#### Discussion - Gema Zamarro

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#### "Comparing and Validating Measures of Character Skills: Performance Task Measures and Self-Reports from a Nationally Representative Internet Panel" (Zamarro, Cheng, Shakeel, and Hitt)

- Problem: Difficulty in reliably measuring non-cognitive character skills
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- Findings:
  - Similar to grit, careless answering correlates mostly with conscienciousness and neuroticism
  - Not much on non-response rates



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  - Heterogeneity:
  - Do previous conclusions differ across types of individuals? Which characteristics are relevant in splitting individuals into groups?

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- Could you tell them the expected time needed to answer the questions and see how it changes both *level* and *composition* of non-response items?
- Could you randomize the sequence of questions?
  - If pattern of non-response items change, it can help to understand whether main reason for non-response is the respondent or rather the question!

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- Could you videotape faces to identify mood swings?



- Should we think of careless responding as a person-specific or rather a scale-specific attribute?
  - If you run a regression with individual fixed effects using multiple scales per individual, how much variation is explained by fixed effects?
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"advantage of careless answering...not affected by social desirability bias, experimenter demand effects...as long as participants are unaware that their effort on surveys is being closely observed"

→ Any measure that is robust to the Lucas Critique?

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- How much is too much? Guidelines based on theory, data analysis, or intuition?

- "Further Validation of Survey-Effort Measures of Conscientiousness: Results from a Sample of High School Students" (Zamarro, Nichols, Duckworth, and D'Mello)
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- Contribution:
  - Validity of survey-effort measures by studying the correlation with teacher external reports and with student performance
  - Relationship between survey-effort measures and other performance task measures designed to capture diligence and tolerance of frustration

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#### • Contribution:

- Validity of survey-effort measures by studying the correlation with teacher external reports and with student performance
- Relationship between survey-effort measures and other performance task measures designed to capture diligence and tolerance of frustration
- Findings using longitudinal data on high school seniors (2014):
  - survey-effort measures (item non-response and careless answering) promising proxies for character skills related to grit and self-control

#### Comment

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 Explore the variance of teacher reports as a proxy for how confident an averaged score is

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How are "left blank" questions accounted for in the "careless answering scale?

Based on Table 3, column (1), it might even strenghen your message
if we consider "left blank" as a proxy for "careless answering" instead
of ignoring them

Table 3. Spearman Correlations between Survey Effort Measures, Self-reports and Teacher Reports

	Item Non-	
	response	Careless Answering
Self-Reported Measures		
Grit	-0.160	-0.110
Locus of Control	-0.104	-0.014
Self Control Combined	-0.162	-0.161
Self Contol Work	-0.122	-0.161
Self Control Interpersonal	-0.154	-0.113
Teachers Reported Measures		
Teacher Reported Grit	-0.162	-0.183
Teacher Reported Work Self Control	-0.143	-0.182
Teacher Reported Interpersonal self control	-0.061	-0.095
Teacher Reported Redirection	0.055	0.145
Teacher Reported HW Completion	-0.086	-0.080