0.2716	0.5191	0.5191	0.7358	0.0934	0.1404	0.3407	0.1425	0.0725
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.4751	0.4751	0.4957	0.4957	0.6189	0.2429	0.2640	0.3193	0.1727	0.0843
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.8471	0.8471	0.8917	0.8917	0.6203	0.3199	0.1932	0.3749	0.2904	0.1449
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.3725	0.3725	0.6687	0.6687	0.7652	0.1454	0.2641	0.4060	0.1774	0.1269
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.4912	0.4912	0.4943	0.4943	0.5346	0.2365	0.2614	0.2926	0.1671	0.0586
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.7469	0.7469	0.8663	0.8663	0.6457	0.2495	0.1436	0.3778	0.2590	0.1729
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.3745	0.3745	0.5613	0.5613	0.7610	0.1089	0.1720	0.3981	0.1887	0.0909
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.2687	0.2687	0.1679	0.2055	0.4046	0.2207	0.1655	0.1851	0.0900	0.0240
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.4694	0.4694	0.3663	0.4234	0.3695	0.2199	0.0564	0.2955	0.1823	0.0948
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.2807	0.2487	0.2199	0.2199	0.4834	0.0984	0.0680	0.2767	0.1000	0.0344

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 64: Stepdown Tests for Minimum Outcomes of Female Children of Male Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -spended	Never Su -spended	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Summary	(01) Obs.	26	23	25	23	28	25	24	22	26	23
	(02) Control	0.5714	0.5714	0.6923	0.6923	0.4667	0.4667	0.8333	0.8333	0.5000	0.5000
	(03) Treatment	0.7500	0.7778	0.8333	0.9000	0.6154	0.7000	0.9167	1.0000	0.6667	0.7778
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1786	0.2063	0.1410	0.2077	0.1487	0.2333	0.0833	0.1667	0.1667	0.2778
	(05) COLS	0.2211	0.2526	0.2192	0.2770	0.2298	0.3051	0.0791	0.1527	0.2409	0.3468
	(06) AIPW	0.3649	0.3491	0.4189	0.4765	0.3413	0.4025	0.3080	0.4102	0.3527	0.4443
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.3002	0.3002	0.2256	0.2256	0.2512	0.2512	0.2787	0.1472	0.2010	0.1689
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.2439	0.2439	0.2089	0.2089	0.1534	0.1534	0.2929	0.2624	0.1253	0.1061
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.0181	0.0181	0.0016	0.0016	0.0135	0.0130	0.0017	0.0001	0.0117	0.0051
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.2772	0.2772	0.2005	0.1976	0.2417	0.2417	0.2716	0.1330	0.1972	0.1622
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.3090	0.3090	0.2489	0.2489	0.1951	0.1951	0.3370	0.3370	0.1673	0.1673
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.4213	0.4213	0.9563	0.9563	0.2941	0.2716	0.9624	0.9624	0.3007	0.2902
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.2824	0.2824	0.1968	0.1968	0.2584	0.2584	0.2956	0.2472	0.1980	0.1832
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.2672	0.2672	0.2440	0.2440	0.1768	0.1768	0.3600	0.3600	0.1344	0.1344
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.2944	0.2944	0.0928	0.0928	0.1696	0.1696	0.2648	0.2648	0.1424	0.1424
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.2312	0.2312	0.1588	0.1240	0.2056	0.2056	0.2720	0.2512	0.1648	0.1648
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.1984	0.1984	0.1424	0.1424	0.1664	0.1664	0.3048	0.2792	0.1720	0.1720
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.0656	0.0844	0.0384	0.0384	0.0936	0.0936	0.2312	0.2312	0.1048	0.1048
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.2840	0.2840	0.2832	0.2832	0.2328	0.2328	0.2852	0.2464	0.1864	0.1632
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.2680	0.2680	0.1904	0.1904	0.1616	0.1616	0.3032	0.3032	0.1208	0.1192
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.1600	0.1600	0.1224	0.1224	0.1200	0.1200	0.0560	0.0560	0.1048	0.1048
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.3040	0.3040	0.2592	0.2592	0.2328	0.2328	0.2784	0.2400	0.1864	0.1632
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.2464	0.2464	0.2336	0.2336	0.1520	0.1520	0.3936	0.3936	0.1112	0.1104
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.1368	0.1368	0.1224	0.1224	0.1072	0.1072	0.0500	0.0432	0.0848	0.0848
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.5199	0.5199	0.4787	0.4787	0.4412	0.4412	0.5115	0.5115	0.3674	0.3674
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.4863	0.4863	0.3484	0.3484	0.3540	0.3540	0.6024	0.6024	0.2910	0.2910
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.2962	0.2962	0.2610	0.2610	0.2456	0.2456	0.1354	0.1354	0.2266	0.2266
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.5782	0.5782	0.4311	0.4311	0.4412	0.4412	0.5003	0.5003	0.3674	0.3674
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.4672	0.4672	0.4127	0.4127	0.3437	0.3437	0.6777	0.6777	0.2680	0.2680
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.2635	0.2635	0.2634	0.2634	0.2059	0.2059	0.1151	0.1151	0.2027	0.2027
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.5259	0.5259	0.4870	0.4870	0.4455	0.4455	0.5134	0.5134	0.3779	0.3779
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.4916	0.4916	0.3513	0.3513	0.3616	0.3616	0.6465	0.6465	0.2955	0.2955
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.2982	0.2982	0.2780	0.2780	0.2560	0.2560	0.1386	0.1386	0.2307	0.2307
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.5806	0.5806	0.4405	0.4405	0.4455	0.4455	0.5042	0.5042	0.3779	0.3779
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.4821	0.4821	0.4139	0.4139	0.3571	0.3571	0.7219	0.7219	0.2766	0.2766
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.2708	0.2708	0.2646	0.2646	0.2126	0.2126	0.1225	0.1225	0.2042	0.2042
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.5880	0.5880	0.5273	0.5273	0.5466	0.5466	0.5536	0.5391	0.5151	0.5151
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.4926	0.4926	0.3626	0.3626	0.4722	0.4722	0.7552	0.7552	0.3439	0.3439
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.3148	0.3148	0.3403	0.3403	0.3188	0.3188	0.1782	0.1782	0.2755	0.2755
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.5858	0.5858	0.4578	0.4578	0.5466	0.5466	0.5453	0.5453	0.5151	0.5151
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.5111	0.5111	0.4157	0.4157	0.4124	0.4124	0.9635	0.9635	0.3402	0.3402
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.3188	0.3188	0.2648	0.2648	0.2467	0.2467	0.1672	0.1672	0.2288	0.2288
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.1891	0.1779	0.2231	0.1523	0.2031	0.1375	0.2783	0.1963	0.1863	0.1012
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.1507	0.1507	0.1355	0.1279	0.1224	0.0960	0.2815	0.2099	0.1112	0.0720
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.0884	0.0952	0.0684	0.0672	0.0672	0.0636	0.0500	0.0276	0.0648	0.0496

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 64: Stepdown Tests for Minimum Outcomes of Female Children of Male Participants

	Statistic	Attended College	Attended College	Attended College	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	28	26	21	30	25	22	30	26	23
	(02) Control	0.5714	0.5714	0.5455	0.2667	0.2857	0.3333	0.2667	0.2667	0.3077
	(03) Treatment	0.3571	0.3333	0.4000	0.3333	0.3636	0.5000	0.3333	0.3636	0.5000
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.2143	-0.2381	-0.1455	0.0667	0.0779	0.1667	0.0667	0.0970	0.1923
	(05) COLS	-0.2391	-0.2828	-0.3326	0.0304	0.0638	0.1082	0.0304	0.0719	0.1323
	(06) AIPW	-0.1313	-0.1567	-0.0432	0.1765	0.3825	0.4967	0.1765	0.3102	0.4246
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.4149	0.4149	0.4149	0.7025	0.7025	0.6626	0.6304	0.6304	0.5517
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.3056	0.3056	0.3056	0.7762	0.7762	0.7762	0.7004	0.7004	0.6402
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.5245	0.5245	0.5245	0.1560	0.0664	0.0291	0.1560	0.0919	0.0382
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.3083	0.3083	0.3083	0.6814	0.6814	0.6372	0.6000	0.6000	0.5135
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.2863	0.2863	0.2863	0.9944	0.9944	0.9944	0.8757	0.8757	0.8757
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.9905	0.9905	0.9905	0.3922	0.3922	0.3922	0.4144	0.4144	0.4144
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.2892	0.2892	0.2892	0.6896	0.6896	0.6684	0.6176	0.6176	0.5160
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.2616	0.2616	0.2556	0.9348	0.9348	0.9348	0.8544	0.8544	0.8544
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.9264	0.9264	0.9264	0.1968	0.1968	0.1968	0.2640	0.2640	0.2640
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.2640	0.2640	0.2640	0.5840	0.5840	0.5172	0.4808	0.4808	0.3816
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.2448	0.2448	0.2448	0.6948	0.6948	0.6948	0.5864	0.5864	0.5292
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.5400	0.5400	0.5400	0.1816	0.0592	0.0468	0.1816	0.1032	0.0516
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.4956	0.4956	0.4956	0.7464	0.7464	0.7464	0.6640	0.6640	0.6276
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.3648	0.3648	0.3648	0.8868	0.8868	0.8868	0.7680	0.7680	0.7680
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.9924	0.9924	0.9924	0.2008	0.1344	0.0792	0.2008	0.1928	0.1452
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.4944	0.4944	0.4944	0.7440	0.7440	0.7440	0.6504	0.6504	0.6240
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.3996	0.3996	0.3996	0.7944	0.7944	0.7944	0.6768	0.6768	0.6636
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.9204	0.9204	0.9204	0.3084	0.3084	0.3084	0.3240	0.3240	0.3240
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.7499	0.7499	0.7499	0.9564	0.9564	0.9279	0.8942	0.8942	0.8129
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.5542	0.5542	0.5542	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9741	0.9741	0.9741
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3067	0.2160	0.1805	0.3301	0.3301	0.2685
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.7342	0.7342	0.7342	0.9234	0.9234	0.8986	0.8768	0.8768	0.8129
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.6052	0.6052	0.6052	0.9440	0.9440	0.9440	0.9090	0.9090	0.8585
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4014	0.4014	0.4014	0.4465	0.4465	0.4465
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.7522	0.7522	0.7522	0.9675	0.9675	0.9314	0.9009	0.9009	0.8158
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.5588	0.5588	0.5588	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3108	0.2186	0.1929	0.3467	0.3467	0.2815
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.7358	0.7358	0.7358	0.9420	0.9420	0.9029	0.8844	0.8844	0.8159
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.6052	0.6052	0.6052	0.9459	0.9459	0.9459	0.9119	0.9119	0.8804
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4107	0.4107	0.4107	0.4565	0.4565	0.4496
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.7949	0.8334	0.8334	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9081	0.9081	0.8330
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.6813	0.6813	0.6813	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3624	0.3624	0.2295	0.4145	0.4145	0.3322
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.8138	0.8138	0.8138	1.0000	1.0000	0.9496	0.9431	0.9431	0.9431
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.7482	0.7482	0.7482	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4581	0.4581	0.4527	0.5252	0.5252	0.4753
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.2299	0.2155	0.3143	0.3966	0.3966	0.3135	0.3671	0.3671	0.2711
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.2007	0.2007	0.2007	0.4234	0.4234	0.3655	0.4030	0.4018	0.3131
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.4502	0.4254	0.4598	0.2279	0.1595	0.1523	0.2279	0.1683	0.1539

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 64: Stepdown Tests for Minimum Outcomes of Female Children of Male Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	30	26	23	31	28	24	23	22	18
	(02) Control	0.2000	0.2000	0.2308	0.1250	0.1250	0.1429	0.9091	0.9167	0.9000
	(03) Treatment	0.3333	0.3636	0.5000	0.2667	0.2500	0.4000	0.8333	0.8000	0.7500
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1333	0.1636	0.2692	0.1417	0.1250	0.2571	-0.0758	-0.1167	-0.1500
	(05) COLS	0.1133	0.1608	0.2295	0.1174	0.0781	0.1778	-0.0810	-0.1128	-0.1952
	(06) AIPW	0.2409	0.3747	0.5143	0.1382	0.1137	0.2826	-0.0726	-0.0321	-0.1420
Asym. A	(07) $h^1_{A,A}$	0.4056	0.4056	0.2952	0.3765	0.3765	0.3201	0.6730	0.6730	0.6730
	(08) $h^2_{A,A}$	0.3589	0.3589	0.2047	0.4331	0.4331	0.3786	0.5992	0.5992	0.5992
	(09) $h^3_{A,A}$	0.0772	0.0354	0.0098	0.2861	0.2861	0.0285	0.5342	0.5342	0.5095
Asym. B	(10) $h^1_{A,B}$	0.3513	0.3513	0.2439	0.2949	0.2949	0.2108	0.6162	0.6162	0.6162
	(11) $h^2_{A,B}$	0.4659	0.4659	0.4659	0.4444	0.4444	0.4444	0.6568	0.6568	0.6568
	(12) $h^3_{A,B}$	0.2172	0.2172	0.1851	0.4673	0.4673	0.4653	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Boot. N	(13) $h^1_{B,N}$	0.3488	0.3488	0.2496	0.2928	0.2928	0.2172	0.7104	0.7104	0.7104
	(14) $h^2_{B,N}$	0.4288	0.4288	0.3996	0.4236	0.4236	0.4236	0.6900	0.6900	0.6900
	(15) $h^3_{B,N}$	0.1456	0.1456	0.0864	0.3064	0.3064	0.2496	0.7860	0.7860	0.7860
Boot. S	(16) $h^1_{B,S}$	0.2400	0.2400	0.1836	0.1696	0.1696	0.1356	0.3852	0.3852	0.3852
	(17) $h^2_{B,S}$	0.2936	0.2936	0.2352	0.3208	0.3208	0.3000	0.5016	0.5016	0.5016
	(18) $h^3_{B,S}$	0.0928	0.0440	0.0216	0.3056	0.3056	0.1224	0.8304	0.8304	0.8304
Perm. N	(19) $h^1_{P,N}$	0.3968	0.3968	0.3420	0.4608	0.4608	0.4608	0.7836	0.7836	0.7836
	(20) $h^2_{P,N}$	0.3888	0.3888	0.3672	0.5340	0.5340	0.5340	0.6336	0.6336	0.6336
	(21) $h^3_{P,N}$	0.1320	0.0968	0.0552	0.5328	0.5328	0.4044	0.9228	0.9228	0.9228
Perm. S	(22) $h^1_{P,S}$	0.4408	0.4408	0.3888	0.5040	0.5040	0.5040	0.7644	0.7644	0.7644
	(23) $h^2_{P,S}$	0.3776	0.3776	0.2580	0.4968	0.4968	0.4968	0.6216	0.6216	0.6216
	(24) $h^3_{P,S}$	0.1932	0.1932	0.1932	0.4984	0.4984	0.3744	0.9348	0.9348	0.9348
WC-M N	(25) $h^1_{M,N}$	0.5969	0.5969	0.5250	0.6456	0.6456	0.6121	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(26) $h^2_{M,N}$	0.5839	0.5839	0.5174	0.7366	0.7366	0.7366	0.8503	0.8503	0.8503
	(27) $h^3_{M,N}$	0.2130	0.2108	0.1344	0.7150	0.7150	0.5568	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-M S	(28) $h^1_{M,S}$	0.6791	0.6791	0.5750	0.6623	0.6623	0.6623	0.9861	0.9861	0.9861
	(29) $h^2_{M,S}$	0.5712	0.5712	0.4181	0.7064	0.7064	0.7064	0.8503	0.8503	0.8503
	(30) $h^3_{M,S}$	0.3287	0.3287	0.3287	0.6772	0.6772	0.5063	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-R N	(31) $h^1_{R,N}$	0.5996	0.5996	0.5371	0.6539	0.6539	0.6159	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(32) $h^2_{R,N}$	0.5996	0.5996	0.5207	0.7482	0.7482	0.7482	0.8875	0.8875	0.8875
	(33) $h^3_{R,N}$	0.2143	0.2126	0.1369	0.7208	0.7208	0.5657	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-R S	(34) $h^1_{R,S}$	0.6973	0.6973	0.5777	0.6634	0.6634	0.6634	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(35) $h^2_{R,S}$	0.5826	0.5826	0.4233	0.7141	0.7141	0.7141	0.8875	0.8875	0.8875
	(36) $h^3_{R,S}$	0.3304	0.3304	0.3297	0.6886	0.6886	0.5323	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-D N	(37) $h^1_{D,N}$	0.6123	0.6123	0.5498	0.6778	0.6778	0.6704	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(38) $h^2_{D,N}$	0.7175	0.7175	0.5682	0.8061	0.8061	0.8061	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(39) $h^3_{D,N}$	0.2386	0.2293	0.1528	0.7514	0.7514	0.6657	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-D S	(40) $h^1_{D,S}$	0.7155	0.7155	0.5869	0.7193	0.7193	0.7193	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(41) $h^2_{D,S}$	0.6278	0.6278	0.4430	0.8679	0.8679	0.7635	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(42) $h^3_{D,S}$	0.3886	0.3886	0.3430	0.8253	0.8253	0.8253	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Perm. S	(43) $r^1_{D,S}$	0.2459	0.2459	0.1683	0.2543	0.2747	0.2091	0.3447	0.2835	0.2835
	(44) $r^2_{D,S}$	0.2339	0.2295	0.1331	0.3003	0.3187	0.2487	0.3263	0.2667	0.2439
	(45) $r^3_{D,S}$	0.1607	0.1140	0.0900	0.2927	0.2927	0.1687	0.4026	0.4170	0.4026

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-R S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 64: Stepdown Tests for Minimum Outcomes of Female Children of Male Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su./Arrested	Never Su./Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	28	23	29	24	23	19	24	20	22	18
	(02) Control	0.3333	0.3077	0.1250	0.1429	0.8462	0.8182	0.5714	0.5385	0.9167	0.9000
	(03) Treatment	0.0769	0.1000	0.0769	0.1000	0.7000	0.6250	0.6000	0.4286	0.9000	0.8750
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.2564	-0.2077	-0.0481	-0.0429	-0.1462	-0.1932	0.0286	-0.1099	-0.0167	-0.0250
	(05) COLS	-0.2412	-0.2760	-0.0462	-0.0715	-0.1250	-0.3203	0.0824	-0.0971	0.0605	-0.0331
	(06) AIPW	-0.1896	-0.2077	-0.0284	-0.0516	-0.0874	-0.2607	0.1911	0.0128	0.2231	0.1010
Asym. A	(07) $h^1_{A,A}$	0.0619	0.0862	0.6549	0.6549	0.3931	0.3931	0.6537	0.6537	0.8732	0.8732
	(08) $h^2_{A,A}$	0.0757	0.0757	0.5576	0.5576	0.2801	0.1964	0.7123	0.7123	0.6663	0.6663
	(09) $h^3_{A,A}$	0.0731	0.0731	0.5762	0.5762	0.2864	0.1311	0.2683	0.4760	0.0396	0.2234
Asym. B	(10) $h^1_{A,B}$	0.0811	0.1011	0.6596	0.6596	0.3580	0.3580	0.6381	0.6381	0.8701	0.8701
	(11) $h^2_{A,B}$	0.1284	0.1284	0.6289	0.6289	0.3077	0.2784	0.7371	0.7371	0.7255	0.7255
	(12) $h^3_{A,B}$	0.4792	0.4792	0.8415	0.8415	0.7699	0.7699	0.7750	0.7750	0.6483	0.6483
Boot. N	(13) $h^1_{B,N}$	0.0968	0.1020	0.7192	0.7192	0.3624	0.3624	0.6323	0.6323	1.0000	1.0000
	(14) $h^2_{B,N}$	0.1072	0.1072	0.6352	0.6352	0.2388	0.1496	0.6627	0.6627	0.8648	0.8648
	(15) $h^3_{B,N}$	0.3104	0.3104	0.8168	0.8168	0.3088	0.3088	0.6800	0.6800	0.6008	0.6008
Boot. S	(16) $h^1_{B,S}$	0.0264	0.0468	0.6040	0.6040	0.2544	0.2544	0.5442	0.5442	0.7680	0.7680
	(17) $h^2_{B,S}$	0.0368	0.0368	0.4504	0.4504	0.3144	0.3144	0.6008	0.6008	0.7864	0.7864
	(18) $h^3_{B,S}$	0.1728	0.1728	0.6400	0.6400	0.5616	0.5616	0.2632	0.3601	0.3216	0.4184
Perm. N	(19) $h^1_{P,N}$	0.1048	0.1256	0.7280	0.7280	0.4344	0.4344	0.6752	0.6752	1.0000	1.0000
	(20) $h^2_{P,N}$	0.1768	0.1768	0.6248	0.6248	0.2756	0.2168	0.7024	0.7024	0.5728	0.5728
	(21) $h^3_{P,N}$	0.3104	0.3104	0.7488	0.7488	0.4480	0.4480	0.4808	0.4808	0.0984	0.3520
Perm. S	(22) $h^1_{P,S}$	0.1024	0.1220	0.7280	0.7280	0.4792	0.4792	0.6472	0.6472	1.0000	1.0000
	(23) $h^2_{P,S}$	0.1400	0.1400	0.5952	0.5952	0.2952	0.2488	0.6840	0.6840	0.6664	0.6664
	(24) $h^3_{P,S}$	0.2680	0.2680	0.7336	0.7336	0.4720	0.4720	0.4472	0.4592	0.1632	0.4104
WC-M N	(25) $h^1_{M,N}$	0.2709	0.2709	1.0000	1.0000	0.5019	0.5019	0.7786	0.7786	1.0000	1.0000
	(26) $h^2_{M,N}$	0.3278	0.3278	1.0000	1.0000	0.3264	0.3264	0.9211	0.9211	0.7622	0.7622
	(27) $h^3_{M,N}$	0.6219	0.6219	1.0000	1.0000	0.7093	0.7093	0.7147	0.7147	0.1777	0.4150
WC-M S	(28) $h^1_{M,S}$	0.2702	0.2702	1.0000	1.0000	0.5372	0.5372	0.7432	0.7432	1.0000	1.0000
	(29) $h^2_{M,S}$	0.2714	0.2714	1.0000	1.0000	0.4130	0.4130	0.9093	0.9093	0.9116	0.9116
	(30) $h^3_{M,S}$	0.5663	0.5663	1.0000	1.0000	0.7225	0.7225	0.6745	0.6745	0.2700	0.4765
WC-R N	(31) $h^1_{R,N}$	0.2783	0.2783	1.0000	1.0000	0.5153	0.5153	0.7807	0.7807	1.0000	1.0000
	(32) $h^2_{R,N}$	0.3386	0.3386	1.0000	1.0000	0.3268	0.3268	0.9365	0.9365	0.7658	0.7658
	(33) $h^3_{R,N}$	0.6226	0.6226	1.0000	1.0000	0.7260	0.7260	0.7164	0.7164	0.2068	0.4282
WC-R S	(34) $h^1_{R,S}$	0.2765	0.2765	1.0000	1.0000	0.5449	0.5449	0.7485	0.7485	1.0000	1.0000
	(35) $h^2_{R,S}$	0.2729	0.2729	1.0000	1.0000	0.4147	0.4147	0.9250	0.9250	0.9440	0.9440
	(36) $h^3_{R,S}$	0.5687	0.5687	1.0000	1.0000	0.7269	0.7269	0.6777	0.6777	0.2716	0.4768
WC-D N	(37) $h^1_{D,N}$	0.3149	0.3149	1.0000	1.0000	0.6102	0.6102	0.8170	0.8170	1.0000	1.0000
	(38) $h^2_{D,N}$	0.3601	0.3601	1.0000	1.0000	0.3871	0.3871	1.0000	1.0000	0.8810	0.8810
	(39) $h^3_{D,N}$	0.7300	0.7300	1.0000	1.0000	0.8484	0.8484	0.8160	0.8160	0.3375	0.4751
WC-D S	(40) $h^1_{D,S}$	0.3151	0.3151	1.0000	1.0000	0.6153	0.6153	0.8212	0.8212	1.0000	1.0000
	(41) $h^2_{D,S}$	0.2926	0.2926	1.0000	1.0000	0.4303	0.4303	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(42) $h^3_{D,S}$	0.6169	0.6169	1.0000	1.0000	0.7362	0.7362	0.7262	0.7262	0.2754	0.5024
Perm. S	(43) $r^1_{D,S}$	0.0720	0.1220	0.3790	0.3814	0.2627	0.2611	0.6445	0.6445	0.5234	0.5234
	(44) $r^2_{D,S}$	0.0932	0.0932	0.3491	0.3355	0.2951	0.1535	0.7221	0.7221	0.7329	0.7329
	(45) $r^3_{D,S}$	0.2067	0.2067	0.4342	0.4254	0.3599	0.2751	0.3131	0.4590	0.1863	0.4102

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 64: Stepdown Tests for Minimum Outcomes of Female Children of Male Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Summary	(01) Obs.	23	19	24	20	28	25	32	30	31	29
	(02) Control	0.8462	0.8182	0.5714	0.5385	0.7333	0.5000	0.1875	0.3125	0.0000	0.0625
	(03) Treatment	0.7000	0.6250	0.6000	0.4286	0.5385	0.3846	0.5000	0.4286	0.2000	0.0000
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.1462	-0.1932	0.0286	-0.1099	-0.1949	-0.1154	0.3125	0.1161	0.2000	-0.0625
	(05) COLS	-0.1250	-0.3203	0.0824	-0.0971	-0.2037	-0.1273	0.3075	0.1341	0.2126	-0.0227
	(06) AIPW	-0.0874	-0.2607	0.1911	0.0128	-0.1706	0.1281	0.3051	0.1785	0.1543	-0.0207
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.3931	0.3931	0.6537	0.6537	0.1319	0.2897	0.0310	0.2758	0.0329	0.1618
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.2801	0.1964	0.7123	0.7123	0.1309	0.2979	0.0363	0.2589	0.0267	0.2255
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.2864	0.1311	0.2683	0.4760	0.1127	0.2317	0.0135	0.1356	0.0269	0.3035
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.3580	0.3580	0.6381	0.6381	0.1396	0.2825	0.0203	0.2505	0.0255	0.1612
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.3077	0.2784	0.7371	0.7371	0.1375	0.2959	0.0313	0.2423	0.0269	0.2738
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.7699	0.7699	0.7750	0.7750	0.3655	0.4991	0.1000	0.2932	0.0916	0.4025
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.3624	0.3624	0.6323	0.6323	0.1560	0.2732	0.0232	0.2484	0.0412	0.3520
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.2388	0.1496	0.6627	0.6627	0.1296	0.2392	0.0336	0.2460	0.0412	0.4752
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.3088	0.3088	0.6800	0.6800	0.2536	0.3704	0.0772	0.2372	0.0672	0.5116
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.2544	0.2544	0.5442	0.5442	0.0916	0.2364	0.0184	0.2156	0.0412	0.0056
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.3144	0.3144	0.6008	0.6008	0.0976	0.2940	0.0260	0.1972	0.0468	0.0548
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.5616	0.5616	0.2632	0.3601	0.1688	0.2160	0.0328	0.1736	0.0712	0.2004
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.4344	0.4344	0.6752	0.6752	0.1592	0.3236	0.0516	0.3240	0.0448	0.2992
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.2756	0.2168	0.7024	0.7024	0.1588	0.3100	0.0672	0.3144	0.0324	0.4624
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.4480	0.4480	0.4808	0.4808	0.2272	0.2816	0.0764	0.2688	0.0632	0.4492
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.4792	0.4792	0.6472	0.6472	0.1472	0.3236	0.0500	0.3116	0.0348	0.3924
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.2952	0.2488	0.6840	0.6840	0.1460	0.3160	0.0548	0.3032	0.0188	0.4428
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.4720	0.4720	0.4472	0.4592	0.1940	0.2836	0.0536	0.2620	0.0448	0.4116
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.5019	0.5019	0.7786	0.7786	0.1967	0.4788	0.0941	0.4084	0.1113	0.5359
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.3264	0.3264	0.9211	0.9211	0.2352	0.4111	0.0998	0.3728	0.0764	0.6707
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.7093	0.7093	0.7147	0.7147	0.3247	0.3979	0.1237	0.3321	0.1177	0.6115
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.5372	0.5372	0.7432	0.7432	0.1837	0.4788	0.0903	0.3907	0.0928	0.6312
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.4130	0.4130	0.9093	0.9093	0.2208	0.4111	0.0833	0.3730	0.0485	0.6478
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.7225	0.7225	0.6745	0.6745	0.2976	0.3990	0.1041	0.3131	0.1027	0.5682
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.5153	0.5153	0.7807	0.7807	0.1988	0.4793	0.0941	0.4122	0.1140	0.5367
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.3268	0.3268	0.9365	0.9365	0.2358	0.4131	0.1022	0.3729	0.0771	0.6717
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.7260	0.7260	0.7164	0.7164	0.3288	0.3998	0.1238	0.3329	0.1243	0.6171
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.5449	0.5449	0.7485	0.7485	0.1860	0.4793	0.0926	0.3928	0.0980	0.6336
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.4147	0.4147	0.9250	0.9250	0.2218	0.4179	0.0842	0.3746	0.0495	0.6522
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.7269	0.7269	0.6777	0.6777	0.2992	0.4021	0.1073	0.3144	0.1030	0.5740
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.6102	0.6102	0.8170	0.8170	0.2486	0.4879	0.1099	0.4324	0.1206	0.5780
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.3871	0.3871	1.0000	1.0000	0.2512	0.4510	0.1303	0.3731	0.1311	0.7330
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.8484	0.8484	0.8160	0.8160	0.3527	0.4652	0.1464	0.3400	0.1345	0.6710
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.6153	0.6153	0.8212	0.8212	0.1919	0.4879	0.1104	0.4166	0.1202	0.6783
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.4303	0.4303	1.0000	1.0000	0.2403	0.4293	0.0892	0.3784	0.0563	0.6743
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.7362	0.7362	0.7262	0.7262	0.3069	0.4217	0.1198	0.3209	0.1213	0.7440
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.2627	0.2611	0.6445	0.6445	0.1471	0.3235	0.0500	0.3115	0.0348	0.3922
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.2951	0.1535	0.7221	0.7221	0.1459	0.3159	0.0548	0.3031	0.0188	0.4426
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.3599	0.2751	0.3131	0.4590	0.1939	0.2835	0.0536	0.2619	0.0448	0.4114

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 65: Stepdown Tests for Minimum Outcomes of Pooled Children of Female Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -spended	Never Su -spended	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Summary	(01) Obs.	36	35	32	32	37	36	30	30	36	35
	(02) Control	0.1667	0.1667	0.5625	0.5625	0.1667	0.1667	0.6250	0.6250	0.1667	0.1667
	(03) Treatment	0.3889	0.4118	0.4375	0.5000	0.3684	0.3889	0.5000	0.5714	0.3889	0.4118
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.2222	0.2451	-0.1250	-0.0625	0.2018	0.2222	-0.1250	-0.0536	0.2222	0.2451
	(05) COLS	0.1102	0.1353	-0.2373	-0.1197	0.0964	0.1184	-0.2457	-0.0833	0.1102	0.1353
	(06) AIPW	0.0686	0.0762	-0.3238	-0.0988	0.0935	0.1016	-0.3391	-0.0891	0.0825	0.0902
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.0880	0.0880	0.4735	0.4735	0.1227	0.1227	0.4937	0.4937	0.0880	0.0880
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.3943	0.3943	0.1800	0.2790	0.4607	0.4607	0.2109	0.3521	0.3943	0.3943
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.5659	0.5659	0.0372	0.2663	0.4012	0.4012	0.0349	0.2922	0.4714	0.4714
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.0904	0.0904	0.4823	0.4823	0.1165	0.1165	0.4960	0.4960	0.0904	0.0904
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.4181	0.4181	0.1992	0.2755	0.4708	0.4708	0.2288	0.3502	0.4181	0.4181
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.6625	0.6625	0.1265	0.3122	0.4889	0.4889	0.2720	0.3406	0.5582	0.5582
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.0912	0.0912	0.4968	0.4968	0.1136	0.1136	0.5032	0.5032	0.0912	0.0912
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.3984	0.3984	0.1856	0.2712	0.4608	0.4608	0.2416	0.3532	0.3984	0.3984
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.4128	0.4128	0.2072	0.3128	0.3040	0.3040	0.2312	0.3340	0.3536	0.3536
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.0448	0.0448	0.3744	0.3744	0.0520	0.0520	0.3928	0.3928	0.0448	0.0448
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.3200	0.3200	0.1552	0.2268	0.3936	0.3936	0.1800	0.3000	0.3200	0.3200
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.6848	0.6848	0.0472	0.2528	0.5112	0.5112	0.0632	0.2904	0.5808	0.5808
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.1384	0.1384	0.4760	0.4760	0.1688	0.1688	0.4248	0.4248	0.1384	0.1384
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.4112	0.4112	0.1008	0.1796	0.4688	0.4688	0.1216	0.2552	0.4112	0.4112
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.6904	0.6904	0.0504	0.2236	0.5544	0.5544	0.0576	0.2576	0.6192	0.6192
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.1440	0.1440	0.4192	0.4192	0.1744	0.1744	0.3760	0.3760	0.1440	0.1440
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.4256	0.4256	0.0952	0.2016	0.5080	0.5080	0.1432	0.2708	0.4256	0.4256
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.6768	0.6768	0.0496	0.2192	0.5128	0.5128	0.0632	0.2584	0.5808	0.5808
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.2945	0.2945	0.9939	0.9939	0.3362	0.3362	0.9498	0.9498	0.2945	0.2945
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.5567	0.5567	0.3993	0.4143	0.6016	0.6016	0.4477	0.4853	0.5567	0.5567
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.8372	0.8372	0.2192	0.4903	0.7150	0.7150	0.2426	0.5073	0.7764	0.7764
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.2835	0.2835	0.9080	0.9080	0.3430	0.3430	0.9105	0.9105	0.2835	0.2835
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.5627	0.5627	0.4234	0.4338	0.6214	0.6214	0.5046	0.5081	0.5627	0.5627
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.8238	0.8238	0.2328	0.4932	0.6823	0.6823	0.2372	0.5089	0.7281	0.7281
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.3072	0.3072	1.0000	1.0000	0.3374	0.3374	0.9524	0.9524	0.3072	0.3072
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.5660	0.5660	0.4069	0.4218	0.6059	0.6059	0.4673	0.4855	0.5660	0.5660
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.8489	0.8489	0.2234	0.4924	0.7153	0.7153	0.2439	0.5086	0.7842	0.7842
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.2948	0.2948	0.9205	0.9205	0.3510	0.3510	0.9125	0.9125	0.2948	0.2948
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.5658	0.5658	0.4273	0.4375	0.6331	0.6331	0.5110	0.5131	0.5658	0.5658
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.8287	0.8287	0.2357	0.4966	0.6876	0.6876	0.2375	0.5109	0.7294	0.7294
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.3312	0.3312	1.0000	1.0000	0.3940	0.3940	0.9685	0.9685	0.3312	0.3312
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.6123	0.6123	0.4975	0.4975	0.6237	0.6237	0.5647	0.5647	0.6123	0.6123
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.8977	0.8977	0.2661	0.5570	0.7400	0.7400	0.2715	0.5137	0.8311	0.8311
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.3294	0.3294	0.9792	0.9792	0.3964	0.3964	0.9195	0.9195	0.3294	0.3294
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.6003	0.6003	0.4482	0.4723	0.6837	0.6837	0.5474	0.5519	0.6003	0.6003
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.8609	0.8609	0.2938	0.5286	0.7017	0.7017	0.2711	0.5611	0.7866	0.7866
Perm. S	(43) $t_{D,S}^1$	0.0916	0.0916	0.2475	0.3063	0.1136	0.1136	0.2391	0.3127	0.0916	0.0916
	(44) $t_{D,S}^2$	0.2631	0.2591	0.0744	0.2015	0.3019	0.3019	0.1032	0.2707	0.2631	0.2591
	(45) $t_{D,S}^3$	0.3938	0.3938	0.0368	0.2191	0.3139	0.3139	0.0468	0.2583	0.3475	0.3475

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 65: Stepdown Tests for Minimum Outcomes of Pooled Children of Female Participants

	Statistic	Attended College	Attended College	Attended College	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	36	35	32	38	38	36	38	38	36
	(02) Control	0.2778	0.2778	0.3125	0.2632	0.2632	0.2632	0.2105	0.2105	0.2105
	(03) Treatment	0.2222	0.2353	0.2500	0.1053	0.1579	0.1176	0.1053	0.1579	0.1176
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.0556	-0.0425	-0.0625	-0.1579	-0.1053	-0.1455	-0.1053	-0.0526	-0.0929
	(05) COLS	-0.1347	-0.1168	-0.1273	-0.1477	-0.0994	-0.1382	-0.0620	-0.0029	-0.0428
	(06) AIPW	-0.1482	-0.0482	-0.0601	-0.1504	-0.1054	-0.1414	-0.0687	-0.0203	-0.0560
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3810	0.3810	0.3810	0.6479	0.6479	0.6479
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.6483	0.6483	0.6483	0.3741	0.3741	0.3741	0.9136	0.9136	0.9136
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.4232	0.6837	0.6837	0.2694	0.2694	0.2694	0.7858	0.7858	0.7858
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3175	0.3175	0.3175	0.5733	0.5733	0.5733
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.6578	0.6578	0.6578	0.3536	0.3536	0.3536	0.9141	0.9141	0.9141
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.5751	0.7575	0.7575	0.4156	0.4156	0.4156	0.8808	0.8808	0.8808
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3156	0.3156	0.3156	0.5652	0.5652	0.5652
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.6264	0.6264	0.6264	0.3828	0.3828	0.3828	0.9744	0.9744	0.9744
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.7152	0.7672	0.7672	0.3636	0.3636	0.3636	0.8400	0.8400	0.8400
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.9036	0.9036	0.9036	0.1416	0.1640	0.1416	0.3696	0.3696	0.3696
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.4788	0.4788	0.4788	0.1344	0.1384	0.1344	0.7464	0.7464	0.7464
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.2868	0.6784	0.6784	0.2472	0.2472	0.2472	0.7056	0.7056	0.7056
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4344	0.4344	0.4344	0.6708	0.6708	0.6708
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.4572	0.4572	0.4572	0.4500	0.4500	0.4500	0.9624	0.9624	0.9624
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.4380	0.6688	0.6688	0.4548	0.4548	0.4548	0.9108	0.9108	0.9108
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.9768	0.9768	0.9768	0.4284	0.4284	0.4284	0.6528	0.6528	0.6528
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.5160	0.5160	0.5160	0.4332	0.4332	0.4332	0.9432	0.9432	0.9432
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.4344	0.6608	0.6608	0.4296	0.4296	0.4296	0.8688	0.8688	0.8688
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8927	0.8927	0.8927	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.7944	0.7944	0.7944	0.7014	0.7014	0.7014	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.7469	0.8903	0.8903	0.6978	0.6978	0.6978	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9181	0.9181	0.9181	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.9048	0.9048	0.9048	0.7253	0.7253	0.7253	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.7023	0.8591	0.8591	0.7687	0.7687	0.7687	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8975	0.8975	0.8975	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.8061	0.8061	0.8061	0.7083	0.7083	0.7083	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.7470	0.8984	0.8984	0.6983	0.6983	0.6983	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9185	0.9185	0.9185	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.9287	0.9287	0.9287	0.7376	0.7376	0.7376	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.7163	0.8767	0.8767	0.7739	0.7739	0.7739	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9310	0.9310	0.9310	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.9469	0.9469	0.9469	0.9278	0.9278	0.9278	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.7735	0.9498	0.9498	0.7044	0.7044	0.7044	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9205	0.9205	0.9205	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8018	0.8018	0.8018	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.8115	0.9199	0.9199	0.8018	0.8018	0.8018	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.4086	0.4086	0.4086	0.2103	0.2479	0.2107	0.3067	0.3423	0.3067
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.2419	0.2567	0.2567	0.2271	0.2479	0.2271	0.4398	0.4858	0.4398
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.2203	0.3595	0.3595	0.2275	0.2311	0.2275	0.4198	0.4286	0.4198

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 65: Stepdown Tests for Minimum Outcomes of Pooled Children of Female Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	38	38	36	38	38	36	30	29	30
	(02) Control	0.1579	0.1579	0.1579	0.0526	0.0526	0.0526	0.6250	0.6250	0.6250
	(03) Treatment	0.1053	0.1579	0.1176	0.0000	0.0526	0.0588	0.7143	0.6923	0.7143
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.0526	-0.0000	-0.0402	-0.0526	0.0000	0.0062	0.0893	0.0673	0.0893
	(05) COLS	-0.0305	0.0215	-0.0183	-0.0285	0.0160	0.0218	0.0338	-0.0318	-0.0090
	(06) AIPW	-0.0228	0.0254	-0.0096	-0.0281	0.0197	0.0274	0.0551	-0.0069	0.0370
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.9362	0.9362	0.9362	0.4391	0.9364	0.9364	0.8822	0.8822	0.8822
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.5518	0.6574	0.6574	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.5441	0.5875	0.5875	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.9589	0.9589	0.9589	0.3939	0.9331	0.9331	0.8934	0.8934	0.8934
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6524	0.6859	0.6859	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7018	0.7018	0.7018	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.9600	0.9600	0.9600	0.9816	1.0000	1.0000	0.9300	0.9300	0.9300
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.8088	0.8088	0.8088	0.0036	0.9160	0.9160	0.7308	0.7308	0.7308
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.0468	0.7144	0.7144	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2340	0.7104	0.7104	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.9060	0.9060	0.9060	0.4704	0.9576	0.9576	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.8844	0.8844	0.8844	0.4032	0.9576	0.9576	0.9552	0.9552	0.9552
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8712	0.8712	0.8712	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9012	0.9012	0.9012	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9719	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8576	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9731	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8592	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9527	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.4354	0.4526	0.4354	0.3587	0.5366	0.4970	0.3599	0.3758	0.3599
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.8876	0.8876	0.8876	0.6793	0.6793	0.6793	0.8996	0.8996	0.8996
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.9188	0.9188	0.9188	0.5434	0.5434	0.5434	0.8221	0.8261	0.8261

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 65: Stepdown Tests for Minimum Outcomes of Pooled Children of Female Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	38	38	38	38	34	32	35	34	30	27
	(02) Control	0.0526	0.0526	0.0000	0.0000	0.3529	0.3125	0.1667	0.1667	0.7500	0.7857
	(03) Treatment	0.0526	0.0526	0.0000	0.0000	0.2941	0.2500	0.2941	0.2500	0.6429	0.6154
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0588	-0.0625	0.1275	0.0833	-0.1071	-0.1703
	(05) COLS	-0.0575	-0.0575	0.0000	0.0000	-0.2139	-0.2382	0.0427	-0.0007	0.0100	-0.1063
	(06) AIPW	-0.0453	-0.0460	0.0000	0.0000	-0.2375	-0.2350	-0.0136	-0.0311	-0.0847	-0.1951
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6961	0.6961	0.3780	0.3780	0.3272	0.3272
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.4783	0.4783	1.0000	1.0000	0.1407	0.1407	0.7822	0.7822	0.6617	0.6617
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.4227	0.4227	1.0000	1.0000	0.0832	0.0832	0.7899	0.7899	0.3016	0.2584
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6976	0.6976	0.3505	0.3505	0.3381	0.3381
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.4880	0.4880	1.0000	1.0000	0.1599	0.1599	0.7843	0.7843	0.6680	0.6680
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.5438	0.5438	1.0000	1.0000	0.2063	0.2063	0.8310	0.8310	0.6849	0.6849
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6992	0.6992	0.3480	0.3480	0.3552	0.3552
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.6440	0.6440	1.0000	1.0000	0.1472	0.1472	0.7640	0.7640	0.6344	0.6344
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.8480	0.8480	1.0000	1.0000	0.2968	0.2968	0.8544	0.8544	0.4376	0.4376
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6056	0.6056	0.2208	0.2208	0.2344	0.2344
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.2400	0.2400	1.0000	1.0000	0.1072	0.1072	0.7136	0.7136	0.6328	0.6328
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.3016	0.3016	1.0000	1.0000	0.0776	0.0776	0.6296	0.6296	0.3128	0.3128
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.8872	0.8872	1.0000	1.0000	0.6360	0.6360	0.4384	0.4384	0.3552	0.3552
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.5048	0.5048	1.0000	1.0000	0.1040	0.1040	0.8536	0.8536	0.5576	0.5576
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.5752	0.5752	1.0000	1.0000	0.1112	0.1112	0.7904	0.7904	0.3192	0.3192
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.8872	0.8872	1.0000	1.0000	0.5856	0.5856	0.4376	0.4376	0.3176	0.3176
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.5328	0.5328	1.0000	1.0000	0.1112	0.1112	0.8472	0.8472	0.6464	0.6464
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.5464	0.5464	1.0000	1.0000	0.1040	0.1040	0.7592	0.7592	0.3576	0.3576
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8450	0.8450	0.6441	0.6441	0.6368	0.6368
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.6716	0.6716	1.0000	1.0000	0.2626	0.2626	1.0000	1.0000	0.7444	0.7444
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.7199	0.7199	1.0000	1.0000	0.2728	0.2728	1.0000	1.0000	0.5029	0.5029
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7950	0.7950	0.6432	0.6432	0.5771	0.5771
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.6882	0.6882	1.0000	1.0000	0.2703	0.2703	0.9909	0.9909	0.8342	0.8342
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.7081	0.7081	1.0000	1.0000	0.2537	0.2537	1.0000	1.0000	0.5406	0.5406
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8553	0.8553	0.6562	0.6562	0.6442	0.6442
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.6942	0.6942	1.0000	1.0000	0.2663	0.2663	1.0000	1.0000	0.7638	0.7638
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.7216	0.7216	1.0000	1.0000	0.2769	0.2769	1.0000	1.0000	0.5111	0.5111
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8104	0.8104	0.6562	0.6562	0.5782	0.5782
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.6965	0.6965	1.0000	1.0000	0.2862	0.2862	0.9917	0.9917	0.8344	0.8344
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.7100	0.7100	1.0000	1.0000	0.2550	0.2550	1.0000	1.0000	0.5453	0.5453
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8689	0.8689	0.6963	0.6963	0.8773	0.8773
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.6942	0.6942	1.0000	1.0000	0.3246	0.3246	1.0000	1.0000	0.8557	0.8557
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.7719	0.7719	1.0000	1.0000	0.3508	0.3508	1.0000	1.0000	0.5693	0.5693
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8383	0.8383	0.6628	0.6628	0.6388	0.6388
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.9286	0.9286	1.0000	1.0000	0.3395	0.3395	1.0000	1.0000	0.8989	0.8989
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.8445	0.8445	1.0000	1.0000	0.2875	0.2875	1.0000	1.0000	0.7509	0.7509
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.5778	0.5778	1.0000	1.0000	0.3291	0.3291	0.2615	0.3187	0.2347	0.1843
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.2663	0.2663	1.0000	1.0000	0.0700	0.0700	0.7981	0.7981	0.6821	0.6821
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.2775	0.2743	1.0000	1.0000	0.0796	0.0796	0.4262	0.4262	0.3011	0.2047

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 65: Stepdown Tests for Minimum Outcomes of Pooled Children of Female Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Summary	(01) Obs.	34	32	35	34	33	32	39	34	37	33
	(02) Control	0.3529	0.3125	0.1667	0.1667	0.5625	0.2500	0.1579	0.1765	0.0556	0.0588
	(03) Treatment	0.2353	0.1875	0.2353	0.1875	0.4118	0.2500	0.1500	0.2353	0.0526	0.1875
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.1176	-0.1250	0.0686	0.0208	-0.1507	0.0000	-0.0079	0.0588	-0.0029	0.1287
	(05) COLS	-0.2718	-0.3003	-0.0149	-0.0616	-0.1533	-0.1146	-0.1442	-0.0025	-0.0369	0.1340
	(06) AIPW	-0.2771	-0.2761	-0.0530	-0.0728	-0.1167	-0.1473	-0.1483	0.0052	-0.0425	0.1313
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.4101	0.4101	0.6180	0.6180	0.2023	0.5000	0.4733	0.3445	0.4849	0.1402
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.0486	0.0486	0.6476	0.6476	0.2079	0.2403	0.1289	0.4948	0.3740	0.2019
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.0320	0.0320	0.5054	0.5054	0.2520	0.1187	0.0825	0.4869	0.3169	0.1652
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.3903	0.3903	0.5846	0.5846	0.1814	0.5000	0.4720	0.3251	0.4844	0.1192
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.0522	0.0522	0.6629	0.6629	0.2155	0.2250	0.1397	0.4943	0.3743	0.1883
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.1145	0.1145	0.5767	0.5767	0.2978	0.1743	0.1385	0.4881	0.3479	0.1908
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.4032	0.4032	0.5744	0.5744	0.1792	0.4964	0.4764	0.3280	0.5388	0.1300
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.0416	0.0368	0.6152	0.6152	0.2100	0.2092	0.1344	0.4748	0.4368	0.2064
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.1672	0.1672	0.7000	0.7000	0.2188	0.1748	0.1756	0.4684	0.4572	0.2184
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.2776	0.2776	0.4840	0.4840	0.1400	0.4964	0.4524	0.2752	0.4328	0.0468
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.0416	0.0416	0.5792	0.5792	0.1608	0.1988	0.1008	0.4864	0.3620	0.1508
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.0424	0.0424	0.3464	0.3464	0.2900	0.0852	0.0684	0.4444	0.3220	0.1724
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.3968	0.3968	0.7368	0.7368	0.2212	0.5240	0.5008	0.3356	0.4376	0.1696
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.0464	0.0464	0.6112	0.6112	0.2016	0.2768	0.1020	0.4872	0.2780	0.1764
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.0672	0.0672	0.5880	0.5880	0.2684	0.2116	0.1056	0.4664	0.2804	0.1740
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.3712	0.3712	0.7336	0.7336	0.1964	0.5240	0.4684	0.3356	0.4008	0.1680
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.0592	0.0592	0.6008	0.6008	0.1992	0.2728	0.1372	0.4860	0.3020	0.2380
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.0640	0.0640	0.5280	0.5280	0.2664	0.1704	0.1192	0.4676	0.2876	0.2332
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.5992	0.5992	0.9649	0.9649	0.3530	0.6560	0.5408	0.5138	0.5150	0.2440
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.1451	0.1451	0.8610	0.8610	0.2972	0.3346	0.2010	0.5900	0.3637	0.2280
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.1777	0.1777	0.8080	0.8080	0.3804	0.2750	0.1843	0.5590	0.3589	0.2456
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.5502	0.5502	0.9496	0.9496	0.3283	0.6560	0.5133	0.5138	0.4705	0.2410
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.1377	0.1377	0.8718	0.8718	0.2939	0.3261	0.2253	0.5900	0.3900	0.2850
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.1736	0.1736	0.7245	0.7245	0.3752	0.2410	0.2039	0.5590	0.3712	0.2813
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.6249	0.6249	0.9718	0.9718	0.3548	0.6692	0.5448	0.5152	0.5186	0.2451
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.1451	0.1451	0.8679	0.8679	0.2989	0.3426	0.2047	0.5958	0.3728	0.2385
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.1820	0.1820	0.8311	0.8311	0.3922	0.2753	0.1849	0.5635	0.3592	0.2473
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.5680	0.5680	0.9554	0.9554	0.3313	0.6692	0.5205	0.5152	0.4771	0.2447
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.1407	0.1407	0.8736	0.8736	0.2983	0.3361	0.2302	0.5958	0.4086	0.2938
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.1784	0.1784	0.7429	0.7429	0.3821	0.2473	0.2140	0.5635	0.3716	0.2827
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.7057	0.7057	1.0000	1.0000	0.4292	0.6996	0.6023	0.5160	0.5540	0.2897
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.1725	0.1725	1.0000	1.0000	0.3129	0.4435	0.2222	0.6082	0.4546	0.2947
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.2181	0.2181	1.0000	1.0000	0.4254	0.2836	0.2108	0.5826	0.3959	0.2666
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.6131	0.6131	1.0000	1.0000	0.3570	0.6996	0.5315	0.5160	0.4858	0.3107
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.2220	0.2220	1.0000	1.0000	0.3176	0.3710	0.2762	0.6085	0.5739	0.3694
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.1955	0.1955	0.8502	0.8502	0.4336	0.2822	0.2541	0.5826	0.4217	0.3094
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.2231	0.2231	0.4078	0.4746	0.1963	0.5238	0.4682	0.3355	0.4006	0.1679
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.0360	0.0360	0.4202	0.3567	0.1991	0.2727	0.1371	0.5146	0.3019	0.2379
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.0512	0.0512	0.3239	0.3099	0.2663	0.1703	0.1192	0.4674	0.2875	0.2331

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 66: Stepdown Tests for Minimum Outcomes of Male Children of Female Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -spended	Never Su -spended	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Summary	(01) Obs.	26	25	23	22	26	25	22	21	26	25
	(02) Control	0.0769	0.0769	0.4167	0.4167	0.0769	0.0769	0.5000	0.5000	0.0769	0.0769
	(03) Treatment	0.3077	0.2500	0.3636	0.3000	0.3077	0.2500	0.4000	0.3333	0.3077	0.2500
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.2308	0.1731	-0.0530	-0.1167	0.2308	0.1731	-0.1000	-0.1667	0.2308	0.1731
	(05) COLS	0.1685	0.1245	-0.0234	-0.0637	0.1685	0.1245	0.0003	-0.0417	0.1685	0.1245
	(06) AIPW	0.1370	0.1027	0.0116	-0.0584	0.1354	0.1010	-0.0115	-0.0800	0.1359	0.1016
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.1336	0.1336	0.5839	0.5839	0.1336	0.1336	0.4575	0.4575	0.1336	0.1336
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.3111	0.3111	0.7849	0.7849	0.3111	0.3111	0.8699	0.8699	0.3111	0.3111
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.3053	0.3053	0.7226	0.7226	0.3145	0.3145	0.6614	0.6614	0.3127	0.3127
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.1258	0.1258	0.5690	0.5690	0.1258	0.1258	0.4466	0.4466	0.1258	0.1258
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.3253	0.3253	0.7965	0.7965	0.3253	0.3253	0.8774	0.8774	0.3253	0.3253
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.6050	0.6050	0.8760	0.8760	0.6104	0.6104	0.9184	0.9184	0.6088	0.6088
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.1240	0.1240	0.5632	0.5632	0.1240	0.1240	0.4688	0.4688	0.1240	0.1240
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.3000	0.3000	0.7672	0.7672	0.3000	0.3000	0.9016	0.9016	0.3000	0.3000
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.3160	0.3160	0.8648	0.8648	0.3256	0.3256	0.8416	0.8416	0.3224	0.3224
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.0536	0.0688	0.4920	0.4920	0.0536	0.0688	0.3672	0.3672	0.0536	0.0688
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.2160	0.2160	0.7184	0.7184	0.2160	0.2160	0.7904	0.7904	0.2160	0.2160
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.5040	0.5040	0.7440	0.7440	0.5240	0.5240	0.6816	0.6816	0.5184	0.5184
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.2184	0.2184	0.5568	0.5568	0.2184	0.2184	0.4304	0.4304	0.2184	0.2184
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.4080	0.4080	0.6560	0.6560	0.4080	0.4080	0.7552	0.7552	0.4080	0.4080
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.5288	0.5288	0.6728	0.6728	0.5408	0.5408	0.6424	0.6424	0.5384	0.5384
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.2136	0.2136	0.5560	0.5560	0.2136	0.2136	0.4304	0.4304	0.2136	0.2136
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.3824	0.3824	0.6640	0.6640	0.3824	0.3824	0.7592	0.7592	0.3824	0.3824
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.5088	0.5088	0.6552	0.6552	0.5248	0.5248	0.6344	0.6344	0.5208	0.5208
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.3160	0.3160	0.8798	0.8798	0.3160	0.3160	0.8074	0.8074	0.3160	0.3160
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.4335	0.4335	1.0000	1.0000	0.4335	0.4335	1.0000	1.0000	0.4335	0.4335
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.5397	0.5397	1.0000	1.0000	0.5490	0.5490	1.0000	1.0000	0.5479	0.5479
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.3091	0.3091	0.8798	0.8798	0.3091	0.3091	0.8074	0.8074	0.3091	0.3091
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.4342	0.4342	1.0000	1.0000	0.4342	0.4342	1.0000	1.0000	0.4342	0.4342
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.5551	0.5551	1.0000	1.0000	0.5568	0.5568	1.0000	1.0000	0.5568	0.5568
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.3366	0.3366	0.8831	0.8831	0.3366	0.3366	0.8127	0.8127	0.3366	0.3366
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.4512	0.4512	1.0000	1.0000	0.4512	0.4512	1.0000	1.0000	0.4512	0.4512
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.5423	0.5423	1.0000	1.0000	0.5498	0.5498	1.0000	1.0000	0.5523	0.5523
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.3297	0.3297	0.8831	0.8831	0.3297	0.3297	0.8127	0.8127	0.3297	0.3297
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.4419	0.4419	1.0000	1.0000	0.4419	0.4419	1.0000	1.0000	0.4419	0.4419
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.5600	0.5600	1.0000	1.0000	0.5724	0.5724	1.0000	1.0000	0.5585	0.5585
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.4666	0.4666	0.8858	0.8858	0.4666	0.4666	0.8417	0.8417	0.4666	0.4666
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.5462	0.5462	1.0000	1.0000	0.5462	0.5462	1.0000	1.0000	0.5462	0.5462
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.6082	0.6082	1.0000	1.0000	0.6112	0.6112	1.0000	1.0000	0.6805	0.6805
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.5339	0.5339	0.8858	0.8858	0.5339	0.5339	0.8417	0.8417	0.5339	0.5339
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.4990	0.4990	1.0000	1.0000	0.4990	0.4990	1.0000	1.0000	0.4990	0.4990
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.7564	0.7564	1.0000	1.0000	0.6552	0.6552	1.0000	1.0000	0.6027	0.6027
Perm. S	(43) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.1255	0.1827	0.3766	0.3095	0.1255	0.1827	0.2999	0.2483	0.1255	0.1827
	(44) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.2327	0.2671	0.3850	0.3571	0.2327	0.2671	0.8780	0.8780	0.2327	0.2671
	(45) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.3059	0.3279	0.7869	0.7869	0.3159	0.3411	0.4094	0.3375	0.3123	0.3383

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 66: Stepdown Tests for Minimum Outcomes of Male Children of Female Participants

	Statistic	Attended College	Attended College	Attended College	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	26	25	23	25	24	22	25	24	22
	(02) Control	0.2143	0.2143	0.2308	0.3571	0.3571	0.3846	0.2857	0.2857	0.3077
	(03) Treatment	0.2500	0.1818	0.2000	0.3636	0.4000	0.3333	0.2727	0.3000	0.2222
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0357	-0.0325	-0.0308	0.0065	0.0429	-0.0513	-0.0130	0.0143	-0.0855
	(05) COLS	0.0205	-0.0244	0.0007	-0.0450	0.0027	-0.1266	0.0190	0.0616	-0.0414
	(06) AIPW	0.0677	-0.0161	0.0510	-0.0748	-0.0239	-0.1574	-0.0241	0.0171	-0.0840
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9986	0.9986	0.9986
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9548	0.9548	0.9548	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.9498	0.9498	0.9498	0.6925	0.6925	0.6126	0.9493	0.9493	0.9493
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9919	0.9919	0.9919
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9932	0.9932	0.9932	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9996	0.9996	0.9996
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9840	0.9840	0.9840	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9112	0.9112	0.9108
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7524	0.7524	0.7524	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6672	0.6672	0.6672	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9252	0.9252	0.9252	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8364	0.8364	0.8364	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9636	0.9636	0.9636	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8280	0.8280	0.8280	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.8693	0.8693	0.8693	0.8844	0.8844	0.8844	0.9496	0.9496	0.7149
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.9496	0.9496	0.9496	0.8645	0.8645	0.7045	0.8565	0.8365	0.8565
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.7709	0.7949	0.7949	0.4022	0.4518	0.3263	0.9168	0.9168	0.7805

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 66: Stepdown Tests for Minimum Outcomes of Male Children of Female Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	25	24	22	26	25	23	21	20	20
	(02) Control	0.2143	0.2143	0.2308	0.0714	0.0714	0.0769	0.5833	0.5833	0.6364
	(03) Treatment	0.2727	0.3000	0.2222	0.1667	0.1818	0.2000	0.6667	0.6250	0.6667
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0584	0.0857	-0.0085	0.0952	0.1104	0.1231	0.0833	0.0417	0.0303
	(05) COLS	0.0457	0.0895	-0.0069	0.0520	0.0802	0.1000	0.1294	0.1003	0.0399
	(06) AIPW	0.0448	0.0860	-0.0028	0.0716	0.0902	0.1237	0.1333	0.0503	0.1010
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.9774	0.9774	0.9774	0.6332	0.6332	0.6332	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8955	0.8955	0.8955	0.9493	0.9493	0.9493
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.9166	0.9166	0.9166	0.5775	0.5775	0.5775	0.7715	0.7715	0.7715
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.9656	0.9656	0.9656	0.6199	0.6199	0.6199	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9203	0.9203	0.9203	0.9855	0.9855	0.9855
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9188	0.9188	0.9188	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.9300	0.9300	0.9300	0.6408	0.6408	0.6408	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.9420	0.9420	0.9420	0.9072	0.9072	0.9072	0.9072	0.9072	0.9072
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.9132	0.9132	0.9132	0.7680	0.7680	0.7680	0.7512	0.7512	0.7512
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.8556	0.8556	0.8556	0.5004	0.5004	0.5004	0.9936	0.9936	0.9936
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.9588	0.9588	0.9588	0.9504	0.9504	0.9504	0.9120	0.9120	0.9120
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9156	0.9156	0.9156	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7068	0.7068	0.7068	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9084	0.9084	0.9084	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7548	0.7548	0.7548	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7068	0.7068	0.7068	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8040	0.8040	0.8040	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9977	0.9977	0.9977	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8684	0.8684	0.8684	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9056	0.9056	0.9056	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8965	0.8965	0.8965	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9253	0.9253	0.9253	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9671	0.9671	0.9671	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.7709	0.7245	0.7709	0.2707	0.2443	0.2443	0.4678	0.5230	0.5230
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.8261	0.7289	0.8261	0.4014	0.3739	0.3675	0.4038	0.4410	0.4662
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.8177	0.7305	0.8177	0.3451	0.3351	0.3011	0.4126	0.4602	0.4346

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 66: Stepdown Tests for Minimum Outcomes of Male Children of Female Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	26	25	26	25	25	23	25	23	21	20
	(02) Control	0.0714	0.0769	0.0714	0.0769	0.1538	0.1667	0.0769	0.0833	0.7500	0.8182
	(03) Treatment	0.0833	0.0833	0.0833	0.0833	0.2500	0.1818	0.2500	0.1818	0.5556	0.5556
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0119	0.0064	0.0119	0.0064	0.0962	0.0152	0.1731	0.0985	-0.1944	-0.2626
	(05) COLS	-0.0248	-0.0210	-0.0248	-0.0210	0.0243	-0.0436	0.1245	0.0570	-0.0491	-0.1552
	(06) AIPW	-0.0129	0.0052	-0.0129	0.0052	0.0243	-0.0124	0.1069	0.0451	-0.1986	-0.2430
Asym. A	(07) $h^1_{A,A}$	0.9136	0.9136	0.9136	0.9136	0.5646	0.5646	0.2530	0.2530	0.2183	0.2183
	(08) $h^2_{A,A}$	0.8327	0.8327	0.8327	0.8327	0.8027	0.8027	0.4517	0.4517	0.5743	0.5743
	(09) $h^3_{A,A}$	0.8862	0.8862	0.8862	0.8862	0.8631	0.8631	0.4278	0.4278	0.1984	0.1984
Asym. B	(10) $h^1_{A,B}$	0.9063	0.9063	0.9063	0.9063	0.5596	0.5596	0.2447	0.2447	0.2135	0.2135
	(11) $h^2_{A,B}$	0.8324	0.8324	0.8324	0.8324	0.8217	0.8217	0.4685	0.4685	0.5984	0.5984
	(12) $h^3_{A,B}$	0.9711	0.9711	0.9711	0.9711	0.9314	0.9314	0.6982	0.6982	0.9705	0.9705
Boot. N	(13) $h^1_{B,N}$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.5552	0.5552	0.2400	0.2636	0.2280	0.2280
	(14) $h^2_{B,N}$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8088	0.8088	0.4472	0.4472	0.6184	0.6184
	(15) $h^3_{B,N}$	0.9600	0.9600	0.9600	0.9600	0.7320	0.7320	0.4576	0.4576	0.5712	0.5712
Boot. S	(16) $h^1_{B,S}$	0.9048	0.9048	0.9048	0.9048	0.4912	0.4912	0.1376	0.2196	0.1520	0.1520
	(17) $h^2_{B,S}$	0.7528	0.7528	0.7528	0.7528	0.7912	0.7912	0.4192	0.4192	0.4504	0.4504
	(18) $h^3_{B,S}$	0.7072	0.7072	0.7072	0.7072	0.8592	0.8592	0.6440	0.6440	0.2616	0.2616
Perm. N	(19) $h^1_{P,N}$	0.9896	0.9896	0.9896	0.9896	0.7240	0.7240	0.3728	0.3728	0.2808	0.2808
	(20) $h^2_{P,N}$	0.7736	0.7736	0.7736	0.7736	0.6984	0.6984	0.5488	0.5488	0.5448	0.5448
	(21) $h^3_{P,N}$	0.8936	0.8936	0.8936	0.8936	0.8256	0.8256	0.6520	0.6520	0.3304	0.3304
Perm. S	(22) $h^1_{P,S}$	0.9896	0.9896	0.9896	0.9896	0.7240	0.7240	0.3656	0.3656	0.2552	0.2552
	(23) $h^2_{P,S}$	0.7816	0.7816	0.7816	0.7816	0.6976	0.6976	0.5344	0.5344	0.5856	0.5856
	(24) $h^3_{P,S}$	0.8976	0.8976	0.8976	0.8976	0.8272	0.8272	0.6512	0.6512	0.3384	0.3384
WC-M N	(25) $h^1_{M,N}$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9080	0.9080	0.4880	0.4880	0.5163	0.5163
	(26) $h^2_{M,N}$	0.9675	0.9675	0.9675	0.9675	0.9627	0.9627	0.5919	0.5919	0.7331	0.7331
	(27) $h^3_{M,N}$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7122	0.7122	0.4833	0.4833
WC-M S	(28) $h^1_{M,S}$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9080	0.9080	0.4807	0.4807	0.4886	0.4886
	(29) $h^2_{M,S}$	0.9730	0.9730	0.9730	0.9730	0.9724	0.9724	0.5877	0.5877	0.7582	0.7582
	(30) $h^3_{M,S}$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7234	0.7234	0.5009	0.5009
WC-R N	(31) $h^1_{R,N}$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9170	0.9170	0.4975	0.4975	0.5264	0.5264
	(32) $h^2_{R,N}$	0.9802	0.9802	0.9802	0.9802	0.9655	0.9655	0.6025	0.6025	0.7376	0.7376
	(33) $h^3_{R,N}$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7181	0.7181	0.4916	0.4916
WC-R S	(34) $h^1_{R,S}$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9170	0.9170	0.4917	0.4917	0.4931	0.4931
	(35) $h^2_{R,S}$	0.9938	0.9938	0.9938	0.9938	0.9805	0.9805	0.5912	0.5912	0.7725	0.7725
	(36) $h^3_{R,S}$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7346	0.7346	0.5133	0.5133
WC-D N	(37) $h^1_{D,N}$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9874	0.9874	0.5956	0.5956	0.5559	0.5559
	(38) $h^2_{D,N}$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6168	0.6168	0.7703	0.7703
	(39) $h^3_{D,N}$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8323	0.8323	0.5589	0.5589
WC-D S	(40) $h^1_{D,S}$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9874	0.9874	0.5339	0.5339	0.6329	0.6329
	(41) $h^2_{D,S}$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6132	0.6132	0.8194	0.8194
	(42) $h^3_{D,S}$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8332	0.8332	0.5656	0.5656
Perm. S	(43) $r^1_{D,S}$	0.4946	0.5378	0.4946	0.5378	0.4118	0.5358	0.2123	0.3279	0.2099	0.1535
	(44) $r^2_{D,S}$	0.3970	0.4038	0.3970	0.4038	0.8193	0.8193	0.3467	0.4234	0.4098	0.3355
	(45) $r^3_{D,S}$	0.9204	0.9204	0.9204	0.9204	0.8709	0.8709	0.4154	0.4466	0.1987	0.1987

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 66: Stepdown Tests for Minimum Outcomes of Male Children of Female Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Summary	(01) Obs.	25	23	25	23	20	23	27	27	26	25
	(02) Control	0.1538	0.1667	0.0769	0.0833	0.8000	0.2727	0.2143	0.2143	0.0714	0.0714
	(03) Treatment	0.2500	0.1818	0.2500	0.1818	0.6000	0.3333	0.3846	0.3077	0.2500	0.1818
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0962	0.0152	0.1731	0.0985	−0.2000	0.0606	0.1703	0.0934	0.1786	0.1104
	(05) COLS	0.0243	−0.0436	0.1245	0.0570	−0.1548	0.0252	0.0321	0.0345	0.1166	0.1390
	(06) AIPW	0.0243	−0.0124	0.1069	0.0451	−0.0844	0.0314	−0.0316	0.1210	0.0779	0.2317
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.5646	0.5646	0.2530	0.2530	0.1714	0.3810	0.1729	0.2969	0.1146	0.2167
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.8027	0.8027	0.4517	0.4517	0.2574	0.4519	0.4278	0.4434	0.2470	0.2459
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.8631	0.8631	0.4278	0.4278	0.3172	0.4280	0.4221	0.2470	0.3036	0.0735
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.5596	0.5596	0.2447	0.2447	0.1553	0.3788	0.1641	0.2821	0.1074	0.2037
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.8217	0.8217	0.4685	0.4685	0.2733	0.4545	0.4321	0.4422	0.2585	0.2473
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.9314	0.9314	0.6982	0.6982	0.4512	0.4859	0.4777	0.4273	0.3818	0.1728
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.5552	0.5552	0.2400	0.2636	0.1608	0.3996	0.1680	0.2912	0.1136	0.2192
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.8088	0.8088	0.4472	0.4472	0.2452	0.4340	0.4640	0.4504	0.2656	0.2892
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.7320	0.7320	0.4576	0.4576	0.3460	0.3964	0.4692	0.3792	0.2816	0.2428
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.4912	0.4912	0.1376	0.2196	0.1188	0.3360	0.1172	0.2280	0.0468	0.1452
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.7912	0.7912	0.4192	0.4192	0.2284	0.4660	0.3736	0.4080	0.2276	0.2400
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.8592	0.8592	0.6440	0.6440	0.3872	0.4776	0.3220	0.2056	0.3792	0.1088
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.7240	0.7240	0.3728	0.3728	0.1984	0.3864	0.1812	0.2916	0.1484	0.2364
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.6984	0.6984	0.5488	0.5488	0.2732	0.4504	0.4456	0.3936	0.2768	0.1864
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.8256	0.8256	0.6520	0.6520	0.3852	0.4304	0.4148	0.2348	0.3572	0.1004
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.7240	0.7240	0.3656	0.3656	0.1976	0.3864	0.1804	0.2908	0.1464	0.2364
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.6976	0.6976	0.5344	0.5344	0.2692	0.4500	0.4448	0.4080	0.2860	0.2748
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.8272	0.8272	0.6512	0.6512	0.3668	0.4272	0.4184	0.2520	0.3764	0.1568
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.9080	0.9080	0.4880	0.4880	0.2817	0.5455	0.3481	0.4742	0.2383	0.3210
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.9627	0.9627	0.5919	0.5919	0.3588	0.5632	0.4892	0.5202	0.3085	0.2794
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	0.7122	0.7122	0.5001	0.5512	0.5635	0.4139	0.4095	0.1766
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.9080	0.9080	0.4807	0.4807	0.2817	0.5455	0.3461	0.4742	0.2373	0.3210
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.9724	0.9724	0.5877	0.5877	0.3593	0.5575	0.4914	0.5302	0.3199	0.3626
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	0.7234	0.7234	0.4795	0.5477	0.5699	0.4152	0.4191	0.2477
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.9170	0.9170	0.4975	0.4975	0.2856	0.5497	0.3566	0.4802	0.2393	0.3318
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.9655	0.9655	0.6025	0.6025	0.3666	0.5691	0.5084	0.5275	0.3208	0.2911
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	0.7181	0.7181	0.5029	0.5529	0.5663	0.4158	0.4120	0.1825
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.9170	0.9170	0.4917	0.4917	0.2874	0.5497	0.3541	0.4802	0.2432	0.3318
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.9805	0.9805	0.5912	0.5912	0.3672	0.5601	0.4991	0.5331	0.3244	0.3658
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	0.7346	0.7346	0.4859	0.5503	0.5748	0.4196	0.4192	0.2513
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.9874	0.9874	0.5956	0.5956	0.3646	0.5766	0.3974	0.5131	0.2872	0.4098
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	0.6168	0.6168	0.4121	0.6036	0.6266	0.5662	0.3643	0.3544
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	0.8323	0.8323	0.5073	0.5738	0.5773	0.4175	0.4872	0.2471
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.9874	0.9874	0.5339	0.5339	0.3793	0.5766	0.3736	0.5133	0.2751	0.4098
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	0.6132	0.6132	0.3975	0.6145	0.5974	0.5579	0.3522	0.5010
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	0.8332	0.8332	0.4960	0.5659	0.5845	0.4340	0.4418	0.3671
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.4118	0.5358	0.2123	0.3279	0.1975	0.3862	0.1803	0.2907	0.1463	0.2363
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.8193	0.8193	0.3467	0.4234	0.2691	0.4498	0.4446	0.4078	0.2859	0.2747
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.8709	0.8709	0.4154	0.4466	0.3667	0.4270	0.4182	0.2519	0.3762	0.1567

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 67: Stepdown Tests for Minimum Outcomes of Female Children of Female Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -spended	Never Su -spended	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Summary	(01) Obs.	27	27	24	25	28	28	23	24	27	27
	(02) Control	0.4286	0.4286	0.6923	0.6923	0.4286	0.4286	0.7692	0.7692	0.4286	0.4286
	(03) Treatment	0.4615	0.5385	0.7273	0.8333	0.4286	0.5000	0.8000	0.9091	0.4615	0.5385
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0330	0.1099	0.0350	0.1410	0.0000	0.0714	0.0308	0.1399	0.0330	0.1099
	(05) COLS	-0.0852	-0.0121	-0.0452	0.1231	-0.0877	-0.0181	-0.1232	0.0370	-0.0852	-0.0121
	(06) AIPW	-0.1326	0.0581	-0.1439	0.1241	-0.1179	0.0722	-0.1745	0.0873	-0.1326	0.0581
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.5970	0.5970	0.4926	0.4926	0.7350	0.7350	0.4330	0.3649	0.5970	0.5970
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.6890	0.6890	0.5828	0.5828	0.6759	0.6759	0.4949	0.4949	0.6890	0.6890
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.4399	0.4399	0.4387	0.4387	0.4822	0.4822	0.2208	0.2401	0.4399	0.4399
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.5532	0.5532	0.4278	0.4146	0.6951	0.6951	0.4309	0.3475	0.5532	0.5532
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.6982	0.6982	0.5599	0.5599	0.6835	0.6835	0.5186	0.5186	0.6982	0.6982
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.5722	0.5722	0.6297	0.6297	0.6081	0.6081	0.5438	0.5438	0.5722	0.5722
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.5552	0.5552	0.4288	0.4288	0.7000	0.7000	0.4468	0.3704	0.5552	0.5552
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.6968	0.6968	0.5160	0.5160	0.6696	0.6696	0.6160	0.6160	0.6968	0.6968
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.7064	0.7064	0.5176	0.5176	0.6528	0.6528	0.5464	0.5464	0.7064	0.7064
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.4776	0.4776	0.4244	0.4032	0.6376	0.6376	0.4204	0.2528	0.4776	0.4776
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.6312	0.6312	0.5792	0.5792	0.6200	0.6200	0.3592	0.4608	0.6312	0.6312
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.3048	0.3932	0.3424	0.3424	0.3312	0.3628	0.1736	0.2760	0.3048	0.3932
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.6784	0.6784	0.5880	0.5880	0.7680	0.7680	0.4924	0.4760	0.6784	0.6784
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.6496	0.6496	0.6072	0.6072	0.6376	0.6376	0.4624	0.4624	0.6496	0.6496
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.5384	0.5384	0.4888	0.4888	0.5864	0.5864	0.3432	0.3688	0.5384	0.5384
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.6504	0.6504	0.6016	0.6016	0.7680	0.7680	0.4712	0.4712	0.6504	0.6504
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.6624	0.6624	0.6768	0.6768	0.6504	0.6504	0.4704	0.4704	0.6624	0.6624
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.5224	0.5224	0.5096	0.5096	0.5720	0.5720	0.3216	0.3540	0.5224	0.5224
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.9645	0.9645	0.7374	0.7374	1.0000	1.0000	0.6090	0.6090	0.9645	0.9645
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.9706	0.9706	0.7069	0.7069	0.9238	0.9238	0.8107	0.8107	0.9706	0.9706
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.7780	0.7780	0.6982	0.6982	0.8360	0.8360	0.6823	0.6823	0.7780	0.7780
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.9336	0.9336	0.7359	0.7359	1.0000	1.0000	0.6090	0.6090	0.9336	0.9336
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.9677	0.9677	0.7593	0.7593	0.9468	0.9468	0.8355	0.8355	0.9677	0.9677
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.7861	0.7861	0.7223	0.7223	0.8261	0.8261	0.6431	0.6431	0.7861	0.7861
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.9656	0.9656	0.7376	0.7376	1.0000	1.0000	0.6106	0.6106	0.9656	0.9656
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.9937	0.9937	0.7238	0.7238	0.9353	0.9353	0.8152	0.8152	0.9937	0.9937
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.8006	0.8006	0.7049	0.7049	0.8517	0.8517	0.6898	0.6898	0.8006	0.8006
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.9387	0.9387	0.7432	0.7432	1.0000	1.0000	0.6172	0.6172	0.9387	0.9387
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.9778	0.9778	0.7650	0.7650	0.9610	0.9610	0.8536	0.8536	0.9778	0.9778
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.8103	0.8103	0.7339	0.7339	0.8432	0.8432	0.6509	0.6509	0.8103	0.8103
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.9696	0.9696	0.7398	0.7398	1.0000	1.0000	0.7339	0.7339	0.9696	0.9696
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	0.8195	0.8195	0.9718	0.9718	0.9274	0.9274	1.0000	1.0000
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.9486	0.9486	0.7290	0.7290	0.9164	0.9164	0.7814	0.7814	0.9486	0.9486
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.9767	0.9767	0.8223	0.8223	1.0000	1.0000	0.7006	0.7006	0.9767	0.9767
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	0.9167	0.9167	0.9610	0.9610	0.9407	0.9407	1.0000	1.0000
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.8741	0.8741	0.7655	0.7655	0.9485	0.9485	0.7459	0.7459	0.8741	0.8741
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.4438	0.3854	0.4754	0.3535	0.4914	0.4426	0.4686	0.2963	0.4438	0.3854
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.3846	0.4770	0.6066	0.6066	0.3778	0.4674	0.5146	0.5146	0.3846	0.4770
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.5386	0.5386	0.5938	0.5938	0.5818	0.5818	0.3878	0.3878	0.5386	0.5386

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 67: Stepdown Tests for Minimum Outcomes of Female Children of Female Participants

	Statistic	Attended College	Attended College	Attended College	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	27	27	26	30	30	29	30	30	29
	(02) Control	0.4286	0.4286	0.4615	0.2667	0.2667	0.2667	0.2667	0.2667	0.2667
	(03) Treatment	0.3846	0.4615	0.4615	0.1333	0.2000	0.2143	0.1333	0.2000	0.2143
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.0440	0.0330	-0.0000	-0.1333	-0.0667	-0.0524	-0.1333	-0.0667	-0.0524
	(05) COLS	-0.1073	-0.0309	-0.0137	-0.1162	-0.0510	-0.0409	-0.1162	-0.0510	-0.0409
	(06) AIPW	-0.1500	0.0214	0.0217	-0.1170	-0.0589	-0.0568	-0.1170	-0.0577	-0.0548
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6420	0.7081	0.7081	0.6420	0.7081	0.7081
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.9365	0.9365	0.9365	0.7002	0.7540	0.7540	0.7002	0.7540	0.7540
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.6313	0.9076	0.9076	0.6278	0.6835	0.6835	0.6278	0.6847	0.6847
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.5568	0.6772	0.6772	0.5568	0.6772	0.6772
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.9284	0.9284	0.9284	0.6737	0.7487	0.7487	0.6737	0.7487	0.7487
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7757	0.7757	0.7757	0.7757	0.7757	0.7757
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.5304	0.6544	0.6544	0.5304	0.6544	0.6544
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.9240	0.9240	0.9240	0.7224	0.7848	0.7848	0.7224	0.7848	0.7848
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.9996	0.9996	0.9996	0.6732	0.6744	0.6744	0.6732	0.6752	0.6752
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3888	0.6136	0.6136	0.3888	0.6136	0.6136
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.8532	0.8768	0.8768	0.4596	0.6536	0.6536	0.4596	0.6536	0.6536
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.5016	0.9168	0.9168	0.7452	0.7452	0.7452	0.7452	0.7452	0.7452
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7896	0.8064	0.8064	0.7896	0.8064	0.8064
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.8700	0.8700	0.8700	0.8580	0.8580	0.8580	0.8580	0.8580	0.8580
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.7404	0.9696	0.9696	0.9420	0.9420	0.9420	0.9420	0.9420	0.9420
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7776	0.7776	0.7776	0.7776	0.7776	0.7776
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.8580	0.8580	0.8580	0.8700	0.8700	0.8700	0.8700	0.8700	0.8700
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.7224	0.9672	0.9672	0.9576	0.9576	0.9576	0.9576	0.9576	0.9576
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.8920	0.8920	0.8920	0.3167	0.3930	0.4126	0.3167	0.3930	0.4126
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.3675	0.4758	0.4758	0.3607	0.4478	0.4478	0.3607	0.4478	0.4478
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.5886	0.5886	0.5886	0.3906	0.4386	0.4386	0.3902	0.4386	0.4386

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 67: Stepdown Tests for Minimum Outcomes of Female Children of Female Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	30	30	29	31	31	30	24	24	24
	(02) Control	0.2000	0.2000	0.2000	0.1875	0.1875	0.1875	0.6923	0.6923	0.6923
	(03) Treatment	0.1333	0.2000	0.2143	0.0667	0.1333	0.1429	0.8182	0.8182	0.8182
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.0667	0.0000	0.0143	-0.1208	-0.0542	-0.0446	0.1259	0.1259	0.1259
	(05) COLS	-0.0389	0.0390	0.0488	-0.0883	-0.0118	-0.0048	0.0729	0.0221	0.0481
	(06) AIPW	-0.0365	0.0228	0.0247	-0.1150	-0.0371	-0.0365	0.0788	0.0681	0.1038
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.5987	0.7292	0.7292	0.7414	0.7414	0.7414
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7887	0.9360	0.9360	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.5216	0.7729	0.7729	0.7613	0.7613	0.7613
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.9550	0.9550	0.9550	0.4597	0.6865	0.6865	0.6834	0.6834	0.6834
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7603	0.9360	0.9360	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6742	0.8213	0.8213	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.9552	0.9552	0.9552	0.4752	0.7096	0.7096	0.7272	0.7272	0.7272
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7920	0.9712	0.9712	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.5904	0.7712	0.7712	0.8424	0.8424	0.8424
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.8724	0.9368	0.9368	0.2496	0.6440	0.6440	0.5928	0.5928	0.5928
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.5892	0.8728	0.8728	0.9180	0.9180	0.9180
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4932	0.8312	0.8312	0.8988	0.8988	0.8988
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7968	0.8440	0.8440	0.8208	0.8208	0.8208
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9720	0.9872	0.9872	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9060	0.9248	0.9248	0.9636	0.9636	0.9636
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7704	0.8016	0.8016	0.7692	0.7692	0.7692
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9900	0.9900	0.9900	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9000	0.9160	0.9160	0.9576	0.9576	0.9576
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.7061	0.7061	0.7061	0.3275	0.4138	0.4286	0.2791	0.2791	0.2791
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.8005	0.8005	0.7877	0.4318	0.5018	0.5066	0.3846	0.4462	0.4186
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.8509	0.8509	0.8509	0.3774	0.4690	0.4690	0.3918	0.3918	0.3623

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 67: Stepdown Tests for Minimum Outcomes of Female Children of Female Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su./Arrested	Never Su./Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Summary	(01) Obs.	30	31	31	31	26	25	29	28	23	21
	(02) Control	0.1250	0.1250	0.0625	0.0625	0.5000	0.4615	0.3333	0.3333	0.9167	0.9091
	(03) Treatment	0.0714	0.1333	0.0000	0.0000	0.5000	0.5000	0.3571	0.3077	0.9091	0.9000
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.0536	0.0083	-0.0625	-0.0625	-0.0000	0.0385	0.0238	-0.0256	-0.0076	-0.0091
	(05) COLS	-0.1207	-0.0583	-0.0862	-0.0862	-0.1385	-0.0769	-0.1390	-0.1619	0.0503	0.0441
	(06) AIPW	-0.1003	-0.0651	-0.0781	-0.0784	-0.1867	-0.1200	-0.1567	-0.1656	-0.0299	-0.0451
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.6354	0.6354	0.3227	0.3227	0.8481	0.8481	0.8852	0.8852	0.9466	0.9466
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.3275	0.3359	0.3224	0.3224	0.4658	0.4658	0.3717	0.3717	0.7796	0.7796
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.3461	0.3461	0.2916	0.2916	0.2486	0.2486	0.2571	0.2571	0.6944	0.6944
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.6055	0.6055	0.3041	0.3041	0.8466	0.8466	0.8819	0.8819	0.9426	0.9426
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.3198	0.3319	0.3165	0.3165	0.4978	0.4978	0.3884	0.3884	0.7803	0.7803
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.4521	0.4521	0.4003	0.4003	0.4647	0.4647	0.4477	0.4477	0.8165	0.8165
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.6624	0.6624	0.7096	0.7096	0.8664	0.8664	0.8680	0.8680	1.0000	1.0000
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.3064	0.3412	0.7096	0.7096	0.4816	0.4816	0.3592	0.3592	0.9184	0.9184
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.5168	0.5168	0.7104	0.7104	0.5944	0.5944	0.5336	0.5336	1.0000	1.0000
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.5472	0.5472	0.0040	0.0040	0.7792	0.7792	0.8408	0.8408	0.8144	0.8144
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.1240	0.2856	0.0376	0.0376	0.3880	0.3880	0.2960	0.2960	0.9472	0.9472
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.2048	0.2248	0.1568	0.1568	0.2216	0.2216	0.1920	0.1920	0.6656	0.6656
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.7544	0.7544	0.5712	0.5712	0.8240	0.8240	0.9368	0.9368	1.0000	1.0000
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.3568	0.3576	0.1528	0.1528	0.4136	0.4136	0.3512	0.3512	0.6840	0.6840
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.4136	0.4136	0.1480	0.1480	0.2872	0.2872	0.3392	0.3392	0.6872	0.6872
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.7400	0.7400	0.6800	0.6800	0.8240	0.8240	0.9368	0.9368	0.9328	0.9328
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.3720	0.3720	0.1696	0.1696	0.3856	0.3856	0.3384	0.3384	0.7352	0.7352
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.4256	0.4256	0.4432	0.4432	0.2768	0.2768	0.3136	0.3136	0.7152	0.7152
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.8598	0.8598	0.6595	0.6595	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.4612	0.4612	0.3285	0.3285	0.7135	0.7135	0.5287	0.5287	0.7873	0.7873
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.5503	0.5503	0.2940	0.2940	0.6009	0.6009	0.5059	0.5059	0.9298	0.9298
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.8386	0.8386	0.7079	0.7079	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.4613	0.4613	0.3619	0.3619	0.6836	0.6836	0.5177	0.5177	0.8480	0.8480
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.5101	0.5101	0.5161	0.5161	0.6199	0.6199	0.4912	0.4912	0.9505	0.9505
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.8775	0.8775	0.6733	0.6733	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.4691	0.4691	0.3351	0.3351	0.7186	0.7186	0.5402	0.5402	0.7925	0.7925
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.5631	0.5631	0.2987	0.2987	0.6123	0.6123	0.5088	0.5088	0.9472	0.9472
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.8602	0.8602	0.7207	0.7207	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.5008	0.5008	0.3679	0.3679	0.6893	0.6893	0.5295	0.5295	0.8631	0.8631
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.5152	0.5152	0.5236	0.5236	0.6338	0.6338	0.4934	0.4934	0.9672	0.9672
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.9113	0.9113	0.8234	0.8234	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.5814	0.5814	0.4150	0.4150	0.7412	0.7412	0.6441	0.6441	0.8514	0.8514
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.6804	0.6804	0.3810	0.3810	0.6404	0.6404	0.5748	0.5748	1.0000	1.0000
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	0.7925	0.7925	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.5910	0.5910	0.4159	0.4159	0.7177	0.7177	0.6583	0.6583	0.9678	0.9678
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.6454	0.6454	0.5599	0.5599	0.7281	0.7281	0.5018	0.5018	1.0000	1.0000
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.6649	0.6649	0.3399	0.3399	0.8389	0.8389	0.8864	0.8864	0.4954	0.4954
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.2543	0.3619	0.0848	0.0848	0.2555	0.3199	0.1983	0.1867	0.3790	0.3842
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.2875	0.3407	0.2387	0.2387	0.1919	0.2311	0.1703	0.1703	0.3926	0.3926

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 67: Stepdown Tests for Minimum Outcomes of Female Children of Female Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Summary	(01) Obs.	26	25	29	28	27	25	32	27	30	26
	(02) Control	0.5000	0.4615	0.3333	0.3333	0.5385	0.2308	0.2500	0.2143	0.0667	0.0769
	(03) Treatment	0.4167	0.4167	0.2857	0.2308	0.4286	0.2500	0.1875	0.3077	0.1333	0.2308
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.0833	-0.0449	-0.0476	-0.1026	-0.1099	0.0192	-0.0625	0.0934	0.0667	0.1538
	(05) COLS	-0.2209	-0.1581	-0.2059	-0.2332	-0.1389	-0.0995	-0.1401	0.0607	0.0787	0.1511
	(06) AIPW	-0.2489	-0.1738	-0.1984	-0.2116	-0.0839	-0.1257	-0.1241	0.0558	0.0830	0.1599
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.6714	0.6714	0.5440	0.5440	0.2906	0.4560	0.3378	0.3041	0.2803	0.1506
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.2382	0.2382	0.1767	0.1767	0.2345	0.2799	0.2036	0.3785	0.3020	0.1752
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.1196	0.1352	0.1280	0.1280	0.3192	0.1621	0.2034	0.3762	0.2728	0.1390
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.6572	0.6572	0.5059	0.5059	0.2817	0.4536	0.3257	0.2782	0.2645	0.1299
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.2574	0.2574	0.1811	0.1811	0.2511	0.2807	0.2025	0.3673	0.2932	0.1676
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.3104	0.4351	0.2980	0.2980	0.3715	0.2994	0.2342	0.4545	0.2938	0.3844
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.6264	0.6264	0.5064	0.5064	0.2660	0.4504	0.3200	0.2852	0.2860	0.1420
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.2392	0.2392	0.1496	0.1496	0.2328	0.2880	0.1724	0.3888	0.3316	0.1836
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.3592	0.3592	0.3272	0.3272	0.2936	0.2648	0.2280	0.4120	0.3428	0.1932
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.5640	0.5640	0.4048	0.4048	0.2456	0.4428	0.2772	0.2228	0.2528	0.0644
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.2176	0.2176	0.1288	0.1288	0.2060	0.2456	0.1976	0.3192	0.2880	0.1116
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.1536	0.1536	0.0968	0.0968	0.3764	0.1528	0.2228	0.3536	0.3032	0.1456
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.6344	0.6344	0.5936	0.5936	0.3152	0.4916	0.3708	0.2968	0.3360	0.1768
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.2424	0.2424	0.2016	0.2016	0.2388	0.2732	0.1968	0.3456	0.2952	0.1988
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.1936	0.1936	0.2432	0.2432	0.3440	0.2456	0.2412	0.3664	0.2748	0.1980
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.6344	0.6344	0.5936	0.5936	0.2952	0.4768	0.3444	0.2964	0.3320	0.1748
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.2240	0.2240	0.1976	0.1976	0.2196	0.2684	0.2176	0.3464	0.3432	0.1940
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.1784	0.1792	0.2128	0.2128	0.3384	0.2176	0.2668	0.3732	0.3428	0.2140
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.9415	0.9415	0.7219	0.7219	0.4497	0.5916	0.4675	0.4516	0.3868	0.2358
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.4441	0.4441	0.3297	0.3297	0.3424	0.3894	0.2872	0.4773	0.3767	0.2798
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.4468	0.4468	0.3785	0.3785	0.4691	0.3631	0.3248	0.4891	0.3808	0.2793
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.9415	0.9415	0.7219	0.7219	0.4262	0.5520	0.4447	0.4516	0.3783	0.2318
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.4117	0.4117	0.3138	0.3138	0.3306	0.3814	0.3108	0.4716	0.4168	0.2605
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.4296	0.4296	0.3499	0.3499	0.4669	0.3177	0.3491	0.4929	0.4307	0.2963
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.9476	0.9476	0.7266	0.7266	0.4626	0.5986	0.4686	0.4560	0.3920	0.2362
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.4483	0.4483	0.3477	0.3477	0.3443	0.3981	0.2970	0.4833	0.3770	0.2854
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.4604	0.4604	0.3878	0.3878	0.4820	0.3632	0.3374	0.5007	0.3889	0.2796
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.9476	0.9476	0.7266	0.7266	0.4300	0.5552	0.4470	0.4563	0.3817	0.2321
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.4204	0.4204	0.3308	0.3308	0.3416	0.3847	0.3219	0.4764	0.4281	0.2635
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.4383	0.4383	0.3645	0.3645	0.4719	0.3181	0.3543	0.5022	0.4407	0.2985
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.9808	0.9808	0.8121	0.8121	0.5528	0.6442	0.4736	0.4877	0.4274	0.2423
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.5405	0.5405	0.4470	0.4470	0.3546	0.4640	0.3438	0.4970	0.3864	0.3097
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.4744	0.4744	0.4136	0.4136	0.5673	0.3701	0.4830	0.5320	0.4480	0.2820
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.9808	0.9808	0.8121	0.8121	0.5138	0.5752	0.4675	0.4762	0.4055	0.2393
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.4729	0.4729	0.4064	0.4064	0.4214	0.3930	0.3864	0.6250	0.4671	0.3276
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.4383	0.4383	0.3645	0.3645	0.5410	0.3870	0.4036	0.5936	0.4559	0.3507
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.3914	0.4294	0.4218	0.3247	0.2951	0.4766	0.3443	0.2963	0.3319	0.1747
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.1511	0.2035	0.1168	0.1108	0.2195	0.2683	0.2175	0.3463	0.3431	0.1939
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.1331	0.1791	0.1208	0.1208	0.3383	0.2175	0.2667	0.3731	0.3427	0.2139

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the second-generation children (of the original participants) associated with each variable (minimum at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response, imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups, and fertility differences in having a child in the specified age group), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

9 Size Bias-Adjusted Estimates of Intergenerational Treatment Effects

Table 68: Size Bias-Adjusted Estimates of Effects on Children of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -sponded	Never Su -sponded	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Pooled Avg.	(01) UDIM	0.2367	0.3160	0.0404	0.0596	0.2281	0.2816	0.0605	0.0896	0.2577	0.3152
	(02) p_A^1	0.0019	0.0000	0.2918	0.2110	0.0028	0.0003	0.1549	0.0495	0.0006	0.0000
	(03) COLS	0.2114	0.3005	0.0437	0.0904	0.2038	0.2756	0.0509	0.1073	0.2313	0.3105
	(04) p_A^2	0.0113	0.0002	0.3082	0.1322	0.0110	0.0005	0.2424	0.0300	0.0039	0.0000
Pooled Max.	(05) UDIM	0.1750	0.2343	0.0526	0.0833	0.2088	0.2302	0.0254	0.0565	0.1843	0.2070
	(06) p_A^1	0.0184	0.0032	0.1610	0.0364	0.0128	0.0062	0.2991	0.0750	0.0217	0.0102
	(07) COLS	0.1521	0.2115	0.0486	0.1019	0.1827	0.2210	0.0178	0.0706	0.1475	0.1877
	(08) p_A^2	0.0661	0.0148	0.2483	0.0328	0.0426	0.0168	0.3922	0.0599	0.0745	0.0289
Pooled Min.	(09) UDIM	0.2079	0.2239	0.0307	0.0783	0.1974	0.2335	0.0318	0.0866	0.2087	0.2495
	(10) p_A^1	0.0151	0.0070	0.3827	0.2120	0.0132	0.0034	0.3747	0.1687	0.0096	0.0017
	(11) COLS	0.1592	0.2102	0.0209	0.1339	0.1758	0.2348	0.0138	0.1310	0.1840	0.2488
	(12) p_A^2	0.0659	0.0206	0.4319	0.1210	0.0334	0.0055	0.4513	0.0905	0.0303	0.0038
Male Avg.	(13) UDIM	0.2599	0.2847	0.0209	−0.0071	0.2319	0.2340	0.0684	0.0462	0.2538	0.2584
	(14) p_A^1	0.0141	0.0094	0.4273	0.4753	0.0270	0.0271	0.2168	0.2978	0.0155	0.0149
	(15) COLS	0.2123	0.2324	0.0355	0.0195	0.1783	0.1886	0.0659	0.0541	0.1989	0.2109
	(16) p_A^2	0.0484	0.0363	0.3800	0.4329	0.0738	0.0656	0.2223	0.2641	0.0520	0.0454
Male Max.	(17) UDIM	0.2426	0.3023	0.0651	0.0582	0.2254	0.2433	0.0082	0.0050	0.2393	0.2593
	(18) p_A^1	0.0399	0.0170	0.2624	0.2884	0.0674	0.0568	0.4561	0.4736	0.0457	0.0368
	(19) COLS	0.1962	0.2357	0.0788	0.0724	0.1753	0.1965	0.0033	0.0005	0.1818	0.2006
	(20) p_A^2	0.0997	0.0627	0.2357	0.2567	0.1349	0.1120	0.4821	0.4975	0.1164	0.0989
Male Min.	(21) UDIM	0.2224	0.2001	0.1152	0.0796	0.2310	0.2080	0.1068	0.0685	0.2225	0.1996
	(22) p_A^1	0.0415	0.0594	0.1888	0.2688	0.0291	0.0440	0.1872	0.2816	0.0365	0.0538
	(23) COLS	0.1420	0.1245	0.1041	0.0882	0.1578	0.1430	0.0791	0.0546	0.1468	0.1309
	(24) p_A^2	0.1334	0.1667	0.2224	0.2617	0.0949	0.1189	0.2513	0.3218	0.1163	0.1450
Female Avg.	(25) UDIM	0.1847	0.2775	0.1300	0.1877	0.2167	0.3030	0.0666	0.1259	0.2235	0.3165
	(26) p_A^1	0.0400	0.0033	0.1038	0.0388	0.0278	0.0039	0.1987	0.0447	0.0188	0.0009
	(27) COLS	0.1713	0.2830	0.1442	0.2241	0.2153	0.3223	0.0489	0.1245	0.2163	0.3319
	(28) p_A^2	0.0699	0.0050	0.1110	0.0241	0.0424	0.0041	0.2963	0.0541	0.0362	0.0014
Female Max.	(29) UDIM	0.2201	0.2829	0.1187	0.1688	0.3091	0.3999	0.0422	0.0868	0.2756	0.3298
	(30) p_A^1	0.0122	0.0015	0.0854	0.0203	0.0022	0.0000	0.2831	0.0990	0.0044	0.0004
	(31) COLS	0.2241	0.2975	0.1228	0.2055	0.3109	0.4248	0.0292	0.0956	0.2763	0.3513
	(32) p_A^2	0.0160	0.0013	0.1294	0.0171	0.0053	0.0001	0.3683	0.0898	0.0077	0.0005
Female Min.	(33) UDIM	0.1133	0.1919	0.0761	0.1869	0.0904	0.1930	0.0553	0.1722	0.1166	0.2357
	(34) p_A^1	0.1948	0.0592	0.2830	0.0689	0.2396	0.0600	0.3097	0.0281	0.1838	0.0247
	(35) COLS	0.1031	0.2358	0.0925	0.2538	0.1106	0.2601	0.0195	0.1742	0.1274	0.2936
	(36) p_A^2	0.2425	0.0396	0.2735	0.0237	0.2217	0.0207	0.4400	0.0396	0.1979	0.0117

Note: This table contains treatment effect estimates from between-effects regressions for which the specification of the outcome equation is quadratic in the participant's total number of children, serving as size-bias correction that adjusts for differences in family sizes. UDIM represents such a between-effects estimator without controlling for the participant's pre-program covariates. COLS controls for the participant's pre-program covariates. The associated asymptotic p -values are denoted by p_A^1 and p_A^2 , respectively. The first column indicates the gender (Pooled, Male, or Female) of the second-generation in the sample used for estimation, as well as the type of intergenerational outcome used: Avg. denotes the average of children's outcomes at the participant level; Max. denotes the maximum outcome of participant's children; Min. denotes the minimum outcome of the participant's children.

Table 68: Size Bias-Adjusted Estimates of Effects on Children of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Attended College	Attended College	Attended College	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Pooled Avg.	(01) UDIM	0.0532	0.0671	0.0675	0.0875	0.1094	0.1632	0.1089	0.1479	0.2026
	(02) p_A^1	0.2798	0.2436	0.2614	0.1629	0.1282	0.0621	0.1153	0.0640	0.0286
	(03) COLS	0.0062	0.0280	0.0374	0.1288	0.1695	0.2065	0.1433	0.1923	0.2292
	(04) p_A^2	0.4739	0.3917	0.3688	0.0738	0.0365	0.0238	0.0500	0.0191	0.0126
Pooled Max.	(05) UDIM	0.1569	0.2083	0.1854	0.0283	0.0334	0.0887	0.0456	0.0472	0.0976
	(06) p_A^1	0.0726	0.0270	0.0607	0.3808	0.3662	0.2028	0.3180	0.3195	0.1906
	(07) COLS	0.0998	0.1423	0.1885	0.0566	0.0891	0.1527	0.0688	0.0922	0.1504
	(08) p_A^2	0.1957	0.1184	0.0624	0.2806	0.1978	0.1052	0.2358	0.1860	0.1107
Pooled Min.	(09) UDIM	-0.0382	-0.0378	-0.0126	-0.0181	0.0071	0.1118	0.0094	0.0360	0.1427
	(10) p_A^1	0.3371	0.3411	0.4502	0.4241	0.4722	0.1608	0.4582	0.3512	0.0884
	(11) COLS	-0.0546	-0.0442	-0.0169	-0.0086	0.0198	0.0861	0.0290	0.0626	0.1366
	(12) p_A^2	0.2847	0.3215	0.4354	0.4634	0.4202	0.1914	0.3689	0.2460	0.0679
Male Avg.	(13) UDIM	0.2438	0.2035	0.2418	0.1468	0.1859	0.2260	0.1328	0.1691	0.2105
	(14) p_A^1	0.0066	0.0224	0.0149	0.1343	0.0837	0.0473	0.1504	0.0976	0.0553
	(15) COLS	0.1933	0.1600	0.2196	0.1201	0.1593	0.1773	0.1002	0.1358	0.1608
	(16) p_A^2	0.0347	0.0784	0.0388	0.2037	0.1400	0.1104	0.2270	0.1612	0.1147
Male Max.	(17) UDIM	0.3715	0.3558	0.3082	0.1043	0.2023	0.2348	0.0565	0.1647	0.1843
	(18) p_A^1	0.0045	0.0066	0.0192	0.2341	0.0849	0.0516	0.3534	0.1400	0.1122
	(19) COLS	0.3321	0.3221	0.2876	0.0550	0.1826	0.1963	-0.0115	0.1350	0.1386
	(20) p_A^2	0.0166	0.0207	0.0385	0.3709	0.1431	0.1132	0.4740	0.2208	0.2092
Male Min.	(21) UDIM	0.1093	0.0735	0.0971	0.0943	0.1087	0.1799	0.0997	0.1127	0.1761
	(22) p_A^1	0.1434	0.2342	0.1965	0.2487	0.2202	0.0957	0.2280	0.2033	0.0937
	(23) COLS	0.0531	0.0255	0.0656	0.0268	0.0408	0.0703	0.0447	0.0561	0.0809
	(24) p_A^2	0.3096	0.4074	0.2994	0.4292	0.3942	0.3164	0.3740	0.3453	0.2726
Female Avg.	(25) UDIM	-0.0094	0.0316	0.0202	0.0484	0.0581	0.0502	0.0745	0.1068	0.1066
	(26) p_A^1	0.4715	0.4122	0.4484	0.3396	0.3247	0.3596	0.2648	0.2020	0.2241
	(27) COLS	-0.0349	0.0196	-0.0115	0.0740	0.0971	0.0811	0.0926	0.1282	0.1185
	(28) p_A^2	0.4020	0.4495	0.4721	0.2507	0.2037	0.2553	0.2038	0.1401	0.1738
Female Max.	(29) UDIM	0.0141	0.0608	0.1373	0.0999	0.0961	0.1390	0.1204	0.1168	0.1592
	(30) p_A^1	0.4574	0.3332	0.1747	0.2104	0.2327	0.1628	0.1795	0.1989	0.1429
	(31) COLS	0.0251	0.0648	0.1979	0.1825	0.2277	0.3199	0.1727	0.2119	0.3047
	(32) p_A^2	0.4337	0.3448	0.1047	0.0786	0.0439	0.0139	0.0949	0.0623	0.0202
Female Min.	(33) UDIM	-0.1289	-0.0744	-0.0497	-0.0364	-0.0107	0.0288	-0.0364	-0.0004	0.0432
	(34) p_A^1	0.1932	0.3180	0.3892	0.3854	0.4685	0.4236	0.3854	0.4987	0.3841
	(35) COLS	-0.1532	-0.0899	-0.0866	-0.0385	-0.0161	0.0031	-0.0385	-0.0061	0.0228
	(36) p_A^2	0.1562	0.2897	0.3219	0.3673	0.4443	0.4891	0.3673	0.4790	0.4207

Note: This table contains treatment effect estimates from between-effects regressions for which the specification of the outcome equation is quadratic in the participant's total number of children, serving as size-bias correction that adjusts for differences in family sizes. UDIM represents such a between-effects estimator without controlling for the participant's pre-program covariates. COLS controls for the participant's pre-program covariates. The associated asymptotic p -values are denoted by p_A^1 and p_A^2 , respectively. The first column indicates the gender (Pooled, Male, or Female) of the second-generation in the sample used for estimation, as well as the type of intergenerational outcome used: Avg. denotes the average of children's outcomes at the participant level; Max. denotes the maximum outcome of participant's children; Min. denotes the minimum outcome of the participant's children.

Table 68: Size Bias-Adjusted Estimates of Effects on Children of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Pooled Avg.	(01) UDIM	0.1328	0.1672	0.2221	0.1588	0.1628	0.2248	0.0942	0.0956	0.0959
	(02) p_A^1	0.0660	0.0369	0.0155	0.0107	0.0103	0.0035	0.0304	0.0332	0.0382
	(03) COLS	0.1771	0.2253	0.2636	0.1808	0.1925	0.2571	0.1134	0.1168	0.1222
	(04) p_A^2	0.0211	0.0079	0.0057	0.0022	0.0014	0.0003	0.0297	0.0345	0.0349
Pooled Max.	(05) UDIM	0.1082	0.1129	0.1677	0.3195	0.3257	0.3506	0.0258	0.0249	0.0246
	(06) p_A^1	0.1431	0.1437	0.0749	0.0032	0.0038	0.0036	0.1553	0.1553	0.1551
	(07) COLS	0.1559	0.1932	0.2590	0.3433	0.3437	0.4525	0.0367	0.0371	0.0384
	(08) p_A^2	0.0778	0.0525	0.0297	0.0041	0.0064	0.0004	0.1486	0.1492	0.1495
Pooled Min.	(09) UDIM	0.0372	0.0616	0.1464	-0.0180	-0.0147	0.0253	0.0929	0.0916	0.1359
	(10) p_A^1	0.3211	0.2319	0.0600	0.3347	0.3636	0.3250	0.1524	0.1653	0.0906
	(11) COLS	0.0418	0.0731	0.1335	0.0106	0.0136	0.0494	0.0958	0.1083	0.1141
	(12) p_A^2	0.3065	0.2024	0.0650	0.3759	0.3066	0.1355	0.1772	0.1662	0.1901
Male Avg.	(13) UDIM	0.1552	0.1898	0.2327	0.2439	0.2533	0.3236	0.1405	0.1376	0.1062
	(14) p_A^1	0.1107	0.0705	0.0388	0.0014	0.0012	0.0006	0.0336	0.0374	0.0750
	(15) COLS	0.1412	0.1746	0.1994	0.2395	0.2480	0.3052	0.1534	0.1512	0.1254
	(16) p_A^2	0.1454	0.1006	0.0727	0.0049	0.0037	0.0025	0.0361	0.0389	0.0693
Male Max.	(17) UDIM	0.1036	0.2111	0.2298	0.4157	0.4643	0.4583	0.0752	0.0736	0.0746
	(18) p_A^1	0.2527	0.0890	0.0691	0.0010	0.0002	0.0002	0.1219	0.1296	0.1300
	(19) COLS	0.0758	0.2068	0.2046	0.4683	0.5012	0.4717	0.0735	0.0729	0.0780
	(20) p_A^2	0.3375	0.1191	0.1203	0.0006	0.0001	0.0002	0.1567	0.1609	0.1531
Male Min.	(21) UDIM	0.1343	0.1458	0.2088	0.0875	0.0914	0.1680	0.1651	0.1692	0.1512
	(22) p_A^1	0.1504	0.1345	0.0553	0.1161	0.1126	0.0403	0.0596	0.0606	0.0929
	(23) COLS	0.0877	0.0970	0.1221	0.0622	0.0679	0.1320	0.1795	0.1747	0.1724
	(24) p_A^2	0.2572	0.2387	0.1788	0.2244	0.2065	0.0964	0.0683	0.0826	0.0914
Female Avg.	(25) UDIM	0.1428	0.1775	0.1826	0.1191	0.1299	0.1699	0.1092	0.1102	0.0951
	(26) p_A^1	0.1089	0.0784	0.0926	0.1397	0.1305	0.0899	0.0563	0.0618	0.0966
	(27) COLS	0.1754	0.2181	0.2192	0.1285	0.1455	0.1876	0.1176	0.1222	0.1177
	(28) p_A^2	0.0516	0.0299	0.0447	0.1077	0.0926	0.0523	0.0565	0.0633	0.0778
Female Max.	(29) UDIM	0.1969	0.1984	0.2492	0.1251	0.1255	0.2110	0.0987	0.0957	0.0944
	(30) p_A^1	0.0696	0.0790	0.0488	0.1886	0.2020	0.0881	0.0349	0.0361	0.0370
	(31) COLS	0.2814	0.3342	0.4444	0.1654	0.1732	0.3698	0.1144	0.1160	0.1167
	(32) p_A^2	0.0143	0.0066	0.0009	0.1384	0.1452	0.0058	0.0310	0.0323	0.0327
Female Min.	(33) UDIM	0.0351	0.0726	0.1238	0.0099	0.0286	0.0799	0.1042	0.0405	0.0343
	(34) p_A^1	0.3854	0.2876	0.1921	0.4648	0.4033	0.2719	0.1474	0.3592	0.3906
	(35) COLS	0.0447	0.0844	0.1247	0.0284	0.0458	0.0818	0.0599	0.0002	-0.0284
	(36) p_A^2	0.3425	0.2285	0.1418	0.3913	0.3294	0.2247	0.2843	0.4994	0.4184

Note: This table contains treatment effect estimates from between-effects regressions for which the specification of the outcome equation is quadratic in the participant's total number of children, serving as size-bias correction that adjusts for differences in family sizes. UDIM represents such a between-effects estimator without controlling for the participant's pre-program covariates. COLS controls for the participant's pre-program covariates. The associated asymptotic p -values are denoted by p_A^1 and p_A^2 , respectively. The first column indicates the gender (Pooled, Male, or Female) of the second-generation in the sample used for estimation, as well as the type of intergenerational outcome used: Avg. denotes the average of children's outcomes at the participant level; Max. denotes the maximum outcome of participant's children; Min. denotes the minimum outcome of the participant's children.

Table 68: Size Bias-Adjusted Estimates of Effects on Children of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Pooled Avg.	(01) UDIM	-0.0165	-0.0028	-0.0240	-0.0292	0.1212	0.1126	0.2457	0.2423	0.0021	-0.0085
	(02) p_A^1	0.3928	0.4820	0.2965	0.2835	0.0575	0.0737	0.0022	0.0025	0.4801	0.4241
	(03) COLS	-0.0031	0.0013	0.0109	0.0105	0.1152	0.0880	0.2138	0.1966	0.0189	0.0082
	(04) p_A^2	0.4797	0.4915	0.4019	0.4124	0.0845	0.1298	0.0090	0.0121	0.3387	0.4324
Pooled Max.	(05) UDIM	-0.0525	-0.0696	-0.0897	-0.1054	0.0693	0.0201	0.2167	0.0938	0.0000	0.0000
	(06) p_A^1	0.3415	0.3106	0.2221	0.1999	0.1271	0.3725	0.0120	0.1823	0.5000	0.5000
	(07) COLS	-0.0226	0.0218	-0.0199	0.0189	0.0335	-0.0309	0.1537	0.0383	0.0000	0.0000
	(08) p_A^2	0.4394	0.4464	0.4342	0.4455	0.3041	0.2802	0.0763	0.3640	0.5000	0.5000
Pooled Min.	(09) UDIM	-0.0375	-0.0098	-0.0199	-0.0189	0.0415	0.1272	0.1743	0.1836	0.0065	-0.0112
	(10) p_A^1	0.2060	0.4042	0.1615	0.1634	0.3367	0.1123	0.0317	0.0335	0.4754	0.4638
	(11) COLS	-0.0191	-0.0134	0.0014	0.0020	0.0188	0.0321	0.1533	0.1258	0.0407	-0.0729
	(12) p_A^2	0.2888	0.3455	0.4351	0.4183	0.4307	0.3798	0.0675	0.1117	0.3726	0.3257
Male Avg.	(13) UDIM	0.0791	0.0871	0.0661	0.0730	0.1702	0.1603	0.2160	0.2020	0.0469	0.0019
	(14) p_A^1	0.0868	0.0773	0.1282	0.1169	0.0736	0.0987	0.0398	0.0648	0.2830	0.4902
	(15) COLS	0.0641	0.0668	0.0529	0.0557	0.0980	0.0851	0.1246	0.1152	0.0445	0.0032
	(16) p_A^2	0.1792	0.1788	0.2249	0.2231	0.2155	0.2500	0.1590	0.1899	0.2999	0.4836
Male Max.	(17) UDIM	0.1986	0.2103	0.1503	0.1597	0.2154	0.1462	0.2675	0.1904	0.0692	0.0273
	(18) p_A^1	0.0368	0.0322	0.0704	0.0626	0.0778	0.1689	0.0526	0.1254	0.0721	0.3359
	(19) COLS	0.2254	0.2267	0.1905	0.1916	0.0930	0.0266	0.1340	0.0659	0.0813	0.0429
	(20) p_A^2	0.0357	0.0375	0.0570	0.0591	0.2930	0.4340	0.2115	0.3401	0.0746	0.2819
Male Min.	(21) UDIM	0.0101	0.0140	0.0101	0.0140	0.1740	0.1749	0.2289	0.1889	0.0270	-0.0271
	(22) p_A^1	0.4196	0.3945	0.4196	0.3945	0.0748	0.0852	0.0251	0.0705	0.4130	0.4249
	(23) COLS	-0.0186	-0.0199	-0.0186	-0.0199	0.0936	0.0889	0.1343	0.1019	-0.0321	-0.1250
	(24) p_A^2	0.3759	0.3723	0.3759	0.3723	0.2288	0.2424	0.1337	0.2080	0.4079	0.2114
Female Avg.	(25) UDIM	-0.0920	-0.0689	-0.0688	-0.0739	0.0729	0.0740	0.2103	0.1955	0.0360	0.0352
	(26) p_A^1	0.1839	0.2631	0.1720	0.1763	0.1989	0.2075	0.0175	0.0292	0.2430	0.2650
	(27) COLS	-0.0738	-0.0512	-0.0289	-0.0234	0.0588	0.0834	0.1974	0.2068	0.0575	0.0654
	(28) p_A^2	0.2530	0.3308	0.3578	0.3917	0.2545	0.1859	0.0295	0.0279	0.1905	0.1867
Female Max.	(29) UDIM	-0.1881	-0.1760	-0.2091	-0.2152	0.0710	0.0729	0.2409	0.1849	0.0674	0.0717
	(30) p_A^1	0.1048	0.1374	0.0412	0.0467	0.1705	0.1801	0.0090	0.0573	0.0722	0.0722
	(31) COLS	-0.1031	0.0128	-0.1104	-0.0300	0.1060	0.1250	0.2584	0.2386	0.0914	0.1047
	(32) p_A^2	0.2760	0.4707	0.1722	0.3996	0.1004	0.0810	0.0079	0.0270	0.0630	0.0552
Female Min.	(33) UDIM	-0.1332	-0.0616	-0.0499	-0.0471	-0.0175	-0.0068	0.0712	-0.0075	-0.0445	-0.0370
	(34) p_A^1	0.0659	0.2668	0.2013	0.2310	0.4463	0.4808	0.2785	0.4756	0.3362	0.3754
	(35) COLS	-0.1389	-0.0800	-0.0389	-0.0321	-0.0269	-0.0399	0.0912	-0.0015	-0.0315	-0.0396
	(36) p_A^2	0.0615	0.2219	0.2815	0.3255	0.4173	0.3878	0.2439	0.4956	0.4087	0.4054

Note: This table contains treatment effect estimates from between-effects regressions for which the specification of the outcome equation is quadratic in the participant's total number of children, serving as size-bias correction that adjusts for differences in family sizes. UDIM represents such a between-effects estimator without controlling for the participant's pre-program covariates. COLS controls for the participant's pre-program covariates. The associated asymptotic p -values are denoted by p_A^1 and p_A^2 , respectively. The first column indicates the gender (Pooled, Male, or Female) of the second-generation in the sample used for estimation, as well as the type of intergenerational outcome used: Avg. denotes the average of children's outcomes at the participant level; Max. denotes the maximum outcome of participant's children; Min. denotes the minimum outcome of the participant's children.

Table 68: Size Bias-Adjusted Estimates of Effects on Children of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Pooled Avg.	(01) UDIM	0.1064	0.0960	0.2309	0.2251	-0.0103	-0.0392	0.1052	0.1260	0.1662	0.1630
	(02) p_A^1	0.0834	0.1088	0.0036	0.0045	0.4460	0.3697	0.1280	0.0720	0.0087	0.0146
	(03) COLS	0.1012	0.0729	0.1998	0.1812	-0.0568	0.0282	0.0222	0.0893	0.1549	0.1616
	(04) p_A^2	0.1129	0.1755	0.0129	0.0181	0.2099	0.4149	0.4099	0.1731	0.0230	0.0149
Pooled Max.	(05) UDIM	0.0693	0.0201	0.2167	0.0938	-0.0295	0.0258	0.1222	0.1942	0.2229	0.1682
	(06) p_A^1	0.1271	0.3725	0.0120	0.1823	0.2472	0.4140	0.1347	0.0530	0.0212	0.0427
	(07) COLS	0.0335	-0.0309	0.1537	0.0383	-0.0465	0.1214	0.0283	0.1824	0.1976	0.1674
	(08) p_A^2	0.3041	0.2802	0.0763	0.3640	0.1279	0.1800	0.3983	0.0783	0.0354	0.0335
Pooled Min.	(09) UDIM	0.0071	0.0879	0.1405	0.1426	-0.1441	-0.0311	0.0836	0.0979	0.1125	0.1022
	(10) p_A^1	0.4715	0.2024	0.0667	0.0762	0.0916	0.4002	0.1731	0.1842	0.0380	0.0891
	(11) COLS	-0.0144	-0.0064	0.1215	0.0882	-0.1613	-0.0305	0.0188	0.0528	0.0928	0.1076
	(12) p_A^2	0.4465	0.4754	0.1133	0.1894	0.0475	0.4058	0.4228	0.3324	0.0985	0.0870
Male Avg.	(13) UDIM	0.1702	0.1603	0.2160	0.2020	0.0086	0.0490	0.0464	0.1203	0.1964	0.2171
	(14) p_A^1	0.0736	0.0987	0.0398	0.0648	0.4683	0.3696	0.3557	0.1378	0.0151	0.0057
	(15) COLS	0.0980	0.0851	0.1246	0.1152	-0.0935	0.0873	-0.0912	0.0078	0.1558	0.1794
	(16) p_A^2	0.2155	0.2500	0.1590	0.1899	0.1908	0.2915	0.2276	0.4748	0.0476	0.0306
Male Max.	(17) UDIM	0.2154	0.1462	0.2675	0.1904	-0.0150	0.1251	0.0527	0.1772	0.2339	0.2136
	(18) p_A^1	0.0778	0.1689	0.0526	0.1254	0.4382	0.2176	0.3522	0.1101	0.0098	0.0144
	(19) COLS	0.0930	0.0266	0.1340	0.0659	-0.0826	0.1824	-0.0804	0.0713	0.2014	0.1829
	(20) p_A^2	0.2930	0.4340	0.2115	0.3401	0.2019	0.1492	0.2813	0.3238	0.0256	0.0413
Male Min.	(21) UDIM	0.1740	0.1749	0.2289	0.1889	-0.0554	0.1438	0.0083	0.1599	0.1791	0.1909
	(22) p_A^1	0.0748	0.0852	0.0251	0.0705	0.3329	0.1636	0.4748	0.1105	0.0229	0.0211
	(23) COLS	0.0936	0.0889	0.1343	0.1019	-0.1239	0.1613	-0.1149	0.0627	0.1284	0.1686
	(24) p_A^2	0.2288	0.2424	0.1337	0.2080	0.1706	0.1481	0.1864	0.3374	0.0808	0.0551
Female Avg.	(25) UDIM	0.0530	0.0504	0.1896	0.1719	-0.0606	-0.0145	0.1086	0.1497	0.1392	0.1398
	(26) p_A^1	0.2724	0.2930	0.0294	0.0494	0.2507	0.4558	0.1552	0.0562	0.0455	0.0515
	(27) COLS	0.0393	0.0600	0.1776	0.1854	-0.0571	0.0184	0.0882	0.1612	0.1487	0.1541
	(28) p_A^2	0.3296	0.2634	0.0434	0.0427	0.2560	0.4490	0.2291	0.0550	0.0573	0.0311
Female Max.	(29) UDIM	0.0710	0.0729	0.2409	0.1849	-0.0440	-0.0124	0.1139	0.2305	0.1469	0.1298
	(30) p_A^1	0.1705	0.1801	0.0090	0.0573	0.2929	0.4622	0.1795	0.0452	0.1201	0.1257
	(31) COLS	0.1060	0.1250	0.2584	0.2386	-0.0132	0.0657	0.0969	0.2506	0.1525	0.1394
	(32) p_A^2	0.1004	0.0810	0.0079	0.0270	0.4323	0.3224	0.2292	0.0389	0.1237	0.0980
Female Min.	(33) UDIM	-0.0695	-0.0657	0.0239	-0.0646	-0.1468	-0.0090	0.1280	0.0993	0.1336	0.0527
	(34) p_A^1	0.3052	0.3302	0.4238	0.3022	0.0962	0.4736	0.1245	0.2201	0.0414	0.2608
	(35) COLS	-0.0835	-0.1032	0.0457	-0.0562	-0.1550	-0.0396	0.0979	0.0970	0.1463	0.0684
	(36) p_A^2	0.2667	0.2418	0.3641	0.3430	0.0807	0.3887	0.2163	0.2377	0.0547	0.2002

Note: This table contains treatment effect estimates from between-effects regressions for which the specification of the outcome equation is quadratic in the participant's total number of children, serving as size-bias correction that adjusts for differences in family sizes. UDIM represents such a between-effects estimator without controlling for the participant's pre-program covariates. COLS controls for the participant's pre-program covariates. The associated asymptotic p -values are denoted by p_A^1 and p_A^2 , respectively. The first column indicates the gender (Pooled, Male, or Female) of the second-generation in the sample used for estimation, as well as the type of intergenerational outcome used: Avg. denotes the average of children's outcomes at the participant level; Max. denotes the maximum outcome of participant's children; Min. denotes the minimum outcome of the participant's children.

Table 69: Size Bias-Adjusted Estimates of Effects on Children of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -sponded	Never Su -sponded	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Pooled Avg.	(01) UDIM	0.2065	0.3091	0.1139	0.1021	0.2688	0.3359	0.1052	0.1057	0.2642	0.3314
	(02) p_A^1	0.0604	0.0107	0.0749	0.1037	0.0213	0.0045	0.0387	0.0273	0.0224	0.0046
	(03) COLS	0.2412	0.3117	0.1282	0.1316	0.2926	0.3607	0.0868	0.1007	0.2786	0.3473
	(04) p_A^2	0.0592	0.0176	0.0739	0.0736	0.0194	0.0042	0.0604	0.0347	0.0245	0.0055
Pooled Max.	(05) UDIM	0.0956	0.1616	0.0483	0.0495	0.2286	0.2185	0.0000	0.0000	0.1737	0.1616
	(06) p_A^1	0.2043	0.1143	0.1669	0.1675	0.0533	0.0619	0.5000	0.5000	0.0990	0.1143
	(07) COLS	0.1357	0.1496	0.0641	0.0635	0.2339	0.2245	0.0000	0.0000	0.1599	0.1496
	(08) p_A^2	0.1826	0.1580	0.1762	0.1779	0.0757	0.0852	0.5000	0.5000	0.1421	0.1580
Pooled Min.	(09) UDIM	0.0906	0.0600	0.1314	0.1352	0.0785	0.1182	0.1688	0.1892	0.0669	0.1064
	(10) p_A^1	0.2895	0.3569	0.1625	0.1397	0.2911	0.2183	0.0658	0.0047	0.3220	0.2444
	(11) COLS	0.1161	0.0893	0.1620	0.1955	0.1238	0.1605	0.1428	0.1938	0.1123	0.1484
	(12) p_A^2	0.2610	0.3136	0.1129	0.0793	0.2215	0.1713	0.0654	0.0124	0.2464	0.1930
Male Avg.	(13) UDIM	0.1715	0.2598	0.0124	-0.0207	0.2166	0.2530	0.0897	0.0566	0.2236	0.2633
	(14) p_A^1	0.1602	0.0772	0.4665	0.4429	0.1063	0.0758	0.0660	0.1225	0.0913	0.0629
	(15) COLS	0.1143	0.1843	0.0181	-0.0121	0.1231	0.1518	0.0846	0.0544	0.1432	0.1752
	(16) p_A^2	0.2986	0.1912	0.4513	0.4664	0.2643	0.2167	0.0979	0.1658	0.2283	0.1818
Male Max.	(17) UDIM	0.0625	0.2011	0.0480	0.0480	0.1494	0.2028	0.0000	0.0000	0.1721	0.2235
	(18) p_A^1	0.3658	0.1431	0.3636	0.3636	0.2295	0.1617	0.5000	0.5000	0.1785	0.1224
	(19) COLS	-0.0293	0.0806	0.0850	0.0850	0.0039	0.0544	0.0000	0.0000	0.0401	0.0849
	(20) p_A^2	0.4514	0.3556	0.2573	0.2573	0.4938	0.4140	0.5000	0.5000	0.4338	0.3643
Male Min.	(21) UDIM	0.1387	0.1387	0.1401	0.0868	0.1732	0.1732	0.2116	0.1395	0.1465	0.1465
	(22) p_A^1	0.2400	0.2400	0.2009	0.2905	0.1686	0.1686	0.0174	0.0165	0.2147	0.2147
	(23) COLS	0.0495	0.0495	0.1521	0.1132	0.0755	0.0755	0.2409	0.1691	0.0534	0.0534
	(24) p_A^2	0.4089	0.4089	0.1909	0.2440	0.3478	0.3478	0.0190	0.0268	0.3953	0.3953
Female Avg.	(25) UDIM	0.1687	0.2780	0.1994	0.2590	0.2559	0.3801	0.0955	0.1455	0.2266	0.3468
	(26) p_A^1	0.1318	0.0255	0.0411	0.0163	0.0490	0.0036	0.1515	0.0685	0.0734	0.0073
	(27) COLS	0.1904	0.2798	0.2484	0.3104	0.3003	0.4210	0.0750	0.1288	0.2492	0.3671
	(28) p_A^2	0.1322	0.0386	0.0323	0.0123	0.0413	0.0042	0.2095	0.1035	0.0747	0.0110
Female Max.	(29) UDIM	0.1491	0.1590	0.1588	0.1750	0.3396	0.4160	0.0707	0.0793	0.2434	0.2508
	(30) p_A^1	0.0670	0.0643	0.0724	0.0721	0.0073	0.0011	0.1635	0.1633	0.0259	0.0251
	(31) COLS	0.1920	0.1863	0.2193	0.2346	0.4011	0.4546	0.0839	0.0908	0.2827	0.2844
	(32) p_A^2	0.0742	0.0767	0.0693	0.0673	0.0080	0.0016	0.1761	0.1763	0.0334	0.0334
Female Min.	(33) UDIM	0.1400	0.1754	0.1176	0.1957	0.1157	0.2305	0.1328	0.2099	0.1183	0.2509
	(34) p_A^1	0.2342	0.1899	0.2170	0.0991	0.2706	0.1169	0.1184	0.0214	0.2761	0.1043
	(35) COLS	0.1583	0.1951	0.1122	0.1772	0.1741	0.2738	0.0921	0.1828	0.1664	0.2866
	(36) p_A^2	0.2400	0.2082	0.2731	0.2082	0.2029	0.0991	0.2404	0.0771	0.2307	0.1053

Note: This table contains treatment effect estimates from between-effects regressions for which the specification of the outcome equation is quadratic in the participant's total number of children, serving as size-bias correction that adjusts for differences in family sizes. UDIM represents such a between-effects estimator without controlling for the participant's pre-program covariates. COLS controls for the participant's pre-program covariates. The associated asymptotic p -values are denoted by p_A^1 and p_A^2 , respectively. The first column indicates the gender (Pooled, Male, or Female) of the second-generation in the sample used for estimation, as well as the type of intergenerational outcome used: Avg. denotes the average of children's outcomes at the participant level; Max. denotes the maximum outcome of participant's children; Min. denotes the minimum outcome of the participant's children.

Table 69: Size Bias-Adjusted Estimates of Effects on Children of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Attended College	Attended College	Attended College	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Pooled Avg.	(01) UDIM	-0.0077	-0.0141	0.0039	0.1035	0.1391	0.1969	0.1376	0.2014	0.2614
	(02) p_A^1	0.4746	0.4541	0.4883	0.1856	0.1360	0.0878	0.1151	0.0506	0.0304
	(03) COLS	-0.0405	-0.0539	-0.0303	0.1422	0.1853	0.2175	0.1570	0.2132	0.2395
	(04) p_A^2	0.3668	0.3362	0.4159	0.1124	0.0699	0.0692	0.0806	0.0345	0.0401
Pooled Max.	(05) UDIM	0.1163	0.1625	0.1669	-0.0205	-0.0454	0.0676	-0.0297	-0.0590	0.0748
	(06) p_A^1	0.2354	0.1553	0.1818	0.4306	0.3548	0.3055	0.4049	0.3237	0.3021
	(07) COLS	0.0203	0.0648	0.1346	-0.0526	-0.0774	-0.0263	-0.0532	-0.0813	-0.0239
	(08) p_A^2	0.4490	0.3460	0.2264	0.3552	0.2966	0.4484	0.3589	0.2961	0.4540
Pooled Min.	(09) UDIM	-0.1244	-0.1358	-0.0644	0.0648	0.0733	0.3359	0.0605	0.0689	0.3244
	(10) p_A^1	0.1415	0.1311	0.3086	0.2967	0.2980	0.0126	0.3033	0.2993	0.0126
	(11) COLS	-0.0950	-0.1086	-0.0415	0.0560	0.0696	0.2597	0.0512	0.0640	0.2406
	(12) p_A^2	0.1583	0.1511	0.3679	0.3291	0.3213	0.0257	0.3360	0.3248	0.0304
Male Avg.	(13) UDIM	0.1535	0.1244	0.1888	0.1589	0.1922	0.2179	0.1732	0.2044	0.2256
	(14) p_A^1	0.1156	0.1826	0.0900	0.1923	0.1520	0.1286	0.1605	0.1259	0.1118
	(15) COLS	0.0980	0.0704	0.2081	0.1995	0.2280	0.1748	0.1974	0.2250	0.1688
	(16) p_A^2	0.2575	0.3281	0.1158	0.1237	0.1017	0.1820	0.1158	0.0950	0.1844
Male Max.	(17) UDIM	0.2500	0.2500	0.2727	0.1134	0.2329	0.2681	0.1076	0.2029	0.2672
	(18) p_A^1	0.0988	0.0988	0.0890	0.2844	0.1361	0.1059	0.2932	0.1696	0.1059
	(19) COLS	0.2531	0.2531	0.3889	0.2196	0.3340	0.3132	0.2145	0.3084	0.3282
	(20) p_A^2	0.1687	0.1687	0.0773	0.1138	0.0278	0.0600	0.1190	0.0507	0.0589
Male Min.	(21) UDIM	0.0683	0.0613	0.1036	0.1624	0.1624	0.2341	0.1741	0.1741	0.2342
	(22) p_A^1	0.2971	0.3211	0.2316	0.2060	0.2060	0.1125	0.1788	0.1788	0.1035
	(23) COLS	-0.0055	-0.0073	0.0933	0.1689	0.1689	0.1231	0.1701	0.1701	0.1126
	(24) p_A^2	0.4846	0.4798	0.2903	0.1710	0.1710	0.2398	0.1616	0.1616	0.2551
Female Avg.	(25) UDIM	-0.1200	-0.0738	-0.0645	0.0988	0.1334	0.0889	0.1343	0.2156	0.2047
	(26) p_A^1	0.2549	0.3489	0.3906	0.2646	0.2220	0.3334	0.1994	0.1067	0.1663
	(27) COLS	-0.1835	-0.1422	-0.1828	0.1314	0.1693	0.1476	0.1464	0.2145	0.2198
	(28) p_A^2	0.1653	0.2362	0.2285	0.1975	0.1442	0.1927	0.1735	0.0945	0.1087
Female Max.	(29) UDIM	-0.0848	-0.0454	0.0968	0.1430	0.1136	0.2818	0.1802	0.1511	0.3523
	(30) p_A^1	0.3347	0.4193	0.3652	0.2157	0.2799	0.0913	0.1766	0.2412	0.0704
	(31) COLS	-0.1216	-0.0833	0.0816	0.2562	0.2220	0.4679	0.2498	0.2063	0.4612
	(32) p_A^2	0.2897	0.3738	0.3957	0.0863	0.1299	0.0291	0.1043	0.1651	0.0371
Female Min.	(33) UDIM	-0.2717	-0.2532	-0.1425	0.0661	0.0819	0.1369	0.0661	0.0964	0.2161
	(34) p_A^1	0.0916	0.1249	0.3002	0.3580	0.3492	0.2924	0.3580	0.3237	0.1748
	(35) COLS	-0.3759	-0.3776	-0.3165	0.0038	0.0552	0.1124	0.0038	0.0572	0.1652
	(36) p_A^2	0.0383	0.0501	0.1232	0.4910	0.3867	0.2632	0.4910	0.3836	0.1674

Note: This table contains treatment effect estimates from between-effects regressions for which the specification of the outcome equation is quadratic in the participant's total number of children, serving as size-bias correction that adjusts for differences in family sizes. UDIM represents such a between-effects estimator without controlling for the participant's pre-program covariates. COLS controls for the participant's pre-program covariates. The associated asymptotic p -values are denoted by p_A^1 and p_A^2 , respectively. The first column indicates the gender (Pooled, Male, or Female) of the second-generation in the sample used for estimation, as well as the type of intergenerational outcome used: Avg. denotes the average of children's outcomes at the participant level; Max. denotes the maximum outcome of participant's children; Min. denotes the minimum outcome of the participant's children.

Table 69: Size Bias-Adjusted Estimates of Effects on Children of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Pooled Avg.	(01) UDIM	0.1598	0.2116	0.2718	0.1033	0.0995	0.1593	0.0379	0.0362	0.0441
	(02) p_A^1	0.0901	0.0436	0.0265	0.1347	0.1397	0.0689	0.2734	0.2889	0.2696
	(03) COLS	0.1934	0.2408	0.2715	0.1328	0.1274	0.1854	0.0670	0.0599	0.0710
	(04) p_A^2	0.0549	0.0259	0.0340	0.0776	0.0835	0.0376	0.1943	0.2295	0.2214
Pooled Max.	(05) UDIM	0.1089	0.0916	0.2354	0.2582	0.2360	0.4148	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	(06) p_A^1	0.2334	0.2820	0.0863	0.0841	0.1102	0.0212	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000
	(07) COLS	0.1484	0.1366	0.2930	0.2264	0.2154	0.5278	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	(08) p_A^2	0.2235	0.2547	0.1562	0.1721	0.1992	0.0168	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000
Pooled Min.	(09) UDIM	0.0605	0.0608	0.2578	−0.0259	−0.0584	0.0000	0.0632	0.0519	0.0838
	(10) p_A^1	0.3033	0.3133	0.0326	0.3489	0.1486	0.5000	0.2914	0.3379	0.2741
	(11) COLS	0.0512	0.0535	0.1878	0.0042	−0.0281	0.0114	0.0885	0.0951	0.0893
	(12) p_A^2	0.3360	0.3380	0.0750	0.4671	0.2022	0.4296	0.2669	0.2653	0.3472
Male Avg.	(13) UDIM	0.1627	0.1940	0.2183	0.2076	0.2076	0.2542	0.1034	0.1034	0.1108
	(14) p_A^1	0.1790	0.1406	0.1270	0.0114	0.0114	0.0102	0.0641	0.0641	0.0647
	(15) COLS	0.2126	0.2402	0.2084	0.2384	0.2384	0.2637	0.1438	0.1438	0.1688
	(16) p_A^2	0.1050	0.0852	0.1533	0.0073	0.0073	0.0070	0.0647	0.0647	0.0597
Male Max.	(17) UDIM	0.1109	0.2143	0.2698	0.3854	0.4166	0.4545	0.0581	0.0581	0.0630
	(18) p_A^1	0.3011	0.1726	0.1214	0.0229	0.0057	0.0049	0.1520	0.1520	0.1526
	(19) COLS	0.2250	0.3405	0.3630	0.5194	0.5521	0.6028	0.0750	0.0750	0.0909
	(20) p_A^2	0.1434	0.0583	0.0774	0.0057	0.0015	0.0011	0.1686	0.1686	0.1640
Male Min.	(21) UDIM	0.1678	0.1678	0.2305	0.0707	0.0707	0.1451	0.1633	0.1713	0.1762
	(22) p_A^1	0.1853	0.1853	0.1121	0.1659	0.1659	0.0702	0.0251	0.0281	0.0247
	(23) COLS	0.1859	0.1859	0.1522	0.0728	0.0728	0.1099	0.2028	0.2033	0.2430
	(24) p_A^2	0.1391	0.1391	0.2056	0.1778	0.1778	0.0976	0.0501	0.0544	0.0371
Female Avg.	(25) UDIM	0.1978	0.2817	0.2821	0.1061	0.1406	0.2209	0.0008	−0.0099	−0.0322
	(26) p_A^1	0.1008	0.0477	0.0852	0.2583	0.2148	0.1475	0.4963	0.4542	0.3672
	(27) COLS	0.2245	0.2930	0.3225	0.0987	0.1216	0.2145	0.0098	−0.0061	−0.0177
	(28) p_A^2	0.0600	0.0268	0.0258	0.2616	0.2335	0.1130	0.4628	0.4768	0.4300
Female Max.	(29) UDIM	0.2669	0.2438	0.4585	0.0434	0.0309	0.2916	0.0675	0.0619	0.0585
	(30) p_A^1	0.0845	0.1298	0.0267	0.4239	0.4503	0.1584	0.1658	0.1679	0.1703
	(31) COLS	0.3545	0.3145	0.5967	0.0318	0.0113	0.4030	0.0820	0.0763	0.0653
	(32) p_A^2	0.0317	0.0619	0.0074	0.4496	0.4824	0.0604	0.1767	0.1814	0.1948
Female Min.	(33) UDIM	0.1352	0.1690	0.3026	0.1442	0.1388	0.3000	−0.0016	−0.1118	−0.1570
	(34) p_A^1	0.2210	0.2079	0.0897	0.1937	0.2264	0.0770	0.4960	0.2400	0.2116
	(35) COLS	0.0883	0.1502	0.2674	0.0924	0.0742	0.1996	−0.0247	−0.1421	−0.2293
	(36) p_A^2	0.2878	0.2062	0.0429	0.2719	0.3193	0.0931	0.4449	0.2300	0.1975

Note: This table contains treatment effect estimates from between-effects regressions for which the specification of the outcome equation is quadratic in the participant's total number of children, serving as size-bias correction that adjusts for differences in family sizes. UDIM represents such a between-effects estimator without controlling for the participant's pre-program covariates. COLS controls for the participant's pre-program covariates. The associated asymptotic p -values are denoted by p_A^1 and p_A^2 , respectively. The first column indicates the gender (Pooled, Male, or Female) of the second-generation in the sample used for estimation, as well as the type of intergenerational outcome used: Avg. denotes the average of children's outcomes at the participant level; Max. denotes the maximum outcome of participant's children; Min. denotes the minimum outcome of the participant's children.

Table 69: Size Bias-Adjusted Estimates of Effects on Children of the Male Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Pooled Avg.	(01) UDIM	-0.0899	-0.0797	-0.0543	-0.0714	0.1268	0.1059	0.2480	0.2452	0.0257	0.0270
	(02) p_A^1	0.1552	0.1757	0.2207	0.1820	0.1006	0.1220	0.0387	0.0375	0.3214	0.3291
	(03) COLS	-0.0374	-0.0453	-0.0027	-0.0195	0.1827	0.1207	0.2535	0.2209	0.0269	0.0261
	(04) p_A^2	0.3254	0.2951	0.4833	0.3900	0.0729	0.1258	0.0481	0.0701	0.3386	0.3586
Pooled Max.	(05) UDIM	-0.1233	-0.1635	-0.1002	-0.0921	0.0599	0.0000	0.1543	0.0112	0.0000	0.0000
	(06) p_A^1	0.2721	0.2347	0.2774	0.3065	0.1504	0.5000	0.1288	0.4696	0.5000	0.5000
	(07) COLS	-0.0276	0.0316	-0.0173	0.0919	0.0949	0.0000	0.1464	-0.0114	0.0000	0.0000
	(08) p_A^2	0.4552	0.4551	0.4669	0.3617	0.1390	0.5000	0.1650	0.4701	0.5000	0.5000
Pooled Min.	(09) UDIM	-0.1078	-0.0616	-0.0584	-0.0616	0.0062	0.1603	0.0869	0.1488	0.0567	0.0883
	(10) p_A^1	0.0680	0.1379	0.1486	0.1379	0.4842	0.1542	0.2885	0.1872	0.3465	0.2995
	(11) COLS	-0.0467	-0.0396	-0.0281	-0.0396	0.0383	0.0711	0.0850	0.0849	0.0591	-0.0321
	(12) p_A^2	0.1357	0.1528	0.2022	0.1528	0.4152	0.3295	0.3098	0.3057	0.3481	0.4400
Male Avg.	(13) UDIM	0.0744	0.0794	0.0744	0.0794	0.2608	0.2352	0.2665	0.2513	0.0586	0.0646
	(14) p_A^1	0.0808	0.0822	0.0808	0.0822	0.0527	0.0799	0.0652	0.0913	0.2168	0.2065
	(15) COLS	0.1062	0.1253	0.1062	0.1253	0.2125	0.1003	0.1421	0.0682	-0.0020	-0.0175
	(16) p_A^2	0.0589	0.0585	0.0589	0.0585	0.1488	0.3061	0.2192	0.3517	0.4891	0.4154
Male Max.	(17) UDIM	0.1683	0.1818	0.1683	0.1818	0.2536	0.2311	0.2490	0.2137	0.0624	0.0679
	(18) p_A^1	0.0774	0.0775	0.0774	0.0775	0.0732	0.1007	0.1184	0.1668	0.1492	0.1468
	(19) COLS	0.3458	0.4137	0.3458	0.4137	0.2123	0.1031	0.1048	-0.0125	0.0570	0.0617
	(20) p_A^2	0.0235	0.0185	0.0235	0.0185	0.2001	0.3424	0.3076	0.4728	0.1557	0.1499
Male Min.	(21) UDIM	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.1687	0.1761	0.2105	0.1870	0.1244	0.1288
	(22) p_A^1	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.1767	0.1690	0.1133	0.1567	0.2062	0.2000
	(23) COLS	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0747	-0.0333	0.0981	0.0116	-0.0583	-0.0964
	(24) p_A^2	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.3578	0.4296	0.2963	0.4746	0.3770	0.3353
Female Avg.	(25) UDIM	-0.2007	-0.1610	-0.0682	-0.0719	0.0490	0.0610	0.2156	0.2237	0.0351	0.0341
	(26) p_A^1	0.0837	0.1477	0.2771	0.2998	0.3031	0.2907	0.0622	0.0625	0.2913	0.3223
	(27) COLS	-0.1712	-0.1520	-0.0391	-0.0422	0.0177	0.0784	0.2196	0.2015	0.0596	0.0950
	(28) p_A^2	0.1503	0.2037	0.3716	0.3628	0.4317	0.2732	0.0836	0.1148	0.2553	0.2058
Female Max.	(29) UDIM	-0.2946	-0.1671	-0.2162	-0.1406	0.0661	0.0773	0.1590	0.1997	0.0604	0.0674
	(30) p_A^1	0.1110	0.2531	0.1140	0.2454	0.1499	0.1506	0.0643	0.1067	0.1514	0.1532
	(31) COLS	-0.2740	-0.0211	-0.2066	-0.0109	0.0904	0.1293	0.1863	0.1639	0.0908	0.1280
	(32) p_A^2	0.1617	0.4686	0.0883	0.4748	0.1539	0.1354	0.0767	0.1725	0.1518	0.1329
Female Min.	(33) UDIM	-0.2506	-0.1596	-0.0308	0.0078	-0.0794	-0.1195	0.0012	-0.1282	-0.0405	-0.0449
	(34) p_A^1	0.0348	0.1524	0.3843	0.4752	0.2996	0.2633	0.4972	0.2672	0.3915	0.4029
	(35) COLS	-0.2714	-0.2191	-0.0504	-0.0322	-0.0658	-0.1958	0.0194	-0.1047	0.0376	-0.0621
	(36) p_A^2	0.0351	0.0867	0.3190	0.3859	0.3687	0.2022	0.4646	0.3499	0.4029	0.3918

Note: This table contains treatment effect estimates from between-effects regressions for which the specification of the outcome equation is quadratic in the participant's total number of children, serving as size-bias correction that adjusts for differences in family sizes. UDIM represents such a between-effects estimator without controlling for the participant's pre-program covariates. COLS controls for the participant's pre-program covariates. The associated asymptotic p -values are denoted by p_A^1 and p_A^2 , respectively. The first column indicates the gender (Pooled, Male, or Female) of the second-generation in the sample used for estimation, as well as the type of intergenerational outcome used: Avg. denotes the average of children's outcomes at the participant level; Max. denotes the maximum outcome of participant's children; Min. denotes the minimum outcome of the participant's children.

Table 69: Size Bias-Adjusted Estimates of Effects on Children of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Pooled Avg.	(01) UDIM	0.1268	0.1059	0.2480	0.2452	-0.0125	-0.1103	0.1290	0.1475	0.2055	0.1617
	(02) p_A^1	0.1006	0.1220	0.0387	0.0375	0.4520	0.2643	0.1626	0.1256	0.0164	0.0435
	(03) COLS	0.1827	0.1207	0.2535	0.2209	-0.0835	-0.0243	0.0716	0.1085	0.1992	0.1671
	(04) p_A^2	0.0729	0.1258	0.0481	0.0701	0.1999	0.4482	0.3136	0.2039	0.0214	0.0207
Pooled Max.	(05) UDIM	0.0599	0.0000	0.1543	0.0112	-0.0568	-0.0079	0.1454	0.2293	0.2445	0.1878
	(06) p_A^1	0.1504	0.5000	0.1288	0.4696	0.1655	0.4834	0.1784	0.1018	0.0494	0.0618
	(07) COLS	0.0949	0.0000	0.1464	-0.0114	-0.0715	0.0489	0.0876	0.2316	0.2224	0.1793
	(08) p_A^2	0.1390	0.5000	0.1650	0.4701	0.1577	0.4091	0.3072	0.1153	0.0628	0.0430
Pooled Min.	(09) UDIM	0.0062	0.1603	0.0869	0.1488	-0.2346	-0.0999	0.0941	0.0881	0.1942	0.0505
	(10) p_A^1	0.4842	0.1542	0.2885	0.1872	0.0400	0.2984	0.2156	0.2997	0.0166	0.2834
	(11) COLS	0.0383	0.0711	0.0850	0.0849	-0.2540	-0.0079	0.0603	0.0524	0.1811	0.0724
	(12) p_A^2	0.4152	0.3295	0.3098	0.3057	0.0167	0.4837	0.3307	0.3846	0.0257	0.1625
Male Avg.	(13) UDIM	0.2608	0.2352	0.2665	0.2513	-0.0137	0.0897	-0.1250	0.0944	0.1138	0.2268
	(14) p_A^1	0.0527	0.0799	0.0652	0.0913	0.4657	0.3247	0.2249	0.2772	0.0555	0.0160
	(15) COLS	0.2125	0.1003	0.1421	0.0682	-0.0878	0.0648	-0.2653	-0.0207	0.0724	0.1775
	(16) p_A^2	0.1488	0.3061	0.2192	0.3517	0.2872	0.3662	0.0421	0.4429	0.1975	0.0508
Male Max.	(17) UDIM	0.2536	0.2311	0.2490	0.2137	-0.1472	0.1563	-0.1227	0.1014	0.1313	0.2321
	(18) p_A^1	0.0732	0.1007	0.1184	0.1668	0.1421	0.2404	0.2599	0.3186	0.0467	0.0332
	(19) COLS	0.2123	0.1031	0.1048	-0.0125	-0.2168	0.1172	-0.2602	0.0005	0.0856	0.1930
	(20) p_A^2	0.2001	0.3424	0.3076	0.4728	0.0971	0.3373	0.0820	0.4991	0.1685	0.0702
Male Min.	(21) UDIM	0.1687	0.1761	0.2105	0.1870	-0.0553	0.1924	-0.1731	0.1757	0.1138	0.2271
	(22) p_A^1	0.1767	0.1690	0.1133	0.1567	0.3771	0.1928	0.1497	0.1970	0.0555	0.0345
	(23) COLS	0.0747	-0.0333	0.0981	0.0116	-0.1105	0.2124	-0.2795	0.0829	0.0724	0.1906
	(24) p_A^2	0.3578	0.4296	0.2963	0.4746	0.2756	0.1604	0.0338	0.3411	0.1975	0.0710
Female Avg.	(25) UDIM	0.0490	0.0610	0.2156	0.2237	-0.0715	-0.0600	0.2562	0.1960	0.1780	0.0792
	(26) p_A^1	0.3031	0.2907	0.0622	0.0625	0.2817	0.3843	0.0579	0.0931	0.0840	0.2156
	(27) COLS	0.0177	0.0784	0.2196	0.2015	-0.1080	-0.0573	0.2683	0.2127	0.1968	0.1163
	(28) p_A^2	0.4317	0.2732	0.0836	0.1148	0.2098	0.3984	0.0682	0.0780	0.0868	0.1039
Female Max.	(29) UDIM	0.0661	0.0773	0.1590	0.1997	-0.1329	-0.0023	0.2247	0.2947	0.1573	0.1042
	(30) p_A^1	0.1499	0.1506	0.0643	0.1067	0.1401	0.4956	0.1248	0.0771	0.1920	0.2133
	(31) COLS	0.0904	0.1293	0.1863	0.1639	-0.0934	0.0194	0.2602	0.3363	0.1804	0.1297
	(32) p_A^2	0.1539	0.1354	0.0767	0.1725	0.2667	0.4678	0.1175	0.0599	0.1896	0.1474
Female Min.	(33) UDIM	-0.0794	-0.1195	0.0012	-0.1282	-0.2330	-0.0783	0.3136	0.0750	0.2120	-0.0627
	(34) p_A^1	0.2996	0.2633	0.4972	0.2672	0.0401	0.3589	0.0308	0.3573	0.0337	0.1688
	(35) COLS	-0.0658	-0.1958	0.0194	-0.1047	-0.2883	-0.0970	0.3069	0.0887	0.2278	-0.0211
	(36) p_A^2	0.3687	0.2022	0.4646	0.3499	0.0346	0.3484	0.0446	0.3409	0.0289	0.2622

Note: This table contains treatment effect estimates from between-effects regressions for which the specification of the outcome equation is quadratic in the participant's total number of children, serving as size-bias correction that adjusts for differences in family sizes. UDIM represents such a between-effects estimator without controlling for the participant's pre-program covariates. COLS controls for the participant's pre-program covariates. The associated asymptotic p -values are denoted by p_A^1 and p_A^2 , respectively. The first column indicates the gender (Pooled, Male, or Female) of the second-generation in the sample used for estimation, as well as the type of intergenerational outcome used: Avg. denotes the average of children's outcomes at the participant level; Max. denotes the maximum outcome of participant's children; Min. denotes the minimum outcome of the participant's children.

Table 70: Size Bias-Adjusted Estimates of Effects on Children of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -sponded	Never Su -sponded	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Any HS w/o Susp.
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21	18	21
Pooled Avg.	(01) UDIM	0.2625	0.3322	-0.0552	0.0124	0.1623	0.2206	0.0220	0.1011	0.2416	0.3090
	(02) p_A^1	0.0105	0.0010	0.3282	0.4595	0.0946	0.0432	0.4188	0.1220	0.0171	0.0027
	(03) COLS	0.1842	0.2792	-0.1072	0.0082	0.0569	0.1289	-0.0105	0.1275	0.1632	0.2542
	(04) p_A^2	0.0826	0.0088	0.2376	0.4766	0.3432	0.1928	0.4705	0.0838	0.1069	0.0178
Pooled Max.	(05) UDIM	0.2381	0.3103	0.0429	0.1242	0.1785	0.2465	0.0457	0.1241	0.1871	0.2547
	(06) p_A^1	0.0331	0.0036	0.3449	0.0710	0.0910	0.0279	0.3349	0.0702	0.0794	0.0219
	(07) COLS	0.1630	0.2622	-0.0060	0.1394	0.1090	0.2053	0.0132	0.1498	0.1250	0.2196
	(08) p_A^2	0.1513	0.0334	0.4828	0.0528	0.2424	0.0870	0.4633	0.0509	0.2092	0.0639
Pooled Min.	(09) UDIM	0.3366	0.4141	-0.0724	0.0415	0.2977	0.3646	-0.0713	0.0600	0.3366	0.4141
	(10) p_A^1	0.0056	0.0001	0.3296	0.3897	0.0122	0.0009	0.3435	0.3435	0.0056	0.0001
	(11) COLS	0.2354	0.3497	-0.1856	0.0141	0.1923	0.2821	-0.1719	0.0977	0.2354	0.3497
	(12) p_A^2	0.0564	0.0021	0.1490	0.4669	0.0897	0.0164	0.2168	0.2989	0.0564	0.0021
Male Avg.	(13) UDIM	0.3162	0.2785	0.0830	0.0491	0.2344	0.1909	0.1610	0.1377	0.2691	0.2291
	(14) p_A^1	0.0336	0.0560	0.3307	0.3987	0.0961	0.1465	0.1691	0.2100	0.0677	0.1048
	(15) COLS	0.3048	0.2827	0.0628	0.0517	0.2209	0.1965	0.1672	0.1623	0.2551	0.2331
	(16) p_A^2	0.0492	0.0647	0.3667	0.3924	0.1198	0.1510	0.1515	0.1640	0.0890	0.1118
Male Max.	(17) UDIM	0.3807	0.3667	0.1507	0.1321	0.2804	0.2586	0.0651	0.0533	0.2804	0.2586
	(18) p_A^1	0.0560	0.0677	0.2515	0.2832	0.1523	0.1785	0.3700	0.3948	0.1523	0.1785
	(19) COLS	0.3887	0.3902	0.1228	0.1243	0.3089	0.3060	0.0779	0.0811	0.3089	0.3060
	(20) p_A^2	0.0607	0.0617	0.2876	0.2886	0.1569	0.1613	0.3281	0.3239	0.1569	0.1613
Male Min.	(21) UDIM	0.3056	0.2534	0.1284	0.0674	0.3056	0.2534	0.0780	0.0134	0.3056	0.2534
	(22) p_A^1	0.0309	0.0622	0.2601	0.3664	0.0309	0.0622	0.3576	0.4749	0.0309	0.0622
	(23) COLS	0.2380	0.2063	0.0828	0.0327	0.2380	0.2063	0.1031	0.0531	0.2380	0.2063
	(24) p_A^2	0.0883	0.1235	0.3557	0.4449	0.0883	0.1235	0.3299	0.4153	0.0883	0.1235
Female Avg.	(25) UDIM	0.1982	0.2857	0.0175	0.0932	0.1347	0.2087	0.0106	0.0973	0.1982	0.2857
	(26) p_A^1	0.1138	0.0381	0.4586	0.2927	0.2307	0.1368	0.4660	0.1808	0.1138	0.0381
	(27) COLS	0.1438	0.2668	-0.0416	0.0793	0.0536	0.1481	-0.0411	0.0886	0.1438	0.2668
	(28) p_A^2	0.2234	0.0770	0.4111	0.3415	0.3932	0.2444	0.3834	0.1996	0.2234	0.0770
Female Max.	(29) UDIM	0.2979	0.3981	0.0679	0.1584	0.2741	0.3785	0.0039	0.0925	0.2979	0.3981
	(30) p_A^1	0.0366	0.0046	0.3109	0.0956	0.0505	0.0061	0.4875	0.1903	0.0366	0.0046
	(31) COLS	0.2716	0.4159	0.0001	0.1656	0.2262	0.3895	-0.0475	0.0867	0.2716	0.4159
	(32) p_A^2	0.0798	0.0087	0.4998	0.1375	0.1469	0.0211	0.3670	0.2004	0.0798	0.0087
Female Min.	(33) UDIM	0.1343	0.2943	-0.0063	0.1394	0.0754	0.2122	-0.0152	0.1461	0.1343	0.2943
	(34) p_A^1	0.2694	0.0536	0.4890	0.2524	0.3628	0.1397	0.4686	0.1506	0.2694	0.0536
	(35) COLS	0.0272	0.2753	-0.0418	0.2202	-0.0028	0.2006	-0.1177	0.1426	0.0272	0.2753
	(36) p_A^2	0.4557	0.1098	0.4336	0.1724	0.4950	0.1718	0.2811	0.1805	0.4557	0.1098

Note: This table contains treatment effect estimates from between-effects regressions for which the specification of the outcome equation is quadratic in the participant's total number of children, serving as size-bias correction that adjusts for differences in family sizes. UDIM represents such a between-effects estimator without controlling for the participant's pre-program covariates. COLS controls for the participant's pre-program covariates. The associated asymptotic p -values are denoted by p_A^1 and p_A^2 , respectively. The first column indicates the gender (Pooled, Male, or Female) of the second-generation in the sample used for estimation, as well as the type of intergenerational outcome used: Avg. denotes the average of children's outcomes at the participant level; Max. denotes the maximum outcome of participant's children; Min. denotes the minimum outcome of the participant's children.

Table 70: Size Bias-Adjusted Estimates of Effects on Children of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Attended College	Attended College	Attended College	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Any HS
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Pooled Avg.	(01) UDIM	0.0407	0.0899	0.0845	0.0525	0.0886	0.1140	0.0575	0.0924	0.1178
	(02) p_A^1	0.3817	0.2718	0.3002	0.3553	0.2810	0.2319	0.3368	0.2657	0.2174
	(03) COLS	-0.0236	0.0517	0.0523	0.0844	0.1669	0.1717	0.0925	0.1731	0.1780
	(04) p_A^2	0.4369	0.3750	0.3850	0.2691	0.1362	0.1276	0.2365	0.1121	0.1052
Pooled Max.	(05) UDIM	0.1637	0.2367	0.1953	0.0772	0.1168	0.0969	0.0875	0.1215	0.0973
	(06) p_A^1	0.1513	0.0755	0.1252	0.2963	0.2274	0.2806	0.2701	0.2157	0.2792
	(07) COLS	0.1156	0.2266	0.2026	0.1417	0.2571	0.2058	0.1545	0.2605	0.2060
	(08) p_A^2	0.2523	0.0978	0.1258	0.1919	0.0723	0.1282	0.1645	0.0689	0.1287
Pooled Min.	(09) UDIM	0.0011	0.0520	0.0906	-0.1426	-0.0667	-0.1182	-0.0800	-0.0024	-0.0534
	(10) p_A^1	0.4969	0.3624	0.2991	0.1751	0.3408	0.2303	0.2922	0.4938	0.3638
	(11) COLS	-0.0815	-0.0064	0.0577	-0.1285	-0.0498	-0.1036	-0.0357	0.0626	0.0086
	(12) p_A^2	0.3073	0.4853	0.3889	0.1897	0.3768	0.2433	0.4003	0.3393	0.4758
Male Avg.	(13) UDIM	0.3494	0.3075	0.4078	0.2009	0.2449	0.1656	0.1406	0.1765	0.1175
	(14) p_A^1	0.0090	0.0175	0.0063	0.1702	0.1233	0.2411	0.2402	0.1928	0.3036
	(15) COLS	0.2817	0.2693	0.3995	0.2187	0.2542	0.1828	0.1573	0.1899	0.1552
	(16) p_A^2	0.0374	0.0487	0.0158	0.1673	0.1252	0.2288	0.2260	0.1765	0.2551
Male Max.	(17) UDIM	0.6792	0.6544	0.4985	0.1581	0.2182	0.1256	0.0219	0.0797	-0.0019
	(18) p_A^1	0.0001	0.0002	0.0042	0.2671	0.1904	0.3130	0.4682	0.3861	0.4973
	(19) COLS	0.6377	0.6462	0.4852	0.1817	0.2342	0.1554	0.0284	0.0854	0.0234
	(20) p_A^2	0.0001	0.0001	0.0064	0.2307	0.1617	0.2588	0.4568	0.3672	0.4614
Male Min.	(21) UDIM	0.1384	0.0759	0.1831	0.0965	0.1248	0.0203	0.0793	0.0998	-0.0170
	(22) p_A^1	0.2044	0.3159	0.1590	0.3213	0.2805	0.4701	0.3427	0.3120	0.4716
	(23) COLS	0.0599	0.0232	0.1327	0.0513	0.0728	-0.0392	0.0933	0.1143	0.0101
	(24) p_A^2	0.3730	0.4516	0.2731	0.4188	0.3880	0.4501	0.3464	0.3169	0.4860
Female Avg.	(25) UDIM	0.0255	0.0795	0.0552	-0.0382	-0.0203	0.0143	-0.0315	-0.0155	0.0191
	(26) p_A^1	0.4430	0.3412	0.3893	0.4145	0.4576	0.4708	0.4293	0.4675	0.4610
	(27) COLS	-0.0138	0.0709	0.0588	-0.0286	0.0217	0.0340	-0.0222	0.0236	0.0359
	(28) p_A^2	0.4721	0.3738	0.3943	0.4281	0.4531	0.4259	0.4439	0.4487	0.4212
Female Max.	(29) UDIM	0.1274	0.1564	0.1987	0.0400	0.0723	0.0621	0.0652	0.0884	0.0661
	(30) p_A^1	0.2281	0.2041	0.1384	0.4167	0.3656	0.3874	0.3694	0.3386	0.3809
	(31) COLS	0.1133	0.2032	0.2576	0.0974	0.2506	0.1910	0.1116	0.2493	0.1895
	(32) p_A^2	0.2988	0.1815	0.1224	0.3126	0.1450	0.2040	0.2938	0.1499	0.2091
Female Min.	(33) UDIM	-0.0439	0.0724	0.0364	-0.1652	-0.0853	-0.0731	-0.1652	-0.0853	-0.0731
	(34) p_A^1	0.4220	0.3793	0.4401	0.1815	0.3329	0.3580	0.1815	0.3329	0.3580
	(35) COLS	-0.0863	0.0653	0.0902	-0.1481	-0.0682	-0.0614	-0.1481	-0.0682	-0.0614
	(36) p_A^2	0.3542	0.4037	0.3675	0.1881	0.3463	0.3615	0.1881	0.3463	0.3615

Note: This table contains treatment effect estimates from between-effects regressions for which the specification of the outcome equation is quadratic in the participant's total number of children, serving as size-bias correction that adjusts for differences in family sizes. UDIM represents such a between-effects estimator without controlling for the participant's pre-program covariates. COLS controls for the participant's pre-program covariates. The associated asymptotic p -values are denoted by p_A^1 and p_A^2 , respectively. The first column indicates the gender (Pooled, Male, or Female) of the second-generation in the sample used for estimation, as well as the type of intergenerational outcome used: Avg. denotes the average of children's outcomes at the participant level; Max. denotes the maximum outcome of participant's children; Min. denotes the minimum outcome of the participant's children.

Table 70: Size Bias-Adjusted Estimates of Effects on Children of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Exp.	In Good Health	In Good Health	In Good Health
	Child age $\geq$	18	21	23	18	21	23	18	21	23
Pooled Avg.	(01) UDIM	0.0853	0.1213	0.1467	0.1704	0.1992	0.2431	0.1769	0.1862	0.1725
	(02) p_A^1	0.2462	0.1861	0.1459	0.0585	0.0493	0.0328	0.0207	0.0206	0.0257
	(03) COLS	0.1314	0.2152	0.2200	0.1726	0.2248	0.2616	0.1872	0.2111	0.2013
	(04) p_A^2	0.1474	0.0632	0.0587	0.0255	0.0095	0.0093	0.0296	0.0276	0.0326
Pooled Max.	(05) UDIM	0.0875	0.1215	0.0973	0.3626	0.4068	0.2947	0.0532	0.0517	0.0517
	(06) p_A^1	0.2701	0.2157	0.2792	0.0134	0.0112	0.0617	0.1491	0.1487	0.1487
	(07) COLS	0.1545	0.2605	0.2060	0.3696	0.4498	0.3466	0.0705	0.0775	0.0775
	(08) p_A^2	0.1645	0.0689	0.1287	0.0166	0.0085	0.0447	0.1491	0.1484	0.1484
Pooled Min.	(09) UDIM	-0.0174	0.0618	0.0114	-0.0499	0.0191	0.0275	0.1620	0.1570	0.1987
	(10) p_A^1	0.4403	0.3139	0.4632	0.1501	0.4091	0.3792	0.1411	0.1547	0.1046
	(11) COLS	0.0071	0.1013	0.0482	-0.0263	0.0383	0.0458	0.1246	0.1260	0.1639
	(12) p_A^2	0.4779	0.2401	0.3604	0.2095	0.2438	0.2332	0.2275	0.2540	0.1952
Male Avg.	(13) UDIM	0.2095	0.2431	0.2061	0.2923	0.3185	0.3977	0.2382	0.2275	0.1216
	(14) p_A^1	0.1304	0.1015	0.1689	0.0146	0.0115	0.0125	0.0710	0.0825	0.2086
	(15) COLS	0.2058	0.2351	0.2214	0.2767	0.3021	0.4023	0.2341	0.2327	0.1382
	(16) p_A^2	0.1693	0.1319	0.1841	0.0447	0.0282	0.0232	0.0782	0.0821	0.1986
Male Max.	(17) UDIM	0.1442	0.2005	0.1185	0.5201	0.5786	0.4488	0.1309	0.1247	0.1247
	(18) p_A^1	0.2989	0.2323	0.3305	0.0050	0.0028	0.0111	0.1699	0.1851	0.1851
	(19) COLS	0.1478	0.2055	0.1278	0.5161	0.5855	0.4500	0.1235	0.1253	0.1253
	(20) p_A^2	0.3085	0.2355	0.3196	0.0098	0.0023	0.0163	0.1947	0.1943	0.1943
Male Min.	(21) UDIM	0.1707	0.1907	0.1041	0.1102	0.1237	0.1682	0.1764	0.1360	0.1077
	(22) p_A^1	0.1721	0.1563	0.3134	0.2010	0.1884	0.1586	0.2343	0.2945	0.3635
	(23) COLS	0.1387	0.1577	0.0866	0.0585	0.0790	0.1206	0.1987	0.1546	0.1245
	(24) p_A^2	0.2706	0.2482	0.3772	0.3626	0.3202	0.2703	0.2356	0.3022	0.3639
Female Avg.	(25) UDIM	0.0389	0.0574	0.0920	0.0641	0.0812	0.0996	0.2289	0.2428	0.2226
	(26) p_A^1	0.4115	0.3795	0.3156	0.3472	0.3204	0.2873	0.0178	0.0161	0.0228
	(27) COLS	0.0675	0.1329	0.1452	0.0560	0.0925	0.1019	0.2272	0.2573	0.2420
	(28) p_A^2	0.3390	0.2457	0.2224	0.3558	0.2868	0.2690	0.0261	0.0220	0.0286
Female Max.	(29) UDIM	0.1324	0.1605	0.1475	0.2294	0.2186	0.1856	0.1418	0.1430	0.1430
	(30) p_A^1	0.2523	0.2287	0.2523	0.1374	0.1723	0.2132	0.0659	0.0683	0.0683
	(31) COLS	0.2216	0.4107	0.3438	0.2562	0.3257	0.3223	0.1513	0.1666	0.1666
	(32) p_A^2	0.1451	0.0366	0.0666	0.1250	0.0989	0.0923	0.0579	0.0594	0.0594
Female Min.	(33) UDIM	-0.0885	-0.0065	0.0050	-0.1489	-0.0726	-0.0637	0.1981	0.2029	0.1894
	(34) p_A^1	0.3065	0.4863	0.4898	0.1585	0.3337	0.3556	0.0891	0.0941	0.1105
	(35) COLS	-0.0635	0.0421	0.0477	-0.1169	-0.0219	-0.0173	0.1650	0.1324	0.1375
	(36) p_A^2	0.3534	0.4050	0.3936	0.2029	0.4431	0.4555	0.1362	0.2067	0.2045

Note: This table contains treatment effect estimates from between-effects regressions for which the specification of the outcome equation is quadratic in the participant's total number of children, serving as size-bias correction that adjusts for differences in family sizes. UDIM represents such a between-effects estimator without controlling for the participant's pre-program covariates. COLS controls for the participant's pre-program covariates. The associated asymptotic p -values are denoted by p_A^1 and p_A^2 , respectively. The first column indicates the gender (Pooled, Male, or Female) of the second-generation in the sample used for estimation, as well as the type of intergenerational outcome used: Avg. denotes the average of children's outcomes at the participant level; Max. denotes the maximum outcome of participant's children; Min. denotes the minimum outcome of the participant's children.

Table 70: Size Bias-Adjusted Estimates of Effects on Children of the Female Participants

	Statistic	College Graduate	College Graduate	Employed + Col. Deg.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Addicted
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23	21	23
Pooled Avg.	(01) UDIM	0.0318	0.0318	-0.0357	-0.0357	0.1440	0.1340	0.2697	0.2569	-0.0246	-0.0455
	(02) p_A^1	0.3638	0.3665	0.2964	0.3032	0.0966	0.1127	0.0058	0.0087	0.3430	0.2232
	(03) COLS	-0.0256	-0.0311	-0.0357	-0.0412	0.0429	0.0296	0.1748	0.1573	0.0163	-0.0108
	(04) p_A^2	0.3957	0.3768	0.3016	0.2803	0.3441	0.3902	0.0414	0.0637	0.4064	0.4389
Pooled Max.	(05) UDIM	-0.0168	-0.0289	-0.1102	-0.1416	0.0861	0.0460	0.2780	0.1536	0.0000	0.0000
	(06) p_A^1	0.4662	0.4464	0.2753	0.2396	0.2168	0.3445	0.0223	0.1472	0.5000	0.5000
	(07) COLS	-0.0738	-0.0591	-0.1211	-0.1378	-0.0768	-0.1054	0.1390	0.0417	0.0000	0.0000
	(08) p_A^2	0.3652	0.3970	0.2486	0.2298	0.2122	0.1486	0.1831	0.4027	0.5000	0.5000
Pooled Min.	(09) UDIM	0.0236	0.0236	0.0000	0.0000	0.0881	0.1117	0.2781	0.2402	-0.0446	-0.1042
	(10) p_A^1	0.3582	0.3582	0.5000	0.5000	0.2752	0.2148	0.0151	0.0321	0.4000	0.2889
	(11) COLS	-0.0348	-0.0348	0.0000	0.0000	-0.0363	-0.0361	0.2381	0.1972	0.0737	-0.1266
	(12) p_A^2	0.2894	0.2894	0.5000	0.5000	0.4066	0.4036	0.0352	0.0668	0.3706	0.3139
Male Avg.	(13) UDIM	0.1295	0.1404	0.0941	0.1012	0.0509	0.0301	0.1461	0.1383	0.0454	-0.1060
	(14) p_A^1	0.1484	0.1522	0.2242	0.2290	0.3923	0.4443	0.2163	0.2590	0.4043	0.2381
	(15) COLS	0.0883	0.1139	0.0575	0.0821	-0.0359	-0.0695	0.1190	0.1064	0.0915	-0.0647
	(16) p_A^2	0.2506	0.2142	0.3302	0.2821	0.4220	0.3686	0.2698	0.3163	0.3247	0.3499
Male Max.	(17) UDIM	0.4093	0.4073	0.2445	0.2401	0.1857	0.0384	0.3296	0.1904	0.0495	-0.0655
	(18) p_A^1	0.0538	0.0410	0.1420	0.1301	0.2612	0.4427	0.1149	0.2248	0.1894	0.3108
	(19) COLS	0.4462	0.4030	0.2872	0.2332	-0.0127	-0.1588	0.3782	0.2000	0.0716	-0.0415
	(20) p_A^2	0.0218	0.0488	0.0610	0.1269	0.4828	0.2778	0.1333	0.2582	0.2141	0.2953
Male Min.	(21) UDIM	0.0567	0.0655	0.0567	0.0655	0.1970	0.0908	0.2534	0.1418	-0.1293	-0.3213
	(22) p_A^1	0.3182	0.3108	0.3182	0.3108	0.1201	0.3026	0.0622	0.1933	0.2928	0.1091
	(23) COLS	-0.0046	0.0093	-0.0046	0.0093	0.1158	0.0189	0.2063	0.1009	-0.0487	-0.3257
	(24) p_A^2	0.4854	0.4730	0.4854	0.4730	0.2594	0.4589	0.1235	0.2842	0.4319	0.1629
Female Avg.	(25) UDIM	-0.0308	-0.0216	-0.1260	-0.1168	0.1084	0.1003	0.2214	0.2052	0.0320	0.0320
	(26) p_A^1	0.4115	0.4382	0.0939	0.1157	0.1992	0.2169	0.0541	0.0701	0.3557	0.3557
	(27) COLS	-0.0617	-0.0569	-0.1202	-0.1155	0.0982	0.0889	0.1615	0.1429	0.0668	0.0668
	(28) p_A^2	0.3382	0.3506	0.1335	0.1442	0.2656	0.2840	0.1498	0.1825	0.2753	0.2753
Female Max.	(29) UDIM	-0.0920	-0.0875	-0.1952	-0.2026	0.0780	0.0780	0.3136	0.1936	0.0729	0.0729
	(30) p_A^1	0.3292	0.3468	0.1446	0.1565	0.2826	0.2826	0.0300	0.1377	0.1681	0.1681
	(31) COLS	-0.0376	0.0116	-0.1095	-0.0720	0.1586	0.1586	0.3498	0.2436	0.1093	0.1093
	(32) p_A^2	0.4293	0.4787	0.2435	0.3204	0.1740	0.1740	0.0387	0.1292	0.1310	0.1310
Female Min.	(33) UDIM	-0.0386	0.0224	-0.0729	-0.0729	0.0921	0.1363	0.1610	0.1101	-0.0505	-0.0297
	(34) p_A^1	0.3680	0.4315	0.1681	0.1681	0.3021	0.2134	0.1529	0.2352	0.3773	0.4284
	(35) COLS	-0.1034	-0.0364	-0.0950	-0.0950	0.0313	0.0980	0.0556	0.0398	-0.0245	0.0045
	(36) p_A^2	0.1916	0.3954	0.1672	0.1672	0.4318	0.2866	0.3754	0.4096	0.4667	0.4930

Note: This table contains treatment effect estimates from between-effects regressions for which the specification of the outcome equation is quadratic in the participant's total number of children, serving as size-bias correction that adjusts for differences in family sizes. UDIM represents such a between-effects estimator without controlling for the participant's pre-program covariates. COLS controls for the participant's pre-program covariates. The associated asymptotic p -values are denoted by p_A^1 and p_A^2 , respectively. The first column indicates the gender (Pooled, Male, or Female) of the second-generation in the sample used for estimation, as well as the type of intergenerational outcome used: Avg. denotes the average of children's outcomes at the participant level; Max. denotes the maximum outcome of participant's children; Min. denotes the minimum outcome of the participant's children.

Table 70: Size Bias-Adjusted Estimates of Effects on Children of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Never Add./Arr.	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.	No Teen (Im)Preg.	Attended Preschool	Mar. Par. at Birth	Mar. Par. (%) Till 18	TP Home at Birth	TPH (%) Till 18
	Child age $\geq$	21	23	21	23	19	18	18	18	18	18
Pooled Avg.	(01) UDIM	0.1099	0.1000	0.2357	0.2228	-0.0866	0.0599	-0.0022	0.0313	0.0678	0.1220
	(02) p_A^1	0.1595	0.1818	0.0127	0.0182	0.1800	0.3630	0.4928	0.4058	0.2095	0.1415
	(03) COLS	0.0073	-0.0060	0.1392	0.1217	-0.0909	0.0497	-0.1316	0.0013	0.0566	0.1286
	(04) p_A^2	0.4731	0.4774	0.0819	0.1163	0.1450	0.3996	0.1355	0.4966	0.3248	0.1813
Pooled Max.	(05) UDIM	0.0861	0.0460	0.2780	0.1536	-0.0267	0.0862	0.0392	0.0917	0.1330	0.1020
	(06) p_A^1	0.2168	0.3445	0.0223	0.1472	0.3323	0.3161	0.3994	0.2987	0.1662	0.2641
	(07) COLS	-0.0768	-0.1054	0.1390	0.0417	-0.0417	0.1455	-0.1017	0.0729	0.1116	0.1154
	(08) p_A^2	0.2122	0.1486	0.1831	0.4027	0.0935	0.2443	0.2468	0.3430	0.2426	0.2521
Pooled Min.	(09) UDIM	0.0103	0.0249	0.2013	0.1560	-0.0820	0.0245	-0.0379	0.0227	-0.0161	0.1186
	(10) p_A^1	0.4724	0.4296	0.0575	0.1082	0.3217	0.4448	0.3725	0.4430	0.4087	0.1627
	(11) COLS	-0.1221	-0.1333	0.1531	0.1039	-0.0675	-0.0943	-0.1633	-0.0217	-0.0460	0.1271
	(12) p_A^2	0.2139	0.1768	0.1161	0.1965	0.3322	0.3016	0.1006	0.4544	0.3377	0.2084
Male Avg.	(13) UDIM	0.0509	0.0301	0.1461	0.1383	-0.0611	0.1509	0.1875	0.0867	0.1628	0.1237
	(14) p_A^1	0.3923	0.4443	0.2163	0.2590	0.3560	0.2572	0.1658	0.3097	0.1025	0.1578
	(15) COLS	-0.0359	-0.0695	0.1190	0.1064	-0.1213	0.1191	0.0307	0.0276	0.1075	0.1175
	(16) p_A^2	0.4220	0.3686	0.2698	0.3163	0.2270	0.3103	0.4371	0.4503	0.2441	0.2444
Male Max.	(17) UDIM	0.1857	0.0384	0.3296	0.1904	0.1172	0.2153	0.2095	0.2220	0.2284	0.1409
	(18) p_A^1	0.2612	0.4427	0.1149	0.2248	0.1827	0.2170	0.1699	0.1457	0.0770	0.1634
	(19) COLS	-0.0127	-0.1588	0.3782	0.2000	0.0524	0.3180	0.0574	0.1505	0.1928	0.1286
	(20) p_A^2	0.4828	0.2778	0.1333	0.2582	0.3305	0.1310	0.3997	0.2692	0.1376	0.2405
Male Min.	(21) UDIM	0.1970	0.0908	0.2534	0.1418	-0.1893	0.1375	0.1318	0.0847	0.1244	0.1041
	(22) p_A^1	0.1201	0.3026	0.0622	0.1933	0.2391	0.2739	0.2461	0.3360	0.1597	0.2016
	(23) COLS	0.1158	0.0189	0.2063	0.1009	-0.2297	0.1013	-0.0255	0.0428	0.0462	0.1216
	(24) p_A^2	0.2594	0.4589	0.1235	0.2842	0.2197	0.3320	0.4489	0.4326	0.3818	0.2461
Female Avg.	(25) UDIM	0.0675	0.0593	0.1805	0.1642	-0.0899	0.0561	-0.0614	0.0648	0.0904	0.1902
	(26) p_A^1	0.3024	0.3241	0.0946	0.1180	0.2316	0.3772	0.3366	0.3347	0.2053	0.0904
	(27) COLS	0.0557	0.0465	0.1190	0.1004	-0.0696	0.0198	-0.1315	0.0564	0.0911	0.1791
	(28) p_A^2	0.3637	0.3849	0.2220	0.2618	0.2784	0.4623	0.1951	0.3561	0.2571	0.1170
Female Max.	(29) UDIM	0.0780	0.0780	0.3136	0.1936	0.0127	-0.0095	0.0043	0.1016	0.1052	0.1426
	(30) p_A^1	0.2826	0.2826	0.0300	0.1377	0.4585	0.4789	0.4900	0.3146	0.2603	0.2399
	(31) COLS	0.1586	0.1586	0.3498	0.2436	0.0256	0.0358	-0.0627	0.1087	0.0888	0.1171
	(32) p_A^2	0.1740	0.1740	0.0387	0.1292	0.4172	0.4356	0.3601	0.2926	0.3060	0.2790
Female Min.	(33) UDIM	-0.0082	0.0375	0.0689	0.0149	-0.0493	0.0509	-0.0974	0.0593	0.0453	0.1619
	(34) p_A^1	0.4827	0.4193	0.3352	0.4620	0.3933	0.3894	0.2592	0.3797	0.3345	0.1464
	(35) COLS	-0.0841	-0.0107	-0.0483	-0.0651	-0.0462	-0.0841	-0.1747	0.0348	0.0553	0.1563
	(36) p_A^2	0.3371	0.4784	0.3925	0.3555	0.3919	0.3293	0.1385	0.4306	0.3462	0.1785

Note: This table contains treatment effect estimates from between-effects regressions for which the specification of the outcome equation is quadratic in the participant's total number of children, serving as size-bias correction that adjusts for differences in family sizes. UDIM represents such a between-effects estimator without controlling for the participant's pre-program covariates. COLS controls for the participant's pre-program covariates. The associated asymptotic p -values are denoted by p_A^1 and p_A^2 , respectively. The first column indicates the gender (Pooled, Male, or Female) of the second-generation in the sample used for estimation, as well as the type of intergenerational outcome used: Avg. denotes the average of children's outcomes at the participant level; Max. denotes the maximum outcome of participant's children; Min. denotes the minimum outcome of the participant's children.

10 Single Hypothesis Tests for Effects on Participants' Marital Lives and Fertility

Table 71: Treatment Effects on the Outcomes of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Married at 20	Married at 30	Married at 40	Married at 50	Stably mar. at 20	Stably mar. at 30	Stably mar. at 40	Stably mar. at 50	Total cohab.	Any cohab.
Summary	(01) Obs.	115	114	110	94	114	106	103	94	101	102
	(02) Control	0.1017	0.2373	0.3333	0.3191	0.0172	0.0536	0.0943	0.1064	1.4400	0.5800
	(03) Treatment	0.1071	0.3455	0.4528	0.2979	0.0893	0.2000	0.2600	0.1702	1.1961	0.4615
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0054	0.1082	0.1195	−0.0213	0.0720	0.1464	0.1657	0.0638	−0.2439	−0.1185
	(05) COLS	−0.0350	0.0794	0.0855	−0.0227	0.0571	0.1554	0.1665	0.0647	−0.2067	−0.0887
	(06) AIPW	−0.0533	0.0494	0.0458	−0.0246	0.0581	0.1368	0.1447	0.0593	−0.1776	−0.0709
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.4633	0.1088	0.1004	0.4141	0.0473	0.0134	0.0163	0.1951	0.2323	0.1254
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.2984	0.2011	0.1963	0.4182	0.0890	0.0108	0.0159	0.1965	0.2383	0.1997
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.2011	0.2852	0.3015	0.4077	0.0724	0.0187	0.0242	0.2132	0.2563	0.2429
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.4601	0.0911	0.0791	0.4070	0.0354	0.0100	0.0109	0.1841	0.2177	0.0904
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.2837	0.1801	0.1757	0.4116	0.0708	0.0077	0.0113	0.1831	0.2462	0.1764
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.2023	0.2910	0.3162	0.4122	0.0594	0.0216	0.0295	0.2246	0.2912	0.2437
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.4672	0.0872	0.0808	0.4164	0.0280	0.0116	0.0180	0.1760	0.2104	0.0896
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.2740	0.1824	0.1696	0.4016	0.0688	0.0080	0.0144	0.1872	0.2336	0.1748
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.2288	0.2704	0.2988	0.3688	0.0520	0.0204	0.0324	0.2156	0.2940	0.2204
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.4372	0.0404	0.0356	0.3668	0.0028	0.0004	0.0004	0.1084	0.1696	0.0440
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.2348	0.1188	0.1136	0.3896	0.0076	0.0008	0.0012	0.1204	0.1804	0.1140
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.1288	0.2580	0.2808	0.4224	0.0088	0.0084	0.0124	0.2072	0.2296	0.2124
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.5028	0.1076	0.1028	0.4296	0.0796	0.0128	0.0136	0.2180	0.2144	0.1104
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.2480	0.1828	0.1828	0.4044	0.1056	0.0092	0.0156	0.2088	0.2424	0.1840
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.1808	0.2896	0.3112	0.4028	0.1192	0.0216	0.0372	0.2368	0.2884	0.2400
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.4884	0.1004	0.0924	0.4240	0.0772	0.0128	0.0136	0.2064	0.2152	0.1132
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.2656	0.1996	0.1948	0.4128	0.0936	0.0116	0.0176	0.2168	0.2304	0.1964
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.2016	0.2948	0.3080	0.4140	0.0900	0.0244	0.0352	0.2580	0.2664	0.2512
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.6469	0.1366	0.1205	0.6465	0.1337	0.0236	0.0245	0.1845	0.2584	0.1440
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.4106	0.2185	0.1862	0.5748	0.1519	0.0240	0.0275	0.2241	0.3123	0.2153
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.3056	0.2965	0.2959	0.5628	0.1583	0.0510	0.0483	0.2711	0.3657	0.2862
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.6339	0.1326	0.1078	0.6465	0.1310	0.0205	0.0239	0.1630	0.2560	0.1440
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.4319	0.2272	0.1965	0.5854	0.1488	0.0310	0.0274	0.2263	0.2931	0.2277
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.3395	0.2952	0.2922	0.5800	0.1366	0.0530	0.0480	0.2847	0.3463	0.2934
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.6493	0.1433	0.1205	0.6508	0.1355	0.0244	0.0260	0.1846	0.2613	0.1523
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.4127	0.2220	0.1955	0.5832	0.1567	0.0242	0.0292	0.2261	0.3155	0.2173
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.3108	0.3007	0.3034	0.5656	0.1598	0.0538	0.0504	0.2716	0.3764	0.2937
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.6385	0.1403	0.1082	0.6508	0.1327	0.0215	0.0253	0.1644	0.2582	0.1523
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.4397	0.2326	0.2039	0.5952	0.1514	0.0320	0.0275	0.2273	0.2979	0.2307
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.3478	0.2964	0.2998	0.5801	0.1416	0.0540	0.0512	0.2871	0.3563	0.3028
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.6834	0.2401	0.1506	0.7440	0.1550	0.0260	0.0334	0.2177	0.3137	0.2088
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.4248	0.2404	0.2584	0.7059	0.2069	0.0288	0.0447	0.2342	0.4545	0.2493
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.3283	0.3549	0.3272	0.6074	0.2242	0.0810	0.0589	0.2756	0.5378	0.4038
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.6796	0.2383	0.1277	0.6980	0.2181	0.0254	0.0398	0.2191	0.3196	0.2094
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.4707	0.2538	0.2243	0.6686	0.1716	0.0383	0.0400	0.3036	0.3442	0.2763
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.4305	0.3100	0.3180	0.6575	0.1981	0.0652	0.0826	0.3196	0.4352	0.3974

Note: Row (1), i.e., , provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups, respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 71: Treatment Effects on the Outcomes of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Yrs. mar. by 30	Yrs. mar. by 40	Yrs. mar. by 50	Yrs. stably mar. by 30	Yrs. stably mar. by 40	Yrs. stably mar. by 50	Children by 20	Children by 30	Children by 40	Children by 50
Summary	(01) Obs.	114	110	94	106	103	94	117	114	114	114
	(02) Control	2.3390	5.5614	8.9362	0.4107	1.3396	2.5532	0.6290	1.8475	2.2712	2.4068
	(03) Treatment	3.3091	7.4340	11.277	2.3800	4.6000	7.0638	0.5273	1.7636	2.4727	2.4727
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.9701	1.8726	2.3404	1.9693	3.2604	4.5106	-0.1018	-0.0838	0.2015	0.0659
	(05) COLS	0.5355	1.1161	1.0419	1.9048	3.1782	4.3695	-0.1089	-0.1483	0.2234	0.0865
	(06) AIPW	0.3046	0.3774	0.4134	1.7351	2.8394	4.1450	-0.1161	-0.1416	0.2314	0.1038
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.1046	0.0884	0.1444	0.0010	0.0040	0.0101	0.2814	0.3870	0.2883	0.4296
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.2658	0.2373	0.3380	0.0025	0.0063	0.0165	0.2612	0.3130	0.2677	0.4054
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.3496	0.3944	0.4319	0.0040	0.0106	0.0200	0.2231	0.3076	0.2444	0.3792
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.0794	0.0672	0.1218	0.0003	0.0019	0.0059	0.2727	0.3812	0.2843	0.4288
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.2438	0.2163	0.3235	0.0008	0.0032	0.0107	0.2634	0.3021	0.2624	0.4042
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.3535	0.4030	0.4347	0.0041	0.0133	0.0220	0.2561	0.3132	0.2543	0.3855
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.0800	0.0680	0.1224	0.0008	0.0036	0.0112	0.2820	0.3816	0.2724	0.4140
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.2448	0.2204	0.3436	0.0012	0.0060	0.0148	0.2792	0.2984	0.2568	0.3932
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.3304	0.3828	0.4380	0.0036	0.0160	0.0268	0.2760	0.3184	0.2384	0.3700
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0316	0.0204	0.0620	0.0004	0.0004	0.0004	0.2136	0.3484	0.2312	0.4112
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.1760	0.1508	0.2684	0.0004	0.0004	0.0004	0.1940	0.2480	0.2060	0.3756
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.3316	0.3980	0.4136	0.0008	0.0056	0.0180	0.1788	0.2648	0.2064	0.3660
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.1048	0.0896	0.1504	0.0012	0.0052	0.0128	0.2784	0.3956	0.2832	0.4252
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.2500	0.2276	0.3272	0.0016	0.0044	0.0120	0.2628	0.3120	0.2596	0.4008
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.3560	0.4004	0.4296	0.0048	0.0176	0.0260	0.2640	0.3296	0.2648	0.3820
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.1032	0.0864	0.1488	0.0012	0.0044	0.0112	0.2736	0.3952	0.2796	0.4228
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.2704	0.2576	0.3484	0.0024	0.0064	0.0160	0.2768	0.3220	0.2544	0.3988
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.3624	0.4084	0.4376	0.0064	0.0216	0.0332	0.2592	0.3324	0.2528	0.3752
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.2321	0.1358	0.1763	0.0118	0.0141	0.0242	0.3574	0.3703	0.4398	0.6028
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.3442	0.2431	0.3330	0.0152	0.0180	0.0271	0.3929	0.3642	0.4237	0.5865
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.4691	0.4270	0.4360	0.0229	0.0429	0.0479	0.3790	0.3813	0.4409	0.5801
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.2283	0.1281	0.1761	0.0091	0.0135	0.0242	0.3532	0.3703	0.4363	0.6026
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.3631	0.2749	0.3506	0.0167	0.0209	0.0299	0.4099	0.3739	0.4072	0.5784
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.4832	0.4305	0.4484	0.0258	0.0413	0.0538	0.3623	0.3786	0.4177	0.5744
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.2422	0.1364	0.1871	0.0118	0.0144	0.0259	0.3588	0.3773	0.4502	0.6087
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.3554	0.2503	0.3342	0.0152	0.0182	0.0304	0.4016	0.3716	0.4266	0.5981
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.4801	0.4339	0.4454	0.0230	0.0431	0.0481	0.3870	0.3870	0.4424	0.5917
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.2417	0.1286	0.1880	0.0099	0.0135	0.0255	0.3560	0.3773	0.4432	0.6075
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.3703	0.2775	0.3510	0.0172	0.0220	0.0326	0.4198	0.3772	0.4082	0.5914
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.4909	0.4339	0.4600	0.0262	0.0427	0.0540	0.3653	0.3887	0.4214	0.5896
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.2890	0.1384	0.2781	0.0159	0.0222	0.0533	0.3713	0.4832	0.5053	0.6882
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.3748	0.3271	0.3712	0.0160	0.0194	0.0458	0.4156	0.4597	0.4979	0.7083
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.5787	0.4662	0.5411	0.0255	0.0677	0.0789	0.4263	0.4807	0.5218	0.6323
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.3279	0.1313	0.2417	0.0160	0.0186	0.0311	0.3866	0.5022	0.4993	0.6513
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.4574	0.3140	0.3905	0.0194	0.0337	0.0432	0.4409	0.4146	0.4158	0.7055
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.5684	0.4933	0.5472	0.0267	0.0623	0.0649	0.3840	0.4363	0.4766	0.6954

Note: Row (1), i.e., , provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups, respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 71: Treatment Effects on the Outcomes of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Any child by 20	Any child by 30	Any child by 40	Any child by 50	Any bio. child	Num. bio. children	Age at 1st birth	Avg. age at delivery	Age at last birth	Med. gap btw. births	Mean gap btw. births
Summary	(01) Obs.	117	114	114	114	120	115	94	90	90	79	79
	(02) Control	0.3548	0.7627	0.7797	0.7966	0.8095	2.4237	21.480	25.602	30.170	4.2619	4.5299
	(03) Treatment	0.3636	0.6909	0.7818	0.7818	0.7895	2.5714	22.636	26.760	30.930	4.2703	4.4292
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0088	−0.0718	0.0022	−0.0148	−0.0201	0.1477	1.1564	1.1580	0.7600	0.0084	−0.1007
	(05) COLS	0.0402	−0.1011	−0.0040	−0.0273	−0.0349	0.1612	1.2405	1.5397	1.3419	0.6499	0.4694
	(06) AIPW	0.0273	−0.0936	−0.0022	−0.0239	−0.0439	0.1673	1.2239	1.5100	1.1031	0.2825	0.1255
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.4606	0.1934	0.4889	0.4199	0.3875	0.3498	0.1613	0.1491	0.2882	0.4947	0.4360
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.3148	0.1333	0.4815	0.3665	0.3223	0.3333	0.1520	0.0878	0.1744	0.1517	0.2344
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.3642	0.1354	0.4889	0.3758	0.2710	0.3143	0.1318	0.0720	0.1986	0.3001	0.4112
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.4597	0.1892	0.4887	0.4206	0.3883	0.3469	0.1351	0.1212	0.2777	0.4948	0.4373
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.3215	0.1275	0.4809	0.3664	0.3224	0.3308	0.1376	0.0708	0.1644	0.1513	0.2352
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.3807	0.1524	0.4897	0.3856	0.2909	0.3235	0.1376	0.0837	0.2395	0.3316	0.4272
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.4540	0.1956	0.4716	0.4324	0.3996	0.3400	0.1372	0.1184	0.2740	0.4884	0.4376
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.3128	0.1264	0.4864	0.3716	0.3244	0.3260	0.1388	0.0824	0.1644	0.1504	0.2344
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.3688	0.1484	0.4984	0.3884	0.3076	0.3148	0.1308	0.1060	0.2532	0.3600	0.4484
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.4528	0.1212	0.4964	0.3836	0.3328	0.3088	0.0792	0.0728	0.2280	0.4996	0.4148
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.2780	0.0728	0.4672	0.3268	0.2636	0.2724	0.0796	0.0348	0.1128	0.0800	0.1664
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.3592	0.1108	0.4804	0.3576	0.2440	0.2788	0.1052	0.0452	0.1676	0.2312	0.3856
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.4468	0.1912	0.5080	0.4104	0.3800	0.3476	0.1600	0.1660	0.3264	0.4804	0.4224
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.2720	0.0936	0.4628	0.3280	0.2848	0.3300	0.1480	0.0876	0.1988	0.1668	0.2524
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.3272	0.1168	0.4824	0.3592	0.2484	0.3276	0.1444	0.0912	0.2832	0.3292	0.4560
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.4360	0.1896	0.4920	0.4080	0.3796	0.3392	0.1636	0.1640	0.3228	0.4788	0.4220
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.2760	0.1172	0.4644	0.3428	0.2996	0.3256	0.1812	0.1068	0.2000	0.1556	0.2492
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.3276	0.1336	0.4836	0.3660	0.2644	0.3140	0.1692	0.1052	0.2720	0.3180	0.4508
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.5038	0.2216	0.6431	0.4710	0.4268	0.5358	0.2314	0.2301	0.4081	0.4418	0.6179
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.4023	0.1595	0.5198	0.4100	0.3613	0.5363	0.1798	0.1323	0.3123	0.2270	0.3272
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.4595	0.1726	0.5391	0.4099	0.3093	0.5185	0.1937	0.1542	0.4232	0.3668	0.5083
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.4925	0.2153	0.6399	0.4672	0.4196	0.5284	0.2363	0.2146	0.4059	0.4393	0.6130
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.4000	0.1818	0.5198	0.4184	0.3629	0.5162	0.2146	0.1452	0.3123	0.2164	0.3174
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.4550	0.1852	0.5391	0.4194	0.3180	0.5035	0.2190	0.1592	0.4160	0.3594	0.5011
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.5086	0.2234	0.6433	0.4768	0.4279	0.5379	0.2378	0.2349	0.4111	0.4436	0.6267
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.4113	0.1601	0.5219	0.4146	0.3613	0.5505	0.1827	0.1335	0.3124	0.2351	0.3300
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.4627	0.1742	0.5410	0.4118	0.3139	0.5249	0.2021	0.1582	0.4284	0.3713	0.5147
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.5019	0.2167	0.6433	0.4727	0.4223	0.5295	0.2446	0.2152	0.4090	0.4425	0.6186
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.4062	0.1855	0.5219	0.4190	0.3638	0.5234	0.2153	0.1459	0.3124	0.2201	0.3184
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.4563	0.1876	0.5410	0.4266	0.3231	0.5059	0.2252	0.1629	0.4194	0.3680	0.5085
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.5413	0.2291	0.6588	0.5692	0.4447	0.5810	0.2730	0.3167	0.4401	0.5016	0.8132
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.4392	0.1809	0.5531	0.4403	0.3765	0.7795	0.1916	0.2011	0.3233	0.2781	0.3672
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.4873	0.1879	0.6265	0.4354	0.3470	0.5501	0.2885	0.1810	0.4631	0.4786	0.5646
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.5777	0.2982	0.6785	0.5232	0.4615	0.5701	0.2790	0.2389	0.4126	0.5187	0.6795
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.4237	0.1992	0.6397	0.4225	0.4331	0.5603	0.2455	0.1731	0.3897	0.3184	0.3278
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.4604	0.1919	0.6262	0.4584	0.3615	0.5806	0.2514	0.1734	0.4487	0.4087	0.5392

Note: Row (1), i.e., , provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups, respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 72: Treatment Effects on the Outcomes of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Married at 20	Married at 30	Married at 40	Married at 50	Stably mar. at 20	Stably mar. at 30	Stably mar. at 40	Stably mar. at 50	Total cohab.	Any cohab.
Summary	(01) Obs.	68	67	65	56	68	64	62	56	59	59
	(02) Control	0.0556	0.2500	0.3429	0.3448	0.0000	0.0571	0.0909	0.1379	1.3667	0.5333
	(03) Treatment	0.1250	0.3226	0.5333	0.3704	0.0938	0.2069	0.2759	0.1481	1.2759	0.4483
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0694	0.0726	0.1905	0.0255	0.0938	0.1498	0.1850	0.0102	−0.0908	−0.0851
	(05) COLS	0.0166	0.0494	0.1287	0.0085	0.0732	0.1465	0.1558	−0.0159	−0.1272	−0.0491
	(06) AIPW	0.0116	0.0065	0.0908	0.0195	0.0755	0.1288	0.1478	0.0006	−0.0868	−0.0142
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.1665	0.2686	0.0654	0.4242	0.0380	0.0395	0.0276	0.4580	0.4240	0.2666
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.4144	0.3455	0.1720	0.4765	0.0558	0.0222	0.0423	0.4229	0.3874	0.3686
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.4345	0.4763	0.2174	0.4439	0.0458	0.0238	0.0340	0.4969	0.4107	0.4581
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.1587	0.2535	0.0433	0.4180	0.0337	0.0395	0.0278	0.4578	0.4225	0.2409
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.4109	0.3322	0.1470	0.4751	0.0497	0.0245	0.0474	0.4226	0.3943	0.3554
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.4371	0.4763	0.2215	0.4461	0.0477	0.0339	0.0503	0.4972	0.4271	0.4580
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.1568	0.2472	0.0388	0.4012	0.0396	0.0320	0.0300	0.4492	0.4052	0.2240
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.4436	0.3236	0.1280	0.4780	0.0420	0.0144	0.0440	0.4512	0.3732	0.3312
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.4568	0.4416	0.1752	0.4656	0.0448	0.0196	0.0436	0.4780	0.4072	0.4168
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0692	0.1960	0.0232	0.3984	0.0396	0.0032	0.0040	0.4616	0.4216	0.1856
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.3684	0.3084	0.0988	0.4672	0.0396	0.0016	0.0088	0.3736	0.3980	0.3380
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.4172	0.4952	0.1940	0.4232	0.0400	0.0040	0.0208	0.4848	0.4324	0.4952
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.2248	0.3048	0.0836	0.4676	0.0576	0.0492	0.0356	0.5220	0.4456	0.2968
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.4616	0.3696	0.1788	0.4844	0.1012	0.0444	0.0616	0.3872	0.4172	0.3800
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.4836	0.4972	0.2596	0.4844	0.0996	0.0680	0.0704	0.4628	0.4528	0.4632
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.2164	0.2860	0.0796	0.4644	0.0532	0.0416	0.0308	0.5036	0.4460	0.2904
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.4712	0.3740	0.1952	0.4804	0.0980	0.0272	0.0452	0.3808	0.4148	0.3864
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.4876	0.4976	0.2528	0.4888	0.0700	0.0356	0.0444	0.4636	0.4384	0.4632
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.3421	0.2791	0.0708	0.4065	0.1470	0.0417	0.0394	0.4032	0.4301	0.3106
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.4926	0.3558	0.1365	0.4847	0.1710	0.0507	0.0644	0.6425	0.4659	0.3941
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.5045	0.4839	0.1920	0.4453	0.1361	0.0729	0.0733	0.4940	0.4916	0.4930
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.3212	0.2680	0.0644	0.4006	0.1119	0.0397	0.0345	0.3838	0.4301	0.2998
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.4998	0.3571	0.1461	0.4847	0.1716	0.0341	0.0486	0.6360	0.4595	0.3968
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.5051	0.4814	0.1810	0.4467	0.1118	0.0462	0.0441	0.4940	0.4873	0.4949
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.3485	0.2797	0.0725	0.4144	0.1476	0.0442	0.0397	0.4054	0.4343	0.3132
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.4966	0.3610	0.1390	0.4933	0.1712	0.0526	0.0648	0.6557	0.4721	0.3982
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.5159	0.4865	0.1926	0.4505	0.1426	0.0750	0.0763	0.5022	0.4963	0.4977
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.3279	0.2692	0.0660	0.4082	0.1120	0.0412	0.0375	0.3899	0.4343	0.3017
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.5065	0.3693	0.1467	0.4933	0.1750	0.0343	0.0501	0.6422	0.4659	0.4017
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.5161	0.4823	0.1819	0.4520	0.1128	0.0479	0.0451	0.5055	0.4938	0.5031
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.4200	0.2874	0.0897	0.4914	0.1516	0.0749	0.0580	0.4483	0.4500	0.3582
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.5533	0.4257	0.1711	0.5507	0.2231	0.0833	0.0712	0.7817	0.5566	0.4893
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.5495	0.5207	0.2436	0.5053	0.1771	0.0984	0.1022	0.5447	0.5483	0.5498
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.5216	0.3066	0.0999	0.4821	0.1399	0.0642	0.0522	0.4511	0.4660	0.3369
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.5597	0.4619	0.1889	0.5507	0.1957	0.0406	0.0769	0.6708	0.5319	0.4616
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.5455	0.5063	0.2137	0.5309	0.1531	0.1141	0.0611	0.5849	0.5816	0.5661

Note: Row (1), i.e., , provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups, respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 72: Treatment Effects on the Outcomes of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Yrs. mar. by 30	Yrs. mar. by 40	Yrs. mar. by 50	Yrs. stably mar. by 30	Yrs. stably mar. by 40	Yrs. stably mar. by 50	Children by 20	Children by 30	Children by 40	Children by 50
Summary	(01) Obs.	67	65	56	64	62	56	70	67	67	67
	(02) Control	2.3056	5.5714	9.5517	0.2857	1.0909	2.4828	0.4359	1.4722	1.8889	2.0556
	(03) Treatment	2.9032	7.5667	12.444	2.2069	4.3448	6.8148	0.2581	1.3226	2.0968	2.0968
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.5977	1.9952	2.8927	1.9212	3.2539	4.3321	-0.1778	-0.1496	0.2079	0.0412
	(05) COLS	0.2121	1.0507	0.9491	1.6912	2.8117	3.4593	-0.1661	-0.2335	0.2057	0.0026
	(06) AIPW	0.0569	0.5480	0.4914	1.6180	2.6885	3.7661	-0.1525	-0.1450	0.2799	0.0897
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.2678	0.1250	0.1517	0.0041	0.0097	0.0299	0.1693	0.3415	0.3235	0.4637
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.4203	0.2907	0.3732	0.0051	0.0075	0.0325	0.1898	0.2742	0.3314	0.4978
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.4762	0.3719	0.4304	0.0032	0.0052	0.0120	0.1848	0.3384	0.2582	0.4161
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.2565	0.1116	0.1337	0.0037	0.0113	0.0318	0.1615	0.3270	0.3147	0.4623
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.4150	0.2771	0.3636	0.0044	0.0100	0.0388	0.1869	0.2559	0.3203	0.4976
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.4772	0.3800	0.4354	0.0065	0.0139	0.0278	0.1853	0.3334	0.2555	0.4160
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.2532	0.1072	0.1272	0.0008	0.0096	0.0324	0.1696	0.3232	0.3056	0.4608
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.4200	0.2704	0.3608	0.0008	0.0060	0.0380	0.1948	0.2552	0.3232	0.4992
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.4628	0.3392	0.4044	0.0020	0.0064	0.0244	0.2104	0.3184	0.2576	0.4320
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.2044	0.0588	0.0836	0.0004	0.0008	0.0060	0.0632	0.2820	0.2612	0.4600
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.3860	0.2268	0.3404	0.0004	0.0012	0.0108	0.0848	0.2048	0.2720	0.4956
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.4880	0.3872	0.4488	0.0004	0.0016	0.0072	0.0820	0.2960	0.1944	0.3792
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.3040	0.1392	0.1848	0.0032	0.0148	0.0392	0.1984	0.3528	0.3276	0.4616
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.4700	0.3172	0.4044	0.0072	0.0256	0.0772	0.2060	0.2704	0.3140	0.4908
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.4732	0.4184	0.4744	0.0128	0.0392	0.0644	0.2296	0.3656	0.2648	0.4192
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.3020	0.1340	0.1808	0.0052	0.0136	0.0340	0.1760	0.3504	0.3108	0.4604
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.4748	0.3320	0.4088	0.0052	0.0096	0.0380	0.1968	0.2832	0.3140	0.4908
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.4744	0.4204	0.4768	0.0048	0.0096	0.0264	0.2040	0.3572	0.2536	0.4124
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.4202	0.1715	0.1955	0.0133	0.0249	0.0409	0.2568	0.2567	0.5748	0.6958
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.5501	0.3165	0.4047	0.0310	0.0412	0.0712	0.3148	0.2603	0.5290	0.6859
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.6032	0.4022	0.4476	0.0302	0.0413	0.0610	0.3311	0.3233	0.4670	0.6403
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.4136	0.1662	0.1900	0.0110	0.0180	0.0364	0.2404	0.2556	0.5533	0.6888
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.5455	0.3209	0.4054	0.0144	0.0197	0.0413	0.2861	0.2646	0.5212	0.6859
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.6032	0.3988	0.4544	0.0170	0.0214	0.0285	0.2923	0.3169	0.4542	0.6329
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.4230	0.1768	0.2070	0.0144	0.0250	0.0435	0.2588	0.2682	0.5777	0.7018
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.5618	0.3186	0.4153	0.0310	0.0436	0.0745	0.3181	0.2616	0.5307	0.6922
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.6107	0.4025	0.4562	0.0311	0.0433	0.0659	0.3355	0.3274	0.4773	0.6414
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.4193	0.1727	0.2014	0.0119	0.0207	0.0383	0.2418	0.2600	0.5540	0.6902
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.5530	0.3232	0.4160	0.0155	0.0219	0.0431	0.2870	0.2652	0.5223	0.6922
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.6107	0.3992	0.4614	0.0181	0.0225	0.0286	0.2970	0.3216	0.4647	0.6384
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.4984	0.4700	0.2979	0.0236	0.0316	0.0590	0.2834	0.3320	0.6040	0.7557
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.6201	0.3326	0.4475	0.0439	0.0555	0.0781	0.3387	0.2880	0.5741	0.8037
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.6955	0.4205	0.5130	0.0373	0.0541	0.0772	0.3732	0.3581	0.5935	0.7697
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.4853	0.4706	0.3001	0.0169	0.0339	0.0476	0.3545	0.4065	0.5907	0.7417
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.5923	0.3382	0.4814	0.0218	0.0356	0.0531	0.3301	0.2840	0.5654	0.8037
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.6955	0.4335	0.4850	0.0258	0.0277	0.0413	0.3686	0.3587	0.5058	0.7887

Note: Row (1), i.e., , provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups, respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 72: Treatment Effects on the Outcomes of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Any child by 20	Any child by 30	Any child by 40	Any child by 50	Any bio. child	Num. bio. children	Age at 1st birth	Avg. age at delivery	Age at last birth	Med. gap btw. births	Mean gap btw. births
Summary	(01) Obs.	70	67	67	67	72	68	52	48	48	43	43
	(02) Control	0.2564	0.6667	0.6944	0.7222	0.7436	2.0833	22.448	27.206	32.615	4.8600	5.2600
	(03) Treatment	0.1935	0.5806	0.7097	0.7097	0.7273	2.2813	24.087	27.777	31.091	3.8611	4.0406
Estimates	(04) UDIM	−0.0629	−0.0860	0.0152	−0.0125	−0.0163	0.1979	1.6387	0.5701	−1.5245	−0.9989	−1.2194
	(05) COLS	−0.0239	−0.1040	0.0071	−0.0334	−0.0484	0.1245	1.5368	0.7441	−1.3113	−0.2768	−0.6119
	(06) AIPW	−0.0278	−0.0683	0.0269	−0.0103	−0.0390	0.1900	1.0502	0.5513	−1.2971	−0.4601	−0.7132
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.2611	0.2443	0.4480	0.4547	0.4376	0.3406	0.1513	0.3604	0.2328	0.1717	0.1242
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.4070	0.2236	0.4779	0.3885	0.3277	0.3986	0.1694	0.3300	0.2830	0.3961	0.2847
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.3822	0.2950	0.4107	0.4632	0.3550	0.3338	0.2232	0.3476	0.2524	0.2987	0.2145
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.2646	0.2271	0.4454	0.4537	0.4364	0.3342	0.1422	0.3498	0.2101	0.1637	0.1172
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.4107	0.2004	0.4759	0.3821	0.3204	0.3941	0.1646	0.3199	0.2635	0.3882	0.2735
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.3912	0.2921	0.4122	0.4643	0.3619	0.3344	0.2313	0.3590	0.2872	0.3204	0.2474
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.2736	0.2228	0.4432	0.4676	0.4600	0.3404	0.1380	0.3428	0.2084	0.1628	0.1168
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.4248	0.1928	0.4800	0.3784	0.3160	0.3944	0.1616	0.3224	0.2552	0.3604	0.2516
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.4204	0.2628	0.4192	0.4508	0.3576	0.3468	0.2032	0.3820	0.2280	0.2340	0.1800
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.2036	0.1568	0.4384	0.4312	0.4076	0.2712	0.0880	0.3184	0.1356	0.1368	0.0928
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.3720	0.1572	0.4648	0.3576	0.2736	0.3556	0.1220	0.2856	0.1908	0.3992	0.2728
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.3264	0.2744	0.3800	0.4652	0.3376	0.2696	0.2108	0.3076	0.2604	0.3592	0.2448
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.2744	0.2500	0.4348	0.4832	0.4512	0.3356	0.1600	0.3868	0.1984	0.1764	0.1164
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.4160	0.2036	0.4552	0.3856	0.3236	0.4020	0.1780	0.3740	0.2372	0.4000	0.2660
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.4044	0.3012	0.3836	0.4760	0.3596	0.3488	0.2468	0.3928	0.2516	0.3188	0.2212
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.2580	0.2432	0.4220	0.4756	0.4432	0.3332	0.1584	0.3828	0.1896	0.1788	0.1188
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.4164	0.2232	0.4568	0.3932	0.3304	0.3996	0.1784	0.3736	0.2336	0.4020	0.2708
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.4012	0.3076	0.3884	0.4760	0.3628	0.3364	0.2476	0.3912	0.2448	0.3228	0.2228
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.3699	0.2193	0.6465	0.4417	0.4178	0.5742	0.2007	0.4425	0.3106	0.3514	0.2605
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.5306	0.1901	0.6516	0.3875	0.3316	0.6040	0.2139	0.4176	0.3173	0.4818	0.3731
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.4987	0.2560	0.5952	0.4613	0.3610	0.5658	0.2650	0.4864	0.3218	0.4383	0.3227
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.3545	0.2099	0.6344	0.4293	0.4104	0.5734	0.1969	0.4357	0.3093	0.3571	0.2655
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.5348	0.2002	0.6526	0.3881	0.3332	0.6040	0.2095	0.4197	0.3213	0.4889	0.3865
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.4946	0.2538	0.5972	0.4589	0.3578	0.5526	0.2572	0.4816	0.3185	0.4372	0.3286
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.3749	0.2207	0.6553	0.4476	0.4295	0.5771	0.2125	0.4454	0.3132	0.3605	0.2623
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.5313	0.1919	0.6605	0.3904	0.3360	0.6166	0.2173	0.4241	0.3175	0.4850	0.3761
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.5039	0.2586	0.6062	0.4640	0.3686	0.5747	0.2744	0.4866	0.3238	0.4440	0.3382
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.3618	0.2106	0.6389	0.4336	0.4220	0.5769	0.2048	0.4411	0.3150	0.3637	0.2656
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.5387	0.2005	0.6619	0.3939	0.3335	0.6166	0.2164	0.4220	0.3224	0.4945	0.3922
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.5029	0.2539	0.6089	0.4615	0.3658	0.5624	0.2610	0.4816	0.3247	0.4425	0.3424
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.6163	0.2458	0.7327	0.5044	0.5693	0.5845	0.4011	0.4636	0.3271	0.4416	0.3498
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.6160	0.2376	0.7557	0.4019	0.3740	0.6880	0.2924	0.4492	0.3432	0.5438	0.4250
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.5856	0.3029	0.6499	0.6496	0.4199	0.6206	0.3312	0.4913	0.3595	0.5415	0.3861
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.3891	0.2400	0.6814	0.4590	0.4424	0.5872	0.2586	0.4708	0.3390	0.4890	0.4061
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.5647	0.2408	0.7391	0.4624	0.4074	0.6880	0.2796	0.5158	0.3738	0.5490	0.4306
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.5724	0.2667	0.6395	0.5496	0.3908	0.6121	0.2861	0.5182	0.3900	0.5038	0.7526

Note: Row (1), i.e., , provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups, respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 73: Treatment Effects on the Outcomes of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Married at 20	Married at 30	Married at 40	Married at 50	Stably mar. at 20	Stably mar. at 30	Stably mar. at 40	Stably mar. at 50	Total cohab.	Any cohab.
Summary	(01) Obs.	47	47	45	38	46	42	41	38	42	43
	(02) Control	0.1739	0.2174	0.3182	0.2778	0.0455	0.0476	0.1000	0.0556	1.5500	0.6500
	(03) Treatment	0.0833	0.3750	0.3478	0.2000	0.0833	0.1905	0.2381	0.2000	1.0909	0.4783
Estimates	(04) UDIM	−0.0906	0.1576	0.0296	−0.0778	0.0379	0.1429	0.1381	0.1444	−0.4591	−0.1717
	(05) COLS	−0.1153	0.1168	0.0005	−0.0671	0.0396	0.1683	0.1816	0.1780	−0.3084	−0.1478
	(06) AIPW	−0.1450	0.1099	−0.0179	−0.0869	0.0336	0.1481	0.1403	0.1421	−0.3057	−0.1510
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.1848	0.1120	0.4146	0.2952	0.3047	0.0800	0.1270	0.0953	0.1419	0.1128
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.1665	0.2230	0.4988	0.3544	0.3125	0.0997	0.0995	0.1122	0.2162	0.1683
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0983	0.2162	0.4485	0.3087	0.3195	0.1222	0.1477	0.1702	0.2089	0.1567
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.1682	0.1005	0.4150	0.2816	0.2874	0.0653	0.1038	0.0764	0.1276	0.0995
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.1472	0.2126	0.4988	0.3492	0.2909	0.0910	0.0873	0.1072	0.2052	0.1581
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.1034	0.2363	0.4570	0.3113	0.3025	0.1275	0.1492	0.1642	0.2324	0.1726
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.1680	0.1052	0.4240	0.2856	0.2872	0.0664	0.0952	0.0816	0.1284	0.1004
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.1512	0.2296	0.4788	0.3256	0.3008	0.1008	0.0844	0.1124	0.2200	0.1728
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.1204	0.2464	0.4256	0.2808	0.2964	0.1324	0.1560	0.1648	0.2488	0.1792
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0912	0.0552	0.3752	0.2352	0.2932	0.0108	0.0392	0.0152	0.0728	0.0516
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.0824	0.1528	0.4760	0.3332	0.2908	0.0420	0.0456	0.0656	0.1432	0.0952
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.0400	0.1804	0.4780	0.3052	0.3196	0.1212	0.1248	0.1864	0.1584	0.1240
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.1844	0.0868	0.4184	0.3504	0.3820	0.1020	0.1496	0.1140	0.1096	0.0908
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.1420	0.1696	0.4632	0.3716	0.3192	0.0716	0.0896	0.0780	0.1944	0.1360
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.1008	0.1744	0.4896	0.3312	0.3452	0.1008	0.1612	0.1292	0.2060	0.1344
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.1756	0.0864	0.3944	0.3272	0.3736	0.0972	0.1416	0.1064	0.1100	0.0892
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.1696	0.1908	0.4632	0.3928	0.3184	0.1080	0.1152	0.1144	0.1808	0.1448
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.1332	0.2000	0.4892	0.3668	0.3420	0.1552	0.1988	0.1976	0.2028	0.1552
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.2899	0.2354	0.5431	0.4711	0.5219	0.1735	0.2025	0.1801	0.2519	0.1801
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.2663	0.3082	0.5879	0.4835	0.4345	0.1589	0.1541	0.1562	0.3486	0.2322
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.1951	0.3448	0.5227	0.4276	0.4548	0.2255	0.2338	0.2351	0.3587	0.2264
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.2866	0.2354	0.5208	0.4484	0.5146	0.1676	0.1983	0.1688	0.2555	0.1801
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.3020	0.3394	0.5879	0.5002	0.4318	0.1944	0.1791	0.1917	0.3302	0.2321
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.2468	0.3680	0.5230	0.4639	0.4508	0.2755	0.2706	0.3172	0.3649	0.2506
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.3129	0.2376	0.5516	0.4838	0.5235	0.1771	0.2038	0.1806	0.2551	0.1844
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.2738	0.3161	0.5907	0.4875	0.4404	0.1654	0.1555	0.1565	0.3537	0.2329
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.1985	0.3519	0.5247	0.4301	0.4606	0.2329	0.2369	0.2361	0.3688	0.2288
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.3099	0.2376	0.5291	0.4645	0.5180	0.1727	0.1992	0.1765	0.2610	0.1844
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.3143	0.3504	0.5882	0.5125	0.4378	0.1988	0.1915	0.1929	0.3348	0.2335
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.2597	0.3774	0.5251	0.4711	0.4554	0.2848	0.2873	0.3236	0.3747	0.2558
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.3941	0.2828	0.6180	0.5454	0.5641	0.2039	0.2526	0.2823	0.2637	0.2096
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.3074	0.3626	0.6219	0.4961	0.4460	0.1900	0.1732	0.1757	0.3779	0.2663
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.3395	0.3985	0.5824	0.4302	0.4974	0.2478	0.2473	0.2580	0.5672	0.2569
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.3983	0.2834	0.5565	0.5400	0.5927	0.2036	0.2041	0.2275	0.2817	0.2096
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.3555	0.4044	0.6115	0.5450	0.4424	0.2405	0.3005	0.2079	0.3415	0.2473
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.3005	0.4107	0.5835	0.5531	0.5076	0.3717	0.3431	0.3360	0.4136	0.2763

Note: Row (1), i.e., , provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups, respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 73: Treatment Effects on the Outcomes of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Yrs. mar. by 30	Yrs. mar. by 40	Yrs. mar. by 50	Yrs. stably mar. by 30	Yrs. stably mar. by 40	Yrs. stably mar. by 50	Children by 20	Children by 30	Children by 40	Children by 50
Summary	(01) Obs.	47	45	38	42	41	38	47	47	47	47
	(02) Control	2.3913	5.5455	7.9444	0.6190	1.7500	2.6667	0.9565	2.4348	2.8696	2.9565
	(03) Treatment	3.8333	7.2609	9.7000	2.6190	4.9524	7.4000	0.8750	2.3333	2.9583	2.9583
Estimates	(04) UDIM	1.4420	1.7154	1.7556	2.0000	3.2024	4.7333	−0.0815	−0.1014	0.0888	0.0018
	(05) COLS	1.0082	1.0069	1.0527	2.2193	3.7541	5.6146	−0.0223	−0.0384	0.2610	0.2230
	(06) AIPW	0.6544	0.1366	0.3034	1.9003	3.0523	4.6800	−0.0648	−0.1368	0.1630	0.1238
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.1163	0.2223	0.3157	0.0364	0.0643	0.0667	0.3994	0.4120	0.4403	0.4989
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.2503	0.3642	0.4115	0.0559	0.0814	0.0872	0.4744	0.4708	0.3306	0.3585
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.3124	0.4783	0.4732	0.0748	0.1170	0.1347	0.4152	0.3868	0.3809	0.4129
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.0876	0.1994	0.2963	0.0188	0.0415	0.0471	0.3942	0.4067	0.4377	0.4988
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.2292	0.3565	0.4061	0.0392	0.0674	0.0782	0.4746	0.4698	0.3328	0.3610
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.3199	0.4803	0.4731	0.0707	0.1165	0.1259	0.4277	0.3959	0.3910	0.4198
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.0892	0.2060	0.3032	0.0204	0.0392	0.0468	0.4036	0.4104	0.4296	0.4776
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.2312	0.3596	0.4212	0.0412	0.0736	0.0836	0.4944	0.4864	0.3196	0.3424
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.3076	0.4864	0.4904	0.0660	0.1224	0.1284	0.4296	0.4204	0.3612	0.3860
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0376	0.1308	0.2424	0.0012	0.0076	0.0092	0.3584	0.3744	0.4380	0.4804
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.1824	0.3124	0.3612	0.0136	0.0344	0.0468	0.4556	0.4452	0.3036	0.3412
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.2924	0.4668	0.4432	0.0532	0.1104	0.1388	0.4120	0.3616	0.3888	0.4328
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.0872	0.1896	0.2712	0.0420	0.0724	0.0784	0.4276	0.4180	0.4332	0.4808
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.1760	0.3036	0.3564	0.0328	0.0612	0.0588	0.4932	0.4764	0.3388	0.3660
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.2576	0.4468	0.4276	0.0648	0.1032	0.1028	0.4528	0.4008	0.3928	0.4156
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.0856	0.1876	0.2708	0.0356	0.0648	0.0684	0.4260	0.4124	0.4304	0.4780
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.2116	0.3260	0.3732	0.0560	0.0880	0.1000	0.4924	0.4788	0.3272	0.3608
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.2772	0.4512	0.4352	0.0964	0.1572	0.1728	0.4572	0.4060	0.3852	0.4116
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.2373	0.3388	0.4052	0.0896	0.1113	0.1152	0.5433	0.5822	0.4983	0.5581
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.2991	0.4198	0.4785	0.0939	0.1067	0.1090	0.6314	0.6414	0.4263	0.4741
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.4253	0.5681	0.5560	0.1561	0.1819	0.1715	0.5834	0.5626	0.4758	0.5217
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.2354	0.3229	0.4066	0.0757	0.1065	0.1049	0.5433	0.5723	0.4983	0.5560
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.3433	0.4464	0.4925	0.1045	0.1457	0.1411	0.6355	0.6414	0.4065	0.4509
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.4426	0.5681	0.5628	0.1812	0.2269	0.2371	0.5819	0.5660	0.4618	0.5076
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.2380	0.3408	0.4068	0.0933	0.1143	0.1166	0.5508	0.5859	0.5039	0.5584
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.3038	0.4263	0.4881	0.0954	0.1083	0.1090	0.6389	0.6440	0.4286	0.4746
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.4273	0.5719	0.5604	0.1562	0.1828	0.1723	0.5897	0.5723	0.4806	0.5289
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.2429	0.3313	0.4123	0.0800	0.1098	0.1121	0.5508	0.5725	0.5039	0.5570
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.3449	0.4543	0.4967	0.1046	0.1482	0.1429	0.6434	0.6440	0.4100	0.4525
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.4448	0.5719	0.5658	0.1831	0.2305	0.2384	0.5881	0.5743	0.4701	0.5160
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.2668	0.4745	0.4282	0.1254	0.1661	0.1303	0.6389	0.6542	0.5618	0.6516
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.3490	0.4782	0.5398	0.0959	0.1314	0.1445	0.6851	0.6552	0.4698	0.5072
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.4725	0.6676	0.6956	0.1628	0.2238	0.1866	0.6172	0.6339	0.5726	0.5968
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.3287	0.3639	0.4603	0.1274	0.1436	0.1463	0.5768	0.5984	0.5943	0.5671
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.4113	0.6416	0.5936	0.1096	0.2000	0.1672	0.7337	0.6534	0.4504	0.5176
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.5246	0.5777	0.6054	0.2554	0.2967	0.2716	0.6398	0.6106	0.5030	0.5637

Note: Row (1), i.e., , provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups, respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

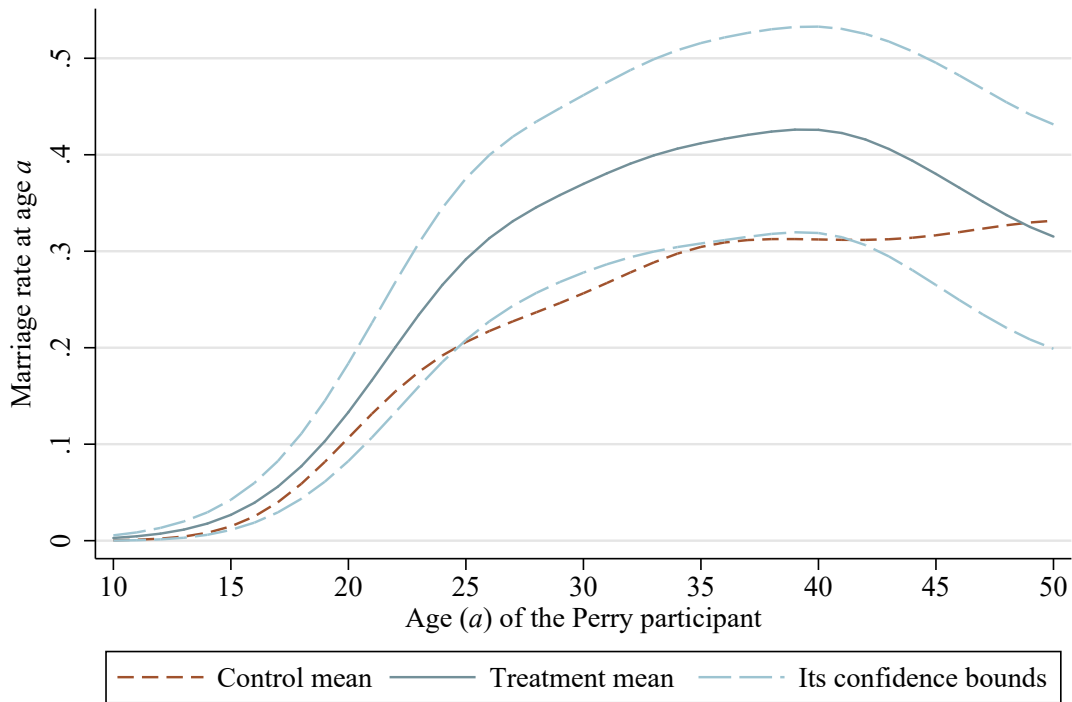
Table 73: Treatment Effects on the Outcomes of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Any child by 20	Any child by 30	Any child by 40	Any child by 50	Any bio. child	Num. bio. children	Age at 1st birth	Avg. age at delivery	Age at last birth	Med. gap btw. births	Mean gap btw. births
Summary	(01) Obs.	47	47	47	47	48	47	42	42	42	36	36
	(02) Control	0.5217	0.9130	0.9130	0.9130	0.9167	2.9565	20.143	23.617	27.143	3.3824	3.4562
	(03) Treatment	0.5833	0.8333	0.8750	0.8750	0.8750	2.9583	21.048	25.696	30.762	4.6579	4.7974
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0616	−0.0797	−0.0380	−0.0380	−0.0417	0.0018	0.9048	2.0794	3.6190	1.2755	1.3411
	(05) COLS	0.1359	−0.1131	−0.0410	−0.0410	−0.0472	0.2230	0.9046	2.5821	4.4733	1.6093	1.6577
	(06) AIPW	0.1051	−0.1293	−0.0433	−0.0433	−0.0509	0.1352	1.4692	2.8635	4.4915	1.3309	1.3095
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.3406	0.2059	0.3410	0.3410	0.3239	0.4989	0.2761	0.0596	0.0189	0.0620	0.0483
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.1950	0.1889	0.3635	0.3635	0.3399	0.3585	0.3127	0.0418	0.0071	0.0231	0.0214
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.2373	0.1256	0.3432	0.3432	0.3107	0.4045	0.2037	0.0254	0.0035	0.0178	0.0199
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.3312	0.1938	0.3232	0.3232	0.3037	0.4988	0.2450	0.0400	0.0156	0.0414	0.0298
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.1892	0.1836	0.3527	0.3527	0.3263	0.3610	0.2912	0.0328	0.0084	0.0170	0.0156
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.2576	0.1532	0.3490	0.3490	0.3202	0.4128	0.2112	0.0335	0.0077	0.0336	0.0394
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.3328	0.1872	0.3236	0.3236	0.3040	0.4776	0.2496	0.0372	0.0192	0.0328	0.0236
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.1764	0.1872	0.3584	0.3584	0.3344	0.3424	0.3064	0.0356	0.0128	0.0112	0.0132
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.2632	0.1788	0.3772	0.3772	0.3500	0.3844	0.2436	0.0308	0.0096	0.0172	0.0184
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.3008	0.1324	0.2936	0.2936	0.2680	0.4804	0.1872	0.0164	0.0096	0.0188	0.0124
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.1480	0.1260	0.3256	0.3256	0.2900	0.3412	0.2360	0.0232	0.0148	0.0032	0.0044
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.2068	0.1032	0.2956	0.2956	0.2600	0.4216	0.1936	0.0360	0.0124	0.0144	0.0236
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.3232	0.1980	0.3268	0.3268	0.3124	0.4808	0.3040	0.0660	0.0220	0.0684	0.0536
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.1600	0.1192	0.3084	0.3084	0.2848	0.3660	0.3236	0.0280	0.0092	0.0196	0.0168
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.2168	0.0948	0.2952	0.2952	0.2560	0.4116	0.2028	0.0140	0.0104	0.0556	0.0572
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.3056	0.1828	0.3180	0.3180	0.3060	0.4780	0.3036	0.0660	0.0224	0.0696	0.0568
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.1632	0.1672	0.3296	0.3296	0.3104	0.3608	0.3552	0.0520	0.0104	0.0256	0.0228
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.2228	0.1184	0.3180	0.3180	0.2884	0.4040	0.2644	0.0396	0.0104	0.0340	0.0392
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.4026	0.3953	0.5314	0.5314	0.5116	0.5581	0.4214	0.1120	0.0448	0.1136	0.0951
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.2707	0.3100	0.4795	0.4795	0.4514	0.4741	0.4320	0.0659	0.0261	0.0688	0.0607
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.3515	0.2816	0.4748	0.4748	0.4262	0.5173	0.3170	0.0607	0.0466	0.1080	0.1142
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.3892	0.3806	0.5182	0.5182	0.5049	0.5560	0.4063	0.1118	0.0437	0.1100	0.1046
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.2714	0.3546	0.4944	0.4944	0.4712	0.4509	0.4639	0.0993	0.0294	0.0781	0.0703
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.3554	0.3048	0.4957	0.4957	0.4620	0.5076	0.3606	0.0938	0.0387	0.0902	0.0964
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.4033	0.3999	0.5315	0.5315	0.5171	0.5584	0.4308	0.1153	0.0503	0.1143	0.0959
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.2739	0.3119	0.4812	0.4812	0.4595	0.4746	0.4410	0.0690	0.0269	0.0689	0.0656
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.3596	0.2885	0.4765	0.4765	0.4319	0.5240	0.3224	0.0611	0.0467	0.1107	0.1169
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.3903	0.3882	0.5226	0.5226	0.5116	0.5570	0.4096	0.1254	0.0466	0.1104	0.1082
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.2804	0.3567	0.4953	0.4953	0.4824	0.4525	0.4677	0.1072	0.0308	0.0782	0.0769
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.3637	0.3083	0.5032	0.5032	0.4759	0.5160	0.3641	0.0945	0.0417	0.0914	0.0983
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.4248	0.4563	0.7308	0.7308	0.5465	0.6516	0.4911	0.1592	0.0854	0.1924	0.1139
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.2901	0.3651	0.5315	0.5315	0.5467	0.5072	0.6537	0.0900	0.0869	0.0956	0.1903
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.4380	0.3715	0.5173	0.5173	0.4561	0.5508	0.3464	0.0617	0.0619	0.1195	0.1326
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.4024	0.4009	0.6600	0.6600	0.5726	0.5671	0.4226	0.1678	0.0763	0.1537	0.1186
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.3195	0.3826	0.5602	0.5602	0.6664	0.5176	0.5614	0.1666	0.0676	0.0966	0.1146
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.4543	0.3872	0.5581	0.5581	0.5242	0.5734	0.3829	0.1879	0.0547	0.1274	0.1763

Note: Row (1), i.e., , provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups, respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

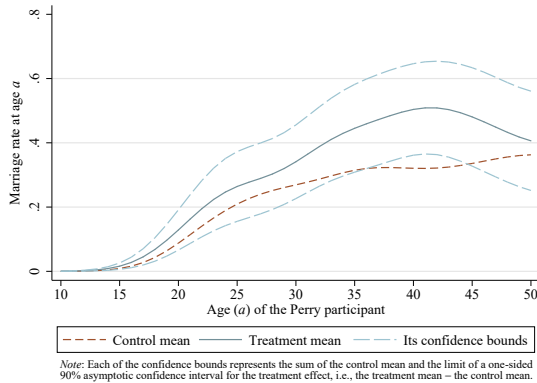
Figure 25: Marriage Rate over the Life Course

(a) Pooled sample of participants



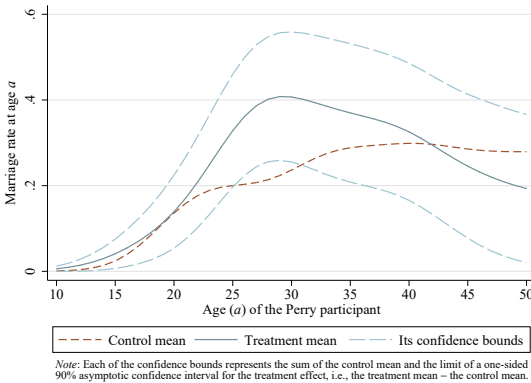
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(b) Male sample



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

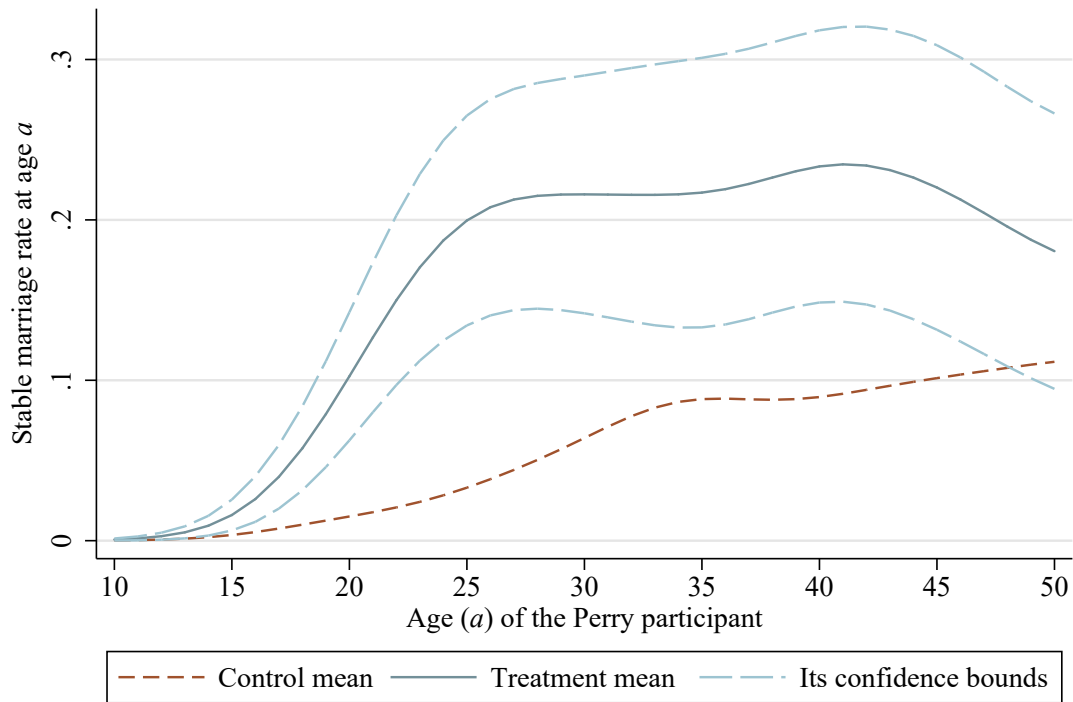
(c) Female sample



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

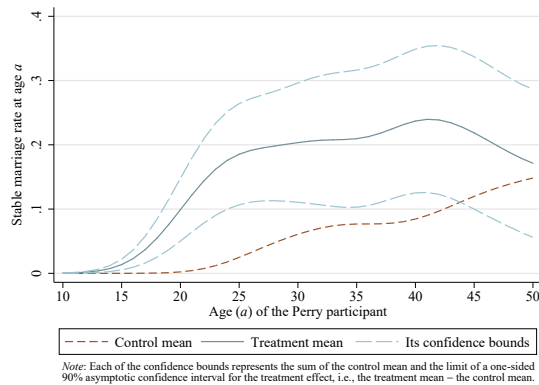
Figure 26: Stable Marriage Rate over the Life Course

(a) Pooled sample of participants



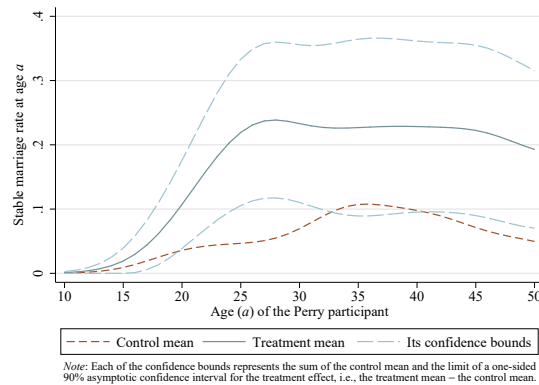
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(b) Male sample



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

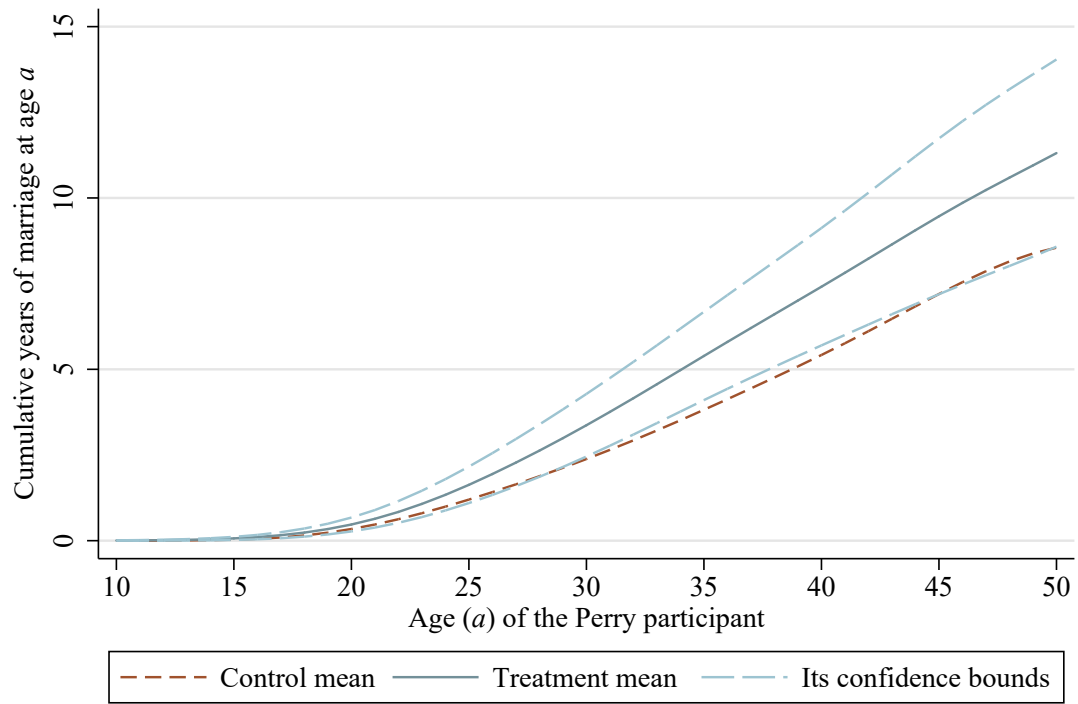
(c) Female sample



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

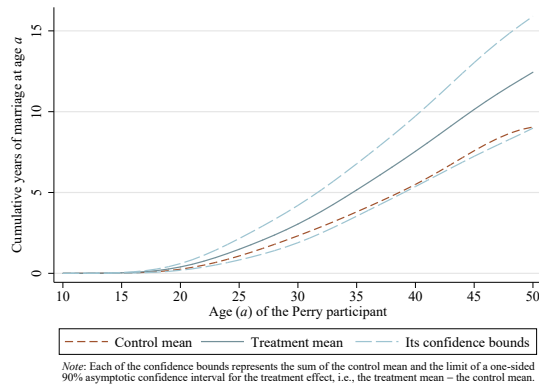
Figure 27: Cumulative Years of Marriage over the Life Course

(a) Pooled sample of participants



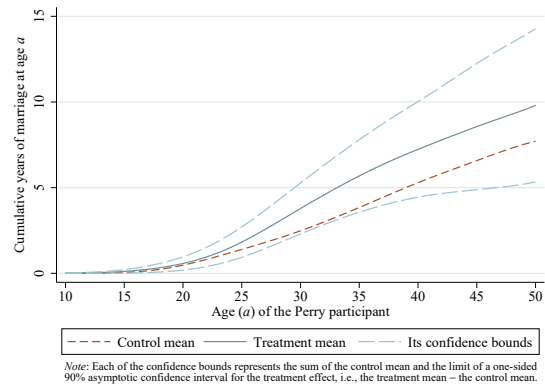
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(b) Male sample



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

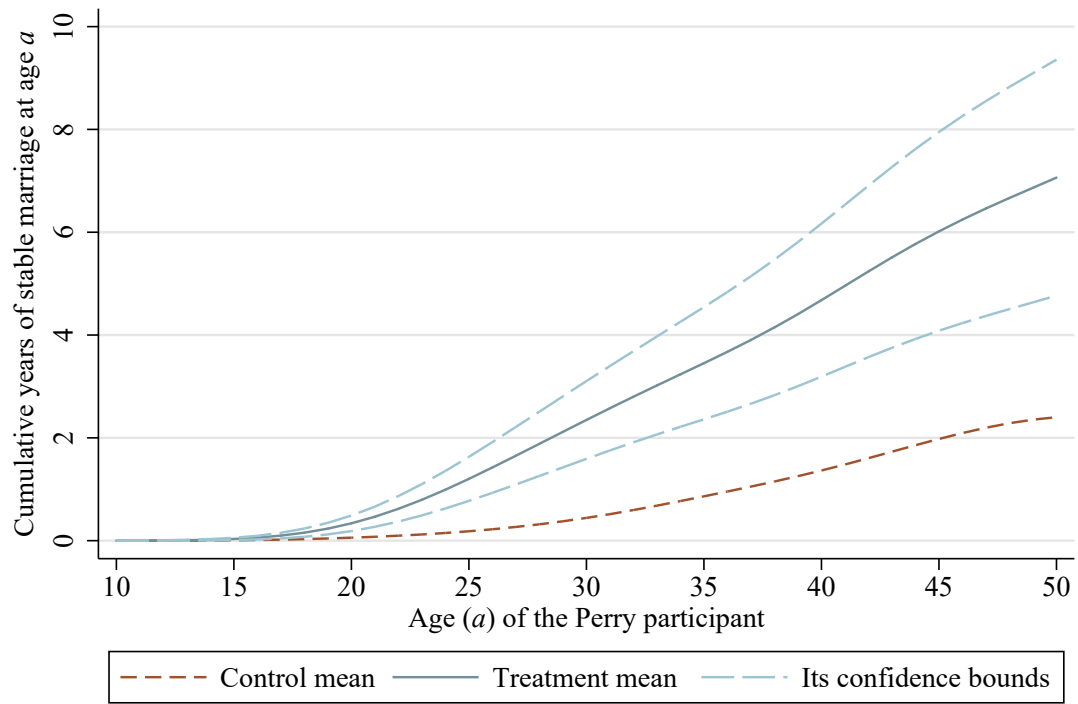
(c) Female sample



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

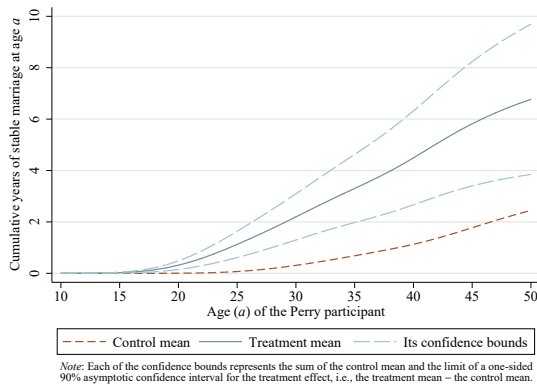
Figure 28: Cumulative Years of Stable Marriage over the Life Course

(a) Pooled sample of participants



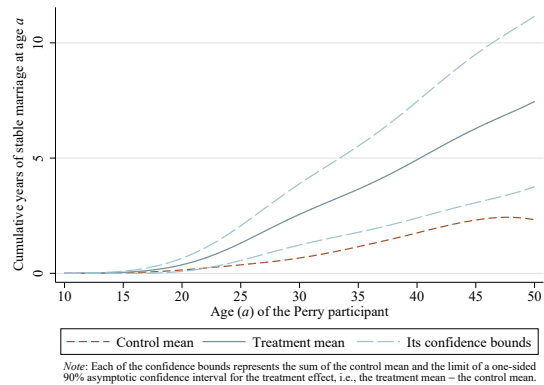
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(b) Male sample



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

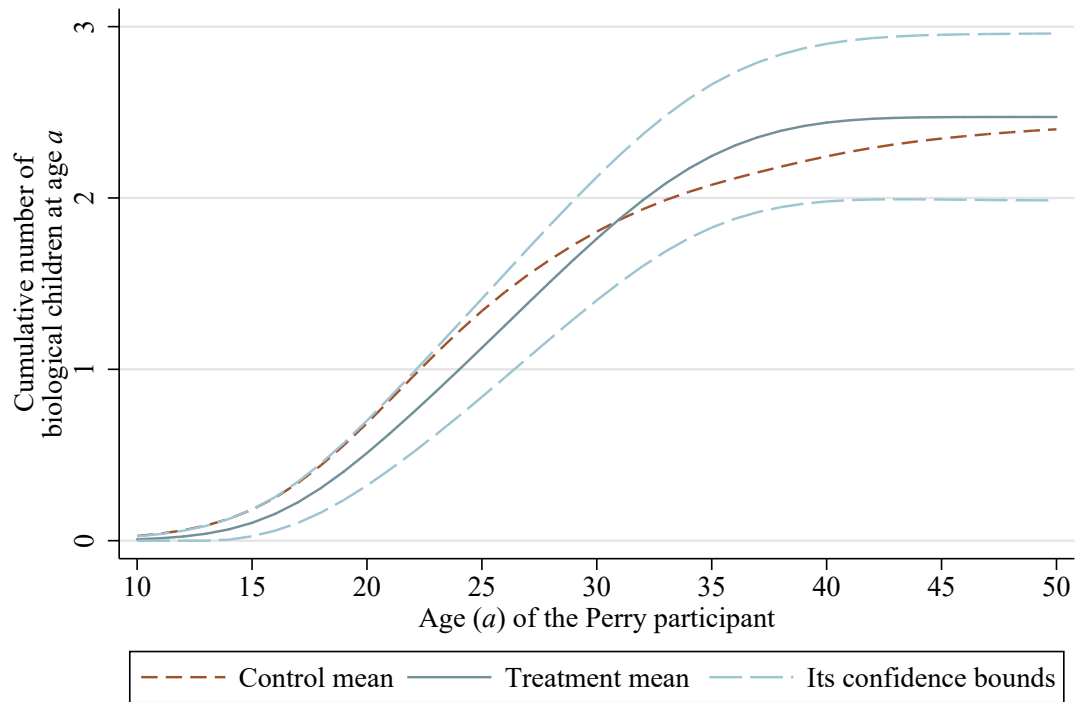
(c) Female sample



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

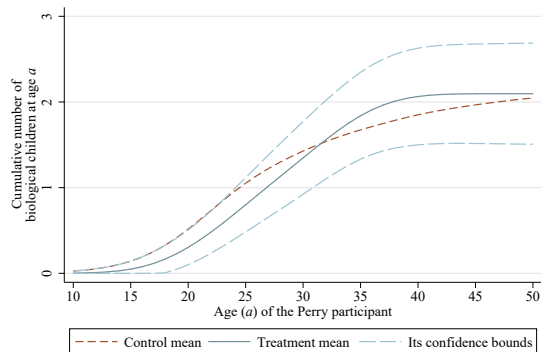
Figure 29: Number of Biological Children over the Life Course

(a) Pooled sample of participants



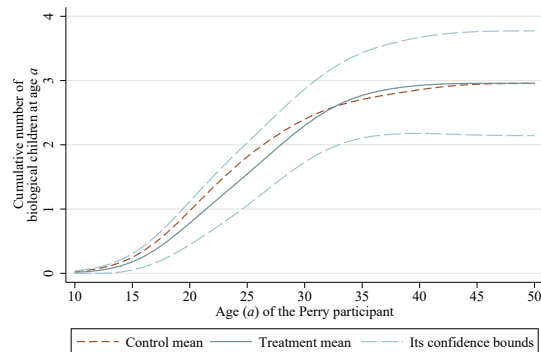
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(b) Male sample



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

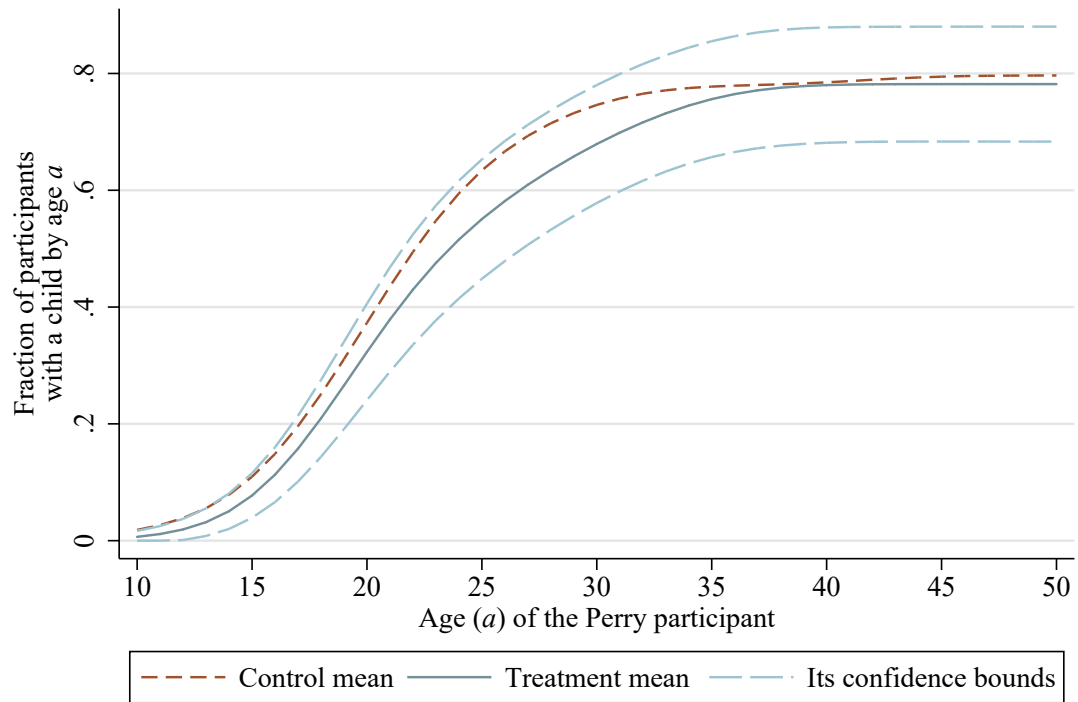
(c) Female sample



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

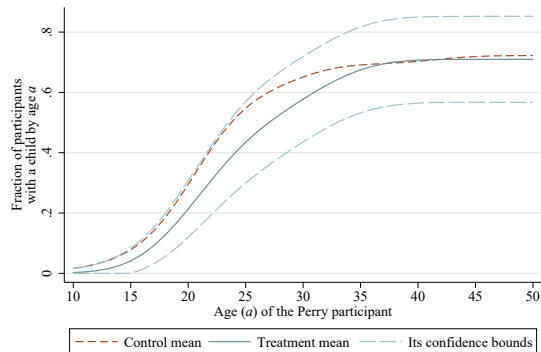
Figure 30: Childbearing over the Life Course

(a) Pooled sample of participants



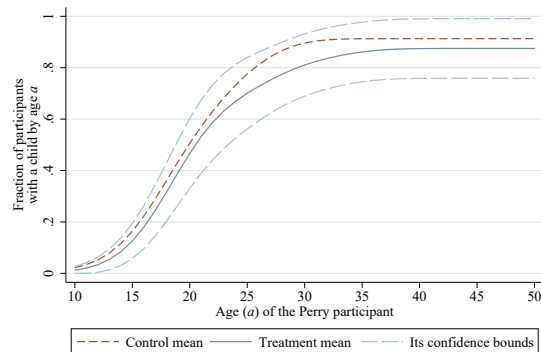
Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

(b) Male sample



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

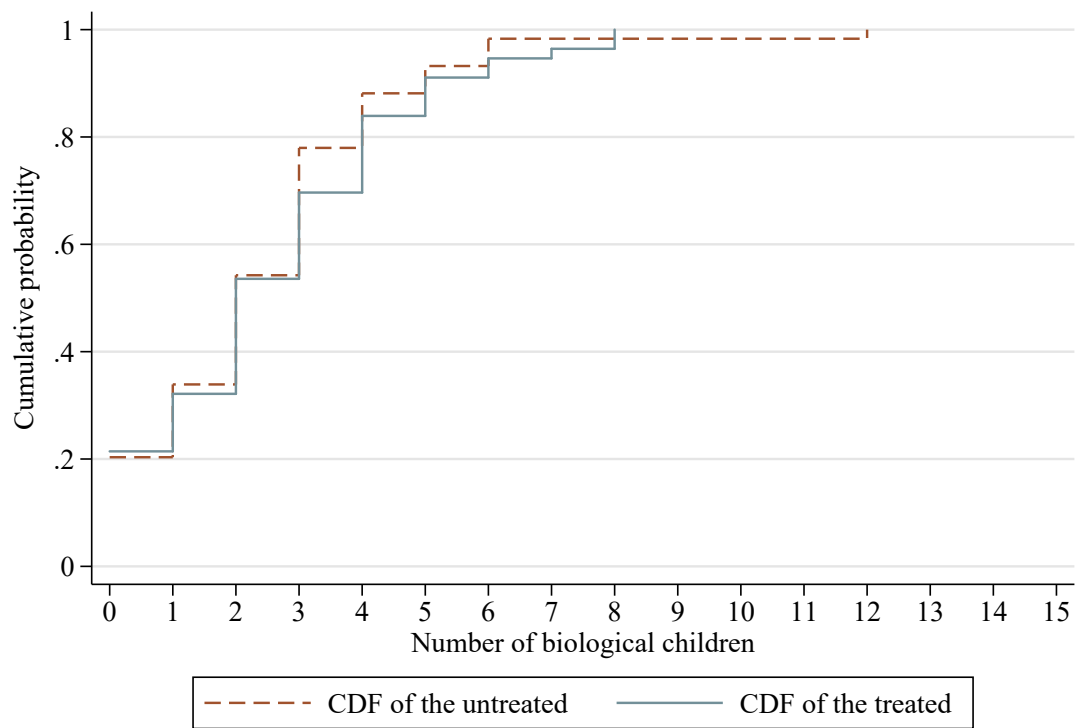
(c) Female sample



Note: Each of the confidence bounds represents the sum of the control mean and the limit of a one-sided 90% asymptotic confidence interval for the treatment effect, i.e., the treatment mean – the control mean.

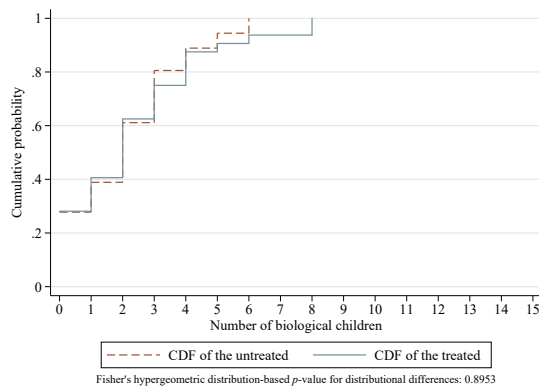
Figure 31: Total Number of Biological Children

(a) Pooled sample of participants



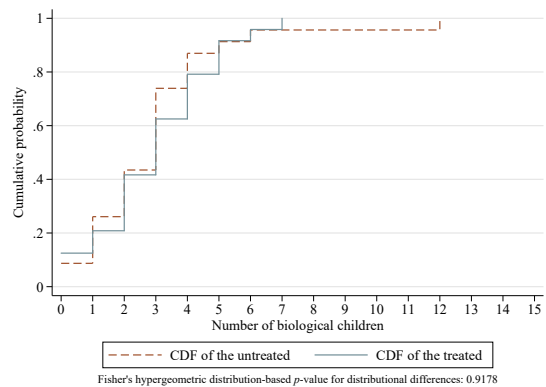
Fisher's hypergeometric distribution-based p -value for distributional differences: 0.8532

(b) Male sample



Fisher's hypergeometric distribution-based p -value for distributional differences: 0.8953

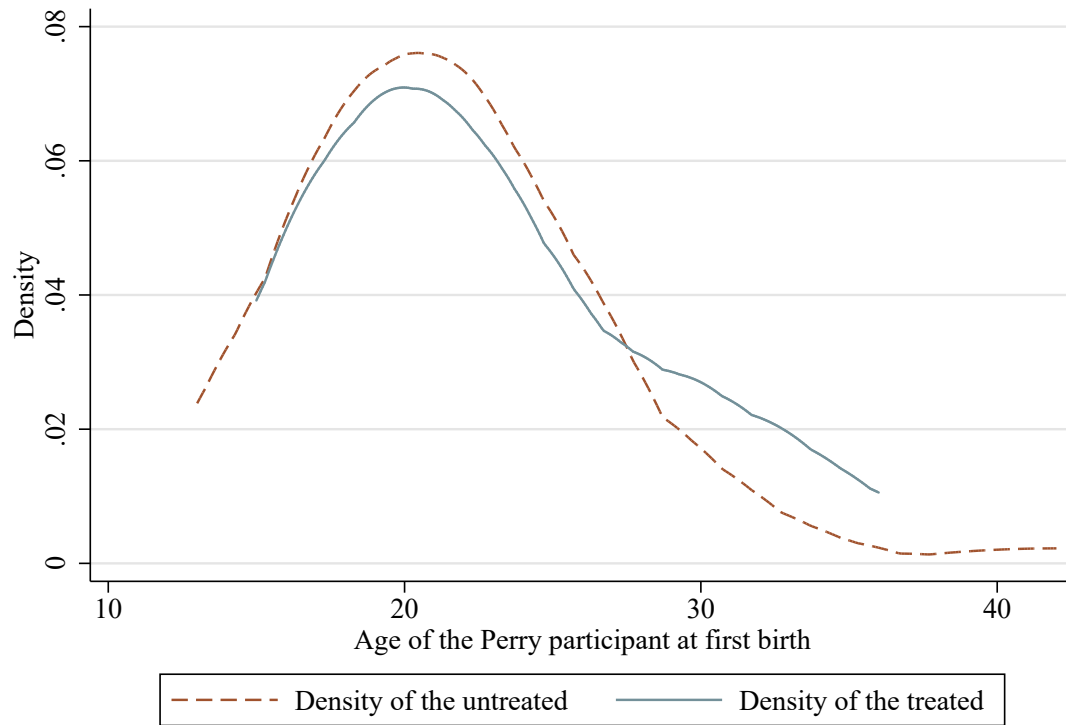
(c) Female sample



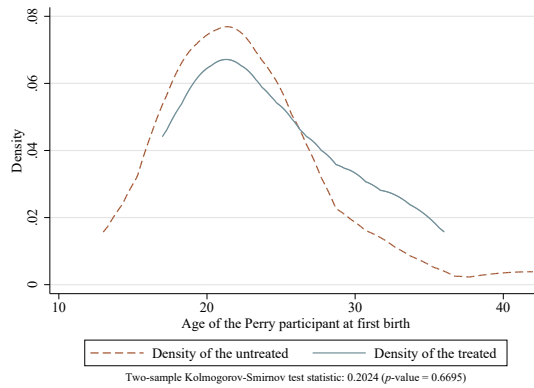
Fisher's hypergeometric distribution-based p -value for distributional differences: 0.9178

Figure 32: Age at First Birth

(a) Pooled sample of participants



(b) Male sample



(c) Female sample

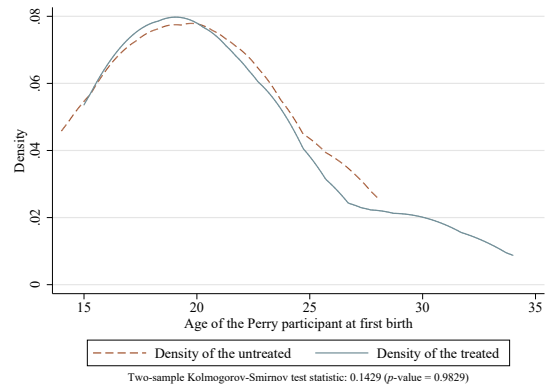
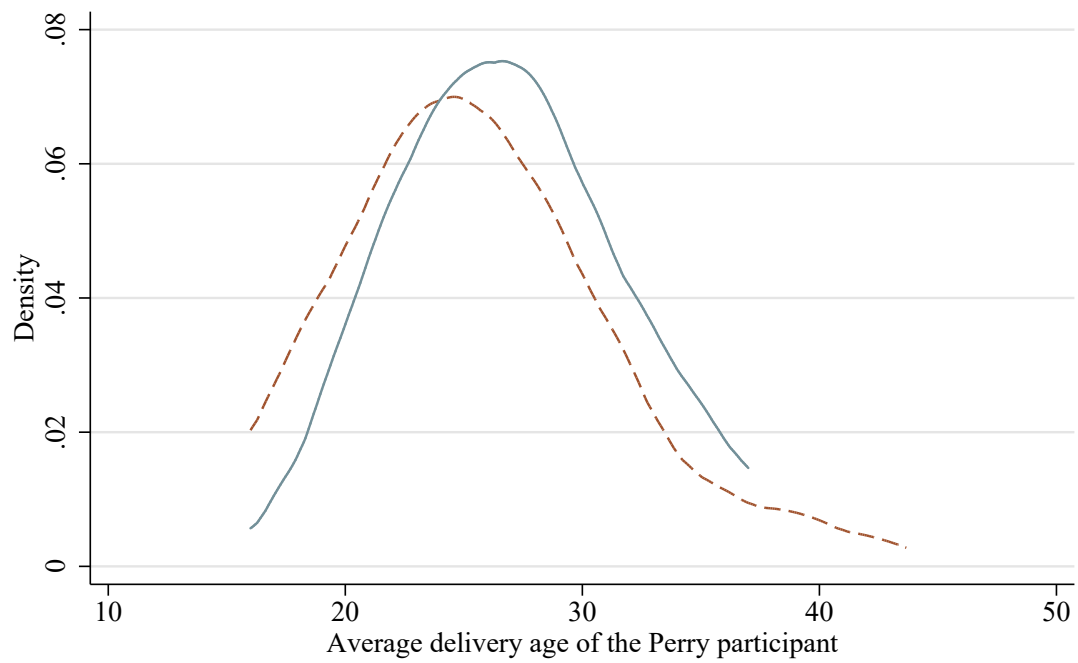


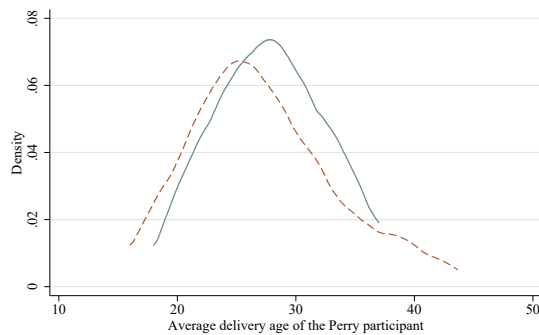
Figure 33: Average Delivery Age

(a) Pooled sample of participants



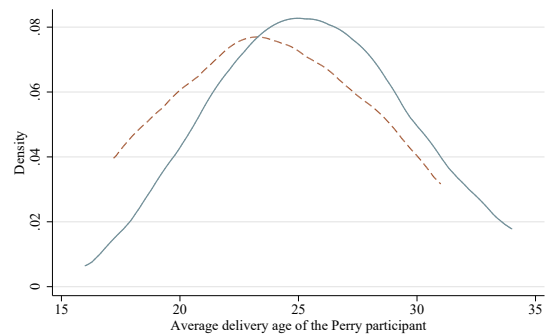
Two-sample Kolmogorov-Smirnov test statistic: 0.2088 (p -value = 0.2814)

(b) Male sample



Two-sample Kolmogorov-Smirnov test statistic: 0.1853 (p -value = 0.8078)

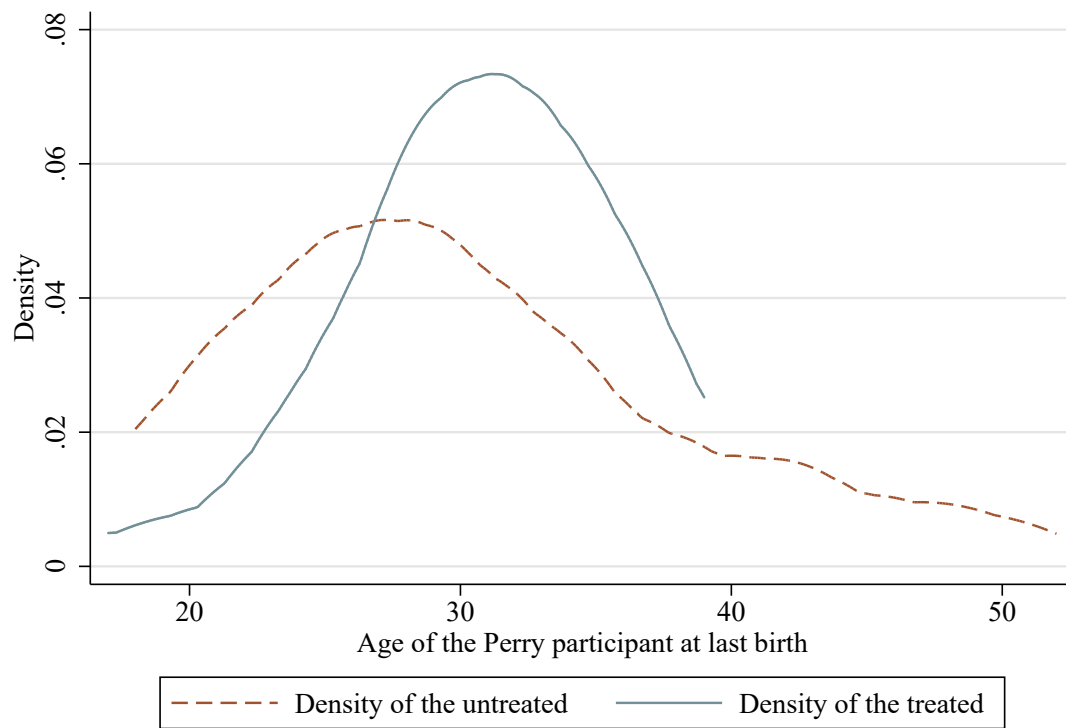
(c) Female sample



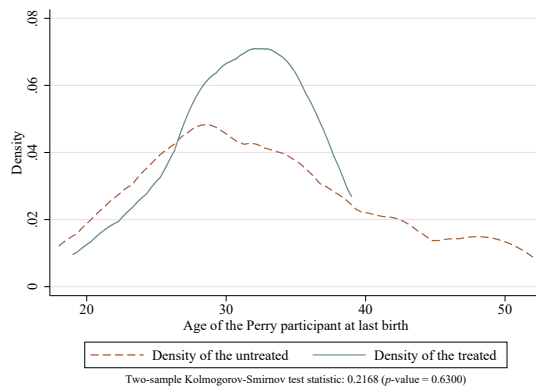
Two-sample Kolmogorov-Smirnov test statistic: 0.3333 (p -value = 0.1938)

Figure 34: Age at Last Birth

(a) Pooled sample of participants



(b) Male sample



(c) Female sample

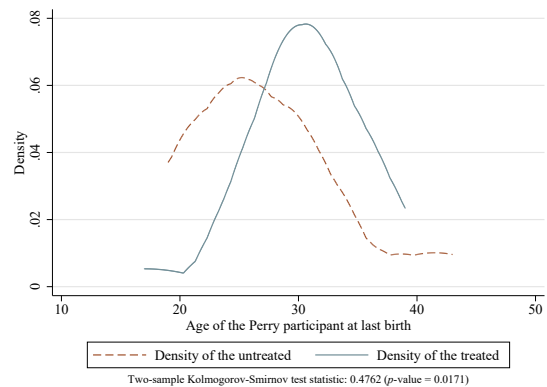
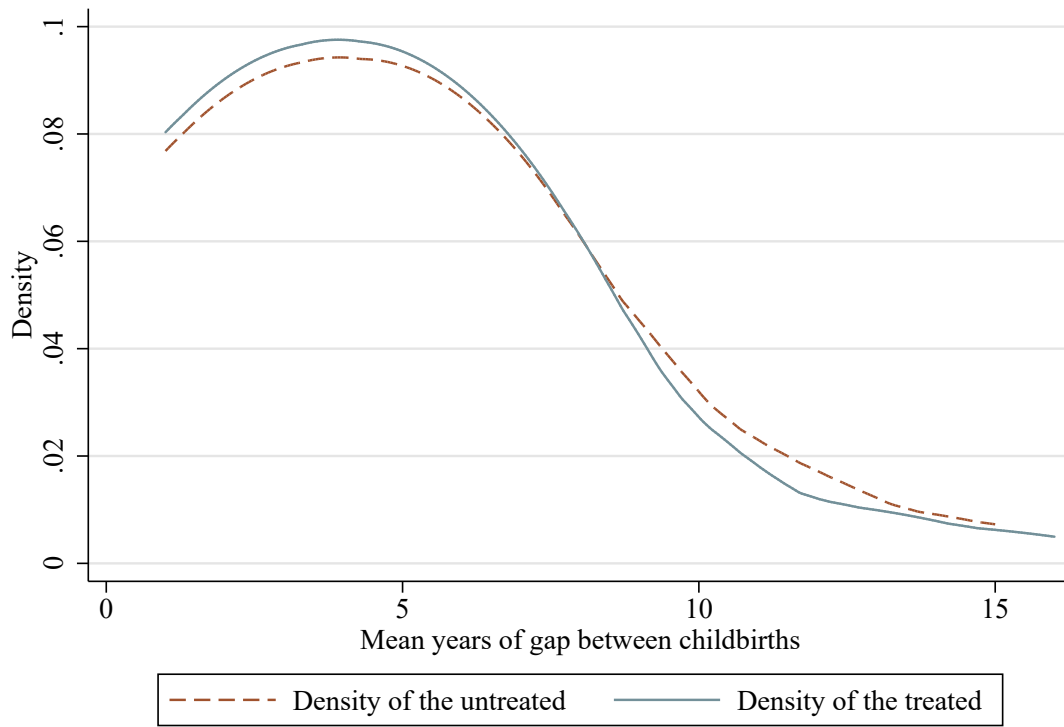
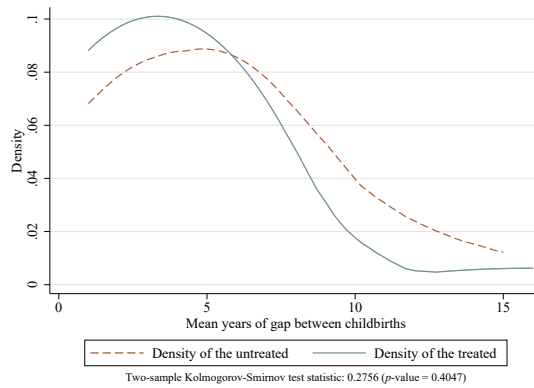


Figure 35: Mean Gap between Births

(a) Pooled sample of participants



(b) Male sample



(c) Female sample

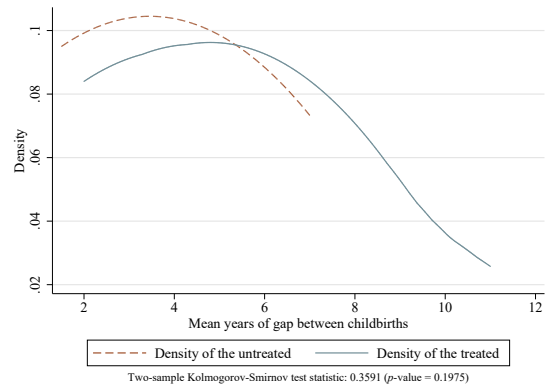
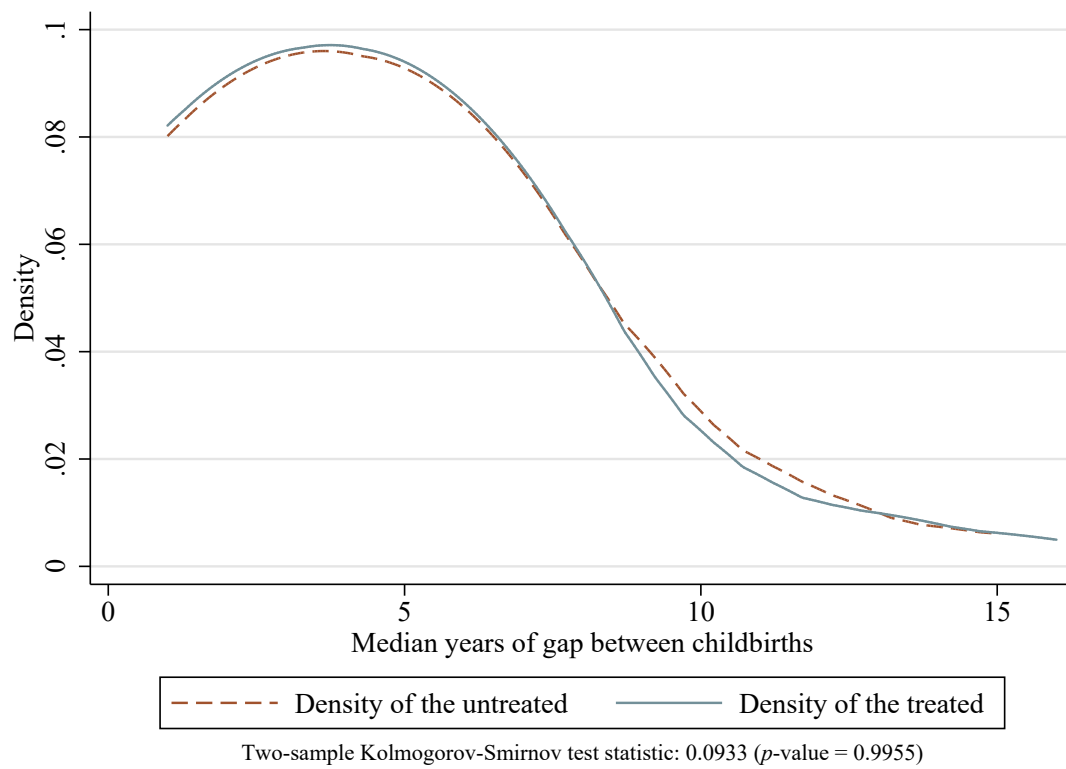
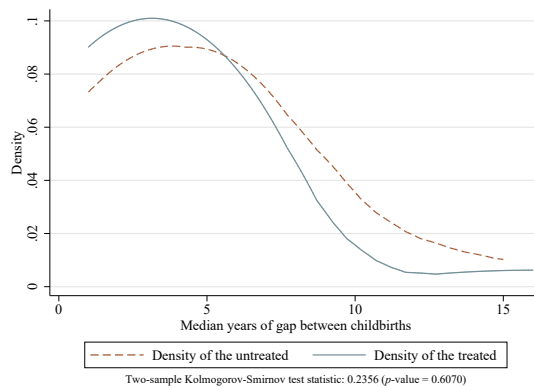


Figure 36: Median Gap between Births

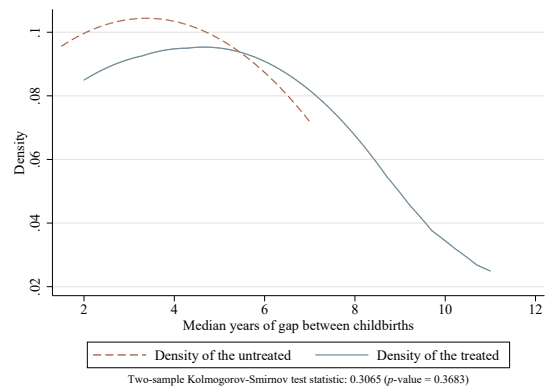
(a) Pooled sample of participants



(b) Male sample



(c) Female sample



11 Multiple Hypothesis Tests for Effects on Participants' Marital Lives and Fertility

Table 74: Stepdown Tests for Treatment Effects on Outcomes of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Married at 20	Married at 30	Married at 40	Married at 50	Stably mar. at 20	Stably mar. at 30	Stably mar. at 40	Stably mar. at 50	Total cohab.	Any cohab.
	Child age $\geq$	20	30	40	50	20	30	40	50	ab	ab
Summary	(01) Obs.	115	114	110	94	114	106	103	94	101	102
	(02) Control	0.1017	0.2373	0.3333	0.3191	0.0172	0.0536	0.0943	0.1064	1.4400	0.5800
	(03) Treatment	0.1071	0.3455	0.4528	0.2979	0.0893	0.2000	0.2600	0.1702	1.1961	0.4615
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0054	0.1082	0.1195	-0.0213	0.0720	0.1464	0.1657	0.0638	-0.2439	-0.1185
	(05) COLS	-0.0350	0.0794	0.0855	-0.0227	0.0571	0.1554	0.1665	0.0647	-0.2067	-0.0887
	(06) AIPW	-0.0533	0.0494	0.0458	-0.0246	0.0581	0.1368	0.1447	0.0593	-0.1776	-0.0709
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.8283	0.4018	0.4018	0.8283	0.0947	0.0535	0.0535	0.1951	0.2508	0.2508
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.7852	0.7852	0.7852	0.7852	0.1781	0.0432	0.0477	0.1965	0.3994	0.3994
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.8045	0.8556	0.8556	0.8556	0.1449	0.0750	0.0750	0.2132	0.4858	0.4858
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.8141	0.3163	0.3163	0.8141	0.0708	0.0402	0.0402	0.1841	0.2177	0.1808
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.7027	0.7027	0.7027	0.7027	0.1416	0.0309	0.0340	0.1831	0.3529	0.3529
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.8091	0.8730	0.8730	0.8730	0.1188	0.0865	0.0884	0.2246	0.4874	0.4874
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.8328	0.3232	0.3232	0.8328	0.0560	0.0464	0.0540	0.1760	0.2104	0.1792
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.6784	0.6784	0.6784	0.6784	0.1376	0.0320	0.0432	0.1872	0.3496	0.3496
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.9152	0.9152	0.9152	0.9152	0.1040	0.0816	0.0972	0.2156	0.4408	0.4408
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.7336	0.1424	0.1424	0.7336	0.0056	0.0016	0.0016	0.1084	0.1696	0.0880
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.4696	0.4544	0.4544	0.4696	0.0152	0.0032	0.0036	0.1204	0.2280	0.2280
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.5152	0.7740	0.7740	0.7740	0.0336	0.0336	0.0336	0.2072	0.4248	0.4248
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.8592	0.4112	0.4112	0.8592	0.1592	0.0512	0.0512	0.2180	0.2208	0.2208
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.7312	0.7312	0.7312	0.7312	0.2112	0.0368	0.0468	0.2112	0.3680	0.3680
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.7232	0.8688	0.8688	0.8688	0.2384	0.0864	0.1116	0.2384	0.4800	0.4800
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.8480	0.3696	0.3696	0.8480	0.1544	0.0512	0.0512	0.2064	0.2264	0.2264
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.7792	0.7792	0.7792	0.7792	0.1872	0.0464	0.0528	0.2168	0.3928	0.3928
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.8064	0.8844	0.8844	0.8844	0.1800	0.0976	0.1056	0.2580	0.5024	0.5024
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	1.0000	0.4818	0.4818	1.0000	0.2674	0.0945	0.0945	0.2674	0.2879	0.2879
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.8213	0.7447	0.7447	0.8213	0.3038	0.0959	0.0959	0.3038	0.4306	0.4306
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3166	0.1932	0.1932	0.3166	0.5724	0.5724
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	1.0000	0.4311	0.4311	1.0000	0.2619	0.0819	0.0819	0.2619	0.2879	0.2879
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.8639	0.7859	0.7859	0.8639	0.2976	0.1094	0.1094	0.2976	0.4554	0.4554
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2732	0.1919	0.1919	0.2847	0.5868	0.5868
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	1.0000	0.4819	0.4819	1.0000	0.2711	0.0974	0.0974	0.2711	0.3046	0.3046
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.8254	0.7820	0.7820	0.8254	0.3134	0.0968	0.0968	0.3134	0.4346	0.4346
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3197	0.2015	0.2015	0.3197	0.5874	0.5874
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	1.0000	0.4329	0.4329	1.0000	0.2654	0.0860	0.0860	0.2654	0.3046	0.3046
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.8795	0.8155	0.8155	0.8795	0.3028	0.1102	0.1102	0.3028	0.4614	0.4614
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2832	0.2049	0.2049	0.2871	0.6057	0.6057
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	1.0000	0.6506	0.5683	1.0000	0.2973	0.1020	0.1020	0.2973	0.3909	0.3909
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.9431	0.9431	0.9431	0.9431	0.3834	0.1074	0.1235	0.3834	0.4826	0.4826
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4130	0.2233	0.2233	0.4130	0.7522	0.7522
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	1.0000	0.6476	0.4878	1.0000	0.4002	0.0975	0.1086	0.4002	0.3919	0.3919
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.9249	0.8729	0.8729	0.9249	0.3286	0.1446	0.1446	0.3286	0.5277	0.5277
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3625	0.2468	0.2468	0.3625	0.7516	0.7516
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.7133	0.3455	0.3455	0.7133	0.1196	0.0396	0.0396	0.2063	0.2151	0.1651
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.5526	0.5526	0.5526	0.5526	0.1791	0.0344	0.0380	0.2167	0.2719	0.2719
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.6094	0.6573	0.6573	0.6573	0.1799	0.0796	0.0852	0.2579	0.3443	0.3443

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups, respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 74: Stepdown Tests for Treatment Effects on Outcomes of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Yrs. mar. by 30	Yrs. mar. by 40	Yrs. mar. by 50	Yrs. stably mar. by 30	Yrs. stably mar. by 40	Yrs. stably mar. by 50	Children by 20	Children by 30	Children by 40	Children by 50
	Child age $\geq$	30	40	50	30	40	50	20	30	40	50
Summary	(01) Obs.	114	110	94	106	103	94	117	114	114	114
	(02) Control	2.3390	5.5614	8.9362	0.4107	1.3396	2.5532	0.6290	1.8475	2.2712	2.4068
	(03) Treatment	3.3091	7.4340	11.277	2.3800	4.6000	7.0638	0.5273	1.7636	2.4727	2.4727
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.9701	1.8726	2.3404	1.9693	3.2604	4.5106	-0.1018	-0.0838	0.2015	0.0659
	(05) COLS	0.5355	1.1161	1.0419	1.9048	3.1782	4.3695	-0.1089	-0.1483	0.2234	0.0865
	(06) AIPW	0.3046	0.3774	0.4134	1.7351	2.8394	4.1450	-0.1161	-0.1416	0.2314	0.1038
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.2652	0.2652	0.2652	0.0031	0.0080	0.0101	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.7120	0.7120	0.7120	0.0074	0.0126	0.0165	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.0121	0.0213	0.0213	0.8923	0.8923	0.8923	0.8923
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.2017	0.2017	0.2017	0.0009	0.0038	0.0059	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.6489	0.6489	0.6489	0.0025	0.0064	0.0107	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.0122	0.0266	0.0266	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.2040	0.2040	0.2040	0.0024	0.0072	0.0112	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.6612	0.6612	0.6612	0.0036	0.0120	0.0148	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.9912	0.9912	0.9912	0.0108	0.0320	0.0320	0.9536	0.9536	0.9536	0.9536
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.0632	0.0612	0.0632	0.0012	0.0012	0.0012	0.8544	0.8544	0.8544	0.8544
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.4524	0.4524	0.4524	0.0012	0.0012	0.0012	0.7760	0.7760	0.7760	0.7760
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.9948	0.9948	0.9948	0.0024	0.0112	0.0180	0.7152	0.7152	0.7152	0.7152
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.2688	0.2688	0.2688	0.0036	0.0104	0.0128	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.6828	0.6828	0.6828	0.0048	0.0088	0.0120	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.0144	0.0352	0.0352	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.2592	0.2592	0.2592	0.0036	0.0088	0.0112	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.7728	0.7728	0.7728	0.0072	0.0128	0.0160	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.0192	0.0432	0.0432	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.4075	0.4075	0.4075	0.0353	0.0353	0.0353	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.7293	0.7293	0.7293	0.0456	0.0456	0.0456	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.0687	0.0859	0.0859	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.3844	0.3844	0.3844	0.0274	0.0274	0.0274	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.8246	0.8246	0.8246	0.0500	0.0500	0.0500	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.0774	0.0827	0.0827	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.4093	0.4093	0.4093	0.0355	0.0355	0.0355	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.7508	0.7508	0.7508	0.0457	0.0457	0.0457	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.0691	0.0862	0.0862	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.3859	0.3859	0.3859	0.0297	0.0297	0.0297	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.8326	0.8326	0.8326	0.0515	0.0515	0.0515	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.0787	0.0853	0.0853	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.5140	0.4136	0.5140	0.0417	0.0417	0.0472	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.9287	0.9287	0.9287	0.0464	0.0464	0.0464	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.0717	0.1214	0.1214	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.4557	0.3920	0.4557	0.0420	0.0420	0.0420	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.9126	0.9126	0.9126	0.0536	0.0592	0.0592	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.0794	0.1133	0.1133	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.1655	0.1591	0.1655	0.0024	0.0064	0.0112	0.6521	0.7497	0.6521	0.7497
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.3886	0.3786	0.3886	0.0048	0.0072	0.0160	0.6393	0.6393	0.6393	0.6393
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.5130	0.5130	0.5130	0.0124	0.0284	0.0332	0.6002	0.6397	0.6002	0.6397

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups, respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 74: Stepdown Tests for Treatment Effects on Outcomes of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Any child by 20	Any child by 30	Any child by 40	Any child by 50	Any bio. child	Num. bio. children	Age at 1st birth	Avg. age at delivery	Age at last birth	Med. gap btw. births	Mean gap btw. births
	Child age $\geq$	20	30	40	50	ld	ld	th	th	th	ap	ap
Summary	(01) Obs.	117	114	114	114	120	115	94	90	90	79	79
	(02) Control	0.3548	0.7627	0.7797	0.7966	0.8095	2.4237	21.480	25.602	30.170	4.2619	4.5299
	(03) Treatment	0.3636	0.6909	0.7818	0.7818	0.7895	2.5714	22.636	26.760	30.930	4.2703	4.4292
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0088	-0.0718	0.0022	-0.0148	-0.0201	0.1477	1.1564	1.1580	0.7600	0.0084	-0.1007
	(05) COLS	0.0402	-0.1011	-0.0040	-0.0273	-0.0349	0.1612	1.2405	1.5397	1.3419	0.6499	0.4694
	(06) AIPW	0.0273	-0.0936	-0.0022	-0.0239	-0.0439	0.1673	1.2239	1.5100	1.1031	0.2825	0.1255
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	1.0000	0.7738	1.0000	1.0000	0.6997	0.6997	0.4474	0.4474	0.4474	0.8720	0.8720
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.9443	0.5331	0.9443	0.9443	0.6446	0.6446	0.3039	0.2635	0.3039	0.3035	0.3035
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	1.0000	0.5416	1.0000	1.0000	0.5419	0.5419	0.2635	0.2159	0.2635	0.6002	0.6002
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	1.0000	0.7567	1.0000	1.0000	0.6938	0.6938	0.3637	0.3637	0.3637	0.8745	0.8745
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.9644	0.5101	0.9644	0.9644	0.6448	0.6448	0.2752	0.2124	0.2752	0.3026	0.3026
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	1.0000	0.6097	1.0000	1.0000	0.5818	0.5818	0.2753	0.2510	0.2753	0.6632	0.6632
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	1.0000	0.7824	1.0000	1.0000	0.6800	0.6800	0.3552	0.3552	0.3552	0.8752	0.8752
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.9384	0.5056	0.9384	0.9384	0.6488	0.6488	0.2776	0.2472	0.2776	0.3008	0.3008
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	1.0000	0.5936	1.0000	1.0000	0.6152	0.6152	0.3180	0.3180	0.3180	0.7200	0.7200
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	1.0000	0.4848	1.0000	1.0000	0.6176	0.6176	0.2184	0.2184	0.2280	0.8296	0.8296
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.8340	0.2912	0.8340	0.8340	0.5272	0.5272	0.1592	0.1044	0.1592	0.1600	0.1664
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	1.0000	0.4432	1.0000	1.0000	0.4880	0.4880	0.2104	0.1356	0.2104	0.4624	0.4624
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	1.0000	0.7648	1.0000	1.0000	0.6952	0.6952	0.4800	0.4800	0.4800	0.8448	0.8448
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.8160	0.3744	0.8160	0.8160	0.5696	0.5696	0.2960	0.2628	0.2960	0.3336	0.3336
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.9816	0.4672	0.9816	0.9816	0.4968	0.4968	0.2888	0.2736	0.2888	0.6584	0.6584
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	1.0000	0.7584	1.0000	1.0000	0.6784	0.6784	0.4908	0.4908	0.4908	0.8440	0.8440
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.8280	0.4688	0.8280	0.8280	0.5992	0.5992	0.3624	0.3204	0.3624	0.3112	0.3112
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.9828	0.5344	0.9828	0.9828	0.5288	0.5288	0.3384	0.3156	0.3384	0.6360	0.6360
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	1.0000	0.8863	1.0000	1.0000	0.8536	0.8536	0.6902	0.6902	0.6902	0.8835	0.8835
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	1.0000	0.6382	1.0000	1.0000	0.7226	0.7226	0.3968	0.3968	0.3968	0.4541	0.4541
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	1.0000	0.6906	1.0000	1.0000	0.6186	0.6186	0.4625	0.4625	0.4625	0.7337	0.7337
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	1.0000	0.8611	1.0000	1.0000	0.8393	0.8393	0.6439	0.6439	0.6439	0.8787	0.8787
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	1.0000	0.7271	1.0000	1.0000	0.7259	0.7259	0.4355	0.4355	0.4355	0.4328	0.4328
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	1.0000	0.7407	1.0000	1.0000	0.6360	0.6360	0.4775	0.4775	0.4775	0.7188	0.7188
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	1.0000	0.8935	1.0000	1.0000	0.8557	0.8557	0.7048	0.7048	0.7048	0.8872	0.8872
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	1.0000	0.6406	1.0000	1.0000	0.7226	0.7226	0.4004	0.4004	0.4004	0.4702	0.4702
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	1.0000	0.6969	1.0000	1.0000	0.6279	0.6279	0.4745	0.4745	0.4745	0.7426	0.7426
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	1.0000	0.8670	1.0000	1.0000	0.8446	0.8446	0.6457	0.6457	0.6457	0.8851	0.8851
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	1.0000	0.7419	1.0000	1.0000	0.7275	0.7275	0.4378	0.4378	0.4378	0.4402	0.4402
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	1.0000	0.7503	1.0000	1.0000	0.6463	0.6463	0.4888	0.4888	0.4888	0.7360	0.7360
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	1.0000	0.9099	1.0000	1.0000	0.8765	0.8765	0.7931	0.7931	0.7931	0.9685	0.9685
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	1.0000	0.6523	1.0000	1.0000	0.7226	0.7310	0.5425	0.5425	0.5425	0.5349	0.5349
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	1.0000	0.7342	1.0000	1.0000	0.6786	0.6786	0.5388	0.5262	0.5388	0.9109	0.9109
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9063	0.9063	0.6931	0.6931	0.6931	0.9957	0.9957
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	1.0000	0.7820	1.0000	1.0000	0.8217	0.8217	0.4861	0.4861	0.4861	0.5909	0.5909
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	1.0000	0.7617	1.0000	1.0000	0.6879	0.6879	0.4989	0.4989	0.4989	0.7972	0.7972
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.8988	0.5414	0.8988	0.8988	0.6265	0.6265	0.2771	0.2715	0.3227	0.8365	0.8365
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.5602	0.2939	0.5602	0.5602	0.5878	0.5878	0.2915	0.1951	0.2915	0.1915	0.2491
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.6445	0.3307	0.6445	0.6445	0.5210	0.5210	0.3099	0.2167	0.3099	0.3886	0.4506

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups, respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 75: Stepdown Tests for Treatment Effects on Outcomes of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Married at 20	Married at 30	Married at 40	Married at 50	Stably mar. at 20	Stably mar. at 30	Stably mar. at 40	Stably mar. at 50	Total cohab.	Any cohab.
	Child age $\geq$	20	30	40	50	20	30	40	50	ab	ab
Summary	(01) Obs.	68	67	65	56	68	64	62	56	59	59
	(02) Control	0.0556	0.2500	0.3429	0.3448	0.0000	0.0571	0.0909	0.1379	1.3667	0.5333
	(03) Treatment	0.1250	0.3226	0.5333	0.3704	0.0938	0.2069	0.2759	0.1481	1.2759	0.4483
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0694	0.0726	0.1905	0.0255	0.0938	0.1498	0.1850	0.0102	-0.0908	-0.0851
	(05) COLS	0.0166	0.0494	0.1287	0.0085	0.0732	0.1465	0.1558	-0.0159	-0.1272	-0.0491
	(06) AIPW	0.0116	0.0065	0.0908	0.0195	0.0755	0.1288	0.1478	0.0006	-0.0868	-0.0142
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.4995	0.5371	0.2618	0.5371	0.1141	0.1141	0.1105	0.4580	0.5333	0.5333
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	0.6879	1.0000	0.1270	0.0887	0.1270	0.4229	0.7371	0.7371
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	0.8695	1.0000	0.1019	0.0951	0.1019	0.4969	0.8215	0.8215
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.4761	0.5069	0.1732	0.5069	0.1112	0.1112	0.1112	0.4578	0.4817	0.4817
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.9966	0.9966	0.5881	0.9966	0.1423	0.0980	0.1423	0.4226	0.7107	0.7107
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	0.8862	1.0000	0.1432	0.1354	0.1432	0.4972	0.8543	0.8543
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.4704	0.4944	0.1552	0.4944	0.1200	0.1200	0.1200	0.4492	0.4480	0.4480
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.9708	0.9708	0.5120	0.9708	0.1260	0.0576	0.1260	0.4512	0.6624	0.6624
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	0.7008	1.0000	0.1308	0.0784	0.1308	0.4780	0.8144	0.8144
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.2076	0.3920	0.0928	0.3984	0.0792	0.0128	0.0128	0.4616	0.4216	0.3712
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.9252	0.9252	0.3952	0.9252	0.0792	0.0064	0.0264	0.3736	0.6760	0.6760
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	0.7760	1.0000	0.0800	0.0160	0.0624	0.4848	0.8648	0.8648
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.6744	0.6744	0.3344	0.6744	0.1476	0.1476	0.1424	0.5220	0.5936	0.5936
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	0.7152	1.0000	0.2024	0.1776	0.1848	0.3872	0.7600	0.7600
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2720	0.2720	0.2720	0.4628	0.9056	0.9056
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.6492	0.6492	0.3184	0.6492	0.1248	0.1248	0.1232	0.5036	0.5808	0.5808
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	0.7808	1.0000	0.1960	0.1088	0.1356	0.3808	0.7728	0.7728
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.1424	0.1424	0.1424	0.4636	0.8768	0.8768
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.8374	0.8374	0.2832	0.8374	0.2941	0.1575	0.1575	0.4032	0.6212	0.6212
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	0.5459	1.0000	0.3420	0.2029	0.2029	0.6425	0.7883	0.7883
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	0.7680	1.0000	0.2918	0.2918	0.2918	0.4940	0.9833	0.9833
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.8041	0.8041	0.2575	0.8041	0.2237	0.1381	0.1381	0.3838	0.5997	0.5997
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	0.5846	1.0000	0.3433	0.1363	0.1459	0.6360	0.7937	0.7937
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	0.7238	1.0000	0.2236	0.1766	0.1766	0.4940	0.9747	0.9747
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.8392	0.8392	0.2900	0.8392	0.2951	0.1588	0.1588	0.4054	0.6263	0.6263
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	0.5558	1.0000	0.3424	0.2104	0.2104	0.6557	0.7963	0.7963
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	0.7703	1.0000	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000	0.5022	0.9925	0.9925
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.8075	0.8075	0.2641	0.8075	0.2240	0.1501	0.1501	0.3899	0.6033	0.6033
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	0.5869	1.0000	0.3500	0.1371	0.1502	0.6422	0.8033	0.8033
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	0.7276	1.0000	0.2255	0.1802	0.1802	0.5055	0.9877	0.9877
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.8572	0.8572	0.3399	0.8572	0.3014	0.2147	0.2147	0.4355	0.6878	0.6878
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	0.6567	1.0000	0.4216	0.2647	0.2647	0.7535	0.9334	0.9334
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	0.9110	1.0000	0.3730	0.3730	0.3730	0.5232	1.0000	1.0000
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.9243	0.8395	0.3661	0.9243	0.2558	0.1938	0.1938	0.4351	0.6506	0.6506
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	0.7087	1.0000	0.3815	0.1529	0.2118	0.6577	0.8936	0.8936
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	0.8063	1.0000	0.2983	0.2983	0.2237	0.5662	1.0000	1.0000
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.4306	0.4482	0.2431	0.4642	0.1144	0.1144	0.0608	0.5034	0.4458	0.3970
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.7085	0.7085	0.5006	0.7085	0.1467	0.0620	0.1467	0.3806	0.5086	0.5086
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.7841	0.7841	0.5902	0.7841	0.1307	0.0884	0.1164	0.5370	0.5602	0.5602

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups, respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 75: Stepdown Tests for Treatment Effects on Outcomes of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Yrs. mar. by 30	Yrs. mar. by 40	Yrs. mar. by 50	Yrs. stably mar. by 30	Yrs. stably mar. by 40	Yrs. stably mar. by 50	Children by 20	Children by 30	Children by 40	Children by 50
	Child age $\geq$	30	40	50	30	40	50	20	30	40	50
Summary	(01) Obs.	67	65	56	64	62	56	70	67	67	67
	(02) Control	2.3056	5.5714	9.5517	0.2857	1.0909	2.4828	0.4359	1.4722	1.8889	2.0556
	(03) Treatment	2.9032	7.5667	12.444	2.2069	4.3448	6.8148	0.2581	1.3226	2.0968	2.0968
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.5977	1.9952	2.8927	1.9212	3.2539	4.3321	-0.1778	-0.1496	0.2079	0.0412
	(05) COLS	0.2121	1.0507	0.9491	1.6912	2.8117	3.4593	-0.1661	-0.2335	0.2057	0.0026
	(06) AIPW	0.0569	0.5480	0.4914	1.6180	2.6885	3.7661	-0.1525	-0.1450	0.2799	0.0897
Asym. A	(07) $h^1_{A,A}$	0.3750	0.3750	0.3750	0.0123	0.0195	0.0299	0.6774	0.9705	0.9705	0.9705
	(08) $h^2_{A,A}$	0.8722	0.8722	0.8722	0.0154	0.0154	0.0325	0.7591	0.8225	0.8225	0.8225
	(09) $h^3_{A,A}$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.0097	0.0105	0.0120	0.7393	0.7746	0.7746	0.7746
Asym. B	(10) $h^1_{A,B}$	0.3349	0.3349	0.3349	0.0112	0.0227	0.0318	0.6459	0.9442	0.9442	0.9442
	(11) $h^2_{A,B}$	0.8312	0.8312	0.8312	0.0132	0.0200	0.0388	0.7477	0.7677	0.7677	0.7677
	(12) $h^3_{A,B}$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.0195	0.0279	0.0279	0.7413	0.7664	0.7664	0.7664
Boot. N	(13) $h^1_{B,N}$	0.3216	0.3216	0.3216	0.0024	0.0192	0.0324	0.6784	0.9168	0.9168	0.9168
	(14) $h^2_{B,N}$	0.8112	0.8112	0.8112	0.0024	0.0120	0.0380	0.7792	0.7792	0.7792	0.7792
	(15) $h^3_{B,N}$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.0060	0.0128	0.0244	0.8416	0.8416	0.8416	0.8416
Boot. S	(16) $h^1_{B,S}$	0.2044	0.1764	0.1764	0.0012	0.0016	0.0060	0.2528	0.7836	0.7836	0.7836
	(17) $h^2_{B,S}$	0.6808	0.6804	0.6808	0.0012	0.0024	0.0108	0.3392	0.6144	0.6144	0.6144
	(18) $h^3_{B,S}$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.0012	0.0032	0.0072	0.3280	0.5920	0.5832	0.5920
Perm. N	(19) $h^1_{P,N}$	0.4176	0.4176	0.4176	0.0096	0.0296	0.0392	0.7936	0.9828	0.9828	0.9828
	(20) $h^2_{P,N}$	0.9516	0.9516	0.9516	0.0216	0.0512	0.0772	0.8240	0.8240	0.8240	0.8240
	(21) $h^3_{P,N}$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.0384	0.0784	0.0784	0.9184	0.9184	0.9184	0.9184
Perm. S	(22) $h^1_{P,S}$	0.4020	0.4020	0.4020	0.0156	0.0272	0.0340	0.7040	0.9324	0.9324	0.9324
	(23) $h^2_{P,S}$	0.9960	0.9960	0.9960	0.0156	0.0192	0.0380	0.7872	0.8496	0.8496	0.8496
	(24) $h^3_{P,S}$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.0144	0.0192	0.0264	0.8160	0.8160	0.8160	0.8160
WC-M N	(25) $h^1_{M,N}$	0.5145	0.5145	0.5145	0.0400	0.0498	0.0498	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(26) $h^2_{M,N}$	0.9496	0.9496	0.9496	0.0930	0.0930	0.0930	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(27) $h^3_{M,N}$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.0905	0.0905	0.0905	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-M S	(28) $h^1_{M,S}$	0.4987	0.4987	0.4987	0.0330	0.0360	0.0364	0.9615	0.9615	1.0000	1.0000
	(29) $h^2_{M,S}$	0.9628	0.9628	0.9628	0.0432	0.0432	0.0432	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(30) $h^3_{M,S}$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.0510	0.0510	0.0510	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-R N	(31) $h^1_{R,N}$	0.5304	0.5304	0.5304	0.0431	0.0499	0.0499	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(32) $h^2_{R,N}$	0.9559	0.9559	0.9559	0.0931	0.0931	0.0931	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(33) $h^3_{R,N}$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.0934	0.0934	0.0934	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-R S	(34) $h^1_{R,S}$	0.5181	0.5181	0.5181	0.0356	0.0413	0.0413	0.9672	0.9672	1.0000	1.0000
	(35) $h^2_{R,S}$	0.9696	0.9696	0.9696	0.0465	0.0465	0.0465	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(36) $h^3_{R,S}$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.0544	0.0544	0.0544	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-D N	(37) $h^1_{D,N}$	0.8309	0.8309	0.8309	0.0634	0.0634	0.0634	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(38) $h^2_{D,N}$	0.9878	0.9878	0.9878	0.1206	0.1206	0.1206	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(39) $h^3_{D,N}$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.1074	0.1074	0.1074	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-D S	(40) $h^1_{D,S}$	0.8330	0.8330	0.8330	0.0470	0.0605	0.0605	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(41) $h^2_{D,S}$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.0602	0.0645	0.0645	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(42) $h^3_{D,S}$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.0719	0.0719	0.0719	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Perm. S	(43) $r^1_{D,S}$	0.3019	0.2479	0.2731	0.0104	0.0184	0.0340	0.4526	0.6729	0.6729	0.6729
	(44) $r^2_{D,S}$	0.5770	0.4934	0.5770	0.0136	0.0148	0.0380	0.5022	0.5766	0.5766	0.5766
	(45) $r^3_{D,S}$	0.6353	0.6082	0.6353	0.0128	0.0136	0.0264	0.5138	0.6861	0.5642	0.6861

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups, respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-R S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 75: Stepdown Tests for Treatment Effects on Outcomes of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Any child by 20	Any child by 30	Any child by 40	Any child by 50	Any bio. child	Num. bio. children	Age at 1st birth	Avg. age at delivery	Age at last birth	Med. gap btw. births	Mean gap btw. births
	Child age $\geq$	20	30	40	50	ld	ld	th	th	th	ap	ap
Summary	(01) Obs.	70	67	67	67	72	68	52	48	48	43	43
	(02) Control	0.2564	0.6667	0.6944	0.7222	0.7436	2.0833	22.448	27.206	32.615	4.8600	5.2600
	(03) Treatment	0.1935	0.5806	0.7097	0.7097	0.7273	2.2813	24.087	27.777	31.091	3.8611	4.0406
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.0629	-0.0860	0.0152	-0.0125	-0.0163	0.1979	1.6387	0.5701	-1.5245	-0.9989	-1.2194
	(05) COLS	-0.0239	-0.1040	0.0071	-0.0334	-0.0484	0.1245	1.5368	0.7441	-1.3113	-0.2768	-0.6119
	(06) AIPW	-0.0278	-0.0683	0.0269	-0.0103	-0.0390	0.1900	1.0502	0.5513	-1.2971	-0.4601	-0.7132
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.9771	0.9771	0.9771	0.9771	0.6813	0.6813	0.4540	0.4655	0.4655	0.2484	0.2484
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	1.0000	0.8944	1.0000	1.0000	0.6554	0.6554	0.5083	0.5660	0.5660	0.5694	0.5694
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6676	0.6676	0.6695	0.6695	0.6695	0.4290	0.4290
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.9084	0.9084	0.9084	0.9084	0.6685	0.6685	0.4266	0.4266	0.4266	0.2343	0.2343
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	1.0000	0.8017	1.0000	1.0000	0.6407	0.6407	0.4937	0.5271	0.5271	0.5471	0.5471
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6688	0.6688	0.6939	0.6939	0.6939	0.4948	0.4948
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.8912	0.8912	0.8912	0.8912	0.6808	0.6808	0.4140	0.4168	0.4168	0.2336	0.2336
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	1.0000	0.7712	1.0000	1.0000	0.6320	0.6320	0.4848	0.5104	0.5104	0.5032	0.5032
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6936	0.6936	0.6096	0.6096	0.6096	0.3600	0.3600
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.6272	0.6272	0.8624	0.8624	0.5424	0.5424	0.2640	0.3184	0.2712	0.1856	0.1856
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	1.0000	0.6288	1.0000	1.0000	0.5472	0.5472	0.3660	0.3816	0.3816	0.5456	0.5456
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.5392	0.5392	0.6324	0.6324	0.6324	0.4896	0.4896
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6712	0.6712	0.4800	0.4800	0.4800	0.2328	0.2328
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	1.0000	0.8144	1.0000	1.0000	0.6472	0.6472	0.5340	0.5340	0.5340	0.5320	0.5320
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6976	0.6976	0.7404	0.7404	0.7404	0.4424	0.4424
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.9728	0.9728	0.9728	0.9728	0.6664	0.6664	0.4752	0.4752	0.4752	0.2376	0.2376
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	1.0000	0.8928	1.0000	1.0000	0.6608	0.6608	0.5352	0.5352	0.5352	0.5416	0.5416
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6728	0.6728	0.7344	0.7344	0.7344	0.4456	0.4456
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	1.0000	0.8771	1.0000	1.0000	0.8356	0.8356	0.6022	0.6212	0.6212	0.5210	0.5210
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	1.0000	0.7605	1.0000	1.0000	0.6631	0.6631	0.6418	0.6418	0.6418	0.7462	0.7462
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7220	0.7220	0.7951	0.7951	0.7951	0.6454	0.6454
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	1.0000	0.8398	1.0000	1.0000	0.8209	0.8209	0.5907	0.6187	0.6187	0.5311	0.5311
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	1.0000	0.8008	1.0000	1.0000	0.6664	0.6664	0.6284	0.6426	0.6426	0.7730	0.7730
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7156	0.7156	0.7715	0.7715	0.7715	0.6572	0.6572
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	1.0000	0.8829	1.0000	1.0000	0.8590	0.8590	0.6374	0.6374	0.6374	0.5245	0.5245
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	1.0000	0.7675	1.0000	1.0000	0.6720	0.6720	0.6520	0.6520	0.6520	0.7522	0.7522
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7373	0.7373	0.8232	0.8232	0.8232	0.6764	0.6764
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	1.0000	0.8424	1.0000	1.0000	0.8440	0.8440	0.6144	0.6300	0.6300	0.5312	0.5312
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	1.0000	0.8022	1.0000	1.0000	0.6669	0.6669	0.6491	0.6491	0.6491	0.7845	0.7845
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7316	0.7316	0.7830	0.7830	0.7830	0.6848	0.6848
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	1.0000	0.9434	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9674	0.9674	0.9674	0.6527	0.6527
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	1.0000	0.8811	1.0000	1.0000	0.7293	0.7293	0.8221	0.8221	0.8221	0.8179	0.8179
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8156	0.8156	0.9353	0.9353	0.9353	0.7457	0.7457
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	1.0000	0.9099	1.0000	1.0000	0.8703	0.8703	0.7378	0.7378	0.7378	0.7431	0.7431
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	1.0000	0.9026	1.0000	1.0000	0.7734	0.7734	0.7752	0.7752	0.7752	0.8285	0.8285
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7674	0.7674	0.8355	0.8355	0.8355	0.9721	0.9721
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.6401	0.6401	0.8713	0.8713	0.6577	0.6577	0.3399	0.4382	0.4382	0.1787	0.1611
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.8529	0.5978	0.8529	0.8529	0.6277	0.6277	0.3914	0.5594	0.5594	0.4018	0.3407
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.8497	0.7557	0.8497	0.8497	0.6521	0.6521	0.5446	0.5446	0.5446	0.3227	0.2883

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups, respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-R S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 76: Stepdown Tests for Treatment Effects on Outcomes of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Married at 20	Married at 30	Married at 40	Married at 50	Stably mar. at 20	Stably mar. at 30	Stably mar. at 40	Stably mar. at 50	Total cohab.	Any cohab.
	Child age $\geq$	20	30	40	50	20	30	40	50	ab	ab
Summary	(01) Obs.	47	47	45	38	46	42	41	38	42	43
	(02) Control	0.1739	0.2174	0.3182	0.2778	0.0455	0.0476	0.1000	0.0556	1.5500	0.6500
	(03) Treatment	0.0833	0.3750	0.3478	0.2000	0.0833	0.1905	0.2381	0.2000	1.0909	0.4783
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.0906	0.1576	0.0296	-0.0778	0.0379	0.1429	0.1381	0.1444	-0.4591	-0.1717
	(05) COLS	-0.1153	0.1168	0.0005	-0.0671	0.0396	0.1683	0.1816	0.1780	-0.3084	-0.1478
	(06) AIPW	-0.1450	0.1099	-0.0179	-0.0869	0.0336	0.1481	0.1403	0.1421	-0.3057	-0.1510
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.5543	0.4479	0.5905	0.5905	0.3199	0.3199	0.3199	0.3199	0.2256	0.2256
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.6661	0.6689	0.7088	0.7088	0.3980	0.3980	0.3980	0.3980	0.3365	0.3365
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.3930	0.6486	0.6486	0.6486	0.4886	0.4886	0.4886	0.4886	0.3135	0.3135
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.5047	0.4021	0.5632	0.5632	0.2874	0.2611	0.2611	0.2611	0.1989	0.1989
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.5889	0.6378	0.6983	0.6983	0.3493	0.3493	0.3493	0.3493	0.3162	0.3162
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.4135	0.7090	0.7090	0.7090	0.5102	0.5102	0.5102	0.5102	0.3451	0.3451
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.5040	0.4208	0.5712	0.5712	0.2872	0.2656	0.2656	0.2656	0.2008	0.2008
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.6048	0.6888	0.6888	0.6888	0.3376	0.3376	0.3376	0.3376	0.3456	0.3456
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.4816	0.7392	0.7392	0.7392	0.5296	0.5296	0.5296	0.5296	0.3584	0.3584
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.2736	0.2208	0.4704	0.4704	0.2932	0.0432	0.0784	0.0456	0.1032	0.1032
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.3296	0.4584	0.6664	0.6664	0.2908	0.1680	0.1680	0.1680	0.1904	0.1904
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.1600	0.5412	0.6104	0.6104	0.4848	0.4848	0.4848	0.4848	0.2480	0.2480
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.5532	0.3472	0.7008	0.7008	0.4080	0.4080	0.4080	0.4080	0.1816	0.1816
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.5680	0.5680	0.7432	0.7432	0.3192	0.2864	0.2864	0.2864	0.2720	0.2720
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.4032	0.5232	0.6624	0.6624	0.4032	0.4032	0.4032	0.4032	0.2688	0.2688
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.5268	0.3456	0.6544	0.6544	0.3888	0.3888	0.3888	0.3888	0.1784	0.1784
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.6784	0.6784	0.7856	0.7856	0.4320	0.4320	0.4320	0.4320	0.2896	0.2896
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.5328	0.6000	0.7336	0.7336	0.6208	0.6208	0.6208	0.6208	0.3104	0.3104
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.9415	0.9415	0.9422	0.9422	0.6939	0.6939	0.6939	0.6939	0.3603	0.3603
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6163	0.6163	0.6163	0.6163	0.4643	0.4643
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.7803	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9021	0.9021	0.9021	0.9021	0.4529	0.4529
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.9415	0.9415	0.9415	0.9415	0.6705	0.6705	0.6705	0.6705	0.3603	0.3603
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7163	0.7163	0.7163	0.7163	0.4641	0.4641
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.9870	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.5013	0.5013
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.9505	0.9505	0.9676	0.9676	0.7082	0.7082	0.7082	0.7082	0.3688	0.3688
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6219	0.6219	0.6219	0.6219	0.4657	0.4657
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.7939	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9315	0.9315	0.9315	0.9315	0.4576	0.4576
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.9505	0.9505	0.9505	0.9505	0.6907	0.6907	0.6907	0.6907	0.3688	0.3688
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7661	0.7661	0.7661	0.7661	0.4671	0.4671
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.5117	0.5117
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7871	0.7871	0.7871	0.7871	0.3929	0.3929
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6562	0.6562	0.6562	0.6562	0.5105	0.5105
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9715	0.9715	0.9715	0.9715	0.5183	0.4957
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7717	0.7717	0.7717	0.7717	0.3929	0.3929
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8187	0.8187	0.8187	0.8187	0.4869	0.4869
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.5417	0.5417
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.4654	0.3651	0.5722	0.5722	0.3735	0.2315	0.2315	0.2315	0.1263	0.1263
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.5026	0.5510	0.6809	0.6809	0.3183	0.2579	0.2579	0.2579	0.1951	0.1951
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.3990	0.5650	0.5650	0.5650	0.3419	0.3315	0.3395	0.3395	0.2143	0.2143

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups, respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-R S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 76: Stepdown Tests for Treatment Effects on Outcomes of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Yrs. mar. by 30	Yrs. mar. by 40	Yrs. mar. by 50	Yrs. stably mar. by 30	Yrs. stably mar. by 40	Yrs. stably mar. by 50	Children by 20	Children by 30	Children by 40	Children by 50
	Child age $\geq$	30	40	50	30	40	50	20	30	40	50
Summary	(01) Obs.	47	45	38	42	41	38	47	47	47	47
	(02) Control	2.3913	5.5455	7.9444	0.6190	1.7500	2.6667	0.9565	2.4348	2.8696	2.9565
	(03) Treatment	3.8333	7.2609	9.7000	2.6190	4.9524	7.4000	0.8750	2.3333	2.9583	2.9583
Estimates	(04) UDIM	1.4420	1.7154	1.7556	2.0000	3.2024	4.7333	-0.0815	-0.1014	0.0888	0.0018
	(05) COLS	1.0082	1.0069	1.0527	2.2193	3.7541	5.6146	-0.0223	-0.0384	0.2610	0.2230
	(06) AIPW	0.6544	0.1366	0.3034	1.9003	3.0523	4.6800	-0.0648	-0.1368	0.1630	0.1238
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.3489	0.4445	0.4445	0.1092	0.1287	0.1287	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.7510	0.7510	0.7510	0.1677	0.1677	0.1677	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.9371	0.9464	0.9464	0.2245	0.2340	0.2340	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.2627	0.3988	0.3988	0.0563	0.0831	0.0831	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.6877	0.7130	0.7130	0.1176	0.1348	0.1348	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.9598	0.9598	0.9598	0.2120	0.2329	0.2329	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.2676	0.4120	0.4120	0.0612	0.0784	0.0784	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.6936	0.7192	0.7192	0.1236	0.1472	0.1472	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.9228	0.9728	0.9728	0.1980	0.2448	0.2448	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.1128	0.2616	0.2616	0.0036	0.0152	0.0152	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.5472	0.6248	0.6248	0.0408	0.0688	0.0688	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.8772	0.8864	0.8864	0.1596	0.2208	0.2208	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.2616	0.3792	0.3792	0.1260	0.1448	0.1448	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.5280	0.6072	0.6072	0.0984	0.1176	0.1176	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.7728	0.8552	0.8552	0.1944	0.2056	0.2056	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.2568	0.3752	0.3752	0.1068	0.1296	0.1296	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.6348	0.6520	0.6520	0.1680	0.1760	0.1760	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.8316	0.8704	0.8704	0.2892	0.3144	0.3144	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.7118	0.7118	0.7118	0.2688	0.2688	0.2688	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.8973	0.8973	0.8973	0.2818	0.2818	0.2818	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4683	0.4683	0.4683	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.7062	0.7062	0.7062	0.2272	0.2272	0.2272	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3136	0.3136	0.3136	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.5436	0.5436	0.5436	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.7141	0.7141	0.7141	0.2800	0.2800	0.2800	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.9114	0.9114	0.9114	0.2863	0.2863	0.2863	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4687	0.4687	0.4687	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.7288	0.7288	0.7288	0.2401	0.2401	0.2401	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3139	0.3139	0.3139	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.5492	0.5492	0.5492	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.7800	0.8263	0.8263	0.3484	0.3484	0.3484	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2863	0.2863	0.2863	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4716	0.4716	0.4716	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.9296	0.9296	0.9296	0.3448	0.3448	0.3448	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3248	0.3248	0.3248	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6841	0.6841	0.6841	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.1479	0.2415	0.2707	0.0556	0.0776	0.0776	0.8549	0.8549	0.8549	0.8549
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.3303	0.4142	0.4142	0.0884	0.1104	0.1104	0.7881	0.7881	0.7589	0.7881
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.4118	0.5294	0.5294	0.1471	0.1831	0.1831	0.8489	0.8489	0.8489	0.8489

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups, respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-R S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 76: Stepdown Tests for Treatment Effects on Outcomes of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Any child by 20	Any child by 30	Any child by 40	Any child by 50	Any bio. child	Num. bio. children	Age at 1st birth	Avg. age at delivery	Age at last birth	Med. gap btw. births	Mean gap btw. births
	Child age $\geq$	20	30	40	50	ld	ld	th	th	th	ap	ap
Summary	(01) Obs.	47	47	47	47	48	47	42	42	42	36	36
	(02) Control	0.5217	0.9130	0.9130	0.9130	0.9167	2.9565	20.143	23.617	27.143	3.3824	3.4562
	(03) Treatment	0.5833	0.8333	0.8750	0.8750	0.8750	2.9583	21.048	25.696	30.762	4.6579	4.7974
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0616	−0.0797	−0.0380	−0.0380	−0.0417	0.0018	0.9048	2.0794	3.6190	1.2755	1.3411
	(05) COLS	0.1359	−0.1131	−0.0410	−0.0410	−0.0472	0.2230	0.9046	2.5821	4.4733	1.6093	1.6577
	(06) AIPW	0.1051	−0.1293	−0.0433	−0.0433	−0.0509	0.1352	1.4692	2.8635	4.4915	1.3309	1.3095
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	1.0000	0.8236	1.0000	1.0000	0.6478	0.6478	0.2761	0.1193	0.0568	0.0966	0.0966
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.7555	0.7555	0.7555	0.7555	0.6797	0.6797	0.3127	0.0835	0.0214	0.0429	0.0429
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.7120	0.5022	0.7120	0.7120	0.6214	0.6214	0.2037	0.0508	0.0105	0.0357	0.0357
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.9697	0.7751	0.9697	0.9697	0.6075	0.6075	0.2450	0.0801	0.0468	0.0597	0.0597
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.7346	0.7346	0.7346	0.7346	0.6525	0.6525	0.2912	0.0655	0.0253	0.0313	0.0313
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.7727	0.6130	0.7727	0.7727	0.6403	0.6403	0.2112	0.0669	0.0232	0.0673	0.0673
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.9708	0.7488	0.9708	0.9708	0.6080	0.6080	0.2496	0.0744	0.0576	0.0472	0.0472
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.7056	0.7056	0.7168	0.7168	0.6688	0.6688	0.3064	0.0712	0.0384	0.0224	0.0224
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.7896	0.7152	0.7896	0.7896	0.7000	0.7000	0.2436	0.0616	0.0288	0.0344	0.0344
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.8808	0.5296	0.8808	0.8808	0.5360	0.5360	0.1872	0.0328	0.0288	0.0248	0.0248
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.5040	0.5040	0.6512	0.6512	0.5800	0.5800	0.2360	0.0464	0.0444	0.0064	0.0064
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.6204	0.4128	0.6204	0.6204	0.5200	0.5200	0.1936	0.0720	0.0372	0.0288	0.0288
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.9696	0.7920	0.9696	0.9696	0.6248	0.6248	0.3040	0.1320	0.0660	0.1072	0.1072
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.4800	0.4768	0.6168	0.6168	0.5696	0.5696	0.3236	0.0560	0.0276	0.0336	0.0336
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.6504	0.3792	0.6504	0.6504	0.5120	0.5120	0.2028	0.0312	0.0312	0.1112	0.1112
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.9168	0.7312	0.9168	0.9168	0.6120	0.6120	0.3036	0.1320	0.0672	0.1136	0.1136
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.6528	0.6528	0.6592	0.6592	0.6208	0.6208	0.3552	0.1040	0.0312	0.0456	0.0456
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.6684	0.4736	0.6684	0.6684	0.5768	0.5768	0.2644	0.0792	0.0312	0.0680	0.0680
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4214	0.2240	0.1345	0.1902	0.1902
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9028	0.9028	0.4320	0.1318	0.0784	0.1214	0.1214
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8524	0.8524	0.3170	0.1399	0.1399	0.2160	0.2160
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4063	0.2236	0.1311	0.2092	0.2092
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9018	0.9018	0.4639	0.1985	0.0882	0.1406	0.1406
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9239	0.9239	0.3606	0.1877	0.1161	0.1804	0.1804
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4308	0.2307	0.1508	0.1918	0.1918
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9190	0.9190	0.4410	0.1380	0.0807	0.1312	0.1312
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8637	0.8637	0.3224	0.1400	0.1400	0.2214	0.2214
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4096	0.2509	0.1397	0.2164	0.2164
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9050	0.9050	0.4677	0.2143	0.0925	0.1537	0.1537
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9519	0.9519	0.3641	0.1889	0.1251	0.1828	0.1828
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4767	0.2973	0.2306	0.2115	0.2115
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9845	0.9845	0.6098	0.2195	0.2195	0.1766	0.1766
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8902	0.8902	0.3402	0.1618	0.1618	0.2341	0.2341
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.4144	0.3115	0.2072	0.2312	0.2312
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9811	0.9811	0.5384	0.3037	0.1775	0.1775	0.1775
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.3783	0.3331	0.1541	0.2357	0.2357
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.5534	0.3922	0.5534	0.5534	0.5830	0.5830	0.3035	0.1124	0.0500	0.0696	0.0592
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.3503	0.3503	0.3503	0.3503	0.6162	0.6162	0.3551	0.0964	0.0232	0.0260	0.0260
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.4082	0.2783	0.4082	0.4082	0.5738	0.5738	0.2643	0.0760	0.0212	0.0388	0.0392

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups, respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

12 Single Hypothesis Tests for Effects on Participants' Neighborhood Choices

Table 77: Treatment Effects on the Outcomes of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Lives in Ypsilanti	Lives in Michigan	Percent urban	Population density	Housing density	Median age	Percentage of adults	Percent Black ind.
Summary	(01) Obs.	112	112	112	112	112	112	112	112
	(02) Control	0.4483	0.8103	0.9137	2.2448	9.0671	32.357	0.7467	0.2721
	(03) Treatment	0.6481	0.8333	0.9341	1.5649	6.6053	31.830	0.7415	0.2782
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1999	0.0230	0.0204	−0.6800	−2.4618	−0.5273	−0.0052	0.0061
	(05) COLS	0.2210	0.0504	0.0201	−0.6313	−2.3132	−0.1718	−0.0038	0.0068
	(06) AIPW	0.2626	0.0734	0.0241	−0.6107	−2.1691	−0.3021	−0.0040	0.0208
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.0147	0.3729	0.2445	0.0354	0.0485	0.1993	0.2738	0.4269
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.0088	0.2295	0.2467	0.0390	0.0546	0.3898	0.3557	0.4267
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0010	0.1195	0.1847	0.0347	0.0546	0.2912	0.3282	0.2705
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.0107	0.3698	0.2454	0.0321	0.0464	0.1714	0.2569	0.4272
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.0071	0.2296	0.2497	0.0372	0.0546	0.3748	0.3421	0.4250
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.0026	0.1453	0.1949	0.0444	0.0653	0.2984	0.3323	0.2810
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.0112	0.3904	0.2380	0.0324	0.0468	0.1648	0.2524	0.4264
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.0056	0.2464	0.2544	0.0396	0.0528	0.3640	0.3408	0.4156
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.0068	0.1676	0.2060	0.0616	0.0852	0.2668	0.3164	0.2548
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0020	0.3140	0.1884	0.0008	0.0036	0.0972	0.1840	0.3988
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.0020	0.1384	0.1788	0.0032	0.0044	0.3476	0.2980	0.4180
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.0004	0.0616	0.1336	0.0048	0.0108	0.2692	0.3048	0.2572
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.0180	0.3736	0.2304	0.0468	0.0620	0.1752	0.2448	0.4032
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.0076	0.2084	0.2360	0.0676	0.0800	0.3572	0.3048	0.4016
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.0024	0.1356	0.2100	0.0808	0.1044	0.3052	0.3040	0.2728
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.0164	0.3600	0.2320	0.0464	0.0600	0.1724	0.2400	0.4020
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.0084	0.2088	0.2348	0.0492	0.0684	0.3512	0.3196	0.4064
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.0012	0.1300	0.1940	0.0584	0.0820	0.2924	0.3068	0.2720
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.0355	0.5000	0.3227	0.0773	0.1032	0.4809	0.4642	0.5953
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.0253	0.3679	0.3853	0.0928	0.1103	0.6628	0.5047	0.5853
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.0151	0.2733	0.3498	0.1148	0.1407	0.6019	0.5216	0.4811
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.0355	0.4936	0.3237	0.0861	0.1000	0.4809	0.4577	0.5953
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.0307	0.3667	0.3787	0.0939	0.1118	0.6646	0.5246	0.5824
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.0151	0.2728	0.3285	0.1043	0.1226	0.6074	0.5285	0.4769
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.0359	0.5088	0.3275	0.0818	0.1065	0.4899	0.4674	0.6059
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.0282	0.3734	0.3856	0.0973	0.1127	0.6756	0.5102	0.5877
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.0162	0.2738	0.3533	0.1218	0.1480	0.6048	0.5278	0.4817
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.0359	0.5034	0.3261	0.0902	0.1010	0.4899	0.4592	0.6059
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.0343	0.3695	0.3883	0.0982	0.1130	0.6742	0.5261	0.5852
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.0169	0.2735	0.3351	0.1043	0.1230	0.6094	0.5348	0.4771
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.0672	0.5882	0.4256	0.1078	0.1509	0.6256	0.4924	0.6998
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.0457	0.3845	0.3945	0.1220	0.1422	0.8189	0.5615	0.7101
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.0279	0.3256	0.4076	0.1360	0.2579	0.6221	0.5736	0.4931
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.0550	0.5656	0.3631	0.1217	0.1451	0.5526	0.4677	0.6998
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.0446	0.3864	0.4659	0.1807	0.1579	0.6928	0.5471	0.6993
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.0488	0.3420	0.4159	0.1043	0.1355	0.6152	0.5690	0.5074

Note: Row (1), i.e., , provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups, respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 77: Treatment Effects on the Outcomes of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Percent fam. w/ children	Two parent homes (%)	Avg. hh. size	Avg. fam. size	HS grad./ higher (%)	Bach. deg./ higher (%)	Percent employed	Percent unemp.
Summary	(01) Obs.	112	112	112	112	112	112	112	112
	(02) Control	0.4984	0.6114	2.5171	3.1207	81.900	25.326	62.050	3.6810
	(03) Treatment	0.4982	0.5889	2.4706	3.0776	82.133	23.244	63.978	3.6519
Estimates	(04) UDIM	−0.0002	−0.0225	−0.0465	−0.0431	0.2333	−2.0814	1.9278	−0.0292
	(05) COLS	−0.0041	−0.0300	−0.0746	−0.0508	−0.0015	−2.0587	1.9071	−0.0067
	(06) AIPW	−0.0042	−0.0420	−0.0862	−0.0570	−0.1676	−2.4519	1.9687	−0.0132
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.4908	0.1652	0.2124	0.1523	0.4418	0.2396	0.1302	0.4524
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.3376	0.1280	0.1355	0.1526	0.4996	0.2631	0.1338	0.4896
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.3039	0.0445	0.0820	0.1029	0.4569	0.2047	0.1005	0.4783
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.4901	0.1646	0.1981	0.1351	0.4368	0.2154	0.1186	0.4525
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.3276	0.1224	0.1216	0.1371	0.4996	0.2405	0.1269	0.4896
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.3147	0.0524	0.0955	0.1195	0.4597	0.2187	0.1222	0.4804
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.4984	0.1692	0.2116	0.1432	0.4564	0.2132	0.1236	0.4508
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.3320	0.1288	0.1304	0.1436	0.4860	0.2440	0.1332	0.5000
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.3280	0.0528	0.1208	0.1488	0.4320	0.2088	0.1504	0.4768
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.4788	0.0892	0.1116	0.0372	0.4000	0.1428	0.0580	0.4328
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.2860	0.0680	0.0440	0.0504	0.4872	0.1744	0.0636	0.4756
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.2684	0.0240	0.0316	0.0388	0.4760	0.1624	0.0464	0.4336
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.4484	0.1420	0.2372	0.1700	0.4780	0.2292	0.1288	0.4552
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.3740	0.0864	0.1168	0.1272	0.4752	0.2340	0.1416	0.4848
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.3584	0.0364	0.0840	0.1040	0.4312	0.1988	0.1460	0.4900
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.4480	0.1404	0.2340	0.1680	0.4780	0.2260	0.1296	0.4548
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.3916	0.1024	0.1508	0.1632	0.4752	0.2520	0.1372	0.4852
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.3568	0.0404	0.1112	0.1276	0.4308	0.2040	0.1252	0.4896
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.5738	0.2749	0.3095	0.2254	0.5393	0.3430	0.2052	0.5096
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.4283	0.2083	0.1982	0.1830	0.6033	0.3355	0.2354	0.5474
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.4107	0.1495	0.1506	0.1487	0.5718	0.2954	0.2306	0.5412
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.5738	0.2648	0.3053	0.2215	0.5362	0.3398	0.2052	0.5096
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.4392	0.2293	0.2460	0.2231	0.6033	0.3501	0.2163	0.5474
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.3943	0.1575	0.1917	0.1876	0.5709	0.2967	0.2067	0.5412
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.5836	0.2753	0.3101	0.2326	0.5458	0.3531	0.2123	0.5155
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.4296	0.2123	0.2043	0.1875	0.6060	0.3376	0.2362	0.5495
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.4168	0.1524	0.1586	0.1575	0.5789	0.3055	0.2312	0.5428
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.5836	0.2659	0.3057	0.2317	0.5424	0.3516	0.2095	0.5155
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.4392	0.2296	0.2530	0.2234	0.6060	0.3548	0.2196	0.5495
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.4003	0.1604	0.2015	0.1879	0.5780	0.3075	0.2104	0.5428
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.6323	0.2849	0.3140	0.2529	0.5838	0.4056	0.2402	0.6046
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.4571	0.2387	0.2509	0.2760	0.6673	0.4067	0.2416	0.6707
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.4365	0.1729	0.2179	0.2013	0.7118	0.3864	0.2707	0.5870
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.6323	0.2711	0.3414	0.2867	0.5838	0.5869	0.2254	0.5756
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.5516	0.2783	0.3233	0.2748	0.6673	0.4324	0.2608	0.6274
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.4426	0.1819	0.2325	0.2353	0.7601	0.3961	0.2537	0.6011

Note: Row (1), i.e., , provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups, respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 77: Treatment Effects on the Outcomes of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Median hh. income	Med. fam. income	Per capita income	Median rent	Med. home value	Median rooms	Med. rooms: hh. size	Percent poor fam.	Poor fam. w/ child (%)	Percent poor ind.
Summary	(01) Obs.	112	112	112	112	112	112	112	112	112	112
	(02) Control	42.120	51.860	21.026	581.69	1.1947	5.0241	2.0188	10.293	14.940	14.216
	(03) Treatment	40.980	48.935	20.905	576.48	1.0900	4.9222	1.9963	10.785	16.211	13.880
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-1.1397	-2.9255	-0.1211	-5.2082	-0.1047	-0.1019	-0.0226	0.4921	1.2715	-0.3359
	(05) COLS	-1.8998	-3.5710	0.0207	-14.655	-0.1179	-0.1617	-0.0248	0.5927	1.4884	-0.3206
	(06) AIPW	-2.3442	-4.1827	-0.1197	-18.994	-0.1490	-0.1753	-0.0227	0.8432	1.8988	-0.0528
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.2247	0.0945	0.4406	0.3752	0.0815	0.1365	0.2475	0.3217	0.1831	0.3875
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.1416	0.0804	0.4904	0.2065	0.0740	0.0528	0.2281	0.3111	0.1797	0.4053
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0698	0.0367	0.4395	0.1192	0.0235	0.0270	0.2234	0.2219	0.1004	0.4826
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.2269	0.0840	0.4373	0.3648	0.0765	0.1283	0.2406	0.3208	0.1795	0.3861
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.1408	0.0701	0.4901	0.1913	0.0685	0.0498	0.2298	0.3101	0.1754	0.4032
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.0882	0.0512	0.4475	0.1236	0.0384	0.0366	0.2567	0.2315	0.1084	0.4831
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.2276	0.0840	0.4272	0.3624	0.0756	0.1324	0.2272	0.3172	0.1764	0.3884
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.1472	0.0764	0.4968	0.1960	0.0736	0.0572	0.2152	0.3024	0.1716	0.4136
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.0808	0.0412	0.4176	0.1352	0.0344	0.0456	0.2300	0.2164	0.0960	0.4968
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.1516	0.0324	0.4252	0.3320	0.0316	0.0800	0.2128	0.2692	0.1028	0.3432
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.0608	0.0244	0.4776	0.1204	0.0284	0.0196	0.1904	0.2572	0.1136	0.3628
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.0360	0.0212	0.4568	0.0612	0.0164	0.0124	0.2344	0.1804	0.0704	0.4580
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.2472	0.0904	0.4212	0.3832	0.0728	0.1552	0.2336	0.2948	0.1560	0.3868
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.1248	0.0604	0.4896	0.1932	0.0592	0.0480	0.2120	0.2680	0.1344	0.3964
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.0832	0.0384	0.4176	0.1440	0.0276	0.0392	0.2292	0.2136	0.0940	0.4860
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.2432	0.0896	0.4208	0.3804	0.0716	0.1464	0.2252	0.2916	0.1532	0.3872
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.1520	0.0748	0.4892	0.2076	0.0648	0.0552	0.2076	0.2828	0.1476	0.4048
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.0900	0.0440	0.4172	0.1364	0.0276	0.0396	0.2176	0.2108	0.0936	0.4856
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.3382	0.1825	0.5462	0.4813	0.1570	0.1920	0.3479	0.4676	0.3040	0.4090
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.2359	0.1421	0.5538	0.2998	0.1311	0.1300	0.3861	0.4144	0.2670	0.4142
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.1722	0.1224	0.5268	0.2293	0.0868	0.1098	0.4144	0.3658	0.2142	0.4988
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.3298	0.1770	0.5462	0.4799	0.1549	0.1820	0.3259	0.4601	0.2972	0.4096
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.2585	0.1538	0.5538	0.3107	0.1355	0.1351	0.3533	0.4400	0.2802	0.4178
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.1817	0.1361	0.5244	0.2296	0.0833	0.1063	0.3743	0.3676	0.2263	0.5008
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.3429	0.1867	0.5566	0.4832	0.1582	0.1958	0.3483	0.4715	0.3046	0.4151
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.2428	0.1455	0.5564	0.3040	0.1319	0.1333	0.3929	0.4177	0.2717	0.4191
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.1758	0.1247	0.5346	0.2299	0.0884	0.1102	0.4220	0.3690	0.2158	0.5050
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.3366	0.1793	0.5566	0.4861	0.1558	0.1862	0.3277	0.4637	0.3019	0.4159
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.2647	0.1578	0.5564	0.3168	0.1381	0.1353	0.3555	0.4414	0.2846	0.4229
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.1924	0.1378	0.5289	0.2300	0.0864	0.1064	0.3788	0.3713	0.2282	0.5049
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.3851	0.2097	0.5990	0.5393	0.2210	0.2569	0.5247	0.5264	0.3994	0.4377
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.2969	0.1773	0.6032	0.3480	0.1514	0.1557	0.5319	0.4993	0.3255	0.4678
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.2114	0.2033	0.6045	0.2771	0.1011	0.1374	0.4663	0.4032	0.2461	0.6691
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.3673	0.2159	0.5785	0.5199	0.1808	0.1916	0.4119	0.5106	0.3616	0.4386
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.3453	0.1862	0.5914	0.3702	0.1695	0.1872	0.4813	0.5427	0.3214	0.4737
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.2837	0.1840	0.6093	0.2939	0.1282	0.1095	0.4185	0.4040	0.3121	0.6781

Note: Row (1), i.e., , provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups, respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 77: Treatment Effects on the Outcomes of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Neighbhd. good at 40	Neighbhd. good at 50	Neighbhd. great at 40	Neighbhd. great at 50	Acquainted at 40	Acquainted at 50	Dangerous at 40	Dangerous at 50	Own gun at 40	Own gun at 50
Summary	(01) Obs.	93	102	93	102	100	101	100	101	99	102
	(02) Control	0.8696	0.9400	0.1957	0.2800	0.6458	0.5306	0.0625	0.0408	0.1429	0.1000
	(03) Treatment	0.8723	0.9231	0.1489	0.2692	0.5769	0.6346	0.0385	0.0192	0.0800	0.1346
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0028	-0.0169	-0.0467	-0.0108	-0.0689	0.1040	-0.0240	-0.0216	-0.0629	0.0346
	(05) COLS	-0.0106	-0.0406	-0.0229	-0.0039	-0.1124	0.1136	-0.0466	-0.0106	-0.0230	0.1016
	(06) AIPW	-0.0008	-0.0488	0.0049	-0.0246	-0.1219	0.1015	-0.0294	0.0126	-0.0391	0.0941
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.4843	0.3620	0.2761	0.4521	0.2320	0.1362	0.2936	0.2666	0.1658	0.2941
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.4485	0.1953	0.4085	0.4844	0.1392	0.1445	0.1702	0.4277	0.3677	0.0638
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.4958	0.1630	0.4785	0.3893	0.0982	0.1550	0.2345	0.4061	0.2742	0.0909
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.4835	0.3585	0.2751	0.4488	0.2338	0.1359	0.2838	0.2605	0.1533	0.2977
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.4470	0.2048	0.4045	0.4835	0.1353	0.1430	0.1659	0.4245	0.3600	0.0616
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.4962	0.1495	0.4805	0.3954	0.1228	0.1828	0.2333	0.4161	0.2860	0.1068
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.4856	0.3440	0.2756	0.4404	0.2244	0.1376	0.2820	0.2796	0.1460	0.3004
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.4568	0.2056	0.3912	0.4772	0.1232	0.1452	0.1616	0.4324	0.3552	0.0536
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.4996	0.1356	0.4628	0.4160	0.1100	0.1788	0.2260	0.5180	0.2976	0.0876
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.4792	0.3284	0.2168	0.4244	0.1656	0.0656	0.2180	0.1868	0.0780	0.2508
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.4332	0.1316	0.3944	0.4844	0.0916	0.0792	0.0604	0.4452	0.3268	0.0140
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.4908	0.0916	0.4216	0.3344	0.0812	0.1256	0.1476	0.3956	0.2344	0.0928
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.4396	0.4396	0.3168	0.4444	0.2184	0.1420	0.1996	0.2144	0.1596	0.2928
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.4884	0.2140	0.4296	0.4700	0.1172	0.1300	0.1188	0.4784	0.3252	0.0580
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.4668	0.2036	0.4388	0.3876	0.1088	0.1676	0.2068	0.3424	0.2592	0.0756
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.4372	0.4236	0.3228	0.4424	0.2168	0.1408	0.1960	0.2040	0.1568	0.2876
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.4944	0.2068	0.4468	0.4708	0.1316	0.1452	0.1528	0.4320	0.3324	0.0636
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.4668	0.2008	0.4404	0.3884	0.1168	0.1784	0.2052	0.3800	0.2780	0.1024
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.5176	0.4860	0.2993	0.5512	0.3009	0.2659	0.2596	0.2319	0.3925	0.1921
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.6049	0.3097	0.3834	0.5748	0.2197	0.2512	0.2337	0.4759	0.5106	0.0706
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.6635	0.2722	0.6512	0.4885	0.1997	0.2959	0.3477	0.5680	0.3972	0.1175
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.5146	0.4790	0.3067	0.5508	0.3009	0.2651	0.2532	0.2249	0.3925	0.1862
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.6090	0.2898	0.4006	0.5773	0.2360	0.2593	0.2440	0.5451	0.5250	0.0803
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.6635	0.2801	0.6580	0.4885	0.2109	0.3207	0.3452	0.5849	0.4266	0.1463
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.5296	0.4869	0.3050	0.5519	0.3102	0.2777	0.2648	0.2359	0.3981	0.1980
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.6236	0.3150	0.3903	0.5785	0.2237	0.2638	0.2373	0.4848	0.5134	0.0707
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.6780	0.2857	0.6559	0.4886	0.2040	0.2973	0.3532	0.5693	0.4044	0.1198
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.5296	0.4851	0.3114	0.5525	0.3102	0.2769	0.2607	0.2298	0.3981	0.1924
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.6276	0.2901	0.4053	0.5813	0.2419	0.2671	0.2467	0.5491	0.5299	0.0804
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.6780	0.2938	0.6599	0.4886	0.2207	0.3274	0.3509	0.5889	0.4283	0.1512
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.6446	0.5101	0.4155	0.5928	0.3620	0.3218	0.3154	0.2624	0.5106	0.2160
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.6501	0.3794	0.4130	0.5929	0.2341	0.3561	0.2913	0.5039	0.5710	0.0826
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.7477	0.3762	0.7611	0.5221	0.2113	0.4253	0.3802	0.6676	0.4519	0.1448
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.6459	0.5172	0.4024	0.5780	0.3620	0.2822	0.3502	0.2591	0.4655	0.2501
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.6617	0.3171	0.4396	0.6019	0.3613	0.2894	0.3751	0.5872	0.5761	0.1448
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.7477	0.3857	0.7611	0.5229	0.2717	0.3939	0.3713	0.6163	0.5375	0.1875

Note: Row (1), i.e., , provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups, respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 78: Treatment Effects on the Outcomes of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Lives in Ypsilanti	Lives in Michigan	Percent urban	Population density	Housing density	Median age	Percentage of adults	Percent Black ind.
Summary	(01) Obs.	66	66	66	66	66	66	66	66
	(02) Control	0.4167	0.7778	0.8874	2.1291	9.0920	32.150	0.7534	0.2538
	(03) Treatment	0.4667	0.7333	0.9076	1.4353	5.9253	32.577	0.7411	0.2529
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0500	−0.0444	0.0202	−0.6938	−3.1667	0.4267	−0.0123	−0.0009
	(05) COLS	0.1017	0.0240	0.0226	−0.6419	−2.9433	0.5935	−0.0142	−0.0070
	(06) AIPW	0.1422	0.0417	0.0247	−0.7134	−3.2112	0.5102	−0.0152	0.0003
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.3500	0.3346	0.3443	0.0634	0.0494	0.2802	0.1501	0.4915
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.2204	0.4036	0.3215	0.0623	0.0493	0.2345	0.1690	0.4357
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.1121	0.3201	0.2923	0.0405	0.0325	0.2483	0.1254	0.4966
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.3391	0.3335	0.3381	0.0672	0.0530	0.2615	0.1225	0.4916
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.2145	0.4064	0.3178	0.0687	0.0552	0.2074	0.1402	0.4334
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.1272	0.3364	0.2942	0.0539	0.0446	0.2401	0.1197	0.4967
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.3536	0.3188	0.3336	0.0552	0.0404	0.2688	0.1148	0.4864
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.2296	0.4180	0.3188	0.0652	0.0484	0.2080	0.1376	0.4456
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.1512	0.3508	0.3060	0.0460	0.0364	0.2384	0.1208	0.4924
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.2844	0.2832	0.3204	0.0024	0.0008	0.1944	0.0592	0.4704
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.1464	0.3480	0.2784	0.0092	0.0048	0.1384	0.0708	0.4052
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.0616	0.2668	0.2472	0.0040	0.0028	0.1816	0.0564	0.4840
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.3124	0.3536	0.3184	0.0900	0.0692	0.2896	0.1448	0.4620
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.1960	0.3956	0.3048	0.1232	0.1024	0.2376	0.1240	0.4880
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.1164	0.3284	0.2956	0.0868	0.0736	0.2664	0.1080	0.4500
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.3040	0.3532	0.3188	0.0792	0.0624	0.2824	0.1404	0.4620
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.1968	0.3948	0.2964	0.0780	0.0604	0.2416	0.1548	0.4856
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.1024	0.3220	0.2784	0.0564	0.0456	0.2620	0.1288	0.4500
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.4103	0.4434	0.4456	0.1340	0.1098	0.2625	0.2327	0.5047
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.3639	0.5383	0.4655	0.1536	0.1233	0.2128	0.2052	0.4369
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.2856	0.4935	0.4493	0.1268	0.1005	0.2338	0.1804	0.6816
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.3914	0.4454	0.4432	0.1281	0.1078	0.2600	0.2263	0.5019
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.3608	0.5326	0.4453	0.1320	0.1062	0.2235	0.2359	0.4378
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.2554	0.4916	0.4330	0.1105	0.0859	0.2306	0.2006	0.6816
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.4115	0.4526	0.4620	0.1362	0.1191	0.2672	0.2330	0.5052
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.3664	0.5410	0.4766	0.1542	0.1252	0.2176	0.2067	0.4398
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.2873	0.4978	0.4617	0.1299	0.1027	0.2406	0.1843	0.6882
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.3992	0.4526	0.4572	0.1310	0.1121	0.2642	0.2335	0.5032
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.3653	0.5336	0.4536	0.1343	0.1067	0.2258	0.2412	0.4447
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.2573	0.4996	0.4442	0.1111	0.0946	0.2348	0.2027	0.6882
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.4939	0.5861	0.6084	0.1449	0.1507	0.3126	0.2782	0.5268
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.4038	0.5853	0.6969	0.1920	0.1560	0.2971	0.2811	0.4691
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.2947	0.5251	0.5149	0.1720	0.1581	0.2767	0.2014	0.7636
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.4875	0.5879	0.5823	0.1544	0.1274	0.3206	0.3039	0.5390
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.3992	0.5739	0.4754	0.1723	0.1441	0.2681	0.4955	0.4800
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.2781	0.5878	0.5266	0.1585	0.1517	0.2922	0.2411	0.7636

Note: Row (1), i.e., , provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups, respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 78: Treatment Effects on the Outcomes of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Percent fam. w/ children	Two parent homes (%)	Avg. hh. size	Avg. fam. size	HS grad./ higher (%)	Bach. deg./ higher (%)	Percent employed	Percent unemp.
Summary	(01) Obs.	66	66	66	66	66	66	66	66
	(02) Control	0.4956	0.6085	2.4744	3.0792	82.292	25.444	61.331	3.6028
	(03) Treatment	0.4943	0.6081	2.5077	3.0890	81.413	22.630	62.693	3.7567
Estimates	(04) UDIM	−0.0013	−0.0004	0.0332	0.0098	−0.8783	−2.8144	1.3628	0.1539
	(05) COLS	−0.0002	−0.0023	0.0138	0.0053	−0.4446	−1.9801	2.3271	0.0899
	(06) AIPW	0.0011	−0.0090	0.0123	0.0046	−0.5219	−2.5647	2.4996	0.0593
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.4516	0.4951	0.2990	0.4205	0.3402	0.2623	0.2829	0.3330
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.4947	0.4750	0.4295	0.4654	0.4232	0.3424	0.1636	0.4023
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.4593	0.3941	0.4291	0.4654	0.4004	0.2836	0.1203	0.4298
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.4475	0.4949	0.2933	0.4174	0.3231	0.2340	0.2733	0.3344
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.4943	0.4736	0.4291	0.4647	0.4153	0.3191	0.1577	0.4019
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.4599	0.3937	0.4342	0.4672	0.3966	0.2681	0.1302	0.4323
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.4476	0.4880	0.2916	0.4092	0.3132	0.2320	0.2752	0.3300
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.4800	0.4768	0.4140	0.4480	0.4200	0.3376	0.1660	0.3952
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.4668	0.4268	0.4128	0.4604	0.4160	0.2840	0.1456	0.4388
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.4420	0.4976	0.2384	0.4056	0.2792	0.1788	0.2260	0.2896
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.4932	0.4768	0.4168	0.4692	0.3912	0.2692	0.0912	0.3712
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.4388	0.3520	0.4252	0.4668	0.3520	0.2004	0.0724	0.4092
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.4892	0.4408	0.2948	0.3900	0.3056	0.2484	0.2912	0.3224
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.4652	0.4192	0.4068	0.4260	0.3880	0.3056	0.1832	0.3836
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.4176	0.3412	0.4124	0.4292	0.3684	0.2664	0.1644	0.4140
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.4884	0.4408	0.2940	0.3876	0.3044	0.2432	0.2948	0.3232
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.4644	0.4196	0.4156	0.4304	0.3904	0.3100	0.1768	0.3824
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.4192	0.3356	0.4204	0.4304	0.3644	0.2668	0.1496	0.4104
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.4750	0.6117	0.4123	0.5187	0.4607	0.3695	0.3085	0.5021
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.5296	0.6139	0.4747	0.5354	0.5146	0.4029	0.2657	0.5203
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.5887	0.5471	0.4866	0.5335	0.4985	0.3557	0.2487	0.5686
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.4723	0.6117	0.4090	0.5146	0.4596	0.3676	0.3169	0.5004
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.5296	0.6139	0.4869	0.5365	0.5125	0.4029	0.2532	0.5172
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.5887	0.5428	0.4904	0.5335	0.4967	0.3534	0.2325	0.5602
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.4777	0.6157	0.4146	0.5248	0.4768	0.3745	0.3148	0.5118
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.5380	0.6185	0.4839	0.5437	0.5159	0.4088	0.2765	0.5218
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.5963	0.5502	0.4956	0.5394	0.5042	0.3734	0.2653	0.5700
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.4763	0.6157	0.4102	0.5216	0.4763	0.3718	0.3199	0.5094
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.5380	0.6185	0.4939	0.5439	0.5170	0.4082	0.2617	0.5203
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.5963	0.5451	0.5007	0.5379	0.5027	0.3714	0.2501	0.5606
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.5094	0.6559	0.5969	0.5837	0.5324	0.4898	0.3896	0.6195
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.5660	0.7057	0.5963	0.5848	0.6077	0.5407	0.4394	0.5828
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.6672	0.6030	0.5035	0.6047	0.6160	0.4733	0.2941	0.5758
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.4978	0.6559	0.4746	0.5474	0.5720	0.4009	0.3538	0.5945
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.5660	0.7057	0.5740	0.6287	0.5709	0.4731	0.2893	0.6167
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.6672	0.5478	0.5674	0.6041	0.5713	0.5034	0.3494	0.5681

Note: Row (1), i.e., , provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups, respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 78: Treatment Effects on the Outcomes of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Median hh. income	Med. fam. income	Per capita income	Median rent	Med. home value	Median rooms	Med. rooms: hh. size	Percent poor fam.	Poor fam. w/ child (%)	Percent poor ind.
Summary	(01) Obs.	66	66	66	66	66	66	66	66	66	66
	(02) Control	40.930	50.281	20.731	573.25	1.1733	5.0028	2.0328	10.683	15.453	14.906
	(03) Treatment	41.214	48.602	20.805	576.90	1.1097	4.9867	1.9963	10.653	15.870	13.677
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.2840	-1.6785	0.0744	3.6500	-0.0636	-0.0161	-0.0365	-0.0300	0.4172	-1.2289
	(05) COLS	0.7881	-1.1823	0.6409	-0.6705	-0.0470	-0.0124	-0.0245	-0.2190	0.1881	-1.7936
	(06) AIPW	0.6518	-1.5484	0.5200	-4.2394	-0.0725	-0.0112	-0.0228	-0.2005	0.3162	-1.8224
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.4383	0.2909	0.4740	0.4396	0.2765	0.4399	0.1664	0.4926	0.4226	0.2405
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.3452	0.3629	0.2833	0.4900	0.3340	0.4585	0.2768	0.4503	0.4680	0.1684
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.3595	0.3089	0.3040	0.4311	0.2312	0.4598	0.2687	0.4497	0.4406	0.1420
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.4383	0.2752	0.4726	0.4337	0.2652	0.4397	0.1765	0.4925	0.4201	0.2355
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.3470	0.3516	0.2814	0.4891	0.3274	0.4585	0.2859	0.4496	0.4671	0.1619
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.3674	0.3050	0.3108	0.4298	0.2348	0.4627	0.2879	0.4509	0.4409	0.1488
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.4476	0.2800	0.4948	0.4424	0.2648	0.4412	0.1864	0.4984	0.4152	0.2504
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.3556	0.3572	0.2872	0.4940	0.3340	0.4552	0.2796	0.4516	0.4672	0.1764
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.3524	0.3332	0.3060	0.4464	0.2548	0.4652	0.2920	0.4376	0.4560	0.1540
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.3980	0.2188	0.4520	0.4136	0.2136	0.4252	0.1012	0.4856	0.4020	0.1748
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.2988	0.3044	0.2160	0.4876	0.2712	0.4620	0.2556	0.4316	0.4596	0.0984
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.3376	0.2372	0.2648	0.4108	0.1588	0.4532	0.2540	0.4584	0.4080	0.0964
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.4580	0.2632	0.4952	0.4496	0.2664	0.4336	0.1500	0.4776	0.3928	0.2520
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.3708	0.3180	0.3152	0.4796	0.3284	0.4448	0.2388	0.4756	0.4332	0.1840
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.3952	0.2808	0.3548	0.4280	0.2460	0.4480	0.2456	0.4820	0.4128	0.1820
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.4564	0.2572	0.4948	0.4480	0.2676	0.4284	0.1444	0.4776	0.3932	0.2512
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.3752	0.3244	0.3124	0.4804	0.3248	0.4452	0.2484	0.4780	0.4344	0.1880
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.3928	0.2784	0.3332	0.4284	0.2288	0.4476	0.2460	0.4804	0.4120	0.1740
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.4248	0.3907	0.4903	0.5145	0.3864	0.6706	0.3531	0.5000	0.5692	0.2483
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.3718	0.4222	0.3828	0.5763	0.3950	0.7012	0.4453	0.4841	0.5804	0.1961
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.3932	0.3977	0.4227	0.5355	0.3181	0.7449	0.4572	0.4722	0.5645	0.1921
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.4277	0.3872	0.4903	0.5135	0.3899	0.6586	0.3401	0.5000	0.5694	0.2493
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.3769	0.4295	0.3681	0.5763	0.3867	0.7023	0.4480	0.4849	0.5804	0.1999
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.3932	0.3930	0.4017	0.5281	0.2980	0.7422	0.4538	0.4722	0.5618	0.1876
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.4347	0.3909	0.4911	0.5184	0.3876	0.6828	0.3612	0.5031	0.5751	0.2532
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.3894	0.4283	0.3908	0.5815	0.3973	0.7077	0.4578	0.4872	0.5827	0.2031
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.4070	0.4005	0.4275	0.5388	0.3225	0.7513	0.4580	0.4763	0.5712	0.1994
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.4345	0.3901	0.4911	0.5176	0.3914	0.6671	0.3501	0.5031	0.5748	0.2541
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.3963	0.4325	0.3756	0.5815	0.3884	0.7059	0.4481	0.4879	0.5817	0.2040
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.4091	0.3976	0.4039	0.5290	0.3032	0.7467	0.4547	0.4754	0.5683	0.1951
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.7850	0.4356	0.5319	0.5471	0.4695	0.7614	0.4444	0.5380	0.6977	0.2725
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.4943	0.5080	0.4545	0.6339	0.4800	0.7309	0.5859	0.5230	0.6359	0.2324
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.4728	0.4164	0.4749	0.5524	0.3492	0.7974	0.4767	0.5259	0.6278	0.2436
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.5877	0.4603	0.5440	0.5453	0.4695	0.7681	0.4744	0.5380	0.6370	0.2875
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.5296	0.4756	0.4817	0.6695	0.4348	0.7211	0.4702	0.5339	0.6718	0.2612
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.5257	0.4240	0.4338	0.5560	0.3707	0.7692	0.4887	0.5186	0.6841	0.2290

Note: Row (1), i.e., , provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups, respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 78: Treatment Effects on the Outcomes of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Neighbhd. good at 40	Neighbhd. good at 50	Neighbhd. great at 40	Neighbhd. great at 50	Acquainted at 40	Acquainted at 50	Dangerous at 40	Dangerous at 50	Own gun at 40	Own gun at 50
Summary	(01) Obs.	49	59	49	59	54	58	54	58	54	59
	(02) Control	0.8750	0.9333	0.1667	0.2667	0.6154	0.5862	0.0385	0.0345	0.1852	0.1333
	(03) Treatment	0.9200	0.8966	0.1600	0.1724	0.5000	0.5862	0.0714	0.0345	0.1111	0.1724
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0450	−0.0368	−0.0067	−0.0943	−0.1154	0.0000	0.0330	0.0000	−0.0741	0.0391
	(05) COLS	0.0618	−0.0793	−0.0432	−0.1199	−0.2650	0.0721	0.0067	0.0309	−0.0195	0.1171
	(06) AIPW	0.0710	−0.0871	0.0044	−0.1237	−0.2583	0.0741	0.0058	0.0784	−0.0412	0.1079
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.3046	0.3045	0.4775	0.2006	0.1756	0.5000	0.3010	0.5000	0.2285	0.3403
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.2732	0.1607	0.3981	0.1535	0.0119	0.3194	0.4610	0.3609	0.4269	0.1262
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.2205	0.1213	0.4873	0.1177	0.0095	0.3003	0.4577	0.1591	0.3413	0.1589
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.2994	0.2969	0.4747	0.1763	0.1864	0.5000	0.2910	0.5000	0.2226	0.3381
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.2709	0.1607	0.3867	0.1423	0.0175	0.3092	0.4595	0.3527	0.4234	0.1100
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.2454	0.1221	0.4879	0.1215	0.0248	0.3085	0.4587	0.1812	0.3524	0.1642
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.3084	0.2960	0.4808	0.1832	0.1800	0.4996	0.3096	0.5608	0.2112	0.3284
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.2684	0.1664	0.3824	0.1468	0.0196	0.3092	0.4604	0.4344	0.4068	0.1148
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.2356	0.1144	0.4728	0.1284	0.0320	0.3412	0.4608	0.3688	0.3504	0.1456
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.2680	0.2520	0.4624	0.1024	0.1148	0.4984	0.2900	0.5608	0.1484	0.3032
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.2120	0.0896	0.3800	0.0656	0.0120	0.2496	0.4872	0.4592	0.4148	0.0604
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.1728	0.0592	0.4512	0.0532	0.0108	0.2436	0.4996	0.2336	0.3116	0.1564
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.2740	0.3648	0.5004	0.2172	0.1468	0.4924	0.4404	0.4484	0.2392	0.3648
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.2220	0.1488	0.4104	0.1620	0.0160	0.3248	0.4952	0.2200	0.4012	0.1296
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.1928	0.1428	0.4576	0.1508	0.0184	0.3320	0.4956	0.0320	0.3016	0.1408
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.2716	0.3544	0.4808	0.2060	0.1436	0.4924	0.4332	0.4484	0.2288	0.3424
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.2368	0.1820	0.4360	0.1668	0.0120	0.3412	0.4956	0.2868	0.4100	0.1420
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.2136	0.1532	0.4592	0.1432	0.0144	0.3416	0.4932	0.2008	0.3332	0.1844
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.3643	0.5152	0.4638	0.2692	0.1528	0.5933	0.5511	0.7299	0.4827	0.3106
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.3179	0.2661	0.3994	0.2331	0.0448	0.4704	0.5582	0.3983	0.5827	0.1848
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.3021	0.2450	0.6165	0.2258	0.0502	0.4633	0.5412	0.2139	0.4860	0.2044
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.3609	0.5038	0.4634	0.2594	0.1521	0.5933	0.5435	0.7299	0.4766	0.2938
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.3473	0.2762	0.4279	0.2295	0.0371	0.4880	0.5582	0.5538	0.5888	0.2098
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.3140	0.2394	0.6165	0.2274	0.0450	0.4745	0.5379	0.3243	0.5147	0.2703
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.3660	0.5183	0.4655	0.2734	0.1569	0.5940	0.5619	0.7315	0.4885	0.3117
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.3196	0.2672	0.4066	0.2339	0.0453	0.4718	0.5682	0.4127	0.5839	0.1899
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.3053	0.2481	0.6167	0.2277	0.0510	0.4653	0.5503	0.2256	0.4880	0.2060
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.3626	0.5119	0.4660	0.2636	0.1560	0.5940	0.5592	0.7315	0.4822	0.2958
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.3486	0.2795	0.4332	0.2299	0.0383	0.4929	0.5662	0.5579	0.5898	0.2165
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.3166	0.2490	0.6167	0.2305	0.0467	0.4770	0.5503	0.3288	0.5157	0.2740
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.3771	0.5325	0.5299	0.2999	0.1826	0.6740	0.7131	0.7996	0.5458	0.3298
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.3753	0.2846	0.4321	0.2493	0.0543	0.4922	0.6695	0.4840	0.6007	0.2451
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.3336	0.2679	0.6353	0.2457	0.0732	0.4996	0.6743	0.2342	0.5444	0.2112
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.3732	0.5717	0.5305	0.3470	0.1629	0.6740	0.6563	0.7996	0.6218	0.3108
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.4546	0.2926	0.5703	0.2499	0.0523	0.5732	0.6661	0.5940	0.6365	0.2395
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.3678	0.3243	0.6400	0.2960	0.1049	0.5569	0.6742	0.3951	0.8032	0.3063

Note: Row (1), i.e., , provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups, respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 79: Treatment Effects on the Outcomes of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Lives in Ypsilanti	Lives in Michigan	Percent urban	Population density	Housing density	Median age	Percentage of adults	Percent Black ind.
Summary	(01) Obs.	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46
	(02) Control	0.5000	0.8636	0.9568	2.4342	9.0264	32.695	0.7356	0.3020
	(03) Treatment	0.8750	0.9583	0.9673	1.7269	7.4552	30.896	0.7419	0.3098
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.3750	0.0947	0.0105	−0.7073	−1.5712	−1.7996	0.0064	0.0078
	(05) COLS	0.4017	0.1015	0.0221	−0.5078	−0.9367	−1.3577	0.0103	0.0406
	(06) AIPW	0.4325	0.1182	0.0233	−0.4658	−0.6979	−1.4487	0.0118	0.0496
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.0008	0.1377	0.2242	0.1562	0.2633	0.0481	0.3077	0.4507
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.0011	0.1234	0.1154	0.2313	0.3595	0.0528	0.2032	0.2831
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0001	0.0744	0.0689	0.2178	0.3775	0.0288	0.1437	0.2035
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.0005	0.1272	0.2111	0.1263	0.2342	0.0364	0.3029	0.4447
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.0010	0.1093	0.1087	0.2044	0.3416	0.0498	0.2078	0.2633
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.0012	0.1044	0.1243	0.2227	0.3766	0.0549	0.1796	0.2160
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.0012	0.1396	0.2144	0.1304	0.2456	0.0192	0.3108	0.4492
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.0024	0.1348	0.0884	0.2372	0.3716	0.0412	0.2292	0.2288
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.0048	0.1500	0.0940	0.2720	0.4356	0.0352	0.2220	0.1668
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0012	0.0424	0.0760	0.0324	0.1584	0.0008	0.2704	0.4300
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.0036	0.0300	0.0336	0.1092	0.2732	0.0132	0.1292	0.2692
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.0024	0.0380	0.0772	0.1140	0.2912	0.0236	0.0936	0.2108
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.0048	0.1192	0.2420	0.1660	0.2604	0.0284	0.3404	0.4768
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.0032	0.1204	0.0544	0.2492	0.3520	0.1028	0.2384	0.2924
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.0016	0.0896	0.0708	0.2772	0.3956	0.0980	0.2120	0.2612
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.0048	0.1164	0.2576	0.1744	0.2620	0.0368	0.3452	0.4772
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.0068	0.1092	0.1424	0.2424	0.3540	0.0488	0.2332	0.3096
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.0036	0.0940	0.1376	0.2556	0.3856	0.0544	0.2004	0.2548
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.0177	0.2217	0.2753	0.2387	0.3513	0.0624	0.4172	0.5582
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.0141	0.1868	0.1193	0.3392	0.4497	0.1137	0.3417	0.3728
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.0103	0.1760	0.1166	0.3737	0.4878	0.1276	0.3073	0.3534
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.0153	0.2205	0.2872	0.2529	0.3543	0.0876	0.4189	0.5593
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.0167	0.1959	0.2398	0.3269	0.4447	0.0916	0.3320	0.3876
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.0141	0.1943	0.2186	0.3369	0.4814	0.0919	0.2675	0.3497
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.0199	0.2238	0.2774	0.2446	0.3536	0.0669	0.4202	0.5652
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.0157	0.1871	0.1215	0.3463	0.4549	0.1159	0.3518	0.3770
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.0105	0.1848	0.1175	0.3772	0.4914	0.1283	0.3083	0.3586
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.0155	0.2235	0.2880	0.2692	0.3569	0.0891	0.4228	0.5661
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.0170	0.1963	0.2421	0.3305	0.4479	0.0958	0.3392	0.3913
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.0162	0.1991	0.2188	0.3375	0.4867	0.0940	0.2778	0.3505
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.0261	0.2520	0.3862	0.3005	0.4022	0.0875	0.4964	0.6192
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.0301	0.1997	0.1384	0.3937	0.4866	0.1552	0.3985	0.4172
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.0122	0.2913	0.1424	0.3924	0.5248	0.1461	0.3424	0.4040
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.0314	0.2790	0.3077	0.3804	0.4499	0.1108	0.5569	0.6144
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.0345	0.2432	0.2813	0.4399	0.4905	0.1413	0.3848	0.4057
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.0347	0.2694	0.2248	0.3688	0.5209	0.1225	0.3198	0.3856

Note: Row (1), i.e., , provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups, respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 79: Treatment Effects on the Outcomes of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Percent fam. w/ children	Two parent homes (%)	Avg. hh. size	Avg. fam. size	HS grad./ higher (%)	Bach. deg./ higher (%)	Percent employed	Percent unemp.
Summary	(01) Obs.	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46
	(02) Control	0.5029	0.6162	2.5868	3.1886	81.259	25.132	63.227	3.8091
	(03) Treatment	0.5030	0.5648	2.4242	3.0633	83.033	24.013	65.583	3.5208
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0001	−0.0513	−0.1627	−0.1253	1.7742	−1.1193	2.3561	−0.2883
	(05) COLS	−0.0100	−0.0803	−0.2054	−0.1316	0.3374	−2.2134	1.2530	−0.1064
	(06) AIPW	−0.0118	−0.0886	−0.2252	−0.1439	0.3326	−2.2926	1.2193	−0.1156
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.4981	0.0695	0.0874	0.0603	0.2520	0.3705	0.1823	0.2154
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.2606	0.0240	0.0483	0.0664	0.4475	0.2850	0.3110	0.3943
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.1920	0.0053	0.0220	0.0345	0.4417	0.2524	0.2963	0.3731
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.4980	0.0628	0.0713	0.0424	0.2375	0.3732	0.1632	0.1937
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.2471	0.0220	0.0400	0.0525	0.4471	0.2991	0.2965	0.3877
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.2064	0.0134	0.0329	0.0509	0.4526	0.3144	0.3168	0.3921
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.4916	0.0580	0.0696	0.0292	0.2532	0.3824	0.1604	0.1940
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.2572	0.0228	0.0324	0.0492	0.4772	0.2916	0.3116	0.4060
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.2264	0.0072	0.0300	0.0636	0.4936	0.2756	0.3612	0.4412
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.4976	0.0288	0.0036	0.0004	0.1360	0.3340	0.0880	0.1216
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.1832	0.0144	0.0016	0.0020	0.4036	0.2500	0.2300	0.3356
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.1380	0.0108	0.0020	0.0044	0.4008	0.2664	0.2272	0.3156
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.4504	0.0792	0.1056	0.0496	0.2680	0.3928	0.1748	0.2044
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.2788	0.0168	0.0484	0.0480	0.4488	0.3032	0.3144	0.3656
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.2500	0.0112	0.0236	0.0260	0.4424	0.2968	0.3208	0.3644
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.4504	0.0784	0.1220	0.0756	0.2780	0.3932	0.1784	0.2076
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.2928	0.0336	0.0620	0.0796	0.4472	0.3184	0.3056	0.3688
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.2504	0.0164	0.0400	0.0532	0.4420	0.3064	0.3092	0.3644
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.8014	0.1275	0.1701	0.1040	0.4138	0.4643	0.3209	0.3350
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.4098	0.0595	0.1004	0.0839	0.5743	0.3988	0.4338	0.4578
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.3709	0.0454	0.0606	0.0385	0.5649	0.4674	0.4365	0.4381
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.8028	0.1270	0.2022	0.1216	0.4243	0.4631	0.3331	0.3384
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.4151	0.0689	0.1137	0.1440	0.5719	0.4035	0.4269	0.4618
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.3497	0.0538	0.0784	0.1044	0.5635	0.4731	0.4248	0.4429
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.8031	0.1316	0.1792	0.1049	0.4207	0.4699	0.3231	0.3393
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.4207	0.0615	0.1020	0.0854	0.5826	0.4012	0.4363	0.4633
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.3805	0.0468	0.0617	0.0389	0.5677	0.4739	0.4374	0.4393
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.8042	0.1350	0.2097	0.1239	0.4312	0.4684	0.3338	0.3444
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.4231	0.0736	0.1209	0.1447	0.5802	0.4056	0.4294	0.4628
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.3560	0.0541	0.0790	0.1061	0.5733	0.4756	0.4266	0.4453
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.8156	0.2169	0.2271	0.1227	0.4498	0.5781	0.3455	0.3668
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.4692	0.0834	0.1454	0.1002	0.6116	0.5002	0.4903	0.5396
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.4478	0.0513	0.0731	0.0552	0.5951	0.5565	0.4710	0.4759
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.8156	0.2559	0.2621	0.1877	0.4989	0.4901	0.3386	0.3893
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.4557	0.1282	0.2021	0.1969	0.7200	0.4150	0.4710	0.5118
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.4321	0.0619	0.0817	0.1253	0.6032	0.6195	0.4650	0.4633

Note: Row (1), i.e., , provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups, respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 79: Treatment Effects on the Outcomes of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Median hh. income	Med. fam. income	Per capita income	Median rent	Med. home value	Median rooms	Med. rooms: hh. size	Percent poor fam.	Poor fam. w/ child (%)	Percent poor ind.
Summary	(01) Obs.	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46
	(02) Control	44.067	54.445	21.510	595.50	1.2298	5.0591	1.9961	9.6545	14.100	13.086
	(03) Treatment	40.688	49.351	21.030	575.96	1.0654	4.8417	1.9963	10.950	16.638	14.133
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-3.3792	-5.0944	-0.4797	-19.542	-0.1644	-0.2174	0.0002	1.2955	2.5375	1.0470
	(05) COLS	-6.1209	-7.4090	-0.9413	-35.701	-0.2353	-0.3849	-0.0264	2.0469	3.7342	2.1697
	(06) AIPW	-6.5739	-7.9016	-1.0230	-39.824	-0.2570	-0.4069	-0.0226	2.3168	4.1330	2.4454
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.1075	0.0599	0.3433	0.1629	0.0647	0.1067	0.4986	0.1610	0.0722	0.2411
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.0210	0.0246	0.2490	0.0456	0.0331	0.0142	0.3305	0.0849	0.0324	0.0991
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0056	0.0092	0.2005	0.0132	0.0108	0.0034	0.3290	0.0351	0.0088	0.0433
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.1146	0.0637	0.3403	0.1607	0.0671	0.1055	0.4985	0.1518	0.0690	0.2359
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.0243	0.0307	0.2524	0.0437	0.0375	0.0161	0.3257	0.0827	0.0338	0.0968
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.0183	0.0338	0.2597	0.0217	0.0341	0.0086	0.3554	0.0602	0.0240	0.0717
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.1128	0.0544	0.3324	0.1640	0.0652	0.1072	0.4724	0.1452	0.0676	0.2388
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.0220	0.0196	0.2280	0.0460	0.0304	0.0220	0.2960	0.0700	0.0272	0.0860
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.0084	0.0132	0.2016	0.0196	0.0188	0.0132	0.3080	0.0352	0.0144	0.0452
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0460	0.0208	0.2944	0.0944	0.0284	0.0696	0.4708	0.1064	0.0248	0.1812
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.0040	0.0060	0.2144	0.0156	0.0264	0.0064	0.3344	0.0408	0.0092	0.0464
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.0040	0.0156	0.2296	0.0072	0.0256	0.0020	0.3672	0.0412	0.0112	0.0432
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.1328	0.0660	0.3660	0.1924	0.0724	0.1108	0.4900	0.1684	0.0816	0.2664
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.0244	0.0252	0.2612	0.0552	0.0280	0.0124	0.3688	0.0888	0.0296	0.1028
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.0164	0.0200	0.2336	0.0416	0.0220	0.0136	0.3684	0.0628	0.0220	0.0752
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.1332	0.0648	0.3676	0.1912	0.0720	0.1120	0.4892	0.1624	0.0756	0.2640
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.0352	0.0332	0.2908	0.0620	0.0460	0.0184	0.3692	0.0984	0.0396	0.1184
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.0220	0.0256	0.2596	0.0372	0.0284	0.0108	0.3656	0.0600	0.0256	0.0716
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.1742	0.1328	0.4142	0.2780	0.1313	0.1406	0.6966	0.2584	0.1477	0.3137
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.0549	0.0676	0.3306	0.1117	0.0786	0.0407	0.4042	0.1663	0.0868	0.1563
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.0442	0.0685	0.3690	0.0980	0.0756	0.0417	0.4135	0.1376	0.0753	0.1274
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.1751	0.1272	0.4151	0.2746	0.1326	0.1413	0.6966	0.2432	0.1278	0.3178
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.0665	0.0866	0.3565	0.1139	0.0915	0.0384	0.4063	0.1643	0.0999	0.1806
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.0421	0.0876	0.3675	0.0672	0.0858	0.0224	0.4020	0.1351	0.0811	0.1227
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.1816	0.1364	0.4305	0.2871	0.1341	0.1437	0.7007	0.2614	0.1563	0.3153
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.0557	0.0688	0.3327	0.1147	0.0831	0.0416	0.4062	0.1727	0.0918	0.1609
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.0455	0.0711	0.3761	0.1002	0.0774	0.0437	0.4150	0.1453	0.0805	0.1321
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.1841	0.1312	0.4283	0.2838	0.1355	0.1508	0.7007	0.2433	0.1355	0.3200
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.0683	0.0875	0.3775	0.1145	0.0925	0.0384	0.4079	0.1649	0.1041	0.1861
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.0439	0.0966	0.3746	0.0684	0.0864	0.0228	0.4195	0.1460	0.0856	0.1278
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.2355	0.1571	0.4634	0.3216	0.2099	0.1569	0.8112	0.2925	0.2277	0.3470
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.0647	0.0875	0.4067	0.1376	0.1307	0.0462	0.4385	0.2133	0.1069	0.1887
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.0521	0.0903	0.3871	0.1060	0.0977	0.0665	0.4785	0.1778	0.0857	0.1702
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.2112	0.1728	0.4481	0.3224	0.1721	0.3001	0.7975	0.3076	0.1829	0.3363
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.0909	0.0925	0.4097	0.1317	0.1277	0.0444	0.4619	0.2590	0.1177	0.2162
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.0766	0.1381	0.3888	0.1153	0.0985	0.0465	0.6685	0.1917	0.1238	0.1716

Note: Row (1), i.e., , provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups, respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 79: Treatment Effects on the Outcomes of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Neighbhd. good at 40	Neighbhd. good at 50	Neighbhd. great at 40	Neighbhd. great at 50	Acquainted at 40	Acquainted at 50	Dangerous at 40	Dangerous at 50	Own gun at 40	Own gun at 50
Summary	(01) Obs.	44	43	44	43	46	43	46	43	45	43
	(02) Control	0.8636	0.9500	0.2273	0.3000	0.6818	0.4500	0.0909	0.0500	0.0909	0.0500
	(03) Treatment	0.8182	0.9565	0.1364	0.3913	0.6667	0.6957	0.0000	0.0000	0.0435	0.0870
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.0455	0.0065	-0.0909	0.0913	-0.0152	0.2457	-0.0909	-0.0500	-0.0474	0.0370
	(05) COLS	-0.0934	0.0227	-0.0114	0.1490	0.0439	0.1738	-0.0989	-0.0707	-0.0359	0.0744
	(06) AIPW	-0.1020	0.0053	0.0056	0.1153	0.0705	0.1400	-0.0790	-0.0803	-0.0362	0.0747
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.3320	0.4611	0.1988	0.2872	0.4552	0.0546	0.0755	0.1599	0.2690	0.3200
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.2134	0.3063	0.4593	0.2189	0.3919	0.1466	0.0737	0.1354	0.3128	0.1786
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.1737	0.4505	0.4790	0.2427	0.3232	0.1846	0.1153	0.0978	0.2927	0.1663
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.3361	0.4570	0.2205	0.2557	0.4550	0.0450	0.0661	0.1524	0.2583	0.3143
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.2206	0.3022	0.4642	0.1951	0.3923	0.1441	0.0693	0.1282	0.3042	0.1721
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.2073	0.4531	0.4830	0.2419	0.3382	0.2103	0.0861	0.1432	0.2963	0.1896
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.3216	0.5340	0.2228	0.2560	0.4580	0.0452	0.1312	0.3456	0.2824	0.3336
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.2060	0.3532	0.4356	0.2004	0.3988	0.1356	0.1320	0.3456	0.3284	0.2056
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.2104	0.5136	0.4792	0.2192	0.3528	0.1848	0.1476	0.3456	0.3320	0.2036
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.3032	0.4700	0.1576	0.1972	0.4336	0.0296	0.0008	0.0020	0.1984	0.3392
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.1728	0.3124	0.4920	0.1556	0.3504	0.1016	0.0032	0.0152	0.2480	0.0940
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.1572	0.4672	0.4392	0.1984	0.2956	0.1864	0.0164	0.0516	0.2264	0.1548
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.3716	0.3848	0.2256	0.3212	0.4668	0.0568	0.0560	0.1072	0.2468	0.3816
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.2008	0.3488	0.4816	0.2044	0.3652	0.1464	0.0464	0.0460	0.3432	0.1812
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.1816	0.4392	0.4620	0.2712	0.2904	0.2016	0.0692	0.0536	0.3480	0.1776
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.3364	0.3752	0.2220	0.3100	0.4488	0.0580	0.0584	0.1136	0.2308	0.3732
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.2204	0.3148	0.4832	0.2280	0.3752	0.1500	0.0812	0.0464	0.3236	0.1624
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.1960	0.4256	0.4624	0.2748	0.3112	0.2112	0.1464	0.1436	0.3252	0.1792
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.4853	0.5586	0.3226	0.4523	0.6958	0.1539	0.0802	0.1503	0.3829	0.3918
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.3878	0.4964	0.4512	0.3025	0.4484	0.2404	0.1294	0.0761	0.4480	0.2895
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.3847	0.5876	0.6212	0.4000	0.3878	0.3160	0.1468	0.0786	0.4786	0.3061
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.4577	0.5460	0.3185	0.4306	0.6870	0.1569	0.0883	0.1597	0.3736	0.3803
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.4012	0.4711	0.4512	0.3403	0.4613	0.2420	0.1577	0.0732	0.4415	0.2767
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.3881	0.5754	0.6249	0.4067	0.4112	0.3164	0.2358	0.1571	0.4406	0.2727
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.4940	0.5698	0.3229	0.4535	0.6961	0.1600	0.0829	0.1510	0.3868	0.3932
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.3893	0.5021	0.4575	0.3031	0.4521	0.2427	0.1346	0.0837	0.4515	0.2943
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.3904	0.6035	0.6213	0.4004	0.3899	0.3249	0.1566	0.0846	0.4880	0.3132
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.4651	0.5584	0.3203	0.4308	0.6878	0.1617	0.0887	0.1659	0.3756	0.3809
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.4044	0.4767	0.4581	0.3408	0.4671	0.2420	0.1656	0.0779	0.4487	0.2814
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.3939	0.5809	0.6250	0.4068	0.4138	0.3229	0.2452	0.1612	0.4494	0.2784
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.5147	0.7090	0.3621	0.5444	0.6994	0.2096	0.1336	0.1629	0.4129	0.4070
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.3998	0.5664	0.5262	0.3328	0.5285	0.2934	0.1739	0.1490	0.4619	0.3404
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.4451	0.6405	0.6505	0.4348	0.4569	0.4238	0.2306	0.1679	0.5308	0.3617
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.5032	0.6409	0.3459	0.4595	0.6924	0.2235	0.1359	0.2087	0.3962	0.4160
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.4610	0.5426	0.5251	0.3953	0.5298	0.2948	0.2792	0.1332	0.4999	0.3052
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.4673	0.6469	0.6531	0.4074	0.4732	0.4213	0.2553	0.1952	0.5125	0.3492

Note: Row (1), i.e., , provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups, respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 80: Heterogeneous Effects on Neighborhood Choices of Pooled Participants

	OLS without pre-program regressors						OLS with pre-program regressors				
Variable	Constant	Frac. male children	Treatment indicator	p_A^1	Frac. $\times$ Treatment	p_A^2	Treatment indicator	p_A^3	Frac. $\times$ Treatment	p_A^4	
Lives in Ypsilanti	0.4987	−0.2018	0.1370	0.2250	0.2532	0.2058	0.1855	0.1449	0.3071	0.1479	
Lives in Michigan	0.8964	−0.2482	−0.0891	0.2772	0.2677	0.1480	−0.0632	0.3329	0.3084	0.1045	
Percent urban	0.9140	0.0163	0.0102	0.4215	0.0340	0.3492	0.0227	0.3314	0.0313	0.3599	
Population density	2.6544	−0.2229	−1.2471	0.0756	0.4446	0.3817	−1.1278	0.1065	0.1692	0.4556	
Housing density	11.429	−2.9537	−5.5678	0.0480	3.8663	0.2484	−5.2282	0.0664	2.8424	0.3130	
Median age	32.486	−0.5439	−0.0222	0.4926	−0.8403	0.3405	0.1152	0.4633	−0.8650	0.3401	
Percentage of adults	0.7507	−0.0259	−0.0072	0.3129	0.0120	0.3165	−0.0011	0.4710	0.0089	0.3637	
Percent Black ind.	0.3839	−0.1821	−0.1327	0.0291	0.2279	0.0279	−0.1278	0.0407	0.2203	0.0366	
Percent fam. w/ children	0.4860	0.0402	0.0095	0.2756	−0.0274	0.1568	0.0042	0.3993	−0.0285	0.1516	
Two parent homes (%)	0.5564	0.0964	0.0550	0.1236	−0.1411	0.0406	0.0490	0.1626	−0.1488	0.0373	
Avg. hh. size	2.4516	0.2528	0.0265	0.4184	−0.2112	0.1672	−0.0199	0.4404	−0.2016	0.1822	
Avg. fam. size	3.0897	0.1734	−0.0248	0.3924	−0.1140	0.2302	−0.0352	0.3565	−0.1241	0.2194	
HS grad./ higher (%)	81.724	−2.7432	1.5848	0.3174	0.2245	0.4842	1.2842	0.3576	0.1986	0.4866	
Bach. deg./ higher (%)	22.372	3.3171	0.3988	0.4717	−1.6302	0.4323	1.5174	0.3981	−2.9052	0.3840	
Percent unemployed	59.976	2.5472	5.1537	0.0513	−4.2252	0.2156	5.2770	0.0525	−4.3677	0.2117	
Percent unemp.	4.1006	−0.3233	−0.6223	0.1285	0.6902	0.2299	−0.6063	0.1469	0.6358	0.2557	
Median hh. income	40.124	2.8787	2.6488	0.2175	−5.5477	0.1682	1.5400	0.3299	−5.3438	0.1810	
Med. fam. income	49.679	1.7404	1.4803	0.3712	−5.7060	0.2282	1.5955	0.3669	−6.8252	0.1927	
Per capita income	20.262	0.4706	0.8592	0.3132	−0.5472	0.4277	1.1638	0.2642	−0.6369	0.4185	
Median rent	543.21	66.205	35.976	0.1368	−50.808	0.1816	32.691	0.1658	−52.301	0.1771	
Med. home value	1.1029	0.1356	−0.0124	0.4689	−0.0793	0.3847	0.0157	0.4624	−0.1255	0.3263	
Median rooms	5.1164	−0.1561	−0.0961	0.3032	−0.0188	0.4764	−0.2611	0.0698	0.0243	0.4673	
Med. rooms: hh. size	2.0694	−0.1681	−0.0440	0.2748	0.0787	0.2646	−0.0677	0.1861	0.0826	0.2580	
Percent poor fam.	11.278	−0.2100	−1.9136	0.2003	2.9794	0.2208	−1.8392	0.2211	3.1184	0.2185	
Poor fam. w/ child (%)	16.406	−0.5633	−2.2213	0.2259	4.3947	0.1907	−2.1519	0.2442	4.8085	0.1778	
Percent poor ind.	14.998	−0.0991	−2.5827	0.1438	2.9378	0.2385	−2.2821	0.1850	2.9561	0.2443	
Neighbhd. good at 40	0.9402	−0.2085	−0.1024	0.2365	0.1975	0.2147	−0.1151	0.2193	0.1565	0.2689	
Neighbhd. good at 50	0.9460	−0.0389	−0.0473	0.3272	0.0419	0.4076	−0.0751	0.2460	0.0453	0.4012	
Neighbhd. great at 40	0.3064	−0.1221	−0.0908	0.2637	−0.1346	0.2963	−0.0911	0.2760	−0.1294	0.3104	
Neighbhd. great at 50	0.3190	−0.0533	−0.1545	0.1765	0.2468	0.1904	−0.1566	0.1852	0.2604	0.1847	
Acquainted at 40	0.3068	0.7171	0.2976	0.0414	−0.5642	0.0296	0.3127	0.0436	−0.5932	0.0284	
Acquainted at 50	0.5064	0.0612	0.0259	0.4440	0.1487	0.3167	0.0569	0.3841	0.1750	0.2924	
Dangerous at 40	0.0909	−0.0676	−0.0909	0.0769	0.0676	0.2714	−0.1184	0.0319	0.0914	0.2004	
Dangerous at 50	0.0135	0.0746	0.0200	0.3891	−0.0940	0.2181	0.0307	0.3398	−0.0935	0.2247	
Own gun at 40	0.2576	−0.1090	−0.2143	0.0492	0.1421	0.2636	−0.2072	0.0594	0.2142	0.1722	
Own gun at 50	0.1530	−0.0628	−0.1167	0.1699	0.2638	0.1013	−0.0449	0.3544	0.3100	0.0600	

Note: This table presents estimates of coefficients from between-effects regressions of a neighborhood characteristic on several regressors. In the first regression, the neighborhood variable is regressed on fraction (frac.) of male children of the participant, treatment status, and a interaction term for the aforementioned variables (frac. $\times$ treatment). Note that p_A^1 and p_A^2 are the asymptotic p -values for the estimates of coefficients on the last two regressors, respectively. The second regression is the same as the first regression but controls for pre-program variables of the original participant. The counterparts of p_A^1 and p_A^2 in the second regression are p_A^3 and p_A^4 , respectively.

Table 81: Heterogeneous Effects on Neighborhood Choices of Male Participants

	OLS without pre-program regressors						OLS with pre-program regressors			
Variable	Constant	Frac. male children	Treatment indicator	p_A^1	Frac. $\times$ Treatment	p_A^2	Treatment indicator	p_A^3	Frac. $\times$ Treatment	p_A^4
Lives in Ypsilanti	0.5114	-0.2802	-0.1666	0.2677	0.3787	0.1951	-0.0767	0.3942	0.4503	0.1659
Lives in Michigan	0.8136	-0.1637	-0.2206	0.1935	0.3281	0.2162	-0.2505	0.1644	0.5734	0.0844
Percent urban	0.8544	0.0562	0.0248	0.4035	0.0404	0.4042	0.0847	0.2246	-0.0232	0.4493
Population density	2.4504	-0.1342	-0.9791	0.2379	0.3033	0.4464	-0.3935	0.3958	-0.9877	0.3415
Housing density	10.469	-1.0534	-4.5556	0.2121	1.4576	0.4380	-2.0538	0.3689	-3.9749	0.3450
Median age	31.677	0.1298	2.8330	0.0158	-3.6357	0.0461	2.8213	0.0290	-4.0865	0.0454
Percentage of adults	0.7551	-0.0245	-0.0196	0.1631	0.0157	0.3152	-0.0147	0.2586	0.0133	0.3588
Percent Black ind.	0.2936	-0.0404	-0.0629	0.2802	0.1046	0.2774	-0.0217	0.4287	0.0169	0.4656
Percent fam. w/ children	0.4965	0.0208	-0.0129	0.2128	0.0102	0.3512	-0.0185	0.1573	0.0173	0.2808
Two parent homes (%)	0.5638	0.0643	0.0625	0.2158	-0.1024	0.2159	0.0500	0.2890	-0.0749	0.3042
Avg. hh. size	2.4818	0.1103	0.0938	0.2599	-0.0819	0.3658	0.0147	0.4630	-0.0182	0.4719
Avg. fam. size	3.0983	0.0739	-0.0114	0.4612	0.0335	0.4310	-0.0435	0.3721	0.0512	0.4065
HS grad/ higher (%)	79.208	2.3131	2.0253	0.3435	-3.7006	0.3267	2.5109	0.3285	-2.3642	0.3985
Bach. deg./ higher (%)	17.505	10.610	-1.6257	0.4300	4.0505	0.3943	2.3853	0.4073	2.7370	0.4343
Percent employed	58.493	3.4536	3.4652	0.2282	-2.9381	0.3500	6.2712	0.1096	-5.1813	0.2661
Percent unemp.	3.9537	-0.0760	-0.1474	0.4394	0.3222	0.4193	-0.1591	0.4420	0.0124	0.4972
Median hh. income	38.468	2.1623	4.4771	0.1729	-4.1802	0.2956	5.0438	0.1706	-3.5582	0.3397
Med. fam. income	45.793	3.1754	2.7488	0.3416	-2.0661	0.4258	4.8553	0.2600	-2.5025	0.4191
Per capita income	18.687	2.0713	1.0814	0.3514	0.2820	0.4758	2.5341	0.2058	-0.1075	0.4914
Median rent	507.98	93.743	54.546	0.1594	-25.745	0.3870	81.225	0.0807	-46.413	0.3112
Med. home value	1.0598	0.1028	-0.1124	0.3216	0.3601	0.1826	0.0005	0.4993	0.3124	0.2367
Median rooms	4.9648	0.1185	0.3165	0.0613	-0.5230	0.0597	0.1810	0.2062	-0.4410	0.1094
Med. rooms: hh. size	2.0038	-0.0195	0.0483	0.3168	-0.1364	0.2055	0.0464	0.3431	-0.1415	0.2240
Percent poor fam.	12.022	0.2345	-2.8612	0.2467	3.3369	0.3130	-2.9837	0.2640	2.7847	0.3584
Poor fam. w/ child (%)	17.187	0.5168	-3.5655	0.2523	4.1345	0.3184	-4.1080	0.2492	4.2236	0.3342
Percent poor ind.	15.759	0.6731	-4.0034	0.1793	3.9761	0.2890	-4.2785	0.1938	3.6866	0.3234
Neighbhd. good at 40	0.9878	-0.2677	-0.1641	0.2093	0.3977	0.1268	-0.1361	0.2923	0.2868	0.2355
Neighbhd. good at 50	0.8293	0.1513	0.0239	0.4468	-0.1583	0.2940	0.0635	0.3670	-0.2778	0.1763
Neighbhd. great at 40	0.2054	0.0183	0.0004	0.4992	-0.2230	0.2812	-0.1454	0.2989	-0.0444	0.4598
Neighbhd. great at 50	0.2721	0.0012	-0.2641	0.1251	0.4110	0.1365	-0.3125	0.1104	0.5218	0.1007
Acquainted at 40	0.3555	0.5280	0.2928	0.1508	-0.5869	0.1125	0.2540	0.2295	-0.5980	0.1419
Acquainted at 50	0.6772	-0.0774	-0.1887	0.2414	0.3168	0.2351	0.0433	0.4383	0.1813	0.3422
Dangerous at 40	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.5000	0.0000	0.5000	0.0000	0.5000	0.0000	0.5000
Dangerous at 50	0.0177	0.0574	0.0547	0.3245	-0.1055	0.2956	0.0850	0.2584	-0.0703	0.3685
Own gun at 40	0.4103	-0.1915	-0.3225	0.0921	0.2860	0.2453	-0.2820	0.1631	0.3174	0.2485
Own gun at 50	0.3757	-0.3677	-0.2712	0.0890	0.4653	0.0784	-0.2439	0.1255	0.5837	0.0430

Note: This table presents estimates of coefficients from between-effects regressions of a neighborhood characteristic on several regressors. In the first regression, the neighborhood variable is regressed on fraction (frac.) of male children of the participant, treatment status, and a interaction term for the aforementioned variables (frac. $\times$ treatment). Note that p_A^1 and p_A^2 are the asymptotic p -values for the estimates of coefficients on the last two regressors, respectively. The second regression is the same as the first regression but controls for pre-program variables of the original participant. The counterparts of p_A^1 and p_A^2 in the second regression are p_A^3 and p_A^4 , respectively.

Table 82: Heterogeneous Effects on Neighborhood Choices of Female Participants

Variable	OLS without pre-program regressors						OLS with pre-program regressors			
	Constant	Frac. male children	Treatment indicator	p_A^1	Frac. $\times$ Treatment	p_A^2	Treatment indicator	p_A^3	Frac. $\times$ Treatment	p_A^4
Lives in Ypsilanti	0.4807	-0.0820	0.3943	0.0352	0.1417	0.3577	0.3876	0.0455	0.3304	0.2149
Lives in Michigan	0.9734	-0.3165	0.0135	0.4656	0.2281	0.2072	0.0367	0.4124	0.2335	0.2198
Percent urban	0.9675	0.0018	-0.0051	0.3823	0.0092	0.3816	0.0040	0.4058	0.0162	0.3005
Population density	2.8330	-0.1920	-1.4794	0.0985	0.4556	0.4118	-1.2401	0.1570	0.2129	0.4623
Housing density	12.409	-5.2833	-6.6052	0.0447	6.7122	0.1665	-5.6974	0.0848	5.8263	0.2208
Median age	33.224	-0.9589	-2.4963	0.0996	1.3706	0.3463	-1.6579	0.2056	0.4249	0.4540
Percentage of adults	0.7472	-0.0320	0.0031	0.4452	0.0143	0.3594	0.0107	0.3197	0.0126	0.3809
Percent Black ind.	0.4727	-0.3394	-0.2041	0.0123	0.3700	0.0112	-0.1628	0.0395	0.3805	0.0122
Percent fam. w/ children	0.4754	0.0634	0.0304	0.1382	-0.0671	0.0893	0.0139	0.3101	-0.0612	0.1157
Two parent homes (%)	0.5471	0.1436	0.0523	0.1760	-0.1978	0.0241	0.0240	0.3278	-0.2336	0.0087
Avg. hh. size	2.4130	0.4640	-0.0150	0.4717	-0.4280	0.1275	-0.0896	0.3434	-0.4447	0.1363
Avg. fam. size	3.0730	0.3321	-0.0248	0.4288	-0.3266	0.0927	-0.0544	0.3571	-0.3191	0.1197
HS grad./ higher (%)	84.300	-8.9758	0.7405	0.4346	5.6923	0.2388	0.0882	0.4927	3.4279	0.3476
Bach. deg./ higher (%)	27.119	-4.5879	1.6661	0.3963	-5.8087	0.3037	1.6926	0.4001	-10.201	0.2017
Percent employed	61.300	2.3357	6.4899	0.0674	-5.6638	0.2321	5.3652	0.1234	-6.2305	0.2305
Percent unemp.	4.2465	-0.6072	-1.0401	0.0360	1.0349	0.1576	-0.8812	0.0757	1.1874	0.1447
Median hh. income	41.437	5.5264	1.2131	0.4031	-8.9033	0.1564	-1.4416	0.3830	-12.386	0.0806
Med. fam. income	53.055	2.7531	0.3926	0.4739	-11.461	0.1421	-1.4080	0.4097	-15.494	0.0843
Per capita income	21.727	-0.8196	0.5720	0.3959	-1.5078	0.3482	0.5135	0.4115	-3.1636	0.2251
Median rent	575.20	51.143	19.150	0.2981	-86.945	0.0887	1.2267	0.4865	-107.10	0.0531
Med. home value	1.1357	0.2281	0.0836	0.3379	-0.5648	0.0565	0.0245	0.4516	-0.7045	0.0278
Median rooms	5.2686	-0.4814	-0.4686	0.0621	0.4932	0.1820	-0.6107	0.0169	0.2543	0.3141
Med. rooms: hh. size	2.1380	-0.3586	-0.1365	0.1005	0.3330	0.0402	-0.1354	0.1131	0.2548	0.1060
Percent poor fam.	10.699	-1.6046	-1.1452	0.2911	3.5834	0.1672	-0.7368	0.3644	5.3382	0.0844
Poor fam. w/ child (%)	15.856	-3.0513	-1.1873	0.3366	6.1441	0.1105	-0.4369	0.4384	8.7309	0.0449
Percent poor ind.	14.437	-2.0549	-1.4287	0.2713	3.1483	0.2259	-0.6615	0.3904	5.3111	0.1103
Neighbhd. good at 40	0.9039	-0.1596	-0.0550	0.3951	0.0424	0.4542	-0.1628	0.2191	0.1792	0.3201
Neighbhd. good at 50	1.0615	-0.2513	-0.1240	0.1387	0.2811	0.0824	-0.0829	0.2415	0.2235	0.1429
Neighbhd. great at 40	0.3847	-0.2415	-0.1609	0.2060	-0.0549	0.4377	-0.0991	0.3169	-0.0593	0.4379
Neighbhd. great at 50	0.3631	-0.1042	-0.0624	0.4006	0.1024	0.4078	0.0121	0.4815	-0.0117	0.4899
Acquainted at 40	0.2592	0.9207	0.3092	0.0763	-0.6054	0.0582	0.3355	0.0720	-0.6741	0.0538
Acquainted at 50	0.3517	0.1527	0.2184	0.1993	0.0387	0.4664	0.1718	0.2637	-0.0959	0.4211
Dangerous at 40	0.1566	-0.1029	-0.1566	0.0880	0.1029	0.3091	-0.1623	0.0791	0.1075	0.3043
Dangerous at 50	0.0082	0.0978	-0.0082	0.4605	-0.0978	0.2529	-0.0075	0.4618	-0.1912	0.0840
Own gun at 40	0.1497	-0.0872	-0.1497	0.1078	0.0872	0.3412	-0.1196	0.1719	0.0395	0.4319
Own gun at 50	-0.0615	0.2513	0.0383	0.3862	0.0439	0.4258	0.0563	0.3392	0.1388	0.2821

Note: This table presents estimates of coefficients from between-effects regressions of a neighborhood characteristic on several regressors. In the first regression, the neighborhood variable is regressed on fraction (frac.) of male children of the participant, treatment status, and a interaction term for the aforementioned variables (frac. $\times$ treatment). Note that p_A^1 and p_A^2 are the asymptotic p -values for the estimates of coefficients on the last two regressors, respectively. The second regression is the same as the first regression but controls for pre-program variables of the original participant. The counterparts of p_A^1 and p_A^2 in the second regression are p_A^3 and p_A^4 , respectively.

13 Multiple Hypothesis Tests for Effects on Participants' Neighborhood Choices

Table 83: Stepdown Tests for Treatment Effects on Outcomes of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Lives in Ypsilanti	Lives in Michigan	Percent urban	Population density	Housing density	Median age	Percentage of adults	Percent Black ind.
	Child age $\geq$	ti	an	ts	en	en	ge	lt	nd
Summary	(01) Obs.	112	112	112	112	112	112	112	112
	(02) Control	0.4483	0.8103	0.9137	2.2448	9.0671	32.357	0.7467	0.2721
	(03) Treatment	0.6481	0.8333	0.9341	1.5649	6.6053	31.830	0.7415	0.2782
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1999	0.0230	0.0204	-0.6800	-2.4618	-0.5273	-0.0052	0.0061
	(05) COLS	0.2210	0.0504	0.0201	-0.6313	-2.3132	-0.1718	-0.0038	0.0068
	(06) AIPW	0.2626	0.0734	0.0241	-0.6107	-2.1691	-0.3021	-0.0040	0.0208
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.0440	0.4890	0.4890	0.0708	0.0708	0.5979	0.5979	0.5979
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.0263	0.4590	0.4590	0.0779	0.0779	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.0029	0.2391	0.2391	0.0695	0.0695	0.8114	0.8114	0.8114
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.0322	0.4908	0.4908	0.0643	0.0643	0.5143	0.5143	0.5143
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.0214	0.4592	0.4592	0.0744	0.0744	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.0077	0.2907	0.2907	0.0887	0.0887	0.8430	0.8430	0.8430
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.0336	0.4760	0.4760	0.0648	0.0648	0.4944	0.5048	0.5048
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.0168	0.4928	0.4928	0.0792	0.0792	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.0204	0.3352	0.3352	0.1232	0.1232	0.7644	0.7644	0.7644
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.0060	0.3768	0.3768	0.0016	0.0036	0.2916	0.3680	0.3988
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.0060	0.2768	0.2768	0.0064	0.0064	0.8940	0.8940	0.8940
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.0012	0.1232	0.1336	0.0096	0.0108	0.7716	0.7716	0.7716
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.0540	0.4608	0.4608	0.0936	0.0936	0.5256	0.5256	0.5256
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.0228	0.4168	0.4168	0.1352	0.1352	0.9144	0.9144	0.9144
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.0072	0.2712	0.2712	0.1616	0.1616	0.8184	0.8184	0.8184
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.0492	0.4640	0.4640	0.0928	0.0928	0.5172	0.5172	0.5172
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.0252	0.4176	0.4176	0.0984	0.0984	0.9588	0.9588	0.9588
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.0036	0.2600	0.2600	0.1168	0.1168	0.8160	0.8160	0.8160
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.1064	0.6454	0.6454	0.1547	0.1547	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.0760	0.7357	0.7357	0.1856	0.1856	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.0454	0.5466	0.5466	0.2296	0.2296	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.1064	0.6474	0.6474	0.1722	0.1722	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.0921	0.7335	0.7335	0.1877	0.1877	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.0454	0.5456	0.5456	0.2085	0.2085	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.1078	0.6550	0.6550	0.1637	0.1637	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.0845	0.7469	0.7469	0.1946	0.1946	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.0486	0.5476	0.5476	0.2436	0.2436	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.1078	0.6521	0.6521	0.1804	0.1804	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.1030	0.7390	0.7390	0.1963	0.1963	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.0508	0.5469	0.5469	0.2086	0.2086	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.1779	0.8040	0.8040	0.2030	0.2030	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.1238	0.7615	0.7615	0.2250	0.2250	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.0760	0.6039	0.6039	0.2570	0.2570	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.1464	0.7087	0.7087	0.2273	0.2273	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.1221	0.7588	0.7588	0.2902	0.2902	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.1252	0.6428	0.6428	0.2087	0.2087	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
Perm. S	(43) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.0444	0.4150	0.4150	0.0552	0.0600	0.4438	0.4438	0.4438
	(44) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.0228	0.3938	0.3938	0.0620	0.0684	0.6773	0.6773	0.6773
	(45) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.0052	0.2415	0.2415	0.0704	0.0820	0.5962	0.5962	0.5962

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups, respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-R S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 83: Stepdown Tests for Treatment Effects on Outcomes of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Percent fam. w/ children	Two parent homes (%)	Avg. hh. size	Avg. fam. size	HS grad./ higher (%)	Bach. deg./ higher (%)	Percent employed	Percent unemp.
	Child age $\geq$	ld	ld	ze	ze	sg	ol	mp	mp
Summary	(01) Obs.	112	112	112	112	112	112	112	112
	(02) Control	0.4984	0.6114	2.5171	3.1207	81.900	25.326	62.050	3.6810
	(03) Treatment	0.4982	0.5889	2.4706	3.0776	82.133	23.244	63.978	3.6519
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.0002	-0.0225	-0.0465	-0.0431	0.2333	-2.0814	1.9278	-0.0292
	(05) COLS	-0.0041	-0.0300	-0.0746	-0.0508	-0.0015	-2.0587	1.9071	-0.0067
	(06) AIPW	-0.0042	-0.0420	-0.0862	-0.0570	-0.1676	-2.4519	1.9687	-0.0132
Asym. A	(07) $h^1_{A,A}$	0.4908	0.3304	0.3047	0.3047	0.4793	0.4793	0.2604	0.4524
	(08) $h^2_{A,A}$	0.3376	0.2561	0.2709	0.2709	0.5261	0.5261	0.2677	0.4896
	(09) $h^3_{A,A}$	0.3039	0.0889	0.1640	0.1640	0.4569	0.4095	0.2009	0.4783
Asym. B	(10) $h^1_{A,B}$	0.4901	0.3293	0.2702	0.2702	0.4368	0.4307	0.2372	0.4525
	(11) $h^2_{A,B}$	0.3276	0.2449	0.2433	0.2433	0.4996	0.4809	0.2538	0.4896
	(12) $h^3_{A,B}$	0.3147	0.1049	0.1910	0.1910	0.4597	0.4374	0.2445	0.4804
Boot. N	(13) $h^1_{B,N}$	0.4984	0.3384	0.2864	0.2864	0.4564	0.4264	0.2472	0.4508
	(14) $h^2_{B,N}$	0.3320	0.2576	0.2608	0.2608	0.4880	0.4880	0.2664	0.5000
	(15) $h^3_{B,N}$	0.3280	0.1056	0.2416	0.2416	0.4320	0.4176	0.3008	0.4768
Boot. S	(16) $h^1_{B,S}$	0.4788	0.1784	0.1116	0.0744	0.4000	0.2856	0.1160	0.4328
	(17) $h^2_{B,S}$	0.2860	0.1360	0.0880	0.0880	0.4872	0.3488	0.1272	0.4756
	(18) $h^3_{B,S}$	0.2684	0.0480	0.0632	0.0632	0.4760	0.3248	0.0928	0.4336
Perm. N	(19) $h^1_{P,N}$	0.4484	0.2840	0.3400	0.3400	0.4780	0.4584	0.2576	0.4552
	(20) $h^2_{P,N}$	0.3740	0.1728	0.2336	0.2336	0.4752	0.4680	0.2832	0.4848
	(21) $h^3_{P,N}$	0.3584	0.0728	0.1680	0.1680	0.4312	0.3976	0.2920	0.4900
Perm. S	(22) $h^1_{P,S}$	0.4480	0.2808	0.3360	0.3360	0.4780	0.4520	0.2592	0.4548
	(23) $h^2_{P,S}$	0.3916	0.2048	0.3016	0.3016	0.5040	0.5040	0.2744	0.4852
	(24) $h^3_{P,S}$	0.3568	0.0808	0.2224	0.2224	0.4308	0.4080	0.2504	0.4896
WC-M N	(25) $h^1_{M,N}$	0.5738	0.5498	0.4508	0.4508	0.6860	0.6860	0.4104	0.5096
	(26) $h^2_{M,N}$	0.4283	0.4167	0.3660	0.3660	0.6710	0.6710	0.4708	0.5474
	(27) $h^3_{M,N}$	0.4107	0.2989	0.2975	0.2975	0.5908	0.5908	0.4612	0.5412
WC-M S	(28) $h^1_{M,S}$	0.5738	0.5295	0.4430	0.4430	0.6796	0.6796	0.4104	0.5096
	(29) $h^2_{M,S}$	0.4585	0.4585	0.4461	0.4461	0.7001	0.7001	0.4326	0.5474
	(30) $h^3_{M,S}$	0.3943	0.3150	0.3751	0.3751	0.5935	0.5935	0.4134	0.5412
WC-R N	(31) $h^1_{R,N}$	0.5836	0.5506	0.4653	0.4653	0.7062	0.7062	0.4247	0.5155
	(32) $h^2_{R,N}$	0.4296	0.4246	0.3750	0.3750	0.6751	0.6751	0.4725	0.5495
	(33) $h^3_{R,N}$	0.4168	0.3048	0.3151	0.3151	0.6110	0.6110	0.4624	0.5428
WC-R S	(34) $h^1_{R,S}$	0.5836	0.5318	0.4635	0.4635	0.7032	0.7032	0.4190	0.5155
	(35) $h^2_{R,S}$	0.4592	0.4592	0.4467	0.4467	0.7095	0.7095	0.4391	0.5495
	(36) $h^3_{R,S}$	0.4003	0.3208	0.3758	0.3758	0.6150	0.6150	0.4207	0.5428
WC-D N	(37) $h^1_{D,N}$	0.6201	0.5557	0.4841	0.4841	0.7851	0.7851	0.4556	0.5753
	(38) $h^2_{D,N}$	0.4649	0.4649	0.4803	0.4803	0.7714	0.7714	0.4746	0.6343
	(39) $h^3_{D,N}$	0.4292	0.3361	0.3800	0.3800	0.7366	0.7366	0.5202	0.5690
WC-D S	(40) $h^1_{D,S}$	0.6201	0.5395	0.5463	0.5463	1.0000	1.0000	0.4414	0.5548
	(41) $h^2_{D,S}$	0.5343	0.5343	0.5203	0.5203	0.8228	0.8228	0.5001	0.6000
	(42) $h^3_{D,S}$	0.4327	0.3278	0.4442	0.4442	0.7516	0.7516	0.4845	0.5790
Perm. S	(43) $r^1_{D,S}$	0.5526	0.3011	0.2339	0.2123	0.4870	0.4870	0.1991	0.4546
	(44) $r^2_{D,S}$	0.3914	0.2315	0.1843	0.1843	0.4750	0.3399	0.2107	0.4850
	(45) $r^3_{D,S}$	0.3567	0.1036	0.1351	0.1351	0.4306	0.2831	0.1891	0.4894

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups, respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-R S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 83: Stepdown Tests for Treatment Effects on Outcomes of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Median hh. income	Med. fam. income	Per capita income	Median rent	Med. home value	Median rooms	Med. rooms: hh. size	Percent poor fam.	Poor fam. w/ child (%)	Percent poor ind.
	Child age $\geq$	nc	nc	nc	nt	al	ms	hm	ov	ov	ov
Summary	(01) Obs.	112	112	112	112	112	112	112	112	112	112
	(02) Control	42.120	51.860	21.026	581.69	1.1947	5.0241	2.0188	10.293	14.940	14.216
	(03) Treatment	40.980	48.935	20.905	576.48	1.0900	4.9222	1.9963	10.785	16.211	13.880
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-1.1397	-2.9255	-0.1211	-5.2082	-0.1047	-0.1019	-0.0226	0.4921	1.2715	-0.3359
	(05) COLS	-1.8998	-3.5710	0.0207	-14.655	-0.1179	-0.1617	-0.0248	0.5927	1.4884	-0.3206
	(06) AIPW	-2.3442	-4.1827	-0.1197	-18.994	-0.1490	-0.1753	-0.0227	0.8432	1.8988	-0.0528
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.4494	0.2835	0.4494	0.3752	0.1630	0.2730	0.2730	0.6434	0.5492	0.6434
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.2832	0.2411	0.4904	0.2065	0.1481	0.1056	0.2281	0.6222	0.5390	0.6222
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.1397	0.1101	0.4395	0.1192	0.0469	0.0540	0.2234	0.4438	0.3013	0.4826
Asym. B	(10) $h_{B,B}^1$	0.4539	0.2521	0.4539	0.3648	0.1530	0.2565	0.2565	0.6416	0.5384	0.6416
	(11) $h_{B,B}^2$	0.2815	0.2104	0.4901	0.1913	0.1369	0.0997	0.2298	0.6203	0.5262	0.6203
	(12) $h_{B,B}^3$	0.1764	0.1535	0.4475	0.1236	0.0769	0.0733	0.2567	0.4629	0.3252	0.4831
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.4552	0.2520	0.4552	0.3624	0.1512	0.2648	0.2648	0.6344	0.5292	0.6344
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.2944	0.2292	0.4968	0.1960	0.1472	0.1144	0.2152	0.6048	0.5148	0.6048
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.1616	0.1236	0.4176	0.1352	0.0688	0.0912	0.2300	0.4328	0.2880	0.4968
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.3032	0.0972	0.4252	0.3320	0.0632	0.1600	0.2128	0.5384	0.3084	0.5384
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.1216	0.0732	0.4776	0.1204	0.0568	0.0392	0.1904	0.5144	0.3408	0.5144
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.0720	0.0636	0.4568	0.0612	0.0328	0.0248	0.2344	0.3608	0.2112	0.4580
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.4944	0.2712	0.4944	0.3832	0.1456	0.3104	0.3104	0.5896	0.4680	0.5896
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.2496	0.1812	0.4896	0.1932	0.1184	0.0960	0.2120	0.5360	0.4032	0.5360
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.1664	0.1152	0.4176	0.1440	0.0552	0.0784	0.2292	0.4272	0.2820	0.4860
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.4864	0.2688	0.4864	0.3804	0.1432	0.2928	0.2928	0.5832	0.4596	0.5832
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.3040	0.2244	0.4892	0.2076	0.1296	0.1104	0.2076	0.5656	0.4428	0.5656
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.1800	0.1320	0.4172	0.1364	0.0552	0.0792	0.2176	0.4216	0.2808	0.4856
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.6765	0.5474	0.6765	0.4813	0.3140	0.3840	0.3840	0.9119	0.9119	0.9119
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.4717	0.4262	0.5538	0.2998	0.2623	0.2600	0.3861	0.8285	0.8010	0.8285
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.3672	0.3672	0.5268	0.2293	0.1735	0.2196	0.4144	0.7315	0.6426	0.7315
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.6595	0.5309	0.6595	0.4799	0.3099	0.3640	0.3640	0.8915	0.8915	0.8915
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.5170	0.4615	0.5538	0.3107	0.2710	0.2703	0.3533	0.8405	0.8405	0.8405
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.4083	0.4083	0.5244	0.2296	0.1666	0.2125	0.3743	0.7353	0.6789	0.7353
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.6858	0.5601	0.6858	0.4832	0.3164	0.3916	0.3916	0.9138	0.9138	0.9138
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.4855	0.4365	0.5564	0.3040	0.2638	0.2666	0.3929	0.8355	0.8151	0.8355
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.3742	0.3742	0.5346	0.2299	0.1767	0.2204	0.4220	0.7381	0.6473	0.7381
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.6732	0.5379	0.6732	0.4861	0.3115	0.3724	0.3724	0.9058	0.9058	0.9058
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.5293	0.4733	0.5564	0.3168	0.2761	0.2707	0.3555	0.8537	0.8537	0.8537
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.4133	0.4133	0.5289	0.2300	0.1728	0.2129	0.3788	0.7425	0.6846	0.7425
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.7511	0.6096	0.7511	0.5231	0.4073	0.4852	0.4852	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.5657	0.5105	0.5917	0.3368	0.2890	0.3000	0.5030	0.9178	0.9178	0.9178
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.5506	0.5506	0.5833	0.2653	0.1894	0.2623	0.4555	0.7871	0.7065	0.7871
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.7149	0.6119	0.7149	0.5092	0.3465	0.3786	0.3909	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.6513	0.5308	0.6513	0.3582	0.3238	0.3386	0.4541	0.9331	0.9331	0.9331
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.5149	0.4921	0.5870	0.2771	0.2326	0.2138	0.4095	0.8712	0.8712	0.8712
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.3147	0.1683	0.4206	0.3802	0.1184	0.2247	0.2251	0.6082	0.3607	0.6082
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.3091	0.2143	0.5114	0.2075	0.1100	0.0844	0.2075	0.5894	0.3503	0.5894
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.1244	0.0904	0.4170	0.1363	0.0492	0.0636	0.2175	0.4502	0.2243	0.4854

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups, respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-R S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 83: Stepdown Tests for Treatment Effects on Outcomes of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Neighbhd. good at 40	Neighbhd. good at 50	Neighbhd. great at 40	Neighbhd. great at 50	Acquainted at 40	Acquainted at 50	Dangerous at 40	Dangerous at 50	Own gun at 40	Own gun at 50
	Child age $\geq$	40	50	40	50	40	50	40	50	40	50
Summary	(01) Obs.	93	102	93	102	100	101	100	101	99	102
	(02) Control	0.8696	0.9400	0.1957	0.2800	0.6458	0.5306	0.0625	0.0408	0.1429	0.1000
	(03) Treatment	0.8723	0.9231	0.1489	0.2692	0.5769	0.6346	0.0385	0.0192	0.0800	0.1346
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0028	-0.0169	-0.0467	-0.0108	-0.0689	0.1040	-0.0240	-0.0216	-0.0629	0.0346
	(05) COLS	-0.0106	-0.0406	-0.0229	-0.0039	-0.1124	0.1136	-0.0466	-0.0106	-0.0230	0.1016
	(06) AIPW	-0.0008	-0.0488	0.0049	-0.0246	-0.1219	0.1015	-0.0294	0.0126	-0.0391	0.0941
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.7240	0.7240	0.5522	0.5522	0.2725	0.2725	0.5333	0.5333	0.3316	0.3316
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.4485	0.3905	0.8171	0.8171	0.2784	0.2784	0.3403	0.4277	0.3677	0.1276
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.4958	0.3259	0.7785	0.7785	0.1964	0.1964	0.4689	0.4689	0.2742	0.1817
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.7169	0.7169	0.5501	0.5501	0.2717	0.2717	0.5211	0.5211	0.3066	0.3066
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.4470	0.4095	0.8091	0.8091	0.2706	0.2706	0.3318	0.4245	0.3600	0.1232
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.4962	0.2990	0.7909	0.7909	0.2456	0.2456	0.4666	0.4666	0.2860	0.2135
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.6880	0.6880	0.5512	0.5512	0.2752	0.2752	0.5592	0.5592	0.2920	0.3004
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.4568	0.4112	0.7824	0.7824	0.2464	0.2464	0.3232	0.4324	0.3552	0.1072
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.4996	0.2712	0.8320	0.8320	0.2200	0.2200	0.4520	0.5180	0.2976	0.1752
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.6568	0.6568	0.4336	0.4336	0.1656	0.1312	0.3736	0.3736	0.1560	0.2508
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.4332	0.2632	0.7888	0.7888	0.1584	0.1584	0.1208	0.4452	0.3268	0.0280
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.4908	0.1832	0.6688	0.6688	0.1624	0.1624	0.2952	0.3956	0.2344	0.1856
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.8792	0.8792	0.6336	0.6336	0.2840	0.2840	0.3992	0.3992	0.3192	0.3192
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.4884	0.4280	0.8592	0.8592	0.2344	0.2344	0.2376	0.4784	0.3252	0.1160
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.4668	0.4072	0.7752	0.7752	0.2176	0.2176	0.4136	0.4136	0.2592	0.1512
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.8472	0.8472	0.6456	0.6456	0.2816	0.2816	0.3920	0.3920	0.3136	0.3136
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.4944	0.4136	0.8936	0.8936	0.2632	0.2632	0.3056	0.4320	0.3324	0.1272
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.4668	0.4016	0.7768	0.7768	0.2336	0.2336	0.4104	0.4104	0.2780	0.2048
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.9720	0.9720	0.5985	0.5985	0.5318	0.5318	0.4638	0.4638	0.3925	0.3842
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.6195	0.6195	0.7668	0.7668	0.4394	0.4394	0.4674	0.4759	0.5106	0.1411
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.6635	0.5445	0.9770	0.9770	0.3995	0.3995	0.6953	0.6953	0.3972	0.2349
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.9580	0.9580	0.6134	0.6134	0.5303	0.5303	0.4498	0.4498	0.3925	0.3724
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.6090	0.5796	0.8013	0.8013	0.4720	0.4720	0.4881	0.5451	0.5250	0.1606
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.6635	0.5603	0.9770	0.9770	0.4219	0.4219	0.6904	0.6904	0.4266	0.2926
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.9738	0.9738	0.6101	0.6101	0.5554	0.5554	0.4719	0.4719	0.3981	0.3959
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.6299	0.6299	0.7805	0.7805	0.4474	0.4474	0.4747	0.4848	0.5134	0.1413
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.6780	0.5715	0.9771	0.9771	0.4079	0.4079	0.7065	0.7065	0.4044	0.2395
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.9702	0.9702	0.6228	0.6228	0.5537	0.5537	0.4595	0.4595	0.3981	0.3848
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.6276	0.5802	0.8106	0.8106	0.4839	0.4839	0.4934	0.5491	0.5299	0.1609
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.6780	0.5876	0.9773	0.9773	0.4413	0.4413	0.7018	0.7018	0.4283	0.3023
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	0.7848	0.7848	0.6075	0.6075	0.5122	0.5122	0.4822	0.4215
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.7309	0.7309	0.8134	0.8134	0.4593	0.4593	0.5596	0.5596	0.5505	0.1578
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.7300	0.7096	1.0000	1.0000	0.4175	0.4175	0.7467	0.7467	0.4387	0.2655
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	0.7668	0.7668	0.5537	0.5537	0.5040	0.5040	0.4734	0.4734
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.6499	0.6174	0.8443	0.8443	0.5658	0.5658	0.6870	0.6870	0.5555	0.2565
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.7300	0.7279	1.0000	1.0000	0.5088	0.5088	0.7315	0.7315	0.5084	0.3494
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.6114	0.6114	0.4822	0.4822	0.2631	0.2631	0.3475	0.3475	0.3135	0.3135
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.4942	0.3810	0.6210	0.6210	0.2595	0.2595	0.2971	0.5686	0.3323	0.1120
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.5338	0.3747	0.6485	0.6485	0.2323	0.2323	0.3894	0.3894	0.2779	0.1915

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups, respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 84: Stepdown Tests for Treatment Effects on Outcomes of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Lives in Ypsilanti	Lives in Michigan	Percent urban	Population density	Housing density	Median age	Percentage of adults	Percent Black ind.
	Child age $\geq$	ti	an	ts	en	en	ge	lt	nd
Summary	(01) Obs.	66	66	66	66	66	66	66	66
	(02) Control	0.4167	0.7778	0.8874	2.1291	9.0920	32.150	0.7534	0.2538
	(03) Treatment	0.4667	0.7333	0.9076	1.4353	5.9253	32.577	0.7411	0.2529
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0500	-0.0444	0.0202	-0.6938	-3.1667	0.4267	-0.0123	-0.0009
	(05) COLS	0.1017	0.0240	0.0226	-0.6419	-2.9433	0.5935	-0.0142	-0.0070
	(06) AIPW	0.1422	0.0417	0.0247	-0.7134	-3.2112	0.5102	-0.0152	0.0003
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.0988	0.0988	0.5603	0.4503	0.5603
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.6612	0.6612	0.6612	0.0986	0.0986	0.5071	0.5071	0.5071
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.3363	0.5846	0.5846	0.0650	0.0650	0.4965	0.3763	0.4966
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.1060	0.1060	0.5231	0.3674	0.5231
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.6434	0.6434	0.6434	0.1103	0.1103	0.4206	0.4206	0.4334
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.3817	0.5884	0.5884	0.0892	0.0892	0.4802	0.3590	0.4967
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.9564	0.9564	0.9564	0.0808	0.0808	0.5376	0.3444	0.5376
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.6888	0.6888	0.6888	0.0968	0.0968	0.4160	0.4128	0.4456
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.4536	0.6120	0.6120	0.0728	0.0728	0.4768	0.3624	0.4924
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.8496	0.8496	0.8496	0.0024	0.0016	0.3888	0.1776	0.4704
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.4392	0.5568	0.5568	0.0096	0.0096	0.2768	0.2124	0.4052
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.1848	0.4944	0.4944	0.0056	0.0056	0.3632	0.1692	0.4840
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.9372	0.9372	0.9372	0.1384	0.1384	0.5792	0.4344	0.5792
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.5880	0.6096	0.6096	0.2048	0.2048	0.4752	0.3720	0.4880
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.3492	0.5912	0.5912	0.1472	0.1472	0.5328	0.3240	0.5328
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.9120	0.9120	0.9120	0.1248	0.1248	0.5648	0.4212	0.5648
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.5904	0.5928	0.5928	0.1208	0.1208	0.4832	0.4644	0.4856
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.3072	0.5568	0.5568	0.0912	0.0912	0.5240	0.3864	0.5240
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2197	0.2197	0.6981	0.6981	0.6981
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2466	0.2466	0.6156	0.6156	0.6156
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.8568	0.8987	0.8987	0.2011	0.2011	0.5413	0.5413	0.6816
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2156	0.2156	0.6789	0.6789	0.6789
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2124	0.2124	0.6704	0.6704	0.6704
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.7663	0.8660	0.8660	0.1718	0.1718	0.6018	0.6018	0.6816
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2381	0.2381	0.6991	0.6991	0.6991
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2505	0.2505	0.6201	0.6201	0.6201
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.8618	0.9233	0.9233	0.2054	0.2054	0.5528	0.5528	0.6882
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2242	0.2242	0.7005	0.7005	0.7005
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2135	0.2135	0.6773	0.6773	0.6773
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.7718	0.8885	0.8885	0.1893	0.1893	0.6081	0.6081	0.6882
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2779	0.2779	0.7855	0.7855	0.7855
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2963	0.2963	0.7827	0.7827	0.7827
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.8784	1.0000	1.0000	0.2899	0.2899	0.5910	0.5910	0.7461
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2455	0.2455	0.8608	0.8608	0.8608
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.2642	0.2642	0.7728	0.8749	0.8749
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.8205	1.0000	1.0000	0.2761	0.2761	0.6863	0.6863	0.7461
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.6953	0.6953	0.6953	0.0792	0.0720	0.5090	0.4206	0.5386
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.4438	0.5306	0.5306	0.0780	0.0692	0.4518	0.4518	0.4854
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.2743	0.5062	0.5062	0.0564	0.0544	0.4230	0.3323	0.4498

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups, respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 84: Stepdown Tests for Treatment Effects on Outcomes of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Percent fam. w/ children	Two parent homes (%)	Avg. hh. size	Avg. fam. size	HS grad./ higher (%)	Bach. deg./ higher (%)	Percent employed	Percent unemp.
	Child age $\geq$	ld	ld	ze	ze	sg	ol	mp	mp
Summary	(01) Obs.	66	66	66	66	66	66	66	66
	(02) Control	0.4956	0.6085	2.4744	3.0792	82.292	25.444	61.331	3.6028
	(03) Treatment	0.4943	0.6081	2.5077	3.0890	81.413	22.630	62.693	3.7567
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.0013	-0.0004	0.0332	0.0098	-0.8783	-2.8144	1.3628	0.1539
	(05) COLS	-0.0002	-0.0023	0.0138	0.0053	-0.4446	-1.9801	2.3271	0.0899
	(06) AIPW	0.0011	-0.0090	0.0123	0.0046	-0.5219	-2.5647	2.4996	0.0593
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.9032	0.9032	0.5981	0.5981	0.5247	0.5247	0.5658	0.5658
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.9500	0.9500	0.8590	0.8590	0.6849	0.6849	0.3271	0.4023
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.7882	0.7882	0.8581	0.8581	0.5671	0.5671	0.2406	0.4298
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.8949	0.8949	0.5865	0.5865	0.4680	0.4680	0.5465	0.5465
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.9471	0.9471	0.8582	0.8582	0.6382	0.6382	0.3155	0.4019
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.7875	0.7875	0.8685	0.8685	0.5362	0.5362	0.2604	0.4323
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.8952	0.8952	0.5832	0.5832	0.4640	0.4640	0.5504	0.5504
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.9536	0.9536	0.8280	0.8280	0.6752	0.6752	0.3320	0.3952
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.8536	0.8536	0.8256	0.8256	0.5680	0.5680	0.2912	0.4388
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.8840	0.8840	0.4768	0.4768	0.3576	0.3576	0.4520	0.4520
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.9536	0.9536	0.8336	0.8336	0.5384	0.5384	0.1824	0.3712
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.7040	0.7040	0.8504	0.8504	0.4008	0.4008	0.1448	0.4092
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.8816	0.8816	0.5896	0.5896	0.4968	0.4968	0.5824	0.5824
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.8384	0.8384	0.8136	0.8136	0.6112	0.6112	0.3664	0.3836
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.6824	0.6824	0.8248	0.8248	0.5328	0.5328	0.3288	0.4140
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.8816	0.8816	0.5880	0.5880	0.4864	0.4864	0.5896	0.5896
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.8392	0.8392	0.8312	0.8312	0.6200	0.6200	0.3536	0.3824
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.6712	0.6712	0.8408	0.8408	0.5336	0.5336	0.2992	0.4104
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.9501	0.9501	0.8245	0.8245	0.7391	0.7391	0.6170	0.6170
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	0.9494	0.9494	0.8058	0.8058	0.5314	0.5314
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	0.9732	0.9732	0.7113	0.7113	0.4975	0.5686
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.9447	0.9447	0.8179	0.8179	0.7352	0.7352	0.6339	0.6339
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	0.9738	0.9738	0.8058	0.8058	0.5063	0.5172
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	0.9809	0.9809	0.7068	0.7068	0.4651	0.5602
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.9554	0.9554	0.8292	0.8292	0.7489	0.7489	0.6297	0.6297
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	0.9679	0.9679	0.8176	0.8176	0.5529	0.5529
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	0.9913	0.9913	0.7469	0.7469	0.5306	0.5700
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.9526	0.9526	0.8204	0.8204	0.7435	0.7435	0.6398	0.6398
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	0.9878	0.9878	0.8163	0.8163	0.5235	0.5235
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7428	0.7428	0.5002	0.5606
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.9892	0.9892	1.0000	1.0000	0.9191	0.9191	0.7451	0.7451
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8089	0.8089
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	0.9913	0.9913	0.8977	0.8977	0.5677	0.5704
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.9805	0.9805	0.9137	0.9137	0.7812	0.7812	0.6877	0.6877
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9171	0.9171	0.5610	0.5916
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9452	0.9452	0.6502	0.6502
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.7229	0.7229	0.3407	0.3874	0.3067	0.3067	0.5334	0.5334
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.7549	0.7549	0.4746	0.4746	0.3978	0.3978	0.3175	0.3822
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.5454	0.5454	0.4770	0.4770	0.3643	0.3395	0.2607	0.4102

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups, respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-R S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 84: Stepdown Tests for Treatment Effects on Outcomes of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Median hh. income	Med. fam. income	Per capita income	Median rent	Med. home value	Median rooms	Med. rooms: hh. size	Percent poor fam.	Poor fam. w/ child (%)	Percent poor ind.
	Child age $\geq$	nc	nc	nc	nt	al	ms	hm	ov	ov	ov
Summary	(01) Obs.	66	66	66	66	66	66	66	66	66	66
	(02) Control	40.930	50.281	20.731	573.25	1.1733	5.0028	2.0328	10.683	15.453	14.906
	(03) Treatment	41.214	48.602	20.805	576.90	1.1097	4.9867	1.9963	10.653	15.870	13.677
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.2840	-1.6785	0.0744	3.6500	-0.0636	-0.0161	-0.0365	-0.0300	0.4172	-1.2289
	(05) COLS	0.7881	-1.1823	0.6409	-0.6705	-0.0470	-0.0124	-0.0245	-0.2190	0.1881	-1.7936
	(06) AIPW	0.6518	-1.5484	0.5200	-4.2394	-0.0725	-0.0112	-0.0228	-0.2005	0.3162	-1.8224
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.8766	0.8728	0.8766	0.5529	0.5529	0.4399	0.3328	0.8451	0.8451	0.7216
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.8499	0.8499	0.8499	0.6679	0.6679	0.5537	0.5537	0.9006	0.9006	0.5052
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.9121	0.9121	0.9121	0.4624	0.4624	0.5374	0.5374	0.8812	0.8812	0.4261
Asym. B	(10) $h_{B,B}^1$	0.8765	0.8257	0.8765	0.5305	0.5305	0.4397	0.3531	0.8402	0.8402	0.7066
	(11) $h_{B,B}^2$	0.8443	0.8443	0.8443	0.6548	0.6548	0.5717	0.5717	0.8992	0.8992	0.4856
	(12) $h_{B,B}^3$	0.9151	0.9151	0.9151	0.4696	0.4696	0.5758	0.5758	0.8817	0.8817	0.4463
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.8952	0.8400	0.8952	0.5296	0.5296	0.4412	0.3728	0.8304	0.8304	0.7512
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.8616	0.8616	0.8616	0.6680	0.6680	0.5592	0.5592	0.9032	0.9032	0.5292
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.9180	0.9180	0.9180	0.5096	0.5096	0.5840	0.5840	0.8752	0.8752	0.4620
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.7960	0.6564	0.7960	0.4272	0.4272	0.4252	0.2024	0.8040	0.8040	0.5244
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.6480	0.6480	0.6480	0.5424	0.5424	0.5112	0.5112	0.8632	0.8632	0.2952
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.7116	0.7116	0.7116	0.4108	0.3176	0.5080	0.5080	0.8160	0.8160	0.2892
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.9160	0.7896	0.9160	0.5328	0.5328	0.4336	0.3000	0.7856	0.7856	0.7560
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.9456	0.9456	0.9456	0.6568	0.6568	0.4776	0.4776	0.8664	0.8664	0.5520
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.8424	0.8424	0.8424	0.4920	0.4920	0.4912	0.4912	0.8256	0.8256	0.5460
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.9128	0.7716	0.9128	0.5352	0.5352	0.4284	0.2888	0.7864	0.7864	0.7536
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.9372	0.9372	0.9372	0.6496	0.6496	0.4968	0.4968	0.8688	0.8688	0.5640
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.8352	0.8352	0.8352	0.4576	0.4576	0.4920	0.4920	0.8240	0.8240	0.5220
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7727	0.7727	0.7063	0.7063	1.0000	1.0000	0.7450
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7901	0.7901	0.8906	0.8906	0.9682	0.9682	0.5882
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6361	0.6361	0.9144	0.9144	0.9444	0.9444	0.5763
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7797	0.7797	0.6803	0.6803	1.0000	1.0000	0.7480
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7734	0.7734	0.8959	0.8959	0.9697	0.9697	0.5997
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.5961	0.5961	0.9076	0.9076	0.9444	0.9444	0.5627
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7752	0.7752	0.7223	0.7223	1.0000	1.0000	0.7595
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7946	0.7946	0.9156	0.9156	0.9744	0.9744	0.6092
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6450	0.6450	0.9160	0.9160	0.9527	0.9527	0.5983
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7829	0.7829	0.7002	0.7002	1.0000	1.0000	0.7622
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7767	0.7767	0.8963	0.8963	0.9759	0.9759	0.6119
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6064	0.6064	0.9094	0.9094	0.9508	0.9508	0.5852
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8910	0.8910	0.8440	0.8440	1.0000	1.0000	0.8020
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.9131	0.9131	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6637
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.6856	0.6856	0.9337	0.9337	1.0000	1.0000	0.6970
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8910	0.8910	0.8949	0.8949	1.0000	1.0000	0.8221
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.8481	0.8481	0.9192	0.9192	1.0000	1.0000	0.7467
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.7014	0.7014	0.9549	0.9549	1.0000	1.0000	0.6495
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.6677	0.6677	0.6677	0.5550	0.5550	0.4282	0.2767	0.8341	0.8341	0.5558
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.6689	0.6689	0.6549	0.4802	0.4354	0.4450	0.4214	0.8924	0.8924	0.4054
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.7049	0.7049	0.7049	0.4282	0.3239	0.4474	0.4210	0.8808	0.8808	0.3703

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups, respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-R S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 84: Stepdown Tests for Treatment Effects on Outcomes of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Neighbhd. good at 40	Neighbhd. good at 50	Neighbhd. great at 40	Neighbhd. great at 50	Acquainted at 40	Acquainted at 50	Dangerous at 40	Dangerous at 50	Own gun at 40	Own gun at 50
	Child age $\geq$	40	50	40	50	40	50	40	50	40	50
Summary	(01) Obs.	49	59	49	59	54	58	54	58	54	59
	(02) Control	0.8750	0.9333	0.1667	0.2667	0.6154	0.5862	0.0385	0.0345	0.1852	0.1333
	(03) Treatment	0.9200	0.8966	0.1600	0.1724	0.5000	0.5862	0.0714	0.0345	0.1111	0.1724
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0450	-0.0368	-0.0067	-0.0943	-0.1154	0.0000	0.0330	0.0000	-0.0741	0.0391
	(05) COLS	0.0618	-0.0793	-0.0432	-0.1199	-0.2650	0.0721	0.0067	0.0309	-0.0195	0.1171
	(06) AIPW	0.0710	-0.0871	0.0044	-0.1237	-0.2583	0.0741	0.0058	0.0784	-0.0412	0.1079
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.6089	0.6089	0.4775	0.4013	0.3511	0.5000	0.6019	0.6019	0.4571	0.4571
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.3213	0.3213	0.3981	0.3070	0.0237	0.3194	0.7217	0.7217	0.4269	0.2524
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.2426	0.2426	0.4873	0.2353	0.0189	0.3003	0.4577	0.3182	0.3413	0.3178
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.5938	0.5938	0.4747	0.3527	0.3728	0.5000	0.5819	0.5819	0.4453	0.4453
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.3214	0.3214	0.3867	0.2846	0.0350	0.3092	0.7054	0.7054	0.4234	0.2199
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.2454	0.2441	0.4879	0.2429	0.0495	0.3085	0.4587	0.3624	0.3524	0.3284
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.5920	0.5920	0.4808	0.3664	0.3600	0.4996	0.6192	0.6192	0.4224	0.4224
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.3328	0.3328	0.3824	0.2936	0.0392	0.3092	0.8688	0.8688	0.4068	0.2296
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.2356	0.2288	0.4728	0.2568	0.0640	0.3412	0.7376	0.7376	0.3504	0.2912
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.5040	0.5040	0.4624	0.2048	0.2296	0.4984	0.5800	0.5800	0.2968	0.3032
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.2120	0.1792	0.3800	0.1312	0.0240	0.2496	0.9184	0.9184	0.4148	0.1208
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.1728	0.1184	0.4512	0.1064	0.0216	0.2436	0.4996	0.4672	0.3128	0.3128
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.5480	0.5480	0.5004	0.4344	0.2936	0.4924	0.8808	0.8808	0.4784	0.4784
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.2976	0.2976	0.4104	0.3240	0.0320	0.3248	0.4952	0.4400	0.4012	0.2592
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.2856	0.2856	0.4576	0.3016	0.0368	0.3320	0.4956	0.0640	0.3016	0.2816
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.5432	0.5432	0.4808	0.4120	0.2872	0.4924	0.8664	0.8664	0.4576	0.4576
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.3640	0.3640	0.4360	0.3336	0.0240	0.3412	0.5736	0.5736	0.4100	0.2840
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.3064	0.3064	0.4592	0.2864	0.0288	0.3416	0.4932	0.4016	0.3688	0.3688
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.7286	0.7286	0.5383	0.5383	0.3056	0.5933	1.0000	1.0000	0.6211	0.6211
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.5322	0.5322	0.4663	0.4663	0.0896	0.4704	0.7967	0.7967	0.5827	0.3695
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.4901	0.4901	0.6165	0.4517	0.1004	0.4633	0.5412	0.4278	0.4860	0.4088
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.7218	0.7218	0.5188	0.5188	0.3043	0.5933	1.0000	1.0000	0.5875	0.5875
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.5525	0.5525	0.4590	0.4590	0.0741	0.4880	1.0000	1.0000	0.5888	0.4196
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.4787	0.4787	0.6165	0.4548	0.0899	0.4745	0.6486	0.6486	0.5406	0.5406
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.7321	0.7321	0.5469	0.5469	0.3138	0.5940	1.0000	1.0000	0.6233	0.6233
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.5344	0.5344	0.4679	0.4679	0.0906	0.4718	0.8254	0.8254	0.5839	0.3798
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.4962	0.4962	0.6167	0.4554	0.1021	0.4653	0.5503	0.4512	0.4880	0.4120
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.7251	0.7251	0.5273	0.5273	0.3119	0.5940	1.0000	1.0000	0.5916	0.5916
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.5591	0.5591	0.4598	0.4598	0.0765	0.4929	1.0000	1.0000	0.5898	0.4330
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.4980	0.4980	0.6167	0.4610	0.0934	0.4770	0.6575	0.6575	0.5481	0.5481
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.7489	0.7489	0.5854	0.5854	0.3439	0.6556	1.0000	1.0000	0.6402	0.6402
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.5445	0.5445	0.4774	0.4774	0.1033	0.4858	0.9321	0.9321	0.5889	0.4658
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.5208	0.5208	0.6294	0.4734	0.1330	0.4885	0.6463	0.4586	0.5312	0.4155
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.7413	0.7413	0.6467	0.6467	0.3203	0.6556	1.0000	1.0000	0.6146	0.6146
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.5726	0.5726	0.5390	0.4866	0.0969	0.5533	1.0000	1.0000	0.6171	0.4608
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.6129	0.6129	0.6338	0.5483	0.1829	0.5389	0.7619	0.7619	0.7361	0.5865
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.5122	0.5122	0.5254	0.4006	0.3315	0.5122	0.5562	0.5562	0.4362	0.4362
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.3115	0.3115	0.4358	0.3279	0.0352	0.3411	0.5986	0.5986	0.4098	0.2563
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.2671	0.2671	0.4590	0.2595	0.0412	0.3415	0.4930	0.3311	0.3515	0.3515

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups, respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-R S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 85: Stepdown Tests for Treatment Effects on Outcomes of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Lives in Ypsilanti	Lives in Michigan	Percent urban	Population density	Housing density	Median age	Percentage of adults	Percent Black ind.
	Child age $\geq$	ti	an	ts	en	en	ge	lt	nd
Summary	(01) Obs.	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46
	(02) Control	0.5000	0.8636	0.9568	2.4342	9.0264	32.695	0.7356	0.3020
	(03) Treatment	0.8750	0.9583	0.9673	1.7269	7.4552	30.896	0.7419	0.3098
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.3750	0.0947	0.0105	-0.7073	-1.5712	-1.7996	0.0064	0.0078
	(05) COLS	0.4017	0.1015	0.0221	-0.5078	-0.9367	-1.3577	0.0103	0.0406
	(06) AIPW	0.4325	0.1182	0.0233	-0.4658	-0.6979	-1.4487	0.0118	0.0496
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.0025	0.2753	0.2753	0.3124	0.3124	0.1444	0.6154	0.6154
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.0034	0.2308	0.2308	0.4627	0.4627	0.1584	0.4064	0.4064
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.0004	0.1378	0.1378	0.4355	0.4355	0.0865	0.2875	0.2875
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.0014	0.2545	0.2545	0.2527	0.2527	0.1093	0.6058	0.6058
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.0031	0.2175	0.2175	0.4088	0.4088	0.1493	0.4156	0.4156
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.0035	0.2088	0.2088	0.4453	0.4453	0.1648	0.3591	0.3591
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.0036	0.2792	0.2792	0.2608	0.2608	0.0576	0.6216	0.6216
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.0072	0.1768	0.1768	0.4744	0.4744	0.1236	0.4576	0.4576
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.0144	0.1880	0.1880	0.5440	0.5440	0.1056	0.3336	0.3336
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.0036	0.0848	0.0848	0.0648	0.1584	0.0024	0.5408	0.5408
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.0108	0.0600	0.0600	0.2184	0.2732	0.0396	0.2584	0.2692
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.0072	0.0760	0.0772	0.2280	0.2912	0.0708	0.1872	0.2108
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.0144	0.2384	0.2420	0.3320	0.3320	0.0852	0.6808	0.6808
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.0096	0.1204	0.1088	0.4984	0.4984	0.3084	0.4768	0.4768
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.0048	0.1416	0.1416	0.5544	0.5544	0.2940	0.4240	0.4240
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.0144	0.2328	0.2576	0.3488	0.3488	0.1104	0.6904	0.6904
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.0204	0.2184	0.2184	0.4848	0.4848	0.1464	0.4664	0.4664
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.0108	0.1880	0.1880	0.5112	0.5112	0.1632	0.4008	0.4008
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.0531	0.4433	0.4433	0.4774	0.4774	0.1872	0.8344	0.8344
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.0424	0.2387	0.2387	0.6785	0.6785	0.3412	0.6834	0.6834
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.0309	0.2331	0.2331	0.7473	0.7473	0.3828	0.6146	0.6146
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.0458	0.4411	0.4411	0.5058	0.5058	0.2627	0.8378	0.8378
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.0500	0.3919	0.3919	0.6539	0.6539	0.2749	0.6641	0.6641
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.0424	0.3887	0.3887	0.6738	0.6738	0.2757	0.5349	0.5349
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.0598	0.4476	0.4476	0.4892	0.4892	0.2006	0.8405	0.8405
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.0471	0.2431	0.2431	0.6926	0.6926	0.3476	0.7036	0.7036
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.0315	0.2350	0.2350	0.7545	0.7545	0.3849	0.6165	0.6165
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.0465	0.4469	0.4469	0.5385	0.5385	0.2672	0.8455	0.8455
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.0509	0.3926	0.3926	0.6609	0.6609	0.2874	0.6785	0.6785
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.0485	0.3982	0.3982	0.6751	0.6751	0.2819	0.5555	0.5555
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.0729	0.4914	0.4914	0.5759	0.5759	0.2466	0.9589	0.9589
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.0806	0.2691	0.2691	0.7598	0.7598	0.4377	0.7732	0.7732
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.0355	0.2721	0.2721	0.7674	0.7674	0.4128	0.6662	0.6662
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.0826	0.5164	0.5164	0.7071	0.7071	0.3076	0.9952	0.9952
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.0911	0.4474	0.4474	0.8274	0.8274	0.3815	0.7439	0.7439
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.0917	0.4398	0.4398	0.7131	0.7131	0.3446	0.6175	0.6175
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.0048	0.2843	0.2843	0.1979	0.2619	0.1435	0.5642	0.5642
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.0076	0.2419	0.2419	0.2751	0.3539	0.1707	0.4170	0.4170
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.0044	0.2251	0.2251	0.2847	0.3854	0.1663	0.3663	0.3663

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups, respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-R S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 85: Stepdown Tests for Treatment Effects on Outcomes of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Percent fam. w/ children	Two parent homes (%)	Avg. hh. size	Avg. fam. size	HS grad./ higher (%)	Bach. deg./ higher (%)	Percent employed	Percent unemp.
	Child age $\geq$	ld	ld	ze	ze	sg	ol	mp	mp
Summary	(01) Obs.	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46
	(02) Control	0.5029	0.6162	2.5868	3.1886	81.259	25.132	63.227	3.8091
	(03) Treatment	0.5030	0.5648	2.4242	3.0633	83.033	24.013	65.583	3.5208
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0001	-0.0513	-0.1627	-0.1253	1.7742	-1.1193	2.3561	-0.2883
	(05) COLS	-0.0100	-0.0803	-0.2054	-0.1316	0.3374	-2.2134	1.2530	-0.1064
	(06) AIPW	-0.0118	-0.0886	-0.2252	-0.1439	0.3326	-2.2926	1.2193	-0.1156
Asym. A	(07) $h^1_{A,A}$	0.4981	0.1389	0.1207	0.1207	0.5039	0.5039	0.3646	0.3646
	(08) $h^2_{A,A}$	0.2606	0.0480	0.0965	0.0965	0.5700	0.5700	0.6221	0.6221
	(09) $h^3_{A,A}$	0.1920	0.0105	0.0440	0.0440	0.5049	0.5049	0.5927	0.5927
Asym. B	(10) $h^1_{A,B}$	0.4980	0.1256	0.0848	0.0848	0.4751	0.4751	0.3264	0.3264
	(11) $h^2_{A,B}$	0.2471	0.0439	0.0800	0.0800	0.5981	0.5981	0.5931	0.5931
	(12) $h^3_{A,B}$	0.2064	0.0268	0.0658	0.0658	0.6287	0.6287	0.6336	0.6336
Boot. N	(13) $h^1_{B,N}$	0.4916	0.1160	0.0696	0.0584	0.5064	0.5064	0.3208	0.3208
	(14) $h^2_{B,N}$	0.2572	0.0456	0.0648	0.0648	0.5832	0.5832	0.6232	0.6232
	(15) $h^3_{B,N}$	0.2264	0.0144	0.0600	0.0636	0.5512	0.5512	0.7224	0.7224
Boot. S	(16) $h^1_{B,S}$	0.4976	0.0576	0.0036	0.0008	0.2720	0.3340	0.1760	0.1760
	(17) $h^2_{B,S}$	0.1832	0.0288	0.0032	0.0032	0.5000	0.5000	0.4600	0.4600
	(18) $h^3_{B,S}$	0.1380	0.0216	0.0040	0.0044	0.5328	0.5328	0.4544	0.4544
Perm. N	(19) $h^1_{P,N}$	0.4504	0.1584	0.1056	0.0992	0.5360	0.5360	0.3496	0.3496
	(20) $h^2_{P,N}$	0.2788	0.0336	0.0960	0.0960	0.6064	0.6064	0.6288	0.6288
	(21) $h^3_{P,N}$	0.2500	0.0224	0.0472	0.0472	0.5936	0.5936	0.6416	0.6416
Perm. S	(22) $h^1_{P,S}$	0.4504	0.1568	0.1512	0.1512	0.5560	0.5560	0.3568	0.3568
	(23) $h^2_{P,S}$	0.2928	0.0672	0.1240	0.1240	0.6368	0.6368	0.6112	0.6112
	(24) $h^3_{P,S}$	0.2504	0.0328	0.0800	0.0800	0.6128	0.6128	0.6184	0.6184
WC-M N	(25) $h^1_{M,N}$	0.8014	0.2551	0.2081	0.2081	0.8275	0.8275	0.6417	0.6417
	(26) $h^2_{M,N}$	0.4098	0.1189	0.1677	0.1677	0.7976	0.7976	0.8677	0.8677
	(27) $h^3_{M,N}$	0.3709	0.0908	0.0771	0.0771	0.9349	0.9349	0.8729	0.8729
WC-M S	(28) $h^1_{M,S}$	0.8028	0.2540	0.2433	0.2433	0.8486	0.8486	0.6661	0.6661
	(29) $h^2_{M,S}$	0.4151	0.1379	0.2275	0.2275	0.8070	0.8070	0.8537	0.8537
	(30) $h^3_{M,S}$	0.3497	0.1077	0.1569	0.1569	0.9462	0.9462	0.8497	0.8497
WC-R N	(31) $h^1_{R,N}$	0.8031	0.2633	0.2098	0.2098	0.8414	0.8414	0.6463	0.6463
	(32) $h^2_{R,N}$	0.4207	0.1230	0.1708	0.1708	0.8024	0.8024	0.8727	0.8727
	(33) $h^3_{R,N}$	0.3805	0.0937	0.0779	0.0779	0.9479	0.9479	0.8748	0.8748
WC-R S	(34) $h^1_{R,S}$	0.8042	0.2700	0.2478	0.2478	0.8624	0.8624	0.6677	0.6677
	(35) $h^2_{R,S}$	0.4231	0.1473	0.2418	0.2418	0.8112	0.8112	0.8588	0.8588
	(36) $h^3_{R,S}$	0.3560	0.1081	0.1581	0.1581	0.9512	0.9512	0.8531	0.8531
WC-D N	(37) $h^1_{D,N}$	0.8076	0.3943	0.2243	0.2243	0.8841	0.8841	0.6810	0.6810
	(38) $h^2_{D,N}$	0.4522	0.1572	0.1897	0.1897	0.9381	0.9381	0.9533	0.9533
	(39) $h^3_{D,N}$	0.4320	0.1001	0.0982	0.0982	1.0000	1.0000	0.9258	0.9258
WC-D S	(40) $h^1_{D,S}$	0.8076	0.4532	0.3446	0.3446	0.9567	0.9567	0.6750	0.6750
	(41) $h^2_{D,S}$	0.4384	0.2298	0.3686	0.3686	0.8252	0.8252	0.9193	0.9193
	(42) $h^3_{D,S}$	0.4120	0.1148	0.1620	0.1620	1.0000	1.0000	0.9032	0.9032
Perm. S	(43) $r^1_{D,S}$	0.4502	0.1367	0.1220	0.1092	0.5482	0.5482	0.2103	0.2103
	(44) $r^2_{D,S}$	0.2927	0.0568	0.0748	0.0796	0.6166	0.6166	0.3451	0.3687
	(45) $r^3_{D,S}$	0.2503	0.0292	0.0504	0.0532	0.5806	0.5806	0.3431	0.3643

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups, respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-R S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 85: Stepdown Tests for Treatment Effects on Outcomes of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Median hh. income	Med. fam. income	Per capita income	Median rent	Med. home value	Median rooms	Med. rooms: hh. size	Percent poor fam.	Poor fam. w/ child (%)	Percent poor ind.
	Child age $\geq$	nc	nc	nc	nt	al	ms	hm	ov	ov	ov
Summary	(01) Obs.	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46	46
	(02) Control	44.067	54.445	21.510	595.50	1.2298	5.0591	1.9961	9.6545	14.100	13.086
	(03) Treatment	40.688	49.351	21.030	575.96	1.0654	4.8417	1.9963	10.950	16.638	14.133
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-3.3792	-5.0944	-0.4797	-19.542	-0.1644	-0.2174	0.0002	1.2955	2.5375	1.0470
	(05) COLS	-6.1209	-7.4090	-0.9413	-35.701	-0.2353	-0.3849	-0.0264	2.0469	3.7342	2.1697
	(06) AIPW	-6.5739	-7.9016	-1.0230	-39.824	-0.2570	-0.4069	-0.0226	2.3168	4.1330	2.4454
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.2150	0.1796	0.3433	0.1629	0.1295	0.2133	0.4986	0.3221	0.2167	0.3221
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.0631	0.0631	0.2490	0.0662	0.0662	0.0283	0.3305	0.1698	0.0972	0.1698
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.0169	0.0184	0.2005	0.0216	0.0216	0.0069	0.3290	0.0702	0.0264	0.0702
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.2291	0.1910	0.3403	0.1607	0.1342	0.2111	0.4985	0.3036	0.2069	0.3036
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.0730	0.0730	0.2524	0.0750	0.0750	0.0322	0.3257	0.1655	0.1015	0.1655
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.0549	0.0675	0.2597	0.0435	0.0435	0.0173	0.3554	0.1204	0.0721	0.1204
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.2256	0.1632	0.3324	0.1640	0.1304	0.2144	0.4724	0.2904	0.2028	0.2904
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.0588	0.0588	0.2280	0.0608	0.0608	0.0440	0.2960	0.1400	0.0816	0.1400
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.0252	0.0264	0.2016	0.0376	0.0376	0.0264	0.3080	0.0704	0.0432	0.0704
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.0920	0.0624	0.2944	0.0944	0.0568	0.1392	0.4708	0.2128	0.0744	0.2128
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.0120	0.0120	0.2144	0.0312	0.0312	0.0128	0.3344	0.0816	0.0276	0.0816
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.0120	0.0312	0.2296	0.0144	0.0256	0.0040	0.3672	0.0824	0.0336	0.0824
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.2656	0.1980	0.3660	0.1924	0.1448	0.2216	0.4900	0.3368	0.2448	0.3368
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.0732	0.0732	0.2612	0.0560	0.0560	0.0248	0.3688	0.1776	0.0888	0.1776
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.0492	0.0492	0.2336	0.0440	0.0440	0.0272	0.3684	0.1256	0.0660	0.1256
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.2664	0.1944	0.3676	0.1912	0.1440	0.2240	0.4892	0.3248	0.2268	0.3248
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.0996	0.0996	0.2908	0.0920	0.0920	0.0368	0.3692	0.1968	0.1188	0.1968
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.0660	0.0660	0.2596	0.0568	0.0568	0.0216	0.3656	0.1200	0.0768	0.1200
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.3984	0.3984	0.4142	0.2780	0.2626	0.2813	0.6966	0.5168	0.4432	0.5168
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.1648	0.1648	0.3306	0.1571	0.1571	0.0814	0.4042	0.3125	0.2604	0.3125
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.1326	0.1370	0.3690	0.1512	0.1512	0.0834	0.4135	0.2549	0.2260	0.2549
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.3815	0.3815	0.4151	0.2746	0.2651	0.2827	0.6966	0.4864	0.3834	0.4864
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.1995	0.1995	0.3565	0.1831	0.1831	0.0767	0.4063	0.3286	0.2997	0.3286
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.1262	0.1752	0.3675	0.1343	0.1343	0.0447	0.4020	0.2454	0.2432	0.2454
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.4092	0.4092	0.4305	0.2871	0.2682	0.2875	0.7007	0.5227	0.4690	0.5227
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.1672	0.1672	0.3327	0.1662	0.1662	0.0833	0.4062	0.3218	0.2755	0.3218
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.1365	0.1422	0.3761	0.1548	0.1548	0.0874	0.4150	0.2642	0.2414	0.2642
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.3937	0.3937	0.4283	0.2838	0.2710	0.3016	0.7007	0.4865	0.4066	0.4865
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.2048	0.2048	0.3775	0.1851	0.1851	0.0768	0.4079	0.3299	0.3122	0.3299
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.1318	0.1932	0.3746	0.1368	0.1368	0.0456	0.4195	0.2569	0.2569	0.2569
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	0.4562	0.4562	0.4562	0.3780	0.3780	0.3046	0.7856	0.6314	0.6314	0.6314
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.1777	0.1777	0.3893	0.2402	0.2402	0.0902	0.4186	0.3640	0.3076	0.3640
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.1514	0.1714	0.3810	0.1834	0.1834	0.1169	0.4610	0.3199	0.2497	0.3199
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.4908	0.4908	0.4908	0.3233	0.3233	0.5368	0.7691	0.5742	0.5123	0.5742
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.2453	0.2453	0.3985	0.2295	0.2295	0.0839	0.4379	0.4176	0.3415	0.4176
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.2091	0.2553	0.3841	0.1875	0.1875	0.0810	0.6149	0.3454	0.3454	0.3454
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.1951	0.1463	0.3675	0.1911	0.1188	0.2367	0.5114	0.2151	0.1132	0.2639
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.0668	0.0668	0.2907	0.0732	0.0732	0.0228	0.3691	0.1315	0.0616	0.1315
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.0428	0.0428	0.2595	0.0460	0.0460	0.0152	0.3655	0.0808	0.0348	0.0808

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups, respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-R S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

Table 85: Stepdown Tests for Treatment Effects on Outcomes of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Neighbhd. good at 40	Neighbhd. good at 50	Neighbhd. great at 40	Neighbhd. great at 50	Acquainted at 40	Acquainted at 50	Dangerous at 40	Dangerous at 50	Own gun at 40	Own gun at 50
	Child age $\geq$	40	50	40	50	40	50	40	50	40	50
Summary	(01) Obs.	44	43	44	43	46	43	46	43	45	43
	(02) Control	0.8636	0.9500	0.2273	0.3000	0.6818	0.4500	0.0909	0.0500	0.0909	0.0500
	(03) Treatment	0.8182	0.9565	0.1364	0.3913	0.6667	0.6957	0.0000	0.0000	0.0435	0.0870
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.0455	0.0065	-0.0909	0.0913	-0.0152	0.2457	-0.0909	-0.0500	-0.0474	0.0370
	(05) COLS	-0.0934	0.0227	-0.0114	0.1490	0.0439	0.1738	-0.0989	-0.0707	-0.0359	0.0744
	(06) AIPW	-0.1020	0.0053	0.0056	0.1153	0.0705	0.1400	-0.0790	-0.0803	-0.0362	0.0747
Asym. A	(07) $h_{A,A}^1$	0.6641	0.6641	0.3975	0.3975	0.4552	0.1092	0.1511	0.1599	0.5381	0.5381
	(08) $h_{A,A}^2$	0.4268	0.4268	0.4593	0.4379	0.3919	0.2933	0.1473	0.1473	0.3572	0.3572
	(09) $h_{A,A}^3$	0.3473	0.4505	0.4855	0.4855	0.3692	0.3692	0.1956	0.1956	0.3327	0.3327
Asym. B	(10) $h_{A,B}^1$	0.6723	0.6723	0.4410	0.4410	0.4550	0.0901	0.1322	0.1524	0.5166	0.5166
	(11) $h_{A,B}^2$	0.4412	0.4412	0.4642	0.3902	0.3923	0.2882	0.1385	0.1385	0.3442	0.3442
	(12) $h_{A,B}^3$	0.4146	0.4531	0.4837	0.4837	0.4207	0.4207	0.1723	0.1723	0.3792	0.3792
Boot. N	(13) $h_{B,N}^1$	0.6432	0.6432	0.4456	0.4456	0.4580	0.0904	0.2624	0.3456	0.5648	0.5648
	(14) $h_{B,N}^2$	0.4120	0.4120	0.4356	0.4008	0.3988	0.2712	0.2640	0.3456	0.4112	0.4112
	(15) $h_{B,N}^3$	0.4208	0.5136	0.4792	0.4384	0.3696	0.3696	0.2952	0.3456	0.4072	0.4072
Boot. S	(16) $h_{B,S}^1$	0.6064	0.6064	0.3152	0.3152	0.4336	0.0592	0.0016	0.0020	0.3968	0.3968
	(17) $h_{B,S}^2$	0.3456	0.3456	0.4920	0.3112	0.3504	0.2032	0.0064	0.0152	0.2480	0.1880
	(18) $h_{B,S}^3$	0.3144	0.4672	0.4392	0.3968	0.3728	0.3728	0.0328	0.0516	0.3096	0.3096
Perm. N	(19) $h_{P,N}^1$	0.7432	0.7432	0.4512	0.4512	0.4668	0.1136	0.1120	0.1120	0.4936	0.4936
	(20) $h_{P,N}^2$	0.4016	0.4016	0.4816	0.4088	0.3652	0.2928	0.0920	0.0920	0.3624	0.3624
	(21) $h_{P,N}^3$	0.3632	0.4392	0.5424	0.5424	0.4032	0.4032	0.1072	0.1072	0.3552	0.3552
Perm. S	(22) $h_{P,S}^1$	0.6728	0.6728	0.4440	0.4440	0.4488	0.1160	0.1168	0.1168	0.4616	0.4616
	(23) $h_{P,S}^2$	0.4408	0.4408	0.4832	0.4560	0.3752	0.3000	0.0928	0.0928	0.3248	0.3248
	(24) $h_{P,S}^3$	0.3920	0.4256	0.5496	0.5496	0.4224	0.4224	0.2872	0.2872	0.3584	0.3584
WC-M N	(25) $h_{M,N}^1$	0.9705	0.9705	0.6451	0.6451	0.6958	0.3078	0.1603	0.1603	0.7658	0.7658
	(26) $h_{M,N}^2$	0.7756	0.7756	0.6050	0.6050	0.4809	0.4809	0.1522	0.1522	0.5790	0.5790
	(27) $h_{M,N}^3$	0.7694	0.7694	0.8001	0.8001	0.6321	0.6321	0.1571	0.1571	0.6122	0.6122
WC-M S	(28) $h_{M,S}^1$	0.9154	0.9154	0.6369	0.6369	0.6870	0.3138	0.1766	0.1766	0.7471	0.7471
	(29) $h_{M,S}^2$	0.8024	0.8024	0.6805	0.6805	0.4839	0.4839	0.1577	0.1464	0.5533	0.5533
	(30) $h_{M,S}^3$	0.7763	0.7763	0.8134	0.8134	0.6328	0.6328	0.3142	0.3142	0.5455	0.5455
WC-R N	(31) $h_{R,N}^1$	0.9881	0.9881	0.6459	0.6459	0.6961	0.3200	0.1658	0.1658	0.7736	0.7736
	(32) $h_{R,N}^2$	0.7786	0.7786	0.6061	0.6061	0.4853	0.4853	0.1674	0.1674	0.5887	0.5887
	(33) $h_{R,N}^3$	0.7807	0.7807	0.8009	0.8009	0.6497	0.6497	0.1692	0.1692	0.6265	0.6265
WC-R S	(34) $h_{R,S}^1$	0.9302	0.9302	0.6406	0.6406	0.6878	0.3234	0.1774	0.1774	0.7512	0.7512
	(35) $h_{R,S}^2$	0.8087	0.8087	0.6816	0.6816	0.4841	0.4841	0.1656	0.1557	0.5628	0.5628
	(36) $h_{R,S}^3$	0.7878	0.7878	0.8137	0.8137	0.6458	0.6458	0.3223	0.3223	0.5568	0.5568
WC-D N	(37) $h_{D,N}^1$	1.0000	1.0000	0.7034	0.7034	0.6987	0.3950	0.2422	0.2422	0.8026	0.8026
	(38) $h_{D,N}^2$	0.7947	0.7947	0.6461	0.6461	0.5578	0.5578	0.2683	0.2683	0.6601	0.6601
	(39) $h_{D,N}^3$	0.8657	0.8657	0.8282	0.8282	0.7975	0.7975	0.3001	0.3001	0.7005	0.7005
WC-D S	(40) $h_{D,S}^1$	0.9874	0.9874	0.6718	0.6718	0.6913	0.4196	0.2499	0.2499	0.7832	0.7832
	(41) $h_{D,S}^2$	0.8823	0.8823	0.7474	0.7474	0.5587	0.5587	0.2549	0.2406	0.5985	0.5985
	(42) $h_{D,S}^3$	0.9028	0.9028	0.8146	0.8146	0.7795	0.7795	0.3686	0.3686	0.6656	0.6656
Perm. S	(43) $r_{D,S}^1$	0.5538	0.5538	0.4126	0.4126	0.4486	0.1323	0.0584	0.1136	0.4638	0.4638
	(44) $r_{D,S}^2$	0.4710	0.4710	0.4830	0.4510	0.3750	0.2611	0.0812	0.0812	0.3235	0.2899
	(45) $r_{D,S}^3$	0.4330	0.4330	0.4622	0.4138	0.3439	0.3439	0.2503	0.2503	0.3251	0.3231

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups, respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (42) contain various p -values adjusted using Holm stepdown procedure for variable blocks of each outcome. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-R S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (43) – (45) provide the Romano-Wolf stepdown procedure-adjusted permutation p -values based on the studentized test statistic.

14 Single Hypothesis Tests for Effects on Average Sibling Outcomes

Table 86: Effects on Average Outcomes of Pooled Siblings of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Never Su- spended	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Attended College	College Graduate	In Good Health	No Teen (Im)Preg.
	Sibling type	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.
Summary	(01) Obs.	62	66	62	66	62	66	66	65	65
	(02) Control	0.7101	0.7845	0.5852	0.8701	0.6222	0.3287	0.2046	0.6274	0.7244
	(03) Treatment	0.6926	0.8441	0.6195	0.8640	0.6290	0.3919	0.1707	0.6712	0.7243
Estimates	(04) UDIM	−0.0175	0.0597	0.0343	−0.0062	0.0068	0.0632	−0.0339	0.0438	−0.0001
	(05) COLS	−0.0325	0.1090	0.0479	0.0533	0.0092	0.0661	−0.0336	0.0032	0.0366
	(06) AIPW	−0.0642	0.1309	0.0136	0.0636	−0.0185	0.0311	−0.0614	−0.0224	−0.0095
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.4233	0.2007	0.3571	0.4644	0.4715	0.2548	0.3301	0.3054	0.4996
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.3741	0.0570	0.3191	0.2079	0.4643	0.2644	0.3347	0.4859	0.3472
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.2025	0.0155	0.4284	0.1382	0.4079	0.3671	0.1995	0.3782	0.4456
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.4226	0.1927	0.3561	0.4630	0.4711	0.2384	0.3264	0.3066	0.4996
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.3763	0.0553	0.3215	0.2049	0.4647	0.2570	0.3353	0.4861	0.3481
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.3800	0.1209	0.4750	0.2229	0.4677	0.4050	0.3435	0.4358	0.4804
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.4116	0.1920	0.3568	0.4652	0.4740	0.2456	0.3352	0.3200	0.4916
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.3892	0.0520	0.3084	0.1848	0.4576	0.2596	0.3672	0.4948	0.3372
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.3588	0.0824	0.3828	0.2176	0.4936	0.3700	0.2716	0.4848	0.4492
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.4004	0.1356	0.2936	0.4492	0.4568	0.1676	0.2692	0.2320	0.4920
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.3312	0.0288	0.2976	0.1536	0.4716	0.2060	0.2544	0.4712	0.3156
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.1724	0.0200	0.4976	0.1492	0.3560	0.3900	0.1808	0.3176	0.3564
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.4404	0.1920	0.3432	0.4688	0.4432	0.2356	0.3448	0.2988	0.4684
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.3748	0.0628	0.2840	0.2144	0.4336	0.2412	0.3560	0.4792	0.2868
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.2840	0.0488	0.4152	0.1964	0.4584	0.3680	0.2496	0.4060	0.4980
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.4384	0.1888	0.3428	0.4676	0.4424	0.2380	0.3472	0.2992	0.4684
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.3860	0.0496	0.2896	0.1992	0.4348	0.2516	0.3532	0.4824	0.3036
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.2784	0.0296	0.4068	0.1648	0.4532	0.3696	0.2544	0.4036	0.4956
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.5300	0.2268	0.3678	0.7081	0.4804	0.3299	0.5412	0.3925	0.6721
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.4266	0.1352	0.3923	0.3043	0.5524	0.2966	0.5134	0.6044	0.4488
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.3727	0.1042	0.5197	0.2615	0.5636	0.4426	0.4806	0.5374	0.7119
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.5293	0.2252	0.3656	0.7081	0.4792	0.3327	0.5453	0.3950	0.6721
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.4431	0.1009	0.3994	0.2772	0.5562	0.3009	0.5132	0.6044	0.4674
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.3675	0.0820	0.5132	0.2222	0.5563	0.4477	0.4994	0.5330	0.7045
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.5356	0.2272	0.3686	0.7099	0.4832	0.3315	0.5435	0.3981	0.6823
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.4366	0.1357	0.3977	0.3138	0.5567	0.3094	0.5171	0.6076	0.4489
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.3801	0.1080	0.5310	0.2618	0.5760	0.4434	0.4853	0.5385	0.7201
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.5356	0.2253	0.3692	0.7092	0.4820	0.3348	0.5479	0.4013	0.6823
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.4567	0.1032	0.4009	0.2774	0.5595	0.3070	0.5188	0.6076	0.4690
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.3727	0.0864	0.5230	0.2283	0.5653	0.4505	0.4997	0.5350	0.7137
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.5888	0.3228	0.3943	0.7558	0.5198	0.3469	0.5727	0.4361	0.7041
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.4591	0.1561	0.4445	0.4636	0.6305	0.3881	0.5619	0.6229	0.4782
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.4301	0.1348	0.6597	0.2933	0.5960	0.4548	0.4853	0.5922	0.7442
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.5888	0.3233	0.3926	0.7505	0.5100	0.3468	0.5815	0.4267	0.7041
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.5026	0.1340	0.4176	0.3094	0.6145	0.3360	0.5317	0.6229	0.4918
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.3944	0.0989	0.5694	0.2736	0.5977	0.4827	0.4997	0.6056	0.7796

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the siblings (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 86: Effects on Average Outcomes of Pooled Siblings of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.
	Sibling type	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.
Summary	(01) Obs.	62	64	65	66	66	66	64	66	66	65
	(02) Control	0.7286	0.6536	0.5828	0.2310	0.1644	0.6402	0.5190	0.6655	0.5425	0.4540
	(03) Treatment	0.9147	0.7796	0.7532	0.2964	0.1315	0.6716	0.5543	0.7320	0.5842	0.5000
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1861	0.1261	0.1705	0.0654	-0.0328	0.0314	0.0353	0.0665	0.0417	0.0460
	(05) COLS	0.2105	0.2034	0.2245	0.0951	-0.0175	0.0344	0.0611	0.0014	0.0697	0.0906
	(06) AIPW	0.1999	0.1876	0.2147	0.0626	-0.0435	0.0387	0.0578	-0.0080	0.0724	0.0810
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.0131	0.0935	0.0346	0.2319	0.3230	0.3673	0.3609	0.2095	0.3262	0.3166
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.0102	0.0215	0.0138	0.1685	0.4062	0.3832	0.3034	0.4934	0.2617	0.2032
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0077	0.0202	0.0068	0.2372	0.2672	0.3507	0.2847	0.4554	0.2158	0.1810
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.0108	0.0827	0.0285	0.2219	0.3184	0.3590	0.3555	0.1942	0.3163	0.3074
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.0100	0.0213	0.0136	0.1671	0.4061	0.3822	0.3031	0.4933	0.2607	0.2004
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.1921	0.2222	0.1925	0.3934	0.3330	0.4350	0.4034	0.4824	0.3803	0.3644
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.0084	0.0816	0.0300	0.2256	0.3344	0.3796	0.3612	0.1888	0.3188	0.3044
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.0052	0.0164	0.0128	0.1672	0.4392	0.3980	0.3104	0.4752	0.2648	0.2040
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.0400	0.0744	0.0496	0.2612	0.3336	0.3644	0.3084	0.4288	0.2492	0.2288
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0020	0.0368	0.0092	0.1700	0.2592	0.3032	0.3028	0.1256	0.2700	0.2612
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.0024	0.0072	0.0052	0.1300	0.3488	0.3368	0.2328	0.4916	0.2016	0.1292
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.0112	0.0236	0.0112	0.2560	0.2192	0.3660	0.2936	0.3588	0.2412	0.1912
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.0076	0.0728	0.0316	0.2068	0.3400	0.3576	0.3512	0.1876	0.2988	0.2988
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.0056	0.0144	0.0104	0.1272	0.4304	0.3432	0.2628	0.4656	0.2064	0.1796
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.0232	0.0404	0.0240	0.2432	0.2884	0.3320	0.2936	0.4912	0.2236	0.2272
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.0152	0.0824	0.0356	0.2092	0.3452	0.3588	0.3512	0.1892	0.2988	0.2988
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.0128	0.0192	0.0160	0.1420	0.4308	0.3660	0.2888	0.4656	0.2320	0.1964
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.0300	0.0408	0.0220	0.2484	0.3048	0.3524	0.3076	0.4884	0.2304	0.2248
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.0221	0.0796	0.0453	0.2582	0.5935	0.4970	0.4422	0.4452	0.4054	0.3882
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.0185	0.0329	0.0259	0.1909	0.5989	0.5358	0.4533	0.6554	0.3769	0.3159
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.0305	0.0480	0.0430	0.2605	0.5561	0.5521	0.4977	0.5409	0.3599	0.3120
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.0316	0.0881	0.0574	0.2565	0.5984	0.4970	0.4422	0.4533	0.4077	0.3869
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.0387	0.0448	0.0339	0.2047	0.5921	0.5556	0.4848	0.6556	0.4065	0.3318
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.0482	0.0547	0.0416	0.2628	0.5649	0.5641	0.5165	0.5400	0.3739	0.3127
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.0241	0.0799	0.0462	0.2620	0.5937	0.4973	0.4538	0.4558	0.4093	0.3939
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.0186	0.0370	0.0276	0.1931	0.6016	0.5396	0.4547	0.6558	0.3838	0.3173
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.0329	0.0500	0.0443	0.2630	0.5585	0.5540	0.4992	0.5473	0.3609	0.3170
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.0328	0.0894	0.0597	0.2611	0.5987	0.4973	0.4524	0.4662	0.4095	0.3921
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.0400	0.0449	0.0343	0.2069	0.5933	0.5591	0.4895	0.6561	0.4104	0.3330
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.0483	0.0553	0.0424	0.2656	0.5688	0.5645	0.5189	0.5448	0.3799	0.3203
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.0388	0.0804	0.0512	0.2837	0.6004	0.5419	0.5440	0.4814	0.4513	0.4400
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.0192	0.0501	0.0379	0.2169	0.6166	0.5883	0.4747	0.6726	0.4650	0.3295
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.0533	0.0584	0.0537	0.2870	0.5665	0.5821	0.5104	0.5630	0.3737	0.3607
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.0481	0.1044	0.0747	0.2823	0.5997	0.5186	0.5188	0.4662	0.4516	0.4180
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.0460	0.0452	0.0555	0.2101	0.6410	0.6247	0.5289	0.6726	0.4318	0.3629
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.0489	0.0651	0.0711	0.3056	0.5804	0.5941	0.5253	0.5549	0.4125	0.3543

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the siblings (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 86: Effects on Average Outcomes of Pooled Siblings of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Never Su- spended	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Attended College	College Graduate	In Good Health	No Teen (Im)Preg.
	Sibling type	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.
Summary	(01) Obs.	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32
	(02) Control	0.6146	0.5781	0.4688	0.8594	0.5938	0.3854	0.2292	0.7500	0.7188
	(03) Treatment	0.9063	0.8750	0.8125	0.8750	0.8125	0.5313	0.1563	0.8750	0.7813
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.2917	0.2969	0.3438	0.0156	0.2188	0.1458	-0.0729	0.1250	0.0625
	(05) COLS	0.2154	0.3098	0.3204	0.0456	0.1658	0.0921	-0.1721	0.1304	-0.0154
	(06) AIPW	0.0804	0.2459	0.2203	-0.0117	0.0420	0.0924	-0.1126	0.0377	-0.1136
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.0094	0.0109	0.0099	0.4333	0.0668	0.1700	0.2796	0.1351	0.3147
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.0497	0.0161	0.0270	0.2985	0.1361	0.3172	0.1015	0.1493	0.4583
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.1630	0.0124	0.0405	0.4432	0.3395	0.2811	0.1436	0.3477	0.1747
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.0082	0.0057	0.0064	0.4312	0.0633	0.1565	0.2761	0.1246	0.3049
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.0670	0.0152	0.0294	0.3082	0.1597	0.3194	0.1125	0.1649	0.4605
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.4972	0.4913	0.4922	0.4961	0.4985	0.4943	0.4893	0.4942	0.4960
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.0080	0.0060	0.0084	0.4180	0.0640	0.1704	0.2644	0.1272	0.3180
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.0512	0.0120	0.0216	0.2948	0.1396	0.3140	0.1200	0.1492	0.4636
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.3776	0.2332	0.2552	0.4768	0.4316	0.3524	0.2940	0.4336	0.3388
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0036	0.0024	0.0044	0.4332	0.0344	0.1024	0.2448	0.0732	0.2368
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.0200	0.0168	0.0296	0.2532	0.0948	0.2784	0.0756	0.0768	0.4484
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.3452	0.1644	0.2308	0.4764	0.4420	0.4408	0.3440	0.4344	0.3700
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.0116	0.0116	0.0136	0.3932	0.0560	0.1728	0.2772	0.1316	0.3016
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.0580	0.0136	0.0224	0.3076	0.1200	0.2904	0.1052	0.1472	0.4996
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.3024	0.1480	0.1776	0.4912	0.3988	0.3652	0.2436	0.4228	0.3088
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.0152	0.0140	0.0156	0.3928	0.0568	0.1724	0.2768	0.1448	0.2956
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.0544	0.0164	0.0304	0.2788	0.1108	0.3060	0.1128	0.1548	0.5004
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.2844	0.1304	0.1712	0.4920	0.3812	0.3864	0.2700	0.4132	0.3100
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.0864	0.0571	0.0650	0.5285	0.2599	0.3488	0.3517	0.2510	0.6058
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.1499	0.0658	0.0910	0.4218	0.3314	0.4010	0.1909	0.2584	0.6938
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.3907	0.2196	0.2559	0.5991	0.5353	0.4438	0.3868	0.4954	0.5013
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.1122	0.0741	0.0800	0.5255	0.2683	0.3403	0.3517	0.2613	0.6053
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.1737	0.0743	0.1030	0.3934	0.3052	0.3983	0.2024	0.2684	0.6951
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.3818	0.1857	0.2348	0.5991	0.5327	0.4625	0.4079	0.4891	0.4975
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.0909	0.0584	0.0652	0.5355	0.2620	0.3525	0.3602	0.2557	0.6179
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.1551	0.0668	0.0996	0.4237	0.3319	0.4062	0.1992	0.2598	0.6969
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.3949	0.2298	0.2647	0.6102	0.5433	0.4555	0.3888	0.4971	0.5136
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.1154	0.0756	0.0802	0.5328	0.2704	0.3440	0.3602	0.2626	0.6135
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.1789	0.0747	0.1150	0.3936	0.3061	0.4049	0.2051	0.2690	0.6985
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.3849	0.1871	0.2399	0.6102	0.5447	0.4646	0.4136	0.4912	0.5070
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.1062	0.0622	0.0673	0.5415	0.2800	0.4035	0.4095	0.2700	0.6705
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.1738	0.0784	0.0996	0.4605	0.3341	0.4163	0.2111	0.2765	0.7169
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.4085	0.2671	0.2963	0.6566	0.5837	0.5743	0.3936	0.5590	0.5233
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.1217	0.0795	0.0855	0.5356	0.2788	0.3596	0.4095	0.2812	0.6437
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.2058	0.0765	0.1610	0.4906	0.3112	0.4571	0.2227	0.2694	0.7149
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.3992	0.2213	0.2971	0.7051	0.5716	0.5035	0.5971	0.5855	0.5506

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the siblings (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 86: Effects on Average Outcomes of Pooled Siblings of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted
	Sibling type	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.
Summary	(01) Obs.	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32
	(02) Control	0.7083	0.6719	0.4427	0.3125	0.2083	0.5938	0.5000	0.7344
	(03) Treatment	0.8594	0.7656	0.7656	0.4375	0.1563	0.8125	0.7500	0.9063
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1510	0.0938	0.3229	0.1250	-0.0521	0.2188	0.2500	0.1719
	(05) COLS	0.1088	0.1011	0.3272	0.0685	-0.1482	0.1667	0.1570	0.1563
	(06) AIPW	0.0803	0.0051	0.2521	-0.0148	-0.0876	0.2061	0.1471	0.0563
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.1176	0.2487	0.0147	0.2088	0.3390	0.0571	0.0502	0.0652
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.1987	0.2409	0.0305	0.3646	0.1372	0.1668	0.1969	0.1338
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.2448	0.4834	0.0316	0.4612	0.1905	0.0558	0.1460	0.3261
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.1109	0.2403	0.0081	0.1910	0.3362	0.0464	0.0424	0.0490
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.2131	0.2558	0.0312	0.3664	0.1502	0.1684	0.2056	0.1414
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.4943	0.4996	0.4847	0.4990	0.4917	0.4928	0.4949	0.4802
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.1088	0.2396	0.0092	0.1924	0.3172	0.0512	0.0484	0.0440
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.2348	0.2660	0.0268	0.3680	0.1472	0.1588	0.2104	0.1144
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.4152	0.4964	0.2344	0.4640	0.3276	0.3080	0.3392	0.3852
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0688	0.1980	0.0108	0.1304	0.3152	0.0216	0.0268	0.0100
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.1208	0.1676	0.0324	0.3156	0.0972	0.1168	0.1388	0.0684
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.3512	0.4800	0.1788	0.4256	0.3768	0.2344	0.3164	0.4068
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.1156	0.2456	0.0168	0.2124	0.3420	0.0584	0.0596	0.0652
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.2220	0.2480	0.0260	0.3508	0.1344	0.1216	0.1672	0.1048
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.3828	0.4948	0.2008	0.4516	0.2944	0.1636	0.2736	0.3856
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.1160	0.2440	0.0172	0.2104	0.3424	0.0596	0.0608	0.0672
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.2056	0.2364	0.0344	0.3672	0.1468	0.1508	0.1852	0.1312
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.3756	0.4948	0.1864	0.4536	0.3052	0.1708	0.2824	0.4096
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.3168	0.4464	0.1053	0.4012	0.4245	0.2085	0.1695	0.2485
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.4109	0.4421	0.1134	0.4543	0.2342	0.2595	0.2692	0.2764
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.5043	0.6001	0.2763	0.6085	0.4294	0.2569	0.3056	0.4726
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.3231	0.4459	0.1025	0.3893	0.4245	0.2129	0.1704	0.2771
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.3748	0.4246	0.1327	0.4741	0.2431	0.2813	0.2851	0.3193
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.5018	0.5981	0.2538	0.6094	0.4563	0.2667	0.3231	0.4923
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.3190	0.4515	0.1114	0.4068	0.4266	0.2111	0.1754	0.2528
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.4264	0.4449	0.1145	0.4607	0.2416	0.2646	0.2860	0.2772
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.5162	0.6052	0.2816	0.6146	0.4308	0.2602	0.3061	0.4735
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.3244	0.4513	0.1059	0.3918	0.4266	0.2155	0.1706	0.2812
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.3856	0.4264	0.1432	0.4744	0.2502	0.2838	0.2999	0.3200
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.5171	0.6064	0.2565	0.6107	0.4570	0.2675	0.3289	0.4948
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.3279	0.4867	0.1419	0.4299	0.4328	0.2143	0.2420	0.2603
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.5227	0.4556	0.1176	0.5037	0.2708	0.2825	0.3381	0.2950
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.5458	0.7191	0.2984	0.6500	0.4770	0.2933	0.4193	0.5231
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.3476	0.4726	0.1278	0.4026	0.4328	0.2285	0.2352	0.3300
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.3976	0.4432	0.1476	0.5027	0.2958	0.3069	0.3282	0.3344
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.5293	0.6606	0.2839	0.6162	0.5270	0.2975	0.3399	0.5076

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the siblings (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 87: Effects on Average Outcomes of Male Siblings of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -sponded	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Attended College	College Graduate	In Good Health	No Teen (Im)Preg.
	Sibling type	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.
Summary	(01) Obs.	48	51	47	51	47	51	51	51	51
	(02) Control	0.5658	0.6932	0.4825	0.8220	0.5000	0.2636	0.2000	0.5714	0.8333
	(03) Treatment	0.6092	0.8764	0.5833	0.9023	0.5833	0.4195	0.1724	0.6972	0.8056
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0434	0.1833	0.1009	0.0803	0.0833	0.1559	−0.0276	0.1258	−0.0278
	(05) COLS	0.0651	0.2649	0.1501	0.1993	0.1288	0.1886	−0.0216	0.0658	−0.0614
	(06) AIPW	0.0805	0.3641	0.1501	0.2431	0.1305	0.1782	−0.0362	−0.0652	−0.0201
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.3704	0.0324	0.2148	0.1776	0.2611	0.0949	0.3901	0.1569	0.3798
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.3289	0.0040	0.1505	0.0124	0.1929	0.0715	0.4175	0.3168	0.2680
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.2250	0.0000	0.0718	0.0000	0.1123	0.0360	0.3318	0.2759	0.3982
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.3646	0.0298	0.2082	0.1672	0.2546	0.0866	0.3867	0.1505	0.3736
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.3297	0.0036	0.1500	0.0109	0.1914	0.0667	0.4154	0.3158	0.2615
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.3984	0.2076	0.3986	0.2210	0.4119	0.2092	0.4281	0.4370	0.4346
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.3736	0.0308	0.2120	0.1604	0.2568	0.0932	0.3928	0.1648	0.3880
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.3136	0.0044	0.1400	0.0068	0.1744	0.0676	0.4176	0.3136	0.2716
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.3372	0.0340	0.2044	0.0524	0.2404	0.0672	0.4288	0.4420	0.4896
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.3236	0.0056	0.1352	0.0888	0.1880	0.0472	0.3504	0.0808	0.3200
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.3036	0.0004	0.1352	0.0016	0.1656	0.0372	0.3792	0.2700	0.1740
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.3272	0.0032	0.2088	0.0100	0.2436	0.1148	0.3052	0.2600	0.3664
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.3548	0.0340	0.2168	0.1924	0.2584	0.1064	0.4124	0.1752	0.4164
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.3212	0.0056	0.1472	0.0072	0.1856	0.0792	0.4392	0.3216	0.3160
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.2964	0.0020	0.1704	0.0048	0.2036	0.1272	0.3892	0.3400	0.4612
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.3544	0.0468	0.2184	0.2052	0.2620	0.1028	0.4152	0.1796	0.4124
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.3292	0.0064	0.1692	0.0180	0.2032	0.0796	0.4376	0.3328	0.3148
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.3096	0.0012	0.1816	0.0020	0.2208	0.1028	0.3780	0.3428	0.4552
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.4715	0.0561	0.2858	0.1700	0.3323	0.1888	0.5881	0.3477	0.5267
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.4577	0.0222	0.2325	0.0243	0.2842	0.1379	0.5991	0.4956	0.4501
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.4066	0.0138	0.3017	0.0219	0.3387	0.2636	0.5607	0.3596	0.6549
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.4709	0.0635	0.2858	0.1792	0.3374	0.1779	0.5893	0.3627	0.5200
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.4810	0.0310	0.2726	0.0352	0.3328	0.1293	0.6006	0.5074	0.4564
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.4191	0.0091	0.3103	0.0148	0.3655	0.2160	0.5526	0.3626	0.6532
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.4775	0.0569	0.2875	0.1805	0.3403	0.1997	0.6015	0.3564	0.5270
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.4585	0.0244	0.2368	0.0267	0.2896	0.1489	0.6002	0.4959	0.4511
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.4074	0.0146	0.3079	0.0221	0.3430	0.2801	0.5669	0.3620	0.6552
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.4771	0.0668	0.2875	0.1904	0.3422	0.1852	0.6028	0.3639	0.5219
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.4865	0.0319	0.2745	0.0377	0.3377	0.1344	0.6015	0.5096	0.4567
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.4198	0.0091	0.3108	0.0158	0.3690	0.2253	0.5567	0.3627	0.6534
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.5002	0.0605	0.3495	0.2195	0.3708	0.2133	0.6900	0.4370	0.5273
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.5111	0.0301	0.2674	0.0408	0.3001	0.1802	0.6293	0.5592	0.4637
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.4773	0.0159	0.3278	0.0242	0.3577	0.3189	0.6247	0.3708	0.6731
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.5084	0.0722	0.3239	0.2282	0.4002	0.2259	0.7184	0.3782	0.5241
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.5187	0.0399	0.3096	0.0529	0.3494	0.1632	0.6327	0.5403	0.4593
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.4436	0.0117	0.3227	0.0230	0.4270	0.2394	0.5694	0.3687	0.6888

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the siblings (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 87: Effects on Average Outcomes of Male Siblings of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.
	Sibling type	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.
Summary	(01) Obs.	45	47	48	50	51	51	50	50	51	51
	(02) Control	0.7105	0.5667	0.5238	0.1727	0.1545	0.4325	0.2875	0.5333	0.3532	0.2500
	(03) Treatment	0.8974	0.7963	0.7654	0.3333	0.1207	0.5722	0.4444	0.7083	0.5444	0.4333
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1869	0.2296	0.2416	0.1606	-0.0339	0.1397	0.1569	0.1750	0.1913	0.1833
	(05) COLS	0.2041	0.3433	0.3267	0.1900	-0.0126	0.1570	0.1835	0.1097	0.2207	0.2239
	(06) AIPW	0.2149	0.3737	0.3754	0.1687	-0.0350	0.2753	0.2492	0.1450	0.3404	0.2858
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.0496	0.0326	0.0232	0.0605	0.3461	0.1232	0.0916	0.0664	0.0450	0.0492
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.0401	0.0023	0.0042	0.0549	0.4463	0.1210	0.0867	0.1700	0.0322	0.0372
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0235	0.0003	0.0001	0.0332	0.3124	0.0060	0.0090	0.0565	0.0001	0.0013
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.0481	0.0258	0.0198	0.0522	0.3409	0.1090	0.0806	0.0555	0.0341	0.0402
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.0442	0.0023	0.0042	0.0524	0.4448	0.1213	0.0902	0.1699	0.0326	0.0391
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.3229	0.2761	0.2749	0.2140	0.4271	0.2550	0.2920	0.4055	0.2343	0.2728
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.0412	0.0216	0.0216	0.0600	0.3476	0.1144	0.0852	0.0600	0.0388	0.0492
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.0408	0.0040	0.0080	0.0552	0.4520	0.1352	0.1008	0.1760	0.0408	0.0448
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.1120	0.0600	0.0596	0.0680	0.4068	0.0976	0.1260	0.1880	0.0488	0.0640
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0092	0.0104	0.0088	0.0260	0.2844	0.0604	0.0420	0.0236	0.0164	0.0180
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.0124	0.0024	0.0056	0.0252	0.4204	0.0660	0.0484	0.1080	0.0148	0.0168
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.0892	0.0196	0.0184	0.1120	0.3148	0.0412	0.0616	0.2548	0.0120	0.0348
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.0420	0.0360	0.0268	0.0636	0.3820	0.1168	0.0932	0.0692	0.0584	0.0584
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.0416	0.0040	0.0092	0.0476	0.4632	0.1012	0.0768	0.1908	0.0404	0.0412
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.1056	0.0144	0.0104	0.1020	0.3892	0.0352	0.0492	0.1736	0.0116	0.0248
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.0584	0.0444	0.0372	0.0576	0.3820	0.1172	0.0912	0.0788	0.0564	0.0536
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.0540	0.0056	0.0100	0.0528	0.4664	0.1112	0.0872	0.1832	0.0400	0.0436
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.1384	0.0144	0.0100	0.0888	0.3892	0.0500	0.0624	0.1896	0.0112	0.0248
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.0683	0.0429	0.0380	0.0886	0.6213	0.3009	0.2270	0.2889	0.1660	0.1576
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.0655	0.0159	0.0182	0.0720	0.6468	0.2702	0.2068	0.3839	0.1254	0.1169
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.1384	0.0288	0.0287	0.1695	0.5637	0.1584	0.1813	0.5281	0.0985	0.1214
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.0948	0.0488	0.0572	0.0782	0.6213	0.3042	0.2199	0.3167	0.1634	0.1493
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.0755	0.0159	0.0251	0.0739	0.6517	0.2873	0.2265	0.3685	0.1254	0.1309
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.1692	0.0244	0.0239	0.1476	0.5609	0.1927	0.2049	0.5480	0.0955	0.1189
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.0690	0.0448	0.0407	0.0894	0.6293	0.3052	0.2295	0.2939	0.1693	0.1620
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.0700	0.0161	0.0217	0.0726	0.6499	0.2722	0.2149	0.3865	0.1295	0.1259
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.1410	0.0324	0.0303	0.1708	0.5652	0.1596	0.1854	0.5442	0.1029	0.1284
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.0949	0.0513	0.0662	0.0800	0.6293	0.3054	0.2235	0.3179	0.1672	0.1502
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.0759	0.0161	0.0268	0.0755	0.6551	0.2880	0.2285	0.3722	0.1340	0.1413
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.1724	0.0257	0.0255	0.1499	0.5674	0.1931	0.2051	0.5549	0.0971	0.1240
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.1226	0.0466	0.0597	0.1021	0.6392	0.3418	0.2624	0.3300	0.1794	0.1876
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.0734	0.0169	0.0305	0.0788	0.7050	0.2827	0.2768	0.4659	0.1636	0.1621
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.1421	0.0485	0.0374	0.1790	0.5878	0.1751	0.2081	0.6100	0.1200	0.1836
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.0953	0.0599	0.1412	0.0981	0.6392	0.3418	0.2607	0.3262	0.1793	0.1685
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.0776	0.0177	0.0353	0.0820	0.6793	0.2935	0.2616	0.4396	0.1793	0.1546
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.1805	0.0331	0.0367	0.1868	0.6850	0.2448	0.2331	0.6147	0.1616	0.1354

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the siblings (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 87: Effects on Average Outcomes of Male Siblings of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -spended	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Attended College	College Graduate	In Good Health	No Teen (Im)Preg.
	Sibling type	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.
Summary	(01) Obs.	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17
	(02) Control	0.5000	0.4815	0.4444	0.6481	0.4444	0.2222	0.1667	0.7407	0.6667
	(03) Treatment	0.8750	0.8125	0.7500	0.8125	0.7500	0.4375	0.0625	0.8750	0.5000
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.3750	0.3310	0.3056	0.1644	0.3056	0.2153	-0.1042	0.1343	-0.1667
	(05) COLS	0.5289	0.5638	0.5772	0.4026	0.5772	0.2175	-0.1725	0.0438	-0.1780
	(06) AIPW	0.4198	0.5118	0.5187	0.3803	0.5187	0.2487	-0.1451	-0.0045	-0.2499
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.0361	0.0603	0.1016	0.2034	0.1016	0.1556	0.2179	0.2175	0.2377
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.0160	0.0076	0.0126	0.0351	0.0126	0.1943	0.0518	0.4253	0.2849
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0057	0.0009	0.0077	0.0248	0.0077	0.1980	0.0288	0.4879	0.1986
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.0319	0.0534	0.0944	0.1996	0.0944	0.1514	0.2150	0.2126	0.2294
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.1659	0.1500	0.1999	0.2242	0.1999	0.3179	0.2979	0.4603	0.3909
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.2392	0.1465	0.1892	0.2328	0.1892	0.3677	0.3238	0.4959	0.3823
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.0392	0.0537	0.0973	0.1994	0.0973	0.1594	0.2387	0.2046	0.2179
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.0765	0.0517	0.0553	0.0937	0.0553	0.2751	0.1290	0.4349	0.3228
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.2644	0.1196	0.1616	0.2120	0.1616	0.2864	0.2832	0.3704	0.4140
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0408	0.0549	0.1001	0.1710	0.1001	0.1161	0.1233	0.2307	0.1942
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.0945	0.1057	0.1322	0.1177	0.1322	0.1598	0.0717	0.4425	0.2703
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.1856	0.1460	0.1556	0.1932	0.1556	0.3224	0.1788	0.3480	0.2668
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.0468	0.0492	0.0736	0.1924	0.0736	0.1456	0.3316	0.2476	0.2728
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.0376	0.0260	0.0296	0.0544	0.0296	0.1836	0.1500	0.4328	0.3084
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.1508	0.1388	0.1632	0.1568	0.1632	0.2716	0.2240	0.4912	0.3180
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.0460	0.0460	0.0732	0.1756	0.0732	0.1428	0.3288	0.2556	0.2552
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.0364	0.0272	0.0336	0.0524	0.0336	0.1764	0.0608	0.4400	0.3028
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.1192	0.0900	0.1384	0.1604	0.1384	0.3184	0.2052	0.4900	0.3404
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.1483	0.1892	0.2415	0.2605	0.2415	0.2944	0.4851	0.3247	0.4225
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.1414	0.1196	0.1379	0.1179	0.1379	0.4004	0.1845	0.5480	0.4213
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.1916	0.1952	0.2240	0.2240	0.2240	0.3628	0.2662	0.5636	0.4582
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.1576	0.1993	0.2415	0.2464	0.2415	0.2789	0.4851	0.3290	0.3915
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.1387	0.1173	0.1390	0.1224	0.1390	0.3870	0.1261	0.5504	0.4168
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.1738	0.1542	0.2108	0.2544	0.2108	0.4392	0.3035	0.5636	0.5035
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.1486	0.1901	0.2417	0.2629	0.2417	0.2971	0.4889	0.3345	0.4273
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.1415	0.1229	0.1392	0.1179	0.1392	0.4069	0.1860	0.5543	0.4219
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.1959	0.1981	0.2272	0.2271	0.2272	0.3676	0.2772	0.5708	0.4729
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.1605	0.1995	0.2417	0.2475	0.2417	0.2822	0.4889	0.3397	0.3963
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.1403	0.1190	0.1421	0.1251	0.1421	0.3882	0.1281	0.5528	0.4212
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.1739	0.1546	0.2128	0.2620	0.2128	0.4432	0.3045	0.5708	0.5051
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.1496	0.2081	0.2460	0.2809	0.2460	0.3196	0.5303	0.4805	0.4429
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.1416	0.1467	0.1392	0.1413	0.1392	0.4413	0.1917	0.5766	0.4727
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.2140	0.2127	0.2440	0.2474	0.2440	0.4052	0.3725	0.6652	0.5168
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.1751	0.1996	0.2460	0.2586	0.2460	0.2985	0.5303	0.3534	0.4650
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.1463	0.1347	0.1467	0.1344	0.1467	0.4612	0.1471	0.5674	0.4448
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.1825	0.1658	0.2392	0.2859	0.2392	0.4566	0.3275	0.6652	0.5227

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the siblings (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 87: Effects on Average Outcomes of Male Siblings of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Su./Arrested	Never Addicted
	Sibling type	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.
Summary	(01) Obs.	16	17	17	17	17	16	16	17
	(02) Control	0.4792	0.4259	0.4259	0.2222	0.1667	0.4444	0.4444	0.7778
	(03) Treatment	0.9375	0.7500	0.7500	0.4375	0.0625	0.5714	0.5714	0.8750
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.4583	0.3241	0.3241	0.2153	-0.1042	0.1270	0.1270	0.0972
	(05) COLS	0.5788	0.5652	0.5652	0.2175	-0.1725	0.1861	0.1861	0.1547
	(06) AIPW	0.2883	0.4661	0.4661	0.2487	-0.1451	0.0849	0.0849	0.0672
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.0047	0.0567	0.0567	0.1556	0.2179	0.3016	0.3016	0.2820
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.0008	0.0085	0.0085	0.1943	0.0518	0.2818	0.2818	0.2412
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0004	0.0022	0.0022	0.1980	0.0288	0.3339	0.3339	0.3273
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.0036	0.0511	0.0511	0.1514	0.2150	0.2981	0.2981	0.2735
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.0657	0.0846	0.0846	0.3179	0.2979	0.3912	0.3912	0.3629
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.2768	0.1443	0.1443	0.3677	0.3238	0.4664	0.4664	0.4260
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.0072	0.0585	0.0585	0.1594	0.2387	0.3090	0.3090	0.2755
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.0869	0.0649	0.0649	0.2751	0.1290	0.3371	0.3371	0.2475
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.1268	0.0956	0.0956	0.2864	0.2832	0.3125	0.3125	0.2860
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0256	0.0625	0.0625	0.1161	0.1233	0.2834	0.2834	0.2171
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.0873	0.1137	0.1137	0.1598	0.0717	0.2918	0.2918	0.2739
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.2388	0.1400	0.1400	0.3224	0.1788	0.4426	0.4426	0.3760
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.0156	0.0476	0.0476	0.1456	0.3316	0.3244	0.3244	0.2704
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.0116	0.0212	0.0212	0.1836	0.1500	0.2572	0.2572	0.1964
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.2108	0.1524	0.1524	0.2716	0.2240	0.3860	0.3860	0.4216
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.0212	0.0496	0.0496	0.1428	0.3288	0.2828	0.2828	0.2404
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.0120	0.0256	0.0256	0.1764	0.0608	0.2664	0.2664	0.2124
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.1092	0.1072	0.1072	0.3184	0.2052	0.3712	0.3712	0.3864
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.1165	0.2287	0.2287	0.2944	0.4851	0.5299	0.5299	0.8861
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.0823	0.1518	0.1518	0.4004	0.1845	0.3865	0.3865	0.6518
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.2835	0.2284	0.2284	0.3628	0.2662	0.4404	0.4404	0.6537
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.2344	0.2420	0.2420	0.2789	0.4851	0.4932	0.4932	0.8861
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.0914	0.1648	0.1648	0.3870	0.1261	0.3772	0.3772	0.7052
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.1958	0.1859	0.1859	0.4392	0.3035	0.4416	0.4416	0.6651
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.1198	0.2308	0.2308	0.2971	0.4889	0.5359	0.5359	0.8887
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.0850	0.1562	0.1562	0.4069	0.1860	0.3954	0.3954	0.6557
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.2954	0.2304	0.2304	0.3676	0.2772	0.4537	0.4537	0.6577
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.2381	0.2442	0.2442	0.2822	0.4889	0.4956	0.4956	0.8887
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.0942	0.1691	0.1691	0.3882	0.1281	0.3772	0.3772	0.7087
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.1969	0.1860	0.1860	0.4432	0.3045	0.4458	0.4458	0.6652
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.1413	0.2551	0.2551	0.3196	0.5303	0.5582	0.5582	0.8920
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.1133	0.1716	0.1716	0.4413	0.1917	0.5812	0.5812	0.6647
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.3538	0.3369	0.3369	0.4052	0.3725	0.5620	0.5620	0.6820
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.2492	0.2627	0.2627	0.2985	0.5303	0.5002	0.5002	0.8920
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.1063	0.1774	0.1774	0.4612	0.1471	0.3967	0.3967	0.7246
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.2348	0.1866	0.1866	0.4566	0.3275	0.4585	0.4585	0.6655

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the siblings (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 88: Effects on Average Outcomes of Female Siblings of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -spended	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Attended College	College Graduate	In Good Health	No Teen (1m)Preg.
	Sibling type	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.
Summary	(01) Obs.	47	52	48	52	47	52	52	52	52
	(02) Control	0.7955	0.8406	0.6212	0.9130	0.6905	0.3913	0.2174	0.6630	0.6632
	(03) Treatment	0.8933	0.8678	0.7756	0.8793	0.7885	0.3937	0.1810	0.6408	0.6905
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0979	0.0272	0.1544	-0.0337	0.0980	0.0024	-0.0364	-0.0222	0.0273
	(05) COLS	0.0944	0.0535	0.1639	-0.0041	0.1197	-0.0033	-0.0378	-0.0620	0.0915
	(06) AIPW	0.0647	0.0039	0.0773	-0.0344	0.0597	-0.0904	-0.0767	-0.0913	-0.0022
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.1604	0.3784	0.1020	0.3330	0.2131	0.4925	0.3580	0.4261	0.4082
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.1733	0.2624	0.0710	0.4791	0.1397	0.4911	0.3602	0.3054	0.2239
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.2040	0.4781	0.1775	0.3217	0.2472	0.2168	0.1912	0.1795	0.4911
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.1581	0.3744	0.0972	0.3276	0.2078	0.4919	0.3570	0.4225	0.4054
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.1773	0.2583	0.0751	0.4785	0.1438	0.4910	0.3652	0.3003	0.2215
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.4853	0.4979	0.4780	0.4605	0.4590	0.4520	0.4450	0.4788	0.4991
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.1588	0.3900	0.1028	0.3280	0.2060	0.4900	0.3700	0.4120	0.4168
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.1764	0.2720	0.0600	0.4844	0.1216	0.4988	0.3916	0.3060	0.2112
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.2736	0.4968	0.2440	0.3696	0.3052	0.3288	0.3536	0.2464	0.4404
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0908	0.3424	0.0508	0.2900	0.1436	0.4888	0.3096	0.4052	0.3612
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.1224	0.2056	0.0396	0.4656	0.0904	0.4848	0.3028	0.2556	0.1736
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.3060	0.4628	0.3004	0.3324	0.3492	0.2228	0.2000	0.2392	0.4252
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.1516	0.3312	0.0776	0.3808	0.1604	0.4548	0.3824	0.4456	0.4096
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.1548	0.2416	0.0588	0.4824	0.1232	0.4708	0.3836	0.3136	0.2112
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.2868	0.4608	0.2768	0.3824	0.3260	0.3088	0.2856	0.2428	0.4924
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.1500	0.3308	0.0792	0.3792	0.1648	0.4556	0.3824	0.4460	0.4096
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.1676	0.2292	0.0568	0.4864	0.1220	0.4704	0.3856	0.3244	0.2124
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.2896	0.4584	0.2524	0.3832	0.3132	0.3108	0.2780	0.2444	0.4916
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.2029	0.3638	0.0987	0.5143	0.1958	0.4619	0.6494	0.6063	0.4770
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.2383	0.3542	0.1098	0.5483	0.1994	0.6414	0.5811	0.4002	0.3319
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.3757	0.5883	0.3544	0.4429	0.3719	0.4094	0.4916	0.3550	0.6550
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.2040	0.3710	0.1017	0.5143	0.1994	0.4619	0.6494	0.6030	0.4743
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.2478	0.3320	0.1088	0.5419	0.1951	0.6420	0.5861	0.4165	0.3364
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.3743	0.5849	0.3382	0.4415	0.3634	0.4069	0.4849	0.3558	0.6550
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.2057	0.3719	0.1013	0.5177	0.1988	0.4630	0.6506	0.6113	0.4858
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.2386	0.3580	0.1124	0.5534	0.2008	0.6542	0.5813	0.4013	0.3327
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.3766	0.5956	0.3676	0.4504	0.3741	0.4107	0.4917	0.3647	0.6663
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.2100	0.3799	0.1038	0.5166	0.1995	0.4630	0.6506	0.6084	0.4829
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.2500	0.3364	0.1117	0.5451	0.1976	0.6567	0.5861	0.4179	0.3392
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.3760	0.5914	0.3522	0.4440	0.3638	0.4082	0.4854	0.3656	0.6663
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.2275	0.4125	0.1419	0.5533	0.2373	0.4837	0.6578	0.6262	0.4982
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.2402	0.3847	0.1330	0.6018	0.2079	0.7134	0.6008	0.4940	0.3522
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.4335	0.6341	0.3967	0.4875	0.3876	0.4146	0.5234	0.3794	0.7375
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.2497	0.4477	0.1243	0.5486	0.1999	0.4837	0.6578	0.6639	0.5147
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.2613	0.4119	0.1401	0.5878	0.2046	0.7208	0.6000	0.5387	0.3495
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.3760	0.6200	0.3756	0.4816	0.3862	0.4271	0.4990	0.3755	0.7375

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the siblings (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 88: Effects on Average Outcomes of Female Siblings of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.
	Sibling type	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.
Summary	(01) Obs.	44	45	46	50	51	52	48	53	52	49
	(02) Control	0.7368	0.7105	0.6375	0.2500	0.1591	0.8478	0.7045	0.7917	0.7174	0.6364
	(03) Treatment	0.8800	0.7500	0.7308	0.3006	0.1724	0.8477	0.7724	0.7672	0.6983	0.6574
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1432	0.0395	0.0933	0.0506	0.0133	-0.0001	0.0679	-0.0244	-0.0191	0.0210
	(05) COLS	0.2226	0.1483	0.1962	0.0733	0.0116	0.0244	0.0928	-0.0203	0.0330	0.0721
	(06) AIPW	0.2185	0.1155	0.1301	0.0270	-0.0064	0.0210	0.0612	-0.0529	0.0048	0.0326
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.1031	0.3758	0.2304	0.3346	0.4442	0.4995	0.2824	0.4009	0.4323	0.4337
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.0353	0.1314	0.0781	0.2944	0.4538	0.4111	0.2376	0.4215	0.3963	0.3004
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0232	0.1561	0.1388	0.4080	0.4721	0.4096	0.2838	0.2620	0.4815	0.3839
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.1014	0.3735	0.2241	0.3313	0.4436	0.4995	0.2779	0.3937	0.4294	0.4310
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.0399	0.1375	0.0817	0.2991	0.4556	0.4122	0.2349	0.4204	0.3956	0.2989
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.3736	0.4321	0.4529	0.4887	0.4918	0.4975	0.4862	0.4876	0.4994	0.4927
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.0980	0.3520	0.2120	0.3192	0.4160	0.4864	0.2812	0.4224	0.4296	0.4172
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.0436	0.1348	0.0828	0.2916	0.4396	0.4332	0.2228	0.4324	0.3896	0.2868
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.1572	0.3180	0.2760	0.4040	0.4720	0.4464	0.3344	0.3660	0.4488	0.3968
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0404	0.3472	0.1560	0.2996	0.4416	0.4864	0.2096	0.3428	0.3948	0.4216
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.0136	0.0860	0.0500	0.2644	0.4644	0.3684	0.1788	0.3860	0.3704	0.2468
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.0676	0.1936	0.1948	0.4564	0.4316	0.4160	0.3488	0.2340	0.4828	0.4500
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.0920	0.3432	0.2048	0.2904	0.4064	0.4992	0.2536	0.4652	0.4740	0.4048
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.0280	0.1032	0.0560	0.2520	0.4428	0.4076	0.2140	0.4820	0.3628	0.2828
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.0536	0.2036	0.1888	0.4008	0.4892	0.4304	0.3440	0.3452	0.4688	0.4156
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.1228	0.3424	0.2124	0.2920	0.4020	0.4988	0.2528	0.4644	0.4740	0.4040
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.0408	0.1140	0.0684	0.2592	0.4416	0.4196	0.2348	0.4800	0.3692	0.2924
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.0776	0.2192	0.1996	0.4044	0.4904	0.4356	0.3568	0.3348	0.4692	0.4180
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.1140	0.3571	0.2301	0.3202	0.4390	0.6785	0.2514	0.5990	0.6646	0.3994
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.0446	0.1570	0.0851	0.3051	0.4896	0.5053	0.2905	0.5764	0.4378	0.3300
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.0764	0.2234	0.2085	0.4514	0.6755	0.4938	0.3632	0.4989	0.4598	0.3780
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.1352	0.3571	0.2344	0.3233	0.4341	0.6785	0.2514	0.5990	0.6645	0.3969
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.0646	0.1713	0.1044	0.3168	0.4869	0.5173	0.3133	0.5758	0.4489	0.3283
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.0964	0.2397	0.2339	0.4537	0.6755	0.5016	0.3742	0.4965	0.4598	0.3809
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.1155	0.3674	0.2379	0.3240	0.4423	0.6853	0.2539	0.6091	0.6692	0.4085
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.0466	0.1623	0.0882	0.3144	0.4929	0.5069	0.2935	0.5885	0.4429	0.3340
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.0809	0.2269	0.2163	0.4596	0.6761	0.4941	0.3679	0.5027	0.4644	0.3865
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.1356	0.3674	0.2393	0.3267	0.4347	0.6853	0.2516	0.6073	0.6692	0.4058
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.0693	0.1723	0.1068	0.3293	0.4954	0.5238	0.3164	0.5877	0.4557	0.3314
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.1010	0.2458	0.2417	0.4601	0.6761	0.5033	0.3824	0.5022	0.4644	0.3851
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.1327	0.4360	0.2379	0.3352	0.4560	0.7495	0.2606	0.6408	0.6839	0.4523
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.0563	0.1861	0.1283	0.3456	0.5722	0.5238	0.3066	0.6592	0.4603	0.3398
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.1064	0.2908	0.2289	0.5523	0.7436	0.5444	0.3779	0.5493	0.5424	0.4569
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.1553	0.4374	0.2504	0.3364	0.4591	0.7495	0.2653	0.6417	0.7104	0.4773
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.0767	0.1857	0.1667	0.4117	0.5620	0.5710	0.3275	0.6462	0.4978	0.3481
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.1201	0.2659	0.2724	0.5034	0.7436	0.5128	0.4199	0.5113	0.5413	0.4099

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the siblings (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 88: Effects on Average Outcomes of Female Siblings of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Never Su- spended	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Attended College	College Graduate	In Good Health	No Teen (Im)Preg.
	Sibling type	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.
Summary	(01) Obs.	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26
	(02) Control	0.6429	0.6429	0.5000	0.9048	0.6429	0.5000	0.2500	0.6905	0.7143
	(03) Treatment	0.8750	0.8750	0.7917	0.8750	0.7917	0.4583	0.1667	0.8333	0.9167
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.2321	0.2321	0.2917	-0.0298	0.1488	-0.0417	-0.0833	0.1429	0.2024
	(05) COLS	0.0871	0.2254	0.1955	-0.0114	0.0346	-0.0666	-0.2043	0.1661	0.1493
	(06) AIPW	0.0493	0.1899	0.0877	-0.2094	-0.0934	0.0865	-0.0956	0.0229	0.1759
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.0740	0.0740	0.0525	0.3987	0.1981	0.4174	0.3015	0.1787	0.0706
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.3084	0.1114	0.1819	0.4581	0.4271	0.3822	0.1535	0.1618	0.1663
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.2939	0.0304	0.2261	0.0033	0.1569	0.2604	0.2296	0.4227	0.0539
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.0695	0.0650	0.0466	0.3951	0.1920	0.4148	0.2965	0.1709	0.0584
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.3338	0.1325	0.2042	0.4619	0.4366	0.3918	0.1784	0.1960	0.2006
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.4568	0.4336	0.4551	0.3529	0.4444	0.4892	0.4377	0.4973	0.3688
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.0696	0.0712	0.0532	0.4124	0.1912	0.3936	0.2900	0.1728	0.0552
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.3332	0.0972	0.1596	0.4568	0.4460	0.3564	0.1720	0.1864	0.1804
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.3596	0.2440	0.3192	0.3052	0.4772	0.4012	0.3796	0.4760	0.3560
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0392	0.0324	0.0376	0.3760	0.1460	0.4148	0.2660	0.1212	0.0160
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.2460	0.0672	0.1356	0.4564	0.3960	0.3868	0.1232	0.1088	0.0784
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.4660	0.2752	0.4624	0.0960	0.2336	0.4360	0.3340	0.4872	0.1972
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.1104	0.1140	0.0784	0.4128	0.1984	0.3780	0.2660	0.1944	0.0968
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.3176	0.1304	0.1728	0.4752	0.4132	0.3496	0.0936	0.1852	0.1888
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.4332	0.2872	0.4032	0.2440	0.3844	0.3972	0.3216	0.4828	0.2812
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.0908	0.1008	0.0756	0.4128	0.1960	0.3780	0.2652	0.1776	0.0804
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.3212	0.1424	0.2000	0.4708	0.4128	0.3528	0.1160	0.1720	0.1852
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.4280	0.2308	0.3784	0.2092	0.3616	0.3816	0.3284	0.4796	0.2656
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.3242	0.1756	0.1761	0.5064	0.4831	0.5860	0.3935	0.3404	0.3787
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.3916	0.1876	0.2211	0.5768	0.5380	0.5863	0.2446	0.2901	0.4219
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.6218	0.3890	0.5102	0.3838	0.4289	0.5118	0.5043	0.5745	0.4409
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.3106	0.1666	0.1751	0.5064	0.4824	0.5860	0.3935	0.3381	0.3706
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.3951	0.1849	0.2442	0.5671	0.5369	0.5852	0.2904	0.2695	0.4225
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.6358	0.3282	0.4874	0.3359	0.4048	0.4998	0.5263	0.5711	0.4184
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.3270	0.1769	0.1779	0.5081	0.4861	0.6035	0.4014	0.3466	0.3802
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.3990	0.1891	0.2294	0.5939	0.5404	0.5893	0.2453	0.2917	0.4237
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.6234	0.3900	0.5105	0.3905	0.4302	0.5136	0.5157	0.5891	0.4498
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.3135	0.1747	0.1764	0.5081	0.4859	0.6035	0.4014	0.3441	0.3708
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.3997	0.1871	0.2504	0.5778	0.5393	0.5853	0.2911	0.2755	0.4225
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.6381	0.3355	0.4907	0.3371	0.4069	0.5008	0.5314	0.5823	0.4253
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.3403	0.2051	0.1835	0.5085	0.4997	0.6274	0.4268	0.3770	0.3884
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.4194	0.2006	0.2807	0.6314	0.5625	0.5893	0.2488	0.4361	0.4404
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.6517	0.4759	0.6462	0.4290	0.4688	0.5690	0.5918	0.6493	0.5095
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.3286	0.2173	0.1801	0.5085	0.5008	0.6274	0.4268	0.4316	0.3709
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.4283	0.1996	0.3036	0.5920	0.5690	0.5856	0.2946	0.3436	0.4228
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.6880	0.3739	0.4944	0.3611	0.4153	0.5095	0.5453	0.6708	0.4454

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the siblings (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 88: Effects on Average Outcomes of Female Siblings of the Pooled Participants

	Statistic	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Su./Arrested	Never Addicted
	Sibling type	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.
Summary	(01) Obs.	24	25	25	25	26	26	26	26
	(02) Control	0.7917	0.6923	0.4231	0.3462	0.2143	0.6429	0.5000	0.6429
	(03) Treatment	0.8333	0.7500	0.7500	0.3333	0.1667	0.9167	0.8333	0.9167
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0417	0.0577	0.3269	−0.0128	−0.0476	0.2738	0.3333	0.2738
	(05) COLS	−0.0439	0.0018	0.2343	−0.1096	−0.1777	0.2478	0.2328	0.2126
	(06) AIPW	−0.2781	−0.3504	0.0415	−0.2349	−0.0593	0.3644	0.2724	−0.1492
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.3975	0.3727	0.0420	0.4736	0.3829	0.0291	0.0234	0.0291
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.3701	0.4954	0.1214	0.3101	0.1863	0.0598	0.1363	0.1156
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0051	0.0015	0.3652	0.0288	0.3157	0.0009	0.0255	0.1216
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.3951	0.3696	0.0357	0.4728	0.3792	0.0248	0.0201	0.0237
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.3844	0.4960	0.1512	0.3276	0.2123	0.0805	0.1684	0.1447
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.4794	0.4600	0.4953	0.4720	0.4622	0.4539	0.4651	0.4247
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.4036	0.3732	0.0452	0.4540	0.3696	0.0220	0.0276	0.0212
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.3528	0.4732	0.1280	0.2796	0.2020	0.0652	0.1496	0.1188
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.4784	0.3900	0.2896	0.4176	0.4240	0.1240	0.1948	0.4252
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.3840	0.3484	0.0360	0.4940	0.3704	0.0084	0.0148	0.0096
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.3792	0.4624	0.0968	0.3184	0.1524	0.0364	0.1064	0.0620
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.0696	0.0500	0.3788	0.1084	0.3904	0.2148	0.3256	0.2336
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.4452	0.3944	0.0600	0.4236	0.3612	0.0532	0.0488	0.0488
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.3444	0.4656	0.1496	0.2316	0.1192	0.0764	0.1456	0.1316
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.2032	0.2068	0.4820	0.2312	0.3776	0.1228	0.2256	0.2852
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.4452	0.3940	0.0600	0.4236	0.3612	0.0404	0.0412	0.0380
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.3216	0.4664	0.1580	0.2468	0.1440	0.0808	0.1628	0.1452
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.1928	0.1920	0.4748	0.1956	0.3792	0.1128	0.2312	0.2828
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.5245	0.5032	0.1300	0.5083	0.5033	0.1295	0.0999	0.1444
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.5576	0.6367	0.2133	0.4805	0.3109	0.1642	0.1905	0.2352
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.3654	0.3739	0.5629	0.4062	0.5676	0.2164	0.2970	0.4791
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.5245	0.5032	0.1300	0.5083	0.5033	0.1226	0.0954	0.1468
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.5407	0.6367	0.2153	0.4834	0.3538	0.1604	0.2108	0.2598
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.3227	0.3534	0.5360	0.3572	0.5619	0.2245	0.2979	0.4953
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.5252	0.5142	0.1314	0.5123	0.5137	0.1332	0.1008	0.1470
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.5677	0.6408	0.2208	0.4805	0.3154	0.1656	0.1916	0.2476
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.3655	0.3775	0.5635	0.4078	0.5755	0.2215	0.3051	0.4812
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.5252	0.5142	0.1351	0.5123	0.5137	0.1253	0.0957	0.1519
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.5552	0.6408	0.2228	0.4890	0.3577	0.1648	0.2143	0.2622
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.3230	0.3549	0.5386	0.3586	0.5642	0.2281	0.3056	0.4985
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.5333	0.5573	0.1344	0.5351	0.6279	0.1487	0.1097	0.1991
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.6261	0.7386	0.2259	0.4884	0.3347	0.1785	0.2428	0.3219
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.4248	0.3930	0.5661	0.4118	0.6064	0.2729	0.3298	0.5064
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.5333	0.5576	0.1450	0.5351	0.6279	0.1565	0.1011	0.1737
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.5990	0.7386	0.2649	0.5088	0.3700	0.1847	0.2677	0.2955
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.3437	0.3601	0.5590	0.3645	0.6010	0.2367	0.3655	0.5026

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the siblings (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 89: Effects on Average Outcomes of Pooled Siblings of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -spended	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Attended College	College Graduate	In Good Health	No Teen (1m)Preg.
	Sibling type	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.
Summary	(01) Obs.	34	37	34	37	34	37	37	36	37
	(02) Control	0.6802	0.7902	0.5756	0.8725	0.5922	0.3549	0.2314	0.6104	0.7853
	(03) Treatment	0.7759	0.8800	0.6719	0.9067	0.6895	0.3842	0.1092	0.7467	0.6908
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0957	0.0898	0.0964	0.0341	0.0973	0.0293	-0.1222	0.1363	-0.0945
	(05) COLS	0.0006	0.1054	0.0041	0.0488	-0.0122	0.0413	-0.1113	-0.0147	-0.0848
	(06) AIPW	-0.0889	0.1025	-0.0913	0.0332	-0.1006	-0.0195	-0.1302	-0.0851	-0.1602
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.2044	0.1626	0.2190	0.3500	0.2195	0.4056	0.1006	0.1197	0.2011
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.4980	0.1028	0.4871	0.2696	0.4615	0.3858	0.1612	0.4522	0.2069
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.1873	0.1066	0.1794	0.3329	0.1617	0.4406	0.1035	0.1826	0.0292
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.2061	0.1578	0.2177	0.3449	0.2186	0.4019	0.0976	0.1194	0.1891
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.4981	0.1100	0.4879	0.2729	0.4637	0.3866	0.1656	0.4541	0.2086
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.2739	0.1406	0.3101	0.3476	0.3024	0.4483	0.1413	0.2792	0.0650
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.2160	0.1696	0.2312	0.3440	0.2276	0.4168	0.0920	0.1296	0.1804
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.4520	0.1120	0.4420	0.2752	0.4932	0.3804	0.1856	0.4448	0.2464
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.3868	0.1636	0.3236	0.3736	0.3004	0.4856	0.1296	0.3304	0.1220
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.1500	0.0952	0.1588	0.3216	0.1588	0.3460	0.0376	0.0572	0.1296
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.4564	0.0708	0.4688	0.2244	0.4012	0.3668	0.0644	0.4396	0.1192
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.1020	0.0776	0.1088	0.3052	0.1068	0.3944	0.0664	0.1416	0.0048
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.1892	0.1608	0.1852	0.3096	0.1780	0.3728	0.1088	0.0820	0.2540
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.4700	0.1304	0.4212	0.2680	0.4716	0.3492	0.1552	0.4788	0.2948
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.2708	0.1440	0.3100	0.3336	0.2832	0.4616	0.1268	0.2388	0.1384
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.1864	0.1576	0.1800	0.3088	0.1744	0.3724	0.1252	0.0880	0.2436
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.4704	0.1028	0.4204	0.2492	0.4720	0.3580	0.1888	0.4872	0.2700
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.2600	0.1280	0.2804	0.3212	0.2600	0.4648	0.1676	0.2344	0.0920
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.3345	0.2150	0.2878	0.3443	0.3000	0.3901	0.3013	0.2126	0.3439
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.5339	0.2461	0.5046	0.3954	0.5980	0.4287	0.2797	0.5567	0.4886
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.3379	0.2655	0.3751	0.4285	0.3509	0.5687	0.2693	0.2883	0.3013
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.3284	0.2159	0.2844	0.3403	0.2993	0.3896	0.3294	0.2315	0.3340
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.5339	0.1982	0.5046	0.3523	0.5983	0.4399	0.3013	0.5654	0.4452
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.3408	0.2484	0.3509	0.4168	0.3334	0.5739	0.3552	0.2886	0.2414
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.3415	0.2162	0.2965	0.3470	0.3044	0.3959	0.3058	0.2190	0.3462
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.5478	0.2471	0.5137	0.3964	0.6049	0.4399	0.2842	0.5611	0.4942
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.3503	0.2679	0.3751	0.4309	0.3558	0.5768	0.2696	0.2898	0.3032
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.3340	0.2211	0.2933	0.3520	0.3038	0.3956	0.3342	0.2352	0.3370
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.5478	0.2003	0.5095	0.3571	0.6009	0.4537	0.3019	0.5676	0.4492
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.3509	0.2491	0.3569	0.4175	0.3458	0.5798	0.3561	0.2895	0.2448
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.3415	0.2703	0.3938	0.4412	0.3552	0.4490	0.3503	0.2726	0.3880
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.7441	0.2804	0.5642	0.4652	0.6239	0.5010	0.3986	0.6419	0.5194
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.3735	0.2734	0.4967	0.4698	0.3954	0.6112	0.2795	0.3558	0.3152
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.3656	0.3322	0.3406	0.4642	0.3378	0.4360	0.3726	0.2415	0.3566
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.7441	0.2042	0.5486	0.3833	0.6093	0.5340	0.3754	0.6322	0.4622
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.3919	0.2778	0.3678	0.4462	0.4248	0.6556	0.3687	0.3622	0.2728

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the siblings (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 89: Effects on Average Outcomes of Pooled Siblings of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.
	Sibling type	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.
Summary	(01) Obs.	34	35	36	37	37	37	35	37	37	36
	(02) Control	0.6875	0.6563	0.5765	0.2471	0.1922	0.5686	0.4490	0.5941	0.4549	0.3588
	(03) Treatment	0.9037	0.8105	0.7737	0.2992	0.0967	0.7958	0.6509	0.7258	0.6717	0.5825
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.2162	0.1543	0.1972	0.0521	-0.0955	0.2272	0.2019	0.1317	0.2168	0.2236
	(05) COLS	0.2587	0.2130	0.2191	0.0731	-0.0872	0.1669	0.1427	-0.0011	0.1741	0.1799
	(06) AIPW	0.2260	0.1557	0.1657	0.0194	-0.1104	0.1379	0.1065	-0.0494	0.1500	0.1470
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.0347	0.1179	0.0597	0.3324	0.1504	0.0275	0.0694	0.1125	0.0351	0.0387
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.0361	0.0781	0.0623	0.3009	0.2132	0.1590	0.2002	0.4958	0.1231	0.1033
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0286	0.1126	0.0836	0.4400	0.1356	0.1783	0.2401	0.2763	0.1259	0.1219
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.0306	0.1093	0.0527	0.3288	0.1460	0.0229	0.0645	0.0992	0.0288	0.0313
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.0323	0.0756	0.0625	0.3044	0.2178	0.1565	0.2014	0.4958	0.1221	0.1019
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.0563	0.1548	0.1176	0.4482	0.1720	0.2305	0.2861	0.3373	0.1811	0.1739
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.0236	0.1044	0.0504	0.3324	0.1428	0.0244	0.0684	0.1100	0.0312	0.0356
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.0272	0.0668	0.0612	0.3096	0.2428	0.1664	0.2100	0.4916	0.1288	0.1124
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.0472	0.1460	0.1156	0.4004	0.1660	0.1856	0.2332	0.4432	0.1416	0.1288
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0068	0.0560	0.0200	0.2740	0.0732	0.0080	0.0352	0.0528	0.0128	0.0140
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.0120	0.0392	0.0324	0.2816	0.1100	0.1008	0.1372	0.4996	0.0696	0.0508
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.0220	0.1016	0.0692	0.4796	0.0840	0.2024	0.2684	0.1856	0.1444	0.1400
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.0372	0.0968	0.0592	0.3052	0.1716	0.0252	0.0636	0.0988	0.0300	0.0396
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.0212	0.0492	0.0504	0.2664	0.2160	0.0772	0.1512	0.4424	0.0712	0.0780
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.0552	0.1432	0.1340	0.4224	0.1484	0.1272	0.2304	0.3820	0.1080	0.1380
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.0448	0.1032	0.0612	0.3040	0.1828	0.0280	0.0596	0.0976	0.0292	0.0364
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.0440	0.0748	0.0668	0.2788	0.2472	0.1460	0.1804	0.4424	0.0976	0.0896
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.0720	0.1448	0.1300	0.4268	0.1988	0.2000	0.2548	0.3484	0.1220	0.1384
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.0426	0.1065	0.0721	0.2802	0.3988	0.0973	0.1768	0.2806	0.1065	0.1053
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.0375	0.0813	0.0686	0.2866	0.3501	0.1626	0.2823	0.6122	0.1306	0.1250
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.0501	0.1226	0.1427	0.4083	0.3391	0.2664	0.4084	0.4213	0.1867	0.1942
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.0511	0.1125	0.0755	0.2802	0.4295	0.1015	0.1732	0.2897	0.1083	0.0982
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.0554	0.0982	0.0877	0.3004	0.3908	0.2409	0.2912	0.6122	0.1581	0.1316
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.0672	0.1307	0.1448	0.4194	0.4163	0.3330	0.4435	0.3728	0.2206	0.2058
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.0459	0.1083	0.0727	0.2811	0.3992	0.0976	0.1784	0.2854	0.1090	0.1062
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.0403	0.0824	0.0702	0.2875	0.3513	0.1629	0.2845	0.6192	0.1323	0.1273
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.0543	0.1273	0.1470	0.4177	0.3400	0.2673	0.4131	0.4358	0.1904	0.2071
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.0551	0.1130	0.0777	0.2811	0.4298	0.1032	0.1762	0.2976	0.1112	0.0995
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.0589	0.0993	0.0882	0.3012	0.3912	0.2423	0.3007	0.6192	0.1595	0.1357
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.0687	0.1314	0.1501	0.4306	0.4172	0.3406	0.4453	0.3766	0.2246	0.2111
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.0699	0.1379	0.1100	0.3094	0.4446	0.1394	0.1872	0.2973	0.1481	0.1251
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.0621	0.0910	0.0988	0.2981	0.3557	0.1958	0.3226	0.6552	0.1460	0.1412
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.0919	0.1477	0.2045	0.4489	0.3515	0.2985	0.4206	0.5236	0.1991	0.2678
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.0948	0.1300	0.1066	0.3497	0.4308	0.1432	0.1881	0.3131	0.1200	0.1109
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.0817	0.1160	0.1277	0.3325	0.3923	0.2882	0.3701	0.6552	0.1963	0.1488
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.0700	0.1424	0.1540	0.4514	0.4733	0.3872	0.4554	0.4083	0.2297	0.2386

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the siblings (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 89: Effects on Average Outcomes of Pooled Siblings of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Never Su- spended	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Attended College	College Graduate	In Good Health	No Teen (Im)Preg.
	Sibling type	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.
Summary	(01) Obs.	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
	(02) Control	0.6875	0.7188	0.6875	0.8438	0.6875	0.4583	0.2500	0.7708	0.7500
	(03) Treatment	0.8750	0.8125	0.8125	0.8125	0.8125	0.4375	0.0000	0.7500	0.6875
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1875	0.0938	0.1250	-0.0313	0.1250	-0.0208	-0.2500	-0.0208	-0.0625
	(05) COLS	0.0415	-0.0145	-0.0064	0.0022	-0.0064	-0.0450	-0.2190	0.0953	-0.3802
	(06) AIPW	0.0704	0.0009	-0.0030	-0.0880	-0.0030	-0.1254	-0.3168	-0.0007	-0.4083
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.1507	0.3161	0.2745	0.4263	0.2745	0.4640	0.0307	0.4554	0.3830
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.4118	0.4719	0.4879	0.4960	0.4879	0.4455	0.0603	0.3957	0.0112
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.2687	0.4971	0.4910	0.2533	0.4910	0.2765	0.0000	0.4981	0.0008
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.1420	0.3091	0.2660	0.4239	0.2660	0.4622	0.0306	0.4539	0.3812
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.4465	0.4820	0.4924	0.4969	0.4924	0.4588	0.1924	0.4055	0.1133
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.4985	0.5000	0.4999	0.4829	0.4999	0.4955	0.4824	0.4999	0.4915
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.1633	0.3221	0.2853	0.4398	0.2853	0.4334	0.0440	0.4350	0.3729
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.4818	0.4498	0.4638	0.4766	0.4638	0.4234	0.1032	0.4926	0.0716
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.4834	0.4562	0.4538	0.3846	0.4538	0.4278	0.0960	0.4570	0.1433
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0848	0.2789	0.2353	0.4122	0.2353	0.4750	0.0088	0.4642	0.3766
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.3649	0.4970	0.4846	0.4678	0.4846	0.4606	0.1240	0.3077	0.0648
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.3625	0.4546	0.4574	0.4102	0.4574	0.3693	0.0088	0.4602	0.1389
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.1676	0.3080	0.2948	0.4724	0.2948	0.5064	0.0368	0.4536	0.4152
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.3800	0.4716	0.4604	0.4712	0.4604	0.4632	0.0904	0.3600	0.0676
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.3520	0.4528	0.4608	0.4312	0.4608	0.4020	0.0288	0.4872	0.1140
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.1816	0.3024	0.2820	0.4660	0.2820	0.5008	0.0304	0.4536	0.4128
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.3688	0.4736	0.4616	0.4708	0.4616	0.4732	0.0932	0.4160	0.0360
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.3364	0.4524	0.4608	0.4228	0.4608	0.4064	0.0040	0.4872	0.0948
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.3749	0.5655	0.5279	0.5856	0.5279	0.5849	0.1113	0.6227	0.5263
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.5364	0.6541	0.6697	0.5949	0.6697	0.5596	0.1402	0.4286	0.1470
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.4588	0.5640	0.6762	0.5657	0.6762	0.4829	0.0649	0.6085	0.2315
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.4272	0.5644	0.5219	0.5824	0.5219	0.5799	0.1105	0.6227	0.5232
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.5382	0.6541	0.6697	0.5949	0.6697	0.5700	0.1729	0.4775	0.0997
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.4416	0.5639	0.6762	0.5427	0.6762	0.4866	0.0242	0.6085	0.2029
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.3765	0.5749	0.5358	0.5910	0.5358	0.5853	0.1159	0.6228	0.5329
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.5398	0.6553	0.6724	0.5967	0.6724	0.5597	0.1446	0.4347	0.1486
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.4622	0.5642	0.6890	0.5806	0.6890	0.4838	0.0650	0.6086	0.2379
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.4285	0.5732	0.5257	0.5872	0.5257	0.5818	0.1150	0.6228	0.5282
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.5411	0.6553	0.6724	0.5967	0.6724	0.5713	0.1811	0.4792	0.1009
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.4450	0.5653	0.6890	0.5587	0.6890	0.4895	0.0247	0.6086	0.2065
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.3972	0.6647	0.5716	0.7032	0.5716	0.6017	0.1362	0.7173	0.5799
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.5496	0.6930	0.6811	0.6269	0.6811	0.5999	0.1639	0.4452	0.1542
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.4672	0.6532	0.7509	0.6280	0.7509	0.5593	0.0668	0.6087	0.3149
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.4369	0.6317	0.5946	0.6229	0.5946	0.5902	0.1286	0.7173	0.5480
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.5480	0.7195	0.6811	0.6269	0.6811	0.5872	0.2105	0.4856	0.1110
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.4714	0.6532	0.7549	0.6193	0.7549	0.5343	0.0392	0.6087	0.2958

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the siblings (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 89: Effects on Average Outcomes of Pooled Siblings of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted
	Sibling type	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.
Summary	(01) Obs.	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
	(02) Control	0.6875	0.6771	0.5521	0.4167	0.2500	0.6250	0.6250	0.9271
	(03) Treatment	0.7188	0.5938	0.5938	0.2500	0.0000	0.8125	0.8125	0.8750
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0312	-0.0833	0.0417	-0.1667	-0.2500	0.1875	0.1875	-0.0521
	(05) COLS	0.0341	-0.0590	-0.0756	-0.2258	-0.2190	0.1378	0.1378	-0.1407
	(06) AIPW	0.0237	-0.1243	-0.0354	-0.3555	-0.3168	0.1421	0.1421	-0.1873
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.4407	0.3555	0.4293	0.2248	0.0307	0.1797	0.1797	0.2919
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.4624	0.4377	0.4190	0.2468	0.0603	0.3369	0.3369	0.0959
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.4498	0.2643	0.4268	0.0369	0.0000	0.1771	0.1771	0.0192
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.4397	0.3528	0.4265	0.2089	0.0306	0.1744	0.1744	0.2844
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.4673	0.4476	0.4345	0.3025	0.1924	0.3675	0.3675	0.1733
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.4990	0.4948	0.4987	0.4853	0.4824	0.4971	0.4971	0.4541
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.4458	0.3445	0.4470	0.1969	0.0440	0.1913	0.1913	0.3025
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.4650	0.3766	0.3709	0.2101	0.1032	0.4194	0.4194	0.0920
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.4862	0.3954	0.4334	0.2501	0.0960	0.4694	0.4694	0.0736
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.4274	0.3221	0.3954	0.2077	0.0088	0.1220	0.1220	0.2181
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.3942	0.4974	0.4834	0.3125	0.1240	0.2521	0.2521	0.0800
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.4726	0.4018	0.4898	0.2145	0.0088	0.3109	0.3109	0.1701
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.4880	0.3452	0.4360	0.2428	0.0368	0.1840	0.1840	0.2532
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.4964	0.3940	0.4076	0.2100	0.0904	0.2756	0.2756	0.1152
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.5000	0.3708	0.4732	0.2004	0.0288	0.3000	0.3000	0.1232
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.4880	0.3356	0.4360	0.2356	0.0304	0.1932	0.1932	0.2524
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.4936	0.4076	0.4300	0.2460	0.0932	0.3124	0.3124	0.0956
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.4992	0.3660	0.4720	0.2128	0.0040	0.2896	0.2896	0.1608
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.5961	0.4842	0.6417	0.3522	0.1113	0.3441	0.3441	0.4147
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.5961	0.5177	0.4909	0.3120	0.1402	0.3868	0.3868	0.2498
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.6159	0.4963	0.5595	0.3004	0.0649	0.3893	0.3893	0.2476
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.5961	0.4791	0.6388	0.3492	0.1105	0.3859	0.3859	0.4086
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.6010	0.5430	0.5127	0.3496	0.1729	0.4359	0.4359	0.2139
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.6128	0.4759	0.5576	0.3125	0.0242	0.3787	0.3787	0.2811
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.6060	0.5010	0.6450	0.3524	0.1159	0.3494	0.3494	0.4235
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.6028	0.5280	0.4945	0.3121	0.1446	0.3881	0.3881	0.2516
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.6215	0.5066	0.5606	0.3018	0.0650	0.3936	0.3936	0.2551
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.6060	0.4968	0.6429	0.3497	0.1150	0.3961	0.3961	0.4155
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.6060	0.5566	0.5149	0.3511	0.1811	0.4365	0.4365	0.2159
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.6188	0.4799	0.5593	0.3129	0.0247	0.3840	0.3840	0.2861
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.6466	0.6215	0.6574	0.3527	0.1362	0.3830	0.3830	0.4411
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.6521	0.5850	0.5314	0.3123	0.1639	0.4000	0.4000	0.2582
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.6357	0.5681	0.6110	0.3645	0.0668	0.4067	0.4067	0.3422
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.6466	0.5547	0.6540	0.3500	0.1286	0.4857	0.4857	0.4292
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.6295	0.6141	0.5272	0.3585	0.2105	0.4510	0.4510	0.2238
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.6188	0.5014	0.6017	0.3645	0.0392	0.4382	0.4382	0.3106

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the siblings (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 90: Effects on Average Outcomes of Male Siblings of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -sponded	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Attended College	College Graduate	In Good Health	No Teen (Im)Preg.
	Sibling type	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.
Summary	(01) Obs.	27	29	26	29	26	29	29	29	30
	(02) Control	0.4375	0.7111	0.4097	0.8667	0.4375	0.3533	0.2600	0.5119	0.8000
	(03) Treatment	0.7667	0.9405	0.7262	0.9762	0.7262	0.3929	0.0595	0.7444	0.8111
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.3292	0.2294	0.3165	0.1095	0.2887	0.0395	-0.2005	0.2325	0.0111
	(05) COLS	0.2348	0.2384	0.2336	0.1394	0.1990	0.0686	-0.1781	0.1217	-0.0362
	(06) AIPW	0.1151	0.2453	0.1104	0.1187	0.0768	0.0182	-0.1875	0.0600	-0.0861
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.0211	0.0220	0.0227	0.0864	0.0396	0.4035	0.0402	0.0821	0.4643
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.0837	0.0262	0.0812	0.0658	0.1264	0.3504	0.0741	0.2415	0.3886
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.2204	0.0164	0.2183	0.0781	0.3061	0.4514	0.0438	0.3461	0.2237
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.0194	0.0226	0.0217	0.0867	0.0379	0.4016	0.0391	0.0779	0.4615
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.0916	0.0285	0.0917	0.0710	0.1366	0.3535	0.0796	0.2464	0.3810
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.3478	0.0653	0.3481	0.1409	0.3972	0.4657	0.1035	0.3960	0.2955
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.0260	0.0228	0.0252	0.0820	0.0448	0.4340	0.0320	0.0832	0.4424
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.0796	0.0240	0.0744	0.0620	0.1160	0.3508	0.0688	0.2340	0.4320
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.2120	0.0428	0.2036	0.1080	0.2756	0.3996	0.0820	0.3052	0.4236
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0184	0.0048	0.0196	0.0236	0.0260	0.3580	0.0068	0.0508	0.4712
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.0804	0.0076	0.0856	0.0284	0.1124	0.3312	0.0204	0.2056	0.2900
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.3524	0.0128	0.3624	0.0572	0.4284	0.4900	0.0304	0.4280	0.1124
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.0308	0.0488	0.0360	0.1224	0.0508	0.3980	0.0608	0.0908	0.4644
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.0872	0.0544	0.0940	0.0656	0.1328	0.3504	0.1048	0.2364	0.4248
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.3028	0.0452	0.3144	0.0888	0.3724	0.4564	0.0912	0.3620	0.3084
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.0324	0.0500	0.0376	0.1060	0.0532	0.3940	0.0660	0.0892	0.4644
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.1084	0.0480	0.1092	0.0892	0.1480	0.3476	0.0948	0.2416	0.4220
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.3220	0.0508	0.3208	0.1040	0.3832	0.4552	0.0888	0.3680	0.3108
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.0705	0.0737	0.0643	0.1269	0.0976	0.4241	0.1752	0.2724	0.5069
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.0951	0.0947	0.0886	0.1328	0.1331	0.4492	0.2058	0.3708	0.6804
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.4007	0.0723	0.4017	0.1216	0.4661	0.5607	0.2121	0.6140	0.5392
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.0834	0.0823	0.0692	0.1255	0.1041	0.4215	0.2015	0.2724	0.5069
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.1189	0.0965	0.1071	0.1197	0.1509	0.4455	0.1931	0.3708	0.6787
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.4166	0.0841	0.4157	0.1445	0.4778	0.5607	0.2111	0.6244	0.5620
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.0726	0.0790	0.0653	0.1287	0.0983	0.4303	0.1775	0.2832	0.5105
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.1007	0.0948	0.0889	0.1351	0.1335	0.4576	0.2105	0.3773	0.6853
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.4179	0.0730	0.4037	0.1227	0.4730	0.5723	0.2222	0.6334	0.5460
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.0837	0.0843	0.0700	0.1270	0.1060	0.4225	0.2057	0.2796	0.5105
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.1240	0.1039	0.1086	0.1233	0.1540	0.4523	0.1953	0.3773	0.6808
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.4329	0.0912	0.4167	0.1467	0.4807	0.5723	0.2113	0.6468	0.5649
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.1109	0.1044	0.0912	0.1542	0.1171	0.5322	0.2168	0.3147	0.5114
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.1159	0.0999	0.1163	0.1431	0.1378	0.5377	0.2649	0.4269	0.7018
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.4598	0.0844	0.4127	0.1288	0.5366	0.6085	0.3695	0.7506	0.5827
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.0956	0.0894	0.0794	0.1318	0.1092	0.5297	0.2296	0.2891	0.5114
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.1518	0.1225	0.1393	0.1577	0.1633	0.4991	0.2524	0.3836	0.7215
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.4809	0.1315	0.4218	0.1822	0.5349	0.6209	0.2197	0.7618	0.6603

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the siblings (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 90: Effects on Average Outcomes of Male Siblings of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.
	Sibling type	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.
Summary	(01) Obs.	26	26	27	29	29	29	28	28	29	29
	(02) Control	0.6250	0.5769	0.5119	0.2200	0.1933	0.3929	0.1923	0.4359	0.2976	0.1548
	(03) Treatment	0.9524	0.9231	0.8846	0.3452	0.0357	0.7000	0.5667	0.8000	0.6667	0.5667
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.3274	0.3462	0.3727	0.1252	-0.1576	0.3071	0.3744	0.3641	0.3690	0.4119
	(05) COLS	0.3385	0.3735	0.3618	0.1339	-0.1312	0.2300	0.2849	0.2138	0.2985	0.3436
	(06) AIPW	0.3370	0.3324	0.3427	0.0852	-0.1524	0.2251	0.2861	0.1839	0.3049	0.3389
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.0108	0.0095	0.0048	0.2011	0.0584	0.0276	0.0093	0.0044	0.0063	0.0025
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.0267	0.0154	0.0160	0.2030	0.1091	0.0895	0.0559	0.0270	0.0228	0.0146
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0223	0.0148	0.0085	0.2689	0.0447	0.0726	0.0358	0.0233	0.0106	0.0079
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.0103	0.0088	0.0049	0.1966	0.0587	0.0203	0.0069	0.0028	0.0035	0.0016
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.0268	0.0165	0.0161	0.2113	0.1218	0.0904	0.0595	0.0230	0.0225	0.0142
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.2060	0.0716	0.0376	0.3379	0.1237	0.1749	0.1475	0.1654	0.0707	0.0575
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.0072	0.0088	0.0060	0.2076	0.0532	0.0260	0.0100	0.0048	0.0072	0.0032
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.0336	0.0224	0.0180	0.2092	0.1252	0.1140	0.0756	0.0284	0.0304	0.0236
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.0616	0.0432	0.0284	0.2560	0.0896	0.1320	0.0976	0.0616	0.0532	0.0340
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0060	0.0068	0.0060	0.1428	0.0060	0.0216	0.0128	0.0032	0.0064	0.0048
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.0188	0.0156	0.0184	0.1844	0.0240	0.0480	0.0460	0.0132	0.0140	0.0120
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.0284	0.0284	0.0232	0.3496	0.0396	0.1044	0.0848	0.1148	0.0368	0.0408
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.0080	0.0124	0.0112	0.1896	0.0900	0.0352	0.0176	0.0104	0.0140	0.0080
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.0180	0.0172	0.0232	0.1948	0.1436	0.0768	0.0552	0.0392	0.0308	0.0216
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.0348	0.0444	0.0376	0.3060	0.1188	0.1036	0.0736	0.0896	0.0396	0.0312
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.0260	0.0184	0.0120	0.1836	0.0940	0.0336	0.0160	0.0120	0.0136	0.0064
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.0448	0.0248	0.0300	0.1860	0.1472	0.0828	0.0572	0.0416	0.0300	0.0192
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.0944	0.0508	0.0404	0.2932	0.1248	0.1200	0.0936	0.0744	0.0424	0.0384
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.0188	0.0287	0.0258	0.1875	0.2678	0.1584	0.0965	0.0944	0.0963	0.0513
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.0278	0.0372	0.0330	0.2163	0.2808	0.1556	0.1138	0.0881	0.0806	0.0615
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.0335	0.0425	0.0482	0.2906	0.2899	0.2537	0.2259	0.3738	0.1540	0.1272
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.0403	0.0351	0.0298	0.1794	0.2929	0.1625	0.0889	0.1246	0.0957	0.0428
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.0434	0.0397	0.0374	0.1938	0.2814	0.1375	0.1138	0.0675	0.0715	0.0528
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.0659	0.0479	0.0609	0.2915	0.3115	0.2723	0.2375	0.2926	0.1522	0.1224
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.0199	0.0311	0.0279	0.1878	0.2751	0.1640	0.1025	0.0950	0.1007	0.0514
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.0285	0.0379	0.0374	0.2164	0.2835	0.1574	0.1188	0.0919	0.0849	0.0644
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.0360	0.0427	0.0508	0.3032	0.2940	0.2566	0.2355	0.3794	0.1571	0.1287
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.0407	0.0369	0.0330	0.1809	0.3037	0.1674	0.0959	0.1340	0.0999	0.0474
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.0447	0.0444	0.0403	0.2055	0.2822	0.1387	0.1188	0.0686	0.0727	0.0543
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.0691	0.0479	0.0641	0.2987	0.3161	0.2748	0.2523	0.2953	0.1582	0.1253
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.0221	0.0356	0.0392	0.2503	0.3535	0.1774	0.1215	0.0976	0.1476	0.0650
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.0301	0.0401	0.0488	0.2376	0.3179	0.1968	0.1471	0.1227	0.1209	0.0897
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.0579	0.0449	0.0646	0.3492	0.3107	0.2934	0.2932	0.4470	0.1694	0.1417
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.0551	0.0429	0.0332	0.2216	0.4021	0.1854	0.1325	0.1723	0.1412	0.0628
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.0544	0.0693	0.0593	0.2858	0.3157	0.1502	0.1466	0.0741	0.0745	0.0802
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.0971	0.0670	0.0829	0.3666	0.3276	0.3061	0.3104	0.3304	0.1901	0.1641

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the siblings (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 90: Effects on Average Outcomes of Male Siblings of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Never Su- spended	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Attended College	College Graduate	In Good Health	No Teen (1m)Preg.
	Sibling type	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.
Summary	(01) Obs.	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
	(02) Control	0.6667	0.7222	0.6667	0.7222	0.6667	0.3333	0.2500	0.6944	0.8333
	(03) Treatment	0.7500	0.7500	0.7500	0.7500	0.7500	0.2500	0.0000	0.7500	0.3750
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0833	0.0278	0.0833	0.0278	0.0833	-0.0833	-0.2500	0.0556	-0.4583
	(05) COLS	0.2368	0.2575	0.2368	0.2575	0.2368	0.1303	-0.1835	0.1205	-0.7139
	(06) AIPW	0.0860	0.1202	0.0860	0.1202	0.0860	-0.2388	-0.2019	-0.0849	-0.9432
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.3985	0.4636	0.3985	0.4636	0.3985	0.3891	0.0757	0.4250	0.0554
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.3619	0.3428	0.3619	0.3428	0.3619	0.3187	0.0304	0.4206	0.0106
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.3746	0.3087	0.3746	0.3087	0.3746	0.1548	0.0001	0.3669	0.0000
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.3986	0.4639	0.3986	0.4639	0.3986	0.3891	0.0759	0.4236	0.0573
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.4400	0.4343	0.4400	0.4343	0.4400	0.4550	0.3152	0.4642	0.2414
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.4598	0.4351	0.4598	0.4351	0.4598	0.3921	0.3373	0.4411	0.1451
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.4285	0.4839	0.4285	0.4839	0.4285	0.3833	0.1222	0.4297	0.0782
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.4289	0.4248	0.4289	0.4248	0.4289	0.5214	0.2493	0.5210	0.1495
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.4068	0.3954	0.4068	0.3954	0.4068	0.4268	0.2616	0.4736	0.1391
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.5088	0.4790	0.5088	0.4790	0.5088	0.4371	0.0310	0.4986	0.1246
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.4957	0.5055	0.4957	0.5055	0.4957	0.2978	0.1226	0.4375	0.1752
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.4638	0.4939	0.4638	0.4939	0.4638	0.2144	0.1505	0.4150	0.0342
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.4251	0.4772	0.4251	0.4772	0.4251	0.4367	0.2424	0.4559	0.0933
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.3105	0.2817	0.3105	0.2817	0.3105	0.3922	0.2420	0.3978	0.0817
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.4267	0.4087	0.4267	0.4087	0.4267	0.3602	0.1398	0.4507	0.0537
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.4257	0.4772	0.4257	0.4772	0.4257	0.4367	0.2127	0.4563	0.1034
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.3565	0.3365	0.3565	0.3365	0.3565	0.3578	0.0405	0.4471	0.0777
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.4281	0.4046	0.4281	0.4046	0.4281	0.3758	0.0773	0.4459	0.0741
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.5376	0.5700	0.5376	0.5700	0.5376	0.5960	0.3666	0.4520	0.1887
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.4413	0.3995	0.4413	0.3995	0.4413	0.5615	0.1890	0.4603	0.1555
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.4857	0.4759	0.4857	0.4759	0.4857	0.4226	0.1263	0.5264	0.1044
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.5386	0.5700	0.5386	0.5700	0.5386	0.5960	0.3666	0.4520	0.1893
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.4571	0.4409	0.4571	0.4409	0.4571	0.5279	0.0432	0.5183	0.1407
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.4798	0.4741	0.4798	0.4741	0.4798	0.4310	0.0959	0.5331	0.1377
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.5447	0.5714	0.5447	0.5714	0.5447	0.5986	0.3797	0.4585	0.1920
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.4499	0.4025	0.4499	0.4025	0.4499	0.5639	0.1964	0.4625	0.1636
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.4858	0.4763	0.4858	0.4763	0.4858	0.4259	0.1271	0.5335	0.1077
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.5460	0.5714	0.5460	0.5714	0.5460	0.5986	0.3797	0.4585	0.1956
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.4587	0.4437	0.4587	0.4437	0.4587	0.5336	0.0439	0.5274	0.1464
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.4835	0.4794	0.4835	0.4794	0.4835	0.4318	0.0991	0.5455	0.1380
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.6090	0.5725	0.6090	0.5725	0.6090	0.6280	0.4332	0.5395	0.2290
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.5210	0.4224	0.5210	0.4224	0.5210	0.5824	0.2297	0.5046	0.1793
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.5130	0.4866	0.5130	0.4866	0.5130	0.4598	0.1536	0.6320	0.1386
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.6633	0.5725	0.6633	0.5725	0.6633	0.6280	0.4332	0.5395	0.2363
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.4716	0.4802	0.4716	0.4802	0.4716	0.5756	0.0571	0.5913	0.2266
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.5181	0.5310	0.5181	0.5310	0.5181	0.4680	0.1194	0.5866	0.1860

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the siblings (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 90: Effects on Average Outcomes of Male Siblings of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted
	Sibling type	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.
Summary	(01) Obs.	9	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
	(02) Control	0.7667	0.6389	0.6389	0.3333	0.2500	0.6667	0.6667	1.0000
	(03) Treatment	0.8750	0.6250	0.6250	0.2500	0.0000	0.6250	0.6250	0.8750
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1083	-0.0139	-0.0139	-0.0833	-0.2500	-0.0417	-0.0417	-0.1250
	(05) COLS	-0.1524	0.2182	0.2182	0.1303	-0.1835	0.0858	0.0858	-0.1510
	(06) AIPW	-0.2158	0.0420	0.0420	-0.2388	-0.2019	-0.1532	-0.1532	-0.2331
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.2861	0.4810	0.4810	0.3891	0.0757	0.4476	0.4476	0.1508
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.3171	0.3567	0.3567	0.3187	0.0304	0.4502	0.4502	0.1888
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0265	0.4250	0.4250	0.1548	0.0001	0.2869	0.2869	0.0110
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.2848	0.4813	0.4813	0.3891	0.0759	0.4480	0.4480	0.1456
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.4454	0.4382	0.4382	0.4550	0.3152	0.4755	0.4755	0.4068
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.3748	0.4741	0.4741	0.3921	0.3373	0.4471	0.4471	0.1573
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.3223	0.4847	0.4847	0.3833	0.1222	0.4648	0.4648	0.3413
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.4708	0.4314	0.4314	0.5214	0.2493	0.5169	0.5169	0.3756
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.5131	0.3897	0.3897	0.4268	0.2616	0.4898	0.4898	0.3572
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.3444	0.4745	0.4745	0.4371	0.0310	0.4415	0.4415	0.0420
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.2818	0.4534	0.4534	0.2978	0.1226	0.5055	0.5055	0.1540
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.1356	0.4434	0.4434	0.2144	0.1505	0.3354	0.3354	0.0716
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.3916	0.5196	0.5196	0.4367	0.2424	0.4800	0.4800	0.1378
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.3090	0.3133	0.3133	0.3922	0.2420	0.4367	0.4367	0.1546
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.2637	0.4627	0.4627	0.3602	0.1398	0.4175	0.4175	0.1146
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.3916	0.5196	0.5196	0.4367	0.2127	0.4800	0.4800	0.1376
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.3190	0.3582	0.3582	0.3578	0.0405	0.4535	0.4535	0.1538
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.2501	0.4579	0.4579	0.3758	0.0773	0.4171	0.4171	0.1131
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.6550	0.5587	0.5587	0.5960	0.3666	0.6467	0.6467	0.3025
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.3215	0.4393	0.4393	0.5615	0.1890	0.5337	0.5337	0.2504
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.2896	0.5668	0.5668	0.4226	0.1263	0.5185	0.5185	0.1828
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.6550	0.5587	0.5587	0.5960	0.3666	0.6467	0.6467	0.3021
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.3188	0.4906	0.4906	0.5279	0.0432	0.5574	0.5574	0.2354
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.2458	0.5617	0.5617	0.4310	0.0959	0.5228	0.5228	0.1518
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.6570	0.5708	0.5708	0.5986	0.3797	0.6468	0.6468	0.3066
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.3278	0.4423	0.4423	0.5639	0.1964	0.5349	0.5349	0.2624
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.2910	0.5812	0.5812	0.4259	0.1271	0.5274	0.5274	0.1878
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.6570	0.5708	0.5708	0.5986	0.3797	0.6468	0.6468	0.3051
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.3263	0.5040	0.5040	0.5336	0.0439	0.5701	0.5701	0.2477
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.2470	0.5760	0.5760	0.4318	0.0991	0.5303	0.5303	0.1569
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.6740	0.6648	0.6648	0.6280	0.4332	0.6994	0.6994	0.3601
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.4208	0.4790	0.4790	0.5824	0.2297	0.5482	0.5482	0.3285
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.3470	0.6827	0.6827	0.4598	0.1536	0.5753	0.5753	0.2410
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.6740	0.6648	0.6648	0.6280	0.4332	0.6994	0.6994	0.3737
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.3648	0.5355	0.5355	0.5756	0.0571	0.6123	0.6123	0.2891
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.2559	0.6279	0.6279	0.4680	0.1194	0.6536	0.6536	0.1691

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the siblings (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 91: Effects on Average Outcomes of Female Siblings of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Never Su- spended	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Attended College	College Graduate	In Good Health	No Teen (Im)Preg.
	Sibling type	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.
Summary	(01) Obs.	28	32	29	32	28	32	32	31	32
	(02) Control	0.8462	0.8667	0.6923	0.9333	0.7500	0.4000	0.2333	0.6786	0.7667
	(03) Treatment	0.8667	0.8627	0.7292	0.8824	0.7500	0.4069	0.1176	0.7402	0.7500
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0205	-0.0039	0.0369	-0.0510	0.0000	0.0069	-0.1157	0.0616	-0.0167
	(05) COLS	0.0274	-0.0104	0.0456	-0.0590	0.0294	0.0150	-0.0940	-0.0120	0.0599
	(06) AIPW	0.0009	-0.0773	-0.1089	-0.0891	-0.0815	-0.1057	-0.1588	-0.0922	-0.0640
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.4354	0.4872	0.4108	0.3130	0.5000	0.4827	0.1572	0.3405	0.4542
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.4227	0.4647	0.3905	0.2815	0.4279	0.4721	0.2669	0.4697	0.3478
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.4962	0.1970	0.1566	0.1453	0.2277	0.2499	0.0916	0.1770	0.2582
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.4344	0.4866	0.4073	0.3082	0.5000	0.4809	0.1496	0.3281	0.4518
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.4239	0.4654	0.4018	0.2851	0.4349	0.4720	0.2680	0.4694	0.3571
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.4981	0.2740	0.3184	0.2306	0.3711	0.3019	0.1752	0.3369	0.3481
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.4344	0.4756	0.4152	0.3376	0.4980	0.4836	0.1472	0.3344	0.4244
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.4024	0.4412	0.3684	0.3104	0.4012	0.4732	0.2856	0.4472	0.3420
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.4980	0.2048	0.2760	0.2068	0.3144	0.2940	0.1696	0.2320	0.3244
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.4504	0.4960	0.3808	0.2872	0.4964	0.4640	0.0716	0.2568	0.4616
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.4400	0.4848	0.3844	0.2128	0.4352	0.4660	0.1816	0.4736	0.3004
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.4916	0.1940	0.1684	0.0788	0.2548	0.2744	0.1060	0.2192	0.2468
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.4032	0.4716	0.3372	0.4540	0.3972	0.4364	0.1836	0.2916	0.5004
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.3712	0.4916	0.3176	0.3828	0.3508	0.4248	0.2396	0.4924	0.3100
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.4516	0.3176	0.3124	0.2520	0.3704	0.3028	0.1248	0.2792	0.4032
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.3912	0.4716	0.3300	0.4540	0.3948	0.4368	0.2068	0.2980	0.5004
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.3772	0.4928	0.3216	0.3472	0.3524	0.4328	0.2992	0.4964	0.3108
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.4512	0.2652	0.2652	0.1848	0.3348	0.3160	0.1752	0.2328	0.3500
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.5267	0.6825	0.4059	0.5577	0.4826	0.4221	0.4492	0.3118	0.6557
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.4898	0.5497	0.4508	0.4044	0.4685	0.5072	0.3647	0.6233	0.4589
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.5956	0.3904	0.4282	0.2900	0.4969	0.4407	0.2982	0.4303	0.5530
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.5267	0.6825	0.4059	0.5577	0.4826	0.4254	0.4815	0.3176	0.6557
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.4944	0.5467	0.4563	0.3735	0.4706	0.5151	0.4327	0.6233	0.4505
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.5956	0.3198	0.3714	0.2483	0.4659	0.4599	0.3967	0.3832	0.5015
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.5299	0.6883	0.4064	0.5642	0.4846	0.4229	0.4492	0.3272	0.6563
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.4940	0.5554	0.4549	0.4088	0.4717	0.5168	0.3653	0.6271	0.4656
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.5992	0.4030	0.4295	0.2963	0.5023	0.4486	0.2985	0.4314	0.5564
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.5299	0.6883	0.4064	0.5642	0.4846	0.4294	0.4819	0.3317	0.6563
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.5050	0.5505	0.4601	0.3752	0.4790	0.5241	0.4330	0.6271	0.4613
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.6013	0.3329	0.3727	0.2522	0.4735	0.4649	0.3971	0.3853	0.5088
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.5478	0.7073	0.4071	0.5839	0.5158	0.4531	0.4687	0.5140	0.6570
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.5039	0.6034	0.4825	0.4163	0.5135	0.5826	0.3975	0.6661	0.5145
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.6096	0.4030	0.4769	0.3378	0.5588	0.4624	0.3011	0.5838	0.6112
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.5803	0.7073	0.4160	0.5839	0.5146	0.4495	0.4921	0.4186	0.6570
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.5379	0.5804	0.4815	0.5119	0.5832	0.5576	0.4681	0.6653	0.5027
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.6542	0.3917	0.4093	0.2816	0.4846	0.5135	0.4140	0.3940	0.5600

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the siblings (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 91: Effects on Average Outcomes of Female Siblings of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.
	Sibling type	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.
Summary	(01) Obs.	25	26	27	30	31	31	28	32	31	29
	(02) Control	0.7273	0.7273	0.6667	0.2500	0.1786	0.8214	0.6923	0.7667	0.6786	0.6154
	(03) Treatment	0.7857	0.6667	0.6333	0.2760	0.1176	0.8824	0.7667	0.6961	0.6863	0.6354
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0584	-0.0606	-0.0333	0.0260	-0.0609	0.0609	0.0744	-0.0706	0.0077	0.0200
	(05) COLS	0.1282	0.0174	0.0495	0.0292	-0.0770	0.0950	0.1443	-0.0736	0.0900	0.0801
	(06) AIPW	0.1292	0.0108	-0.0250	-0.0081	-0.0972	0.0784	0.0510	-0.1161	0.0316	0.0563
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.3677	0.3697	0.4273	0.4299	0.2822	0.3065	0.3227	0.3083	0.4799	0.4539
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.2793	0.4696	0.4162	0.4440	0.3032	0.2878	0.2281	0.3212	0.3219	0.3465
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.2243	0.4759	0.4458	0.4804	0.2163	0.2677	0.3661	0.1439	0.4121	0.3588
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.3681	0.3698	0.4264	0.4259	0.2771	0.3020	0.3168	0.2950	0.4787	0.4510
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.2808	0.4703	0.4183	0.4445	0.3044	0.2850	0.2239	0.3216	0.3199	0.3488
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.3765	0.4896	0.4709	0.4857	0.2815	0.3457	0.4190	0.2201	0.4377	0.4203
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.3604	0.3780	0.4128	0.4224	0.2936	0.3192	0.3152	0.3156	0.4684	0.4304
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.3280	0.4924	0.4664	0.4380	0.3148	0.3460	0.2228	0.3052	0.3292	0.3552
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.3856	0.4468	0.4080	0.4876	0.2660	0.3756	0.4260	0.2160	0.4312	0.4232
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.3388	0.3376	0.4100	0.4092	0.2212	0.2344	0.2740	0.2388	0.4920	0.4544
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.1892	0.4184	0.3448	0.4316	0.2428	0.1940	0.1764	0.2772	0.2656	0.3004
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.2092	0.4104	0.4980	0.4804	0.1988	0.2428	0.3468	0.1240	0.4088	0.3368
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.4160	0.3896	0.4588	0.3844	0.3196	0.3128	0.2840	0.3756	0.4300	0.4180
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.2636	0.4616	0.3856	0.3920	0.2756	0.2296	0.1728	0.3840	0.2316	0.2768
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.2592	0.4764	0.4608	0.4948	0.2220	0.2720	0.3532	0.2696	0.3604	0.3408
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.4084	0.3896	0.4588	0.3852	0.3256	0.3128	0.2780	0.3668	0.4252	0.4144
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.2920	0.4672	0.4036	0.4052	0.3308	0.2976	0.2076	0.3924	0.2616	0.2924
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.2824	0.4776	0.4644	0.4912	0.2768	0.3004	0.3656	0.2200	0.3628	0.3420
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.4117	0.5961	0.6584	0.4317	0.4741	0.3713	0.3283	0.5147	0.4449	0.4457
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.2671	0.4653	0.4026	0.4642	0.3852	0.3232	0.2875	0.4911	0.3320	0.3279
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.2471	0.4361	0.7128	0.7140	0.3869	0.3586	0.4079	0.3999	0.3881	0.2987
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.4035	0.5961	0.6584	0.4370	0.4815	0.3713	0.3283	0.5091	0.4449	0.4421
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.2799	0.4668	0.4148	0.4826	0.4467	0.3829	0.3144	0.4947	0.3666	0.3323
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.2654	0.4407	0.7128	0.7190	0.4621	0.3882	0.4221	0.3470	0.3939	0.3061
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.4127	0.5980	0.6650	0.4431	0.4744	0.3716	0.3292	0.5263	0.4569	0.4458
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.2707	0.4706	0.4082	0.4816	0.3858	0.3258	0.2878	0.4932	0.3418	0.3397
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.2544	0.4413	0.7143	0.7141	0.3873	0.3594	0.4151	0.4028	0.3885	0.3007
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.4044	0.5980	0.6650	0.4531	0.4819	0.3716	0.3292	0.5161	0.4569	0.4430
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.2843	0.4713	0.4163	0.4985	0.4467	0.3831	0.3144	0.4968	0.3720	0.3354
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.2765	0.4438	0.7134	0.7191	0.4675	0.3893	0.4258	0.3482	0.3961	0.3076
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.4133	0.6177	0.6788	0.4992	0.5245	0.3725	0.3728	0.6101	0.5128	0.5092
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.3003	0.5092	0.4591	0.5042	0.3902	0.3474	0.2886	0.4932	0.4585	0.3399
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.3267	0.4709	0.7611	0.7202	0.4012	0.3809	0.4396	0.5084	0.4005	0.3122
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.4220	0.6177	0.6788	0.5817	0.5426	0.3725	0.3655	0.5594	0.5149	0.4770
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.3006	0.4915	0.5044	0.5507	0.5166	0.4065	0.3581	0.6054	0.4108	0.3436
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.4083	0.4584	0.7229	0.7298	0.6241	0.3981	0.4785	0.3837	0.4198	0.3140

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the siblings (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 91: Effects on Average Outcomes of Female Siblings of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Never Su- spended	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Attended College	College Graduate	In Good Health	No Teen (Im)Preg.
	Sibling type	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.
Summary	(01) Obs.	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
	(02) Control	0.6667	0.6667	0.6667	0.8333	0.6667	0.5000	0.1667	0.6667	0.6667
	(03) Treatment	0.9167	0.7500	0.7500	0.7500	0.7500	0.4167	0.0000	0.6667	0.8333
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.2500	0.0833	0.0833	-0.0833	0.0833	-0.0833	-0.1667	-0.0000	0.1667
	(05) COLS	-0.1252	-0.3000	-0.3000	-0.2370	-0.3000	-0.2031	-0.4831	0.0103	-0.2305
	(06) AIPW	0.2092	-0.0345	-0.0345	-0.3742	-0.0345	0.1664	-0.2676	-0.0174	0.0729
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.1351	0.3794	0.3794	0.3635	0.3794	0.3908	0.1587	0.5000	0.2398
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.2471	0.0754	0.0754	0.1462	0.0754	0.3110	0.0739	0.4902	0.0818
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0153	0.3676	0.3676	0.0016	0.3676	0.1346	0.0003	0.4624	0.1990
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.1338	0.3753	0.3753	0.3593	0.3753	0.3863	0.1619	0.5000	0.2398
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.3699	0.3173	0.3173	0.3598	0.3173	0.4976	0.1099	0.4999	0.3990
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.3262	0.4855	0.4855	0.3407	0.4855	0.4876	0.1919	0.4988	0.4456
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.1717	0.4021	0.4021	0.3800	0.4021	0.3792	0.3527	0.4916	0.2665
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.3287	0.1978	0.1978	0.2444	0.1978	0.3082	0.3555	0.4197	0.1834
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.3311	0.4815	0.4815	0.2929	0.4815	0.4057	0.4133	0.4795	0.5008
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.1188	0.3796	0.3796	0.3732	0.3796	0.3804	0.0265	0.4984	0.1870
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.2167	0.1272	0.1272	0.1593	0.1272	0.3676	0.1665	0.4073	0.1910
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.2697	0.4490	0.4490	0.1128	0.4490	0.4005	0.1449	0.5012	0.3270
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.2190	0.3655	0.3655	0.3859	0.3655	0.4359	0.2042	0.4716	0.2926
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.3191	0.1593	0.1593	0.2350	0.1593	0.3139	0.0160	0.4908	0.1669
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.2674	0.4876	0.4876	0.2354	0.4876	0.3563	0.1073	0.4760	0.4496
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.2038	0.3655	0.3655	0.3859	0.3655	0.4359	0.2042	0.4716	0.2926
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.3034	0.1445	0.1445	0.2026	0.1445	0.3391	0.0060	0.4896	0.1349
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.2542	0.4708	0.4708	0.1982	0.4708	0.3403	0.0600	0.4740	0.4091
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.5593	0.6866	0.6866	0.4496	0.6866	0.5119	0.2870	0.6295	0.6457
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.4104	0.1972	0.1972	0.3425	0.1972	0.3695	0.0482	0.6158	0.2336
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.5161	0.5084	0.5084	0.3618	0.5084	0.4983	0.2073	0.6722	0.6406
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.5589	0.6866	0.6866	0.4496	0.6866	0.5119	0.2870	0.6295	0.6457
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.4016	0.1950	0.1950	0.3020	0.1950	0.4177	0.0253	0.6165	0.2075
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.4819	0.4953	0.4953	0.3237	0.4953	0.4630	0.1189	0.6722	0.6067
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.5708	0.6940	0.6940	0.4709	0.6940	0.5207	0.2912	0.6310	0.6504
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.4118	0.1982	0.1982	0.3480	0.1982	0.3744	0.0510	0.6171	0.2347
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.5235	0.5092	0.5092	0.3645	0.5092	0.5062	0.2084	0.6732	0.6480
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.5704	0.6940	0.6940	0.4709	0.6940	0.5207	0.2912	0.6310	0.6504
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.4031	0.1978	0.1978	0.3047	0.1978	0.4251	0.0275	0.6177	0.2166
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.4873	0.4978	0.4978	0.3244	0.4978	0.4683	0.1251	0.6732	0.6157
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.6737	0.7460	0.7460	0.5877	0.7460	0.6057	0.3171	0.6342	0.6865
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.5097	0.2324	0.2324	0.3625	0.2324	0.4414	0.0720	0.6851	0.2797
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.5361	0.5174	0.5174	0.3884	0.5174	0.5162	0.2250	0.7449	0.6480
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.5704	0.7460	0.7460	0.5877	0.7460	0.6057	0.3171	0.6342	0.6865
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.4544	0.2153	0.2153	0.3147	0.2153	0.5429	0.0472	0.6637	0.2381
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.5144	0.5195	0.5195	0.3393	0.5195	0.5101	0.1591	0.6769	0.6569

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the siblings (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 91: Effects on Average Outcomes of Female Siblings of the Male Participants

	Statistic	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Su./Arrested	Never Addicted
	Sibling type	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.
Summary	(01) Obs.	11	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
	(02) Control	0.6000	0.5000	0.3333	0.3333	0.1667	0.5000	0.5000	0.6667
	(03) Treatment	0.6667	0.5000	0.5000	0.1667	0.0000	0.8333	0.8333	0.8333
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0667	0.0000	0.1667	-0.1667	-0.1667	0.3333	0.3333	0.1667
	(05) COLS	-0.2018	-0.3037	-0.3668	-0.5284	-0.4831	0.0280	0.0280	-0.1995
	(06) AIPW	-0.5393	-0.6876	-0.3505	-0.4474	-0.2676	0.3707	0.3707	-0.5146
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.4181	0.5000	0.2938	0.2676	0.1587	0.0888	0.0888	0.2398
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.3038	0.2156	0.1474	0.0666	0.0739	0.4631	0.4631	0.1523
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0010	0.0002	0.0131	0.0003	0.0003	0.0033	0.0033	0.0000
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.4180	0.5000	0.2890	0.2649	0.1619	0.0874	0.0874	0.2410
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.4984	0.4966	0.4959	0.4938	0.1099	0.4997	0.4997	0.4161
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.4766	0.4542	0.4752	0.4681	0.1919	0.4720	0.4720	0.1765
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.4538	0.5120	0.3162	0.2741	0.3527	0.1011	0.1011	0.2588
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.2797	0.2360	0.2175	0.1577	0.3555	0.4900	0.4900	0.1898
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.4551	0.3608	0.4767	0.3375	0.4133	0.2460	0.2460	0.1653
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.4575	0.5157	0.2986	0.2464	0.0265	0.1035	0.1035	0.2043
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.3853	0.2853	0.2215	0.2829	0.1665	0.4270	0.4270	0.2476
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.0689	0.0678	0.1316	0.1324	0.1449	0.2765	0.2765	0.0273
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.5036	0.5624	0.3331	0.2842	0.2042	0.1209	0.1209	0.3315
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.2768	0.2282	0.1445	0.0372	0.0160	0.4552	0.4552	0.1946
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.1731	0.1769	0.2910	0.1681	0.1073	0.2174	0.2174	0.0913
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.5036	0.5624	0.3328	0.2839	0.2042	0.1353	0.1353	0.3315
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.2644	0.2238	0.1665	0.0825	0.0060	0.4576	0.4576	0.1529
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.1554	0.1619	0.2651	0.1221	0.0600	0.2074	0.2074	0.0749
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.5878	0.7169	0.5193	0.3247	0.2870	0.2705	0.2705	0.5073
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.4669	0.4059	0.2590	0.1150	0.0482	0.5475	0.5475	0.3714
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.3298	0.3281	0.3754	0.2734	0.2073	0.3409	0.3409	0.2201
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.5878	0.7169	0.5193	0.3247	0.2870	0.3364	0.3364	0.5073
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.4430	0.3947	0.2818	0.1735	0.0253	0.5492	0.5492	0.3346
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.2859	0.3047	0.3375	0.2094	0.1189	0.3345	0.3345	0.2001
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.5908	0.7184	0.5239	0.3278	0.2912	0.2742	0.2742	0.5172
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.4709	0.4122	0.2641	0.1153	0.0510	0.5544	0.5544	0.3808
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.3335	0.3299	0.3841	0.2748	0.2084	0.3493	0.3493	0.2215
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.5908	0.7184	0.5239	0.3278	0.2912	0.3395	0.3395	0.5172
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.4465	0.3966	0.2877	0.1796	0.0275	0.5564	0.5564	0.3354
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.2906	0.3098	0.3381	0.2129	0.1251	0.3473	0.3473	0.2019
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.6129	0.7341	0.5411	0.3517	0.3171	0.2904	0.2904	0.5568
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.5166	0.4462	0.3052	0.1742	0.0720	0.5869	0.5869	0.3922
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.3498	0.3720	0.4336	0.3304	0.2250	0.3863	0.3863	0.2358
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.6129	0.7341	0.5404	0.3517	0.3171	0.3546	0.3546	0.5568
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.4999	0.4175	0.3005	0.2342	0.0472	0.5933	0.5933	0.3480
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.3342	0.3224	0.3866	0.2406	0.1591	0.4522	0.4522	0.2411

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the siblings (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 92: Effects on Average Outcomes of Pooled Siblings of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -spended	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Attended College	College Graduate	In Good Health	No Teen (Im)Preg.
	Sibling type	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.
Summary	(01) Obs.	28	29	28	29	28	29	29	29	28
	(02) Control	0.7500	0.7764	0.5972	0.8667	0.6597	0.2917	0.1667	0.6500	0.6303
	(03) Treatment	0.5990	0.8020	0.5573	0.8137	0.5573	0.4010	0.2431	0.5824	0.7637
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.1510	0.0256	-0.0399	-0.0529	-0.1024	0.1093	0.0765	-0.0676	0.1334
	(05) COLS	-0.0601	0.1487	0.1283	0.0910	0.0590	0.1564	0.0888	0.0667	0.1899
	(06) AIPW	-0.0293	0.1710	0.1616	0.1066	0.0974	0.1026	0.0357	0.0660	0.2033
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.1465	0.4105	0.3924	0.3124	0.2462	0.2448	0.2713	0.2986	0.1421
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.3389	0.0958	0.1831	0.2151	0.3511	0.1347	0.1959	0.3083	0.0808
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.3964	0.0306	0.0755	0.1279	0.2183	0.1803	0.3536	0.2678	0.0320
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.1422	0.4061	0.3902	0.3072	0.2420	0.2232	0.2632	0.2942	0.1460
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.3514	0.1152	0.2028	0.2301	0.3595	0.1460	0.2116	0.3179	0.1027
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.4747	0.2337	0.3611	0.2587	0.4197	0.3249	0.4566	0.4014	0.3240
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.1476	0.4020	0.3968	0.3140	0.2444	0.2184	0.2620	0.2776	0.1500
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.3328	0.1024	0.1856	0.2036	0.3676	0.1336	0.1872	0.2848	0.0952
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.4036	0.1212	0.1996	0.2296	0.3124	0.2728	0.3760	0.3188	0.1124
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.1160	0.4068	0.3624	0.2336	0.1932	0.1844	0.2416	0.2484	0.0768
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.3384	0.1212	0.1568	0.2156	0.3432	0.1088	0.1464	0.2748	0.0552
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.4396	0.0800	0.1312	0.1936	0.2740	0.2180	0.3904	0.2828	0.0920
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.1468	0.4212	0.3792	0.2916	0.2412	0.2328	0.2684	0.2896	0.1360
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.3200	0.1256	0.2292	0.2376	0.3768	0.1524	0.2652	0.3368	0.0768
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.4200	0.1040	0.1980	0.2344	0.3236	0.2728	0.4040	0.3436	0.1024
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.1508	0.4180	0.3768	0.2728	0.2328	0.2352	0.2616	0.2844	0.1572
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.3212	0.1080	0.2148	0.2376	0.3780	0.1336	0.2028	0.3316	0.0988
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.4096	0.0676	0.1640	0.2112	0.3128	0.2348	0.3816	0.3280	0.1096
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.2577	0.4906	0.5861	0.5054	0.4343	0.4336	0.4012	0.5636	0.1943
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.4264	0.2251	0.2915	0.3053	0.4658	0.2873	0.3605	0.4174	0.1358
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.5230	0.2012	0.2727	0.2879	0.4063	0.3913	0.4504	0.4239	0.1730
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.2549	0.4906	0.5839	0.4884	0.4214	0.4449	0.3920	0.5584	0.2112
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.4199	0.1818	0.2716	0.2854	0.4682	0.2465	0.2916	0.4201	0.1767
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.5138	0.1269	0.2127	0.2507	0.3932	0.3437	0.4329	0.4084	0.1835
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.2625	0.5013	0.5869	0.5073	0.4348	0.4362	0.4081	0.5694	0.1979
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.4326	0.2318	0.2992	0.3101	0.4686	0.2952	0.3673	0.4232	0.1404
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.5308	0.2040	0.2735	0.2888	0.4122	0.3964	0.4514	0.4243	0.1767
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.2594	0.5013	0.5850	0.4896	0.4223	0.4474	0.3985	0.5636	0.2173
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.4242	0.1866	0.2717	0.2884	0.4740	0.2508	0.2978	0.4337	0.1825
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.5265	0.1299	0.2156	0.2526	0.3980	0.3438	0.4335	0.4148	0.1913
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.2787	0.5298	0.5910	0.5597	0.5087	0.4775	0.4399	0.5985	0.2240
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.5748	0.2585	0.3095	0.3475	0.4752	0.3146	0.4089	0.4251	0.1607
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.5563	0.2227	0.3015	0.3027	0.4436	0.4366	0.4519	0.4248	0.1941
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.2808	0.5304	0.5985	0.4974	0.4770	0.4681	0.4137	0.5765	0.2710
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.5504	0.2097	0.2829	0.3216	0.4899	0.2732	0.3317	0.6125	0.2355
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.5659	0.1442	0.2807	0.3065	0.4310	0.3438	0.4396	0.4994	0.2356

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the siblings (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 92: Effects on Average Outcomes of Pooled Siblings of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.
	Sibling type	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.
Summary	(01) Obs.	28	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29	29
	(02) Control	0.7833	0.6500	0.5917	0.2083	0.1250	0.7417	0.6181	0.7667	0.6667	0.5889
	(03) Treatment	0.9271	0.7451	0.7304	0.2931	0.1725	0.5255	0.4520	0.7392	0.4814	0.4078
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.1437	0.0951	0.1387	0.0848	0.0475	-0.2162	-0.1661	-0.0275	-0.1853	-0.1810
	(05) COLS	0.1433	0.2047	0.2520	0.1643	0.0909	-0.1205	-0.0227	0.0316	-0.0524	-0.0157
	(06) AIPW	0.1630	0.2326	0.2837	0.1235	0.0509	-0.1013	-0.0109	0.0505	-0.0372	-0.0123
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.1111	0.2544	0.1660	0.2705	0.3382	0.0575	0.1239	0.4135	0.0914	0.1064
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.0875	0.0622	0.0373	0.0995	0.1613	0.1971	0.4405	0.4056	0.3579	0.4583
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0568	0.0340	0.0116	0.1264	0.2872	0.1916	0.4619	0.3329	0.3768	0.4573
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.0965	0.2416	0.1548	0.2608	0.3305	0.0490	0.1204	0.4106	0.0866	0.1029
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.1101	0.0780	0.0495	0.1134	0.1726	0.2192	0.4436	0.4105	0.3702	0.4602
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.3766	0.3372	0.3069	0.4063	0.3883	0.4220	0.4915	0.4511	0.4723	0.4907
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.0904	0.2328	0.1544	0.2532	0.3200	0.0580	0.1296	0.4300	0.0940	0.1076
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.0860	0.0684	0.0464	0.0988	0.1344	0.2188	0.4264	0.3732	0.3772	0.4504
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.1344	0.1204	0.0916	0.2320	0.2956	0.2228	0.4220	0.3628	0.3912	0.4336
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0172	0.1964	0.1168	0.2516	0.3384	0.0428	0.0888	0.3788	0.0628	0.0696
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.0420	0.0476	0.0428	0.0864	0.1324	0.1696	0.4472	0.4384	0.3292	0.4636
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.0900	0.0660	0.0424	0.1912	0.3504	0.2688	0.4812	0.3900	0.4136	0.4968
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.0912	0.2296	0.1556	0.2488	0.3444	0.0616	0.1252	0.4076	0.0856	0.1032
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.1128	0.0920	0.0504	0.1184	0.2328	0.2220	0.4260	0.4216	0.3592	0.4448
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.1272	0.0976	0.0524	0.2212	0.3472	0.3012	0.4720	0.3684	0.4068	0.4612
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.1208	0.2412	0.1628	0.2512	0.3420	0.0588	0.1312	0.4052	0.0844	0.1064
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.1060	0.0756	0.0484	0.1012	0.1620	0.2076	0.4284	0.4220	0.3504	0.4452
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.1404	0.0920	0.0492	0.1952	0.3276	0.2732	0.4712	0.3712	0.3960	0.4592
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.1946	0.2939	0.2287	0.3994	0.4429	0.1370	0.2213	0.5274	0.1969	0.2140
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.2343	0.1659	0.1046	0.2568	0.3582	0.3138	0.5499	0.6123	0.4627	0.5659
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.2654	0.1924	0.1176	0.3370	0.3975	0.3952	0.5778	0.5644	0.5311	0.5891
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.2676	0.3050	0.2340	0.4054	0.4429	0.1405	0.2334	0.5274	0.2021	0.2241
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.2372	0.1383	0.0999	0.2252	0.2718	0.3079	0.5541	0.6157	0.4583	0.5667
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.3134	0.1782	0.1084	0.2935	0.3837	0.3739	0.5728	0.5765	0.5213	0.5829
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.1977	0.2965	0.2352	0.4021	0.4430	0.1412	0.2245	0.5287	0.1972	0.2205
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.2351	0.1676	0.1066	0.2677	0.3588	0.3245	0.5585	0.6125	0.4656	0.5811
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.2674	0.1971	0.1221	0.3443	0.4035	0.3974	0.5792	0.5691	0.5357	0.5950
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.2684	0.3083	0.2363	0.4066	0.4430	0.1426	0.2486	0.5287	0.2031	0.2364
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.2378	0.1395	0.1031	0.2395	0.2774	0.3201	0.5576	0.6185	0.4613	0.5801
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.3138	0.1789	0.1085	0.3022	0.3856	0.3772	0.5732	0.5809	0.5228	0.5878
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.2162	0.3442	0.3057	0.4347	0.4714	0.1863	0.3433	0.5382	0.2270	0.2724
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.2458	0.2151	0.1543	0.2723	0.3914	0.4010	0.5951	0.6447	0.4816	0.6891
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.2730	0.2292	0.1392	0.3658	0.4318	0.4006	0.6105	0.7250	0.5448	0.6205
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.2823	0.3309	0.2628	0.4115	0.4730	0.1487	0.2853	0.5382	0.2074	0.2519
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.2382	0.1436	0.1176	0.2772	0.3424	0.4331	0.5815	0.7526	0.5827	0.6273
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.3534	0.2284	0.1241	0.3610	0.3964	0.3806	0.5987	0.6203	0.5673	0.6463

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the siblings (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 92: Effects on Average Outcomes of Pooled Siblings of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Never Su- spended	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Attended College	College Graduate	In Good Health	No Teen (Im)Preg.
	Sibling type	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.
Summary	(01) Obs.	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
	(02) Control	0.5417	0.4375	0.2500	0.8750	0.5000	0.3125	0.2083	0.7292	0.6875
	(03) Treatment	0.9375	0.9375	0.8125	0.9375	0.8125	0.6250	0.3125	1.0000	0.8750
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.3958	0.5000	0.5625	0.0625	0.3125	0.3125	0.1042	0.2708	0.1875
	(05) COLS	0.2694	0.4671	0.5378	0.0253	0.2078	0.2599	-0.0189	0.2482	0.1526
	(06) AIPW	0.0944	0.5918	0.5354	0.0959	0.1055	0.3999	0.1757	0.0919	0.3024
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.0128	0.0011	0.0015	0.2371	0.0705	0.0656	0.3053	0.0156	0.1178
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.0565	0.0025	0.0067	0.3511	0.1680	0.1352	0.4648	0.0635	0.2212
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.2053	0.0007	0.0119	0.0809	0.2565	0.0449	0.2357	0.1475	0.0774
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.0119	0.0001	0.0005	0.2135	0.0666	0.0552	0.3007	0.0130	0.0988
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.1172	0.0172	0.0254	0.4047	0.2416	0.1911	0.4731	0.1132	0.2696
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.4603	0.3884	0.3086	0.4113	0.4596	0.3898	0.4366	0.4655	0.3387
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.0080	0.0008	0.0036	0.2132	0.0740	0.0544	0.3168	0.0120	0.1040
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.0396	0.0096	0.0108	0.2960	0.1244	0.1212	0.4924	0.0300	0.2068
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.2052	0.0528	0.0792	0.1652	0.2256	0.1448	0.3496	0.1464	0.2424
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0164	0.0064	0.0244	0.2268	0.0768	0.0660	0.2668	0.0176	0.0540
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.1360	0.0648	0.1016	0.4588	0.2892	0.1680	0.4224	0.1640	0.2380
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.4312	0.0564	0.1856	0.1720	0.4268	0.2008	0.3596	0.3048	0.2048
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.0220	0.0084	0.0136	0.1980	0.0732	0.1064	0.3532	0.0180	0.1016
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.0728	0.0236	0.0336	0.4028	0.1852	0.1756	0.4084	0.0424	0.1908
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.3128	0.0496	0.1012	0.2772	0.3944	0.1120	0.3480	0.1644	0.1820
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.0312	0.0108	0.0148	0.2464	0.0720	0.0952	0.3360	0.0120	0.1120
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.0856	0.0228	0.0364	0.3768	0.1692	0.1752	0.4080	0.0592	0.2040
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.3108	0.0668	0.1340	0.2256	0.3716	0.1864	0.3732	0.1844	0.2424
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.0764	0.0280	0.0562	0.3046	0.2707	0.1990	0.4775	0.1027	0.2875
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.1265	0.0706	0.0910	0.5513	0.3628	0.2459	0.6626	0.1276	0.4311
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.3932	0.0797	0.1642	0.4426	0.5406	0.1662	0.3873	0.3518	0.3156
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.1552	0.0554	0.0751	0.3619	0.2621	0.1770	0.4503	0.0753	0.3317
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.1412	0.0742	0.0894	0.5328	0.3403	0.2570	0.6637	0.2128	0.4352
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.3871	0.1055	0.2018	0.3698	0.5152	0.2417	0.4109	0.4270	0.3873
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.0772	0.0291	0.0591	0.3093	0.2752	0.2000	0.4832	0.1099	0.2881
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.1300	0.0722	0.0920	0.5549	0.3674	0.2527	0.6631	0.1301	0.4370
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.4080	0.0799	0.1704	0.4445	0.5430	0.1781	0.3924	0.3549	0.3161
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.1553	0.0569	0.0780	0.3623	0.2626	0.1803	0.4527	0.0763	0.3357
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.1475	0.0743	0.0895	0.5378	0.3416	0.2671	0.6659	0.2161	0.4430
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.3882	0.1095	0.2067	0.3714	0.5198	0.2422	0.4224	0.4304	0.3883
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.0792	0.0459	0.0656	0.3327	0.2830	0.2398	0.4940	0.1364	0.3127
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.2182	0.0818	0.0973	0.6470	0.3796	0.2624	0.6633	0.1347	0.4462
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.5188	0.1087	0.2351	0.4552	0.6214	0.2691	0.4578	0.3754	0.3181
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.1701	0.0600	0.0792	0.4039	0.3449	0.1946	0.5622	0.0986	0.3493
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.2047	0.0749	0.1102	0.5895	0.3647	0.3120	0.6740	0.2361	0.4643
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.4316	0.1309	0.2266	0.3724	0.5489	0.2709	0.4869	0.4359	0.3901

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the siblings (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 92: Effects on Average Outcomes of Pooled Siblings of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Su./Arrested	Never Addicted
	Sibling type	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.
Summary	(01) Obs.	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
	(02) Control	0.7292	0.6667	0.3333	0.2083	0.1667	0.5625	0.3750	0.5417
	(03) Treatment	1.0000	0.9375	0.9375	0.6250	0.3125	0.8125	0.6875	0.9375
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.2708	0.2708	0.6042	0.4167	0.1458	0.2500	0.3125	0.3958
	(05) COLS	0.1540	0.1487	0.5270	0.3197	0.0012	0.2474	0.1853	0.4211
	(06) AIPW	0.1601	0.1877	0.6581	0.4661	0.2360	0.2966	0.1542	0.4002
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.0271	0.0363	0.0001	0.0188	0.2386	0.1058	0.0848	0.0177
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.0589	0.0843	0.0006	0.0766	0.4976	0.1714	0.2482	0.0424
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0377	0.0158	0.0000	0.0167	0.1500	0.0945	0.2769	0.0643
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.0240	0.0253	0.0000	0.0136	0.2337	0.0917	0.0767	0.0106
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.2140	0.2199	0.0075	0.1182	0.4982	0.2043	0.2864	0.0840
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.4399	0.3895	0.3514	0.3525	0.4133	0.4374	0.4372	0.3932
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.0412	0.0264	0.0008	0.0176	0.2496	0.0948	0.0884	0.0152
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.1292	0.0908	0.0044	0.0604	0.4624	0.1264	0.2060	0.0296
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.2100	0.1424	0.0480	0.1176	0.3020	0.1976	0.2936	0.1764
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0476	0.0204	0.0112	0.0384	0.1952	0.0784	0.0852	0.0196
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.1008	0.0924	0.0740	0.1176	0.4616	0.2696	0.2904	0.2324
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.1184	0.0448	0.0492	0.1472	0.2888	0.2848	0.4764	0.2544
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.0200	0.0392	0.0040	0.0384	0.2968	0.1260	0.1112	0.0256
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.1276	0.1532	0.0164	0.1080	0.4460	0.1648	0.2616	0.0464
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.1156	0.1508	0.0292	0.0728	0.2876	0.1932	0.3860	0.1120
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.0176	0.0400	0.0068	0.0404	0.2748	0.1300	0.1064	0.0376
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.0568	0.0824	0.0164	0.1100	0.4460	0.1872	0.2784	0.0640
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.1304	0.1044	0.0360	0.1324	0.3104	0.2456	0.4128	0.2108
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.1399	0.1730	0.0181	0.1164	0.4240	0.3069	0.2469	0.1969
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.4166	0.4296	0.0554	0.1759	0.6163	0.3008	0.3135	0.2231
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.2999	0.3543	0.0557	0.1181	0.3378	0.3095	0.4435	0.2597
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.1367	0.2114	0.0281	0.1127	0.3656	0.3111	0.2475	0.2709
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.2877	0.3088	0.0634	0.1687	0.6163	0.3357	0.3182	0.2721
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.4241	0.2708	0.0639	0.1782	0.3691	0.3518	0.4665	0.3899
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.1413	0.1760	0.0218	0.1223	0.4277	0.3122	0.2521	0.2032
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.4230	0.4297	0.0568	0.1767	0.6227	0.3030	0.3186	0.2256
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.3027	0.3589	0.0598	0.1203	0.3387	0.3109	0.4452	0.2798
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.1378	0.2132	0.0282	0.1176	0.3678	0.3200	0.2520	0.2791
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.2933	0.3123	0.0659	0.1738	0.6227	0.3381	0.3221	0.2726
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.4316	0.2744	0.0650	0.1794	0.3718	0.3522	0.4682	0.4063
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.1512	0.2478	0.0413	0.1316	0.4798	0.3214	0.2816	0.2473
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.4329	0.4300	0.0619	0.2099	0.6465	0.3154	0.3604	0.2283
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.3147	0.4029	0.0868	0.1572	0.3839	0.3253	0.5089	0.2985
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.1421	0.2296	0.0329	0.1353	0.4426	0.3446	0.2698	0.2905
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.3146	0.3123	0.0748	0.1889	0.6458	0.3854	0.3887	0.2748
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.4544	0.2886	0.0836	0.2166	0.3851	0.3715	0.4735	0.4434

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the siblings (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 93: Effects on Average Outcomes of Male Siblings of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -spended	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Attended College	College Graduate	In Good Health	No Teen (Im)Preg.
	Sibling type	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.
Summary	(01) Obs.	21	22	21	22	21	22	22	22	21
	(02) Control	0.7857	0.6548	0.6071	0.7262	0.6071	0.0714	0.0714	0.6905	0.9167
	(03) Treatment	0.4405	0.8167	0.4405	0.8333	0.4405	0.4444	0.2778	0.6500	0.8000
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.3452	0.1619	-0.1667	0.1071	-0.1667	0.3730	0.2063	-0.0405	-0.1167
	(05) COLS	-0.1337	0.3552	0.0836	0.3220	0.0836	0.4291	0.2798	-0.0111	-0.0373
	(06) AIPW	0.0315	0.5317	0.2062	0.4187	0.2062	0.4041	0.1774	-0.2420	0.0731
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.0323	0.1731	0.2074	0.2715	0.2074	0.0037	0.0546	0.4145	0.1761
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.1997	0.0021	0.3009	0.0033	0.3009	0.0070	0.0645	0.4792	0.3937
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.4097	0.0000	0.0676	0.0000	0.0676	0.0003	0.0688	0.0618	0.2052
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.0289	0.1652	0.2049	0.2686	0.2049	0.0022	0.0479	0.4105	0.1790
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.2429	0.0094	0.3363	0.0138	0.3363	0.0132	0.0824	0.4810	0.4190
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.4800	0.3062	0.4393	0.2871	0.4393	0.1793	0.3416	0.3977	0.3474
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.0360	0.1641	0.2189	0.2805	0.2189	0.0048	0.0468	0.3990	0.1884
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.2145	0.0140	0.2689	0.0164	0.2689	0.0096	0.0472	0.4822	0.3832
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.4806	0.0852	0.2961	0.1084	0.2961	0.0148	0.1669	0.2745	0.4758
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0456	0.1240	0.1757	0.2129	0.1757	0.0032	0.0104	0.3982	0.1255
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.1805	0.0120	0.3285	0.0216	0.3285	0.0360	0.0548	0.4370	0.4148
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.3914	0.0108	0.2345	0.0212	0.2345	0.0300	0.1653	0.1625	0.2493
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.0504	0.1656	0.2040	0.2732	0.2040	0.0216	0.0932	0.3672	0.2776
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.2504	0.0196	0.3076	0.0188	0.3076	0.0168	0.0712	0.4432	0.4548
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.4092	0.0032	0.1740	0.0044	0.1740	0.0568	0.1480	0.1936	0.3596
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.0504	0.1892	0.2036	0.2948	0.2036	0.0084	0.0580	0.3676	0.2064
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.2312	0.0144	0.2860	0.0140	0.2860	0.0168	0.0788	0.4440	0.4372
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.4096	0.0016	0.1728	0.0028	0.1728	0.0256	0.1232	0.1908	0.3128
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.0987	0.1978	0.3309	0.3083	0.3309	0.0988	0.2288	0.5945	0.3284
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.2850	0.0301	0.4279	0.0412	0.4279	0.0602	0.1445	0.5921	0.4870
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.5431	0.0248	0.3260	0.0378	0.3260	0.2072	0.3128	0.3226	0.5962
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.0987	0.2325	0.3196	0.3358	0.3196	0.0555	0.1598	0.5945	0.2717
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.2621	0.0251	0.3977	0.0298	0.3977	0.0584	0.1458	0.5928	0.4731
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.5374	0.0149	0.3191	0.0182	0.3191	0.1301	0.2697	0.3182	0.5315
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.0999	0.2001	0.3415	0.3149	0.3415	0.1002	0.2289	0.5991	0.3398
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.2916	0.0329	0.4328	0.0460	0.4328	0.0623	0.1491	0.6238	0.4932
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.5451	0.0249	0.3269	0.0379	0.3269	0.2124	0.3139	0.3306	0.6012
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.1001	0.2355	0.3221	0.3359	0.3221	0.0558	0.1641	0.5991	0.2826
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.2655	0.0278	0.4053	0.0305	0.4053	0.0596	0.1503	0.6229	0.4770
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.5382	0.0161	0.3197	0.0188	0.3197	0.1336	0.2723	0.3225	0.5330
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.1197	0.2152	0.3644	0.3190	0.3644	0.1091	0.2305	0.6250	0.3662
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.3183	0.0581	0.4567	0.0735	0.4567	0.0839	0.1735	0.8076	0.5367
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.6334	0.0250	0.3332	0.0388	0.3332	0.2681	0.3229	0.3772	0.6120
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.1193	0.2703	0.3594	0.3437	0.3594	0.0560	0.1735	0.6252	0.3075
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.2873	0.0427	0.5014	0.0316	0.5014	0.0690	0.1536	0.7302	0.4960
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.5818	0.0259	0.3490	0.0188	0.3490	0.1530	0.3033	0.3412	0.5827

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the siblings (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 93: Effects on Average Outcomes of Male Siblings of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.
	Sibling type	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.
Summary	(01) Obs.	19	21	21	21	22	22	22	22	22	22
	(02) Control	0.8571	0.5476	0.5476	0.0714	0.0714	0.5119	0.4643	0.7143	0.4643	0.4405
	(03) Treatment	0.8333	0.6786	0.6548	0.3214	0.2000	0.4444	0.3222	0.6167	0.4222	0.3000
Estimates	(04) UDIM	-0.0238	0.1310	0.1071	0.2500	0.1286	-0.0675	-0.1421	-0.0976	-0.0421	-0.1405
	(05) COLS	0.0156	0.3462	0.3219	0.3347	0.2136	0.1226	0.0912	-0.0179	0.1672	0.1019
	(06) AIPW	0.0426	0.4320	0.4215	0.2864	0.1307	0.3462	0.1972	0.0899	0.3904	0.2109
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.4440	0.2601	0.2980	0.0217	0.1341	0.3522	0.1988	0.3005	0.4042	0.2000
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.4548	0.0077	0.0121	0.0285	0.1262	0.2339	0.2723	0.4695	0.1178	0.2339
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.3385	0.0010	0.0008	0.0038	0.1216	0.0041	0.0345	0.3013	0.0003	0.0203
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.4429	0.2502	0.2907	0.0144	0.1200	0.3475	0.1966	0.3017	0.4028	0.1986
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.4613	0.0234	0.0319	0.0377	0.1519	0.2602	0.2942	0.4731	0.1531	0.2604
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.4827	0.3862	0.3889	0.2529	0.3797	0.3581	0.4232	0.4750	0.3608	0.4236
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.4418	0.2489	0.2885	0.0168	0.1168	0.3593	0.2113	0.3061	0.4278	0.2073
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.4982	0.0224	0.0264	0.0120	0.1232	0.2513	0.3009	0.4802	0.1325	0.2593
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.4790	0.1445	0.1533	0.0500	0.2293	0.1909	0.3077	0.3954	0.1349	0.3025
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.4742	0.2221	0.2649	0.0084	0.0564	0.3009	0.1553	0.2705	0.3629	0.1521
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.4106	0.0272	0.0288	0.0428	0.0880	0.1957	0.2237	0.4622	0.0756	0.1681
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.4294	0.0884	0.0828	0.0616	0.2365	0.0592	0.1789	0.4358	0.0256	0.1477
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.4556	0.2440	0.2980	0.0540	0.1800	0.3820	0.2276	0.2868	0.4176	0.2268
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.4704	0.0416	0.0544	0.0192	0.1004	0.2272	0.2500	0.4476	0.1452	0.2192
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.4480	0.0520	0.0556	0.0576	0.1804	0.1152	0.2152	0.3684	0.0828	0.1984
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.4556	0.2700	0.3040	0.0240	0.1428	0.3776	0.2356	0.2916	0.4208	0.2320
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.4668	0.0216	0.0292	0.0284	0.1404	0.2268	0.2604	0.4516	0.1320	0.2340
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.4368	0.0556	0.0472	0.0480	0.1668	0.1128	0.1988	0.3828	0.0664	0.1816
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.5299	0.2925	0.3498	0.1566	0.3176	0.4480	0.2983	0.3741	0.5284	0.3098
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.5722	0.0677	0.0765	0.0688	0.1784	0.3800	0.3681	0.5319	0.2508	0.3390
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.6530	0.1249	0.1351	0.2219	0.3793	0.2504	0.3541	0.6355	0.2414	0.3618
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.5299	0.3514	0.3658	0.0886	0.2496	0.4448	0.3206	0.3837	0.5394	0.3222
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.5719	0.0546	0.0650	0.0760	0.2266	0.3838	0.3797	0.5329	0.2691	0.3763
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.6503	0.1172	0.1286	0.1794	0.3411	0.2421	0.3443	0.6617	0.1972	0.3438
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.5306	0.2952	0.3505	0.1644	0.3222	0.4481	0.3008	0.3775	0.5385	0.3148
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.5743	0.0712	0.0813	0.0735	0.1815	0.3845	0.3732	0.5368	0.2519	0.3491
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.6553	0.1252	0.1351	0.2243	0.3861	0.2515	0.3585	0.6362	0.2500	0.3656
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.5306	0.3634	0.3691	0.0927	0.2567	0.4491	0.3240	0.3880	0.5497	0.3271
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.5742	0.0572	0.0699	0.0800	0.2313	0.3857	0.3804	0.5347	0.2708	0.3859
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.6534	0.1178	0.1323	0.1834	0.3464	0.2463	0.3488	0.6683	0.2022	0.3447
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.6042	0.3109	0.3720	0.1797	0.3731	0.4731	0.3901	0.4574	0.5985	0.3417
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.6044	0.1029	0.0985	0.0959	0.2243	0.4317	0.3933	0.5454	0.2639	0.4471
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.6881	0.1348	0.1557	0.2362	0.4198	0.2578	0.3926	0.6804	0.3435	0.3888
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.6042	0.5024	0.3779	0.1130	0.2949	0.5069	0.3731	0.4142	0.5766	0.3525
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.6046	0.0711	0.0861	0.0999	0.2885	0.4089	0.3958	0.5515	0.2776	0.4119
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.6833	0.1578	0.1571	0.1976	0.3965	0.2657	0.3754	0.6822	0.2335	0.3488

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the siblings (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 93: Effects on Average Outcomes of Male Siblings of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Never Su- spended	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Attended College	College Graduate	In Good Health	No Teen (1m)Preg.
	Sibling type	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.
Summary	(01) Obs.	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
	(02) Control	0.1667	0.0000	0.0000	0.5000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.8333	0.3333
	(03) Treatment	1.0000	0.8750	0.7500	0.8750	0.7500	0.6250	0.1250	1.0000	0.6250
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.8333	0.8750	0.7500	0.3750	0.7500	0.6250	0.1250	0.1667	0.2917
	(05) COLS	0.5657	1.3264	1.6529	0.5191	1.6529	0.1858	-0.3264	0.4343	-0.1873
	(06) AIPW	0.8909	1.0648	1.1296	0.7476	1.1296	0.9369	-0.0648	0.1091	0.7288
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.0000	0.0000	0.0017	0.1109	0.0017	0.0054	0.1646	0.1503	0.2356
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.0409	0.0000	0.0030	0.1408	0.0030	0.4244	0.1387	0.0907	0.4438
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0000	0.0000	0.0002	0.0067	0.0002	0.0480	0.3439	0.0876	0.1137
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.0000	0.0000	0.0008	0.0900	0.0008	0.0032	0.1454	0.1424	0.2103
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.2281	0.1453	0.2421	0.3853	0.2421	0.4709	0.3877	0.2844	0.4720
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.0700	0.0003	0.0174	0.1177	0.0174	0.1245	0.4021	0.4269	0.2721
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.0004	0.0004	0.0284	0.1296	0.0284	0.0326	0.3311	0.3133	0.2303
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.2989	0.2638	0.2638	0.3785	0.2638	0.5851	0.4666	0.5017	0.5868
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.2173	0.0013	0.0304	0.1315	0.0304	0.1281	0.6038	0.3353	0.2275
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.3950	0.3984	0.4174	0.2866	0.4174	0.2066	0.4581	0.4936	0.3878
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.4386	0.4793	0.4759	0.4534	0.4759	0.3781	0.1981	0.2710	0.3040
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.4693	0.4165	0.4178	0.1738	0.4178	0.2600	0.1125	0.1603	0.3628
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.0150	0.0093	0.0405	0.1459	0.0405	0.0474	0.3296	0.1480	0.3109
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.0336	0.0065	0.0146	0.0576	0.0146	0.3729	0.0576	0.0507	0.4349
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.0288	0.0653	0.0892	0.0373	0.0892	0.0604	0.4609	0.2647	0.1042
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.0150	0.0093	0.0524	0.1857	0.0524	0.0474	0.3249	0.1497	0.3109
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.1609	0.0430	0.0839	0.1844	0.0839	0.3810	0.1711	0.1107	0.4459
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.0041	0.0093	0.0867	0.1216	0.0867	0.1804	0.4372	0.1525	0.2298
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.1120	0.1367	0.2658	0.2671	0.2658	0.2599	0.6016	0.2900	0.4160
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.1120	0.1120	0.1120	0.1764	0.1120	0.4728	0.1214	0.1432	0.4998
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.0766	0.1393	0.1781	0.0844	0.1781	0.1370	0.5864	0.4773	0.1724
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.1120	0.1367	0.3634	0.3374	0.3634	0.2599	0.6016	0.3032	0.4160
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.3755	0.2086	0.3328	0.4426	0.3328	0.4785	0.4010	0.3428	0.5153
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.1000	0.1367	0.3181	0.2449	0.3181	0.2857	0.5856	0.3284	0.3265
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.1133	0.1372	0.2668	0.2695	0.2668	0.2642	0.6051	0.2918	0.4191
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.1133	0.1133	0.1133	0.1765	0.1133	0.4743	0.1231	0.1436	0.5009
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.0770	0.1398	0.1796	0.0853	0.1796	0.1371	0.5871	0.4787	0.1774
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.1133	0.1372	0.3690	0.3393	0.3690	0.2642	0.6051	0.3037	0.4191
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.3871	0.2100	0.3336	0.4435	0.3336	0.4811	0.4045	0.3465	0.5187
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.1001	0.1372	0.3230	0.2495	0.3230	0.2985	0.5866	0.3340	0.3298
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.1180	0.1395	0.2722	0.2866	0.2722	0.2902	0.6060	0.3151	0.4493
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.1212	0.1180	0.1180	0.1823	0.1180	0.5196	0.1734	0.1455	0.5506
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.1361	0.1714	0.1997	0.1048	0.1997	0.1372	0.6075	0.4874	0.2090
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.1180	0.1395	0.3804	0.3606	0.3804	0.2902	0.6060	0.3151	0.4493
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.4875	0.2182	0.3368	0.4499	0.3368	0.5264	0.4181	0.4063	0.5669
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.1204	0.1395	0.3535	0.2710	0.3535	0.3823	0.5935	0.3926	0.3519

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the siblings (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 93: Effects on Average Outcomes of Male Siblings of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Su./Arrested	Never Addicted
	Sibling type	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.
Summary	(01) Obs.	7	7	7	7	7	6	6	7
	(02) Control	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.3333
	(03) Treatment	1.0000	0.8750	0.8750	0.6250	0.1250	0.5000	0.5000	0.8750
Estimates	(04) UDIM	1.0000	0.8750	0.8750	0.6250	0.1250	0.5000	0.5000	0.5417
	(05) COLS	1.0000	1.3264	1.3264	0.1858	-0.3264	0.4695	0.4695	1.5681
	(06) AIPW	1.0000	1.0648	1.0648	0.9369	-0.0648	0.4212	0.4212	0.4910
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0054	0.1646	0.0416	0.0416	0.0590
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.4244	0.1387	0.3745	0.3745	0.0000
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	.	0.0000	0.0000	0.0480	0.3439	0.0629	0.0629	0.0569
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0032	0.1454	0.0269	0.0269	0.0453
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.0101	0.1453	0.1453	0.4709	0.3877	0.3165	0.3165	0.0201
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.0003	0.0003	0.0003	0.1245	0.4021	0.3431	0.3431	0.2538
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.0004	0.0004	0.0004	0.0326	0.3311	0.0757	0.0757	0.0927
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.2460	0.2638	0.2638	0.5851	0.4666	0.5910	0.5910	0.2460
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.0013	0.0013	0.0013	0.1281	0.6038	0.1139	0.1139	0.1315
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.4344	0.3984	0.3984	0.2066	0.4581	0.2900	0.2900	0.3412
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.4407	0.4793	0.4793	0.3781	0.1981	0.1759	0.1759	0.4500
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	1.0000	0.4165	0.4165	0.2600	0.1125	0.3488	0.3488	0.3412
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.0065	0.0093	0.0093	0.0474	0.3296	0.0769	0.0769	0.0859
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.0065	0.0065	0.0065	0.3729	0.0576	0.2600	0.2600	0.0146
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.0482	0.0653	0.0653	0.0604	0.4609	0.2789	0.2789	0.2011
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.0004	0.0093	0.0093	0.0474	0.3249	0.0769	0.0769	0.1540
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.0004	0.0430	0.0430	0.3810	0.1711	0.4533	0.4533	0.0292
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.0004	0.0093	0.0093	0.1804	0.4372	0.2209	0.2209	0.2294
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.1120	0.1367	0.1367	0.2599	0.6016	0.3922	0.3922	0.4098
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.1120	0.1120	0.1120	0.4728	0.1214	0.4460	0.4460	0.1120
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.1120	0.1393	0.1393	0.1370	0.5864	0.4342	0.4342	0.3740
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.0704	0.1367	0.1367	0.2599	0.6016	0.3922	0.3922	0.7007
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.0704	0.2086	0.2086	0.4785	0.4010	0.5715	0.5715	0.2481
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.1120	0.1367	0.1367	0.2857	0.5856	0.3645	0.3645	0.6105
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.1133	0.1372	0.1372	0.2642	0.6051	0.4035	0.4035	0.4178
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.1133	0.1133	0.1133	0.4743	0.1231	0.4509	0.4509	0.1133
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.1133	0.1398	0.1398	0.1371	0.5871	0.4383	0.4383	0.3866
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.0738	0.1372	0.1372	0.2642	0.6051	0.4035	0.4035	0.7075
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.0738	0.2100	0.2100	0.4811	0.4045	0.5801	0.5801	0.2500
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.1133	0.1372	0.1372	0.2985	0.5866	0.3650	0.3650	0.6146
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.1180	0.1395	0.1395	0.2902	0.6060	0.4644	0.4644	0.4743
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.1180	0.1180	0.1180	0.5196	0.1734	0.4720	0.4720	0.1180
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.1180	0.1714	0.1714	0.1372	0.6075	0.4521	0.4521	0.4044
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.0780	0.1395	0.1395	0.2902	0.6060	0.4644	0.4644	0.7179
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.0780	0.2182	0.2182	0.5264	0.4181	0.6065	0.6065	0.2793
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.1180	0.1395	0.1395	0.3823	0.5935	0.4776	0.4776	0.6552

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the siblings (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 94: Effects on Average Outcomes of Female Siblings of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -spended	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Attended College	College Graduate	In Good Health	No Teen (Im)Preg.
	Sibling type	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.
Summary	(01) Obs.	19	20	19	20	19	20	20	21	20
	(02) Control	0.7222	0.7917	0.5185	0.8750	0.6111	0.3750	0.1875	0.6389	0.4907
	(03) Treatment	0.9333	0.8750	0.8500	0.8750	0.8500	0.3750	0.2708	0.5000	0.5985
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.2111	0.0833	0.3315	−0.0000	0.2389	−0.0000	0.0833	−0.1389	0.1077
	(05) COLS	0.1332	0.1543	0.3343	0.0632	0.2245	0.0395	0.0931	−0.1326	0.0978
	(06) AIPW	0.1548	0.1185	0.3401	0.0428	0.2591	−0.0689	0.0391	−0.0899	0.0849
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.0949	0.2460	0.0330	0.5000	0.1087	0.5000	0.3248	0.2385	0.2866
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.1520	0.0940	0.0145	0.3016	0.0743	0.4237	0.2765	0.2508	0.3104
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0999	0.1299	0.0033	0.3730	0.0328	0.3398	0.3821	0.3207	0.3327
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.0927	0.2361	0.0315	0.5000	0.1046	0.5000	0.3237	0.2302	0.2817
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.2016	0.1399	0.0353	0.3303	0.1193	0.4370	0.3186	0.2671	0.3193
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.4855	0.4734	0.4597	0.4793	0.4247	0.4846	0.4882	0.4913	0.4865
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.0916	0.2368	0.0380	0.4912	0.1060	0.4984	0.3148	0.2276	0.2844
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.1812	0.1156	0.0292	0.3196	0.0876	0.4184	0.2716	0.2820	0.2684
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.1940	0.2252	0.0792	0.3936	0.1188	0.4164	0.3728	0.3512	0.2972
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0504	0.2308	0.0324	0.4624	0.0808	0.4780	0.3148	0.1916	0.2448
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.1220	0.1524	0.0292	0.3012	0.0572	0.4192	0.2364	0.1860	0.3116
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.2560	0.2948	0.0960	0.4504	0.1616	0.3388	0.4680	0.3608	0.4384
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.1396	0.2864	0.0524	0.4684	0.1328	0.4972	0.3084	0.2556	0.3068
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.2152	0.1536	0.0460	0.3556	0.1360	0.4204	0.3300	0.2664	0.3496
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.2860	0.2924	0.1100	0.4468	0.1884	0.4164	0.4280	0.3328	0.3900
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.1384	0.2640	0.0576	0.4684	0.1520	0.4968	0.3052	0.2432	0.3040
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.1952	0.1180	0.0296	0.3444	0.1036	0.4084	0.2740	0.2504	0.3428
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.3032	0.2776	0.0844	0.4592	0.2004	0.4056	0.4140	0.3496	0.4156
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.1560	0.3458	0.0764	0.5975	0.1262	0.5697	0.3675	0.3432	0.3603
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.2839	0.2286	0.0969	0.4092	0.1785	0.5130	0.3877	0.3261	0.4255
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.3516	0.3789	0.1783	0.5184	0.2471	0.4866	0.4761	0.4073	0.4546
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.1488	0.3286	0.0777	0.5975	0.1518	0.5697	0.3665	0.3304	0.3531
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.2571	0.1901	0.0754	0.4083	0.1536	0.5007	0.3274	0.3047	0.4225
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.3577	0.3697	0.1458	0.5371	0.2538	0.4707	0.4497	0.4131	0.4866
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.1605	0.3536	0.0775	0.6020	0.1283	0.5886	0.3725	0.3460	0.3668
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.2840	0.2320	0.0991	0.4335	0.1813	0.5146	0.3943	0.3285	0.4303
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.3522	0.3823	0.1876	0.5297	0.2522	0.4895	0.4828	0.4131	0.4586
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.1532	0.3343	0.0782	0.6020	0.1555	0.5886	0.3748	0.3377	0.3566
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.2576	0.1952	0.0782	0.4183	0.1595	0.5040	0.3306	0.3061	0.4276
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.3655	0.3764	0.1469	0.5512	0.2601	0.4710	0.4605	0.4240	0.4880
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.1674	0.4560	0.0913	0.6301	0.1475	0.7969	0.4025	0.3559	0.3870
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.2860	0.2660	0.1283	0.5657	0.2144	0.5489	0.4530	0.4191	0.4468
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.3686	0.4808	0.2296	0.5794	0.2879	0.5171	0.6121	0.4437	0.4982
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.1711	0.3708	0.1112	0.6312	0.1753	0.7969	0.4256	0.3866	0.3698
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.2769	0.2206	0.0953	0.4747	0.1689	0.5565	0.3894	0.3321	0.5188
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.4101	0.3995	0.2868	0.6613	0.2971	0.5210	0.5065	0.4560	0.4973

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the siblings (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 94: Effects on Average Outcomes of Female Siblings of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Su. /Arrested	Never Addicted	Never Add./Arr.	Never Su. Add./Arr.
	Sibling type	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.	Pre-prog.
Summary	(01) Obs.	19	19	19	20	20	21	20	21	21	20
	(02) Control	0.7500	0.6875	0.5938	0.2500	0.1250	0.8889	0.7222	0.8333	0.7778	0.6667
	(03) Treatment	1.0000	0.8636	0.8636	0.3333	0.2500	0.7986	0.7803	0.8681	0.7153	0.6894
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.2500	0.1761	0.2699	0.0833	0.1250	-0.0903	0.0581	0.0347	-0.0625	0.0227
	(05) COLS	0.3103	0.2672	0.3590	0.1406	0.1490	-0.0684	0.0461	0.0490	-0.0238	0.0207
	(06) AIPW	0.3447	0.2634	0.3491	0.0764	0.1218	-0.0600	0.0757	0.0364	-0.0329	-0.0009
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.0293	0.1400	0.0502	0.3435	0.2442	0.2708	0.3738	0.3855	0.3546	0.4524
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.0100	0.0352	0.0141	0.2311	0.1442	0.3209	0.3915	0.3557	0.4443	0.4526
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0004	0.0101	0.0027	0.3135	0.1830	0.3217	0.2976	0.3827	0.4131	0.4976
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.0264	0.1303	0.0455	0.3442	0.2403	0.2681	0.3740	0.3790	0.3534	0.4517
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.0171	0.0538	0.0217	0.2646	0.2063	0.3397	0.4061	0.3647	0.4514	0.4586
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.4117	0.4321	0.4472	0.4867	0.4326	0.4971	0.4929	0.4964	0.4984	0.4999
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.0368	0.1244	0.0508	0.3308	0.2360	0.2668	0.3844	0.3520	0.3476	0.4556
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.0388	0.0428	0.0224	0.2308	0.1348	0.3532	0.3700	0.3376	0.4724	0.4168
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.0712	0.1060	0.0816	0.3588	0.2204	0.3864	0.3356	0.3564	0.4976	0.4324
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.0424	0.1116	0.0548	0.3424	0.2360	0.3032	0.3336	0.3940	0.3336	0.4468
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.0608	0.0568	0.0544	0.2416	0.0896	0.3040	0.3904	0.3928	0.4180	0.4852
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.0792	0.1100	0.0820	0.4212	0.2800	0.3664	0.4404	0.4892	0.3884	0.4296
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.0072	0.1544	0.0460	0.3416	0.2836	0.2832	0.3952	0.4252	0.3688	0.4776
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.0124	0.0672	0.0360	0.2676	0.2572	0.3368	0.4244	0.3956	0.4148	0.4984
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.0192	0.1292	0.0684	0.3808	0.2936	0.3820	0.4132	0.4432	0.4140	0.4624
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.0072	0.1456	0.0620	0.3400	0.2452	0.2792	0.3892	0.4164	0.3604	0.4756
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.0044	0.0520	0.0304	0.2228	0.1500	0.3252	0.4168	0.4004	0.4112	0.4952
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.0172	0.1068	0.0600	0.3656	0.2496	0.3760	0.4136	0.4580	0.4160	0.4624
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.0243	0.1747	0.0862	0.4338	0.3548	0.3799	0.3935	0.4420	0.5402	0.4429
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.0377	0.1222	0.0754	0.3399	0.3107	0.4067	0.4695	0.4272	0.5370	0.5184
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.0466	0.1833	0.1229	0.4565	0.3384	0.4773	0.4641	0.4720	0.5333	0.6035
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.0236	0.1657	0.1059	0.4338	0.3032	0.3681	0.3835	0.4294	0.5262	0.4429
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.0170	0.0944	0.0701	0.2944	0.2034	0.3998	0.4603	0.4368	0.5376	0.5142
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.0397	0.1489	0.1040	0.4439	0.3070	0.4761	0.4579	0.4809	0.5345	0.6035
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.0267	0.1830	0.0899	0.4346	0.3601	0.3930	0.3991	0.4453	0.5533	0.4467
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.0385	0.1267	0.0760	0.3441	0.3132	0.4091	0.4736	0.4303	0.5402	0.5300
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.0519	0.1834	0.1310	0.4683	0.3415	0.4865	0.4791	0.4736	0.5500	0.6128
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.0254	0.1722	0.1077	0.4346	0.3123	0.3772	0.3893	0.4411	0.5332	0.4467
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.0182	0.0953	0.0736	0.2949	0.2096	0.4063	0.4666	0.4420	0.5387	0.5254
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.0417	0.1542	0.1078	0.4573	0.3123	0.4856	0.4651	0.4841	0.5536	0.6128
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.0493	0.2114	0.1184	0.4622	0.4321	0.4641	0.4304	0.4989	0.6259	0.4854
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.0506	0.1644	0.0871	0.3672	0.3670	0.4946	0.5580	0.4958	0.5562	0.5780
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.0579	0.2093	0.1797	0.5102	0.4093	0.5230	0.5358	0.5569	0.6330	0.6476
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.0399	0.1917	0.1386	0.4625	0.3370	0.4084	0.4148	0.4836	0.5824	0.5014
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.0279	0.1097	0.1028	0.3384	0.2563	0.4387	0.4810	0.4801	0.5589	0.6362
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.0525	0.1625	0.1376	0.5614	0.4319	0.5543	0.5607	0.5610	0.7006	0.6634

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the siblings (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 94: Effects on Average Outcomes of Female Siblings of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Never Su -spended	Reg. HS Graduate	Reg. HS w/o Susp.	Any HS Graduate	Any HS w/o Susp.	Attended College	College Graduate	In Good Health	No Teen (1m)Preg.
	Sibling type	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.
Summary	(01) Obs.	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14
	(02) Control	0.6250	0.6250	0.3750	0.9583	0.6250	0.5000	0.3125	0.7083	0.7500
	(03) Treatment	0.8333	1.0000	0.8333	1.0000	0.8333	0.5000	0.3333	1.0000	1.0000
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.2083	0.3750	0.4583	0.0417	0.2083	0.0000	0.0208	0.2917	0.2500
	(05) COLS	0.0887	0.4082	0.4035	0.0312	0.0887	−0.0116	−0.0543	0.2538	0.2562
	(06) AIPW	−0.1764	0.5068	0.2603	0.0233	−0.1764	−0.0264	0.1470	0.0798	0.3213
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.1998	0.0213	0.0319	0.1611	0.1998	0.5000	0.4686	0.0354	0.0653
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.3528	0.0243	0.0855	0.1818	0.3528	0.4844	0.4246	0.0855	0.1147
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.1556	0.0035	0.1424	0.1847	0.1556	0.4585	0.3036	0.2365	0.0822
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.1921	0.0170	0.0277	0.1473	0.1921	0.5000	0.4678	0.0308	0.0479
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.4096	0.2493	0.2700	0.3558	0.4096	0.4941	0.4674	0.2522	0.2814
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.4210	0.4166	0.4220	0.4755	0.4210	0.4933	0.4583	0.4765	0.3759
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.2087	0.0393	0.0389	0.3462	0.2087	0.5040	0.4984	0.0409	0.1054
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.3209	0.0797	0.0893	0.4030	0.3209	0.4960	0.4804	0.0925	0.1683
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.4932	0.1050	0.1971	0.4447	0.4932	0.4667	0.4271	0.2380	0.3301
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.2019	0.0533	0.0741	0.3618	0.2019	0.4992	0.4603	0.0513	0.1158
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.4079	0.1242	0.1867	0.4976	0.4079	0.4744	0.3778	0.2212	0.2248
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.1210	0.1446	0.4275	0.3702	0.1210	0.4215	0.3706	0.4143	0.3253
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.2624	0.0952	0.0792	0.3824	0.2624	0.4864	0.5160	0.0896	0.1520
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.3992	0.1108	0.1556	0.3484	0.3992	0.4304	0.3756	0.1280	0.2192
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.2044	0.1280	0.3360	0.4256	0.2044	0.4572	0.4088	0.3320	0.2368
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.2604	0.0836	0.0792	0.3824	0.2604	0.4862	0.5160	0.0704	0.1520
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.3904	0.0552	0.1512	0.3016	0.3904	0.4286	0.3692	0.1224	0.2160
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.2404	0.0984	0.3355	0.3956	0.2404	0.4594	0.4172	0.3260	0.3056
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.3982	0.1105	0.1338	0.4046	0.3982	0.5779	0.6221	0.2061	0.2934
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.4774	0.1399	0.1677	0.4002	0.4774	0.7885	0.6773	0.2249	0.4067
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.3278	0.1628	0.3594	0.4323	0.3278	0.5993	0.4589	0.4546	0.2894
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.3982	0.1034	0.1338	0.4046	0.3982	0.5779	0.6221	0.1442	0.2934
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.4737	0.0779	0.1637	0.3438	0.4737	0.7873	0.6713	0.2317	0.3844
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.3472	0.1423	0.3533	0.4206	0.3472	0.5993	0.4587	0.4700	0.4496
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.4064	0.1124	0.1374	0.4057	0.4064	0.5795	0.6265	0.2104	0.2976
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.4917	0.1421	0.1693	0.4004	0.4917	0.7944	0.6798	0.2263	0.4216
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.3383	0.1644	0.3703	0.4436	0.3383	0.6031	0.4685	0.4642	0.2960
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.4064	0.1043	0.1374	0.4057	0.4064	0.5795	0.6265	0.1477	0.2976
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.4894	0.0814	0.1659	0.3546	0.4894	0.7951	0.6733	0.2320	0.3911
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.3537	0.1441	0.3568	0.4322	0.3537	0.6031	0.4623	0.4701	0.4518
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.4438	0.1362	0.1456	0.4057	0.4438	0.6291	0.6627	0.2454	0.3136
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.5615	0.1635	0.1972	0.4060	0.5615	0.8091	0.6961	0.2412	0.5111
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.3463	0.3066	0.4419	0.5201	0.3463	0.6574	0.5382	0.5889	0.3647
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.4679	0.1153	0.1456	0.4057	0.4679	0.6291	0.6627	0.1881	0.3136
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.5408	0.0916	0.1879	0.4138	0.5408	0.8193	0.6767	0.2349	0.4105
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.3874	0.1537	0.3868	0.5042	0.3874	0.6262	0.5068	0.4702	0.4648

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the siblings (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.

Table 94: Effects on Average Outcomes of Female Siblings of the Female Participants

	Statistic	Employed Full-Time	Employed + Any HS	Employed + Reg. HS	Employed + Col. Exp.	Employed + Col. Deg.	Never Arrested	Never Su./Arrested	Never Addicted
	Sibling type	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.	Post-prog.
Summary	(01) Obs.	13	13	13	13	14	14	14	14
	(02) Control	0.9286	0.8571	0.5000	0.3571	0.2500	0.7500	0.5000	0.6250
	(03) Treatment	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.5000	0.3333	1.0000	0.8333	1.0000
Estimates	(04) UDIM	0.0714	0.1429	0.5000	0.1429	0.0833	0.2500	0.3333	0.3750
	(05) COLS	0.0369	0.0947	0.4648	0.0822	-0.0195	0.3307	0.2708	0.4048
	(06) AIPW	0.0908	0.1256	0.5950	0.0652	0.2347	0.3554	0.1337	0.3666
Asym. A	(07) $p_{A,A}^1$	0.1602	0.0619	0.0043	0.3089	0.3769	0.0653	0.0929	0.0213
	(08) $p_{A,A}^2$	0.2531	0.0374	0.0074	0.3862	0.4714	0.0789	0.2056	0.0547
	(09) $p_{A,A}^3$	0.0510	0.0019	0.0001	0.3907	0.1910	0.0421	0.3186	0.0675
Asym. B	(10) $p_{A,B}^1$	0.1474	0.0474	0.0023	0.3049	0.3743	0.0566	0.0853	0.0142
	(11) $p_{A,B}^2$	0.3661	0.4547	0.3959	0.4921	0.4882	0.1424	0.2846	0.1914
	(12) $p_{A,B}^3$	0.4567	0.2514	0.4237	0.4830	0.4353	0.4023	0.4437	0.4154
Boot. N	(13) $p_{B,N}^1$	0.3566	0.1090	0.0112	0.3189	0.4014	0.1226	0.0982	0.0341
	(14) $p_{B,N}^2$	0.5132	0.1683	0.0465	0.3746	0.4884	0.1386	0.1787	0.0649
	(15) $p_{B,N}^3$	0.4115	0.1342	0.0405	0.4083	0.3726	0.1951	0.2933	0.2051
Boot. S	(16) $p_{B,S}^1$	0.3762	0.1210	0.0321	0.2933	0.3614	0.1370	0.1046	0.0461
	(17) $p_{B,S}^2$	0.4716	0.2131	0.1106	0.4307	0.4207	0.3361	0.2692	0.2636
	(18) $p_{B,S}^3$	0.4948	0.2015	0.0641	0.4884	0.2901	0.4091	0.4627	0.3241
Perm. N	(19) $p_{P,N}^1$	0.2484	0.1108	0.0280	0.3616	0.4440	0.1736	0.1604	0.0744
	(20) $p_{P,N}^2$	0.3168	0.1344	0.0768	0.4620	0.4288	0.1012	0.2412	0.0984
	(21) $p_{P,N}^3$	0.1708	0.1060	0.0700	0.4820	0.3200	0.1388	0.4592	0.1952
Perm. S	(22) $p_{P,S}^1$	0.2484	0.1092	0.0196	0.3616	0.4440	0.1736	0.1588	0.0684
	(23) $p_{P,S}^2$	0.3008	0.0828	0.0368	0.4420	0.4240	0.0976	0.2536	0.1044
	(24) $p_{P,S}^3$	0.2356	0.1008	0.0436	0.4748	0.3303	0.1924	0.4674	0.2720
WC-M N	(25) $p_{M,N}^1$	0.3333	0.1477	0.0507	0.4638	0.5445	0.2762	0.2226	0.1852
	(26) $p_{M,N}^2$	0.4527	0.2188	0.1074	0.5339	0.7403	0.1622	0.2865	0.2101
	(27) $p_{M,N}^3$	0.2686	0.1689	0.1048	0.5260	0.3990	0.2079	0.4939	0.2650
WC-M S	(28) $p_{M,S}^1$	0.3333	0.1477	0.0364	0.4638	0.5445	0.2727	0.2223	0.1803
	(29) $p_{M,S}^2$	0.4423	0.1398	0.0617	0.5182	0.7380	0.1507	0.2941	0.2214
	(30) $p_{M,S}^3$	0.3672	0.1541	0.0769	0.5184	0.4141	0.2791	0.5083	0.4202
WC-R N	(31) $p_{R,N}^1$	0.3392	0.1493	0.0552	0.4686	0.5457	0.2889	0.2286	0.1897
	(32) $p_{R,N}^2$	0.4595	0.2203	0.1137	0.5368	0.7470	0.1667	0.2888	0.2143
	(33) $p_{R,N}^3$	0.2737	0.1696	0.1069	0.5299	0.4024	0.2098	0.4994	0.2702
WC-R S	(34) $p_{R,S}^1$	0.3392	0.1493	0.0377	0.4686	0.5457	0.2851	0.2286	0.1850
	(35) $p_{R,S}^2$	0.4453	0.1409	0.0672	0.5189	0.7417	0.1558	0.3030	0.2217
	(36) $p_{R,S}^3$	0.3731	0.1581	0.0808	0.5246	0.4246	0.2844	0.5119	0.4216
WC-D N	(37) $p_{D,N}^1$	0.3725	0.1633	0.0650	0.5135	0.5834	0.3504	0.2643	0.2122
	(38) $p_{D,N}^2$	0.4801	0.2276	0.1585	0.6757	0.7832	0.2044	0.2996	0.2442
	(39) $p_{D,N}^3$	0.3092	0.1838	0.1291	0.5422	0.4084	0.2876	0.5951	0.2978
WC-D S	(40) $p_{D,S}^1$	0.3725	0.1719	0.0449	0.5135	0.5834	0.3408	0.2643	0.2206
	(41) $p_{D,S}^2$	0.4663	0.1914	0.0907	0.5333	0.7544	0.2090	0.3278	0.2733
	(42) $p_{D,S}^3$	0.3848	0.1738	0.1428	0.5611	0.4403	0.3277	0.6167	0.4448

Note: Row (1), i.e., Obs., provides the number of non-missing observations for each variable. Rows (2) and (3) contain the means of the control and treatment groups for the siblings (of the original participants) associated with each variable (averaged at the participant-level), respectively. Rows (4), (5), and (6), i.e., UDIM, COLS, and AIPW, contain the unconditional difference-in-means (UDIM) estimates of treatment effects, conditional ordinary least squares (COLS) estimates (conditional on pre-program covariates, i.e., participant's IQ, SES, gender, and mother's working status at baseline), and the augmented inverse probability weighting (AIPW) estimates (accounting for non-response and imbalance in pre-program covariates between the experimental groups), respectively. Rows (7) through (39) contain various p -values. The superscripts 1, 2, and 3 of these p -values are associated with the UDIM, COLS, and AIPW estimates, respectively. Each of these p -values are described in detail at the beginning of this section, but a brief summary is as follows. Rows (7) – (9) (Asym. A) and (10) – (12) (Asym. B) provide the one-sided asymptotic p -values based on studentized test statistics using analytic and bootstrap standard errors, respectively. Rows (13) – (15) (Boot. N) and (16) – (18) (Boot. S) provide the bootstrap p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (19) – (21) (Perm. N) and (22) – (24) (Perm. S) provide the permutation p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (25) – (27) (WC-M N) and (28) – (30) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (31) – (33) (WC-R N) and (34) – (36) (WC-M S) provide the worst-case Robson-Whitlock-corrected-maximum p -values based on nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively. Rows (37) – (39) (WC-D N) and (40) – (42) (WC-D S) provide the worst-case de Haan p -values based on the nonstudentized and studentized test statistics, respectively.