Revised Yitzhaki

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Yitzhaki's Theorem

Let Y, X be r.v. such that $E(|Y|) < \infty$, $E(|X|) < \infty$. If E(Y|X) is differentiable, then:

$$Cov(Y,X) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\partial E(Y|X=x)}{\partial x} \cdot E((X-\mu_X)\mathbf{1}[X>x])dx$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\partial E(Y|X=x)}{\partial x} \cdot E(X-\mu_X|X>x)P(X>x)dx$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\partial E(Y|X=x)}{\partial x} \cdot E(X-\mu_X|X>x)(1-F_X(x))dx$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\partial E(Y|X=x)}{\partial x} \cdot \int_{x}^{\infty} (x-\mu_X)f_X(x)dx$$
where $x \in E(X)$, $E(X) = P(x \in X)$ and $f_X(x)$ is the density of $x \in X$.

where $\mu_X = E(X)$, $F_X(x) = P(x \le X)$ and $f_X(x)$ is the density of r.v. X. A consequence is:

$$Var(X) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} E(X - \mu_X | X > x) P(X > x) dx$$

Applying Yitzhaki Weights to Standard OLS

$$Y = \beta_1 + \beta_2 X + \epsilon$$
, such that $\epsilon \perp \!\!\! \perp X$ and $E(\epsilon) = 0$
 $\Rightarrow E(Y|X = x) = \beta_2 x$ and $\beta_2 = \frac{Cov(X, Y)}{Var(X)}$

What can we get from applying Yitzhaki weights?

$$Cov(X,Y) = \int \underbrace{\frac{\partial E(Y|X=x)}{\partial x}}_{\text{Constant Slope}} \cdot E(X - \mu_X|X > x) P(X > x) dx$$

$$= \beta_2 \int \cdot E(X - \mu_X|X > x) P(X > x) dx$$

$$= \frac{Cov(X,Y)}{Var(X)} \int \cdot E(X - \mu_X|X > x) P(X > x) dx$$

$$\Rightarrow Var(X) = \int E(X - \mu_X|X > x) P(X > x) dx$$

But this is a result we already know!

What about the non-linear case?

Consider a general case of a non-linear relation between X and Y:

$$Y = g(X) + \epsilon$$
, such that $E(\epsilon|X) = 0$
 $\Rightarrow E(Y|X = x) = g(x)$

- The slope is **not** constant, but given by $\frac{\partial E(Y|X=x)}{\partial x} = g'(x)$
- Question: What is the interpretation of OLS estimator Cov(X, Y)/Var(X) in terms of the slope g'(x)?

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OLS evaluates a weighted average of the slope $\frac{\partial E(Y|X=x)}{\partial x} = g'(x)$

$$\frac{Cov(X,Y)}{Var(X)} = \int \underbrace{\frac{\partial E(Y|X=x)}{\partial x}}_{\text{Slope}} \cdot \underbrace{\frac{E(X-\mu_X|X>x)P(X>x)}{Var(X)}}_{\text{Positive Weights}} dx$$

$$= \int \underbrace{g'(x)}_{\text{Slope}} \cdot \underbrace{w(x)}_{\text{Weights}} dx$$

Weights sum to 1:

$$E(w(x)) = \frac{\int E(X - \mu_X | X > x) P(X > x) dx}{Var(X)} = \frac{Var(X)}{Var(X)} = 1$$

Weights are positive:

$$\begin{split} w(x) &= E(X - \mu_X | X > x) P(X > x) \\ \Rightarrow w(x) &< w(x') \text{ wherever } x < x' \\ \lim_{x \to -\infty} E(w(x)) &= E(X - \mu_X | X > -\infty) P(X > -\infty) = E(X - \mu_X) \cdot 1 = 0 \end{split}$$
 Thus $w(-\infty) = 0 < w(x)$ for all $x \in \mathbb{R}$

Additional Expressions of Covariance Yatracos (1998)

$$Cov(Y,X) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} y(x - \mu_X) f_{X,Y}(x,y) dxdy$$

$$Cov(Y,X) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left(F_{X,Y}(x,y) - F_X(x) F_Y(y) \right) dxdy$$

$$Cov(Y,X) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} Cov(\mathbf{1}[X \ge x], \mathbf{1}[Y \ge y]) dxdy,$$

where $F_Y(y) \equiv P(Y \leq y)$, $F_X(x) \equiv P(X \leq x)$, $F_{X,Y}(x,y) \equiv P(Y \leq y, X \leq x)$ are CDFs and $f_{X,Y}(x,y)$ is the joint density of r.v. X, Y.

Expressions for Expectation and Variance

$$E(Y) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} y \, f_Y(y) dy$$

$$E(Y) = \int_{0}^{+\infty} P(Y > y) dy - \int_{-\infty}^{0} P(Y \le y) dy$$

$$Var(Y) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left(F(y) (1 - F(y)) P(Y \le y) \right) \cdot \left(E(Y|Y > y) - E(Y|Y \le y) \right) dy$$

 $Var(Y) = 2 \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} F(y)(1 - F(y)) \cdot \left(y - E(Y|Y < y)\right) dy$

 $Var(Y) = 2 \int \int_{-\infty} \int_{-\infty} F(y)(1 - F(y')) dy dy'$

where $F_Y(y) \equiv P(Y \le y)$, $F_X(x) \equiv P(X \le x)$, $F_{X,Y}(x,y) \equiv P(Y \le y, X \le x)$ are CDFs and $f_{X,Y}(x,y)$ is the joint density of r.v. X, Y.